O. BARRETT & CO., PROPRIETORS.

Communications will not be published in the PATRIOT AND UNION unless accompanied with the name of the

S. M. PETTENGILL & CO., No. 37 Park Row, N. Y., and State St., Boston, Are our Agents for the Parnior AM Union in those sities, and are authorized to take Advertisements and Subscriptions for us at our Lowest Rates.

DEMOCRATIC STATE NOMINATIONS.

FOR GOVERNOR,

HON. GEO. W. WOODWARD,

OF PHILADELPHIA.

FOR JUDGE OF THE SUPREME COURT. WALTER H. LOWRIE. OF ALLEGHENY COUNTY.

THE WEEKLY PATRICT AND UNION FOR THE CAMPAIGN.

The Weekly PATRIOT AND UNION will be furnished to clubs of ten or more, for the campaign, with an extra number giving full returns of the October election, at 50 cents!

THE NATIONAL PLATFORM. PURPOSES OF THE WAR.

Congress, by a vote nearly unanimous, passed

the following resolution, which expresses the voice of the Nation and is the true standard of

voice of the Nation and is the true standard of Loyally:

"That the present deplorable civil war has been forced upon the country by the disunionists of the Southern States, now in arms against the Constitutional Government, and in arms around the Capital; that in this National emergency, Congress, banishing all feeling of mere passion or resentment, will recollect only its duty to the whole country; that this war is not waged on their part in any spirit of oppression, or fir any purpose of conquest or subjugation, or purpose of overthrowing or interfering with the rights or established institutions of those States, but to defend and maintain the supremacy of the Constitution, and to preserve the Union, with all the dignity, equality and rights of the several States unimpaired; and that as soon as these objects are accomplished the war ought to cease."

TO THE PUBLIC.

THE PATRIOT AND UNION and all its business operations will bereafter be conducted exclusively by O. BARRETT and T. G. POMEROY, under the firm of O. BARRETT & Co., the connection of H. F. M'Reynolds with said establishment having ceased on the 20th November, Inst. November 21, 1862.

NOTICE.

The State Central Committee are requested to meet at the Merchants' Hotel, in the city of Philadelphia, on Tuesday, the 11th day of August next, at four o'clock CHARLES J. BIDDLE, Chairman. PHILADELPHIA, July 18, 1863.

Democratic State Central Committee.

The following is the State Central Committee as appointed by Hon. FINDLAY PATTERSON, of Washington county, who, as President of the late Democratic Convention, was authorized by a resolution of the body to announce the Committee. It consists of a Chairman, and Representatives of the several Senatorial Districts into which the State is divided :

Hon.	CHARLS J. BIDDLE, Chairman.
1st Di	strict—Theodore Cuyler, Philadelphia.
	DoRobert J. Hemphilldo.
	DoJohn Fullerton, irdo
	Do Isaac Leech
24	do Wm. H. Witte, Montgemery county.
4+b	do white, montgemery county.
5+b	doWm. T. Rogers, Bucks county.
GIL	do Thomas Heckman, Northampton coun
OLD	do Hiester Clymer, Berks county.
768	doWilliam Randall, Schuylkill county.
Sth	do Asa Packer, Carbon county.
yth	do Michael Mylert, Sullivan county.
10tb	do Stephen S Winchester, Luzerne coun
11th	do Mortimar R. Kllint. Tiege county
lzth	doJohn H. Humes, Lycoming county
19IB***	.do w iiliam kiliot. Northumberland count
14tb	do Samuel Henburn, Gumberland county
15th	do William M. Brisbin, Lebanon county
TREP	40 George Sanderson, Lancaster county
	DoJames Pattersondo.
17th	doJohn F Spingler, York county.
18th	do Henry Smith Fulton county
19tb	doJ. Simpson Africa, Huntingdon county
20th	do William Bigler, Clearfield county.
21at	do Hugh Weir, Indiana county.
221	do Thomas B. Searight, Fayette county.
224	do W. T. H. Pauley, Greene county.
24th	do Gen W. 1. H. Fauley, Greene county.
####	doGeo. W. Cass, Allegheny county.
2542 *	Tours P. Barr
2641	DoJames P. Bavrdo. doJames G. Campbell, Rutler county. doDavid S. Morris, Lawrence county.
2041 9741.	woDavid B. Morris, Lawrence county.
et ill	do Thomas W. Grayson, Crawford county
2011	do Rennedy L. Blood, Jefferson county.

NOTICE. The several County Committees of Superintend are requested to communicate the names and postoffice address of their members to the Chairman of the State Central Committee. Editors of Democratic papers in Pennsylvania are requested to forward copies to him. CHARLES J. BIDDLE, Chairman. PHILADELPHIA, July 22, 1863.

Fornev's Plan.

In the course of a long review of the military situation, in the editorial columns of the Washington Chronicle of the 24th, Forney inquires:

"What then remains for the rebel armies but to be cooped up and starved?"

