The Patriot & Union. SATURDAY MORNING, OCT. 3, 1863. O. BARRETT & CO., PROPRIETORS. Communications will not be published in the PATRIOT AND UNION unless accompanied with the name of th author, 101 00 DEMOCRATIC STATE NOMINATIONS. FOR GOVERNOR HON. GEO. W. WOODWARD, OF PHILADELPHIA. FOR JUDGE OF THE SUPREME COURT, WALTER H. LOWRIE ALLEGHENY COUNTY. 18 Pe U.C. DEMOCRATIC COUNTY NOMINATIONS. SENATOR. DANIEL D. BOAS, of Harrisburg. ASSEMBLY.

J. WESLEY AWL, Harrisburg. CHAS. H. ZIEGLER, Reed township. SHERIFF, JOHN RAYMOND, Middletown. COUNTY COMMISSIONER A. HAMILTON, (3 years.) Harrisburg, JACOB BUCK, (1 year,) Upper Paxton. RECORDER. JAMES HORNING, Jefferson. TREASURER. Dr. DAVID UMBERGER, Lower Paxton, DIRECTOR OF THE POOR,

JOHN BUCK, West Hanover. AUDITOR. JAMES M'CORMÍCK, Jr., Harrisburg.

TO DEMOCRATIC EDITORS AND PRINTERS.

IMPORTANT NOTICE .--- Many of the newsrapers in the interior of the State are printing the name of our candidate for Supreme Judge, "Walter B." instead of Walter H. Lowrie. which is the proper way. This mistake, especially if carried out in the printing of tickets, may be the means of depriving us on the count of thousands of votes. Let editors and printers at once losk to this, and print the name hereafter WALTER H. LOWRIE.

BEMOCRATIC STATE CENTRAL COMMIT-TEE.

The several County Committees of Superintendence are requested to communicate the names and post office address of their members to the Chairman of the State Central Committee. CHARLES J. BIDDLE, Chairman.

DEMOCRATIC STATE CENTRAL COMMIT-

Rooms 144 S. Sixth Street, Second Story. Chairman-Hon. CBARLES J. BIDDLE. Secretary-JAMES F. SHUKE, Esq. Treasures-Col. WILLIAM H. KEICHLINE. The officers are in attendance daily at the Committee Booms.

DEMOCRATIC MEETINGS,

Saturday, October 3. Ploug'n Tavern, Berks county. Gaut's School House, Faystic county. Prosperity, Washington county. Kimbleville, Chester county. Bowman's, Lebanon county. Wm, H. Miller.] Newtown, Bucks county. Woodburg Bedford county.

We do not think that any man of plain, common sense, will say that the condition of the country at present is such as he would desire it to be. There is something wrong-some of the machinery is out of gear-and we take it, as a matter of course, that every right-minded man would like to see things set to rights, and the breaks and obstructions in the machinery removed and mended. Now, it is obvious to our mind that the men who have for three years past been running the machine do not understand its mechanism-otherwise it would not have been jarred and put out of running order-and not understanding it, cannot safely be trusted by the people to repair and put it again in good condition. We have learned by costly experience in our own office that a steam press, which an experienced engineer, a steady man with a well-balanced mind, will run without breakage or impediment for a year, an inexperienced man, confident in his own ignorance, will put out of order every week, and if continued, totally ruin in a month. It is the same in governmental as in mechanical affairs. If the men entrusted with the management of the State are ignorant, or careless, or reckless, the machinery will soon be disarranged, the levers and screws and pulleys and cylinders, and wheels and bands cease to work as they were intended to-and unless the bunglers are removed, and competent workmen put in their place, the whole machinery may be utterly ruined in as short a time as it takes an incompetent engineer and pressman to ruin a double

Plain Talk for Plain People.

cylinder steam printing press. The history of the country, which is open to all; in its public records, in the proceedings of Congress and the State Legislatures, shows too plainly for contradiction or dispute, that while troubles have always arisen under administrations other than Democratic, everything has gone smoothly and well when Democrats were in power. And there is a very plain reason for this. The Democratic party, when administering the Government, have always confined themselves within the limits of the Constitution, literally construed, and been in all things observant and obedient to the laws. Their ambition has been to rule mildly, to carry out the intentions of the Fathers strictly, to place no unnecessary burdens upon the people, to restrain them in the exercise of no privilege granted by the Constitution or natural right not voluntary resigned for the sake of good government-in short their aim has been to bestow the greatest good upon the greatest number, and they have never failed to do so-while their political opponents, by whatever name known, have invariably pursued a different course, and invariably, under their administration of Government have the people suffered wrong and oppression. Their views, whatever they may pretend to the contrary, are not republican-they are aristocratic, arbitrary, contrary to the principles upon which our free institutions are founded. They never could find power enough in the Constitution to carry out their policy, and hence they have disregarded it, when in authority, trampled the laws under foot, set their heels upon the necks of the people, and brought trouble and gloom upon the

Under the administration of John Adams this was exemplified in the passage and enforcement of the Alien and Sedition laws, from

country.

