TUESDAY MORNING, AUGUST 11, 1863.

O. BARRETT & CO., PROPRIETORS.

Communications will not be published in the PATRICT AND UNION unless accompanied with the name of the

S. M. PETTENGILL & CO., No. 37 Park Rew. N. Y., and & State St., Boston, Are our Agents for the PATRIOT AN UNION in those cities, and are authorised to take Advertisements and Subscriptions for us at our Lowest Rates.

DEMOCRATIC STATE NOMINATIONS.

FOR GOVERNOR,

HON. GEO. W. WOODWARD,

OF PHILADELPHIA.

FOR JUDGE OF THE SUPREME COURT, WALTER H. LOWRIE. OF ALLEGHENY COUNTY.

THE WEEKLY PATRIOT AND UNION FOR THE CAMPAIGN.

The Weekly PATRIOT AND UNION will be furnished to clubs of ten or more, for the campaign, with an extra number giving full returns of the October election, at 50 cents!

NOTICE.

The State Central Committee are requested to meet at the Merchants' Hotel, in the city of Philadelphia, on Tuesday, the 11th day of August next, at four o'clock CHARLES J. BIDDLE, Chairman. PHILADELPHIA, July 18, 1863.

Democratic State Central Committee.

The following is the State Central Committee as appointed by Hon, FINDLAY PATTERSON, of Washing ton county, who, as President of the late Democratic Convention, was authorized by a resolution of the body to announce the Committee. It consists of a Chairman and Representatives of the several Senatorial Districts into which the State is divided:

Hon. Charls J. Biddle, Chairman.
1st District—Theodore Cuyler, Philadelphia.
DoRobert J. Hemphilldo.
DoJohn Fullerton, jrdo.
Do Isaac Leechdo.
2ddoJohn D. Evans, Chester county.
3d doWm. H. Witte, Montgemery county.
4thdoWm. T. Rogers, Bucks county.
5thdo Thomas Heckman, Northampton coun
6thdoHiester Clymer, Berks county.
7thdoWilliam Randall, Schuylkill county.
Sthdo Asa Packer, Carbon county.
9thdo Michael Mylast, Sallivan county.
10thdo Stephen S Winchester, Luzerne coun
11thdoMortimer E. Elliot, Trogs county.
12thdoJohn H. Humes, Lycoming county.
.13thdoWilliam Klliot, Northumberland coun
14thdoSamuel Hepburn, Cumberland county.
15thdoWilliam M. Brisbin, Lebanon county.
16thdoGeorge Sanderson, Lancaster county.
DoJames Pattersondo.
17thdoJohn F Spingler, York county.
18thdo Henry Smith, Fulton county.
19thdoJ. Simpson Africa, Huntingdon county
20thdoWilliam Bigler. Clearfield county. 21stdo Hugh Weir, Indiana county.
22ddoThomas B. Searight, Favette county.
23ddoW. T. H. Pauley, Greene county.
24thdoGeo W Cass, Allegheny county.
DoJames P. Barrdo.
25thdoJames G. Campbell, Butler county.
26thdo Bavid S. Morris, Lawrence county.
27thdoThomas W. Grayson, Crawford county
28thdo h ennedy L. Blood, Jefferson county.
NOTICE.
The several County Committees of Superintenden
TOR SAVETAL COURTS COMMISSION OF CREATING AND

are requested to communicate the names and postoffice address of their members to the Chairman of the State Central Committee. Editors of Democratic papers in Pennsylvania are requested to forward copies to him. CHARLES J. BIDDLE, Chairman.

PHILADELPHIA, July 22, 1863.

STATE EDITORIAL CONVENTION. LANCASTER, Pa., July 16, 1863. The Democratic Editorial Convention met, according to the call of the President, in the room of the Demo cratic Central Club of Lancaster City, at 2 o'clock n. m. The Convention was called to order by the President, and, on motion of J. M. LAIRD, Esq., of the Greensburg Aryus, J. ALEXANDER FULTON, Esq., of the

Kittanning Mentor, was appointed Secretary. A. E. LEWIS, Esq., of the Philadelphia Evening Jourmal, offered the following resolution, which was adop-

Resolved, That the Democratic editors of the State of Pennsylvania be recommended to meet in counsel upon the same day, and at the same place with the first meeting of the Democratic State Central Committee. Col. JOHN HODGSON, of the West Chester Jeffersonian offered the following, which was also adopted:

Resolved, That the President of this Convention be requested to confer with the Chairman of the Democratic State Central Committee with reference to the time and place of holding said meeting. The Convention then adjourned.

