TUESDAY MORNING, JULY 7, 1863.

O. BARRETT & CO., PROPRIETORS.

S. M. PETTENGILL & CO.. No. 37 Park Row, N. Y., and 6 State St., Beston, Are our Agents for the PATRIOT AN Union in those cities, and are authorized to take Advertisements and

DEMOCRATIC STATE NOMINATIONS.

FOR GOVERNOR.

HON. GEO. W. WOODWARD,

OF PHILADELPHIA.

OF ALLEGHENY COUNTY.

Loyalty:

"That the present deplorable civil war has been forced upon the country by the disunionists of the Fouthern States, now in arms against the Constitutional Government, and in arms around the Capital; that in this National emergency, Congress, banishing all feeling of mere passion or resentment, will recollect only its duty to the whole country; that this war is not waged on their part in any spirit of oppression, or for any purpose of compuses or subjugation, or purpose of occurrences or interfaring with the rights or established institutions of those States, but to defend and maintain the supremacy of the Constitution, and to preserve the Union, with all the dignity, equality and rights of the several States unionpaired; and that as soon as these objects are necomplished the war sught to cease."

THE WEEKLY PATRIOT AND UNION FOR

The Weekly PATRIOT AND UNION will be furnished to clubs of ten or more, for the campaign, with an extra number giving full returns of the October election, at 50 cents!

operations will hereafter be conducted exclu-NOVEMBER 21, 1862.

The public interest being entirely absorbed in the actual condition of the country and the situation of the contending military forces, wedrop politics for the time and devote our columns to pabulum that will perhaps be more greedily devoured by our readers.

apin out as many columns daily as the Metropolitan press gives its readers, chronicling events which never occurred, heralding wictories which have never been won, and defeats which have never been sustained. The incidents of the war are startling and romantic enough, but the shape in which they reach us through the Philadelphia and New York press and flying batteries pressing on the enemy's 12th corps, we regained the first position, capis worse than that of the "rugged Russi bear, the armed rhinoceros, or the Hyrcan tiger." They frighten us by their very monstrosity, and we recoil shaddering from the ghostly shapes they portray and the impossible incidences they describe.

enough. Fields covered with ghastly corpses that should only be showing the growing maize and wheat ripe for the sickle, sicken the senses and lead to serious reflections on the folly and madness of man. But we shudder intensely when the bleached bones and quivering flesh of decaying humanity, are represented to us in glowing colors by sensation writers who make a romance of slaughter and wring glory dripping from the blood, the sacred blood that our sons and brethren are pouring so copiously upon the soil from which we draw our sustenance.

feel that we are all mad, and in our madness are committing terrible excesses. We are butchering each other and giving up to the ravages of war a glorious country which Christianity, statesmanship, philosophy and the arts of peace, might convert into the granary and | fifty years of age, was hung this morning. He Eden of the world.

Strange that where angels seemed to trace, As if for Gods a dwelling place, There man, enamored of distress, Should war it into wilderness, And trample, brute-like, o'er each flower, That tasks not one laborious hour. Nor claims the culture of a hand To bloom along this fairly land. It is as though the fiends prevailed

Against the Seraphs they assailed. The freed inheritors of Hell.

But so it is. We have, by our own folly, converted our Paradise into a hell, and we must endure, for the time being, the tortures of that hell, however extreme our agony may be.

that we suffer. Heaven decrees nothing un-Pharoah was, to blindness of eyes and hardness of heart, and unless we show more wisdom than he did, the same that was written of him will be written of us-"But as for Pharoah and his host, they were overwhelmed in the Red sea."

Lee.

This is enough. If our rulers are wise, and use the advantage as statesmen and patriots should use it, it is enough to make our hearts rejeice, and our tongues to send up a shout of thanks to the Almighty for having permitted events to so shape themselves.

At this hour, six e'clock, Monday, July 6.

LATE AND RELIABLE.

Gen. Meade's headquarters:

thinks his prisoners will count about 5,000,

suffered dreadfully in the fight on the 1st. intend to return to the field to-day and shall get all the details possible as to our killed and weunded.

