# LOCAL NEWS.

A meeting of the Young Men's Central Democratic Club will be held on Tuesday evening, Oct. 6th, at 7 o'clock, at the club room, Knox's new building, Locust street, between Second and Third.

GEORGE BAILEY, Pres't.

JOHN A. BIGLER, Sec'y.

A BIG SNAPPER.—Mr. Frederick Lutz, of Pequea township, Lancaster county, caught a snapping turtle the other day which weighed 321 pounds! It is likely that his snappership is without a snapping equal in this part of the country, and he must be the patriarch snapper of the whole snapper fraternity in the Pequea valley.

RATHER DEAR FUEL.—Coal is now selling at Cincinnati and Louisville at the enormous price of fifty cents a bushel. This is in some measure owing to the low stage of the water between these places and Pittsburg, from which point they draw their supply in barges. There are now loaded at that port, and waiting a rise, five millions of bushels of bituminous coal, and, in the event of a proper stage of the water, it is feared that there will not be an adequate supply of hands to manage the boats.

MASS MEETING AT PROGRESS.—A mass meeting of the Democracy will be he held in the village of Progress, Susquehanna township, at the public house of J. W. Stober, on Friday evening, Oct. 9th. The best of speakers will be in attendance, including Hon. W. H. Miller, Herman and Hamilton Alricks, Esqs., and Capt. J. Wesley Awl. Let the loyal and ever glorious Democracy turn out en masse, and once more, as of old, swear fidelity to their country upon the sacred altar of the Constitution and the Union, now trampled under foot by the herd of Abolition swine. Live the Republic!

FOURTH WARD DEMOCRATS ONCE, MORE TO THE RESCUE!—The hearthstones of the widows, the graves of those who have been slaughtered on the altar of negro equality, call loudly for a grand rally of the Democratic freemen of the Fourth Ward, to meet at the house of William Conners, in North street, opposite the reservoir, on this evening at 7½ o'clock. Those who are in favor of white labor in opposition to black are particularly invited to attend. Eminent speakers from a distance will address the club.

H. F. M'REYNOLDS, Pres't.

ARRESTED.—A few days since Mr. John Lynch of this place, went to Round Top Mills, a few miles from Middletown, for the purpose of collecting some money due him from parties living there. These parties, named Isaac Vance, Samuel Foltz and Michael Gondley, threatened him with violence in case he would not swear on the spot that they owed him nothing, and backed up their threat by drawing knives and menacing him with violence. Mr. Lynch made information of the facts before Alderman Kline, and early on Saturday morning officers Campbell and Massey proceeded to Round Top Mills and arrested the parties above named, on a charge of riot and assault.—They were taken before Justice Stehman, of Middletown, and entered bail in the sum of $500 each to appear and answer at the next term of court.

PAROLED PRISONERS ORDERED TO DUTY.—The rebels, in their haste to reinforce Bragg, have violated the terms of the exchange cartel in declaring Pemberton's 30,000 men exchanged, without giving formal notice to our government. In view of this action of the rebel authorities, our government has declared all paroled Union soldiers now in our paroled camps to be exchanged, and has ordered them to their regiments for duty. The number of Union soldiers thus returned to duty is about twenty thousand, which still leaves a balance of ten thousand to our credit in future exchanges, exclusive of rebel prisoners now in our hands. All paroled Union prisoners, officers and men, absent from their camps with or without leave, are ordered to report immediately at the various paroled camps.

REDUCTION OF THE POLICE FORCE.—We understand that the Common Council, at their last meeting, cut down the city police force to one half of the number authorized by the resolution of the 7th of June last. If, in this most extraordinary proceeding, the Council was influenced by considerations of economy, all we have to say is, that they but ill choose their time for this exhibition of newborn thrift. The unrepressed disorders consequent upon an exciting approaching election may cost the city one hundred fold the paltry sum required to pay the faithful officers who have heretofore protected our citizens throughout all the trying times which threatened their property and personal safety. We would direct the attention of our economical Council to our police report this morning. Throughout Saturday night the entire police force was kept busy, some of them being obliged to stay up until daylight. No further comment upon the ill-judged action of the Council is necessary. And while the city police force is thus cut down one half, *but two constables* are on duty in the six wards of the city!

THE PENNSYLVANIA TOBACCO CROP.—In consequence of the early frost in Kentucky and Tennessee, and the supposed injury to the tobacco crop, the price has risen in Louisville three and four dollars per hundred weight. This will, so far, be very good news to numbers of farmers of Pennsylvania who have planted larger quantities of this article the present season than ever before. In many sections of the State, so great has been the demand for lumber to form tobacco sheds, and for men to construct them, that the supply has fallen quite short, and every conceivable expedient has had to be adopted. Whether for better or for worse, there is no question as to the fact that Pennsylvania is about to become a formidable rival to Virginia in the cultivation of tobacco, and the chief wonder seems to be why it has been neglected so long. The high price to which it has now advanced will, however, make it one of the most profitable crops cultivated in the State, and no doubt large tracts of it will be planted in all those districts adapted to its cultivation.