We subjoin some figures showing what the debt of each county in Pennsylvania will be. supposing the war debt of the Union at the close of the war, shall be 3,000,000,000 of dollars. We selemnly believe it would be that sum if the war ceased to merrow. Because the war has now lasted 880 days-and there is no prospect that it will be closed in 120 days more. The daily expense of the war-the current expense-is set down at THREE MILLIONS PER DAY -this, of course, will amount to 3,000 millions in 1,000 days. Now, Pennsylvania's quote of men and money has been fixed (we believe officially) at ONE SIXTH of the whole, which is \$500,000,000 ! It is upon this that the following apportionment of debt and interest is based. WE ASK THE ATTENTION OF ALL TAX-PAYERS TO THIS FEARFUL EXHIBIT :

		La se	Valuation of all perty in Pen vasia for 180 Revenue Boa
	ach county's s of the princip the war (lebt.	ich county's share of the interest of the wardebt, year ly	Re
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	202	: 202	
COUNTIES.	승립다	- E -	6 2 ⁴ 2 6
COUNTING.	6 E Y		적습적합
			fall p Penus r 1863 Board
		. <u>.</u>	d ³³ 5 9
	share ipal of	ach county's share of the interest of the war debt, year- ly	n of all pro- in Pennsyl- for 1263 by ne Board
Adams	\$4,817,032	\$289,021 82 1,844,497 92	\$5,138,390
Allegheny	30,741,632		26,123,389
Armstrong	6,157,084	369,425 04	3,027,873
Beaver Bedford	5,012,080 4,598,592	300,724 80 275,915 52 968,201 76	4,193,151 8,458.223
Berks	16.136.696	968,201 76	22,918,666
Blair	4,786.588	287,195 28	4,900,758
radford	4,786.588 8,283,241 10,985,416 6,122,168		22,918,666 4,900,758 5,492,938 19,298,126 4,844,877 2,164,877
Bucks	10,985,416	656,124 96 367,330 08	19,298,126
Butler	6,122,168	367,330 08	4,844.810
Jambria	5,014,660	300,879 60	2,104,817
Jarbon	5,014,660 3,617,676 4,744,000	217,060 56 278,040 00	2,454.858 4,450,806
Jentre Jhester	12 \$28 516	769,590 96	24,273 907
larion	12,826,516 4,297,936	257,876 16	2,241,952
Clarion	3,236 548	257,876 16 194,192 88	1.625,020
linton	3,048,356	182,901 36	3,060 4/8
Joiumbia	4,311,180	258,670 80	8,260,273
rawford	6,989,800	419,358 00	5,431,246 12,285 504 12,529 140
Cumberland Dauphin	6,896,856 8,072,032	413,811 36 482,521 98	12,285 304 12,285 140
Delaware	5,262,984	482,521 98 315 779 44	10.137.445
clk	1,017.380	60.042 80	844,111
5510	8.503,204	60,042 80 510,138 20	5,739,208
ayette	6,864,348 158,456		5,337,731
orrest	158,456 7,245,672	9,267 36 434,740 32 94,231 92 251,219 76 289,992 00 347,679 84	12,829,140 10,137,445 844,111 5,739,208 6,337,731 175,213 19,674 963
ranklin	7,245,672 1,570,532	04.931.92	1,187,487
freene	4 186 996	251.219 76	8,129,671
Huntingdon	4.186,996 4.833,200	289,992 00	4,750,681
ndiana	5,792,664 8 145,440 2,921,592		3 821,252
efferson	8 145,440	188.040 40	1,576 517
uniate			2,943,954 85,863,165
Ancaster	20,006,008 3.955,828	1,200,360 46 287,349 68	3,531,592
ebanon	5,474,932	328,495 42	9.474.455
ehigh	7,525,516	451,533 96	10 454,952
uzerne	15,511,968	980.718 08	10 454 952 10,808,224 4,898,298
Aycoming A'Kean	6,482,625 1,423,648	385,957 68 85,424 88	4,898,298 758,642
fercer	1,423,648 6,339,232 9,810,480	85,424 88 380,853 92	4,906,817
difflin	2.810.480	168,628 80	4.015 420
100100	2,882,876	172,942 56	1,597,534
fontgomery	2,810,480 2,882,376 12,116,000 2,245,116	168,628 80 172,942 56 726,860 00	1,597,534 19,495,756
Iontour	2,245,116	124,100 30	1,916,432
Northampton	8,239,488 4,986,624	404 369 28 299,197 44	$13,548,538 \\ 5,476,564$
Perry	3 020 70K	235,247 76	8.367.709
hiladelphia	97.270.988	5.736.217 28	3.367,709 174,716,921
18.4	97,270,988 1,230,660		702,465
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1,914,040	118.3/0 40	702,465 938,898
cnuyikili	15,395,720	923,743 20	11'313'010
nyder omerset	2,580.020	155.161 20 276.848 08	2,686,253 2,995,976
ullivan	4,605,818 969,564		416,091
usquehanna	4.237.924	374.275 44	3.296.111
lioga.	5,389.568	320,374 08	2,439,508
1010n	2.432.940	145,976 40	3 870,439
enango	4,307,896 3,800,680 3,294,460	258,443 70	1,950,060
warren	3,800,680	198,040 80	1,796,687 10 839,538
Washington Wayne	5,294,400	503.667 60 832,706 48	1.744,186
Westmoreland	5,545,108 9,242,592	882,700 48 554,555 52	7,939.349
Wyoming	2.156.880	129,412 80	1,009,014
fork	11,730,400	703,824 00	12,915,556