We would respectfully suggest to the President, if this is all that remains to be done, to do it, and do it speedily—and if he wishes to perform an act that will "cover him all over" with glory, he has but to send Forney, Greeley, Phillips, Stanton, Halleck, Wade, Chandler, Sumner, Levejoy, and a few more score villains of the same stamp, who have been instrumental in stirring up and prolonging this bloody war, beyond the Federal lines, to be "cooped up and starved" along with the re-

The Case of William Borland.

In justice to Mr. Borland, and in order to put down the calumnies circulated by a few malignant Abolitionists, Bergner among them, we publish the following certificate from Mr. Borland's neighbors, men who know him well .-We understand the names attached to the certificate comprise all residents of Milltown, (where Mr. B. resides,) except four or five, with one or two of whom Mr. B. has had personal difficulties.

CERTIFICATE.

We, the undersigned, citizens of Milltown. Cumberland county, Penna., do certify that we have known William Borland for the last four years, and believe him to be an honest, loval, and law-abiding citizen. We have never known him to commit any act giving cause to "drum him out of town," nor do we believe that there has been any intent on the part of the citizens to do so. (Signed,)

William R. Gorgas, George Miller, Samuel Chapman, Daniel Drabaugh, J. B. Drabaugh, William Adams, William Chapman, Geo. W. Reeser, Wm. Thorley, Wm. Heck, MILLTOWN, July 21, 1863.

J. Eichelberger, Emanuel Deitz. John Drabaugh, Sr., Daniel Hart, Andrew Harline, Joel Packer, John Reeser, Alexander Ross.

What Should be Done? "Awake, arise, or be forever fallen!"

It seems to us that for the past two years we have been in a terrible dream, from which if we do not soon awake we may never open our eyes as freemen. For two years the fairs est portion of the land the heritage transmitted to us by our fathers and won by blood. and trial, and suffering—has been ravaged by contending armies of fellow countrymen, desolated by fire and sword, and the flower of our youth sent by tens of thousands to untimely and bloody graves, or refurned to their homes rippled, or broken down by exposure and disease. Thus have we been wasting our physical strength and squandering the wealth of the country in a fratricidal war which wise statesmanship, true patriotism and military skill should long since have ended.

But, as the past cannot be recalled, regret and crimination are alike useless. Our business now is with the present and the future, and God grant that those who hold the destinies of this great nation in their hands may be gifted with wisdom to see and pursue the line of duty.

What we want is peace, the reign of the Constitution, and a restored Union, with the old fraternal feeling, constituting us one peo-

ple as well as one government. This accursed war has already brought us to the very verge of ruin. Financially we are almost engulphed; and, under military rule, Liberty, fettered by the rude hand of power, gagged and wounded, is struggling, panting for existence. "Already have our quarrels filled the land with widows and with orphans"

from ocean to ocean patriots "mourn our guilty wars," and every State "lies half unpeopled" by this blocdy fend. "'Tis time to sheathe the sword and spare mankind."

And now it can be done. If wisdom has not utterly forsaken our rulers and people -if men have not entirely lost their understanding-if there remain yet one spark of vital Christianity, one impulse of true patriotism, in the breasts of the rulers and the ruled-Pesce and restored Union, with fraternal feeling, are possible, and if possible should be striven for.

This is the time to make the trial. God and the efforts of our brave soldiers have crowned our arms with victory, and wisdom and patriotism, Christianity and the public good, demand of the administration a maguanimous policy. Some of the heretofore most radical of the administration papers admit this, and press such action upon the President. Why then should he delay to embrace this opportunity, providentially given him, to do good, to save the Great Republic and exalt it in the

estimation of the world?

His duty, plainly, is to issue a proclamation, offering pardon and oblivion of the past to all but the principal instigators and leaders of the rebellion, and inviting the revolted States back to the Union and allegiance to the Federal Constitution. If it should fail, what of it? We should have shown a disposition to act justly, to reconcile the quarrel, to spare the further effusion of blood, and restore peace to the land and by this course we should at least unite public sentiment in the northern States, conquer the prejudices now entertained against us in portions of Europe, and secure the respect and admiration of the world. But we do not would fail. There is a strong Union sentiment in the South-and there has been through all this fierce struggle-which would grow, if properly encouraged, and soon compel the lead. ing conspirators, in whose hands unfortunately are the reins of government, to come to terms, or vacate their positions. The experiment, whatever might be the result, is worth trying-in fact the President will greatly fail in his duty if he refuse to adopt this policy, and the result will be a complication of affairs more intricate and trying than any which has yet troubled the minds of the Cabinet or pained the hearts of a suffering and patient people.

But there are other considerations apart from reasons based upon purely domestic interests which should have weight at Washington, and induce early and magnanimous action.

