The Patriot & Anion.

THURSDAY MOBNING, JULY 23, 1863

Q. BARRETT & CO., PROPRIETOES.

Communications will nor be published in the PATRIOT AND Union unless accompanied with the name of the anthor.

S. M. PETTENGILL & CO., No. 37 Park Row, N. Y., and & State St., Boston, Are our Agents for the PATHIOT AN UNION in those cities, and are suthorized to take Advertisements and Subscriptions for us at our Lowest Rates.

DEMOCRATIC STATE NOMINATIONS.

FOR GOVERNOR, HON. GEO. W. WOODWARD,

OF PHILADELPHIA.

FOR JUDGE OF THE SUPREME COURT, WALTER H. LOWRIE

OF ALLEGHENY COUNTY.

THE WEEKLY PATRIOT AND UNION FOR THE CAMPAIGN.

The Weekly PATRIOT AND UNION will be furnished to clubs of ten or more, for the campaign, with an extra number giving full returns of the October election, at 50 cents !

THE NATIONAL PLATFORM. PURPOSES OF THE WAR.

Congress, by a vote nearly unanimous, passed the follswing resolution, which expresses the voice of the Nation and is the true standard of Loyalty:

Loyaliy: "That the present deplorable civil war has been foreed upon the country by the disunionists of the Southern States, now in arms squint the Constitutional Government, and in arms around the Capital; that in this National emergency, Congress, banishing all feel-ing of mere passion or resentment, will recollect only its duty to the whole country; that this war is not waged on their part in any spirit of oppression, or for any purpose of conquest or subjugation, or purpose of everthrowing or interforing with therights or established institutions of those States, but to defend and maintain the supremarcy of the Constitution, and to preserve the Union, with all the dignity, equality and rights of the several States unimpaired; and that as soon as these ob-jects are accomplished the war ought to cease."

TO THE PUBLIC.

THE PATRIOT AND UNION and all its business operations will hereafter be conducted exclusively by O. BARRETT and T. G. POMEROY, under the firm of O. BARRETT & Co., the connection of H. F. M'Reynolds with said establishment having ceased on the 20th November, inst. November 21, 1862.

" Has the 'radical' press ever taught that the administration was carrying the war on 'un-constitutionally,' and for purposes of conquest —not restoring the Union ?"—*Telegraph.*

If the "radical" press has not "taught that the administration was carrying on the war unconstitutionally," it certainly has claimed the right to do so under the convenient "higher law" than the Constitution, the "war power," which, the "radical" press insists, clothes the President with authority above the Constitution and the laws. And the "radical" press, including the Telegraph, has, time and again, ridiculed the idea of "restoring the Union," told us it was folly to think of such a thing, that it it could not be done, would not be done, and should not be done. In fact, yes-they have "taught" that the war was not for a re- | principles in the governments North and South, emancipation of the negroes-and would of power in their own hands, or in the hands the Southern States converted into provinces, conquered, subjugated, deprived of every right and brought, suppliant, to the feet of the administration. Many of them have taught that it should be a war of conquest-the inhabitants butchered, or driven from their homes, and their lands divided among the soldiers, negroes and "loyal" Abolitionists. All this and more that is anti-republican, anti-constitutional, fanatical and barbarous they have "taught," and yet teach. And this very Tele. graph, which now asks whether the radical press have ever taught the doctrines of the New York rioters, has winked at, if it has not | in three or at farthest six months. Let it be applauded every outrage committed upon D.m. done. Ocratic persons and property by Abolition rioters, and through its columns not only once, but often, endeavored to incite citizens and soldiers to assault this office, destroy the property and take summary vengeance upon its owners and editors. They need but turn to their own files to stand self-convicted of these charges-and this has been the character, unscrupulous and strosious, of the "radical" press, we think, without a solitary exception.

and to disregard and trample upon the fundamental law, by virtue of which he holds his office, and without which there could be no government, and, consequently, no administratibn. The people of the United States may be supposed to possess at least as high a degree of

intelligence and as fervent a love of right and liberty as the people of Madagascar-and if so, it is fair to infer that it is dangerous to tread too heavily on their toes Let our Majesty take warning from the fate of his majesty of Madagascar-who is said to have been strangled with his wife's garter-and dismiss his evil counsellors and reform his evil ways in time. It would be well, perhaps, for the people of this country, before proceeding to extremities with those in power who have treated them so badly, to try the effects of the policy inaugurated by the revolutionists of Madagascar, and exact from the President and Cabinet, as well as from the outside counsellors, Wade and Chandler, a promise of "abstinance from intoxieating drinks."

Such a promise, welt kept, might produce a istration, and avoid the necessity of a resort to sterner messures.

What Grant has Doue.