Democratic Editorial Convention. Agreeably to the resolution passed at the meeting the 10th inst., the Democratic Editorial Convention will meet at the Merchants' Hotel, in Philadelphia, o Tuesday, the 11th of August next, at 3 o'clock p. m. GRORGE SANDERSON, President. LANCASTER, July 21, 1863.

Recurring to First Principles. LISTEN TO THE THE TRACHINGS OF THOMAS JEF-

FERSON. In the life, writings and opinions of Jeffer-

son, in a letter to Col. E. Carrington. He says: "I am pursuaded myself that the good sense of the people will always be found to be the mest army. They may be led astray for a moment, but will soon correct themselves. The people are the only censors of their governors: and even their errors will tend to keep these to the true principles of their institution. To punish these errors too severely, would be to suppress the only safeguard of the public liberty. The way to prevent these irregular interpositions of the people, is to give them full, information of their affairs, through the channel of the public papers, and contrive that these papers should penetrate the whole mass of the people. The basis of our governments | Messrs. O. Barrett & Co.: being the opinion of the people, the very first object should be to keep that right; and were it left to me to decide, whether we should have a government without newspapers, or newspapers without a government, I should not hesitate a moment to prefer the latter." * *

This shows how our Government was understood by one who largely influenced its formation. He understood that the people were sovereign, and the Administration their agents to carry out their will; that the people were the only censors of the acts of their temporary rulers, and that the continuance of our republican form of government depended upon the fullest exercise of this right; that the opinions of the people could only be kept in a healthy channel by giving them the fullest information of all public affairs through the press.

Let us contrast this with the acts and opinions of the party that now dominates in our

distracted country. According to their doctrine, Abraham Lincoln is sovereign, and not the people. The people are not to be trusted with a knowledge of nomical consideration, or relates to style, does public affairs, nor act as censors of their gov- not appear. Perhaps the Toots will say its of ernors, but must "give an unquestioned support" to every act of the Administration, no matter what may be its character. The people | the following rather liberal translation from must look to the proclamations of Abraham Lincoln for their rules of action, and not to the

Constitution and laws they have ordained. Neither the public press nor the individual must discuss public affairs, lest some might differ with the present wise Administration, and thereby weaken its power. Should anv dare to question the legality or justice of any act of Abraham Lincoln, they must at once be condemned as traitors, and banished, or confined in some Federal bastile until the close of the war, in order "to save the life of the Nation."

Freemen of Pennsylvania, ponder these things. In October next you will be called upon to decide whether the government is to be administered in the future under the arbitrary and despotic rules laid down by the administration, or according to the Democratic principles of Washington and Jefferson as embedied in our written constitutions and laws. Think of these things. Shall the people rule. or are we to be lorded over by despotic usurpers? Shall our government be administered 'by the consent of the governed" or depend upon the will of a tyrant? Shall our lives and property, our persons and liberties, be subject to the caprice of our rulers, or shall we still live freemen? Shall we tamely give up our birthright of freedom to fanaticism and force, or shall we continue to battle strongly for liberty and law? Are we tired of a form of government under which we were peaceful and happy, and as a Nation have grown prosperous and great? Is it wise to leave the old and safe landmarks, to rush into the dangerons sea of untried experiments? Are you willing to give up without a struggle those God given rights to secure which all true patriots have battled for centuries past, and for which your heroic ancesters fought and bled and died in the days of the revolution? Are you willing to become slaves?

These are questions, fellow-citizens, which each individual should seriously ask himself before depositing his ballot in October next, for upon that issue depends the future destiny of our country. Should fanaticism and force be sustained by the suffrages of an unthinking people, liberty and law must inevitably die.

State Sovereignty. The New York Journal of Commerce, a paper to which we have been much indebted for valnable articles on science, arts and politics, never contributed a sounder composition than the following :- There is a very great error in the minds of those persons who imagine that the doctrine of State sovereignty is opposed to that of Federal supremacy under the Constitution. It is true that some enthusiastic men have carried the doctrine to extremes, but the fathers regarded it as the grand support of the Union, and, rightly understood, it is unquestionably the only true foundation of our national strength. It is possible that the United States may cease to exist. God forbid. That possibility nevertheless exists. But the disappearance of the United States from the roll of nations would not cause the disappearance of the little State of Rhode Island, nor the great State of New York. Here is visible the simplest and clearest illustration of the doctrine. The sovereignty of the State does not give it any right antagonistic to the constitutional powers of the United States. Those powers are founded on State sovereignty. The very existence of the States, as independent governments, equal in dignity to any nations | undisturbed. of the earth, enabled them to grant to the I am, respectfully, your obedient servant, United States the irrevocable powers which are wielded by the general government. We say "irrevocable," and here is where some men have gone astray on the State rights doctrine. Here was the error which the New York Tribune and the seceding States made when they argued that the people had a right, like that asserted in the Declaration of Independence, to secede and establish a government which suited them. No such right existed, because the powers granted by the Constitution were irrevocable. Irrevocable in terms, irrevocable because injury would be done to others by recalling them.