We do not intend to enlarge upon these considerations. The mere statement of them will show their importance, and, if the Administration is not blind, cannot fail to attract its at tention and hasten its action. If we would live hereafter as an independent nation, under free institutions, as sure as Heaven is above us and God reigns, this civil war must be speedily brought to a close.

The French are in Mexico in force—and not only in Mexico, but in the capital of that sister republic-and not only are they in the capiital, but they are there organizing a government upon a form prescribed by the Emperor, who is constantly sending forward reinforcements, and, from every indication, intends to make the occupation permanent. He is therefore a close neighbor; strong in military resources, ambitious in his desires, subtle in his designs, and quick in his movements. He means more than Mexico-his eyes are directed toward the mouths of the Mississippi. Louisiana was once a province of France, and, holding Mexico, the Gulf is open to his fleets, and there is nothing between his land forces and Texas but the Rio Grande.

Neither is Great Britain asleep. She is watching the destroying process with deep interest-she professes to weep over our misfortunes and our great sufferings-she claims to be neutral; but while she is weeping and proclaiming neutrality, she is building war ships for the Confederates, to facilitate the progress of mutual destruction, and she is placing Canada in a condition for offense, filling it with the materiel of war, disciplining the militia and making every preparation for action when the time shall arrive to strike with certainty of

Let this war for the emancipation of the legro be carried on another year under the direction of the miserable fanatics who have heretofore guided and controlled it-let the armies now in the field be decimated or destroyed, and like Samson we shall be shorn of our locks-our strength will be gone. Then the French hordes will pour over the Rio Grandetheir fleets will hold the Gulf and the mouths of the Mississippi-the British, their allies, will invade us from Canada and, by our own exceeding folly, we shall fall an easy prey to these two ruling European powers.

Farewell, then, to our dreams of liberty and greatness farewell forever to the Great Re-

and the sun of freedom, on this continent will

sink to rise no more for ages. In view of all these solemn and startling con-liderations, we implore those who have infu-mice with the Administration to use it is tower of speedy peace and a restored Unit is to we invoke the people of every party to later their voice and lend their aid in the same behalf.

NEWS OF THE DAY BY TELEGRAPH.

LEE'S ARMY.

NEW YORK, July 24.—A special dispatch from Washington says it has been definitely ascertained that Lee's army is at Winchester, and-made no general advance down the valley.

THE SPOILS AT JACKSON, MISS.

FORTRESS MONEOE, July 4 -The Richmond Whig of July 28 says : - "The evacuation of Jackson, Miss., left in the hands of the enemy the rolling stock of the New Orleans, Jackson and Great Northern, the Mississippi Central, and Mississippi and Tennessee railroad. The motive power alone consisted of over forty engines. The loss is incalculable, important and wholly irreparable. Nothing goes well in the Southwest."

THE MORGAN RAID. THE GUESTLLA CHIEFTAIN STILL FLYING, CLOSELY

PURSUED.

CINCINNATTI, July 24 .- Shortly after Morgan crossed the Muskingum, yesterday, he was attacked by Col. Hall's militia, with two pieces of artillery; fifteen rebels were killed and several wounded. His progress was checked twice by Col. Hall, but he finally escaped via Cumberland, which place he left last night. At 7 o'clock this morning he crossed the Central Ohio railroad at Campbell's, but so closely pursued by Gen. Shackleford that he had not time to do any damage beyond burning the depot and tearing up a portion of the track. At 9 o'clock this morning he reached Washington, Guernsey county, where he did considerable damage. Shaekleford is still close behind him. A courier who arrived from the vicinity of Taylorsville at noon, reports that a squad of about fifty men were detached from Morgan's command where he crossed the Muskingum river, and are prowling around the country, burning houses and wheat stacks and killing live stock. Three hundred mounted men have been sent cut after them.

REPORTED NAVAL FIGHT.

PORTLAND, July 24.—A special dispatch from Cherry Field, dated this morning, says that the schooner Virginia, which arrived at Steuben from Boston reports having heard, at about 10.30 yesterday morning, a steamer off Petit Manan, firing heavy guns at some craft lying low in the water, which was returning the fire. Both crafts appeared to be steering southwest. DEATH OF COL. SHAW.

NEW YORK, July 24 -A private dispatch from Fortress Monroe says Col. Shaw, of the 54th Massachusetts (colored) regiment, was killed near Charleston on the 18th.

TO TO THE WEATT OF

BY THE MA	LLS.
NATIONAL DEBT.	
INTEREST-BEARING DEB	r.
4 per cent. temporary toan, coin	
loan	\$28,059,295 49
5 per cent. temporary 10an	Sac to contract as
5 per cent temporary loan, coin	
1865 3,461,000 00 6 per cent, bonds, due	•
1871 7,622,000 00	ئۇرىيىلى . ئالىرىنى ئىسىسىلىرى كى
1874 20,000,000 00	101,297,638 91
6 per cent. bonds, due	101,291,000 81

431,275,874 71 7 30-100 per cent. bonds due August 19, 1834... 52,931,000 03 7 30-100 per cent. bonds due October 1, 1864... 86,989,500 09

139,920,500 00 DEBT NOT BEARING INTEREST. Treasury notes, post due \$95,100 00 notes ..\$387,646 589 00

in treas. 11,157,088 12 276,489,500 88
Fractional currency... 20,192,486 00

396,721,056 88 Actual debt less than the estimated debt by..... \$25,023,037 25

RECAPITULATION. Aggregate debt at 4 per cent, interest..

