# The Patriot & Anion. THURSDAY MORNING, SEPT. 24, 1863.

Q. BABRETT & CO., PROPRIETORS. Communications will not be published in the PATEIO ID Unfox unless accompanied with the name of th suthor.

### DEMOCRATIC STATE NOMINATIONS.

FOR GOVERNOR, HON. GEO. W. WOODWARD. WE CON PHILADELPHIA. M. 4 1-C FOR JUDGE OF THE SUPREME COURT. WALTER H. LOWRIE

OF ALLEGHENY COUNTY.

## DEMOCRATIC COUNTY NOMINATIONS

ASSEMBLY. J. WESLEY AWL, Harrisburg." CHAS. H. ZIEGLER, Reed township. SHERIFF, JOHN RAYMOND, Middletown. COUNTY COMMISSIONER, T. A. HAMILTON, (3 years.) Harrieburg, JACOB BUCK, (1 year,) Upper Paxton. BECOBDER. JAMES HORNING, Jefferson. TERASURER, DAVID UMBERGER, Lower Paxton. DIRECTOR OF THE POOR, JOHN BUCK, West Hanover. AUDITOR. JAMES M'CORMICK, Jr., Harrisburg.

TO DEMOCRATIC EDITORS AND PRINTERS. IMPORTANT NOTICE. -- Many of the newspapers in the interior of the State are printing the name of our candidate for Supreme Judge, "Walter B." instead of Walter H. Lowrie, which is the proper way. This mistake, especially if carried out in the printing of tickets, may be the means of depriving us on the count at once look to this, and print the name hereafter WALTER H. LOWRIE.

# DEMOCRATIC STATE CENTRAL COMMIT-

The several County Committees of Superintendence are requested to communicate the names and post office address of their members to the Chairman of the State Central Committee. CHARLES J. BIDDLE, Chairman.

DEMOCRATIC STATE CENTRAL COMMIT-TEE. Rooms 144 S. Sixth Street, Second Story. Chairman-Hon. CBABLES J. BIDDLE. Secretary-JAMES F. SHUNK, Esq. Treasurer-Col. WILLIAM H. KEICHLINE. The officers are in attendance daily at the Committee Rooms.

#### DEMOCRATIC MEETINGS,

Thursday, September 24. Thursday, September 24. Washington Square, Whitepain township, Montgomery county. [16 be addressed by Hon. Wm. H. Witte.] Benton, Columbia county. Oxford, Chester county. Clintonville, Yenango county. New Bridgeport, Bedford county. Wallick's, York county.

Friday, September 25. Friany, September 20. Cookstown, Fayette county. [The several meetings in Fayette county to be addressed by Gon. John L. Dawson, Hon. Samuet A. Gilmore, Daniel Kaine, Raq., Col. T. B. Searight, John Fuller, Esq., C. E. Boyle, Esq., Wm. H. Playford, Esq., and others.]

Saturday, September 26. Fyan's Store, Bedford courty. [To be addressed by Hon. A. H. Coffroth, Hon. Wm. Bear, G. Spang, Esq., B. F. Myers and John Palmer ]

Governor Curtin and Arbitrary Arrests. vert," he may be somewing excountle for his The convention at Pittsburg, after nominating Andrew Curtin for re-election, passed a ing Andrew Curtin for re-energion, passed a resolution fully endorsing all the arbitrary ar-rests and pett by rational Securitary Hanon; and upos this plattern to now stands. In his recent arecous at Pittourg and clawware, Curtin has pledged himself to an "unquestioning support of the administration," in whatever they may do. Thus he not only endorses all the iniquities perpetrated in the past by the

-in-pewer,-bas-plodges himself to sustain outrage they may commit.

The President, by his recent proclamation, has deprived us of that sacred writ of liberty for which the peoples of the world have battled for more than three hundred years; he has practically abolished the courts to which we have been wont to resort for the protection of our rights under the law, and placed every citisen at the mercy of the thousands of petty officials that now swarm throughout the land. These officials, as every one who has come in contact with them must feel, though wearing the badge of servitude to Lincoln, have not been clothed with infallibility. They are not above the average of fallible humanity. They are composed of men subject to passions and prejudices like men in other positions of life, good, bad and indifferent; and when they are bad, their being "dressed in a little brief authority" only serves to bring out, into bolder relief. their worst characteristics.