The following are the names of some of the killed and wounded field officers:

Rebels-Armistead, Archer, Garnett and

Union-Reynolds, Paul, Weed and Zook, killed. Sickles, Hancock, Gibbons and Warren, wounded.

Dispatches to the Associated Press. THE RETREAT OF THE REBELS.

NEAR GETTYSBURG, July 5, via Washington, July 6 .- The enemy have retreated towards

Their skirmishers were driven in last night, and a small cavalry force (probably the rear guard) passed through Emmittaburg this morn-

burying the dead, relieving the wounded and collecting arms, many thousands of which be-longed to the rebels. The rebel pontoon bridge et Dam No 4, has been destroyed by our cayclry, who were almost entirely unapposed, and the cavalry, at the last advices, had gone up towwilliamsport to destroy the two bridges

Other preparations are in progress to intercept Lee's passage of the Potomac, and our

So much time, however, has elapsed since Lee commenced to withdraw from our front that his advance may have reached Williamsport in time to cross before we can prevent it. Gen. Lee yesterday paroled about 2,000 Union prisoners. They were received by Gen.

captured or killed. Gen. Hunt, chief of artillery, was not wounded. Both of these reports were at first apparently well authenticated and

CREIGERSTOWN, July 5.—It is reported here by officers that on Saturday afternoon our cavalry, under Kilpatrick, intercepted a retreating train of rebel wagons, which were guarded by Jones's brigade of cavalry, infantry and artillery, near Mon'erey, on the Hammerstown and Gettysburg road.

completely surprised and unable to make any

Firing was heard in the direction of the enemy's retreating column yesterday afternoon, and it was probably caused by our cavalry

CONGRATULATORY ORDER OF GEN. MEADE. Headquarters Asmy of the Potomac, \
Near Gettysburg, July 4. \
The Commanding General, in behalf of the

country, thanks the Army of the Potomac for the glorious result of the recent operations. An enemy superior in numbers and flushed with the pride of a successful invasion attempt-

withdrawn from the contest. The privations and fatigues which the army has endured, and the heroic courage and gallantry it has displayed, will be matters of his-

Commanding General looks to the army for greater efforts to drive from our soil every

It is right and proper that we should, on a suitable occasion, return our grateful thanks to the Almighty Disposer of Events, that in the goodness of His Providence He has thought fit to give victory to the cause of the just. By command of MAJOR GENERAL MEADE.

is in motion, and the highest hopes are entertained that but a small portion of Lee's army will be able to reach Virginia.

A spy, named William Richardson, about was captured yesterday at Oxford, Md., but it appears that he had been previously captured, but made his escape.

It is reported that he admitted the charge and said he had been in the business for a long time. Also that important communications between Gen. Lee and Ewell were found on his person.

with a gentleman who left Gettysburg at 11 o'cleck a. m. yesterday, who says that, at the time he left, Lee's army was retreating, our army pursuing, and heavy firing going on. The Confederate troops seem to be retreating on the Emmittsburg road toward the Potomac, and the probability is that a great battle has been or will be fought before Gen. Lee succeeds in reaching Maryland. The rumor of the capture of 25,000 rebels and 118 pieces of

ELEVEN O'CLOCK, P. M.—We learn that a dispatch was received by the Governor, stating that Gen. Gregg's cavalry captured 4,000 of the enemy at Fayetteville, Franklin county, yesterday.

Forney," while trying, with characteristic meanness, to find something to say against Judge Woodward, the Democratic nominee for Governor of Pennsylvania, is forced to sandwich his lines of detraction and slander with mac, under the lead of its gallant and skillful admissions which completely neutralize them. Thus, after falsely declaring that the Judge has been a persistent beggar for the nomination," he admits in the next line that "he possesses high personal character," and that, during his long experience on the bench, he has "managed to obtain a reputation for wisdom and sincerity." "He has been a most consistent member of the Democratic party," "has always been an extreme Southern man in his sympathies," "worships the dogmas of Calhourn," etc., etc. "To sum up his creed in a few words," says Forney, "he believes in State rights against the Federal government." Awful accusation! To uphold the principles of the Constitution! Fearful suspicion! that he is a believer in the doctrines laid down by Jefferson, and Madison, and Old Hickory! To "the President's dog," whose position it is, under the table, to defend all the acts of his mas-

man who has been on the field of battle and at | rupt spoils.) these things which he brings against Judge Woodward may seem monstrous heresies, if not something worse. But he concludes his parsgraph by admitting that the Judge has "availability," and will be "a strong candidate." That he will. It will require all the outrageous federal interference in the election which Forney has privately counseled, to prevent him from being the next Governor .-Hartford Times.