Rebel loss in Major General Grand's De-	
partment since the landing of the army at	
Grand Gulf, Mise., May 1, 1863:	
Loss in men up to May 18	
Total	1

	1,500 of whom are women and children.	. •,••
	1,500 OL WHOM BIG WOOVEN BHU CHIMICH.	
	Prisoners, sick and wounded	13,22
	Do Bt for duty.	18,00
1	Tents captured	4.00
1	Mules captured	
	Horses captured	
	Freight cars captured	20
	Freight cars captured Locomotives captured	· · -
1	Large siege guns captured	18
	Field pieces captured	
	Rounds of ammunition.	30
1	Rounds of ammunition	\$5.00
	Shot guns, &c., & c	30.0
ł	Value of public property captured from \$10	000.0
1	to \$15,000,000.	

Approved by order of (Signed) 14.2 JAMES WILSON, Lieut. Col. and Provost Marshal.

These losses are tremendous; and when we add to them say 8,000 killed, wounded and ceptured by Gen. Banks at Port Hudson ; 2,200 killed, wounded and captured in the recent battle at Helena; 3,000 of Morgan's band killed or captured in Ohio, and Lee's loss during the late invasion of Maryland and Pennsylvania, not less than 30,000-making a total rebel loss within three months of 114,000, it seems impossible, without a sudden and great more. reverse to the Federal arms, that, even by the most superhuman exertions, the Southern Con federacy can long survive. It may feebly continue the struggle for another year, perhaps; but if the Washington administration were wise and true to its duties under the Constitution-if it were magnanimous, or even just in its action, (which we regret to say is not the case,) we should prophesy the end of the rebellion and the restoration of peace and the Union within three months. The great misfortune of the country is that neither the administration North nor the Administration South comprehend the requirements of the hour; nor can either of them perceive, in their blind fanaticism and unholy ambition, the path that leads to true glory, to honor and renown. They are fighting now not for the interests of the na- On his arrival he found a large number had tion, not for the preservation of republican storation of the Union, but for freedom-the | but for self-preservation and the perpetuation | never stop until this was accomplished, of the parties respectively by which they are of prisoners and 5,000 head of Texan cattle, mainly supported in their warfare against Constitutions, Laws and Liberty. This is the here. time for the people North and South to interfere, and by their voice-which must be potent and a number of teams loaded with ammuniif unanimous force their perfidious rulers to close this bloody war and restore the old order of things. None but the most crazy fanatics, the most wickedly ambitious, the contractors who are thriving on the ruin of their country, and the thieves who are daily robbing the treasury, can desire a government other or better than that given to us by our fathers. That government, the people demanding it, can be restored

NEWS OF THE DAY. BY TELEGRAPH.

FROM GEN. GRANT'S ARMY.

OHISON HAS PROBABLY SIGATED SHEBMAN, OCCUPIES JACKSON-GEN RANSON, WITH 1200 TROOPS, VISITS NATCHEZ_PAROLED PRI-SONERS, &C.

Sr. Louis, July 21 .- A spenial dispatch rom Memphis, dated 20th, says : By an arrival from below we have Natchez dates to the 15th, Jackson to the 15th, and Vicksburg to the 18th. General Sherman ordered a charge on John-son's forces on Friday, but it had so far escared that capturing it was out of the question. Only a few stragglers, a few guns, and some ammunition were taken.

A portion of General Sherman's force is now in Jackson, which is his headquarters, while the remainder is on the way back to Vicksburg.

Johnson's army swam the Pearl river. Eight steamers left Vicksburg on the 6th, for Natchez, having on board 1200 goldiers under command of Gen. Ransom. On his arrival he captured five rebel officers crossing the river. He captured a battery of nine-guns, four of which are 10 pound Parrott's. He then marched back into the country nine wholesome change in the polley of the admin- miles and captured 247 boxes of amounition sternation. On returning to Natchez he found 5,000 head of Texas outle and over 1,000 hogsheads of sugar, all of which he took possession of in the name of the traited States. On the 8th two steamers arrived from New Orleans, via Port Hudson, bringing up 2,300 paroled rebel prisoners. Two steamers left on the 8th for New Orleans, with large loads of cattle, and three more for Vicksburg with live stock. The steamers Louisville and Elu-ira, captured up the Red river, arrived at Vicksburg on the 17th inst,

OFFICIAL DISPATCHES FROM GEN. GRANT. WASHINGTON. July 22 .- The following official dispatches from Gen. Grant have been received :

VICKSBURG, Miss., July 15 - Major General H. W. Halleck, General in Chief :- Gen. Sherman has Jackson invested from Pearl River on the north to the river on the south. Sherman says he has fore eenough, and feels no apprehension about the result.

Finding that Yazoo City was being fortified, sent General Herron there with his division. le-captured several hundred prisoners, one steamboat, five pieces of artillery, and all the public stores fell into our hands. The enemy burned three steamboats on the approach of the gunboats. The De Kalb was blown up and sunk in 12 feet of water by the explosion of a torpedo.

