aged 75; John S. Cave, aged 50; William | Honest Abraham-His Hovest; Acts and | LETTER FROM YORK-ATMOCRATIC Hunter, aged 47; John S. Hunter, aged 35; William C. Tate, aged 30; Andrew Owsley aged 17, and Martin Rice and his son. While thus engaged in loading their wagons with such effects as they supposed would be most useful to them, a detachment of Kansas troops (said to be part of the Kansas 9th, though this may be a mistake,) under command of Lieut. Col. Clerk and Capt. Coloman, came up

and took them all prisoners.

After a little perleying. Mr. Rice and his son were released, and ordered to leave, which they did, of course willies had not gone much over three-fourths of a mile before they heard firing at the point at which they had left the soldiers with, the remaining prisoners. In a short time the command moved en, and the wives and other relatives of the prisoners rushed up to ascertain their fate. It was a horrid spectacle.

There day six I feless forms -mangled corpses-so shockingly mangled that it was difficult my informant stated, to identify some of them. They were buried where they were murdered, without coffins, by a few friends who had expected to join them on that day, with their families, and journey in search of a home.

These are the unvarnished facts with reference to an isolated transaction. There are many, very many, others of a similar character that I might mention, but I will not. The unwritten and secret history of our border would amaze the civilized world, and would stagger the faith of the most credulous. In the case just mentioned we find an old man who had passed his three-score and ten, and a youth who had not yet reached his score, falling victims to this thirsty cry for bleed.

The world will doubtless be told that six

more bushwhackers have been cut off, &c. But believe it not, sir; it is not true. These six men never were in arms, neither in the bush or elsewhere. I have been told by one who has known them for years must. The widows and orphans of some of them passed through this city yesterday, heart-broken, homeless wan-

The Patriot & Union.

FRIDAY MORNING, SEPT. 25, 1868.

O. BARRETT & CO., PROPRIETORS.

Communications will not be published in the Paraset HD Union unless accompanied with the name of the

DEMOCRATIC STATE NOMINATIONS.

FOR GOVERNOR, HON. GEO. W. WOODWARD, OF PHILADELPHIA.

FOR JUDGE OF THE SUPBEME COURT. WALTER H. LOWRIE OF ALLEGHENY COUNTY.

DEMOCRATIC COUNTY NOMINATIONS.

SPNATOR. DANIEL D. BOAS, of Harrisburg. ASSEMBLY,

J. WESLEY AWL, Harrisburg, CHAS. H. ZI EGLER, Reed township. -SHERIFF. JOHN RAYMOND, Middletown.

COUNTY COMMISSIONER, T. A. HAMILTON, (3 years.) Harrisburg, JACOB BUCK, (1 year,) Upper Paxton.

BECORDER, JAMES MORNING, Jefferson. FREASURER, DAVID UMBERGER, Lower Parton.

DIRECTOR OF THE POOR. JOHN BUCK, West Hanover. AUDITOR.

JAMES M'CORMICK, Jr., Harrisburg.

TO DEMOCRATIC EDITORS AND PRINTERS.

IMPORTANT NOTICE. - Many of the news papers in the interior of the State are printing the name of our candidate for Supreme Judge, "Walter B." instead of Walter H. Lowrie, which is the proper way. This mistake, especially if carried out in the printing of tickets, may be the means of depriving us on the count of thousands of votes. Let editors and printers at once look to this, and print the name hereafter WALTER H. LOWRIE.

DEMOCRATIC MEETINGS.

Saturday, September 26.

Fyan's Store, Bedford county. [To be addressed by Hon. A. H. Coffroth, Hon. Wm. Bear, G. Spang, Esq., B. F. Myers and John Palmer.] City, Washington county.

Perryopolis, Fayette county.
Pleasant Grove, Washington county.
Marshall's, Dover, York county. (Evening.)
Potistown, Montgomery, county. [To be addressed to Hon. Chas. W. Carrigan and Wm. H. Witte. Hon. Chas. W. Carngan and W. H. Witte.

Richhill, Greene county.

Menday, September 25.

Strondsburg, Monroe county. [To be addressed by Thos
J. Miles, Hon. W. A. Porter, and others.]

Fletcher's, Bedford county.

Belknap, Armstrong county. Tuesday, September 29.

Middleburg, Snyder county. [To be addressed by Hon. Wm. H. Miller, Hon. Hiester Glymer and Hon. Wm. Bigler.]
Texas, Armstrong county.

Wednesday, September 30.
Uniontown, Fayette county. [To be addressed by ExGov. Bigler, Hon. J S. Black, Hon. Hiester Clymer, Hon. H. D. Forster, Hon. Wm. Montgomery
and others. Bloody Run, Bedford county.

