gr Business notices inserted in the LOGAL COLUMN, or bet to marriages and deaths, THE CENTS PUR LINE for the Local column of insertion. To merchants and others advertising y the year, liberal terms will be offered.

[1] The number of insertions must be designated on he advertisement.

e advertisement.

| P Harriages and Deaths will be inserted at the same
| see as regular advertisements.

Business Cards.

SILAS WARD.

NO. 11, NOSTH THIRD ST., HARRISBURG. STEINWAY'S PIANOS MELODEONS, VIOLINS, GUITARS,

Banjos, Flutes, Fifes, Drums, Accordeons, STRINGS, SHEET AND BOOK MUSIC, &c., &c., PHOTOGRAPH FRAMES, ALBUMS, Large Pier and Mantle Mirrors, Square and Oval Frame-of every description made to order. Reguilding done Agency for Howe's Sewing Machines. 1 Sheet Music sent by Mail. oct1-1

TOHN W. GLOVER,

MERCHANT TAILOR! Has just received from New York, an assort-

ment of SEASONABLE GOODS, which he offers to his customers and the public at MODERATE PRICES. nov22)

HARRY WILLIAMS, CLAIM AGENT. 402 WALNUT STREET.

PHILADELPHIA.

General Claims for Soldiers promptly col'ected, State
Claims adjusted, &c., &c. mar20-dlm

SMITH & EWING,

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, THIRD STREET, Harrisburg, Practice in the several Courts of Dauphin county. Colieutions made promptly.

A. C. SMITH,
J. B. EWING.

COOK, Merchant Tailor, 27 CHESNUT ST., between Second and Front

FOR PILES.—As an external remedy, we claim that it is the best known, and we challenge the world to produce an equal. Every victim of this distressing complaint should give it a trial, for it will not fail to afford immediate relief, and in a majority of cases will effect a radical cure.

QUINSY and SORE THROAT are sometimes extremely malignant and dasgerous, but a timely application of this Limiment will never fail to cure.

SPRAINS are sometimes very obstinate, and enlargement of the joints is liable to occur if neglected. The worst case may be conquered by this Limiment in two or three days.

BRUISES. CUTS, WOUNDS, SORES, ULCERS, BURNS and SCALUS, yield readly to the wonderful healing properties of DR. SWERT'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT, when used according to directions. Also, CHILBLAINS, FROSTED FEET, and INSECT BITES and STINGS. Has just returned from the city with an assortment of CLOTHS, CASSIMERES AND VESTINGS,
Which will be sold at moderate prices and made up torder; and, also, an assortment of READY MADE Clothing and Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods.

ENTISTRY.

B. M. GILDEA, D. D. S., NO. 119 MARKET STREET, EBY & KUNKEL'S BUILDING, UP STAIRS. jan8-tf

DELIGIOUS BOOK STORE, TRACT AND SUNDAY SCHOOL DEPOSITORY,

E. S. GERMAN. ST SOUTH SECOND STREET, ABOVE CHESNUT,

HARRIBURG, PA.

Depot for the sale of Stereoscopes, Stereoscopic Views,
Music and Musical Instruments. Also, subscriptions
taken for religious publications. no30-dy

OHN G. W. MARTIN, FASHIONABLE

CARD WRITER,

HERR'S HOTEL, HARRISBURG, PA.

All manner of VISITING, WEDD ING AND BUSINESS CARDS executed in the most artistic styles and
most reasonable terms.

NION HOTEL. Ridge Avenue, corner of Broad street, HARRISBURG, PA.

The undersigned informs the public that he has re-cently renevated and refitted his well-known "Union Hotel" on Ridge avenue, near the Round House, and is Hotel "on hidge avenue, near the hound House, and is prepared to accome godate citizens, strangers and travelers in the seat style, at moderate rates.

His table will be supplied with the best the maskets afford, and at his bar will be found superior brands of liquers and make beverages. The very best accommodations for railroaders employed at the shops in this vicinity.

[al4 dtf] HENEY BOSTGEN. [al4 dtf]

FRANKLIN HOUSE,

This pleasant and commodition Hotel has been the roughly re-fitted and re-furnished. It is pleasantly situated on North-West corner of Howard and Franklin streets, a few doors west of the Northern Central Railway Depot. Every attention paid to the comfort of his guests.

G. LEISENBING, Proprietor, jel2-tf

(Late of Solins Greve. Pa.)

THEO. F. SCHEFFER,

BOOK, CARD AND JOB PRINTER, NO. 18 MARKET STREET, HARRISBURG.