> THE REINFORCEMENTS FOR GEN. GRANT .-- A letter from Vicksburg says: "A few days ago Major General Herron, with the army of the frontier, ten thousand from Rosecrans, and the same number from Burnside's army, arrived here on thirty-three steamboats. The re-bels at Vicksburg could see every boat as it entered Yazoo river. These reinforcements give Gen. Grant an army of about from one hundred and fifteen to one hundred and twenty thousand effective men. You have no idea what confidence the troops have in Gen. Grant. He has at present the best army ever sent into the field. The troops are in the best spirits and good health, and every thing looks bright and cheering."

NEWS OF THE DAY.

FROM FORTRESS MONROE AND THE PENINSULA. Fortness Monroe, July 4 - The steamer John A. Warner arrived at 7 o'clock this a. m. from Annapolis, with 215 women and as many

A letter jut received, dated Baltimore Cross Roads, July 3d, says, yesterday there was a skirmish four miles this side of Bottom's Bridge. Sergeant Burnet, of compeny C, Fifth Pennsylvania Cavalry, was killed. No other

advance brigade, Col. West's, with five pieces of artillery. A fight ensued. Our advance fell back until the reserve came

up. There may be a fight at any hour.

The force of the enemy is variously estimated from 5,000 to 20,000. Our army is in excellent health and spirits, and are amply able to cope with the enemy that are now in our

ments by railroad. A slight engagement took place last evening. No decisive result. The 5th Pa., cavalry cap

of their battery.

BY THE MAILS.

THE BATTLE OF FRIDAY --- A TERRIFIC CANNON ADE-THE REBEL ASSAULTS REPULSED WITH TERRIBLE HAVOC-REPORTED DEATH OF LONG-STREET AND HILL-SURRENDER OF A REBEI

fought 'to day, and the enemy have been repulsed with terrific loss. At daylight Lee's right wing batteries opened upon our left, and shortly after those of his centre followed .-After half an hour's cannonading, doing little damage to us, the fire slackened, and only occasional shots were exchanged. Shortly afterwards the enemy's left, composed entirely of infantry and sharpshocters, made an attack on our right wing. So suddenly and impetuously was it accomplished that our skirmishers and front line were driven back from their entrenchments, but by the aid of the batteries in the rear and the indomitable bravery of the

turing a considerable number of prisoners. Several hours of ominous silence followed this repulse. At 1 o'clock the enemy fired two shots, apparently as signals for the grandest artillery fight ever witnessed on this continent. Before a moment had clapsed it is estimated that at least 80 guns opened upon us. Our batteries returned the compliment with interest. The air seemed literally thick with iron, and for more than an hour it seemed impossible that man or heast could live through it .-Strange to say, the enemy's accuracy of range, as exhibited on the two previous days, was wanting on this occasion. Most of their shells exploded far in the rear of our front, and gen-

Under cover of this feu d'infir, Lee advanced his columns of infantry for the covers and made several desperate attempts to carry our lines by assault, but each successive attempt was repulsed with terrible havor to their ranks. After an hour's incessant cannonading, the fire grew less intense for a short time, but was again renewed for a short period with

Daring this period, some of our batteries. whose ammunition had been exhausted, ceased to fire, and on the approach of the reserve batteries, withdrew to the rear. The enemy only seeing the batteries withdrawing, and mistaking it for a retreat, made a rapid infantry charge up the hill, and obtained a position in our line, cutting to pieces and almost annihilating the small infantry supports, but before they had time to rejoice at their imaginary success, the fresh batteries poured in a deadly fire of canister and case shot. . The infantry reserve joined on either flank of the gap, charged them, and added greatly to their destruction. They were completely surprised, and hundreds threw down their arms, and asked for quarter. Nearly the entire trigade of Gen. Dick Garnett surrendered, and Garnett himself was wounded, and barely made

About 4.30 p. m., the artillery of the enemy slackened, and had entirely ceased at 5 o'clock, the last shots which they fired being fir beyond their original position, and the intantry columns had withdrawn to their covers.

