

RATES OF ADVERTISING. Four lines or less constitute half a square. Ten lines or more constitute a square.

PUBLISHED EVERY MORNING. BY O. BARRETT & CO. THE DAILY PATRIOT AND UNION will be served to subscribers reading in the Borough for the THREE FIRST WEEKS, payable to the Carrier.

Business Cards.

ROBERT SNODGRASS, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Office North Third street, third door above Market.

W. H. MILLER, R. E. FERGUSON, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, OFFICE IN SHOEMAKER'S BUILDINGS.

THOS. C. MACDOWELL, ATTORNEY AT LAW, MILITARY CLAIM AND PATENT AGENT.

DR. C. W. WEICHEL, SURGEON AND OCUKIST, RESIDENCE THIRD NEAR NORTH STREET.

MILITARY CLAIMS AND PENSIONS. The undersigned have entered into an association for the collection of Military Claims and the securing of Pensions for wounded and disabled soldiers.

SILAS WARD, No. 11, NORTH THIRD ST., HARRISBURG. STEINWAY'S PIANOS, MELODEONS, VIOLINS, GUITARS.

JOHN W. GLOVER, MERCHANT TAILOR! Has just received from New York, an assortment of SEASONABLE GOODS.

J. COOK, Merchant Tailor, 212 CHESTNUT ST., between Second and Front. Has just returned from the city with an assortment of CLOTHS, CASSIMERES AND VESTINGS.

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JOHN G. W. MARTIN, FASHIONABLE CARD WRITER. HERR'S HOTEL, HARRISBURG, PA.

UNION HOTEL, Ridge Avenue, corner of Broad street, HARRISBURG, PA. The undersigned informs the public that he has recently renovated and refitted his well-known "Union Hotel."

FRANKLIN HOUSE, BALTIMORE, MD. This pleasant commodious Hotel has been the roughly re-fitted and re-furnished.

THEO. F. SCHIFFER, BOOK, CARD AND JOB PRINTER, No. 18 MARKET STREET, HARRISBURG.

TAILORING. GEO. KLUGH, The subscriber is ready at No. 94, MARKET ST., four doors below Fourth street, to make MEN'S AND BOYS' CLOTHING.

CHARLES F. VOLLMER, UPHOLSTERER, Chestnut street, four doors above Second, (Opposite Washington House Corner).

SKY-LIGHT GALLERY. The rooms on the corner of Market square and Market street, opposite the Jones House, occupied as a Gallery for Magnificent Paintings, Engravings, and other works of art.

WEBSTER'S ARMY AND NAVY POCKET DICTIONARY. Just received and for sale at SOEHRER'S BOOK-STORE.

NEW ORLEANS SUGAR!—FIRST IN THE MARKET!—For sale by WM. DOCK, JR., & CO.

Medical.

DR. SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT. THE GREAT EXTERNAL REMEDY, FOR RHEUMATISM, GOUT, NEURALGIA, LUMBAGO, STIFF NECK AND JOINTS, SPRAINS, BRUISES, CUTS AND WOUNDS, PILES, HEADACHE, AND ALL RHEUMATIC AND NERVOUS DISORDERS.

FOR ALL OF WHICH IT IS A SPEEDY AND CERTAIN REMEDY, AND NEVER FAILS. This Liniment is prepared from the recipe of Dr. Stephen Sweet, of Connecticut, the famous bone setter, and has been used in his practice for more than twenty years with the most astonishing success.

FOR NEURALGIA, it will afford immediate relief in every case, however distressing. FOR RHEUMATISM, it will cure rapidly and radically. FOR BRUISES, CUTS, WOUNDS, SORES, ULCERS, BURNS AND SCALDS, it yields readily to the wonderful healing properties of DR. SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT.

EVERY HORSE OWNER should have this remedy at hand, for its timely use at the first appearance of Lameness will effectually prevent those formidable diseases to which all horses are liable.

CAUTION. To avoid imposition, observe the Signature and Likeness of Dr. Sweet on every label, and also "Stephen Sweet's Infallible Liniment" blown in the glass of each bottle, which some are guilty of.

104. PENNSYLVANIA STEAM DYEING ESTABLISHMENT, 104 MARKET STREET, BETWEEN FIFTH AND FIFTH, BETWEEN BIRBY AND FIFTH, HARRISBURG, PA.

T. F. WATSON, MASTIC WORKER AND PRACTICAL CENTERER. Prepared to Cement the exterior of Buildings with best Water-Proof Mastic Cement.

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Bank Notices.

NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that application will be made at the next annual session of the Legislature of Pennsylvania, for a renewal of the charter of the West Branch Bank, of Williamsport, Pa., with its present name and style, location, privileges and capital of \$100,000.