Particular attention paid to printing, ruling and ling of Railroad Blanks, Manifests, Insurance Policies, Checks, Bill-Heads, &c.
Wedding, Visiting and Business Cards printed at very
low prices and in the best style.

F. WATSON. MASTIC WORKER

PRACTICAL CEMENTER Is prepared to Cement the exterior of Buildings with he New York Improved

Water-Proof Mastic Cement. This Material is different from all other Coments This waterial is different from all other tements. It forms a solid, durable scheeniveness to any surface imperishable by the action of water or frost. Every good building should be coated with this Cement; it is a perfect presever to the walls, and makes a beautiful, fine finish, equal to Eastern brown sandstone, or any condication.

color desired.

Among others for whom I have applied the Mastle Coment, I refer to the following gentlemen:

J. Bissell, residence, Penn street, Pittsburg, finished J. H. Shoenberger, residence, Lawrenceville, finished five years.

James M'Candlass, residence, Allegheny City, finished

Calvin Adams, residence, Third at eet, finished four A. Hoeveler, residence, Lawrenceville, finished four ears. J. D. M'Cord, Penn street, finished four years. Hon. Thomas Irwin, Diamond street, inished four

years. St Charles Hotel and Girard House, finished five years.

Kittanning Court House and Bank, for Barr & Moser,
Architects, Pittaburg, finished five years.
Orders received at the .flee of R M'Ridowney, Paint
Shop, 20 Seventh street, or please address
T. F. WATSON,
mayl6-tf
P. O. Box 13 6. Pittaburg, Pa.

MESSRS. CHICKERING & CO. HAVE AGAIN OBTAINED THE

OLD MEDAL! AT THE MECHANICS' FAIR, BOSTON,

OVER SIXTY COMPETITORS! Warsroom for the CHICKERING PIANOS, at Harris-

burg, at 92 Market street,
ocif-tf W. KNOCHE'S MUSIC STORE.

ADIES! YOU KNOW WERE YOU A can get fine Note Paper, Envelopes, Visiting an Wedding Cards? At SCHEFFER'S BOOKSTORE. DUPERIOR STOCK OF LIQU'IRS .-

WM DOCK, Ja., & CO., are now able to offer to their customers and the public at large, a stock of the purest liquors ever imported into this market, compri-sing in part the following varieties: WHISKY—IRISH, SCOTCH, OLD BOURBON. WINE-PORT, SHERRY, OLD MADEIRA. OTARD, DUPEY & CO. PALE BRANDW. JAMICA SPIRITS.

PRIME NEW ENGLAND RUM. DRAKE'S PLANTATION BITTERS. These liquors can all be warranted; and in addition to these, Dock & Co. have on hand a large variety of thines, Whighy and Brandy, to which they invite the particular attention of the public

NOTIONS.—Quite a variety of useful and entertaining articles cheep at ROHEFFER'S BOOKSTORE.

MACKEREL, Nos. 1, 2 and 2 in all sleed packages— new, and such package sourcasted. Just received, and for sale low by WM, DOOK Jr., & CO. WINDOW SHADES of lines, giltberdered; and PAPER BLINDS of an endless
variety of designs and ornaments; also, OURTAIN
PIXTURES and TASSRLS av very low prices. Gall at BLACKING!!—MANON'S "CHALLENGE BLACKING."—100 GROSE assorted size, just re-polited and for sale, wholesele duri rates!. WHE: DOCK, Jr., & CO.

Patriot



Union.

VOL. 5.—NO. 275.

Medicai.

DR. SWEET'S

INFALLIBLE LINIMENT

GREAT EXTERNAL REMEDY,

FOR RHEUMATISM, GOUT, NEURALGIA,

LUMBAGO, STIFF NECK AND JOINTS,

SPRAINS, BRUISES, CUTS & WOUNDS,

PILES,-HEADACHE, and ALL-RHEU-

MATIC and NERVOUS DISORDERS

For all of which it is a speedy and certain remedy, and never fails. This Liniment is prepared from the recipe of Dr Stephen Swert of Connecticut, the famous bone setter, and has been used in his practice for more than twenty years with the most astonishing success.

cess.

AS AN ALLEVIATOR OF PAIN, it is unrivaled by any preparation before the public, of which the most skeptical may be convinced by a single trial.

This Liniment will core rapidly and radically, RHEU-MATIC DISORDERS of every kind, and in thousands of cases where it has been used it has never been known to fail.

of cases where it has been used it has never been known to fall.

FOR NEURALGIA, it will afford immediate relief in every case, however distressing.

It will relieve the worst cases of HEADACHE in three minutes and is warranted to do it.

TOOTHACHE also will it cure instantly.