Thursday, October 1. Cochran's Mills, Washington county.

Cochran's Mills, Washington county.
Union Grove, Washington county.
Buena-Wista, Bedford county.
Kutztown, Berks county. [To be addressed by Hon. J.
Glancy Jones and J. Lawrence Gets, of Reading, in
the Regdish language; and W. Rosenthal, of Reading, A. L. Ruhe, Esq., of Allentown, and Mr. D. E.
Beheeller, of Lancaster, in German.]
Lewisburg, Union county, [To be addressed by Hon.
Wm. H. Witte, Col. Kane and Hon. Chas. W. Carrigan.]

Friday, October 2. Ealtlick township, Fayette county, Pleasantville, Bedford county.

Saturday, October 3. Saturday, Uctober of Plough Tavern, Betks county. Gant's School House, Fayette county. Prosperity, Washington county. Kimbleville, Chester county.

Bowman's, Lebanon county. [To be addressed by Hon. Bowman's, Lenanon county. To be addressed by Hon. Win. H. Miller.]
Newtown, Bucks county.
Woodbury, Bedford county.
Poff's, York county.
Bellefonte, Centre county.- [To be addressed by Hon.
Wm. H Witte, Col. B. P. Kane and S. H. Reynolds.]

Tuesday, October 6.
Indians, Indians county. [To be addressed by Hon. W.
H. Witte, Ex Governor Bigler, Hon. Hiester Clymer, Hon. John L. Dawson, R. L. Johnston, Esq.
Hon. H. D Foster, and other sminent speakers.]

Thursday. October. 8.
Carlisle, Cumberland county. [A gr, nd rally, to be addressed by Ex-Governor Wm. Bigler, Hon. Wm A. Porter, Hon. Ohas. W. Carrigan, Hon. W. H. Witte, t.ee. Northrop, Esq., H.m. A. V. Parsons, and other distinguished speakers.]
Downingtown, Chester county.
Doylestown, Backs county. [To be addressed by Hon. Chas. W. Carrigan.]
Kittanning, Armstropy county. Thursday. October 8.

Chas. W. Carrigan;
Kittanning, Armstrong county.
Powell's, Bedford county.
Friday, October 9.
Epringfield. Fayette county.
Bowser, Bedford county.

Yellow Tavern, Berks county.

Pawson's Station, Fayette county.

Hatboro', Montgomery county.

Belinsgrove, Snyder county. [To be addressed by Hon.

Wm H. Witte, Geo. Northrop, Esq., and Hon. C.

W. Carrigan.]

Tinieum, Bnalss county. [To be addressed by Dr. Ridge and Hon. Chas. W. Carrieron.] and Hon. Chas. W. Carrigan.]

Monday, October 12.
Reading, Berks county.
Freystewn, York county. [Esening.]

Honest Supporters. Even the warmest supporters of the Admin-

istration its most servile and mercenary advery scullion a that the Produces prod the privilege of the writ of habeas corpus was a dangerous exercise of power. Forney, the most debased and unscrupulous among all the

The power which this suspension with the President would be dengerous in the hands of a corrupt ruler, but the honesty and incorruptible patrictism of Abraham Lincoln guerantee its upright and impartial exercise.

servents of the White House, Lays:

What if the "honesty" imputed to Lincoln by these advocates of arbitrary power should prove to have no existence—then, confessedly, he is now exercising a power "dangerous" to the liberties of the country. And what evi dence have we had of his "honesty"-what but the mere assertion of his interested supporters, men who make a trade of felsehood? His words and actions—to which we must look for proof of his "honesty," rather than to the opinious of the venal sycephants who are thriving upon plunder and patrenage—all testify against him, and proclaim him to be disingenuous and dishonest. His record shows him to be inconsistent and insincere—a man of no fixed principles or opinions—reckless alike of what he says and what he does. Ever since his inauguration his practices have given the lie to his professions, and even those who have had the most influence in moulding his policy, the radicula who would perich if he should fail them, are obliged to confess that they find him weak, vaciliating, and false. At the very outset of his Administration he proclaimed to the world that he had neither the right nor the inclination to meddle with slavery in the States. and yet every act of his since has proved that his almost sole aim is to crush alavery whereever it exists. Maving no "right" under the Constitution, he has not scrapled to usurp the power. His Proclamation of Emandication and bis Proclamation suspending the writ of habeas corpus are both the spawn of usurpation.