We captured upwards of 3,000 priseners, while the enemy took but few of ours. The rebel prisoners report that General A. P. Hill was killed outright on the fiels, and

So terrific was the enemy's fire, that the small house where General Meade and staff were quartered, was perforated by several shots. Many of the staff's horses were killed around the house. General Butterfield was struck in the breast, and it is feared internally injured by a piece of a shell which exploded NEW 10RK, July J.—In son, of the staff, had his left arm perforated by Meade's army is to 12 o'clock to day. The

life or limb. in the engagement. Gen. Hancock was wounded in the leg. Generals Gibson, Warren and Hunt were wounded. In consequence of the excitement and difficulty in ascertaining their loca-

and surrounded by the missiles of death, reti-despondence by telegraph took place to-day: ring only to give their places to others when the Harrisburg, July 5.—Surgeon General their caissons and limbers were exhausted of ammunition.

displayed since he assumed the command, and particularly for his coolness, decision and energy on this memorable 3d of July. Last night, believing it to be his duty to the cause, and to learn how far he would be supported in the approaching conflict, he summoned his corps and division commanders for a consultation.

In consequence of information that Stuart was about to make a raid upon our rear, this afternoon, Gen. Kilpatrick was sent out on our right. Some cannonading was heard, but up to 9 o'clock this evening he had not returned to camp.

Should the enemy be found here in the morning, the 4th of July will receive an additional

cause for commemoration. OCCUPATION OF GETTYSBURG-PURSUIT OF THE

FLYING REBELS. Baltimore, July 5.—A messenger who left headquarters on Friday night, states that Gen. Meade advanced and occupied Gettysburg during the night, without opposition. Firing was heard early on Saturday morning towards Gettysburg, and it was supposed to proceed from our forces pursuing Lee.

Gen. Butterfield, who was injured by the fragment of a shell, is now at the headquarters of General Neall under treatment.

OFFICIAL DISPATCHES FROM GEN. MEADE. Washington, July 5-4 p. m.-The latest fficial dispatch received here up to this hour, from General Meade, is dated headquarters Army of the Potomac, 7 a. m., July 4th, which

merely states that the army had withdrawn from the position occupied for the attack on Friday. The information in the possession of General Meade at that time did not develop the charac-

ter of the enemy's movements, whether it was a retreat or a manœuvre for other purposes. Reliable information received here to-day, asserts that General Lee's headquarters were at Cashtown yesterday afternoon, and that the rebels were fortifying at Newman's Cut, South Mountain, apparently to cover a retreat. Later official dispatches are expected.

Washington, July 5-8 p. m.—The two folowing dispatches have been received: HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC, ?

Noon, July 4. To Major General Halleck, General-in-Chief: The position of affairs is not materially changed since my last dispatch, dated 7, p. m. We now hold Gettysburg. The enemy has abandoned large numbers of his killed and wounded on the field.

I shall probably be able to give you a return of our captures and losses before night, and a return of the enemy's killed and wounded in our hands. GEORGE G. MEADE,

Major General. HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC, } 10 P M., July 4.

To Major Gen. Halleck, General-in-Chief: No change of affairs since my last dispatch, at 12 o'clock, noon. GEORGE G. MEADE, Major General.

ANOTHER ACCOUNT OF FRIDAY'S BATTLE-THE UNION LOSS 20,000-REBEL LOSS 30,000-FROM 12,000 to 20,000 PRISONERS CAPTURED -THE WOUNDED UNION PRISONERS RE-CAP-TURED-GEN. PLEASANTON IN PURSUIT.