Do. 5 do.....

Do. 6 do.....

Do. 7 30 100 do......

1 9. without do...... \$28,059,295 49 101,297,638 91 431,275 874 71 139,920,500

Total debt, July 1, 1863, as exhibited
by the books of the Treasury Dep 1...\$1,097,274,365 99
Total debt, July 1, 1863, as estimated by
Secretary, in report of Dea., 1862... 1,122,297,403 24

Actual debt less than the estimated debt by arrangement for

CONFISCATION.

Washington, July 23.—To-day in the Dis. trict Court, a decree was granted confiscating the real estate of Dr. Girnett, son-in-law of Gov. Wise, during his life time, while his real estate is an absolute forfeiture. The same principles affect seventeen other cases, in which similiar decrees were ordered to be issued .-There are two other cases on the docket, to be continued until the next term of sourt

THE \$300 Exemption.—The following official answer to an important question will perhaps enlighten much of the ignorance concerning the \$800 exemption:

PROVOST MARSHAL GENERAL'S OFFICE, WASHINGTON, D. C., July 22, 1563, GENTLEMEN: I am directed by the Provost Marshal General to acknowledge receipt of your communication of the 15th inst., and in answer to say, that the place of a drafted man, who has been exempted by payment of \$300 will not be filled by another drafted man. I am gentlemen, very respectfully, your obe-HENRY STONE, dient servant,

THE WAR IN THE SOUTHWEST.

Ass. Adj't General.

RECENT SUCCESSES OF GRANT AND SHERMAN-PANIC IN THE SOUTH.

MEMPHIS, July 21, via. Cairo, July 23. General Hurlburt's scouts arrived to day from Okalona, Miss. They report that Johnson was at Brandon, and Sherman in possession of Jackson. Ruggles was at Chalmers, and San. ders' and Ferguson's forces were at Tupola. Ruggles is concentrating his forces, with the intention, probably, of making a dash on our lines. The correspondence from Bragg and Johnson's armies depict them in great destitution and greatly demoralized. They give up the Mississippi, and advise the planters to

stay and make the best terms possible. The secuts report that a majority of the planters are anxious that we should get possession of the country before Davis has time to conscript. Johnson's army is estimated not to exceed thirty thousand.

over the tomb of Weshington, Brance Hitsell are fully confirmed. Large amounts of mu-be desecrated by the tread of his armed troops; initions of war, especially ammunition, had fallen into our hands at these places.

MOVEMENTS OF MORGAN.

CINCINNATI, July 22.-Morgan crossed the Muskingum river at E-glesport, eighteen miles below Granesville, and this morning our scouts report his force a thousand strong, with three pieces of artiflery. Colone Lemen, of the 86th Ohio, sent his regiment and a large number of militia after him. Colonel Chandler, of Zanesville, and twenty-five citizen scouts, were captured at Deavertown last night. The latest from Eaglesport says the 86th; under Lieute-nant Colonel M'Farland, are fighting the rebels and driving them up the river towards Zanesville. This is not entirely reliable. Business is suspended in Zanesville, and the citizens are turning out en masse to resist Morgan's pro-

CINCISNATI, July 23 .- Morgan this afternoon was in Guernsey county, near the Central Ohio Railroad, and was supposed to be going eastward, for the Ohio river.

NORTH CABOLINA.

SUCCESS OF FOSTER'S CAVALRY EXPEDITION. Washington, July 23 .- The Petersburg Express, of the 22d, in referring to the cavalry expedition sent out by Gen Fester in North Carolina, says: "The Yankee raiders burned the railroad bridge over the Tar river, near Rocky Mount; destroyed the depot at that place, tore up two miles of the track, burned 5,000 bales of cotton, and a large cotton factory. The bridge ovar the Tar river was on the Wilmington and Weldon railroad, and was about 300 yards long. They also captured a train of cars, which contained two car-loads of ammunition and 30,000 pounds of bacon, which were destroyed."

THE REBEL SITUATION, AS STATED BY

"REBEL PAPERS. Fortness Monroe, July 23 .- The flag of truce boat New York arrived this evening from City Point, with 1,200 prisoners of war. The Richmond Examiner of to-day (the 23d) editorially says. From the Mississippi we have no news, which is good news. From Northern Virginia we learn that the lines of General Lee extended to the old battle ground of Manassas. Of the Northern army we know nothing, except that it cries for reinforcements

RESISTANCE TO THE ENROLLMENT IN MARYLAND.

and has received none,"

BALTIMORE, July 23 .- Aspirit of resistance to the enrollment has manifested itself in the vicinity of Jarretsville, Hartford county Md., in the second congressional district."