LEGISLATIVE BANK NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that application will be made at the next session of the General Assembly thereof, commencing the first Tuesday of January, A. D. 1864, for the incorporation of a Bank having banking and discounting privileges, with a capital of one Million Dollars.

NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that application will be made at the next session of the General Assembly of Pennsylvania, for a renewal of their charter. Said Bank is located in the city of Philadelphia, with an authorized capital of one million of dollars, a renewal of which will be asked for, with the usual banking privileges.

NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that application will be made to the Legislature of Pennsylvania at its next session, for a renewal of the charter of the Farmers' Bank of Schuylkill County, located in Pottsville, in the county of Schuylkill, with the usual banking privileges.

BANK NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that the undersigned have formed an association and prepared a certificate for the purpose of establishing a Bank of issue, Discount and Deposit, under the name of the Farmers' Bank of Schuylkill County, located in Pottsville, in the county of Schuylkill, with the usual banking privileges.

NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given of an intention to establish a Bank of issue, Discount and Deposit, under the provisions of an act, entitled "An Act to establish a system of free banking in Pennsylvania," &c., and the supplement thereto; said Bank to be called "THE FARMERS' BANK OF MOUNT JOY," &c., approved the first day of May, A.D. 1860.

ALLEN TOWN BANK. Notice is hereby given, that application will be made to the Legislature of Pennsylvania, at its next session, for an increase of the capital of said Bank, from \$200,000 to \$500,000 in addition to that authorized by the present Charter; and also for an extension of the Charter of said Bank for twenty years from the expiration of the same.

BANK NOTICE.—The Stockholders of THE FARMERS' AND DRIVERS' BANK OF WAYNESBURG, in Green County, Pa., will apply to the next Legislature of the State, for an extension of the Charter of said Bank, for a term of twenty years from the expiration of the same.

NOTICE.—The Miners' Bank of Pottsville, in the County of Schuylkill, hereby give notice that they intend to apply to the Legislature of Pennsylvania at their next session for a renewal of their Charter. Said Bank is located in the borough of Pottsville, in the county of Schuylkill, with an authorized capital of Five Hundred Thousand Dollars, and with the usual banking privileges.

NOTICE is hereby given, that application will be made at the next annual session of the Legislature of Pennsylvania, for a renewal of the charter of the HARRISBURG BANK, with its present name and style, location, privileges, and capital of Three Hundred Thousand Dollars. By order of the Board of Directors.

TRADESMEN'S BANK, PHILADELPHIA, June 24, 1863. Notice is hereby given, in conformity with the laws of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, that the Tradesmen's Bank, created with banking and discounting privileges, with a capital of One Hundred and Fifty thousand Dollars, that application will be made for authority to increase the capital One Hundred and Fifty Thousand Dollars.

INDEPENDENCE ISLAND. Messrs. BROKER & FALK, Proprietors, announce to the citizens of Harrisburg that this cool and delightful Summer retreat is now open for visitors. Accommodations will be furnished to parties and picnic parties at reasonable terms. A dancing place having been erected for their special use.

A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF LITHOGRAPHS. Formerly retailed at \$1 to \$5, are now offered at 50 and 75 cents, and \$1 and \$2—published by the Art Union, and formerly retailed by the same.

BASKETS! LAMBS TRAVELING, MARKET, BSHOOL, PAPER, KNIFE, CLOTHES, ROUND, CHILDREN'S, OAKS, FOR SALE LOW, by J. M. DOCK, JR., & CO.

WHITE BRANDY!!! FOR PRESERVING. ING PURPOSES.—A very superior article, (strictly pure,) just received and for sale by WM. DOCK, JR., & CO.

MESSRS. CHICKERING & CO. HAVE AGAIN OBTAINED THE GOLD MEDAL! AT THE MECHANICS' FAIR, BOSTON, HELD UNDER THE PATRONAGE OF THE OVER SIXTY COMPETITORS!

WAREHOUSES FOR THE OROCKING PLANOS, at Harrisburg, at 22 Market street, and at 111 and 113 South Second street, by W. KNOCK'S MUSIC STORE.

WINDOW SHADES of linen, gilt-bordered, and PAPER BLINDS of an endless variety of designs and ornaments; also, CURTAIN FIXTURES and TABLES at very low prices. Call at Schaeffer's Bookstore.

The Patriot & Union.

SATURDAY MORNING, AUG. 29, 1863. EMANCIPATION—THE NEGRO RACE.

A little more than thirty years ago human slavery was as sinful and as foolish as it is now, yet it troubled the mental peace only of a few Quakers and of Mr. Garrison. Since that time, with infinite difficulty, with no end of speeches and newspaper writing, it has been hammered into the hardest heads that slavery is a wicked blunder.