And yet we are asked to confide in the Shonesty" of this dishonest man, and commit our liberties to his keeping without a question or a doubt. Innocent and unsuspicious sathe people are, this is asking too much of them. They see that this man whose "honesty" is se ostentatiously proclaimed, has not scrupled to violate the Constitution and trample upon the ning, will, tell, with good effect, at the coming laws whenever they have stood in his way, and | election; when you may expect a cheering rethey know that such a man cannot be "honest," and must be unsafe. It is an insult to their intelligence, a denial of their sommon sense to address them as the Lincoln press and the hired stump orators who are now prowling over the State do. They know as well as we that the policy of the President is a policy against the freedom of the white man—that his ploclametion of suspension places every white citizen at the mercy of the minions of power, and that to-day we are a nation virtually without a constitution and subject to the will of one man: And yet they have the audacity to ask for this Administration the confidence and "unquestioning support" of the people. In effect they say to us : True, Lincoln has absorbed all power, both of Congress and courts; violated the Constitution; assumed imperial powers; undermined the foundation of the Hovernment: committed "every act which r define a tyrant;" but he is "honest;" he can be trusted.; good people, confide in him, leap upon him-give up your 'liberties, and thank' God that it is "Monest Abe" to whom you. yield them!

We must be much mistaken in our estimate of the good sense and patrictism of the people if they see it in this light. They are not insensible to their rights, nor to the danger which threatens them; and on the 13th of October will-record the opinion which they entertain of "Honest Abe" and his Lieutenant. Shoddy Andy."

1s it Defeat or Victory

When an army is driven from the offensive to the defensive; when it is forced back from an advanced line to a rear line; when from the open field, after two days' hard fighting, it takes refuge behind entrenchments, and those who most loudly proclaim their deep interest in its welfare can only "hope it is safe" or "believe it can hold its position," or "feel confident that it can maintain the struggle till reinforcements arrive"-if we want to speak truthfully should we say it had gained a victory or that it had sustained a defeat? The telegrams, examined by Federal officials, announced that Rosecrans was "badly beaten"—and we think there is no doubt that he was. Nor is there anything surprising in it. Fifty thousand men could not reasonably be expected to contend successfully against one hundred and twenty or forty thousand. None but crazy Abolitionists-the "On to Richmond" foolswould think of such a thing. That's all.

A Live Man.

It is gravely announced in an Abolition paper that Curtin " is a live man." We are glad to hear it. But a short time since he was so near death's door that he gave up all idea of being a candidate for re-election, and announced his withdrawal from the field in a special message to the Legislature. When it suits his pleasure be "invalided" again—which we think will be shortly after the election—we shall be ready to record the fact. Indeed, knowing how habitually the Abolition papers falsify, we we should feel almost safe in writing his abitu-

ary now. Millersburg-Mass Meeting.

The Democrats of Millersburg, always active in the good cause, have made arrangements to hold a mass meeting in that place on Saturday, the 3d day of October, at 10 o'clock in the forencon. The speakers on the occasion will be Robert A. Lamberton, Esq., and J. W. Awl, Esq., of this city; Rufus E. Shapley, Esq., of Carlisle; Charles J. T. M'Intyre, Esq., of Bloomfield; J. H. Purdy, Esq., of Northumberland, and probably General Wm. H. Miller. The upper end is alive and at work, and we expect to hear good news from there on the night of the 13th.

Judge Woodward. - We had a very pleasant visit on Saturday last from the Democratic candidate for Governor, Judge Woodward. He visited Easton for the purpose of attending the funeral of Hon. Richard Brodhead and remained over Sunday. He accepted an Invitation to visit the Central Club Room on Saturday evening, and spent several hours in social intercourse with the hundreds of Democrata who called to see him which it was

MEETING-ABOLITION BRUTALITY

STING BROKEN UP. YORK, PENNA Sept. 24, 1368. Engines Riot and Cats. A meating of the Lancor are of York and violativ was an-nounced to sat evening when Court House, and to the great gratification of the triands of freedom and free speech, it was announced that the meeting would be addressed by that champion of constitutional liberty, Hon. Henry Clay

Dean, of Iowa. Though the amnouncement was only made the day previous to the meeting, the assemblege of persons was larger than was ever seen in York on a like occasion, and in order that the audience generally might have an opportunity of hearing the declarations of truth and expositions of falsehood for which Mr. Bean has become so venowned, a stand was erected in front of the Court House, and handsomely adorned by the American Flag. The York Harmonic Band were present, and discoursed several ap-

propriate airs. Soon after seven o'clock the speaker was introduced to the audience, amidst loud and con tinued applause, and proceeded to address the meeting in his usual brilliant and hamby style; but his arguments were too powerful and convincing to be borne by the few miserable Abolition harpies who were present, and who-unable to endure the stinging truths propounded by the speaker—sought relief by indulging in a free fight and general riot, which has become not only a characteristic, but a cardinal principle, of that law-defying, hell-deserving class. In the midst of the fight, in which clubs, stones and pistols were used, the speaker retired.