The barn of Levi Pennington, enrolling officer, has been burned, with 500 bushels of corn also the barn of Joseph Perry, with all its con-tents and one horse. Six shets were fired in the window of the residence of the enrolling officer, Mr. Pennigton.

DEATH OF PENNSYLVANIANS IN LIBBY PRISON.

J. Goehner, 4th Pennsylvania, July 1. N. W. Scott, corporal, 1st Pennsylvania cavalry, July 2. Samuel Stout, 123d Pennsylvania, July 2.

FROM CHARLESTON.

COMMENCEMENT OF A GENERAL ENGAGEMENT. The steamer Circassian arrived at Fortress Monroe from Charleston on the 19th.

A general engagement was just commencing as she left. Gen. Gilmore had erected a masked battery in the woods, quite near Fort Wagner, and expressed no doubt but that the attack by by himself and Admiral Dahlgren would prove successful. As the early morning shadows disappeared the attack began, and a perfect shower of shot and shell was poured into Wagner. The Circassian's orders were imperative, and she could not stay to see the termination of that day's fighting.

CAPTURE OF THE SHIP GEORGE GRIS-WOLD.

This splendid ship, 1, 280 tons register, which carried out food to the starving English operatives, was captured on her return voyage to Callao, by the Confederate privateer Georgia, and bonded for \$100,000.

FATAL AFFAIR IN BALTIMORE. A NEGRO SOLDIER SHOOTS A DRUMMER-BOY AND

A SAILOR. BALTIMORE, July 23 .- An intoxicated negro soldier, belonging to Colonel Birney's Mary. land regiment, whilst walking the streets to-day with side arms and a loaded revolver, shot and mortally wounded a negro drummer-boy belonging to the same regiment, and subsequently wounded a United States sailor, one of a crew who attempted to arrest him. An immense crowd assembled and beat the negro terribly, and would have killed him but for the interposition of the police.

The affair caused great excitement, as the negro had no provocation to commit the deeds. He was arrested and confined in the Provost Marshal's prison to stand his trial. In consequence of this occurrence an order

will be issued preventing negro soldiers from herafter parading the streets at any time unless accompanied by white officers.

A RIDICULOUS FIGURE.

A white man is now sitting on top of a flour barrel in front of Gen. Schenck's headquarters on Monument Square. He was caught selling liquor to soldiers. He has a label on his breast with the following inscription: "I sold whisky to soldiers." A crowd is continually ga-zing at him, and the ridiculous figure he cuts is only equalled by the merriment of the crowd.

WASHINGTON ITEMS—JULY 23.

LEE'S ARMY REPORTED IN A TIGHT PLACE. The relative situations of the armies in Virginia is to-day clearly understood here. It is apparent that General Meade has the rebel army of Lee completely entrapped. He is evidently massing his forces to break his way through to Richmond, but will probably find it a more difficult undertaking than the one at Gettysburg.
After all the delay, there is not much pros-

pect of Lee being able to get his army back to Richmond, or even so far as the upper end of the Shehandoah valley. THE ORGANIZATION OF COLORED TROOPS.

The War Department is pushing the organi. zation of colored troops vigorously. The suscesses of our forces West have given a fresh impetus to enlistment among the blacks, and by autumn it is estimated that at least 100,000 negroes will be in arms in the valley of the Mississippi. It has been decided to raise four colored regiments in the District. The first is complete, and the second rapidly approaching

REBEL WOUNDED AT GETTYSBURG. Five thousand wounded rebels still remain on the Gettysburg battle field, kindly cared for by our surgeous. Many of them, it is reported. have asked not to be sent South, where they will be again compelled to fight against the

DISPOSITION OF DRAFTED MEN AND SUBSTITUTES.

The following circular disposing of drafted men and substitutes was issued today:

War Department, Provost Marshal General's Office, Warhington, July 28, 1868.

CIRCULAR No. 56 .- Provost Marshals will see that drafted men, whether principals or substitutes, are sent to the designated general rendezvous on the day they are accepted, if it can be done. If not, then as soon after as

Where there are no military guards avail-Great consternation exists throughout the able, provost marshals must employ enough whole Southern country. The reports of our special guards to accomplish this purpose. public! The flag of the foreigner will wave successes at Natchez, Yazoo City and Jackson Substitutes, especially, should be sent promptly.

to the rendezvous, and the boards should only accept them as they are prepared thus to dispose of them. Boards of Euroliment should conduct the draft for site districts, and the notification of persons drafted, in such manner that the drafted mental libe required to report for examination in musde of manageable size, and at such appearing convenient periods, and not all on the target size.