The above is from the New York Tribune, and has elicited from the Hartford (Conn.) Times the following comments: The idea that slavery, as it exists at the South, is foolish and wicked, has been "hammered" into the heads of many.

Let it go forth, then, from tongue and pen and ballot-box, that the mountain will not go to Mahomet, and that Mahomet must come to the mountain. Never let it be said of us that we began a war to preserve the Constitution, but were finally obliged to make a new Constitution to palliate the enormities of the war.

THIRTY-EIGHTH CONGRESS. THE NEXT HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES—A CONSERVATIVE MAJORITY—NAMES OF MEMBERS ELECTED, &c., &c.

We re-publish our list of the names of the members elected to the next United States House of Representatives, because a number of additional facts have reached us touching the political sentiments of some of the members which we deem of sufficient importance to lay before the public, in order to show that by no possibility can a radical Republican be elected Speaker.

1. H. C. Deming, Adm. S. A. Brandegee, Adm. 2. Jas. T. English, Opp. J. H. Hubbard, Adm.

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Constitution," or such amendments to the old one as shall be likely to prevent a recurrence of the terrible strife in which we are now engaged, nothing can be plainer than that the revision should be accomplished in a time of profound peace, and of universal good-will among our people—not now, "when the nation is upside-down," and because it is upside-down, when the parties directly interested in its provisions, and whose fortunes and honor would be immediately affected thereby, are locked in a deadly conflict, and could not have a mutual voice in the work.

But Mr. Stanton is wrong in the start. The trouble is not that "the wisest and best people can never tell where it (the Constitution) stands," but in fact that its sacred requirements are not regarded after they have been defined. The Constitution is good enough, and plain enough, and strong enough for its emergency, and reads "so straight" that a wayfarer man, though a fool, cannot help but understand; yet when the officers select to execute its provisions repudiate or ignore the decisions of the legal judges chosen to explain them, what can be expected but confusion and disaster?

We go, heart and hand, for "the Constitution as it is," and deprecate the first intimations of a desire to effect any change in that instrument in times like these. This war was inaugurated to enforce obedience to the supreme law of the land, and if we ever succeed, it must be fought out upon the same platform. If the grand end for which the country's terrible sacrifices are being made, is suffered to shift about, who can tell to what bloody lengths it may lead us?

The fact of the matter is, Mr. Lincoln has so far yielded to party spirit and partisan clamor as to pervert the war to such an extent that its further prosecution with any regard to constitutional requirements is a simple impossibility. To this complexion it has come at last, that either Abolitionism or the Constitution, as a controlling power, must be thrown overboard. The evident design of the ruling powers and their party supporters is to let the latter "slide," but we have yet an abiding faith that the people will never consent to the abandonment of the rock upon which our revolutionary fathers founded the government, for the quicksands of fanaticism, which they ever regarded as the only obstacle in the way of its popularity.

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1. Geo. H. Pendleton, Opp. 11. W. A. Hutchinson, Opp. 2. John P. O'Neill, Adm. 12. Wm. H. Miller, Opp. 3. Robt. C. Schenck, Adm. 13. John O'Neill, Opp. 4. J. F. McKimney, Opp. 14. George Bliss, Opp. 5. Frank O. LeBlond, Opp. 15. John L. Dawson, Opp. 6. Chilton A. White, Opp. 16. James T. Hale, Adm. 7. Samuel S. Cox, Opp. 17. Eph'm B. Eckley, Adm. 8. William Johnson, Opp. 18. R. P. Spaulding, Adm. 9. Warren F. Nott, Opp. 19. John A. Garfield, Adm. 10. Jas. M. Ashley, Adm.

OHIO. 1. Sam'l J. Randall, Opp. 13. Henry M. Tracy, Adm. 2. Charles D. Smith, Adm. 14. Wm. H. Miller, Opp. 3. Leonard Myers, Adm. 15. Joseph Bailey, Opp. 4. Wm. D. Kelley, Adm. 16. A. H. Coffroth, Opp. 5. M. Russell Thayer, Adm. 17. James T. Hale, Adm. 6. John O. Styles, Opp. 18. John L. Dawson, Opp. 7. Jno. M. Broomall, Adm. 19. Glen W. Seefeld, Adm. 8. Syden E. Ancona, Opp. 20. Amos Myers, Adm. 9. Thad Stevens, Opp. 21. Jesse Leaser, Opp. 10. Myer Strouse, Opp. 22. Jas K. Morehead, Adm. 11. Philip Johnson, Opp. 23. Thos. Williams, Adm. 12. Charles Deussen, Opp. 24. Jesse Leaser, Opp.