Under these circumstances, is it not probable, nay is it not certain, that many violations of law and interferences with the rights of individuals and of States will be committed ? And yet our provincial Governor, instead of stretching forth his hand to save a citizen from injustice, pledges himself in advance to applaud the act of tyranny, and in that way encourages its repetition. Think of it, fellow citizens! A Governor of the great Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, who has solemnly sworn to support the Constitution of the State, and "see that the laws are faithfully executed," of thousands of votes. Let editors and printers | pledging himself in advance to sanction and encourage the military power in trampling. upon the Constitution, and violating the laws made to carry out its provisions! This is a subject in which all are alike interested. It reaches every fireside in the country. Any one of you who may incur the spite or malice of one of Lincoln's minions is at any time lisble to be dragged from his home and, without warrant and without cause, thrown into some guard house or Federal Bastile, there to await the pleasure of your persecutors; and your Governor, whose sworn due it is to see that the laws are enforced and the rights of every citizen protected, stands pledged to sustain these violations of liberty and law, and turn a deaf ear to your appeals for justice. Is such a man worthy of your support at the coming election? Is such a man worthy of being Governor of the Keystone State ? Are you willing to entrust your lives and liberties in the keeping of such a recreant son of Pennsylvania? In all our Constitutions, National and State. it was carefully provided, by the wise founders of our Government, that the military should at all times be subordinate to oivil law; and, up to the present evil hour, no serious attempt has ever been made to override this fundamental principle. A strict construction of our

zeal in villifying honest men and distinguished Democratik.

Let it premembered that I have resided in this place for the last there years, and that I was engaged in the plating of the Debates from the beginning to the end of the publicstion. If any further, proof were required to show that the article all the to is fail of unmitigated falsehoods, I could refer you to a number of gentlemen of this city, and among them to Mr. R. H. Adams, the efficient forethem in the future, no matter what wrong or man on the State Printing for a number of AN OLD PRINTEE. years past.

Harrisburg, Sept. 21, 1863.

### Defeat of Gen. Rosecrans,

The intelligence we publish to-day, while it confirms the defeat of Gen. Rosecrans, relieves us of all apprehension as to his present safety. The telegraph lines being entirely under the control of Federal officials, of course the best face possible is put upon the matter. Gen. Bragg's official dispatch, however, is sufficiently in harmony with the other statements' to satisfy us that Resecrans is yet formidable. and that his army, though it has been defeated, is not demoralized. But looking at the result of the two day's fighting in the most favorable light, the fact cannot be concealed that we have suffered a great disaster, which should not, and would not, have occurred, had the Army of the Cumberland been reinforced in time. From operating offensively, Gen. Rosecrans has been compelled to assume the defensive, and all bope of reaching Atlanta and cutting the line of rebel communication at that important point, as well as of holding Georgia and Alabama in subjection, and threatening Richmond, must for the present be abandoned. Of course we disbelieve altogether the telegraphic information that our army will be in a condition to resume the offensive in "two or three days." That is simply sonsense. The heavy losses of the army, even if it has, as alleged, been reinforced by troops from Gen. Grant's forces, will prevent it from assuming the offensive for some time. It required more than six months' preparation after the battles of Stone River, to place the army in a condition to advance, and Gen. Rosecrans lest very few, if any, more men in those actions than he has in his recent battles near Chattanooga. ' And besides this, the enemy, acknowledged to be "overwhelming in numbers," and "well acquainted with the country," which is admirably adapted to defensive warfare, will be very apt to fix himself in almost impregnable positions, from which he will not easily be driven. While we sincerely hope that we may be wrong in our conclusions, we can see no reason for entertaining the slightest doubt of their correctness.

#### Curtin on the Stump.

We fear that our estimable Chief Magistrate -the only real friend, if we can believe him, and his supporters, that the poor soldier has got in this broad Commonwealth-must sometimes find himself in the condition of that aquatic musician we read of in a popular song, who, owing to the peculiar fix he was in, could "rear and pitch," but "couldn't make a jump." Our poor, sick Executive, hurried by his inexerable friends from one extremity of the State, to the other-now jolting over corduroy roads to meet and discourse to the "unquestioning,"

in out-of-the-way places, and anon sent over

**NEWS OF THE DAY.** BY TELEGRAPH.

ARMY OF THE CUMBERLAND THE GREAT BATTLE. BOSECRATS CONCENTRATED AT CHATTENOOGA DESPERATE FIGHTING - DEPATTEN FROM BEAGE BOSECRANS BEFORCED HEAVILY BEEN TORCED; &C.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 23.—Dispatches from General Rosecrans, dated Chattanooga, at 3 and 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon, were re-

seived this morning, from which it appears that the enemy's attack upon General Thomas corps, Rosecrans' left, on Monday afternoon, was handsomely repulsed, and Gen. Thomas marched quietly to the position his forces were about to take when they were assaulted.

The official dispatches of Monday evening stated that two divisions of Longstreet's corps were advancing upon Resectants at 4 o'clock that afternoon, but it turned out that this movement was merely for the purpose of reconnoissance, as no attack was made.

General Rosecrans' order for his whole aimy to concentrate, was accomplished before midnight of that day, and it is now in a defensive position, which can be easily held until reinforcements arrive. The movements of the troops was executed in excellent order, and, although they had been worked hard for seven days and nights, they were in excellent spirits. Four thousand of our wounded were removed from the field after the battle of Sunday.