Nevertheless in other powers, not granted, the sovereignty of the State remains inviolable. For example, in certain cases a State may make war. The State then has all the war making and war sustaining powers of a kingdem or an empire. This is indisputable. and by examining such a right as this, men will see clearly the doctrine of State sovereignty. It ought to be more studied and better understood, since it is fundamental in the American system. It is folly to imagine a republic covering territory on two oceans, and extending from Arctic to torrid regions, under one central government. It connct exist. The beautiful system of States regulating local questions of law, and general government regulating matters of public and universal concern. is the result of our fathers' wisdom, and admits of the extension of the republic to all parts of the world. The human race have an interest in such a government. But in a central administration, claiming and exercising absolute power as the temporary gift of a popular vote, the race have no interest, since it must become either a weak and powerless government, or that worst of despotisms, the tyranny of a radical democracy.

Sirs:-Will you be kind enough to inform the public by what arrangement the deserters among the drafted nine months men are exempted from all further punishments on payment of \$45, some $$11\frac{1}{2}$, and others \$30. A few days previous to the regiment commanded by Col. Kleckner being mustered out of service, a number of the deserters from it were arrested, taken to Harrisburg, and released on the day the regiment was mustered

without having been court martialed. Yours very truly,
McKee's Half Falls, Snyder Co., Pa.

out on paying the above mentioned sums,

[We can give our correspondent no information upon the subject, except this, that deserters are liable to trial by court martial, and if any have been released upon payment of a be made by this Department to obtain, the restipulated sum, probably somebody has pock- lease of Captain Russell, Captain Simpkins, eted the funds. It is the way things are done under this Abolition administration.—EDS. PATRIOT AND UNION]

The Washington Jenkinses say that Mrs. Lincoln has ordered her dresses for the season to be made "low"—but whether this is an econo consequence

THERE is a world of beautiful meaning in Freville:

As the clock strikes the hour how often we say
"Time flies!" when 'tis we that are passing away.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

BY TELEGRAPH.

FROM YUCATAN.

NEW YORK, August 10.-Advices from Yucatan state that the Loun of Yucatan surrendered on July 9th to the revolutionists.

FROM MORRIS ISLAND.

NEW YORF, August 10.—A private letter from Morris Island, dated August 1st, says: It is just reported here that a reinforcement of between seven and eight thousand troops have arrived outside, end they are to be landed tonight on the south side of Folly Island.

ARRIVAL OF THE STEAM FRIGATE HARTFORD.

NEW YORK, August 10 .- The U. S. steam frigate Hartford, Admiral Farragut, of the Mississippi squadron, arrived at this port to-Columbus, and the various French, Spanish and American men of war in the harbor.

LATEST FROM FORTRESS MONROE. FORTRESS MONROE, August 10 .- The expedition that left here on the 4th inst., under the direction of Major General Foster, was accompanied by the turret iron-clad Singammon, and gunboats Commodore Barney and Cohanet. They proceeded up the James river, and when above City Point, and within about seven miles of Fort Darling, at a point called Dutch Gap, a torpedo was exploded under the bows of the Commodore Barney, by a lock string connecting with the shore.

The explosion is described as most terrific, lifting the boats of the Commodate Barney completely out of the water full ten feet, and throwing a great quantity of water high into the sir, which fell upon the deck of the boat, washing overboard 15 of her men, among whom was Lieutenant Cushing, commander of the Barney.

Major General Foster was on board this boat when the explosion took place.

The enemy then opened on them from the shere with 12-pounder field pieces. Some fifteen shots penetrated the Barney, beside a great number of balls, and not a man injured except the paymaster, slightly. The gunboat Cohanet received five twelve pound shots, one passing through the pilot house, killing the commander, acting master Fox. The shot struck him in the back, killing him instantly. The Barney was towed to Newport News by a tug and will be repaired. The object of the reconnoissance was accomplished and the fleet

The new army gunboat General Jesup. commanded by Lieut. Col. Whipple, also accompanied the expedition, and received several shots, but was not much injured.

BY THE MAILS.

FROM WASHINGTON.

OFFICIAL DISPATCH FROM THE SABINE PASS. WASHINGTON, August 9 .- The Navy Department yesterday afternoon received the follow-United States Gunboat Owasco, }
Sabine Pass, July 22, 1863.