ENCOURAGING DESERTERS.—Provost Marshal General Fry recently directed a dispatch to Gov. Curtin, as follows: "Notify your provost marshals that any paroled soldiers absent from Camp Parole, who report to provost marshals for duty on or before October 15th, will not be treated as deserters." An order from the same authority also provides that all soldiers absent from duty, or whose furloughs have expired, will not be required to report for duty until after the 15th inst. This simply means that deserters from the army who will first *vote* for Curtin, and afterwards report themselves for duty, will be received by the War Department upon the same footing with the faithful soldier, who has all along stood to his post performing his duty. The punishment which is proscribed, and which would otherwise be meted out, is imprisonment or death. These penalties are abrogated in respect to all deserters who are "sound on the goose." The faithful soldier, who has stood by his colors through danger and trial, is compelled to fellowship on equal terms with the man guilty of the worst of military crimes. All this is for shoddy. To what baseness will this administration not descend in its desperate efforts to retain its loosening hold on power.

POLICE AFFAIRS.—*Before Alderman Kline.*—David Stevens, a mulatto boy employed at the Buehler House, was arrested by officer Campbell yesterday morning, on suspicion of having during the night stolen two pocket books, containing one $10 Treasury note and three twenty-five cent postage stamps, from a fellow employee named John Clemens. As soon as the latter missed his money he suspected Stevens, who roomed with him, of having taken it—the boy, who was always a heavy sleeper, having risen that morning about three o'clock. Defendant was committed for a further hearing.

John Stevenson, a bricklayer, was arrested by officer Campbell, charged by Ellis R. Williams, who boards at the Buehler House, with assault and battery. Williams was walking along near the corner of Fourth and State streets late on Saturday night, when defendant met and attacked him with a brick, giving him a stunning blow on the head, and afterwards making a grab at his pocket, tearing it down the seam, but not securing the pocket book. Stevenson had a few minutes previously had a fracas at the Washington House, where he made an assault with a plasterer's hatchet on Toby Faster, cutting through his hat and grazing his head. Defendant was committed for trial.

William Weaver and James Foy, two soldiers, assaulted and knocked down Dallas Unger on Saturday night, and were arrested by officers Costello and Massey. Committed for trial.

George Roach, living in Filbert street, while drunk and disorderly, drew a pistol on officer Campbell, as the latter was returning to his residence in Short street at a late hour on Saturday night. He was arrested and committed to prison for three days. Roach's conduct was desperate in the extreme. When first spoken to by officer Campbell, he presented a loaded pistol to his head, swearing that he would blow out his brains. By a quick movement Campbell grasped his wrist and averted his aim, and after a fierce struggle, assisted by a neighbor, he finally succeeded in wrenching the weapon from the strong grasp of his assailant.

John Molby and Patrick Murkley, who were committed to the lock-up for drunkenness on Saturday afternoon, were discovered trying to break out of that blessed place the same evening. They had nearly dug a hole through the brick wall. Both parties were committed for three days longer.

Hugh H. Smith, a six months' emergency man, was arrested by officer Kane for brandishing a knife and acting "cantankerously" on Saturday night. He paid costs and was dismissed yesterday morning.

Jacob Waller, living in that part of our suburbs known as Moyerstown, was committed to the lock-up on the same night by officer Essig. Mr. W. had been down to Lancaster attending the Shoddy demonstration, where he "made a day of it," returning in the evening with a load of loyalty, &c., which must have put some strain on the locomotive, had not the Abolition delegation from this place fortunately been so small as to be of no consequence to an able bodied engine. He was discharged from custody yesterday morning, probably feeling some consolation in the great fact, as stated by the *Telegraph*, that "one day spent in attending Union (?) meetings may give the country an eternity of peace."

The following drunks were discharged from the lock-up: Henry Herr, (not the one who lives adjoining the cemetery grounds,) arrested by officer Essig; George Gallagher, by officer Massey; Jno. Boney, by officer Lloyd; Edward Stoner, by officer Costello. The last two are negroes—American citizens of African descent.

WASHINGTON TOWNSHIP MOVING.—GRAND DEMOCRATIC RALLY!—Pursuant to call the Democrats of Washington township met in mass convention at the Cross Roads, in said township, for the purpose of discussing the questions of the day and organizing permanently for the ensuing election. On motion, Charles Stein was called to the chair, and A. Q. Bender, George Gilbert, C. Kemerer, C. B. Miller, Rev. N. Bressler, George Bowman, J. Auchmuty, J. Karner, Capt. B. Evits, William Richards, James Hoffman, Joseph Bowman, John Hain, J. Tallman, J. Buffington and M. Bellon were chosen Vice Presidents. U. D. Ferree, jr., Wm. Reed, George Slate, Sol. Enterline and Daniel Miller were chosen Secretaries.