General Lyttle was the only general officer killed on our side, while Bragg acknowledges the loss of the enemy in officers very heavy. The regulars-our reserves-went into the battle 1,600 strong and came out with only 450. This shows the persistence with which our troops contested for every inch of ground. Gen. Rosecrans has performed wonders in

reaching his present position, after fighting with his single command against the immense force of picked troops combined against him. In two or three days he will be able to assume offensive operations.

When the last dispatch of yesterday closed the enemy was quite active; he had been making approaches all the morning. Gen. Rose-erans' men were in a line and ready for another encounter.

Gen. Graham, who commanded one of our brigades at Gettysburg, and was taken prisoner and conveyed to Richmond, has recently been exchanged, and reached here this morning .---He is satisfied that only two divisions, with all their artillery, and two brigades under Gen. Pickett, with Wise's legion, have been detailed to reinforce Bragg. Gen. Graham says he saw 81 pieces of artillery moving across the bridge

from Richmond, said to be going to Bragg. The news of the battles fought between Bragg and Rosecrans was a disappointment to the rebel authorities at Richmond. They exnected to hear that Rosecrans had been annihilated, and that Bragg had re-taken East Tennessee. Instead of that, Richmond is again thrown into a state of mourning by the heavy loss Rosecrans has inflicted upon Bragg. LATEST.

#### WASHINGTON, Sept. 23.—An unofficial dispatch from Chattanooga to an army officer, speaks of the engagement of Monday last, when Longstreet's corps attacked the corps of Thomas as a complete Union victory. The fact that Thomas was able to join Rosecrans at Chattanooga on Monday night embraces positive confirmation of the fact.

OFFICIAL DISPATCH FROM BRAGG.

FORTRESS MONROE, Sept. 23 .- The Richnond Dispatch, of the 22d inst., contains the following:

CHICKAMINGO, Sept. 20 .- After two day's hard fighting we have driven the enemy, after a desperate resistance, from several positions, but he still confronts us ; the losses are heavy on both sides, and principally so among our fficers. We have taken twenty pieces of arillery and 2,500 prisoners. Signed Bragg. To Adi't Gen. Cooper.

Rosecrans has been heavily reinforced by troops from Gen. Grant's army.

dispatches received here, dated as late as five o'clock yesterday afternoon, Gen. Rosecrans had information that Longstreet's corps had had information that Longstreet's corps had reinforced Bragg brore the hattle of Saturday, and it was subscontingented by descrers from the chool arbit that Ewell's corps had also came to be another that Ewell's corps had also came to be another that Ewell's corps had the officer in some sector of here to day from the officer in some sector of here to day from the officer in some sector of here to day and speaks in the most encouraging terms of the general result of the actions of Saturday and Sunday, in which, according to his represen-

Sunday, in which, according to his representations, the Union army achieved a substantial success, the enemy losing the most in killed, wounded, &c.

A prisoner, taken from Bragg's army, says that Mobile has been stripped of troops for Bragg's army, and that some troops have been from the him from Charleston; also that troops from the same where in the late nght; in fact, that there for the attack on Rosecrins. A robel dispatch has been intercepted on the

extreme front of the army of the Potomac, wherein the rebel commander of the army of Northern Virginias is informed from Richmond that Bragg engaged Rosecrans on Saturday and Sunday, capturing twenty pieces of artil-lery and 500 prisoners. The Star and National Republican, in their

late editions this afternoon, have accounts evidently derived from official sources. The longer one, from the Evening Star, is as follows:

On Saturday, the 10th, a demonstration was made by the rebels in strong force, which ap-pears to have been repulsed by the force under General Thomas with the advantage on the Federal side.

On Sunday an engagement commenced late in the morning. The first gun was fired at 9 a. m., but no considerable firing took place until 10. Previous to 10 o'clock General Rosecrans rode the whole length of our line. Soon after, the battle commenced.

General Thomas, who held the left, began to call for reinforcements. About 12 o'clock word came that he had been forced to retire.

The second line of reinforcements were then sent to him, and M'Cook's whole corps, which was on the right and as a reserve in the centre, was sent to his assistance. General Wood, o Crittenden's corps, and Van Cleve, who held the front centre, were also ordered to the left, where the fury of the cannonade showed that the enemy s force was massed.

Their places were filled by Davis and Sheri dan, of General M'Cook's corps. But hardly had these divisions taken their places in the line, when the rebel fire, which had slackened, burst out in immense volleys upon the centre.