To the Hon. Gideon Welles, Secretary of the Navy: Sin: I have the honor to report that yesterday I sent into Calcasse two boats from this vessel and two from the Cayuga, in regard to what appeared to be a small vessel at anchor

The result was the capture of a schooner, the Revenge, of New Orleans. She being several miles from the bar, and aground, it was determined to destroy her by scuttling her .-Her cargo consisted of 18 hogsheads of sugar, 200 hides, and a small quantity of mineral salt. The boats, having destroyed the schooner

and cargo, returned without accident or resistance, leaving the inhabitants of the vicinity

J. Madigan, Jr., Lieut. Commander. Commanding Owasco, Sabine Pass. ENFORCEMENT OF THE PRESIDENT'S ORDER. The order of the President, assuring those concerned that any outrage upon colored soldiers of the United States, captured by the rebels, will be met with severe retaliation, is thus applied practically, by the following official direction of the Secretary of War. The gunboat Isaac Smith was captured by the ene. my in the Stono river, a few months ago; when the officers were released, three colored men were held by the rebels. The policy of the Government on this question being now clearly defined, the Secretary of the Navy placed the

enitos stainne WAR DEPARTMENT, WASHINGTON, August 8 .-SIR: Your letter of the 3d inst., calling the attention of this department to the case of Orin H. Brown, William H. Johnson and William Wilson, three colored men captured on the gunboat Isaac Smith, has received consideration. This Department has directed that three rebel prisoners of South Caroline, if there be any such in our possession, and if not, three others, be confined in close custody and held as hostages for Brown, Johnson, and Wilson, and that the fact be communicated to the rebel authorities at Richmond. Very respectfully, your obedient servant.

matter before Mr. Stanton, who has taken im-

EDWARD M. STANTON. Secretary of War. Hon. Gideon Welles, Secretary of the Navy.

MOSEBY'S GUERBILLAS.

Moseby's guerrillas still infest the region of country between Alexandria and Fairfax. making occasional attacks upon sutlers' trains. Some of the property is receptured from time to time by our troops and the marauders put to flight.

Yesterday James Coyle, tavernkeeper, was shot dead by the victims of the plunderers. He was suspected of aiding the rebels, and his recent conduct proved the fact. The sutlers allege that Moseby's gang is composed almost entirely of farmers and others of pretended loyalty in that section, who share in the plunder. It is said that arrests of such persons are being made, and other measures acopted to rid the country of the thieves,

TROUBLE IN VIRGINIA.

The deputation from Portsmouth, Virginia, had a conference to day with the President on the subject o. the recent conflict at that place between the military and civil authorities. The matter was referred by him to Governor Pierpont and General Foster for settlement.

THE ARMY OF THE POTOMAC. Advices from the Army of the Potomac say that our troops now occupy Beverly Fordthus additionally protecting the line of the Rappahannock.

AMPLE PROTECTION AFFORDED TO OFFICERS AND SOLDIERS OF COLORED REGIMENTS. The following letter from Secretary Stanton

has been received in Boston: WAR DEPARTMENT, WASHINGTON CITY, Aug. -DEAR SIR: Every effort has been and will and the other gallant officers and soldiers. black and white, who fell into the hands of the

enemy at Fort Wagner. You will perceive by the papers an order from the President determining what the action of the government will be for the purpose of affording the protection in its power against the barbariam of the enemy.

Yours truly, EDWIN M. STANTON.

TH EKENTUCKY ELECTION—UNION MA-JURITY 32,974.

CINCINNATI, August 9.—The returns from the Kentucky election show that in 58 counties Bramlette's (Union) majority for Governor is

THE WAR IN THE SOUTHWEST.

THE REBELLION GRUSHED WEST OF THE MISSIS-SIPPI-REBELS PLAN OF ATTACK. CAIRO, August 8 .- All the rebel territory

west of the Miesissippi river will soon be clear of every organized rebel force.

General Davidson is marching down the centre of Arkansas, and in several little affairs with the enemy has been entirely successful. Already the people of Jacksonport are said to be freeing before Davidson's approach. Another expedition is on the point of starting into this western country, which will help to complete the work of crushing the rebeliion. It is not proper to speak of it in detail at present; but it cannot be long before this entire scope of territory will be under undisputed Federal control.

The Atlanta Appeal urges guerilla operations on the Mississippi river, and says a systematized plan of operations on its banks will accomplish more than can otherwise be devised to cripple the general government. It wants night. She was saluted by the forts at the to see travelers on the "father of waters" Narrows, by the Quarantine, Fort Wood, Fort | bushwacked from every canebrake and bluff below Memphis.

NORTH CAROLINA.