JAMES B. FRY, Provost Marshal General.

THE ATTACK ON FORT WAGNER. The editor of the Savannah Republican, writng from Charleston, speaks of the battle in the attack upon Fort Wagner as the bloodiest and most destructive of the war, and then

"Willing to do justice to a brave fit it may be added that a more daring and gallant assault has not been made on either side since the commencement of the war."

THE IRONCLAD NAHANT.

A letter, written on board the Nahant monitor after the fight with Fort Wagner, states that she carries the marks of a hundred shot and that her smoke stack is completely riddled; still she was as good as new, and had been ordered to Warsaw Sound to attend to a rebel ironolad which it was reported was on her way down from Savannah.

MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS. General S. R. Curtis has turned over to the quartermaster of the United States the camels that were imported into this country by order of Jefferson Davis when he was Secretary of War under President Pierce. They have been ordered to be sold at public auction.

A check for \$1,500,000 was presented and

paid at the United States depository in Chicago

a few days since. The Democrate of Delaware have nominated for member of Congress Charles N. Davenport,

of Wilmington. Rev Jas. L. Vallandigham, (brother of C. L. Vollandigham,) pastor of a church near, Newark, Delaware, and Dr. Nathan Hayes Clark, were arrested at Newark on Friday last, by Capt. Wenie, of the Wilmington Provost Cause not known. But both prisoners took the oath of allegiance and were re-

The June product of the copper mines in the Houghton district, Dake Superior, are stated at 388 tons 1,257 pounds—a slight falling off from the preceding month.

Leavenworth papers say the steam lecomo tive for navigating plains is propelled by four engines, of ten horse power each, and guided by a steering wheel six feet in diameter. It will draw tons of freight up a grade of six hundred feet to the mile.

SPECIAL NOTICES:

A CARD TO THE LADIES. DR. DUPONCO'S GOLDEN PILLS

FOR FEMALES!" Infallible in Correcting, Regulating and Removing all Obstructions, from whatever pause, and always

Infallible in Correcting, Regulating and Removing all Obstructions, Frost whatever cause and always successful as a Preventive.

These PILLS have been used by the Doctors for many years, both in France and America, with unparalleled success in every case; and he is urged by many thousand ladies who used them, to make the Pills public for the alleviation of those suffering from any irregularities whatever, as well as to prevent an increase of family where health will not permit it. Females particularly situated, or those supposing themselves so, are cautioned against these Pills while in that condition, as they are sure to produce miscarriage, and the proprietor assumes no responsibility after this admonition, although their mildness would prevent any mischief to health—otherwise the Pills are recommended. Full and explicit directions accompany each box. Price \$1.00 per box. Sold, wholesale and retail, by CHARLES A. BANN-VART, Druggist, No. 2 Jones Row, and C. K. KELLER, Druggist, Harrisburg, Pa.

Ladies, by sending them \$1.00 to the Harrisburg Post Office, can have the Pills sent free of observation to any part of the country (confidentially) and "free of postage" by mail.

Sold also by J. L. LEMBREGER, Lebanon; J. A. Wolf, Wrightsville; E. T. MILLER, York; S. ELLIOTT, Carliale; J. C. Altick, Shippenshurg; J. Spangler, Chambersburg; Beown & Brother, No. 4, South Liberty street, Baltimore; and by "one Druggist" in very town and city throughout the United States.

chanceburg; Brown & BROTHER, No. 4, South Liberty street, Baltimore; and by "one Druggist" in very town and city throughout the United States.

HALL & RUCKEL,

218 Greenwich Street, New York,

218 Greenwich Street, New York,

General Wholesale Agents.

N. B — Look out for counterfeits. Buy no Golden
Pills of any kind unless every box is signed S. D. Hewe,
All others are a base imposition and unsafe; therefore,
as you value your lives and health, (to say nothing of
being humbugged out of your money,) buy only of those
who show the signature of S. D. Howe on every box,
which has recently been added on account of the Pills
being counterfeited. The ingredients composing the
above Pills are made known to every Agent. They will
tell you the Pills are perfectly harmless, yet will do all
claimed for them.

S. D. HOWE;
jy17-dly , Sole Proprietor, New York.

IMPORTANT TO FEMALES.

DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS. The combination of ingredients in these Pills are the esult of a long and extensive practice. They are mild in their operation, and certain in correcting all irregu-latilles, paintal menatrolation, removing allocations whether from cold or otherwise, hendache, pat in the de, palpitation of the heart; whiten, all merron salled tions, hystorics, latigue, pals in the back archimbs, &c., disturbed sleep, which arise from interreptions

DR. CHERSEMAN'S PILLS was the commendence o over & status tress are of those irregularities and chatrooth (Are. hg? con signed so many to a premain regy A 19 baltenn enjoy good health unless she is regular, and whenever an obstruction takes place the general health begins to de-

DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS are the most effectual remedy ever known for all complaints peculiar to Females. To all asses they are invaluable, inducing, with certainty periodical regular sty. They are known to thousands, who have used them at different periods, throughout the country, having the senction of some of the most eminent Physicians in

Explicit directions, stating when they should not be used, with each Box-the Price One Dollar per Box, containing from 50 to 60 Pills. Pills sent by mail, promptly, by remitting to the Agents. Sold by Druggists generally.
R. B. HUTCHINGS, Proprietor,

20 Cedar street, New York.

Sold in Harrisburg, by C. A. Bannvart.