Capt. J. Wesley Awl was called upon and addressed the meeting in an eloquent and patriotic manner. A. P. Auchmuty, Esq., next spoke in an able and convincing manner. Hon. Wm. H. Miller was next called for, who made a lengthy and eloquent speech, eliciting frequent outbursts of applause. R. A. Lamberton, Esq., next took the stand, and argued the topics of the times in a masterly style and to the satisfaction of the multitude, as evinced by their frequent cheers of approval.

The meeting was a grand success, upwards of a thousand persons being present, all roused to a sense of their duty to their country in this trying crisis. Washington township will speak in thunder tones for the Democracy and the Union at the approaching election.

DEMOCRATIC MEETING AT FAIRVIEW.—A large meeting of the Democrats of East Pennsboro' township, Cumberland county, was held at Fairview on Thursday evening last. Though the notice was short, upwards of two hundred and fifty people were in attendance. This place is well known as an Abolition and Shoddy strong-hold, and threats had been made by the Shoddyites to disturb and break up any meeting of the people that should be held in the town. About twenty-five or thirty banded together and came to the meeting in a body. They kept within easy "supporting distance" of each other. The people were addressed by Hamilton Alricks and R. E. Ferguson, of this city, who were both listened to throughout with marked attention.

The meeting was a great success, and the Democracy of that district will give a good report on the 13th inst. Curtin and corruption are at a discount among the honest people of Cumberland.

The report in the *Telegraph* newspaper that the speakers were interrupted, and their remarks drowned by cheers for Lincoln and Curtin, is unqualifiedly false—a lie cut from the whole cloth.—Once during a pause between the speeches, cheers were given by about a dozen rowdy champions of Curtin and conscription. Further than this, there was no attempt to disturb the meeting by the friends of gag law. The "Telegraph's" reportorial "friend in Fairview" is just the man for it—the right man in the right place. He will spare no exertion to keep up its reputation for being a little the smallest and dirtiest liar on record.

"TEAR DOWN THE FLAUNTING LIE!"—The subjoined letter from a friend, dated York, Oct. 2d, shows that the cowardly Abolition traitors are still busily engaged in tearing down "the flaunting lie," the stars and stripes for which our fathers bled and for which the Democracy are battling.—They may enjoy their brief hour and trail the sacred emblem of liberty in the dust, but shame and confusion of face await them in the future:

*Editors Patriot and Union:*—We are again compelled to chronicle another Abolition outrage that took place on the night before the Democratic meeting in Lower Chanceford township, this county, at the public house of Jacob Schaul, on the 30th ult. These *friends* of the Union, who profess to show so much respect for the American flag, did on the above evening, while honest people were in bed, go to to the stand erected and decorated by the patriotic ladies for the meeting, and defiled the stars and stripes and their decorations with filth. This, however, is only another evidence of the meanness resorted to by those disciples of Horace Greeley, who, it will be recollected, advised the people, (speaking of our flag,) to "tear down the flaunting lie." Will the true friends of the Union stand by and see these outrages and not make an effort to rebuke them? The whole policy of these incarnate devils seems to be nothing more nor less than to break up Democratic meetings so as to prevent the people from hearing the truth.

A. L. O.

"GREAT CRY AND LITTLE WOOL."—A great Abolition meeting was announced to be held at Lancaster on Saturday. The *Telegraph*, which had affected to sneer at the Democratic delegation from this city to that place on the 17th ult., belittling its proportions and pronouncing it a "fizzle," had been drumming up the faithful and promising an imposing delegation from Harrisburg. The whole Abolition mountain has been in labor, and here is what it brought forth: A tame and unspirited squad of 114 persons, all told. It included nearly all the hands at the arsenal, and the car shop had been closed to swell the mighty throng. At the depot they filled two cars rather sparsely, and such was the desperation of the managers that they offered tickets free to anybody that would go down to the help of Shoddy. As they started off, looking much like a squad of conscripts being sent to the front, we couldn't help forgiving the *Telegraph* for its envious little lies about our delegation to the same place. We sent upwards of 400, and made no blow about it.

NEW FALL GOODS.—We have now received and are opening a beautiful assortment of new style dress goods and other goods.

Splendid assortment of new delaines.
All colors of plain alpacas.
New style of plaid dress goods.
Fine black bombazines.
Black and colored paramattas.
5 pieces of black silks.
50 pieces of bleached and unbleached muslins.
10-4 heavy linen for sheeting.
5-4 heavy linen for pillow cases.
7-4 grey linen damask for table covers.
White linen table covers and napkins.
Black alpacas, all qualities.
White linen and hemstitched pocket handkerchiefs.
10 doz. Balmoral skirts, from $2 50 up.
Large assortment of hoop skirts.
Hoop skirts at 75 cents, $1 00, $1 50, and all prices.
White cambric muslins and jaconnetts, nansooks, Irish linen, Swiss muslins, and a great many other new goods.