This lasted about twenty minutes, and then Van Cleve, on Thomas' right, was seen to give way, but in tolerable order, soon after which the lines of Sheridan and Davis broke in disorder, borne down by the enemy's columns, which are said to have consisted of Polk's corps. These two divisions were the only divisions thrown into much disorder. Those of Negley and Van Cleve were thrown into confusion, but soon rallied and held their places, the first on the left and the second on the right of Thomas' corps. Davis and Sheridan, late in the day, succeeded in rallying about 8,000 of

th eir forces, and joined Thomas. General Thomas, finding himself cut off from the right, brought his divisions into position for independent fighting, his line assuming the form of a horse shoe along the crest of a wooded ridge. He was soon joined by Granger from Rossville, with a division of Gen. M'Cooh and Gen. Steadman's division, and with these forces firmly maintained the fight until after dark.

Our troops were as immovable as the rocks they stood on. The enemy repeatedly hurled against them the dense columns which had routed Davis and Sheridan in the morning, but every onset was repulsed with dreadful slaughter. Failing first on one and then on the other point of our lines, the rebels for hours vainly sought to break them. Gen. Thomas seemed to have filled every soldier with his own unconquerable firmness, and Gen. Granger, his hat torn by bullets, rode like a lion wherever the contest was thickest. Every division comminder bore himself gloriously, and among them Generals Tuchen, Hazen and Parker es pecially distinguished themselves. Turchen charged through the rebel lines with the bayonet, and being surrounded, fought his way back again., Rarker, who had two horses shot under him on Saturday, forming his men in one line, made them lie down until the enemy was close upon them, when suddenly they rose, and delivered their fire with such effect that the assaulting columns fall back in confusion, leaving the ground covered with killed. When night fell this body of herees stood on the same ground occupied by them in the morning, their spirits being unbroken. Their losses are

General Gilmore's big guns, from the battaries now erecting at the head of Morris Island, are capable of hurling on Charleston a storm of devæstation indefinitely more severe than what the monitors could fling from their lighter artillery at a point much nearer.

The possession of Morris Island certainly enables us to maintain a complete blockade of Charleston harbor, and is a position from which our land forces can operate with increased facility and success. But this, if we may accept the opinion of prominent officers engaged in the siege, is all the good it has done the iron clads. They move forward no longer. General Gilmore is still ostensibly preparing to renew the bombardment of Charleston .-Whatever the result may be, Charlston will be taken, if at all, by an advance of the Union troops overland, not by the iron-clads moving victoriously up the harbor.

Another possibility is suggested in view of present contingencies. Active operations be-fore Charleston being thus in abeyance, a combined naval and land movement on Wilming. ton, N. C., is hinted at.

Notwithstanding all these reasonable conjectures, however, General Gilmore, who is in the habit of doing strong things in a quiet way, may astonish the country with an ofi. cial bulletin, some fine morning near at hand, proclaiming that "Charleston is taken."

#### FROM NEW ORLEANS.

#### THE MOVEMENT UPON TEXAS.

The New Orleans correspondent of the World under date of 15th September, says :

It is unnecessary to predict what the movement upon Houston (Texas) will be-but it has been ordered from Washington and the march may begin to-day, Washburne crossing his men at Berwick Bay. There is not the enthusiasm on the subject that there was a few days since; but the movement will be made-no matter to how little profit, since the employment of the same force against Mobile might possibly effect the immediate reduction of the lace, and so hasten the close of the war. The administration has hardly recovered from the fright about the nearness of peace after the fall of Vicksburg and Port Hudson ; and it is thought, no doubt, that a Texas movement now will "set back" the affairs in this depart. ment upon nearly the same basis they rested on one year ago. The registered enemies are getting private

notices to leave. There is nothing new to-day.

#### A WHOLESALE LEVY IN GEORGIA.

A dispatch from Pond Spring, Ga., 17th initant, to the Louisville Journal says :

"The Southern journals claim a largely superior force. I have just seen a late Chattanooga Rebel, now published at Marietta, Georgia. It contains a call from the Governor of the State for all who can supply themselves with arms to repair to their nearest railroad stations for transportation to Bragg's army .--The Governor informs the people that he has already sent 15,000 men.

"The Rebel exults over the effects of the call, saying that the stations are alive with men who desire to be sent forward to Bragg. Lee's corps has already joined Bragg."

# New Advertisements. GRAND UNION PIC-NIC

OF THE ARBEITER-KRANKEN-UNTERSTUTZUNGS-VEREIN,

### AND THE

#### Steuben-Verein.

On Monday, September 28. AT HAEHNLEN'S WOODS.

TICERTS-25 cts. Omnibuses will run every hour from D. Wagner's hotel corner of Second and Chestnut, and from the Washington House, corner of Sixth and Walnut streets HARDISBURG, Septumber 23, 1883-24-3t

A PARTMENTS Furnished and Board-ing for Ladies and Gentlemen. Irquire of Mass. KEBR,

Eq. B. F. Myers and some Fainer j Monoagahels City, Washington county. Perryopolis, Fayette county. Pleasant Grove, Washington county. Marshail's, Dover, York county. (Evening.) Pottstown, Montgomery county. (Evening.) Hon. times. W. Carrigan and Wm H. Witte. Richhill, Greene county. Monday, September 23.