"Mechanicsburg, by J. S. Dellett.

"Carlisle by S. Elliott.

"Shippensburg, by Miller & Hershey.

"Chambersburg, by Miller & Hershey.

"Hummelstown, by George Wolf.

"Lebanon, by George Ross." dec6-d4 wlv

DR. TOBIAS' VENETIAN LINI-MENT has given universal satisfaction during the four teen years it has been introduced into the United States. After being tried by millions, it has been proclaimed the pain destroyer of the world. Pain cannot be where this liniment is applied. If used as directed it cannot and never has failed in a single instance. For colds, coughs and influenza, it can't be beat. One 25 cent bottle will cure all the above, besides being useful in every family for sudden accidents, such as burns, cuts, scalds, insect stings, &c. It is perfectly innocent to take internally, and can be given to the oldest person or youngest child. Price 25 and 50 cents a bottle Sold by all Druggists. Office, 56 Cortlandt street, jet dewim

MOTHERS! MOTHERS!

Don't fail to procure Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP for CHILDREN TEETHING. This val ble preparation is the prescription of one of the best female physicians and nurses in the United States, and has been ased for thirty years with never failing safety and success by millions of mothers and children, from the feeble infant of one week old to the adult. It not only relieves the child from pain, but invige

rates the stomach and bowels, corrects acidity, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. It will almost instantly relieve GRIPING IN THE BOWELS AND WIND COLIC.

We believe it the best and surest remedy in the world in all cases of DYSENTERY AND DIARRHORA IN CHILDREN, whether it arises from teething or from any other cause.
Full directions for using will accompany each bottle None geenine unless the fac simile of GURTIS & PER-RINS, New York, is on the outside wrapper.

New York, as we way out made wrapper.

Sold by all Medicine Dealers.

Principal Office, 45 Doy street, New York.

Price only 25 cents per bottle. my23-d&w6m

New Advertisements.

WANTED TO RENT.—A comfortable W dwelling house. Possession to be given between now and latef October. Address T. L. W., box 158, posteffice. jy25-3:*

PRANT'S HALLI

And every Evening During the Week.

IN AN ENTIRELY NEW PROGRAMME, PRODUCED IN THEIR INIMITABLE STYLE.

THE GREAT CONGRESS OF TALENT! Miss Ada Tesman, Miss Fielding, La Petite Ella,

JAMES PILGRIM Businest Manager. Grand Matinee on Saturday Afternoon,

Commencing at 3 o'elock, for the accommodation of adies and Children.
Admission tickets for children, 10 cents; Ladies and

ADMISSION......25 and 35 Cents.

TREWARD.—On the night between the control of the 2rd and 2rth instants some ruffians entered the property of the undersigned, corner of Bohr and Third streets, cut the spigot of the water pipe off, leaving the water run, and fook the spigot along, together with about a foot of the lead pipe. Any person fursishing information leading to the detection of said villians will receive a reward of \$5.

At the same time I warn those who committed the above named act of rude and rough meanness, not to attempt again any treepassing on my premises, as I shall anrely watch them with a good gun.

jy21-1t*

Office-of the Harrisburg Bridge Company.

Office of the Harrisburg Bridge Company, Harrisburg, Pa., July 22, 1863.
A dividend of three per cent. on the capital stock of this Company was this day declared by the Board of Directors out of the profits of the last six months, payable at the office of the Treasurer, Waln t sireet, near Second.

WILLIAM SUMPLEM, jy23-31*

Treasurer. DROPOSALS FOR THE CONSTRUC-

CAGES, **D** I R D CHILDRENS' CARRIAGES.
The largest stock in the city, is found at 110 Market treet. For sale by GEO. W. PARSONS.

agers of the HABRISBURG AND MIDDLETOWN TURNPIKE ROAD COMPANY have this day declared a dividend of two per cent. upon the capital stock of said company, payable to the stockholders on demani.

RUD. F. KELKEB, Treasurer,

Harrisburg, July 13, 68—j20.6t No. 5, S. Frent st.

presentatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following amendments be proposed to the Constitution of the Commonwealth, in accordance with the provisions of the tenth article thereof:

ted as section four, as follows: Section 4. Whenever any of the qualified electors of this Commonwealth shall be in any actual military service, under a requisition from the President of the United States, or by the authority of this Commonwealth, such electors may exercise the right of suffrage in

place of election. There shall be two additional sections to the eleventh article of the Constitution, to be de-

Legislature containing more than one subject, which shall be clearly expressed, in the title, except appropriation bills. Section 9. No bill shall be passed by the

ges, in any case, where the authority to grant such powers, or privileges, has been, or may hereafter be, conferred upon the courts of this JOHN CESSNA,

Legislature granting any powers, or privile."