Finding that the enemy was crossing cattle for the rebel army at Natchez, and were said to have several thousand men there. I have sent steamboats and troops to collect them, and to destroy their boats and all means for making

The army paroled here have, to a great extent, deserted, and are scattered over the country in every direction.

(Signed) U. S. GRANT, Moi. Gen.

LATER-JACKSON EVACUATED. VICKSBURG, July 18, 1863.-Major General H. W. Halleck, General in Chief :-- Joe Johnson evacuated Jackson on the night of the 16th. He is now in full retreat east. Sherman says that most of his army must perish from heat, lack of water and general discouragement.

The army paroled here have to a great extent deserted, and are scattered over the country in every direction.

Hearing that Yazoo City was being fortified, I sent General Herron there. Five guns were captured, together with many stores and about 300 prisoners.

Gen. Ransom was sent to Natchez to stop the crossing of cattle for the Eastern army,been driven out of the city to be pastured; also that munitions of war had recently been crossed over to wait for Kirby Smith. He mounted about 200 of his men and sent them in both directions. They captured a number 2.000 head of which were sent to Gen. Banks. The balance have been and will be brought

MORGAN'S RAID. THE BIBES GENERAL WITH FIVE HUNDRED MEN ON A FAST RUN-DEATH OF MAJ. M'COOK.

CINCINNATI, July 22 - Morgan, with bout 500 men, encamped near M'Arthur, Vinton county, last night, and at half past 5 o'clock this morning he was within a mile of Vinton, on the Marietta and Cincinnati railroad. Major M'Cook, father of Major General

M'Cook-died at Pomeroy yesterday, from the effects of a wound received during the engagement with Morgan's gang at Buffington's island.

CAPTURE OF THREE HUNDRED REBELS. CAIRO, July 21.-Information was received on Saturday afternoon that a force of rebels. 300 or 400 strong, would encamp that night at a point three miles from Rienzi, with the intention to attack Camp Davis, a strong stockade fort six miles south of Corinth, the next morning, they being under the impression that the garrison was nearly all away, upon a scoul in Alabama. A detachment of the 6th Illinois, and the 3d battalion of the 6th Ohio cavalry, were immediately sent forward, who completely surprised and captured the whole force.

BARNUM'S HOTEL VISITED BY THE PRO-VOST GUARD.

BALTIMOBE, July 22 .- Barnum's hotel was visited to-day by the Provost Guard, and two packages which were left there by C. H. St. Clair, of Taneytown, Md., who was arrested two days sgo on the charge of being a spy, were opened. Four employees of the hotel were arrested on the charge of disloyalty. There is no charge whatever against Zenus Barnum, the proprietor.

THE DRAFT IN NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, July 22 .- The Express of this evening contains a rumor that a test case on the constitutionality of the draft will be made before the Court of Common Pleas on Monday, and be carried immediately to the Court of Appeals.

BY THE MAILS.

FALL OF A STATION HOUSE.

MEN, WOMEN AND CHILDREN BURIED UNDER THI RUINS-ELEVEN BODIES RECOVERED. A horrible-accident occurred in East Twenty woond street, New York, about noon yester day, (Tuesday.) The side wall of the Eigh teenth ward station house, which was burnt during the late disturbance, fell down upon a number of people, mostly children, who were engaged in picking up wood and coal from the ruins. A great number of people, estimated between twenty five and forty, were buried in the ruins. Eleven bodies were recovered up to nine o'clock last evening, four of them with life still in them, and not so much injured as to be beyond all hope of recovery.

BATTLE AT YAZOO CITY.

DEFEAT OF THE BEBELS-THE BABON DE KALB SUNK BY TORPEDOES.

The Secretary of the Navy has received the following dispatch from Admiral Porter :-

U. S. MIES. FOUADRON, FLAGSHIF BLACKHAWK, OFF VIOKBBURG. July 19, 1803 Vis CAIRO, July 21.

Hon. Gideon Welles : SIR : Hearing that General Johnson was fortifying Yazoo City with heavy guns, and gathering troops there for the purpose of gathering supplies for his army from the Yazoo country, and also that the remainder of the enemy's best transports were there, showing a possibility of his at-tempting to escape, Major General Grant and myself determined to send a naval and military expedition up there to capture them. The Baron de Kalb, New National, Kenwood and Signal, were despatched, under command of Lieut. Commanding John G. Walker, with a force of troops numbering 5,000 men under Major General Frank J. Herron. Pushing up to the city, the Baron de Kalb engaged the batwere all prepared to receive her and after finding out their strength, dropped back to notify Gen. Herron, who immediately landed his men, and the army and navy made a combined attack on the enemy's works. The rebels soon fled, leaving everything in our possession, and set fire to four of their finest steamers, that ran on the Mississippi in times past.

eign government, and has not declared his intention to become a citizen of the United States, and has never voted in any State. The affidavit to be supported by any proof the party may offer. If the Board is satisfied that the may oner. If the board is satisfied that the party claiming exemption is fully entitled thereto under the sol of Congress, they will discharge him from drift; but if not eatisfied, they shall refer the side, with the affidavit, through the provost marshal, for decision by the Deserment of States in the mean time the Department of State, in the mean time suspending any action in the case until the decision of the State Department be made .--The certificate of the State Department shall

in such case be considered evidence of the fact whether the person is or is not subject to mili-JAS. B FRY. tary duty. Provost Marshal General.