FOR NERVOUS DEBILITY AND GENERAL LASSITUDE, arising from imprudence or excess, this Liniment is a most happy and unfailing remedy. Acting directly upon the nervous tissues, it strengthens and revivities the system, and restores it to elasticity and vigor.

rigor.
FOR PILES.—As an external remedy, we claim that

EVERY HORSE OWNER

should have this remedy at hand, for its timely use at the first appearance of Lameness will effectually pre-vent those formidable diseases to which all horses are

houses communicated diseases to which all norses are liable and which render so many otherwise valuable houses nearly worthless.

Over four bundred voluntary testimonials to the wonderful curative properties of this Liniment have been received within the last two years, and many of them from persons in the highest ranks of life.

CAUTION.

Fole Proprietors, Norwich, Ct. For sale by all dealers. aplleow-d&w

Business Cards.

ROBERT SNODGRASS,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

Office North Third street, third door above Mar-

ket, Harrisburg, Pa.

R. E. FERGUSON,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW.

OFFICE IN

SHOLEMAKER'S BUILDINGS

SECOND STREET.

BETWEEN WALNUT and MARKET SQUARE,

ap-29w&d Nearly opposite the Buehler House.

THOS. C. MACDOWELL,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

MILITARY CLAIM AND PATENT AGENT.

Office in the Exchange, Walnut st., (Up Stairs.)

Having formed a connection with parties in Washington City, wao are reliable business men, any business connected with any of the Departments will meet with immediate and careful attention.

RESIDENCE THIRD NEAR NORTH STREET.

He is now fully prepared to attend promptly to the duties of profession in all its branches.

A LONG AND VERY STOCKESSFUL MEDICAL EXPERIMENT justices him in promising full and ample satisfaction to all who may favor him with a call, be the disease Chronic or any other nature.

M18-d&wiy

GEO. A. RLUGH.

The subscriber is ready at NO. 94, MARKET ST. four doors below Fourth street, to make

MEN'S AND BOY'S CLOTHING

In any desired style, and with skill and promptness. Persons wishing cutting done can have it done at the shortest notice. ap27-dly

Opeing.

ALL WORK PROMISED IN

104.

PENNSYLVANIA

STEAM DYEING ESTABLISHMENT,

BETWEEN FOURTH AND FIFTH,

HARRIED BO BA PA.,
Where every description of Ladies' and Gentlemen's farments, Piece Goods, &c., are Dyed, Cleansed, and taisked in the bust manner and at the shortest notice no9-dawly

CHARLES F. VOLLMER

UPHOLSTERER,

Chestnut street. four doors above Second.

(OPPOSITE WASHINGTON HOSE HOUSE,)

Is prepared to furnish to order, in the very best style of workmanship, Spring and Hair Mattresses, Window Curtains, Lounges, and all other articles of Furniture in his line, on short notice and moderate terms. Having experience in the business, he feels warranted in asking a share of public patronage, confident of his ability to give satisfaction.

WEBSTER'S ARMY AND NAVY

POCKET DICTIONARY.

Just received and for sale at SUHEFFER'S BOOKSTORE.

Scheffer's Bookstore.

104 MARKET STREET.

SURGEON AND OCULIST,

AR. C. WEICHEL,

TAILORING.

WM. H. MILLER,

HARRISBURG, PA., TUESDAY, JULY 21, 1863.

THE

Weekly "Patriot & Union," THE CHEAPEST PAPER PUBLISHED IN

AND THE ONLY DEMOCRATIC PAPER PUBLISHED AT THE SEAT OF GOVERNMENT!

PENNSYLVANIA!

FORTY-FOUR COLUMNS OF READING MAT-TER EACH WEEK! AT THE LOW PRICE OF ONE DOLLAR AND FIFTY CENTS!

WHEN SUBSCRIBED FOR IN CLUBS OF NOT LESS

THAN TEN COPIES TO ONE ADDRESS! We have been compelled to raise the club subscription price to one dollar and fifty cents in order to save oursolves from actual loss. Paper has risen, including taxes, about twenty-five per cent., and is still rising; and when we tell our Democratic friends, candidly, that we can no longer afford to sell the Weekly PATRIET AND Thron at one dollar a year, and must add fifty cents or stop the publication; we trust they will appreciate our position, and, instead of withdrawing their subscriptions, go to work with a will to increase our list in every county in the State. We have endeavored, and shall continue our efforts, to make the paper useful as a party organ, and welcome as a news messanger to every family. We flatter ourselves that it has not been without some influence in producing the glorious revolution in the politics of the State achieved at the late election; and if fearlessness in the discharge of duty; fidelity to the principles of the party, and an auxious desire to promote its interests, with some experience and a moderate degree of ability, can be made serviceable hereafter, the Weekly Parrior and Union will not be less useful to the party or less welcome to the family circle in the future than it has been in the past. We confidently look for increased encouragement in this great enterprise, and appeal to every influential Democrat in the State to lend us his aid in running our superription list up to twenty or thirty thousand. The expense to each indiwidual is trifling, the benefit to the party may be great. Believing that the Democracy of the State feel the ne cossity of sustaining a fearless central organ, we make this appeal to them for assistance with the fullest confidence of success.