S. LEWY.

Pennsylvania Militia and Recruiting Claims, United States pension, bounty, arrears of pay and subsistence claims, &c., &c., &c., made out and collected by EUGENE SNYDER, Attorney at Law, office, Third street, Harrisburg, Pa. oct28-1y


## SPECIAL NOTICES.

### IMPORTANT TO FEMALES.

### DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS.

The combination of ingredients in these Pills are the result of a long and extensive practice. They are mild in their operation, and certain in correcting all irregularities, painful menstruation, removing all obstructions, whether from cold or otherwise, headache, pain in the side, palpitation of the heart, whites, all nervous affections, hysterics, fatigue, pain in the back and limbs, &c., disturbed sleep, which arise from interruption of nature.

*DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS*

was the commencement of a new era in the treatment of those irregularities and obstructions which have consigned so many to a premature grave. No female can enjoy good health unless she is regular, and whenever an obstruction takes place the general health begins to decline.

*DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS*

are the most effectual remedy ever known for all complaints peculiar to *Females*. To all classes they are invaluable, *inducing, with certainty, periodical regularity*. They are known to thousands, who have used them at different periods, throughout the country, having the sanction of some of the most *eminent Physicians in America*.

*Explicit directions, stating when they should not be used*, with each Box—the *Price One Dollar per Box*, containing from 50 to 60 Pills.

Pills *sent by mail, promptly*, by remitting to the Agents. Sold by Druggists generally.

R. B. HUTCHINGS, *Proprietor*,
20 Cedar street, New York.

Sold in Harrisburg, by C. A. Bannvart.
" Mechanicsburg, by J. S. Bellett.
" Carlisle, by S. Elliott.
" Shippensburg, by D. W. Rankin.
" Chambersburg, by Miller & Hershey.
" Hummelstown, by George Wolf.
" Lebanon, by George Ross. dec6-d&w1y

### MOTHERS! MOTHERS!

Don't fail to procure Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP for CHILDREN TEETHING. This valuable preparation is the prescription of one of the best female physicians and nurses in the United States, and has been used for thirty years with never failing safety and success by millions of mothers and children, from the feeble infant of one week old to the adult.

It not only relieves the child from pain, but invigorates the stomach and bowels, corrects acidity, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. It will almost instantly relieve

GRIPING IN THE BOWELS AND WIND COLIC.

We believe it the best and surest remedy in the world in all cases of DYSENTERY AND DIARRHŒA IN CHILDREN, whether it arises from teething or from any other cause.

Full directions for using will accompany each bottle. None genuine unless the *fac simile* of CURTIS & PERKINS, New York, is on the outside wrapper.

Sold by all Medicine Dealers.

Principal Office, 48 Bey street, New York.

Price only 25 cents per bottle.

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### NEW DISCOVERY for the SPEEDY

AND PERMANENT CURE of Seminal Weakness, Urethral and Vaginal Discharges, Gleet, Sexual Diseases, Emissions, Impotence, Genital Debility, and diseases of the Bladder and Kidneys.

BELL'S SPECIFIC PILLS are warranted in all cases and can be relied on. No change of diet required. They do not nauseate, nor interfere with business pursuits. Upwards of 200 cases have been cured the past month. *More than one hundred physicians use them in their private practice, and all speak well of their efficacy.* They are entirely harmless on the system, and can be relied on in all cases arising from youthful indiscretion or self abuse, which often incapacitates the sufferer from fulfilling *the duties of married life.*

A TREATISE of 64 pages, containing means of cure, sent free to all. Two stamps required for postage.

The Pills will be sent by mail, securely sealed, on receipt of One Dollar, by J. BRYAN, M. D.,
No. 76 Cedar street, New York.

Sold by all the principal druggists.

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### IMPORTANT TO FEMALES.—DR.

HARVEY'S FEMALE PILLS have never yet failed in removing difficulties arising from obstruction, or stoppage of nature, or in restoring the system to perfect health when suffering from Spinal Affections, Prolapsus Uteri, the Whites, or other weakness of the Uterine Organs. The Pills are perfectly harmless on the constitution, and may be taken by the most delicate female without causing distress—the same time they act like a charm by strengthening, invigorating and restoring the system to a healthy condition, and by bringing on the monthly period with regularity, no matter from what causes the obstruction may arise. They should, however, NOT be taken during the first three or four months of pregnancy, though safe at any other time, as miscarriage would be the result.

Each box contains 60 Pills. Price $1.

DR. HARVEY'S TREATISE on Diseases of Females, Pregnancy, Miscarriage, Barrenness, Sterility, Reproduction, and Abuses of Nature, and emphatically the Ladies' Private Medical Adviser, a pamphlet of 64 pages, sent free to any address. Six cents required to pay postage.