WAR GAZETTE-OFFICIAL. FFICERS OF THE UNITED STATES ARMY PLACED ON THE RETIRED LIST.

GENERAL ORDERS-NO. 20,

WAR DEPARTMENT, ADJUTANT GENEBAL'S OFFICE, WASHINGTON, JULY 16, 1663. By the direction of the President of the United States, the following officers are retired from active service, and their names will be

entered on the retired. list of officers of the grade to which they now respectively belong, in accordance with section twelve of the act approved July 17, 1862. This order to take effect August 1, 1863:

Major General John. E. Wool, Brigadier General William S. Harney.

Brevet Brigadier General Harvey Brown, Jolonel of the Fifth artillery. Colonel Justin Dimick, First artillery.

Colonel Charles S. Merchant, Fourth artil-

Lieutenant Colonel Martin Burke, Third rtillery.

By order of the Secretary of War. E. D. TOWNSEND,

Assistant Adjutant General.

WASHINGTON ITEMS -JULY 21. BEINSTATEMENT OF COL. WILLIAMS, OF THE

EIGHTY-SIXTH PA. BEGIMENT. The Secretary of War has removed the dis-ability of Colonel J. M. Williams, late of the Eighty sixth Pennsylvania regiment, who was removed on account of dissensions among the officers, and he has been authorized to raise a regiment.

OUR RELATIONS WITH ENGLAND.

The report of Messrs. Aspinwall and Forbes, who have recently arrived here from England, is said to be not very satisfactory. It is now apprehended that the rebel fleet will be permitted to sail from the British ports where they were built in spite of all the efforts of the agents of our government. . .

THE ATTACK ON CHABLESTON;

Government officials hold the opinion that General Gillmore has erected batteries commanding the water passage from James to Morris Island, thereby preventing all chances of rebel reenforcements reaching Fort Wag-ner in that direction. The shoals between Fort Sumpter and Morris Island prevent the use of our gunboats in obstructing the passage of troops, and there is a faint chance that they may throw forward infantry by night. With the taking of Wagner, the fall of Sumpter is a foregone conclusion, as the distance from Morris Island is only seven eighths of a mile.

MEXICO.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 20 .- Advices through Mexican sources state that Gen. Forey was actively attempting to recruit Mexicans for his army without meeting with much success. In his proclamation be promises the Mexicans a stable form of government, which shall regard the obligations to foreign nations not to permit oppressive taxation or forced loans; the press to have reasonable freedom, but not license; after two warnings, any newspaper committing a third offence shall be suspended; brigandage shall no longer be allowed; the urts must be reorganized on an incom

IMPORTANT TO FEMALES.

DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS. The combination of ingredients in these Pills are the result of a long and extensive practice They are mild in their operation, and certain in correcting all irregu-La lies, painful menstruation, removing all obstructions. whether from cold or otherwase, headache, pai in the side, palpitation of the heart, whiles, all nervousance tions, hysterics, fatigue, pain in th that trelimba ac, disturbed sleep, which arise from interrupti ci nature.

DR. CHEESEMAN 5 FILLS was the commencemen o anor e thick trait on of those irregularities and chitructi them 1 221 cons signed so many to a premati regr. 9 1922/can enjoy good health unless she is regular, and whenever an obstruction takes place the general health begins to de. cline.

DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS are the most effectual remedy ever known for all complaints peculiar to Females. To all asses they are invaluable, inducing, with certainty, periodical regular ity. They are known to thousands, who have used them at different periods, throughout the country, having the sanction of some of the most eminent Physicians in America.

Explicit directions, stating when they should not le used, with each BOX-the Price One Dollar per Boz, containing from 50 to 60 Pills. Pills sent by mail, promptly, by remitting to the Agents. Sold by Druggists generally. R. B. HUTCHINGS, Proprietor,

20 Cedar street, New York. Bold in Harrisburg, by C. A. Banwaft.
Mechanicaburg, by J. S. Deilett.
Garliale, by S. Elliott.
Shippensburg, by D. W. Raskin.
Chambersburg, by Miller & Hershey.
Hummelstown, by George Wolf.
Lebanon, by George Ross. dec6-

- . dec6-d&w1y

DR. TOBIAS' VENETIAN LINI-MENT has given universal satisfaction during the four. teen years it has been introduced into the United States. After being tried by millions, it has Been proclaimed the pain destroyer of the world Pain cannot be where this liniment is applied. If used as directed it cannot and never has failed in a single instance. For colds, coughs and influenza, it can't be beat. One 25 cent bottle will cure all the above, besides being useful in every family for sudden accidents, such as burns, cuts, scalds, insect stings, &c. It is perfectly innocent to take internally, and can be given to the oldest person or youngest child. Price 25 and 50 cents a bottle

Sold by all Druggists. Office, 56 Cortlandt street, je4 d&wim New York.