SUPPLIES FOR THE REBELS. New York, August 8 -The steamer Ellen S. Perry, from Newbern on the 4th, arrived here this morning. The news is unimportant.
A large side-wheel steamer, with a schooner

in tow, was passed, on the 5th, off Hatteras. New York, August 9 .- A letter from Newbern, N. C., dated the 4th inst., says the enemy are daily receiving supplies into their ports in spite of the blockade, and among other articles, machinery, railroad iron, guns, blankets, medicines, shoes, etc.

THE DRAFT IN NEW YORK. LETTER FROM GOVERNOR SEYMOUR—REPLY O

PRESIDENT LINCOLN. Washington, August 9 .- Gov. Seymour, under date of Albany 3d, writes to the President in relation to the draft in New York and Brookyn. He condemns the provost marshal for commencing the draft without consultation with the city or State officers, at a time when the militia was absent at the seat of war, and while there were not even soldiers enough in New York to man the fortifications in the harbor.

The governor complains of the unfairness of the enrollment, and thinks that in this lottery for human life, as he terms it, there should be a strict impartiality. In the rural districts the draft had been executed with justice, and the conscripts accepted their fate without murmuring, and sometimes joyfully. In the districts of New York city, however, with a population much less, the number to be drafted is in some cases double that in the former. The attack upon the enrolling officers, which subsequently grew into the most destructive riot known in the history of the country, he pronounces unjustifiable. Speaking further of the riots in New York, he says the disregard for law and the disrespect for judicial tribunals produced their natural results. Robbery and arson, accompanied by murderous outrages upon a helpless race, and for the time the very existence of the commercial metropolis of our country was threatened. It is gratifying that the citizens of New York were able without material aid from the State or Union to put down this dangerous insurrection, for at the time the nation had not the means to protect its own arsenals and navy yard. A thousand men could have siezed them all, and then used their armaments for the destruction of the shipping and the city itself, to say nothing of the vessels which at that time were engaged in burning our merchant ships almost within sight of our coast. The governor also com-plains that no credit has been given to the city for the number of volunteers sent, and the noble exertions of the militia in times of peril. He, therefore, asks for a suspension at least of

the draft till its constitutionally is tested. The President in reply, under date of August 7, says that he cannot suspend the draft in New York, because time is too important. He admits the disparity of the quotas in the different sections, and accounts for it by the fact that so many more persons fit for soldiers are in the city than in the country, who have too recently arrived from Europe to be included in the census of 1860. Still he would not consider that reason sufficient. He would direct the draft to proceed, drawing only the average quota of all the districts. After thus drawing, the city districts could be carefully re-enrolled, and the Governor's agents might witness every step of the process. Due credit will be given for all volunteers. The President would not of iect to abide the decision of the Supreme Court. He would be willing to facilitate it, but could not consent to lose time.

FOREIGN NEWS.

ARRIVAL OF THE HIBERNIAN OFF CAPE RACE. St. Johns, N. F., August 7.—The Canadian steamer Hibernian, from Liverpool 30th, via Greencastle 31st, passed this point at 8 o'clock this evening, en route to Quebec. Her advices are two days later than per Hecia. Steamships Kangaroo and New York, from-

New York, arrived at Liverpool on the 29th. ENGLAND.

The London Globe, in reviewing the situation of American affairs, contends that the rebels are far from being conquered, and thinks that Lee, at Culpepper, is as safe as ever. Gen. Grant's campaign is the most brilliant, but will be confined in its fruits to the immediate neighborhood of the river. The Globe says, if the Federals are wise they will exert themselves to secure what they have got for territorial arrangements, and abandon the impossible enterprise of subjugation.

THE POLISH QUESTION. It is rumored that the Emperor Napoleon has made up his mind to make war in behalf

of Poland alone. The Times' city article says that the panic on the Stock Exchange has apparently received a sudden check, and in some speculative securities a strong rebound took place on the 29th. Advices from Paris indicate considerable subsidence of the war panic there. Letters from Frankfort say that the money and stock markets in that city are steady, owing to the belief that the Polish question will be settled by

diplomacy. The Paris correspondent of the Times also notices the pacific tone of a particular Paris journal, which seeks to refute the arguments of the war party. It observes: "If the journalist has got his hints from the same quarter whence he has so often sought them, we may conclude that the Emperor does not now mean to make war for Poland, unless joined by Eng-

land and Austria. La France strongly urges the necessity for unity of the three Powers, and says the latest news from St. Petersburg indicates the dispesition of Russia to be conciliatory.

It is rumored that Gortschakoff has regigned, but this is supposed to be unfounded.