The indignation of the masses was general, and the poor, miserable Abelition hounds endesvored to put the entire blame of the disbarbance on the soldiers a large number of the Invalid Corps from the U.S. Army General Mespital, being present but, in justice to the soldiers, it must be said that, with but one or two exceptions, their behavior was that of gen-

On the evening previous, the Republicans had a meeting on the street near where that of last evening was held, and the fact that they were permitted to vent their vituperation and abuse without molestation; cannot fail to convince every thinking mind as to which is the law and order party of the times; and I doubt not in the least but that the affair of lest eveport from

Gen. Butler's Patriotism.

The New York World save: General Ben. Butler, (who made a million of dollars in New Orleans) is stumping Pennsylvania in support of the administration which never compelled him to disgorge his plunder. Of course he is a very loyal man, and he regards all who look with apprehension on a war nducted for the benefit of men like himself as disloyal. Secretary Seward, in a formal diplomatic disputch dated November 10 last, wrote Minister Adams that the administration must not be confounded with the government, and that a citizen may oppose the one without thought of disloyalty to the other; but General Butler, (whom the administration allowed to make a million of dollars at New Orleans) is of a different opinion. He holds "that you cannot divorce the administration from the government, as it is the only representative it has got;" and so all who do not believe in Lincoln or in the propriety of Butler making a million of dollars (which he did at New Orleans) are traitors.

General Butler, of course, is for the war (he has already made a million of dollars by it) and don't believe in a restoration of the good old Union. It is true he never won a battle. while he lost two-one at Big Bethel and the other at Lowell—the last with a stone mason; but, notwithstanding these disastere, his voice is still for war, and—another million of dollars: The people of Pennsylvania can judge how disinterested is the advice of this millionaire stumper. His loyalty, his dislike of "Copperheads?' his detestation of the old Union, and his clamer for a war of subjugation, all mean -another million of dollars.

Declination of Mr. Airicks.

We announced with pleasure, on Friday morning last, the nomination of Herman Al-RICKS, Esq., by the Senatorial Conference. as the Democratic candidate for Senator in this (15th) District. For reasons stated in his letter of declination (which we will publish tomorrow) Mr. Alricks withdraws his name and will not be a candidate.

The Conferees, in consequence of this, have had another meeting and nominated DANIEL D. Boas, of this city. Mr. B. is one of our most enterprising business men, intelligent, industrious, honest, and in every respect unexceptionable, whether we consider him as a priwate citizen or candidate for office. We hope to have the pleasure of recording his election, although the district is largely Abolition.

Curtin on the Germans.

During the Know Nothing campaign of 1854 Curtin is said to have been exceedingly severe in his abuse of naturalized citizens. Towards the Germans, or "Dutchmen," as they are commonly called, he is represented to have been very bitter. On one occasion he is reported to have used this language :

"A Dutchman is not like another person; he has two skulls, and in order to get an idea into his head, you must break one of his skulls."

This was spoken at a time when it was supposed that votes were to be made by abusing citizens of foreign birth. The Governor has propably changed his opinion since—but it is a hard record to "wipe out."

Commutation Money.

A Washington telegram announces that \$5,000,000 have already been received as commutation, under the Enrollment act, and that this sum and all others hereafter realized from this source are to be expended in bounties for enlistments. We believe Mr. Stanton is just now engaged in buying negroes in Maryland with this commutation money, with a view of supplying the deficiency occasioned by the failure of the draft with this description of troops. Evidently the negro stands high at Washington. The Abolition magnates at the Federal Capital are much taken with either the complexion or odor of the "American citrzens of African descent."

Ir is said that the Hollidaysburg. Whig refuses to support the "shoddy" candidate-probably for the reason assigned by the Pittsburg Gazette-that "his nomination is a distrace and his election impossible."

Poor Curtin! Denounced by his own party and opposed by a united, zealous and determined Democracy, his prospects are gloomy Senatorial Conference.

HARRISBURG, Sept. 24, 1863. At an adjourned meeting of the Democratic Senatorial Canference of the 15th District, hald at the City Hotel Hamilton, of the 24th inst., the declination of Birnage Addicks, Req., was accepted, and Danier. D. Book was nemines for the Senate, for the 15th Senatorial

Attest: J. H. EBUR, Sec'y.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

BY TELEGRAPH.