Stroudsburg, Monros cousty, [To be addressed by Thos. J. Miles, Hon. W. A. Porter, and others.] Fletcher's, Bedford county. Fletcher's, Bedford county. Belknap, Armstrong county.

Tuesday, September 29. Middlaburg, Suvdar county. [To be addressed by Hon. Wm. H. Miller, Hon. Hiester Clymer and Hon. Wm. B'gler.]

Texas, Armstrong county. Wednesday, September 30. Uniontown, Fayette county. (To be addressed by Ix-Gov. Bigler, Hon. J S. Black Hon. Hiester Cly-mer, Hon. H. D. Forster, Hon: Wm. Montgomery and there

Bloody Run, Bedferd county.

Bloody Run, Bedferd county. Thursday, October 1. Goehran's Mills, Washington county. Union Grove, Washington county. Buena Vista, Bedford county. Rutatown, Berks county. [To be addressed by Hon. J. Glancy Jones and J. Lawrence Gets, of Beading, in the English language; and W: Rosenthal, of Read-ing, A. L. Buhe, Esq., of Allentown, and Mr. D. E. Scheedler, of Lancester, in Garman.] Lewisburg Union county. [To be addressed by Hon. Wm. H. Witte, Col. Kane and Hon. Ones. W. Car-rigan.] rigan.l

Friday, October 2. Saltlick township, Fayette county, Pleasantville, Bedford county.

Saturday, October 3.

Saturday, October of Plough Tavern, Berks county. Gant's School House, Fayeste county. Prosperity, Washington county. Kimpleville, Chester county.

Rowman's, Lebsnon county. [To be addressed by Hon. Wm. H Miller.] Newtown, Backs county. Woolbury, Bediord county. Poff s. Vark sonntr

Poff's, York county.

Bellefonta County. Wm. H Witte, Col. R. P. Kane and S. H. Reynolds.] Tuesday, October 6.

Indiana, Indiana county. [To be addressed by Hon. W. H. Witts, Ex Governor Bigler, Hon. Hiester Cly-mer, Hon. John L. Bawson, R. L. Johnston, Esq Hon. H. D Foster, and other eminent speakers.] Thursday. October 8.

Thursday. October S.
Carlisle, Cumberland county. [A grand rally, to be addressed by Ex-Governor Wm. Bigler, Hon. Wm A.
Porter, Hon. Chass W. Carrigan, Hon. W. H. Witte, Gee. Northrop, Esg., Hon. A. Y. Parsons, and other distinguished speakers ]
Downingtown, Chester county.
Dowlestown, Breat county.

, Backs county. [To be addressed by Hon Chas. W. Garrigap ] . Kittanning, Armatrong county. Powell's, Badford county. tan 20€e 1993 **-** 19

Friday, October 9. Friday, U. Springfield, Fayette county. Bowser, Bedford county.

Saturday, October 10.

Yellow Tavern, Belks county. Dawson's Station, Bayette county. Hatboro', Montgomery county. Selinggrore, Snyder county. [To be addressed by Hon. Wm H. Wit'e, Geo. Northrop, Esq., and Hon. C.

W. Carrigan.] Tinicum, Bucks county. [To be addressed by Dr. Bidge and Hon. Chas. W. Carrigan.]

Monday, October 12, Beading, Berks county. Freystown, York county. [Evening.]

Blair County.

The Blair county Democratic Convention was held at Hollidaysburg on the lots, Hon. James S. Res, President. It was considered inexpedient to nominate a county ticket at the present time. We will publish the resolutions another time. all siles

As we are on Blair county matters, we may as well add that a Hollidaysburg correspondent informs us that the Abolition meeting held there on the 18th was a poor thing in numbers and enthusiasm-that it was addressed by a blackguard from Baltimore, a very profane wretch named Matthews; he was followed by P. C. Shannon, of Pitisburg, who informed the audience that he was born in Westmoreland county, was once a Demecrat and now an Abolitionist, &c. The fizzle ended with a short speech by a Rev. Myers, from Clarion. The Baltimore Plug rather disgusted some of his ing up with his Abolition Shoddy colleagues in own party.

Constitutions, and a strict observance of the laws made under them, have heretofore been considered the great palladium of our liberty. And yet to-day we have a Governor who has tamely given up all the reserved rights of the State and the people to a Central Military power, parading before his fellow citizens, this criminal pusillanimity as a virtue, and asking their suffrages on account of it ! Great God ! Can such a craven ples elicit from freeborn Pennsylvanians any thing but contempt? Has, the spirit of freedom entirely departed from us ? Has the heroic blood which animated our ancestors in battling for their rights, ceased to course through the veins of their descendants? Are we willing to be slaves? Fellow citizens, let us all go to the polls in October next and, by our ballots, sternly answer NO !