Dauphia County Democratic Committee. The Democratic County Committee for the county of Bauphin, will meet at the public house of James Raymond, (White Hall,) in the city of Harrisburg, or Saturday, the 15th inst, at 2 o'clock p. m., for the transaction of important business. The following are the names of the Committee:

The following are the names of the Committee:
Harrisburg—First ward, George F. Weaver; Second ward, Alex. W. Watson; Fourth ward, Owen M'Cabe; Fifth ward, W. M. Maloney. Middletown—North ward, G. A. Lauman; Middle ward, John Lafferty; South ward, Jno. H. Snavely; Lykens, Geo. W. Ferree; Conewago, A. M. Redsecker; Londonderry, James Dougherty; West Londonderry, Henry Gross; Millersburg, Geo. Bowman; Swatara, John Young; Derry, Frank Smith; Lower Swatara, John Young; Derry, Frank Smith; Lower Swatara, Wm. K. Wilson; Washington, Charles Stine; Mifflin, H. C. Beshier; Dauphin, C. H. Rhoads; Middle Paxton; Peter Hocker; Reed, B. Stiles Duncan; Lower Paxton, George Shoop; Soath Hanover, Daniel Cassel, Ten; Upper Paxton, Jacob Miller; Halifax, Albert Loomis; Jefferson, William Richards; Jackson, James Miller; Rush, Henry Eichenlaub; Gratz, Mithias Bellow; Kast Hanover, Daniel Urich; West Hanower, Geo. W. Finney; Susquehanns, James M'Allister; Wisonisto, George Reitzer.

By order of the chairman.

By order of the chairman.

PRANK SMITH, Becretary. August 5, 1863.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

MOTHERS! MOTHERS!

Don't fail to procure Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP for CHILDREN TEETHING. This val ble RETURN OF preparation is the prescription of one of the best female physicians and nurses in the United States, and has been used for thirty years with never failing safety and sue cess by millions of mothers and children, from the fee ble infant of one week old to the adult.

It not only relieves the child from pain, but invigo rates the stomach and bowels, corrects acidity, an gives tone and energy to the whole system. It will almost instantly relieve

GRIPING IN THE BOWELS AND WIND COLIG. We believe it the best and surest remedy in the world in all cases of DYSENTERY AND DIARRHORA IN CHILDREN, whether it arises from teething or from any other cause.

Full directions for using will accompany each bottle. None genuine unless the fac simile of CURTIS & PER-KINS, New York, is on the outside wrapper.

Sold by all Medicine Dealers.
Principal Office, 48 Bey street, New York.
Price only 25 cents per bottle.
my23-d&w6m

CRISTADORO'S HAIR DYE. There is no Hair Dye in use so pure, so free from al objectionable properties, that produces such splendid and permanent tints, or that operates so quickly, uniformly, and certainly, as

CRISTADORO'S EXCELSIOR HAIR DYE. This matchless article is pronounced, by all who have ever applied it, or seen it applied, the most wonderful invention of the age. Ten minutes suffices for any shade of brown or the deepest black. It ldoves the skin unstained.

Manufactured by J. CRISTADORO, 6 Astor House, New York. Sold everywhere, and applied by all Hair Dressers. Price \$1, \$1 50 and \$8 per box, according to

Cristadoro's Hair Preservative Is invaluable with his Dye, as it imparts the utmost softness, the most beautiful gloss and great vitality to

Price 50 cents, \$1 and \$2 per bottle, according to size
jy31-d&wlm

THE GREATEST DISCOVERY OF THE AGE. Farmers, families and others can purchase no remedy equal to Dr. Tobias' Venetian Liniment, for dysentery, colic, eroup, chronic rheumatism, sore throats, toothache, sea sickness, cuts, burns, swellings, bruises, old sores, headache, musquito bites, pains in the limbs, chest, back, &c. If it does not give relie the money will be refunded. All that is asked is a trial, and use it according to the directions.

DR. TOBIAS-Dear Fir: I have used your Venetias Liniment in my family for a number of years, and believe it to the best article for what it is recommended that I have ever used. For sudden attack of croup it is invaluable. I have no hesitation in recommending it for all the uses it professes to cure. I have sold it for many years, and it gives entire satisfiction. . CHAS. H. TRIMNER

QUAKERTOWN, N. S., May 8, 1858. Sold by all Druggists. Office, 56 Cortlandt street, jy31 dawim New York.

To Horse Owners.

Dr. Sweet's Infaltible Liniment for Horses is unrivaled by any, and in all cases of Lameness, arising from Sprains, Bruises or Wrenching, its effect is magical and certain. Harness or Saddle Galls, Scratch es, Mange, &c., it will also cure speedily. Spavin and Ringbone may be easily prevented and cured in their incipient stages, but confirmed cases are beyond the possibility of a radical cure. No case of the kind, however, is so desperate or hopeless but it may be alleviated by this Liniment, and its faithful application will always remove the Lameness, and enable the horse to travel with comparative ease.