Let it be remembered, that this DOES NOT IN-CLUDE THE PENSIONS, BOUNTIES to honorably discharged soldiers, &c., &c. 170,000 claims for pensions were allowed at the Surgeon General's office to invalids, widows, &c , up to September 1st, 1863. The whole number of pensioners cannot be less than 250,000! And this, at \$5 per month for each, will be \$24,000,000 per annum.

We have presented these facts and figures cause the people have a right to know what their burdens are or may be-they are about to vote upon the question whether those who have created this immense debt-the nowers at Washington-and those who have had so large a share of it-the corrupt powers at Harrisburg, of which A. G. CURTIN is the head, should longer remain in places where they can sap the substance of the State. And REMEMBER ! EVERY DOLLAR OF THIS MONEY MUST BE RAISED by TAXATION ! !- Pittsburg Post.

I recognize no word of truth in all their villainous charges. [Loud and long continued cheering followed.

Hon. Wm. H. Witte, who accompanied Judge Woodward, was then introduced. He said :

Mr. President, Ladies and Gentlemen :--- I am ery sorry we did not arrive at an earlier hour, but the cause of our detention had been telegraphed you. I understand, since my arrival, that these dispatches were not received. I wish to place the blame upon the proper shoulders. This is in keeping with all their tyrannical actions-a perversion of all good things to their own base purposes. Thus God gives, the lightning to men, and Abolition law sells it. But there are God-given rights which they cannot sell-immunities they cannot purchass. The appearance of this vast assemblage re-assures me of that. It is but the counterpart of what I have seen in the various parts of the State-this great upheaving of the people. We are here greeted, as we have been in other places, with woman's smile. This is the very best earnest of our success. When childhood's innocence and female loveliness range themselves upon the side of 'ustice, what glittering power of bayonets shall say us nay.

The afternoon being nearly spent, the President of the Democratic Club announced that Mr. Witte would speak in the evening. Cheers were then given for Woodward and others, and the meeting adjourned. Flags, banners, and wagons could be seen going in every direction home.

Judge Woodward was the guest of Mr. Billmyer, at whose house he and his friends were tendered that attention which could only spring from hearts and minds whose opinions and sentiments were in perfect harmony with his own.

In the evening a great crowd collected to hear Mr. Witte. Our readers well know that gentleman's reputation as an orator, and the impossibility of attempting to photograph his voice, or make the printed speech read like the living man talks. He held the vast audience for over two hours in the unstudied attitude of attention, and long after he quit speaking, they lingered still. His speech was as usual-serious and impressive.

Considering everything-the multitude-the speakers-the enthusiasm-the meeting may be noted as one of the most successful and encouraging ever held in Union county or the State.

WHO IS THE SOLDIERS' REAL FRIEND ?- Extract from the decision of Judge Woodward, sustaining the stay law passed by our Legislature in favor of the soldier :

"Now, if a stay of execution for three years would not be tolerated in ordinary times, did not these circumstances constitute an emergency that justified the pushing of legislation to the extremest limit of the Constitution ? No citizen could be blamed for volunteering. He was invoked to do so by appeals as strong as his love of country. In the nature of things there is nothing unreasonable in exempting a soldier's property from execution whilst he is absent frem home, battling for the supremacy of the Constitution and the integrity of the Union. And when he has not run before he was sent, but has yielded himself up to the call of his country, his self-sacrificing patriotism pleads trumpet-tongued for all the indulgence from his creditors which the Legisla-ture have power to grant. If the term of indulgence seem long in this instance, it was not longer than the time for which the President and Congress demanded the soldier's servi-

WHY DON'T HE SIGN IT ?--- The shoddy candidate, Curtin, recommended the passage of a law to prevent the payment of laborers at iron

ces.

RECEPTION OF THE RUSSIAN NAVAL OFFICERS

NEW YORK, Oct. 1.-The committee of the city government waited on the Russian Admiral at noon, on board the Russian flag-ship and were received by salutes from all the Russian vessels, which were repeated as the Admiral left, in company with the committee, for the city. The procession marched down Broadway. Large crowds of citizens witnessed the reception, and much good feeling was manifested. The military escort consisted of fifteen regiments, and the number of spectators thronging the streets is estimated at 100,000. At th City Hall the official welcome was tendered, and the guests reviewed the military. The whole affair passed off finely.