A CARD TO THE LADIES.

DR. DUPONCO'S GOLDEN PILLS! FOR FEMALES!

FOR FEMALES:
Infallible in Correcting, Regulating and Removing all Obstructions, from whatever cause, and always successful as a Pretonitus.
These PILLS have been used by the Dootors for many years, both in France and America, with unparalleled success in every case; and he is urged by many thousand ladies who used them, to make the Pills public for the alleriation of those suffering from any irregularities whatever, as well as to prevent an increase of family where health will not permit it. Females particularly situated, or those surgesting themselves so, are equitoned against these Pills while in that condition, as they are sure to produce miscarriage, and the proprietor assumes no responsibility effer this admonition, although their middness would prevent any mischief to health—otherwise the Pills are recommended. Full and explicit directions accompany each box. Price \$1.00 per box.
Bold, wholesale and retail, by OHARLES A. BANNY VART, Druggiat, No.2 Jones Row, and O. K. KELLER, Druggiat, Mo.2 Jones Row, and O. K. KELLER, Druggiat, Mo.2 Jones Row, and O. K. KELLER, Wrighterille; E. T. MILLER, York; S. ELLIOTT, Carliels, by, sending them \$1.00 to the Harrisburg Post Office, can have the Pills sent free of observation to any part of the constry (confidentially) and "free of postage" by mail.
Bold also by J. L. LEMBERGER, Lebanon; J. A. Wolf, Wrighterille; E. T. MILLER, York; S. ELLIOTT, Carliels; J. C. ALTOR, Shippenburg; J. SPANCIRE, Chanlors, and by 'once R. Wolesale Agents.
N. B.-Lock out for counterfeits. Buy no Golden Pills of any kind unless every box is signed S. D. Howe, all others are a base imposition and unsafe; therefore, show while signature of S. D. Howe, S. D. Ho

High Times in Madagascar.

Ail the world seems to be on the eve of great events. Here we have been waging an extensive civil war for more than two years. In parts of Asia it is raging fiercely. In Europe the aspect of affairs is threatening-any moment the red demon of war may be loosed, and bayonets be employed to cut the knot which diplomacy has drawn so tight that it has not the power to untie it. In the little Kingdom of Greece a small game of revolution has been essayed without success; and even in Madagascar, whose people we had supposed too ignorant and callous to know what oppression meant, a spark has been struck from the apparently dead log, and some mischief, or good, as the case may be, done. In fact they have had "a high old time" of it in that dark Kingdom, and spilled some royal and aristocratic blood. Here is a summary of their proceedings:

"It appears that the King yielded himself up to the advice of evil counsellors. He was expostulated with by his subjects, especially with respect to some bad laws which he had passed. The King refused to withdraw them, and thereupon the people, slaves, and soldiers assembled in public places to search for the thirty-three persons belonging to the court who were supposed to have been the authors of the opprobrious measures. Some were seized and murdered. The King interceded for the rest, and his request was granted only so far as their lives were concerned. The next day the King was assassinated, and the council proclaimed his widow Queen, and announced that Rodama had committed suicide. The Queen was compelled to promise abstinence from intoxicating drinks."

The world over mankind appear to be pretty much the same. Those who hold power are apt to forget right-and those who prize their rights are apt to hold on to them, to write for them, fight for them, and even revolutionize for them.

Our Majesty, like the Majesty of Madagascar, has "yielded himself up to the advice of evil counsellors ;" and if he did not "pass" "bad laws," he has shown a decided disposition to enforce them against popular opinion, | service for which they were drawn.

Thurlow Weed's Opinion of "Howling Abolitionists."

Thurlow Weed, who was recently the very brains of the Republican party, but withdrew from active participation in its affairs when it became so far Abolitionized'as to require no brains to conduct its policy, has written a letter to Raymond, of the New York Times, enclosing \$500 for the relief of the unfortunate negroes of that city who were driven from their homes and stripped of their all by the mob. In this letter. after alluding to the unreasonable hostility of many of the Irish to the negro, and averring that that hostility is embittered by the course of Abolition journals and fanatics. Mr. Woed says :

"But what cares Wendell Phillips how many negroes are murdered if their blood furnishes material for agitation ?