Eyery horse owner should have this remedy at hand, for its timely use at the first appearance of Lameness will effectually prevent those formidable diseases mentioned, to which all horses are liable, and which render so many otherwise valuable horses nearly worthless.

See advertisement. Dr. Sweet's Infallible Liniment for Horses

EDITOR OF PATRIOT AND UNION:

Dear Sir :-- With your permission I wish to say to the readers of your paper that I will send by return mail to all who wish it, (free,) a Recipe, with full directions for making and using a simple Vegetable Balm, that will effectually remove, in 10 days, Pimples, Blotches, Tan, Freckles, and all Impurities of the Skin, leaving the same soft, clear, smooth and beautiful.

I will also mail free to those having Bald Heads or Bare Faces, simple directions and information that will enable them to start a full growth of Luxuriant Hair, Whiskers, or a Moustache, in less than 80 days. All polications answered by return mail with

Respectfully yours, THOS. F. CHAPMAN, Chemist, No 831 Broadway, New York. je28 3md

Brandreth's Pills, New Style. BRANDRETH'S PILLS, NEW STYLE, BRANDRETH'S PILLS, NEW STYLE,

BRANDRETH'S PILLS, NEW STYLE, Are infallible for costiveness, spasms, loss of appetite, sick headache, giddiness, sense of bloating after meals, dizziness, drowsiness, and cramping pains, and all disorders of the stomach and bowels. ONE OF MANY CASES.

** Original Letter at 294 Canal street, New York : J. I. C. COOK, publisher of the State Banner, Bennington, Vt., says he was attacked with DYSPEPSIA. and suffered so severely from it, that not a particle of food could be swallowed without occasioning the most uncomfortable sensation in his stomach. For five years he suffered from this dreadful complaint, when he used BRANDRETH'S PILLS. The first box did not seem to benefit him much, but the second produced a change and by the time he had taken six boxes, a COMPLETE. CURE was effected. He says : "My dyspepsia was gone, and my expectations of an early death vanished.

ASK FOR NEW STYLE ASK FOR NEW STYLE. ASK FOR NEW STYLE

ASK FOR NEW STYLE. Principal office, 294 Canal street, New York. For sale in Harrisburg by ... GEO. H. BELL.

New Advertisements. WANTED.—An active boy, in a dry This office.

TAKE NOTICE.—That my wife Mary has left my bed and board without any just cause whatever. I therefore forewarn all persons from trusting or harboring her on my account, as I am determined to pay no debts of her contracting from this date.

HENRY KUNTZELMAN.

Lykenstown, August 10, 1863.—augl1-4.**

OST .- A child's gold chain and locket. The locket contains the initials H. W. B. The finder will be liberally rewarded by leaving it at augil*

THIS OFFICE.

Λ PISTOL was left at my store, No. 114 A Market street, on last Friday, by a colored boy, where the owner can obtain it by proving property and JACOB ESLINGER.

A TTENTION, DRAFTED MEN!—
Any drafted man from this district, desiring to
volunteer in the 47th Regiment P. V., stationed at Key
West, Fla., will be accepted, by applying to the subscriber. They will receive \$27 before leaving for the
regiment.

Lieut. W. W. GEETY, Second st. 2 doors below Kelker's Hardware store.

THE FALL SESSION OF THE HAR-RISBURG ACADEMY will open on Monday, the 31st of August. For vacancies apply to J.F. SELLEB. all-5t eod. FOR SALE.—Several properties in

good cendition and clear of all incumbrances. Inquire with MARY AGATHA HEALFER, on the premises, adjoining the Catholic church, between State and North streets, Harrisburg. MAP OF HARRISBURG CITY, as laid out by direction of the Commissioners of the City Survey, and confirmed by act of Legislature, containing numerous courses and distances of the streets, equares, &c., marked on it, and designating the different wards, public buildings &c. It is, in fact different wards, public buildings, &c. It is, in fact, the only correct map of the city. For sale by H. HAGE, Chief Regulator,

au10-d2w Cor. 3d st. and Cranberry alley.

ASSESSMENT OF DAMAGES.

Pursuant to an order of the Court of Quarter Sessions of Dauphin county, notice is hereby given to the Commissioners of said county, and to the property holders along the line of Cumberland street, from Fulton street to 8th street and Verbeke street, from Fulton street to 7th street, in the City of Harrisburg, that upon the petition of the Mayor of said city, the Court has appointed six viewers to assess the damages caused by the opening of said streets, and that they will proceed to assess said damages on Friday, the 21st day of August, inst., of 10 o'clock a, m., at which time all parties interested may appear upon the ground if they think proper.

JOHN W. BROWN,
City Solieitor. per JOHN W. BROWN, sulo 10td City Solicitor.