OUR RELATIONS WITH JAPAN.

OFFICIAL DISPATCH FROM COMMANDER M'DOUGAL. WASHINGTON, Oct. 1 .- The following dispatch has been received here :

U. S. STEAM SLOOP, WYOMING, } YOKOHAMA, July 23, 1863.

SIR : On the evening of the 10th, news was received, through a Japanese source, that an American steamer had been fired on by a bark and a brig belonging to the Prince of Nagato, at the western outlet of the inland sea, and that she had disappeared, and was supposed to be sunk.

A mail from Shanghae the same evening bronght authentic information that the American steamer Pembroke, on her passage from this place to Shanghae, through the inland sea, had been fired on by the above vessels, and had made her escape through the Bungo pas-

On the 13th we left this place for the scene of outrage, and arrived off the inner entrance of the western outlet of the inland sea on the morning of the 16th.

On the tide proving favorable, we proceeded in the Straits, and at the opening off the town of Simonosak discovered a steamer, brig and bark-of-war at auchor, with the Japanese colors at the peak, and the flag of the Prince at the fore.

We stood for the vessels, and on approach. ing them were fired on as we got within range by six batteries, on different positions, and mounting from two to four guns each. Passing between the brig and bark, on the starboard side, and the steamer on the port, we received and returned their fire at pistol shot

Rounding the bow of the steamer and getting in position, we maintained the action for about one hour.

During the affair the steamer got underway, but two well directed shots exploded her boilers.

The brig appeared to be settling by the stern, and no doubt sunk.

The amount of damage done the bark must have been serious, and there must have been great destruction on shore.

The straits opposite the city are about threefourths of a mile wide, with strong currents. which made it very difficult to manœuvre the ship properly, as I had no charts, and my pilots were completely paralyzed, and I was ap prehensive of getting ashore. In fact, I did touch once. I was then induced to withdraw out of action.

The fire from the shore battery was extremely brisk, and continued so long as we were in range. We were hulled eleven times, and with considerable damage to the smoke tack and the rigging aloft, which was attributed to our passing within the range they were prepared for. I regret to state the loss of four killed and seven wounded, one of whom has since died. Enclosed is the surgeon's renort. It affords me much pleasure to state that the conduct of the officers and crew was all that I could desire.

Lieut, Barton, in charge of the first division. makes honorable mention of the conduct of Acting Master's Mate J. E. Sweeney ; Peter King, senior captain of the forward pivot guns; Fhomas Sadler, captain of the top ; and Charles J. Murphy, seaman. I would also mention the

cool conduct of Frank Wyatt, boatswain's mate, aptain of the after

DISAFPEARANCE OF NAVY OFFICERS.

Several officers of the navy have recently mysteriously disappeared, among them Second Assistant Engineer Jesse Walton. They have, it is feared, met with some casualty, which has prevented them from reporting their address to the departmont, as required by the regulations.

PERSONAL.

Col. McReynolds, of the First New York cavalry, is here under arrest, charged with the serious offense of collusion with the rebels at Martinsburg, where he commanded.

THE MARKETS.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 2. In breadstuffs there is but little movementthe demane of flour io limited and only 15,000 bbls. were sold at \$5@5 50 for superfine, \$5 50 for extra, \$6@6 37 for extra family, and \$7@7 50 for fancy. Rye flour steady at \$5. Wheat held firmly, and further sales of 4,000 bus. new and old red were made at \$1 40@1 45, and white at \$1 60@1 72.-Rye wanted at \$1. Corn dull and lower-sales of yellow at 93@94c., and mixed at 91@92c. Oats in active demand at 78c. Coffee looking up, and further sales of Rio were made at 30(@,32c. Sugar and molasses are looking up. Sales middling cotton at S4@85c. Petroleum is quiet—sales of crude at 36c. ; refined in bond at 58@58c. and free at 67@68c. Provisions are firmer.' Whisky has advanced to $54\frac{1}{2}(055)$ cents.

NEW YORK, Oct. 2. Wheat quiet, more steady ; receipts, 41.276 bushels. Corn firm; receipts, 105,930 bush. Pork steady. Lard quiet. Whisky steady at 52@524c. Sales of 950 barrels of flour at \$5 @5 35 for superfine State, \$6 10@6 25 for common to good Ohio, and \$6@6 75 for Southern. Provisions steady at unchanged prices.

BALTIMORE, Oct. 2. Flour dull-sales of Ohio extra at \$5 75. Wheat quiet and declined 3@4c. Corn advancing and firm. Whisky scarce at 551(@56c.

SPECIAL NOTICES. [Communicated.] Pulmonary Consumption a Curable Disease!!

A CARD.