The same reasons which induce us to raise the price of the Weekly, operate in regard to the Daily paper, the price of which is also increased. The additional cost to each subscriber will be but trifling; and, while we can not persuade ourselves that the change necessarily made will result in any diminution of our daily circulation, yet, were we certain that such would be the conse quence, we should still be compelled to make it, or suffer a ruinous loss. Under these circumstances we must throw ourselves upon the generosity, or, rather, the justice of the public, and abide their verdict, whatever it may be.

To avoid imposit on, observe the Signature and Likeness of Dr. Stephen Sweet on eyery label, and also "Stephen Sweet's Infallible Limment" blows in the glass of each bettle, without which rone are genuine, RICH ARDSON & CO. The period for which many of our subscribers have paid for their paper being on the eve of expiring, we take the liberty of issuing this notice, reminding them of the same, in order that they may

RENEW THEIR CLUBS. We shall also take it as an especial favor if our presen subscribers will urge upon their neighbors the fact that the PATRIOT AND UNION is the only Democratic paper printed in Harrisburg, and considering the large am of reading matter, embracing all the current news of the day, and

TELEGRAPHIC DISPATCHES N. B.—Pension, Bounty and Military claims of all kinds prosecut d and collected. Refer to Hous John C. Kunkel, David Mumma, jr., and R. A. Lamberton. myll-d&w6m From everywhere up to the moment the paper goes to press, political, miscellaneous, general and local news market reports, is decidedly the CHEAPEST NEWSPAPER PUBLISHED IN

THE STATE! There is scarcely a village or town in the State in which a club cannot be raised if the proper exertion be made, and surely there are few places in which one or more energetic men cannot be found who are in favor of the dissemination of sound Democratic doctrines, who

would be willing to make the effort to raise a club. DEMOCRATS OF THE INTERIOR! Let us hear from you. The existing war, and the approaching sessions of Congress and the State Legislature, are invested with unusual interest, and every map

should have the news. TERMS. DAILY PATRIOT AND UNION.

flingio copy during the cession of the Legislature .. 2 00 City subscribers ten cents per week. Copies supplied to agents at the rate of \$1 50 per hundred.

WEEKLY PATRIOT AND UNION,

Published every Thursday. . Subscriptions may commence at any time. PAY AL-WAYS IN ADVANCE. We are obliged to make this imperative. In every instance cash must accompany subscription. Any person sending us a club of twenty subscribers to the Weekly will be entitled to a copy for his services. The price, even at the advanced rate is so low that we cannot offer greater inducements than this. Additions may be made at any time to a club of subscribers by remitting one dollar and fifty cents for each additional name. It is not necessary to send us the names of those constituting a club, as we cannot

undertake to address each paper to club subscribers separately. Specimen copies of the Weekly will be sent o all who desire it. O. BARRETT & CO., Harriaburg, Pa. N. B.—The following law, passed by Congress in 1850, defines the duty of Postmasters in relation to the delivery of newspapers to club subscribers:

(See Little, Brown & Co.'s edition of the Laws of 1860, page 38, chapter 131, section 1.) Provided, however, that where packages of new pa persor periodicals are received at any post office directed to one address, and the names of the club subscribers to which . hey belong, with the postage for a quarter in ad-rance, shall be handed to the postmaster, he shall de-liver the same to their respective owners.

To enable the Postmaster to comply with this regulation, it will be necessary that he be furnished with the list of names composing the club, and paid a quarter's or year's) postage in advance. The uniform courtesy of Postmasters, affords the assurance that they will cheerfully accommonate club subscribers, and the latter should take care that the postage, which is but a trifle in each case, be paid in advance. Send on the clubs

SPLENDID ASSORTMENT LITHOGRAPHS.

Formerly retailed at from \$3 to \$5, sre now offered at 50 and 75 cents, and \$1 and \$1 50—rublished by the Ar Union, and formerly retailed by them.

Splendid Photographic Album Pictures of all distinguished men and Generals of the army, at only 10 cts.

For sale at SCHEFFER'S Bookstore,

BASKETS!