New York, July 5 .- The Herald's account f Friday's battle says that the attack on our left raged fiercely for three hours, when the enemy fell back, yielding to us the whole of the battle field of that morning, as well as that of the previous day. At the same time a tremendous effort was made by the rebels to turn our right and gain our position, on a wooded mountain commanding our position on Cemetery Hill; but the unflinching bravery of the 12th corps, aided by the terrible fire of our artillery checked them.

About 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at a critical juncture, one or two New York brigades arrived and were thrown into position on our right. This determined the fate of the day. The rebels quailed and retreated slowly, fighting at every step, the battle raging for hours, until the afternoon, when the revers avanuous the field in that direction. The rebels soon after massed in our front, when the assault opened along the entire line, but our victoriou forces drove them back.

At 5 o'clock, after twelve hours incessant fighting the contest terminated, our troops being victorious at every point, with the entire battle field in their possession. We took thousands of prisoners.

At the close of the action, Lee had the impudence to send in a flag of truce, asking a suspension of hostilities to bury his dead and exchange prisoners. General Meade replied that he intended to recapture all the prisoners, and would bury their dead for them. Failing in this attempt to gain time, the enemy precipitately retreated to the mountains, leaving their guards and sentinels.

This (Saturday) morning upwards of 1,100 stragglers were taken in Gettysburg, besides pur wounded who fell into the enemy's hands

General Pleasonton started at daybreak on Saturday, with artillery, in pursuit of the reels, and at the last accounts was pressing them hard.

Both sides lost heavily, probably aggrega-ing fifty thousand—20,000 Union and 30,000 We have captured from 12,000 to 20,000

aptured. A Frederick dispatch, dated the 4th, states that a few rebel cavalry dashed into that place

our cavalry pursued and captured three of The same dispatch states that an expedition, inder Major Fuller, to Falling Waters, five niles below Williamsport, destroyed the rebel contoon bridge, an ammunition train there, and a number of wagons, loaded with supplies.

h a skirmish, 16 prisoners were taken, and a

number killed. [This is probably the expediton referred to by Major-General French.]

HEAD QUARTERS, ARMY OF THE POTOMAC. ? July 5-8.30 A. M. July 5-8.30 nder cover of the night and heavy rain, in te direction of Fairfield and Cashtown. The dvalry is in pursuit.

I cannot give you the details of our captures il prisoners, colors and arms. Upwards of twenty battle-flags will be turn-

Major General. THE VICTORY GROWS BRIGHTER—THE REBELS IN FULL RETREAT-BEAUREGARD IN RICH-

MOND.

New York, July 5 .- The Tribune has the miracle that no greater damage was done to ate victory grows brighter and brighter. The

> nd it is thought that his aim is to reach Wilamsport and then escape into Virginia. Intercepted dispatches give the information

The infantry engaged also nobly did their ad assistance to the wounded at Gettysburg. the infantry engaged and noory did their and assistance to the wounded at Gettysburg. duty, and the enemy to-day at their hands have fill you say how many volunteer surgeons received the greatest disaster ever administered may send. You may be assured that our peoby the Union forces. We are permitted to copy the following reliable information communicated by a gentleter, and to catch all the crumbs that are thrown
All the officers award the highest honors to finder every assistance that the most careful
to him in return (he has grown fat with corGeneral Meade for the able generalship he has gursing may demand, and that our public

buildings can be used as hospitals to any ex-

WASHINGTON, July 5 .- To Gov. Curtin. Pennsylvania troops will be cared for as far as possible in Pennsylvania. Five thousand vacant beds in Philadelphia, which have been ordered, will be first filled. We have plenty of hospital room prepared where the wounded will be more comfortably cared for than in any extemporized hospitals. The Medical Director of the Army of the Potomac has plenty of surgical aid. By order of the Surgeon General.