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

The undersigned having been restored to health in a few weeks, by a very simple remedy, after having suffered several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease. Consumption-is anxious to make known to his fellow sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used, (free of charge,) with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find asure cure for Consumption. ASTHMA, BRONCEITIS. Cougas, ColDs. &c. The only object of the advertiser in sending the Prescription is to benefit the afflicted. and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable : and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing. Parties wishing the prescription will please address

REV. EDWARD A. WILSON, Williamsburgh. Kings County,

New York.

SURGEON-GENERAL HAMMOND. By ordering Calomel and destructive minerals from the

sep 25–3md&w

supply tables, has conferred a blessing on our sick soldiers. Let him not stop here. Let him order the discontinuance of "Bleeding," and the use of BRAND-RETH'S PILLS in the place thereof. Then will commence a "new era" in the practice of Medicine, which would then become emphatically THE HEALING ART.

I have for thirty years taught that no diseased action could be cured by mercury or tartar emetic. That the human body could only be "made whole" by "vegetable food"-Animal food heing, in fact, condensed vegetables. BRANDRETH'S PILLS should be in every Military Hospital. These Pills cure BILIOUS DIARRHORA, CHRONIC DIARBHORA, CHRONIC **DVSENTERV** and all fevers and Affections Bowels, sooner and more surely than any medicine in the world. BRANDRETH'S PILLS in these cases should be taken night and morning. Read directions

oodbury, Bedford county.

Woodbury, Beatora county. Poff's, York county. [To be addressed by Hon. Bellefonte, Centre county. [To be addressed by Hon. Wm. H Witte, Col. B. P. Kane and S. H. Reynolds.] Hellertown. Northampton county. [To be andressed by W. Rosenthal, Esq., of Reading, Val. Hilburn and Col. W. H. Hunter, in German; E. J. Fox, Elisha Allis and A. 8. Knecht. in English.] Contact: Point. Cumberland county.

Allis and A. S. Knecht, in English.] Oyster's Point, Camberland county. Schelisburg, Redford county. Marshalton, Chester county. Kralitowa, York county. Winfield, Union county. [To be addressed by G. W. Ziegler, A. H. Dill and J. Bandolph, Ezgs.] Village Green, Delaware county. (Evening.) [To be addressed by Chas. Buckwalter, Esq., of Philadel-phia; Charles D. Manly, Esq., of Media, and B. E. Monaghan, Esq., of Westchester]

Monday, October 5. Woodberry, Bedford county.

Tuesday, October 6.

Tuesday, October 6. Indians. Indiana county. [To be addressed by Hon. W. H. Witte, Ex-Governor Bigler, Hon. Hiester Cly-mer, Hon. John L. Bawson, B. L. Johnston, Esc., Hon. H. D. Foster, and other eminent speakers.] Dry Bun, Franklin county. Sunbury. Northumberland county. [To be addressed by Hon. Richard Vaux, Hon. Anson V. Parsons, Hon. Charles Ingersoll. of Phil'a: Franklin Goven, of Pottsville; Hon: Wm. H. Miller, of Harrisburg, and Jos. C. Bucher, of Lawisburg.] Greensburg, Westmoreland county. [To be addressed by Ex-Gov. Bigler, Hon. H. D. Foster and others.] Easton, Clarics County.

Thursday. October 8.

Carlisle, Camberland county. [A grand rally, to be ad-dressed by Ex-Governor Wm. Bigler, Hon. Wm A. Porter, Hon. Chas. W. Carrigan, Hon. W. H. Witte, Hon. Jeremiah S. Black, Gee. Northrop, Esq., Hon. A. V. Parsons.

A. V. Parsons.
Downingtown, Chester county. [To be addressed by HOO. JOAN L. Dáwšón, Hon. Hiester Clymer, G. W. Biddle, Esq., and G. M. Wharton, Esq.]
Doylestown, Bucks county. [To be addressed by Hon. Chas. W. Carrigan.]
Kittanning, Armstrong county. [To be addressed by Ez-Gdw. Bigler, Hon. Charles Ingersoll and T. J. Miles 1

Miles] Powell's, Bedford county.

Rozbury, Franklin county. Morgan's Corner, Chester county. Strattourille; Clarion county. New Columbus, Luzerne county. [To be addressed by Gen. Sturdevant Stanly Woodward and E. B. Chase, Ksq.]

Another Falsehood Clinched. .

The Chambersburg Repository, and other Abolition journals, have charged Senator CLYMER with declaring, in his speech at Somerset, that-

"If Woodward and Vallandigham were elected, with Seymour and Parker, they would unite in calling from the army the troops from their respec-States, for the purpose of compelling the adminis-tration to invite a convention of the States to adjust our difficulties.

The Reading Gazette, on the authority of Senstor Clymer, pronounces the charge false. He used no such language, or anything like it, at Somerset or elsewhere. We ware so well satisfied that it was untrue when we first read it. that we deemed it unworthy of notice. It is safe to set down every charge made in the Abolition papers against Democrats as falseheods. Their only weapon is calumny.