"There is abundant occasion for the public abhorrence of mob violence. But when all the circumstances have been revived, the pepular condemnation of those who, while the nation is struggling for existence, thrust the unoffending negro forward as a target for infuriated mobs, will become general and emphatic. Ultra Abolitionists were hailed in South Carolina as the 'best friends' of secession. Practically they are the worst enemies of the colored man. But for the 'malign influence' of these howling Abolitionists, in Congress and with the President, rebellion would not, in the beginning, have assumed such formidable proportions; nor, in its progress, would the North have been divided, or the Government crippled."

THE WHEAT CROP in this vicinity, we are glad to be able to state, is not materially injured by the late heavy rains. By our own personal experience from a visit to the country, within a day or two, and by conversation with the owner of three large farms, we feel authorized to state that the damage will in no case, here about, exceed five per cent, of the crop; while in others, though entire fields of it have been for several days in shock, exposed to daily raine, the grain is wholly uninjured. Much of that which is cut was no doubt garnered yesterday. The average loss by the excessive rains in Eastern Pennsylvania and South Jersey, may safely be set down as not exceeding two per cent., and probably not more than one, while the yield of wheat is one of the heaviest ever known.—Ledger.

SUBSTITUTES FROM CANADA .--- The Boston

Herald says that since the draft there, large numbers of men from the Canadas have arrived in that city with the intention to offer themselves as substitutes. The number is stated to be much larger than that of the peraway to the Provinces to escape the military

In Louisiana they captured more prisoners tion. Over 2,000,000 rounds of musket ammunition were brought back with the teams captured, and 268,000 rounds, besides artillery ammunition, destroyed. U. S. GRANT, Maj. Gen. Commanding.

FROM WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON; July 22 .- The Invalid Corps s rapidly reaching its prescribed dimensions. Twenty companies of the first battalion have already been organized, and also seven compapies of the second battalion. Recruits are gathered in St. Louis, Washington, Michigan, Connecticut, South Carolina and Fortress Monroe, and will soon be brought into the organization. At least twenty-five hundred men have already enlisted. Some of them are performing guard duty at the War Department and other places. The men are delighted with the corps, which they regard one of especial houor.

The statement is erroneous that the thirty invalid soldiers recently sent to the Provost Marshal's office in New York fired blank cartridges at those who assailed them. They each had sixty rounds of ammunition and used them to the best advantage. Their friends think this correction is due to their character.

The Treasury Department has issued notice to traders, shippers, and carriers, or local rules and restrictions for the Third Special Agency, which comprises so much of the State of North Carolina as is of may be in the lines of military occupation by the United States forces.

It appears that commercial intercourse with localities beyond the lines of military occupation by our troops is strictly prohibited. No permit will be granted for the transportation of any articles to any blockaded port or place, except upon the request of the Department of War or of the Navy, either directly or through a duly authorized officer, accompanied by a certificate that the articles are needed for military or naval purposes. Authorized permits will be granted only by the Collector of Custems at Beaufort, or other officers specially designated for that purpose, or with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury. Until otherwise ordered, no permit will be granted to purchase, trade or barter in tar, turpentine or rosin within the limits of this agency, or to transport the same therefrom on private account. No vessel, boat, or other craft, or vehicle used for transportation, shall put off any goods, wares or merchaudize at any place other than that named in the permit or clearance as the place of destination. The supervising special agent for this agency (D. Weaton) will keep an office at Beaufort, N. C., till otherwise directed.

FROM NORTH CAROLINA.

NEWBERN, N. C., July 18 -A cavalry expedition left this morning, which will penetrate the interior a hundred miles or more. Before this is published its mission will have been accomplished. Its programme includes the destruction of extensive railroad bridges, culverts and railroad connections. General Potter is in command.

The recont enlargement of General Foster's command, which now embraces Richmond, is the cause of great rejoioing in this department. and is considered equivalent to the speedy fall of that city.

A distinguished statesman and an extensive slaveholder in the interior of North Carolina, who has been an anti-slavery man since the first rebel gun was fired into Fort Sumpter has sons who have been drafted and who have run written an elaborate work entitled "Slavery, and the Rebellion," which is on the way to New York for publication.

The army pursued the enemy, and captured their rear guard, of 260 men, and, at last ac. counts, were taking more prisoners. Six heavy guns and one vessel, formerly a gun. boat, fell into our hands, and all the munitions of war.

Unfortunately, while the Baron De Kalb was moving slowly along, she ran afoul of a torpedo, which exploded and sunk her. There was no sign of anything of the kind to be seen. While she was going down, another exploded under her stern. The water is rising fast in the Yazoo, and we can do nothing more than get the guns out of her, and then tow her into deep water, where she will lie undisturbed until we are able to raise her. The officers and men lost everything.

I have the honor to be, very respectfully, vour obedient servant. DAVID D. POTER, Acting Rear Admiral.