CONNECTICUT. 1. Thos. A. Jencks, Adm. 2. Nathan F. Dixon, Adm. 3. James S. Brown, Opp. 4. Chas A. Eldridge, Opp. 5. Thos. C. Sloan, Adm. 6. Ezra Wheeler, Opp. 7. Amasa Cobb, Opp. 8. Wm. D. McIndoe, Adm.

VIRGINIA. 1. L. H. Chandler, Opp. 7. B. M. Kitchen, Adm. 2. Joseph Egar, Opp. 3. Wm. H. Miller, Opp. 4. J. F. McKimney, Opp. 5. Frank O. LeBlond, Opp. 6. Chilton A. White, Opp. 7. Samuel S. Cox, Opp. 8. William Johnson, Opp. 9. Warren F. Nott, Opp. 10. Jas. M. Ashley, Adm.

WASHINGTON, August 19, 1863. The Herald, in its classification of the next House of Representatives, sets down Messrs. Seager and Chandler, as Whigs, and Messrs. Paine and Hubbard, as Democrats. This assignment is regarded here as erroneous, inasmuch as Mr. Seager, who was recently in Washington, declared openly that he should array himself with the conservative opposition, and that Mr. Chandler would do the same. Both Seager and Chandler are Old Line Whigs of the Clay and Webster school, and may be regarded as standing on the same platform as the National Intelligencer.

POLITICAL CLASSIFICATION IN FIGURES. MEMBERS ELECTED.

Table with columns: States, Administration, Opposition. Lists members for various states including Connecticut, Illinois, Kentucky, Kansas, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Ohio, Oregon, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Wisconsin, and West Virginia.

THE "RECONSTRUCTION" DISCUSSIONS. Most of the leading newspapers of the country have, within the last few days, entered the arena, and are discussing, with more or less ability, and much interesting, the basis, method and terms of a reconstruction of the Union.

The regular journalists are reinforced in these discussions, by hosts of volunteer correspondents; a sure indication that the subject is felt to be timely and is taking a strong hold on the public mind. Even the Tribune, which is every day protesting against such discussions, is every day drawn into their vortex, publishing now long communications on the main question involved, and now unabridged editorials from The World, and now arguments of its own to show the mischiefs and perils of tolerating the existence of slavery in the restored Union.

Such discussions are a necessary consequence of the present military status. When the fiery meteor of war visibly ceases to set its feet, all eyes naturally turn to the point of issue in the horizon, and watch for the coming of the orb of peace. The sole object of the war (certainly its only legitimate object) is the re-establishment of the Union; and it is absurd to suppose that the people can look on with stolid indifference and trust the settlement of so great a controversy to the discretion of the administration with the same careless confidence as if it were a treaty with a petty Indian tribe. It is contrary to the genius of a free people to take the infidelity of their rulers for granted in matters that deeply concern the public welfare.

The Canadian Reciprocity treaty was a leading topic with the press for many months; the annexation of Texas had to pass the ordeal of vigorous and voluminous discussion in every part of the country before it was consummated, and yet the Tribune professes to think that on a question of such transcendent interest as the restoration of the Union, the people should be as reticent and apathetic as if they counted for no more in the settlement than the subjects of a foreign government. If the Tribune seeks to stave off discussion from an apprehension that discussion will explode the crude theories of the radicals, we cannot impeach the prudence of its advice. Even in the present early stage of the discussion it is apparent that the Abolition policy cannot stand the test of a candid survey. Even if the Democratic journals and statesmen should stand aloof, and keep silent, the discussion could not go on among the Republican journals without getting them into an inextricable tangle, presenting knots which the Abolitionists can in no way cut. It is on all hands conceded that Congress has no power over slavery in States actually in the Union. Mr. Sumner, the best informed, and one of the most trusted of the radical leaders, concedes this, and seeks to obviate the difficulty by his theory, that by the rebellion the Southern States have become "vacant," and forfeited the rights pertaining to them as States. The general tone of the radical discussions on this subject assumes that the rebel States have put themselves in such relations that they need readmission to become members of the Union, and that, on grounds of public policy, an indispensable condition of such readmission is an assent on their part, to the extinction of slavery within their territorial limits. But if it can be proved that the States which have passed ordinances of secession are now States in the Union, it is obvious that the radical policy has not even a crutch to stand upon. Now it so happens that the administration, by its own acts, precluded itself from even raising the question whether the States in rebellion are in the Union. The two States of Tennessee and Louisiana passed ordinances of secession, and joined the Southern Confederacy in precisely the same manner as the other rebel States. No act of Congress has been passed for their readmission, nor has there been any executive proclamation of amnesty relieving them from the disability they incurred by the acts of secession. Now it is