Argue the Case

The Clinton Democrat truly remarks: "If the questions to be decided at the election were dispassionstely examined, the constitutional Demogratic candidates would have every rote in the county, except those of effice-holders, expectants and coperidants. Democrats, do your part, reason with your neighbors, and many of those who are now hostile to your views will be personaded by common sense and constrained by conscience, so as to become members of the great Democratic family, bound to her in political affection, inspired by the holiest recollections of the past, animated by the dearest hopes of the future, resolved to vindicate the rights of their race against all emies, to: defend the Constitution againstall

of Sh s or the heritage of liberty."

whence arose persecutions for opinions sake, and every species of tyranny odious to a free people. The same policy, though in a lesser degree, marked the administration of every succeeding administration hostile to Democratic sentiment, down to the inauguration of Abraham Lincoln, since when the true spirit of the party has displayed itself in the most reckless acts of despotism that ever disgraced any nation.

Under this administration nothing has been regarded but the unchecked will of the ruling party. Every barrier erected by the Constitution and the laws against the exercise of arbitrary power and for the protection of State and popular rights, has been brushed away from its path, and we have had a reign of terror and blood, of conscription and exaction, of plunder and oppression, stained by crimes of every nature and degree, that finds no parallel SPEECHES BY CARRIGAN ANO WITTE, in history---that sickens the heart and mantles the cheek of the civilized world with the blush of shame and indignation.

No one who understands the institutions of the country, and values his reputation, will deny this statement. It is true-and truth is mighty.

This gang of ignorant and reckless engineers in charge of the National and State engines have thrown the train from the track, and have neither the desire nor skill to put it on again. What, then, is to be done? We must change our workmen-we must discharge the incompetent and careless hands we have, and employ skillful mechanics to repair the damage and put the train upon the rails; we must do this, or every hope of this free people, of this great republican nation, will be wrecked.

It is time to open our eyes and look the truth in the face. There is, this day, but one step between us and destruction. We must break down the ruling power, or we must ourselves go down. We cannot now reach Lincoln through the ballot box-but we can reach Curtin, and Curtin is Lincoln's right arm. Let us lop off this right arm, and, by so doing, lessen the power of the Federal administration for mischief, and redeem Pennsylvania from disgrace. To save your country and yourselves you must do this. You will have an it-let nothing deter or restrain you-strike tken, and strike boldly If you fail you can lose nothing-for things are as bad as can bebut if you succeed you will gain much-a country, liberty, constitutional government, peace, union and prosperity.

SAMBO TO SAVE THE COUNTRY .- The Clinton Democrat 88Y8 :

Judge Kelley, of Philadelphia-a notorious personage in the radical organization—has some out openly in favor of assigning the highest honors upon "American citizens of Africen descent." With Wendell Phillips, he longs for the day when the white and black races will unite in social life, and become the fathers and mothers of a new and improved class of beings.

This model Judge-this "loyal Leaguer," this man of equality, says :

"The coming Man to deliver our country is emies, to defend the Constitution againstall set ants, and never to surrender the Union of St. s or the heritage of liberty." THE PEOPLE ARE MOVING.

GREAT DEMOCRATIC MEETING AT LEWISBURG. UNION COUNTY.

Judge Woodward Addresses the Multitude.

Thursday, the 1st, was a glorious day for Union county. Lewisburg was literally inundated with Democrats. Such a menster meeting was never before held in the count A spontaneous outpouring of the people followed the announcement that Judge Woodward, who was attending the regular term of the Supreme Court at Sunbury, would be present. Every township sent banners, processions and flags, to greet and welcome their chosen candidate--the champion of the Constitution-the Defender of Liberty. From early in the morning until late in the day the clans were gathering, till the Abolitionists declared they must have been brought from all the counties in the State.

When Judge Woodward arrived at the depot. late in the afternoon, he was met by a mounted escort, who, having placed him in a carriage, filed in on each side and went on a gallop to the grove, where thousands of people were waiting to see him. On approaching the grounds, the cry of Woodward ! Woodward ! rent the air on every side, and when he stepped from his carriage the shouts were deafening. Carrigan was speaking at the time, cutting Curtin and the Abolitionists right and left, when the commotion was raised by the arrival of Woodward. When order was restored, Carrigan said, "I have been talking to opportunity on the 18th-avail yourselves of you about the man who is nor to be your Governor : I will now show you the man who is to be your Governor." Cheer upon cheer followed, and when the tall form of the Judge was seen on the stand, it was a signal for renewed applause. When it had ceased, he stepped forward and spoke substantially as follows :

My Friends :--- I have come, as I have been accustomed to come, annually, for the last twenty years, among the people of the great Buffalo valley, to renew old friendships, to revive the memory of other days. If it has been a pleasure to me in former times it is particularly so now. To see the public heart so agitated, so aroused, so moved, is evidence that the questions which have caused the excitement are momentons," almost appalling. Do net think I am vain enough to suppose this grand reception, this enthusiastic greeting is intended personally for me. I know very well that it is because I am the representative of that party which has ever cherished your dear-est rights. It is hard to remain silent under the torrent of abuse that has been heaped upon | be of any service to the Government. The matme by a corrupt and hireling press; and let | ter is being thoroughly investigated.

works, &c., in store orders. The law was passed. The manufacturers came down upon him and threatened him with their opposition if he signed it and made it a law. The Governor's knees got weak before their power and he has refused thus far to do this act of justice for the working man. Working men can you vote for Andrew G. Curtin ?-Lewistown Democrat.