The Pills and book will be sent by mail when desired, securely sealed, and prepared, by

J. BRYAN, M. D., General Agent.
No. 76 Cedar street, New York.

Sold by all the principal druggists.

sep 25-d&wly

EDITOR OF PATRIOT AND UNION:

*Dear Sir:*—With your permission I wish to say to the readers of your paper that I will send by return mail to all who wish it, (free,) a Recipe, with full directions for making and using a simple Vegetable Balm, that will effectually remove, in 10 days, Pimples, Blotches, Tan, Freckles, and all Impurities of the Skin, leaving the same soft, clear, smooth and beautiful.

I will also mail free to those having Bald Heads or Bare Faces, simple directions and information that will enable them to start a full growth of Luxuriant Hair, Whiskers, or a Moustache, in less than 30 days. All applications answered by return mail without charge.

Respectfully yours,
THOS. F. CHAPMAN, Chemist.
No 831 Broadway, New York.

je23-3md

### To Horse Owners.

Dr. Sweet's Infallible Liniment for Horse is unrivaled by any, and in all cases of Lameness, arising from Sprains, Bruises or Wrenching, its effect is magical and certain. Harness or Saddle Galls, Scratches, Mange, &c., it will also cure speedily. Spavin and Ringbone may be easily prevented and cured in their incipient stages, but confirmed cases are beyond the possibility of a *radical cure*. No case of the kind, however, is so desperate or hopeless but it may be alleviated by this Liniment, and its faithful application will always remove the Lameness, and enable the horse to travel with comparative ease.

Every horse owner should have this remedy at hand, for its timely use at the first appearance of Lameness will effectually prevent those formidable diseases mentioned, to which all horses are liable, and which render so many otherwise valuable horses nearly worthless.

See advertisemnt. ap20 eow-d&w

### Dr. Brunon's Concentrated Remedies.

No. 1. THE GREAT REVIVER speedily eradicates all the evil effects of SELF-ABUSE, as Loss of Memory, Shortness of Breath, Giddiness, Palpitation of the Heart, Dimness of Vision, or any constitutional derangements of the system, brought on by the unrestrained indulgence of the passions. Acts alike on either sex. Price One Dollar.

No. 2. THE BALM will cure, in from two to eight days, any case of GONNORRHŒA, is without taste or smell, and requires no restriction of action or diet. For either sex. Price One Dollar.

No. 3. The TEREB will cure in the shortest possible time any case of GLEET, even after all other remedies have failed to produce the desired effect. No taste or smell. Price One Dollar.

No. 4. THE PUNITER is the only Remedy that will really cure Strictures of the Urethra. No matter of how long standing or neglected the case may be. Price One Dollar.

No. 5. THE SOLUTOR will cure any case of GRAVEL, permanently and speedily remove all affections of the Bladder and Kidneys. Price One Dollar.

No. 6. FOR PARTICULARS SEE CIRCULAR.

No 7. THE AMARIN will cure the Whites radically and in a much shorter time than they can be removed by any other treatment. In fact, is the only remedy that will really correct this disorder. Pleasant to take. Price One Dollar.

No. 8. THE ORIENTAL PASTILS are certain, safe and speedy in producing MENSTRUATION, or correcting any irregularities of the monthly periods. Price Two Dollars.

No. 9, FOR PARTICULARS SEE CIRCULAR.

Either remedy sent free by mail on receipt of the price annexed. Enclose postage stamp and get a circular.

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DR. FELIX BRUNON,
July 28, 1863-1y P. O. Box 99, Philadelphia, Pa.

WINDOW SHADES of linen, gilt-bordered; and PAPER BLINDS of an endless variety of designs and ornaments; also, CURTAIN FIXTURES and TASSELS at very low prices. Call at

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POTATOES!—A LARGE SUPPLY just received. QUALITY VERY SUPERIOR.
sept26 WM. DOCK, Jr., & CO.


## ELECTION PROCLAMATION.

Pursuant to an act of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "An Act relating to elections in this Commonwealth," approved the 2d day of July, A. D. one thousand eight hundred and thirty-nine, I, JACOB D. ROAS, Sheriff of the county of Dauphin, Pennsylvania, do hereby make known and give notice to the electors of the county aforesaid, that an election will be held in the said county of Dauphin, ON THE SECOND TUESDAY OF OCTOBER, A. D. 1863, (being the 13th day of October,) at which time State and County Officers, as follows, are to be elected, to wit:

One person for Governor of the State of Pennsylvania.

One person for Supreme Judge of the State of Pennsylvania.

One person to represent the counties of Dauphin and Lebanon in the Senate of the State of Pennsylvania.

Two persons to represent the county of Dauphin in the House of Representatives.

One person for Sheriff of Dauphin county.

One person as Recorder of Deeds, &c., for the county of Dauphin.

One person as Treasurer for the county of Dauphin.

Two persons for County Commissioner.

One person for Director of the Poor and House of Employment.

One person for County Auditor.