SKETS!
LADIES TRAVELING,
MARKET.
SBHOOL,
PAPER,
KNIFE,
CLOTHES,
ROUND,
CHILDREN'S,
CAKE,

For sale low, by jel2 3.000 BUSHELS York State Potatoes, J, UUU of different name,
1,400 Bushels Vork State Apples,
A choice lot of York State Butter.
Also, a superior lot of Catawha Grapes, and 30 bushels
Shellbarks, just received and for sale low by
H. W. SIBLE & CO,
No. 106 Market street.

WHITE BRANDY !!!-- FOR PRESERV WV ING PURPOSES.—A very superior article, (strictly pure,) just received and for sale by july!

WM. DOOK, Jr., & Co.

NEW ORLEANS SUGAR!—FIRST IN THE MARKET!—For sale by WM. DOOK JE., & CO.

The Patriot & Union.

TUESDAY MORNING, JULY 21, 1868.

THE ARSENAL AT SPRINGFIELD.

BY H. W. LONGFELLOW.

This is the Arsenal. From floor to ceiling, Like a huge organ, rise the burnished arms; But from their silent pipes no anthem pealing Startles the villages with strange alarms. Ah! what a sound will rise, how wild and dreary, When the death-angel touches these swift keys! What loud lament and dismal Miserere Will mingle with their awful symphonies!

I hear even now the infinite fierce chorus, The cries of agony, the endless grean,
Which through the ages that have gone before us,
In leng reverberations reach our own. * * * * * *

The tumuit of each-sacked and burning village; The shout that every prayer for mercy drowns; The soldiers' revel in the midst of pillage; The wail of famine in beleaguered towns;

The bursting shell, the gateway wrenched asunder, The rattling masketry, the clashing blade; And ever and anon, in tones of thunder, The dispason of the cannonade. Were half the power that fills the world with terror,
Were half the wealth best-wed on comps and courts,
G ven to redeem the human mind from error,
There were no need of argenals or forts;

The warrior's name would be a name abhorred!
And every nation that shou'd lift signin
Its hand against a brother, on its forehead
Would wear forevermore the curse of Cain! Down the dark future, through long generations, The echeing sounds grow fainter, and then cease; And like a bell, with solemn, sweet vibrations,
I hear once more the voice of Ohrist say "Peace!"

Peace! and no longer from its brazes portals
The blast of war's great organ shakes the skies!
But beautiful as songe of the immortals,
The holy melodies of love arise.

VALLANDIGHAM. His Second Address to the People of

Ohio.

He Accepts the Nomination for Governor and Defines His Position.

NIAGARA FAILS, CANADA WEST, }
July 15.

Arrested and confined for three weeks in the United States, a prisoner of state; banished thence to the Confederate States, and there held as an alien enemy and prisoner of war, though on parole; fairly and honorably dealt with and given leave to depart, an act possible only by running the blockade at the hazard of being fired upon by ships flying the flag of my own country, I found myself first a freeman when on British soil. And to day, under protection of the British flag, I am here to enjoy and in part to exercise the privileges and rights which usurpers insolently deny me at home. The shallow contrivance of the weak despots at Washington, and their advisers, has been defeated. Nay, it has been turned against them; and I, who for two years was maligned as in secret league with the Confederates, having refused when in their midst, under circumstances the most favorable, either to identify myself with their cause or even so much as to remain, preferring rather exile in a foreign and, return now with allegiance to my own State and, Government, unbroken in word, thought or deed, and with every declaration and pledge to you while at home, and before I was stolen away, made good in spirit and to the very letter.

Six weeks ago, when just going into banishment, because an audacious but most cowardly despotism caused it, I addressed you as a fellow-citizen. To-day, and from the very place then selected by me, but after wearisome and most perilous journeyings for more than four thousand miles by land and upon the sea, still in exile, though almost in sight of my native State, I greet you as your representative.-Grateful certainly I am for the confidence in my integrity and patriotism, implied by the unanimous nomination as candidate for Governor of Onio, which you gave me while I was yet in the Confederate States. It was not misplaced; it shall never be abused. But this is the last of all considerations in times like these. I ask no personal sympathy for the personal wrong. No; it is the cause of constitutional liberty and private right cruelly outraged beyoud example in a free country, by the Prosident and his servants, which gives public significancy to the action of your convention .-Yours was, indeed, an act of justice to a citizen who, for his devotion to the rights of the States and the liberties of the people, had been marked for destruction by the hand of arbitrary power. But it was much more. It was an example of courage worthy of the heroic ages of the world; and it was a spectacle and a rebuke to the usurping tyrants who, having broken up the Union, would now strike down the Constitution, subvert your present government, and establish a formal and proclaimed despotism in is stead. You are the restorers and defenders of constitutional liberty, and by that proud title history will salute you.