Commanding Mississippi Squadron.

THE NAVAL PURSUIT OF MORGAN. U. S. STEAMER MOORE, ABOVE BUFFINGTON, } OHIO BIVER, July 19.

Hon. Gideon Wells, Secretary of the Navy :

After chasing Morgan nearly 500 miles, I at last met him on the river at this point, and en. gaged and drove him back, capturing two of his pieces of artillery. He abandoned the rest to General Judah. The enemy broke in confusion from the banks, and left his wagon train, many horses and small arms in my possession. Since writing the above, I followed further

ap the river and met another portion of Morgan's force fording about nine miles above. I shelled and drove most of them back, killing several, and wounded twenty-five or thirty, and captured twenty more horses.

I have but two men wounded, slightly. Our shell and sharpnell created great confusion in the rebel ranks, killing and wounding LEROY FITCH, many.

SIEGING JACKSON.

eft Vicksburg on the 15th, we get the followbg:

command by General Sherman, it is said, for disobedience of orders and prematurely attacking Jackson. He made an attack on the 13th. and was repulsed with a loss of 300 killed and wounded.

A large fleet of transports, convoyed by gunboats, has gone up the Red river, under Gen. Ransom. When he returns he is to take command at Nachez. Our forces at Milliken's Bend and Lake

Providence are reported to be suffering considerably from sickness.

INTERESTING TO ALIENS.

WAR DEPARTMENT, PROVOST MARSHAL GENERAL'S OFFICE WASHINGTON, D. C., July 15. PFFICE,

CIRCULAR, No. 53 .- Any person claiming exemption on the ground of alienage shall file. before the board an affidavit :

1. That he is an alien, and setting forth the government of which he claims to be a subject.

date. 3. That he has never declared his intention to become a citizen of the United States, and has not exercised the right of suffrage by voting at any election in any State.

4. That he claims to be exempt from service on the ground that he is the subject of a forble basis; no more decisions shall be sold to the highest bidder; the Catholic religion will be protected; the banisl ed Bishops be recalled, and Indians and laborers will no longer be dragged into the army. The Mexican army is broken into many de-

tachments, and are hovering about the City of Mexico. Gen. Ortega, who, the French say, violated his parole after the capture of Pue'la, now commands the Mexican troops between San Luis Potosi and the city. Gen. Negretta has been appointed to command the Mexican troops in the State of Puebla. Having 2,000 cavalry, he was operating to destroy communication between Mexico and Vera Cruz. No English or French couriers had arrived from

Vera Cruz within thirty days.

THE ATTACK UPON CHABLESTON .--- A DAVAL officer furnishes the following list of vessels, with their tonnage, guns and number of men, engaged in the attack upon the defences at Charleston :

Name. Tons. Iron-olad Now Ironsides., 3,486 Steam fr gate Wabash..... 4,200 Steam sloop Powhatan.... 2,415 Iron-clad Weehawken..... 844 Steam sloop Formation 1000 Guns and men 20 40 12 400 400 300 100 300 250 250 250 100 250 100 100 100 100 12 gunoont tousgo... 600 Do...Huron 507 Do...Ottawa.... 507 Do...Seneca 507 Do....Wassahickon 507 Do....Marblehead. 507 100 100

Total..... 17,195 669 3:240

"Several ships, barques and small craft are attached to the fleet, but the above is probably all the Admiral will put under fire. The ironclads are in excellent condition, the workmen having been sent South from New York to put them in trim. The fight will not be a rapid one, as is supposed here, from inklings gathered from the Admiral, that the 'job is to be handled carefully and finished well.'"

On the eve of making the draft in the Monroe district, it was found that the town of Clarkson was assigned 125 less than its just quota, and the town of Shelby in Orleans, was let off with 200 less than its due share. The former gave 66, and the latter 132 majority j720-eod td for Wudsworth .--- Rochester Union.

DIED.

At Mrs. Halbach's, on Tuesday, July 22, at 12 o'clock m., PEBRY MARTIN. The funeral will take place on Saturday morning

July 25, at 90'clock, from the residence of Mrs. Helbach, Surquehanna township.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

MOTHERS! MOTHERS!

Don't fail to procure Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHINC SYRUP for CHILDREN TEETHING. This val ble preparation is the prescription of one of the best female physicians and nurses in the United States, and has been used for thirty years with never failing safety and succeas by millions of mothers and children, from the feeble infant of ene week old to the aduit.

It not only relieves the child from pain, but invigorates the stomach and bowels, corrects acidity, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. It will almost instantly relieve GRIPING IN THE BOWELS AND WIND COLIG.

We believe it the best and surest remedy in the world 22. The time when he came into the United in all cases of DYSENTERY AND DIABRHEA IN States, and where he has resided since that | OHILDREN, whether it arises from teething or from any other cause.