NEWS OF THE DAY. BY TELEGRAPH.

NATIONAL BANK REPORT.

NEW YORK, Oct. 2.-- The first report of the first National Bank, of New York, was published to-day, and is considered highly favora-

ble. The bank has been in operation only sixty days, and will soon increase its capital.

SHIP BANSHEE RESTORED.

Boston, Oct. 2.-Judge Sprague has issued decree restoring the ship Banshee to her claimants. She was captured off Wilmington, N. C., by the U. S. steamer Niphorn, and was suspected, at the time, of attempting to run the blockade off that port.

BY THE MAILS.

ARMY OF THE POTOMAC.

NOVEMENTS OF THE REBELS-TROOPS GOING NORTHWARD NEAR THE BLUE RIDGE. WASHINGTON, Oct. 1.-Information has been received from the Army of the Potomac that affairs are apparently unchanged.

Nothing is transpiring to indicate any immediate active operations. The rebels are in strength on the south side of the Rapidan, supposed to be General Hill's entire corps.

The rebel pickets are on the west and north sides of our lines. A few days ago a considerable column of

rebal troops was observed going northward, near the Blue Ridge, perhaps forming a part of the force reported to be concentrating in the valley. Colonel Dulaney, recently captured by the rebels, was attached to Governor Pierpont's

staff. He was at the time sojourning at the house of a relative, several miles from Alexandria. 1

FROM THE WEST.

CINCINNATI, Oct. 1 .- Nothing special has been received from Rosecrans since Saturday. This should excite no apprehension ; the wires are being used by Government. It is stated by way of Washington that the situation at Chattanooga was satisfactory at the last accounts. Many wild rumors are afloat of disaster and success.

The Commercial's Nashville dispatch says that on the 29th ult. three hundred rebel prisoners, confined in the third story of the Knoxville House, an unfinished building, made a rush for breakfast. The stairs gave way and they fell to the basement. Several were taken out dead and ninety-six wounded, many having both legs and arms broken. The secesh of the city thought it a plot to murder the prisoners, and collected in such numbers that they had to be dispersed by the guard.

PLOT DISCOVERED TO BURN GOVERN-MENT STEAMERS

Sr. Louis, Oct. 1 .-- It is understood that a plot has been discovered to burn all the government transports on the Western rivers. Several men have been arrested and are now in irons. 이 사람들의 승규는 것을 수 있다.

Upon one of the prisoners a cipher was discovered which, being translated, disclosed instructions to destroy all the steamers that can

Jenney, captain of the top, and second captain of the after gun.

The Prince of Nagato, it appears has commenced this war on his own account, as he is one of the most powerful and influential of the Princes of the empire, and bitterly opposed to foreigners; but the punishment inflicted and in store for him, will, I trust, teach him a lesson that will not soon be forgotten.

On the 17th inst., the French dispatch steamer Kien Chang passed through, on her way to Shanghae, and was fired on and considerably injured, and on the 11th, her Brittannic Msjesty's ship Medusa was also fired on, and sustained some damage and a loss of 4

men killed and 7 wounded. 'As soon as the outrage on the French steamer was known here, the French Admiral Juarez left with his flag ship and a gunboat for Simonosaki, and no doubt will complete the punishment due for the wanton violation of existing treaties.

The Jamessown was at Woosung on the 16th, to sail immediately for this point via Nagasaki. I shall await her arrival.

I enclose a proximate plan of the straits, the position of the vessels and shore batteries, and our course, etc., etc.

All of which is respectfully submitted by D. M'DOUGAL, vour obedient servant, Commander.

To Gideon Welles, Secretary of the Navy, Washington.

THE NEW YORK ANTI-PROHIBITIONISTS' STATE CONVENTION.

SYRACUSE, Oct. 1.-The Anti-Prohibitionists met in State Convention in this city to day .--They deem it inexpedient to make any nominations, and passed resolutions denouncing the excise law, and calling for its modification or repeal.

The Convention recognized no political partisanship, but called on its friends throughout the State to vote for the "Conservative" rather than the "Radical Fanatic," because admonished, by past experience, that those who are identified with the latter have nothing in common with "Anti-Prohibition."

WASHINGTON ITEMS.