DISPATCH FROM ROSECRANS. WASEINGTON. Sept. 14 -A dispatch from Gen. Rosecrans, dated at his headquarters last night, says: "I cannot be dislodged from my present position." Another dispatch from one of Rosecrans' staff, written at 40 minutes past 11 e'clock last night, says no fighting to-day,

MASSACHUSETTS ABOLITION STATE CON-

VENTION. WORCESTER, Mass. Sept. 24.—The Republian State Convention assembled to-day. The attendance is full, and the proceedings harmo-zious. Hon. T. L. Ellicott, of New Bedford, was elected President.

RENOMINATION OF GOV. ANDREWS. Boston, Sept. 24.—Gov. Andrews was recominated by acclamation, as were also all the present incumbents of State officials.

RAILROAD ACCIDENT.

NEWARK, N. J., Sept. 24 - The extra train belonging to the Sussex railroad, on coming down the road collided, near Waterloo, with the upper freight train. The latter is said to have been entitled to the road. Geo. Francis, superintendent of the Sussex railroad, bad both his legs cut off, and conductor Talmadge and brakemen Ammerman were seriously inured. Both engines were badly smashed.

ARRIVAL OF RUSSIAN CORVETTES. NEW YORK, Sept. 24.—Two Russian steam corvettes, of 16 guns each, have arrived and are anchored near Hell-gate. They will come to the city to morrow. Two others, of nine guns each, are expected.

Two Russian steam frigates, the Alexander Noveski, 57 guns; and the Peresvert, 46 guns, have arived te-day from Constadt via Long Island Sound.

FROM SAN FRANCISCO.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 23.— The steamer Golden Age sailed to-day for Panama, carrying 1,000 passengers for New York, and the following treasure: \$366,000 for England, \$258-000 for New York, and \$50,000 for Panama, the latter being shipped by Rothchild's agents. The rates of passage are reduced as follows: \$225 for the first cabin, \$102 for the second, and \$75 for the steerage.

THE CONFEDERATE RAMS DETAINED. WASHINGTON, Sept. 24.—The London Daily News, of the 12th, contains the following announcement: "The Government has ordered

the two rams at Berkenhead, which have been the subject of so much centroversy, to be detained." This announcement, it is understood. is sustained by dispatches which have been received at the State Department, and which have evidently produced a kindly feeling towards Great Britain on the part of the Government.

FROM WASHINGTON—REBEL REPORTS

OF THE FIGHT IN GEORGIA. Washington, Sept. 24 .- Telegraphic information has reached here, stating that Richmond papers up to yesterday morning have been obtained on General Meade's front, wherein there are many interesting dispatches from Bragg's army. They say that in the engagements of Saturday and Sunday last, they lost Major General Hood, of Texas, whose leg was shot off, and Brig. Gens. Wm. Preston Smith, of Tennessee; Wolfford, of Georgia; Walhall, of Miss; Gens. Helm, of Kentucky, and Deshler Major Generals William Preston, of Kentucky; Cleburn, of Arkansas, and Gregg, and Brigadier Generals Brenning, Daniel Adams, Baum, Brown and John Helm, wound-ed. If Ben Harding Helm, who is a brotherin law of Mrs. Lincoln's is a Brig. General, he may be the one announced as killed; if not,

the reference is to Brig. Gen. John Helm. The Richmond Sentinel, of yesterday, cautions its readers against receiving the accounts so far received as proof of entire success in that quarter, admitting that the battles of Saturday and Sunday were not conclusive, though claiming that the advantage was on the rebel

The Enquirer, of the 28d, states that the battle commenced eight miles from Ringgold, and on Saturday Rosecrans was driven two miles by a combined charge of D. H. Hill's corps and that of Polk. The Union artillery firing being the heaviest that has taken place in the war; also that on Saturday Hood's division of Longstreet's corps attacked and were repulsed.

A dispatch reports that on Sunday night the Union forces fell back eight miles, and says that the rebel loss was 5,000 killed and wounded in the two days fight, the proportion of officers being very heavy, and claims that the rebels took 2,000 prisoners and 7 pieces of artillery on Saturday, and that a heavy smoke indicated that Rosecrans was burning stores.

Another dispatch on Sunday night says a combined attack by Hill and Longstreet was to

be made on Monday.

A dispatch from Atlants, dated Monday night, says a dispatch from Ringgold, dated that morning, reports 400 Union prisoners and 30 pieces of artillery taken, and the rebels in pursuit. It also claims a complete victory, with large captures of artillery and colors, though admitting a heavy loss of rebel officers and men.

An Atlanta dispatch, dated the day before the 22d, says that all of Rosecrans' army was engaged; that Helm, of Kentucky, was killed in leading a charge. Hood is mortally wounded and Major Richmond, of Polk's staff, killed. It further states that on Saturday night Hill and Longstreet attacked, and took 6,000 prisoners. It adds a prophecy that they would drive Rosecrans from Mission river.