I congratulate you upon your nominations. They whom you have placed upon the ticket with me are gentlemen of character, ability, integrity and tried fidelity to the Constitution, the Union, and to liberty. Their moral and political courage—a quality always rare, and pow the most valuable of public virtues—is beyond question. Every way all these were nominations fit to be made. And even jealousy, I am sure, will now be bushed, if I especially rejoice with you in the nomination of Mr. Pugh as your candidate for Lieuteuant Governor and President of the Senate. A scholar and a gentleman, a soldier in a foreign war, and always a patriot; eminent as a lawyer, and distin guished as an orator and a statesman, I hail his acceptance as an omen of the return of the better and more virtuous days of the republic. I indorse your noble platform-elegant in

style, admirable in sentiment. You present the true issue, and commit yourself to the great mission just now of the Democratic party-to restore and make sure FIRST the rights and liberties declared yours by your Constitutions. It is vain to invite the States and people of the South to return to a Union without repeated and most aggravated exactions of tyranic power. It is base in yourselves, and treasonable to your posterity, to surrender these liberties and rights to the creatures whom your own breath created and can destroy. . Shall there be free speech, a free press, peaceable assemblages of the people, and a free ballot any longer in Ohio? Shall the people hereafter, as bitherto, have a right to discuss and condemn the principles and policy of the party—the ministry—the men who, for the time, conduct the government—to demand of their public servants a reckoning of their stewardship, and to place other men and auother party in power at their supreme will and pleasure? Shall Order Thirty-eight or the Constitution be the supreme law of the land? And shall the citizen any more be arrested by an armed soldiery at midnight, dragged from wite and child and home to a military prison; thence to a mock military trial; thence condemned, and then banished as a felon for the

PRICE TWO CENTS. exercise of his rights? This is the issue, and nobly have you met it. It is the very question of free, popular government itself. It is the whole question; upon the one side liberty, on the other despotism. The President, as the recognized head of his party, accepts the issue. Whatever he wills, that is law. Constitutions, State and Federal, are nothing; acts of legislation nothing; the judiciary less than no-thin. In time of war, there is but one will supreme-his will; but one law-military necessity, and he the sole judge. Military orders supercede the Constitution, and military commissions usurp the place of the ordinary courts of justice in the land. Nor are these mere idle claims. For two years and more, by arms. they have been enforced. It was the mission of the weak but presumptuous Burnside-a name infamous forever in the ears of all lovers of constitutional liberty—to try the experi-ment in Ohio—aided by a judge whom I name not, because he has brought foul dishonor upon the judiciary of my country. In your hands now, men of Ohio, is the final issue of the experiment. The party of the administration have accepted it. By pledging support to the President, they have justified his outrages upon liberty and the Constitution; and whoever gives his vote to the candidates of that party, commits himself to every act of violence and wrong on the part of the administration which he upholds; and thus, by the laws of retaliation, which is the law of might, would forfeit his own right to liberty, personal and political, whensoever other men and another party shall hold the power. Much more do the candidates themselves. Suffer them not,

I entreat you, to evade the issue; and by the judgment of the prople we will abide. And now, finally, let me ask, what is the pretext for all the monstrous acts and claims of arbitrary power which you have so nobly denounced? "Military necessity." But if, cessity, then believe me, your liberties are gone, and tyranny is perpetual. For if this civil war is to terminate only by the subjugation or submission of the South to force and arms, the infant of to-day will not live to see the end of it. No, in another way only can it be brought to a close. Traveling a thousand miles and more, through nearly one-half of the Confederate States, and sejourning for a perish, rather than yield to the pressure of arms even in the most desperate extremity. And whatever may and must be the varying fortune of the war, in all which I recognize the hand of Providence pointing visibly to the ultimate issue of this great trial of the States by their conduct at Gettysburg. Their serviand people of America, they are better prepared now every way to make good their inexorable purpose than at any period since the beginning of the struggle. These may indeed be unwelcome truths; but they are addressed only to candid and honest men. Neither, however. let me add, did I meet any one, whatever bis opinions or his station, political or private, who did not declare his readiness, when the war shall have ceased and invading armies been withdrawn, to consider and discuss the question of re union. And who shall doubt the issue of the argument? I return, therefore, with my opinions and convictions as to war or peace, and my faith as to final results from sound policy and wise statesmanship, not only unchanged, but confirmed and strengthened .the hearts and minds of Americans everywhere, that with a Constitution maintained, a Union restored, and liberty henceforth made secure, a grander and nobler destiny shall yet be ours, than that even which blessed our fathers in the first two ages of the Republic.