Judge Woodward's Speech-The State-

ment of Wm. Lewis.

That renegade from the Democratic ranks, Lewis, of the Huntingdon Globe, some time since published in his paper a statement in relation to a speech alleged by the Abolition press to have been made by Judge Woodward in the Reform Convention, in 1837. The statement was copied into the Telegraph, and happened to fall under the observation of a respectable and responsible citizen, from whom we have received the following communication, with fall authority to give his name whenever properly called for :

For the Patriot and Union. MESSES. EDITORS :- A. copy of that vile sheet, the Harrisburg Daily Telegroph, the organ of Shoddy and Horse contractors, and all the other "loyal" thieves who are now sucking the life blood of the nation, fell accidentally into my hands the other day. It is dated September 17th, and I find in it an article purporting to be copied from the Huntingdon Globe, headed "Woodward and h.s Know Nothing Speech." In this article Mr. Lewis is represented as saying that he was foreman in the Keystone office on the Debates-that he handled, corrected and revised every sheet-that Mr. Woodward's speech was reported correctly, and much else not worth noticing. The artiole is so full of barefaced falsehoods that I can scarcely believe that it ever appeared in the. Globe, and more particularly so, as the editor of that sheet knows just as well as I and a number of the old printers of this place know. that Mr. William Lewis never was "foreman on the Debates of the Reform Convention," that he never handled "every page and corrected and revised every sheet" of the work; that there never were "twenty compositors" employed on the Debates at any one time, and that no forms were "left lay for weeks before they were worked off." I further know that the aforesaid William Lewis worked on the Lebanon Courier at the time the Debates were commenced, and that he went to Columbus, Ohio, before they were finished; and as Mr. L's memory cannot be so treacherous that he has forgotten all this, I feel confident that he never could have penned or permitted that article to appear: in his paper; but in case I am mistaken in this, and that Mr. L. did really publish this string of silly falsehoods, then all that I have

to say is, that he is in a very fair way of catchlying ; and, inseruch as have a strong po-

the railroads, at the topmost speed of the steam-horse, to enlighten the denizens of populous cities on the intricate questions of the day, ever on the wing, and ever under the surveillance of a committee-our sick Executive, we say, must have a very unhappy time of it; especially as, from the best information we can obtain, he has not-after all the labor he has expended, and all the fatigue and mortification he has endured -- made a single convert to the idea that he is an honest and much sbused man ; that the liberty of the negro must first be secured before we have any right to look after our own ; and that the soldier is Lincoln's property, These cardinal doctrines of the Abolition party he has unsuccessfully labored to ingraft in the popular mind, and so he has failed in the object of the grand effort which he promised the Abolition State Convention to make. He has traversed the State, from the Delaware to the Lakes; he has made speech after speech : he has vaunted his own services, and proclaimed his own lovalty : he has promised to be subject to the President in all things; he has proclaimed himself the "soldier's friend," in the face of his shoddy contracts ; but he has not convinced a solitary man that he is any other than the Andrew G. Cartin of other days-the unfaithful Chief Magistrate, stigmatized by some of the organs of his own party as false, dishonest, and corrupt. He has "reared," he has "pitched," but he has not been able to "jump" over the wide and deep gulf which separates him from the affections and confidence of the people.

Is it Treasonable ?

The New York Sun, a neutral paper, with slightly Lincoln proclivities, contains the following:

"The Hon. Thad. Stevens, the Republican leader in the last Congress, in a speech delivered in Lancaster county, Pennsylvania, on Thursday, in favor of the re-election of Curtin, expressed the following sentiments:

'The Union as it was, and the Constitution as it is God forbid it? That may be Abo-lition doctrine, but it is the right doctrine.'

This may be "unconditional loyalty," but it looks uncommonly like treason. Other traitors never said anything so bad as this. They at least were in favor of the restoration of the Union and the Constitution, but erred in thinking that it can be better accomplished by peace than war. The President and Congress have placed on record the most solemn declarations that the sole object of the war was to restore and maintain the constitutional authority of the General Government in the insurrectionary States, and on the faith of these assurances a million of men shouldered arms, and a mint of money has been expended. But after two years and a half of war and the sacrifice of a quarter of a million of men, a leading member of the dominant Republican party publicly deprecates the principle for which we have been contending. Other traitors have been exiledwill Stevens be shot, or imprisoned, or even prosecuted ?"

THE CONSCRIPTION IN CONNECTICUT .--- In Hartford the number of men drafted, under the Federal conscription law, was 1,127. Of this number, how many, think you reader, have gone to the war ?