JAMES R. SMITH, Ass't. Surgeon General. DESPERATE FIGHT AT LEBANON, KY.—SURRENDER

OF A UNION REGIMENT. LOUISVILLE, July 5 .- At seven o'clock this morning, John Morgan, with 4,000 cavalry, attacked the 20th Kentucky infantry, 400 strong, under Colonel Henson, at Lebanon .-After a seven hours' fight Morgan's forces commenced burning the town, setting fire to the railroad depot and six or seven houses. Col. Hanson's forces surrendered, and Morgan's force left in the direction of Springfield. There were six or seven killed on each side, and seve-

ral wounded. The Journal is advised that thirty rebel guerrillas crossed the Nashville railroad at Rocky Hill Station early yesterday morning, burned the depot there and went on to Lebanon Branch, nine miles from Lebanon, fired into a train going down, killed one, wounded another, riddled one car with bullets, and then went towards Lebanon, encountering in their way ten of the 63d Indiana infantry, who, without a commissioned officer, whipped thirty rebel cavalry, killing four, when the rest decamped. No loss on our side.

ville road, and whipped them, capturing fifty horses and four prisoners, and wounding several. The rebels fled in the direction of South

Washington, July 5-8.25 p. m.-Official dispatches from Vicksburg to June 29 have

been received.

Although no positive advantages resulted from the springing of General M'Pherson's mine, yet that officer, vigorously pressing the rebels, caused them to spring a counter mine on General Sherman's front; but the only damage done was to destroy the head of his approach, which a day's work will clear up. Colonel Wood is raising the guns of the gunboat Cincinnati, and three of them are now in position on the bluff.

The rebels keep up a constant fire, but our casualties are not numerous. The weather is extremely warm, but the

preparing for a forward movement. Vicksburg, June 29-Evening.-Our forces were withdrawn to day to the outer side of the contested fort, to the front of Gen. Logan, in consequence of some advantages of position which enables the enemy to throw shells into our position, thus endangering the lives of our men without present benefit. The withdrawal however, is temporary.

A sharp musketry fire is still maintained. The total casualties in this last struggle are not known; but it is believed they will not exceed two hundred.

DIED.

Killed at the battle of Gettysburg, on Thursday, July 2, Colonel Augustus Van Horne Ellis, 124th N. Y. V., eldest son of Dr. Samuel C. Ellis, of New York or by, gen the year years.

EXCELSIOR!

THE ONLY PREPARATION that will instantly produce a splendid brown or black in ten minutes, without irjury to the hair or soiling the skin of the face o

CRISTADORO'S HAIR DYE. It has been certified by the first Chemists in America. including Dr. R. CHILTON, to be free from every deleterious substance, and has no equal in the certainty and

New York. Sold everywhere, and applied by all Hair Dressers. Price \$1, \$1 50 and \$3 per box, according to size, Cristadoro's Hair Preservative

Is invaluable with his Dye, as it imparts the utmost softness, the most beautiful gloss and great vitality to

Price 50 cents, \$1 and \$2 per bottle, according to size.

MOTHERS! MOTHERS! Don't fail to procure Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP for CHILDREN TEETHING. This valuable preparation is the prescription of one of the best female physicians and nurses in the United States, and has been used for thirty years with never failing safety and suc-

cess by millions of mothers and children, from the feeble infant of one week old to the adult. It not only relieves the child from pain, but invigorates the stomach and bowels, corrects acidity, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. It will alnost instantly relieve

We believe it the best and surest remedy in the world in all cases of DYSENTERY AND DIARRHEA IN CHILDREN, whether it arises from teething or from any other cause. Full directions for using will accompany each bottle,

KINS, New York, is on the outside wrapper. Sold by all Medicine Dealers. Principal Office, 45 Dey street, New York.

None geauine unless the fac simile of CURTIS & PER-

DR. TOBIAS' VENETIAN LINIteen years it has been introduced into the United States. take internally, and can be given to the oldest person or voungest child. Price 25 and 50 cents a bottle Sold by all Druggists. Office, 56 Cortlandt street,

je4 d&wlm New York.