C. L. VALLANDIGHAM.

For the Patriot and Union. Mesers. Editors: - We would like to know why the Governor of Pennsylvania has permitted Couch, Dana and Smith, three New England Abolitionists, to command the gallant sons of Pennsylvania, who have volunteered their services to defend this State. We would like to know by what right he has put the State troops under the command of officers of the Federal army. This inquiry becomes the more important in view of the fact, that Major General Robert Patterson, of Philadelpha, is now in commission in this State; he is an experienced and able commander, possessing the highest order of military ability, as has been acknowledged on more than one occasion by Lieut. General Scott, with whom he has long been associated in military life.

It is true that General Patterson is neither an Abolitionist nor a Puritan, and never could be used to aid in destroying the rights of the States, for the purpose of creating a consolidated national government, with monarchical principles, or for any other purpose, and therefore we suppose he is not called on to take command of the State troops for the defence of Pennsylvania.

If Pennsylvania had no experienced military men capable of commanding divisions and brigades, the Governor might have some excuse for going to New England States to find men to command the "ignorant Dutch" of Penneylvania; but, if officers of the Federal solve the old Union and go to work the best army can be spered to command our State troops, why did he not demand Pennsylvanians. who are without commands; such as General who are without commands; such as General crasy, that they dare harbor such a proposi-M'Clellan, General Andrew Porter, Colonel tion? Have John Brough and his political as-Charles F. Ruff, &s. ? Simply because these men are determined constitutional, law-abiding, and Union loving men, who cannot be trusted to carry out the hellish designs of Abolitionists and consolidation conspirators. In order to avoid a serious conflict in this

State, it is the imperative duty of Governor Curtin to demand of President Lincoln the revocation of Provost Marshal General Fry's order, requiring men now voluntarily in the service of the State to be drafted, with orders a Constitution, and dishonored and polluted by to report themselves for duty in the Federal army, at the expiration of their ninety days service. The men in the military service of the State cannot be conscripted during their term of service. There are thousands of men in Pennsylvania

clamorous for the invasion and conquest of other States who have refused to defend their own State. If the Federal army needs recruits, let these men be conscripted. It is abourd, as it. is unjust, to conscript the men now serving this State, in order to save the cowardly carcasses of the blood thirsty Abolitionists. now at home, who refused even to defend their own State in the hour of peril. It is the duty of Governor Cartin to correct

this matter, ere it be too late. It is folly to suppose that this outrage can be perpetrated with On Bon No. 1 impunity. On Pest No. 1.

State Rights Camp, July 18th, 1863. en en statione i de la transportation de la company

A CONTRACT ROLL OF STREET

PUBLISHED EVERY MORNING,

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BY O. BARRETT & CO

THE DAILY PATRICE AND UNION WILL be served to subscribers residing in the Borough for the chart fun while, payable to the Carrier. Mail subscribers, Five Tolland rese and where the Carrier was and the Carrier was describers, Five Tolland research to the chart particle of the could be come address. Fiteen dollars

Connected with this establishmen. In extensive JOB Offfice, containing a variety of plain and fancy type, unequalled by any establishment in the interior of the State, for which the patronage of the public is solicited.

THE PENNSYLVANIA RESERVES.

The remnant of the heroic Pennsylvania Reserves surpassed, if possible, their accustomed gallantry, at Gettysburg, under the lead of their youthful commander, Gen. S. W. Crawford. The Philadelphia Inquirer of Monday thus records the achievements of this justly famed division:

"All will remember that the battle of Thursday was mainly an overwhelming attack of the enemy on the left of our position, and that the brunt of the assault was borne for several hours by the Third corps, under Sickles, which was at last compelled to give way. He was literally overwhelmed. Then the Fifth corps and part of others were moved in, but a portion of the Fifth was turned and driven back, and disaster was imminent. The retreating column came pressing back on the Reserves, when General Crawford, seizing a color, rode up and down the line of his division, keeping his men steady until the way was clear, when he ordered a charge on the advancing and almost victorious enemy. This was executed by the brigade of Col. M'Candless and the Ninth regiment of Col. Fisher's brigade. Led by these gallant officers in person, they charged and drove back the enemy when victory was just within their grasp, prevented them from gaining the hills, where our left would have been turned, and where they in a few moments more would have been in amongst our trains and in our rear .-This charge was witnessed by a large number of our efficers, who attest its priceless value, and we have no hesitation in declaring that it save the army from defaat on that day. That high honor is due to the Reserves, and it should he given without stint.