JOHN P. PENNEY. OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF THE COMMONWEALTH, ?

Harrisburg, July 1, 1863. PENNSYLVANIA, SS.:

office to be affixed, the day and year above written. ELI SLIFER. jy7 law6m Secretary of the Commonwealth.

8 MADISON, Alfred, Maire. Machines. Address, m7-w3m WANTED. -\$60 A MONTH! We W want Agents at \$60 a month, expenses poid, to sell our Everlasting Pencils, Orienal Burners, and thirteen other new, useful and curious articles, Fifteen

INDEPENDENCE ISLAND.

Messre. BECKER & FALK, Proprietors, announce to the citizens of Harrisburg that this coci and delightful summer retreat is now open for visitors. Accommedations will be furnished to parties and pic-nics at reasonable terms, a dancing platform having been erected for their spectal use. Season tickets for fauilies, good for one year, \$1.00

No improper characters admitted, and no intoxicated person will be permitted to visit the Island.

No improper characters numerical, and in the land person will be permitted to visit the Island.

A Ferry Boat plies constantly between the Island and the foot of Broad street, West Harrisburg. 1818.3m CRAND PIC-NIC for the BENEFIT

TICKETS..... 25 CENTS. FLOOR MANAGERS.

T. G. SAMPLE, JOHN M'COMAS,
D. E. MARTIN, JOHN CRULL,
J. SPRECEBAKS.

IJ No improper characters will be admitted, and
there will be a sufficient police force on the ground to
preserve order.

Those managers.

FOUND On last Thursday evening A SILVER WATCH. The owner can have the same by proving property and paying expenses.

LEVI LINGLE,

HAMBLIN'S

FOR SIX NIGHTS ONLY. Monday Evening, July 27th, 1863,

THE MONITORS OF MINSTRELS!

M'ile frank La Folle,
Miss Eliza Florence,
Miss E Clifford,
Dick Patker,
John Purcell,
Jake Watson,
Sig. Wintersteir, &c. Harry Leslie, W. S. Budworth, James Pilgrim, Prof. Chas. Weber,

THE SUBSTANTIAL ETHIOPEAN CONFEDERACY: The Great Pantomime Troupe!

The Great Ballet Continuation!

The Great Dramatic Com, any!

The Great Concentration of Beauty and Genius!

The only Show that perform all they advertise!

The most original Troupe in existence!

The best Musicians!: The best Dancers!

The best Bingers! The best Quartette!

The best Delineators!

Ever witnessed in one Company.

Change of Programme each night!

Gentlemen's tickets, 25 cents.

[] Evening performance, doors open at 7 ½ o'clock; to commence at 8 o'clock.

DROPOSALS FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF A SEWER IN VERBEKETOWN.—Sealed
proposals, addressed to the President of the Common
Council of the city of Harrisburg, will be received until Saturday evening, August 1, 1863, for the construction of a sewer, three feet six inches in diameter, in
Verb. ke street, (late Broad street,) from Elder street to
the river. The bidders to state the price per lineal
yard, including all the work and materials. Plane and
specifications can be seen at the office of Hother Hage,
Esq. (lity Surveyor, where all necessary information
can be obtained.

WM. MORRIS,

W. K. VERBEKE,
jy23-codtd.

DIVIDEND:—The President and Man-

MENDMENTS TO THE CONSTITUTION

DINT RESULUTION PROPOSING CER. IN AMENDMENTS TO THE CONSTITU-Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Re-

There shall be an additional section to the third article of the Constitution, to be designa-

all elections by the citizens, under such regulations as are, or shall be, prescribed by law, as fully as if they were present at their usual

signated as sections eight and nine, as follows: SECTION 8: No bill shall be passed by the

Commonwealth.

Speaker of the House of Representatives. Speaker of the Senate.

I do hereby certify that the foregoing and annexed is a full, true and correct copy of the original Joint Resolution of the General Assembly, entitled "A Joint Resolution proposing certain amendments to the Constitution, as the same remains on file in this office. In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set

my hand, and caused the seal of the Secretary's

WANTED. \$75 A MONTH! I want V to hire Agents in every county at \$75 a menth, expenses paid, to sell my new cheap Family Sewing

circulars sent free. Address,
m7-w8m SHAW & CLARK, Biddeford, Maine.

OF THE HOPE FIRE COMPANY NO. 2, AT HOFFMAN'S WOODS. SATURDAY, JULY 25th, 1863

Second street, near Meadow Lane. jy18-3toaw