To Horse Owners. Dr. Sweet's Infallible Liniment for Horses

Dr. Sweet's Infallible Liniment for Horses is unrivaled by any, and in all cases of Lameness, arising from Sprains, Bruises or Wrenching, its effect is magical and certain. Harness or Sæddle Galls, Scratch es. Mange, &c., it will also cure speedily. Spavin and Ringbone may be easily prevented and cured in their inciplent stages, bat confirmed cases are beyond the possibility of a radical cure. No case of the kind, however, is so desperate or hopeless but it may be alleviated by this Liniment, and its faithful application will always remove the Lameness, and enable the horse to travel with comparative case.

Every horse owner should have this remedy at hand, for its timely use at the first appearance of Lameness will effectually prevent those formidable diseases mentioned, to which all horses are liable, and which render so many otherwise valuable horses nearly worthless.

See advertisement.

Ap20 cow-d&w

WINDOW SHADES of linen, gilt-

Scheffer's Bookstore. SMOKED SALMON.—A choice supply for sale by WM. DOCK, ir. & Co. WM. DOCK, jr., & Co.

COLDIER'S CAMP COMPANION. Memorandum Beoks, Portmonnales, &c., at SCHEFFER'S BOOKSTORE

New Advertisements.

WANTED-ONE VARNISHER and

w several WOODWORKMEN at the jy7 3t EAGLE WORKS. FOR SALE.—2 TWO-HORSE CLOSE CARRIAGES for sale. Enquire at S. S. DAVIS' Livery Stable, Pine st, near Morgan's hotel. jy7.3t

TRAYED away from the subscriber.) between the Drove Yard and Colder's Inspecting Yard, two horses, marked with figure 8 on left hip—may have had on rope halters. A reasonable reward will be paid to any one returning said horses to me at Stock Yard Hotel, jy7-3td* JAMES STEEL.

NICHOLS & BOWMAN, WHOLESALE and RETAIL GROCERS,

PHILABELPHIA, June 24, 1863.

Notice is hereby given, in conformity with the laws of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, that the Tradesmen's Bank, of Philadelphia, located in the city of Philadelphia, created with banking and discounting privileges, with a capital of One Hundred and Fifty Thrusand Dollars, that application will be made by the said Bank to the next Legislature for authority to increase the capital One Hundred and Fifty Thousand Dollars.

MENDMENTS TO THE CONSTITUTION.

TAIN AMENDMENTS TO THE CONSTITU-TION. Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Reresentatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylva-

nia in General Assembly met, That the following amendments be proposed to the Constitution of the Commonwealth, in accordance with the provisions of the tenth article thereof: There shall be an additional section to the

Union. Part of Col. Murray's cavalry is in third article of the Constitution, to be designated as section four, as follows: SECTION 4. Whenever any of the qualified electors of this Commonwealth shall be in any actual military service, under a requisition from the President of the United States, or by the authority of this Commonwealth, such electors may exercise the right of suffrage in all elections by the citizens, under such regu-

lations as are, or shall be, prescribed by law, as fully as if they were present at their usual place of election. There shall be two additional sections to the eleventh article of the Constitution, to be designated as sections eight and nine, as fal-

SECTION 8. No bill shall be passed by the Legislature containing more than one subject, which shall be clearly expressed in the title, except appropriation bills. SECTION 9. No bill shall be passed by the

Legislature granting any powers, or privileges, in any case, where the authority to grant

such powers, or privileges, has been, or may hereafter be, conferred upon the courts of this Commonwealth. JOHN CESSNA, Speaker of the House of Representatives, JOHN P. PENNEY,

Speaker of the Senate. OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF THE COMMONWEALTH, Harrisburg, July 1, 1863.

PENNSYLVANIA. 88: I do hereby certify that the foregoing and annexed is a full, true and correct copy of the original Joint Resolution of the General Assembly, entitled "A Joint Resolution proposing certain amendments to the Constitution,"

as the same remains on file in this office. In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand, and caused the seal of the Secretary's office to be affixed, the day and year above written.

ELI SLIFER,

Jyl lawom Secretary of the Commonwealth. NOTICE.—Whereas my wife, SARAH WAGNER, has left my bed and board without just cause or provocation, all persons are hereby notified not to trust or harbor her on my account, as I will pay no debts of her contracting.