I ALSO HEREBY MAKE KNOWN AND GIVE NOTICE that the places of holding the aforesaid general election in the several wards, corporations, districts and townships within the county of Dauphin, are as follows, to wit:

The election for the First ward in the city of Harrisburg shall be held at the Public School House at the corner of Mary's alley and Front street.

The election in the Second ward shall be held at the School House at the corner of Dewberry alley and Chestnut street.

The election for the Third Ward shall be held at the School House in Walnut steeet, between Second and Front streets.

The election for the Fourth Ward shall be held at the Public School House in State street, between Second and Third streets.

The election of the Fifth Ward shall be held at the house belonging to General John Forster, on the State road leading from the reservoir grounds to the Pennsylvania State Lunatic Hospital.

The election in the Sixth Ward shall be held at the Market House in West Harrisburg.

For the township of Susquehanna, at Miller's (now Nisley's) school house.

For the township of Lower Swatara, at the school house No. 1, in Highspire.

For the township of Swatara, at the Locust Grove Inn.

For the borough of Middletown, at the Brick School House in Pine street, in said borough.

For the township of Londonderry, at the Public House of Joseph Keiper, in said township.

For the township of West Londonderry, at the house of Christian Neff, in said township.

For the township of Conewago, erected out of parts of the townships of Londonderry and Derry, at the house of Christian Foltz, (now Jno. S. Foltz,) in said township.

For the township of Derry, at the public house of Daniel Eaum, in Hummelstown, in said township.

For the township of South Hanover, at the public house of George Hocker, in said township.

For the township of East Hanover, at the public house of Maj. Shell, (now Royer's,) in said township.

For the township of West Hanover, at the public house of Jacob Rudy, (now Buck's,) in said township.

For the township of Lower Paxton, at the public house of Robert Gilchrist, (now Swoggart's,) in said township.

For the township of Middle Paxton, at the public house of Joseph Cockley, in said township.

For the township of Rush, at the house belonging to the estate of the late John McAllister, dec'd, now occupied by David Rineal, in said township.

For the township of Jefferson, at the house of Christian Hoffman, in said township.

For the township of Jackson, at the house now occupied by John Bixler at Bixler's mill, in said township.

For the township of Halifax, at the North Ward School House, in the town of Halifax.

For the township of Reed, at the new School House on Duncan's Island, in said township.

For the borough of Millersburg, at the window next to the northeast corner on the east side of the new school house, situate on Middle street, in the borough of Millersburg, in the county of Dauphin.

For the township of Upper Paxton, at the house of J. G. Yeager, in the borough of Millersburg.

For the township of Mifflin, at the public house of Michael Enterline, (now Benj. Bordner,) in Berrysburg, in said township.

For the township of Washington, at the public house now occupied by Matilda Wingert, in said township.

For the township of Lykens, at the public house of Solomon Loudenslager, (now Keiser's,) in the borough of Gratz.

For the borough of Gratz, at the public house of Solomon Loudenslager, (now Keiser's,) in said borough.

For the township of Wiconisco, at the School House No. 5, in said township.

I also, for the information of the electors of the county of Dauphin, publish the following sections of acts of the General Assembly, enacted during the session of 1853, to wit:

WEST LONDONDERRY—*Place of Election.*

Also, sections 1 and 3, page 104, pamphlet laws, approved the 18th day of March, 1857, viz:—"That the citizens of the township of Londonderry, in the county of Dauphin, formerly embraced in the Portsmouth election district, together with such other citizens of said township residing west of the public road leading from Port Royal to Nissley's mill, in said township, shall hereafter hold their general and special elections at the house of Christian Neff, in said township."

Sec. 3. That said district shall hereafter be known as West Londonderry election district.

RUSH TOWNSHIP—*Place of Election.*

Whereas the place of holding the elections in the township of Rush, Dauphin county, was by law at School House number three in said township: And whereas, there is no such school house, therefore—Section 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, That the general and township elections of Rush township, Dauphin county, shall be held at the house belonging to the estate of the late John McAllister, deceased, now occupied by David Rineal. Page 83 pamphlet laws, 1858

I also make known and give notice, as in and by the 13th section of the aforesaid act I am directed, "that every person, excepting justices of the peace, who shall hold any office or appointment of profit or trust under the government of the United States, or of this State, or any city or incorporated district, whether a commissioned officer or otherwise, a subordinate officer, or agent, who is or shall be employed under the legislative, judiciary, or executive department of this State or the United States, or of any city or incorporated district, and also, that every member of Congress and the State Legislature, and of the select and common council of any city, commissioners of any incorporated district, is by law incapable of holding or exercising at the same time the office or appointment of judge, inspector or clerk of any election of this Commonwealth, and that no inspector or judge, or other officer of any such election, shall be eligible to any office then to be voted for."

Also, that in the fourth section of the act of Assembly, entitled "An Act relating to executions, and for other purposes," approved April 16, 1840, it is enacted that the aforesaid 13th section "shall not be so construed as to prevent any militia officer or borough officer from serving as judge, inspector or clerk at any general or special election in this Commonwealth."