"On Friday the brigade of Col. M'Candless and the Ninth, of Fisher's, were the heroes of another gallant action. Holding the position indeed, all these be demanded by military ne- they had so hardsomely won, they were again ordered forward. Two brigades of the rebel Gen. Hood were in possession of the hill called the Round Top.' These were charged, driven out and flanked, by which means the trophies of the day were augmented by a stand of colors, one 12-pounder cannon, three caissons, and one hundred prisoners. But more than that, the honor of the army was saved by the recapture of more than six thousand stands of arms, which time at widely different points, I met not one the enemy had taken the previous day, and by man, woman or child who was not resolved to the restoration to our own lines and the care of our own surgeons of an immense number of wounded men.

"The Reserves were fighting on the soil of their dear old State, and noble as were the deeds they had done before, they were eclipsed ces in that important battle, and the fact that they saved the fortunes of the day at a most critical period of that battle should not be for a moment overlooked, nor should the names of Gen. Crawford, Col. M'Candless and Colonel Fisher be omitted from the front rank of the beroes of that memorable field."

PROPHECY.- In 1836 Henry Clay made use of the following prophetic language: "Abolitionism should no longer be regarded as an imaginary danger. The Abolitionists, let me suppose, succeed in their present aim of uniting the inhabitants of the free States as one man against the inhabitants of the slave States, Union on one side will beget union on the other, and this process of reciprocal consolida-And may the God of Heaven and earth so rule I tion will be attended with all the violent predices, embittered passions, and implicable animosities which ever degraded or deformed human nature. One section will stand in menacing and hostile array against the other. The collision of opinion will be followed by the clash of arms. I will not attempt to describe scenes which now happily lie concealed from our view. Abolitionists themselves would shrink back in dismay at the contemplation of desolated fields, conflagrated cities, murdered inhabitants, and the overthrow of the fairest fabric of human government that ever rose to

animate the hopes of civilized men." Mr. Conway, the Abolition M. C. from Kansas, has at last become conscience-stricken and. as Mr. Clay foretold, shrinks back in horror and dismay at the result of his awful heresy. He bewails it in the following manner:

"Who can contemplate this terrible strife of ours with composure? We are desolating our homes-wasting our substance-brutalizing our humanity -and, above all, prostrating beneath the tyrannical tread the noble safeguards of our constitutional freedom. And where is the return? The partial and uncertain triomphs of the anti-slavery cause in Missouri, Maryland and Delaware, &c. God help us!-I cannot be reconciled to this horrible infatuation. I can see no possible object to be gained by the war, which will begin to compensate for the sacrifice it involves. I am, therefore, for peace—unconditional and immediate peace peace on the basis of existing facts, whatever they may be, and I will willingly trust the rest to the steady and irresistible agencies of reason, justice and humanity."

THE INSANE IDEA OF A NEW UNION .- The proposition to change, the Constitution and form a new Union, after the pattern cut out by Wendell Phillips, Greeley, & Co, is gradually taking a definite and tangible shape. It is substantially the position of John Brough and his supporters in Ohio. Brough declares in effect, in his public speeches, that the Union must never be restored with slavery in it as heretofore. What, then, remains but to remodel the old or form a new Constitution, and disway we can to manufacture a new Republic out of the ruins and fragments of the old?

Are politicians and members of the Cabinet sociates gone stark mad, that they dare think of persuading the people that the war must be prosecuted for such an end as this? It is not what our soldiers went into the field to fight for, and they never will fight for such a purpose. It is idle to dream of it. The dead have fallen and the living are fighting, or are ready to fight, for the maintenance of the old Constitution, and the restoration and preservation of the old Union, but never, never, for a new one formed to suit the Abolition fanatics, who helped the secessionists to involve the country in this desolating and bloody war. The crazy demagogues may as well be made to understand this first as last .- Ohio Statesman.

A FACT EASILY OBSERVED .- Whenever you find a newspaper continually denouncing Democrats as traitors and copperheads, you can set the editor down as a coward and a fool. It is a sure sign. An honorable, high-minded man never resorts to such low slang and abuse. He thinks more of his character as a patriot and a christian than to be caught engaged in such dirty work. He knows that Democrats and Republicant fill one common grave on the battle field, and that if ever this rebellion is put down it must be done by the united strength of both parties, and instead of attempting to inaugurate civil war between Democrats and Republicans in the North, he urges them to unite their strength and crush out this in-fernal rehellion. Fools, however, talk differently. Such men are a withering curse to the community in which they reside, and are, as it were, great barriers in the way of uniting publie sentiment. - Doylestown Democrat.