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RETURN OF RETURN OF

> NIXON'S CREMORNE CIRCUS, NIXON'S CREMORNE CIRCUS. NIXON'S CREMORNE CIRCUS,

AT HARRISBURG AT HARRISBURG AT HARRISBURG AT HARRISBURG

> FOR TWO DAYS ONLY, FOR TWO DAYS ONLY. FOR TWO DAYS ONLY,

FRIDAY AND SATURDAY FRIDAY AND SATURDAY, FRIDAY AND SATURDAY, FRIDAY AND SATURDAY

> AUGUST 21 AND 22, AUGUST 21 AND 22. AUGUST 21 AND 22.

ON LOT IN SECOND STREET, ON LOT IN SECOND STREET. ON LOT IN SECOND STREET,

ON LOT IN SECOND STREET, NEAR THE COTTON MILL. NEAR THE COTTON MILL. NEAR THE COTTON MILL.



M'ME MACARTE'S EUROPEAN CIRCUS.

First appearance in America. Madame Macarte has great satisfaction in announcing to the people of this country, that after an ab-sence of several years she will again have the honor of appearing

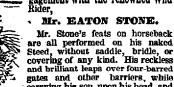


VENETIAN CARNIVAL Will be remembered by those who witnessed her former efforts in this



Comprising Male and Female Jug. glers, Acrobates, Contortionists. this troupe is the distinguished MILE CARROLL.

Of European and American celebrity. This young and brilliant artiste is acknowledged by all, both in and out of the equestrian profession, to be the most perfect rider of the age.



to the distinction of " Champion of S. LATHROP,

The Kentuck Clown. JIM REYNOLDS, The Great Model Clown. The great romantic spectacle **DICK TURPIN'S**

RIDE TO YORK, AND DEATH OF BLACK BESS DICK TURPINM'ME MACARTE.

FRIENDSHIP FIRE COMPANY Will give their

ON TUESDAY, AUGUST 11, 1863. It is hoped that the citizens of Harrisburg will turn out en masse for a day's recreation in the woods. The object of the Pic-nic is to procure enough money to make a payment on their-STEAM ENGINE.

The cars will leave the Pennsylvania depot at half-past eight o'clock a. m., and one and a half p. m.. re-turning at 7 p m. Fare for the sound trip, twenty-ave No improper characters will be admitted on the

COMMITTEE OF ARRANGEMENTS:
WILLIAM A. PARKHILL, ANDREW SCHLAYER,
SULLIVAN S. CHILD, GCORGE EARNEST.
J. W. LESCURE. jy30

JNO. H. BRIGGS,
Executors, &c.
Harrisburg, July 29th, 1863—jy31-dltw6t

OTICE! THE DRAFT IN THE 15TH AND ADJOIN-

NATIONAL SUBSTITUTE AGENCY. A. K. SWISHER & CO, having opened an office in Carlisle, at the Government Assessor's office, in Rheem's Hall, are now prepared to furnish substitutes at fair

A rare chance is offered for the profitable investment of from three to five thousand dollars in the manufacture of an improvement of great value, it being an article of indispensible household use, lately patented. A net profit of fifty per cent guaranteed upon the amount invested. Good references given and required. Address WM. P. ATTON, isburg, Pa.

Amusements.

RETURN OF

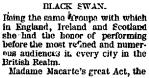
NIXON'S CREMORNE CIRCUS.

FOR TWO DAYS ONLY,

AUGUST 21 AND 22,

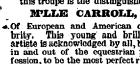


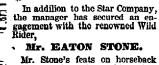


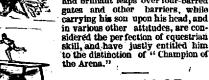














THE PIC-NIC OF THE SEASON.

ANNUAL PIC-NIC AT HOFFMAN'S WOODS, TICKETS,.....25 CENTS.

COMMITTEE OF ARRANGEMENTS:

NOTICE. — Whereas, I etters Testatamentary to the estate of General John Forster, late of the city of Harrisburg, deceased, have been granted to the subscribers, all persons indebted to the said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the estate of the said decedent, will make known the same, duly authenticated, without delay, to

MARGARET S. FORSTER,

BENJAMIN L. FORETER,

THOMAS FORSTER,

JNO. H. BRIGGS,

ING DISTRICTS.

prices.
Substitutes supplied from this office will be able bedied Aliens, not subject to draft. All drafted persons served by us are guarantied a release from the draft. Apply at once, in person or by letter, at the "National Substitute Agency," Rheem's Hall, Carlisle.
References.—J. M. Weakley, Joseph Ritner, jr., J. Rheem.
A. K. SWISHER & CO.

TO CAPITALISTS.

NEAR THE COTTON MILL.