THE MISSOURI QUESTION. WASHINGTON, Oct. 1.-The cabinet is said to be equally divided on the Missouri question. Judge Bates, who is a brother-in-law of Gov Gamble, and Postmaster Blair, are very active against the removal of General Schofield. Several members of the delegation declare to-day that the latter will be superseded, though it is quite certain that the President has given no assurance to that effect.

MASS MEETING CALLED IN MISSOURI.

The Missouri and Kansas delegates this afternoon passed resolutions calling a mass meeting of the unconditional Union men in Missouri, Kansas, Iowa, Arkansas, Illinois, and of such other States as may choose to participate, at Hannibal, Mo., on the 21st of October. The Missouri delegates have extended an invitation to General Lane, of Kansas, to deliver an address at Turner's Hall, St. Louis, on the 12th instant. He has accepted it, and will, according to the understanding, reply to the recent speech of General Frank P. Blair. The Missouri delegation has appointed a subcommittee, consisting of Mr. Drake, chairman, the two representatives in Congress from that State, viz: Messrs. Loan and M'Clury, and one from each of the congressional districts. making twelve in all, to await the President's response to the address which was presented yesterday.

DEPARTMENT VOTES FOR PERNSYLVANIA. All Pennsylvania clerks in the departments have been granted ten days leave of absence and all Pennsylvania soldiers in hospital able to go home, twenty days furlough, so that they may rote at the ensuing election. The office holders alone from that State will number set veral thousand. and get new style.

CASE OF RUSCOE K. WATSON. Dr. B. Brandreth, New York:

SIR : I was a private in Co. F, 17th Regiment, New York Vols. While at Harrison's Landing and on the Rappahannock near Falmouth, I and many of the Company were sick with bilious diarrhees. The Army Surgeon did not cure us, and I was reduced to skin and bone. Among the Company were quite a number of members who had worked in your Laboratory at Sing Sing. They were not sick, because they used Brand-reth's Pills. These men prevailed upon me and others to use the Pills, and we were all cured in from two to five days. After this our boys used Brandreth's Pills for the typhus fever, colds, rheumatism, and in no case did they fail to restore health.

Out of gratitude to you for my good health, I send you this letter, which, if necessary, the entire Com-

pany would sign. I am, respectfully, yours, BOSCOE K. WATSON, Sing Sing, N. Y. Principal office, 294 Canal street, New York. For sale in Marrisburg by GEO. H. BELL. mö-dæwtf

Editor of the Patriot and Union :

DEAR SIR :-- With your permission I wish to say to the readers of your paper that I will send, by return mail, to all who wish it (free), a Recipe, with full directions for making and using a simple Vegetable Balm, that will effectually remove, in ten days, Pimples, Blotches, Tan, Freckles, and all impurities of the Skin, leaving the same soft, clear, smooth and beautiful.

I will also mail free to those having Bald Heads, or Bare Faces, simple directions and information that wil enable them to start a full growth of Luxuriant Hair, Whiskers, or a Moustache, in less than thirty days. All applications answered by return mail and without charge.

Respectfully yours. THOS. F. CHAPMAN, Chemist, 831 Brodway, New York. sep 30-w3m

A GENTLEMAN, cured of Nervous Bebility, Incompetency, Premature Decay and Youthful Error, actuated by a desire to benefit others, will be happy to furnish to all who need it (free of charge) the recied and directions for making the simple Remedy used in his case. Those wishing to profit by his experience_and possess a valuable Remedy-will receive the same, by return mail, (carefully sealed,) by ad-JOHN B. OGDEN. No. 60, Nessau street, N. V. dressing: Aug 14-3md&w

A Friend in Need. Try it.

DR. SWEET'S INFALLIELE LINIMENT is pre-pared from the recipe of Dr. Stephen Sweet, of Connec ticut, the great bone setter, and has been used in his practice for the last twenty years with the most satespractice for the last twenty years with the most aston-ishing success. As an external remedy it is without a rival, and will elleviate pain more speedily than any other preparation. For all Rheumatic and Nervous Disorders it is traly infallible, and as a curative for Sores, Wounds, Sprains, Bruises, &c.. its soothing, heal-ing and powerful strengthening properties, excite the just wonder and astonishment of all who have ever given it a trial. Over four hundred certificates of re-markable. curse, performed by it within the last two years, attest this fact. Bee advertisement.

New Advertisements.

DRINTING PRESSES FOR SALE.

One small CABD PRESS, MELTING MELTING One SUPER-BOYAL SMITH'S HAND PBESS. One BUGGLES' QUARTER MEDIUM PAST PRESS

for cards, circulars, &cc. One DAVIES' OSCILLATING, SUPER-BOYAL, MA-

CHINE PRESS, suitable for jobs and newspaper work. A stout boy can run off 1,000 copies per hour. All the presses are in good order, and will be sold

THEO. F. SCHEFFER, low. Apply to THEO. F. SCHEFFER, oct 1. No. 18, Market St., Harrisburg. WANTED IMMEDIATELY Three good Moniders, it the Phoenix Works, BAY & BROTHER;