Governer John Harris, of Tenn., sent dispatches to the Appeal on Sunday night, stating that the day's fighting had not had a definite result, and that Generals John C. Brauen, Hoed, Grigg, Daniel Adams and Helm were wounded, and Despler, killed; that the rebels had captured 2,500 prisoners and from twentyfive to fifty pieces of artillery.

On Monday he telegraphed to the Appeal that their victory was complete, and that they had taken 36 pieces of artillery. He adds that it is reported they have 5,000 prisoners, and expect 20 more pieces of artillery to be brought

BY THE MAILS. ARMY OF THE CUMBERLAND.

ROSECRANS' CONDITION AND POSITION-REIN-FORCEMENTS, &C.

touisville, Sept. 23 .- The Journal has received information, which it credits, that on Monday night the right and left wings of Rosecraps' grand army rested on the battle-field of Saturday and Sunday, and reinforcementsthe number of which is not stated-from Gen. Grapt's army were to have reached him via Decatur yesterday. Rosecrans' headquarters were four miles from the battle field, in the real of the centre.

Rosecrans was in good spirits, and hopeful of a complete and decisive victory over Johnson, Bragg and Longstreet. It is reported that Gen. A. P. Hill'is in command of the Confederate forces opposed to

LOUISVILLE, Sept. 23, (Noon.)—A special dispatch from Nashville to the Journal has just been received, which says there was slight skirming yesterdsy in front of Rosecrans armyr other wise all is quiet up to 2:30 P. M
THE LATEST VIA WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, Bept. 28.-Evening.-According to official information received from the Army of the Cumberland, datid last night, the battle was renewed to-day. Much anxiety is naturally expressed in relation to the arrival of reinforcements. If the repeated orders of the government had been obeyed there would now be no solicitude upon that point. It is known here that Resecrans has abundant stores and supplies for many days to come. Assitance is on its way, and may reach him in

time to be of immense service. It is not probable that "repeated orders of the government" would be disoboved. It is much more probable that no orders were issued to reinforce Rosecrans until after his defeat, and the Administration is trying to get rid of the responsibility of the disaster by an unblushing resort to falschood—as they have done heretofore.]

FURTHER REBEL ACCOUNTS OF THE BATTLE IN

GEORGIA. FORTEES MONROE, Sept. 23 .- The flag-oftruce steamer New York arrived here at six o'clock this evening from City Point.

The Richmond Whig of to-day, which has been received by this arrival, reports three days' hard fighting in Northern Georgia, with heavy loss on both sides. The rebel loss was 5,000, including many valuable officers.-Among the killed were Brig. General Preston Smith, of Tennessee; Brigadier General Wolfford, of Georgia; Brigadier General Waltham of Mississippi; Brigadier Generals Helm and

Wounded-Brigadier Generals S. Adams. Brown, Gregg, Bunn, Preston, Cleburn, Ben-

Major General Hood was wounded and has ATLANTA, Ga., Sept. 22 .- The fight still goes

We have every confidence that the enemy will be driven from his present stand on Mission Ridge, six or eight miles from Chatta-

In the three-days fight the enemy was driven across Pea Vine Creek and West Chickamanga, about eleven miles, to his present position. The Whig, in aneditorial, speaking of affairs

about Chattanoega, is quite desponding. LATEST FROM NASHVILLE—NO FIGHTING ON WED-NESDAY.

NASHVILLE, Sept. 23 .- The news from th front to-day is meagre. No trains have arrived from the South to-night. It is reported that they are detained to bring up the woun-A telegram from the front reports that there was no fighting to-day. Our forces still hold

the position of yesterday, which is an evidence of strength, as every hour increases the chances for reinforcements from Burnside to arrive, and enables our forces to more thoroughly entrench themselves. No definite assurance of the arrival of rein-

forcements has yet been received. Brigadier General John H. King, who was

reported wounded and a prisoner, is neither. telegram from the front reports him all safe. Major Coolidge, second in command of the same brigade, was certainly killed.

Five hundred guerrillas, under Tom Murray,

are hovering about Carthage, threatening to attack that place. A small force of guerrillas, under Hawkins, are reported to be lurking about this vicinity, having their headquarters at Williamsport, west of Franklin, on the Duck

STRENGTH OF THE ENEMY.