Also, that in the 61st section of said act it is enacted that "every general and special election shall be opened between the hours of eight and ten in the forenoon, and shall continue without interruption or adjournment until seven o'clock in the evening, when the polls shall be closed."

The special election shall be held and conducted by the inspectors and judges elected as aforesaid, and by clerks appointed as hereinafter provided.

No person shall be permitted to vote at the election, as aforesaid, but a white freeman of the age of twenty-one years or more, who shall have resided in this State at least one year, and in the election district where he offers to vote at least ten days immediately preceding such election, and within two years paid a State or county tax, which shall have been assessed at least ten days before the election. But a citizen of the United States who has previously been a qualified voter of this State and removed therefrom and returned, and who shall have resided in the election district and paid taxes, as aforesaid, shall be entitled to vote after residing in this State six months: *Provided*, That the white freemen, citizens of the United States, between the ages of 21 and 22 years, and have resided in the election district ten days, as aforesaid, shall be entitled to vote, although they shall not have paid taxes.

"No person shall be admitted to vote whose name is not contained in the list of taxable inhabitants furnished by the commissioners, unless: First, he produces a receipt for the payment within two years of a State or county tax, assessed agreeably to the constitution, and give satisfactory evidence, either on his own oath or affirmation, or the oath or affirmation of another, that he has paid such a tax, or on failure to produce a receipt, shall make oath of the payment thereof; or, Second, if he claim a vote by being an elector between the ages of 21 and 22 years, he shall depose on oath or affirmation that he has resided in the State at least one year before his application, and make such proof of his residence in the district as is required by this act, and that he does verily believe from the accounts given him that he is of the age aforesaid, and give such other evidence as is required by this act, whereupon the name of the person so admitted to vote, shall be inserted in the alphabetical list by the inspectors, and a note made opposite thereto by writing the word 'tax,' if he shall be admitted to vote by reason of having paid tax, or the word 'age,' if he shall be admitted to vote by reason of such age, and shall be called out to the clerks, who shall make the like notes in the list of voters kept by them.

"In all cases where the name of the person claiming to vote is not found on the list furnished by the commissioners and assessor, or his right to vote, whether found thereon or not, is objected to by any qualified citizen, it shall be the duty of the inspectors to examine such person on oath as to his qualifications, and if he claims to have resided within the State for one year or more, his oath will be sufficient proof thereof, but shall make proof by at least one competent witness, who shall be a qualified elector, that he has resided within the district for more than ten days next immediately preceding said election, and shall also himself swear that his bona fide residence in pursuance of his lawful calling is within the district, and that he did not remove into said district for the purpose of voting therein.

"Every person qualified as aforesaid, and who shall make due proof, if required, of his residence and payment of taxes as aforesaid, shall be admitted to vote in the township, ward, or district in which he shall reside.

"If any person shall prevent or attempt to prevent any officer of any election under this act from holding such election or use or threaten any violence to any such officer, or shall interrupt or improperly interfere with him in the execution of his duty, or shall block up the window or avenue to any window where the same may be holding, or shall riotously disturb the peace at such election, or shall use or practice intimidating threats, force or violence, with a design to influence unduly or overawe any elector, or to prevent him from voting, or to restrain the freedom of choice, such a person, on conviction, shall be fined in any sum not exceeding five hundred dollars, and imprisoned for any time not less than one month nor more than twelve months, and if it shall be shown to the Court where the trial of such offence shall be had, that the person so offending was not a resident of the city, ward, or district, or township where the said offence was committed, and not entitled to vote therein, then, on conviction, he shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not less than one hundred dollars or more than one thousand dollars, and be imprisoned not less than six months nor more than two years.

"In case the person who shall have received the second highest number of votes for inspector shall not attend on the day of election, then the person who shall have received the next highest number of votes for judge at the spring election shall act as inspector in his place.—And in case the person who shall have received the highest number of votes for inspector shall not attend, the person elected judge shall appoint an inspector in his place, and in case the person elected shall not attend, then the inspector who received the highest number of votes shall appoint a judge in his place, or if any vacancy shall continue in the board for the space of one hour after the time fixed by law for the opening of the election, the qualified voters of the township, ward, or district for which said officer shall have been elected, present at the place of election, shall select one of their number to fill such vacancy.

"It shall be the duty of the several assessors, respectively, to attend at the place of holding every general, special or township election, during the time said election is kept open, for the purpose of giving information to the inspectors and judges when called on, in relation to the right of any person assessed by them to vote at such elections, or such other matters in relation to the assessment of voters as the said inspectors, or either of them, shall from time to time require."

MEETING OF RETURN JUDGES.