Just-four! No less-no more.

And of these four, two were negroes.

The King of Portugal has ordered a census of the nonulation. a process never before real-2 Lunth

## FOREIGN NEWS.

SANPY HOOK, Sept. 23 .- The steamer China has passed from Liverpool with dates to the 13th. ويواريه والافت BOME.

Rome, Sept. 12 -The exequator of the Italian Jonaul has been withdrawn, as a reprisal for a similar step in regard to the Concul at

Naples. RUSSIA. PERSONAL PROPERTY OF LINES ME ST. PETERSBURG, Sept. 12 -Replies to the nots of the Western Powers have been dis-

patched. FRANCE.

FABIS: Sept. 12. The Opinione Nationale say that Baron Gros will return to London on

the 15th. WIT STATE ANGLAND STATES

LINDON, Sept. 12 .-- The government has certialy resolved to stop the rebel steam rame on he Mersy. The Florida (Confederate priviteer) has been detained at Brest to satisfythe French claims against her. It is positivdy assorted that Maximillian has accepted

the Merican crown

New YORK, Sept. 23.-The steamship Scotia. fron Liverpool, arrived at ten o'clock this

moning. Inri Russell had given a written assurance to Tinister Adams that the steam rams in the Mery should not be allowed to depart. The public journals confirm the statement. The Shiping Gazette says they can only be detained stretch of authority. Application was to the Marseilles Tribunal of Commerce by. mad shipW. B. Wash, for authority to selze the pi-Florida, which is lying at Brest, until rate the claim for a hundred thousand france was setted. The authority way granted. Slidell hadgone to Brest to arrange the affair. A Par letter asserts that the legal decision will be liverse to the claim.

FROM CHARLESTON.

e following is a rebel dispatch : see

HARLESTON, Sept. 20.-Nothing unusual hastranspired. e monitors and Ironsides are within the barunhurt by the recent gales. The enemy's wors on Morris Island are rapidly increasing

in sength and extent. The Confederate government has effected a loatof one hundred millions of francs from parts in France, based upon the cotion now thispountry. The Confederate loan in Englad is flat.

Y THE MAILS.

TIONAL. the first page of our paper we publish priy full account of the battle on Sunday betven the forces under Gen. Rosecrans and the bels under Bragg. The following, which is aditional and somewhat different, we find

ecial Washington dispatch to the World, date 22d. says:

Thgist of intelligence conveyed in official advic received to-day, places a more favorpect on the situation of Gen. Rosecrans' able armyhan was generally credited yesterday. It is w thought from last accounts, that the Armyf the Cumberland will be fully able to hold astranooga until reinforcements, which ough o be there to-day, render it no longer a matteof doubt. Nothing, however, has been heardof the engagement of yesterday, reportein progress at last advices, though it has ian twenty-four hours to hear from Chat-

tano RMY OF THE CUMBERLAND. TEGTON. Sept. 22.-According to official means.

not yet estimated. Gen. Thomas telegraphs (Monday forencon that the troops are in high spirits. He brought off all his wounded. Of the sick and wounded at Crawfish Springs, including our main hospital, hearly all have Seen brought away.

The number of prisoners taken by the enemy will hardly surpass 2,000, besides the wounded, of whom not more than 1,000 could have fallen into their hauds.

Of rebel prisoners we have sent 1,300 to Nashville. Most of our losses in artillery were occasioned by the killing of all the horses. Gen. Thomas retired to Rossville on Sunday night, after the battle had closed: Gen. Rosecrans had issued orders for all his troops to be concentrated with the forces at Chattanooga. In the last two assaults our troops fought with bayonets, their ammunition being exhausted.

The latest information that has reached this city is from Chattanooga last evening, and was by se owners of a part of the cargo on the to the effect that Gen. Rosecrans would concentrate on Chattanooga last night. General Thomas had been engaged with the enemy prior to 5 p. m. yesterday, and it was therefore questionable whether he would be able to reach Chattanooga last night. There were indications that the army were contemplating a demonstration on another part of our lines last evening.

## ARMY OF THE POTOMAC.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 22 .- The long expected order for the advance of the Army of the Potomac was delayed until too late to prevent the reinforcement of Bragg and the defeat of Rosecrans. General Halleck has now given it, and if the movement be made with energy, un. trammeled with any subsequent directions from the War Department, there may yet be consummated in Virginia a victory that shall shatter the increase of much impending disaster.

The situation on the Rapidan has undergone no material change on either side. The enemy is reported to be fortifying the approaches to Orange Court House and Gordonsville. Lee's whole army, it is estimated, is now composed of A. P. and D. H. Hill's corps, the latter evacuating Richmond lately to reinforce Lee and Hook's division of Longstreet's corps, with Stuart's cavalry, making an aggregate probably of forty thousand men.