From the Washington Chronicle. The strength of the enemy's forces is not far from one hundred thousand—nearly twice the number of our own. Generals Joe Johnson and Bragg were in command, with Polk on the right and A. P. Hill on the left. All the available men from the different armies of the Confederacy assisted in this contest, Longstreet's corps, under Generals Jackson and Elv. srriving after the commencement of the battle. At the battle of Stone river the following were the division commanders on the rebel side: Breckinringe, Cheatham, Cleburne, Anderson and Stewart. This time their divisions are commanded by Breckinridge, Hindman, Ely, Jackson, Anderson, Buckner, Slaughter, Cleburne, Stewart and Cheatham, with the addition of four brigades of cavalry, under Generals Forrest, Wharton, Wheeler and Maury. The prisoners say that the troops had been arriving from all quarters for several weeks, and that several thousand of Pemberton's men were

in the battle. $\mathcal{M} \oplus \mathbb{R} \setminus L \cong$ MOVEMENTS TO RELIEVE ROSECRANS. [The Washington correspondent of the N. Y. Post says, "orders have gone to the severa commanders in the Southwest, already, which will provide against every possible disastrous contingency. Gen. Grant will strike a blow for Rosecrans. Gen. Meade is said to be stirring this morning;" and much more twaddle of the same sort. Such attempts to deceive the people are shameful. He says orders have "already" gone. "Already," indeed-two or three days after the defeat. Quick work, truly! "Gen. Grant will strike a blow," &c. Grant's forces are not within 300 miles of Rosecrans. "Gen. Meade is said to be stirring this morning." Great God what must these Administration blowers think of the people to whom they

address such stuff ?] STRENGTH OF THE RESPECTIVE ARMIES. Bragg is supposed to have over 100,000 troops, while the whole available force of Rosecrans before the recent battles is estimated at

THE REBELS ATTEMPT TO INTERRUAT RAILBOAD

TRAVEL. Louisville, Sept. 23.—A dispatch was reeived here about noon, from Quartermaster General Meigs, by a passenger on the morning train from Louisville to Nashville, announcing the burning of the railroad bridge at Nolin, Ky., by the rebels. The down train went back to Elizabethtown, and was detained there some four hours.

Meanwhile, a special train, with Adams & Co.'s express, coming North, put out the fire, which enabled the upward train to arrive nearly on their regular time. The damage to the bridge was very slight.

The number of guerrillas causing this disturbance is estimated at from four to fourteen. ARMY OF THE POTOMAC.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 23.-According to accounts from the Army of the Potomac, received to-night, a considerable portion of our troops have reached the south side of the Rapidan. GENERAL MEADE MOVING.

General Meade's army is undoubtedly moving upon Gordonsville, and it would surprise no one here if a battle were to be fought between him and Lee before Sunday. Lee still commands the Army of Virginia, but his strength cannot be over 40,000. The strength of Gen. Meade's army it would be imprudent to estimate, but unless all the reports which are sent up from the Rapidan are shamefully false, it is ready to offer battle to the enemy.

VICTORY IN THE INDIAN TERRITORY. Springfield, Mo., Sept. 19.—Major General Schofield.—The following dispatch has just been received:

SENECA STATION, Sept. 15 .- I attacked the combined forces of Coffee and Brown, at this place, one mile west of Enterprise, at the mouth of Buffalo Creek, this morning at 10 o'clock, and, after an engagement of two hours, com-

pletely routed them, driving them southward in disorder.

As the engagement occurred in a dense grape-vine thicket, it is impossible to estimate the enemy's number or their loss. Five are known to have been killed, and a Captain, M.

R. Johnson, I learn, is one of them. I have lost none in either killed, wounded or missing. Rebels report their foeces variously at from 1,000 to 4,000. My force is 200

> (Signed) M. LARUE HARBISON, Com. JNO. M'NEIL, Brigadier General.

THE WAR ON THE MISSOURI BORDERS.

CINCINNATI, Sept. 28 .- The bushwhackers in the border counties of Missouri are preparing for a march into Texas, through Kansas. Colonel Werr has organized an expedition to cut them off. The intelligence has created great excitement in the threatened counties in Kansas, and the people are all under arms.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Pulmonary Consumption a Curable Disease!

A CARD.

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

The undersigned having been restored to health in a few weeks, by a very simple remedy, after having and fered several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease, Consumption—is anxious to make known to his fellow sufferers the means of cure. To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the pre-

scription used, (free of charge,) with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find : sure cure for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds, &c. The only object of the advertise: in sending the Prescription is to benefit the afflicted. and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable; and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy. as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing Parties wishing tre prescription will please address