Fall directions for using will accompany each bottle None genuine unless the fac simile of CURTIS & PER-KINS, New York, is on the outside wrapper.

Sold by all Medicine Dealers. Principal Office, 45 Dey street, New York. Price only 25 cents per bottle. 28-dawim my28-d&w6m

New Advertisements.

OFFICE OF THE HARRISDUEG BRIDGE COMPANT.) Harrisburg, Pa., July 22, 1863. { A dividend of three per cont, on the capital stock of this Company was this day declared by the Board of Directors out of the profits of the last six months, pay-able at the office of the Treasurer, Waln t street, near Second. jy23.81* jy23 3t*

DROPOSALS FOR THE CONSTRUC-PROPOSALS FOR THE CONSTRUC-TION OF A SEWER IN VERBER KTOWN.—Sealed proposals, addressed to the President of the Common Council of the city of Harrisburg, will be received un-til Saturday, vening, August 1, 1863, for the construc-tion of a sewer three feet six inches in diameter, in Verb-ke street, (late Broad street,) from Elder street to the river. The bidders to state the price per lineal yard, including all the work and materials Plans and specifications can be seen at the office of Hother Hage, Eq. City Surveyer, where all necessary information can be obtained. WM MOBRIS, W. K. VERDERE, jy23-codtd Street Com. 32 District.

A SSIGNEE'S NOTICE. -- Notice is A hereby given that the account of Robt W. M'Clure, Assignce of Samuel Wallower, has been filed in the Court of Common Pleas of Dauphin county, and will be confirmed on the 27th day of August, 1863, unless cause be shown to the contrary. J. C YOUNG, jy 23-2td<w. Prothonotary, FOUND-A box of Tobacco. The owner can have it by proving property and paying obarges, by applying to JOHN ALBRIGHT. jy22-31# Filbert street, Harrisburg.

BIRD CAGES, CHILDBENS'

CHILDRENS' CARRIAGES. The largest stock in the city, is found at 110 Market treet. For sale by GEO. W. PARSONS. jy22 d1w

DIVIDEND.-The President and Man-Dividend of two per cent. upon the capital stock of shid company, payable to the stockholders on demand. RUD. F. KELKER, Treasurer, Harrisburg, July 13, 63-j20,6t No. 6, 8. Front st.

DROPOSALS FOR BUILDING A

SRWER -Scaled proposals will be received at the Council Chamber of the Common Council of the gity of Harrisburg, until three o'clock p. m. of Saturday, the first day of August next, for the construction of a BRICK SRWER, four feet in diameter in the clear, in North street, from the termination of the sewer under the canal, near the foot of said street, to Cowden street. according to the plans and specifications of Hother us cause, mar the sect of said street, to Cowden street, according to the plans and specificat ons of Hother Hage, Ohief Regulator of the city. The contractor to furnish all the materials and do all the labor. Prop-sals to state the price per lineal yard for the sewer-when completed.

Payments to be made on the estimates of the Chief Regulator as the work progresses, and the Council to reserve twenty per cent. of the said estimates unlil the sewer is completed.

GEO. J. SHOVMAKER, LEVI WEAVER, Committee.

WANTED .- \$75 A MONTH ! I want W Int 1 1 2 ... with the set of t

WANTED.-\$60 A MONTH! We VV want Agents at \$60 a month, experses pid, to sell our Everlasting Pencils, Oriental Burners, and thirteen other new, useful and eurious articles. Fift.eu thirtsen other new, useful and curious articles. Fift et circulars sent free. Address, m7-w8m SUAW & CLARK, Biddeford, Maine.

NDEPENDENCE ISLAND.

Messre. BECKER & FALK, Proprietors, appounce to the citizens of Harrisburg that this cool and delightful Summer retreat is now open for visitors. Accommoda-tions will be furnished to parties and pic-nics at reason-able terms, a dancing platform having been erected for their special use. Season tickets for families, good for one ver \$160 one vesr. \$1.60

one year, 51.66 No improper characters admitted, and no intoxicated person will be permitted to visit the Island. A Ferry Boat plies constantly between the Island and the foot of Bavad street, West Harrisburg. jell-3m

TRAND PIC-NIC for the BENEFIT

OF THE HOPE FIRE COMPANY NO. 2,

AT HOFFMAN'S WOODS.

SATURDAY, JULY 25th, 1863.

FLOOR MANAGERS.

T. GI BANTLE, JOINT GOULS, D. E. MARTIN, JONN CRULL, J. S. MARTIN, JONN CRULL, J. SPRUCERANKS. []] To improper characters will be admitted, and there will be a sufficient police force on the ground to preserve order. jy9-codd

CAino, July 20 .- From D. F. Parker, who General Lauman has been relieved of his

Lieutenant Commander. FROM GEN. GRANT'S ARMY. GEN. LAUMAN RELIEVED -GEN. SHERMAN BE-