#### FROM CHARLESTON.

ABANDONMENT OF THE REGULAR SIEGE BY THE IRON-OLADS-THE FLEET UNABLE TO ADVANCE -PREPARATIONS TO BOMBARD THE CITY-CHARLESTON TO BE TAKEN OVERLAND, &C.

According to private advices received by the Fulton, the active siege of Charleston, as conducted during the past few weeks, would seem to have been positively suspended. The Monitor fleet were doing nothing, and had been silent for several days. Notwithstanding the condition to which Fort

Sumpter was reduced, the iron-clads appear to have found it impossible to pass Fort Moultrie and the obstructions beyond, and further effort to reduce that fortress was therefore scarcely worth the necessary expenditure of life and

Second street, nearly opposite the Buehler House. sep 23-tf

**TOR SALE.**—The subscriber wishes Bell at private sale his entire stock of Candies. Toys, Fruits, &c., &c., of his store in Fourth strat near Market, Harrisburg Also the right of keeping the stand bu the pavement in Market street near Four-For terms inquire at store. P JEANETTE. sep 22-tf

## DUBLIC SALE.

In pursuance of an order of the Orphans' Court, will be sold at public sale, on saturday the 10th day of Jo-tober, at the Court House in the city of Harrisburg. St 2 o'elock p. m., a valuable lot of ground situate in the 'divic of Harrisburg, it being lot No. 13 in the plan of lots laid out by Aaron Bombaugh, commencing at spot-on. Eckert's lane and lot No. 12 of soid plan; then along south side of asid alles twenty feet to ot No. 14 along south side of maid alley twenty feet to int No. 1-islong south side of maid alley twenty feet to int No. 1-of aforesaid plan, thence along said lot two hundred feet to Eckert's lane; thence along said laze to plate of beginning; it being the property of John Curtis, it-canad

Sale to commence at two o'clock, as above stated. when the terms and conditions of said sale will be rate known by JOHN MAGLAUOHLIN. sep 21-4t Guardis Guardian

## DR. J. C. HOYER, DENTIST,

OFFICE IN WYETH'S EVILDING, In room formerly occupied by Dr. Carman-

CORNER OF MARKET STREET AND MARKET SQUARE. 5e71

VALUABLE PROPERTY AT PRI-V VATESALE. The subscriber will sell at private sale that valuable Tayern Strpd, situate on Ridge Real-in the S'ath Ward, Harrisburg, corner of Broad stret-being 20 feet in front and 72 feet deep. The improv-ments are a two-story frame Tayern House, with the-rest of the improvements are a two, story trame Tayern House, with the story back building. Hydrant water in the premiers, and other conveniences. The property is calculated either for a store or a hotel, being eligibly situated. For terms apply on the premises to HEN 3Y BOSTGEN.

HARBISBURG, September 9, 1868 

BUEHLER HOUSE,

HARRISBURG, PA.

improvements, and been thoroughly renovated and fitted. This old established House has undergone extension

It is pleasantly located in the heart of the city, in asy access to the State Capitol and Public Grounds. IF For the accommodation of our guests, we acceptly commenced to run a Coach to and from the Rate road. In this manner unpleasant delay in leaving we Depot for the Hotel will be avoided, and much much time afforded guests for meals when leaving the Heav-Intending that the BUEHLER HOUSE shell be read-house like second and the HOTEL shell be reada home-like resort for the strauger and traveler we is spectfully solicit a continuance of the public patroner. Sept18.d3m

MOUNT VERNON HOUSE,

Second Street, above Arch,

#### PHILADELPHIA.

A.F. BLAIB, PROPRIETOR, sep15] Late of "Surf House," Atlantic City.

FOR SALE .- The house and lot, sin I ated on the corner of Second and North streets, in the c ty of Barrisbure. Title indisputable. For in-ther information apply on the premises, to Mrs Jeffer and Je sep2-3#d. Fackler.

TAPANESE TEA.-A choice lot argo ever imported, and is much superior to the Chi-ness Tess in quality, strength and fragrance, and is and entirely free of adulteration, coloring or mixture of at/ kind. kind:

To is the natural leaf of the Japenese Tea Plant For sale by WM. DOCK, jr., & Co.

BOSS' A'MERICAN WRITING BHUID, equal if not superior to Arnold's English Fluid, and only 62 cents per quart bottle, at SOHEFFEB'S BOOKSTORE.

ADIES ! YOU KNOW WERE YOU I can get fine Note Paper, Envelopes, Visiting and Wedding Oards? At SCHEFFER'S BOOKSTORE.

WHITE BRANDY !!!-FOR PRESERV-W ING PURPOSES.—A very superior article, (stritty pure,) just received and for sale by july1 WM. DOOK, Jr., & Co.

FROI GEN. ROSECRANS' ARMY-ADDI-

in th N. Y. World of yesterday :]