Pursuant to the provisions contained in the 76th section of the act first aforesaid, the judges of the aforesaid districts shall respectively take charge of the certificate or return of the election of their respective districts, and produce them at a meeting of one judge from each district, at the city of Harrisburg, on the third day after the day of election, being FRIDAY, the 16th of OCTOBER, then and there to do and perform the duties required by law of the said judges.

Also, that where a judge by sickness or unavoidable accident is unable to attend such meeting of judges, then the certificate or return aforesaid shall be taken charge of by one of the inspectors or clerks of the election of said district, who shall do and perform the duties required of said judges unable to attend.

Given under my hand, in my office in Harrisburg, the 2d day of September, A. D. 1863.

JACOB D. ROAS, Sheriff of Dauphin Co.

SHERIFF'S OFFICE, Harrisburg, Sept. 10, 1862.

sept10 d&wte


WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

### SELECT FAMILY GROCERY.

Having just returned from the Eastern cities, we are receiving all the FRESH and CHOICE goods in our line in the market.

We can confidently offer a complete stock of First Class Groceries, which we guarantee cannot be surpassed by any other establishment in the State in *selection, price or assortment.*

sep 25 WM. DOCK, JR., & CO.

APARTMENTS Furnished and Boarding for Ladies and Gentlemen. Inquire of MRS. KERR, Shoemaker's Row, Second street, nearly opposite the Buehler House. sep 23-tf

DR. J. C. HOYER,

### DENTIST,

*OFFICE IN WYETH'S BUILDING.*

In room formerly occupied by Dr. Carman, CORNER OF MARKET STREET AND MARKET SQUARE.

sep1

C. D. WALTER'S,

CLOCK MAKER, CLEANER AND REPAIRER, *NORTH STREET, EAST OF THE CAPITAL.*

ALL WORK GUARANTEED.

Sep 26-d6m

DYOTTVILLE GLASS WORKS,

*PHILADELPHIA,*

MANUFACTURE

CARBOYS, DEMIJOHNS, WINE, PORTER, MINERAL WATER, PICKLE AND *PRESERVE BOTTLES* OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

H. B. & G. W. BENNERS,
oct9-d1y 27 South Front steret, Philadelphia.

BUEHLER HOUSE,

HARRISBURG, PA.

This old established House has undergone extensive improvements, and been thoroughly renovated and refitted

It is pleasantly located in the heart of the city, in easy access to the State Capitol and Public Grounds.

☞ *For the accommodation of our guests, we have recently commenced to run a Coach to and from the Railroad. In this manner unpleasant delay in leaving the Depot for the Hotel will be avoided, and much more time afforded guests for meals when leaving the House.*

Intending that the BUEHLER HOUSE shall be *really* a home-like resort for the stranger and traveler we respectfully solicit a continuance of the public patronage.

GEO. J. BOLTON, Proprietor.
Sept18-d3m

VALUABLE PROPERTY AT PRIVATE SALE.—The subscriber will sell at private sale that valuable Tavern Stand, situate on Ridge Road, in the Sixth Ward, Harrisburg, corner of Broad street, being 26 feet in front and 72 feet deep. The improvements are a two-story frame Tavern House, with three-story back building. Hydrant water in the premises, and other conveniences. The property is calculated either for a store or a hotel, being eligibly situated.

For terms apply on the premises to HENRY BOSTGEN.

HARRISBURG, September 9, 1863

P. S.—The subscriber will also sell a fine six year old horse and family carriage, having no use for the same.

sep 10-tf H. B.

LOOKING GLASSES.—A Splendid Assortment of New Looking Glasses, just received, at W. KNOCHE'S Music Store, 93 Market street, where they will be sold cheap. Call and examine. mr13

LADIES! YOU KNOW WERE YOU can get fine Note Paper, Envelopes, Visiting and Wedding Cards? At SCHEFFER'S BOOKSTORE.

NOT A RUM DRINK!

A highly Concentrated Vegetable Extract.

A PURE TONIC THAT WILL RELIEVE THE AFFLICTED AND NOT MAKE DRUNKARDS.

DR. HOOFLAND'S

### GERMAN BITTERS

PRERARED BY

DR. C. M. JACKSON,

*PHILADELPHIA, PA.,*

WILL EFFECTUALLY and MOST CERTAINLY CURE ALL DISEASES ARISING FROM

**A Disordered Liver, Stomach or Kidneys.**

Thousands of our citizens are suffering from DYSPEPSIA and LIVER DISEASES, and to whom the following questions apply—we guarantee

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS WILL CURE THEM.

**Dyspepsia and Liver Disease.**

Do you rise with a coated tongue mornings, with bad taste in the mouth and poor appetite for breakfast? Do you feel when you first get up so weak and languid you can scarcely get about? Do you have a dizziness in the head at times, and often a dullness, with headache occasionally? Are your bowels costive and irregular, and appetite changeable? Do you throw up wind from the stomach, and do you swell up often? Do you feel a fulness after eating, and a sinking when the stomach is empty? Do you have heartburn occasionally? Do you feel low spirited, and look on the dark