REV. EDWARD A. WILSON, Williamsburgh. Kings County,

sep 25-3md&w

NEW DISCOVERY for the SPEEDY AND PERMANENT CURE of Seminal Weakness, Urethral and Vaginal Discharges, Gleet, Sexual Diseases, Emissions, Impotence, Genital Debility, and dis

eases of the Bladder and Kidneys. BELL'S SPECIFIC PILLS are warranted in all cases and can be relied on. No change of diet required. They do not nauseate, nor interfere with business pursuits Upwards of 200 cases have been cured the past month. More than one hundred physicians use them in their private practice, and all speak well of their efficacy They are entirely harmless on the system, and can be relied on in all cases arising from youthful indiscretica or self abuse, which often incapacitates the sufferer

from fulfilling the duties of married life. A TREATISE of 64 pages, containing means of care sent free to all. Two stamps required for postage. The Pills will be sent by mail, securely sealed, 02 receipt of One Dollar, by J. BRYAN, M. D., No. 76 Cedar street, New York

Sold by all the principal druggists

IMPORTANT TO FEMALES.—DR. HARVEY'S FEMALE PILLS have never yet failed in re moving difficulties arising from obstruction, or storpage of nature, or in restoring the system to perfect ealth when suffering from Spinal Affections, Prolapsus Uteri, the Whites, or other woskness of the Uterine Organs. The Pi'ls are perfectly barn less on the coastitution, and may be taken by the most delicate female without causing distress—the same time they act like a charm by strengthening, invigorating and restoring the system to a healthy condition, and by bringing on the nonthly period with regularity, no matter from what causes the obstruction may arise. They should, however, NOT be taken during the first three or four months of pregnancy, though safe at any other time, se

miscarriage would be the result. Each box contains 60 Pills. Price \$1 DR. HARVEY'S TREATISE on Diseases of Fameles. Pregnancy, Miscarriage, Barrenness, Sterility, Repre-Ladies' Private Medical Adviser, a pamphlet of 64 pages, sent free to any address. Six cents required

pay postage, The Pills and book will be sent by mail when is sired, securely sealed, and prepared, by J. BRYAN, M. D. General Agent.

No. 76 Cedar street, New York Sold by all the principal druggists. sep 25-dawly.

DIED.

In this city, on the 23d inst., JAMES STEWART, son ames and Matilda Nicholson, ages 22 months. The funeral will take place this afternoon at 3 o'clock from the residence of his parents, in Mulberry street. The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend without further notice.

New Advertisements.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL SELECT

FAMILY GROCERY: Having just returned from the Eastern cities, we are receiving all the FRESH and CHOICE goods in our lines

We can confidently offer a complete stock of Fire-We can confidently offer a complete stock of FIF-Class Groceries, which we guarantee cannot be passed by any other establishment in the State in election, price or assortment.

Sep 25 WM. DOCK, JR., & CO

GRAND UNION PIC-NIC ARBEITER-KRANKEN-UNTERSTUTZUNGS-VEREIN,

AND THE Steuben-Verein,

 ${f On\ Monday, September\ 28},$

TIORETS-25 cts. Umnibuses will run every hour from D. Wagner's hotel, corner of Second and Chestnut and from the Washington House, corner of Sixth are HARRISBURG, Septumber 23, 1863-24-3t

PARTMENTS Furnished and Board A ing for Ladies and Gentlemen. Inquire of Mas. KERR,

Second street, nearly opposite the Buehler Hoze DR. J. C. HOYER.

DENTIST, OFFICE IN WYETH'S BUILDING, In room formerly occupied by Dr. Carman

CORNER OF MARKET STREET AND MARKET SQUARE.

VALUABLE PROPERTY AT PRI YATE SALE.—The subscriber will sell at prive that valuable Tavern Strnd, situate on Ridge Rose sale that valuable Tavern Strnd, situate on Ridge Resin the Sixth Ward, Harrisburg, corner of Broad street being 26 feet in front and 72 feet deep. The improvements are a two-story frame Tavern House, with three atory back building. Hydrant water in the premises and other conveniences. The property is calculative ither for a store or a hotel, being eligibly situated. For terms apply on the premises to HENRY BOSTGEN.

HARRISBURG, September 9, 1863

P. S.—The subscriber will also sell a fine six year thouse, and family carriage, having no use for the start sep 10-tf

BUEHLER HOUSE,

HARRISBURG, PA. This old established House has undergone extension

improvements, and been thoroughly renovated and It is pleasantly located in the heart of the city. easy access to the State Capitol and Public Grounds.

I.For the accommodation of our guests, we have recently commenced to run a Corch to and from the Ramond. In this manner unpleasant delay in leaving Depot for the Hotel will be avoided, and much most time afforded guests for meals when leaving the House Intending that the BUEHLER HOUSE shall be read a home-like resort for the stranger and traveler we spectfully solicit a continuance of the public patronary GEO. J. BOLTON.

Reputs 33m Proprietor

Sept18-d3m WHITE BRANDY!!!—For PRESERY was PURPOSES.—A very superior article, (strict.) pure,) just received and for sale by july1 wm. DOCK, Jr., & Co.