197-31*

JOHN WAGNER. JOHN WAGNER.

OTICE is hereby given, that application will be made at the next annual session of the i V tion will be made at the next annual session of the Legislature of Pennsyl vanish for a renewal of the charter of the HARRISBURG BANK, with its present name and style, location, privileges, and capital of Three Hundred Thousand Dollars. By order of the Board of Directors. J. W. WEIR je30-dtml.

BRANT'S HALL.

FOR ONE WEEK ONLY! Commencing Monday, July 6, 1863. DAVIS' GRAND

MOVING PANORAMA

SOUTHERN REBELLION THE LARGEST IN THE WORLD. With Men and Horses Life-Size.

The largest and most popular exhibition ever before the American public. Commenced at the first breaking out of the Rebellion it has been in steady progress down to the present time. Every Scene sketched upon the spot and painted with scrupulous fidelity by a corps of celebrated Artists of celebrated Artists of celebrated Artists.

It shows every event of importance from the Bombardment of Sumter through a space of more than two years of hostilities to the last grand Battle, profuse with dioramic effects, entirely new and on a scale of magnificence never before attempted. The fire and smoke of the advancing host is seen, the thunder of canuon and the din of battle fall upon the ears of the audience, and the fearful work of carnage and death is presented with a distinctness making reality, so that the sudience can readily imagine themselves actual spectators of the sublime and stirring scenes represented.

Boors open at seven. Panorama commences moving at

Sores: THEIR CAUSE A DEPRAVED CONwhich produces
SCROFULA, ULCERS, SORES, SPOTS, TETTERS, SCALES, BOILS, SYPHILIS OR VENEREAL DISEASES, ETC.

SAMARITAN'S ROSOTAND HERB JUICES Is effered to the public as a positive cure. Banishes all impurities of the blood and brings the system to a healthy action, cure those Spots, Tetters. Scales and Copper Colored Patches.

FEMALES!

DO NOT DESPAIR.

Keep out of hospitals. Here is a cure in any case for \$5. Price \$1 per bottle, or six for \$5, with full directions. Sold by D. W. GROSS & CO.

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DESMOND & CO,
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Messra. BECKER & FALK, Proprietors, announce to the citizens of Harrisburg that this cool and delightful Summer retreat is now open for visitors. Accommoda-tions will be furnished to parties and pic-nics at reason-able terms, a dancing platform having been erected for their special use. Season tickets for families, good for one year, \$1.60

their special use. peason tickets for maintes, some year, \$1.00

No improper characters admitted, and no intoxicated person will be permitted to visit the Island.

A Ferry Boat plies constantly between the Island and the foot of Broad street, West Harrisburg. jel3-lm

Assortment of New Looking Glasses, just received, at W. KNOOHE'S Music Store, 93 Market street, where they will be sold cheap. Call and examine. mr13

BASKETS of all descriptions, qualities and prices, for sale by WM. DOCK, Jr., & CQ.

Communications will not be published in the Parrior AND Union unless accompanied with the name of the

Hubscriptions for us at our Lowest Rates.

FOR JUDGE OF THE SUPREME COURT. WALTER H. LOWRIE.

THE NATIONAL PLATFORM.

Congress, by a vote nearly unanimous, passed the following resolution, which expresses the voice of the Nation and is the true standard of

sively by O. BARRETT and T. G. Pomerov, under the firm of O. BARRETT & Co., the connection of H. F. M'Reynolds with said establishment having ceased on the 20th November, inst. The Situation.

It would not be a difficult matter for us to

We have no heart for such rehearsals. We

And, fixed on Heavenly thrones, should dwell;

It is not by any unwise decree of Heaven wisely. But we have been given over, as

But we are digressing. The subject of this article is "The Military Situation," and to that we return. We have no particulars that are strictly reliable, but from what information we have we believe that the Army of the Potocommander, Gen. Meade, has gained advantsges that must result in the final defeat if not capture of the Confederate army under Gen.

we have reason to hope, perhaps we might say to believe, that the whole army of Gen. Lee will be killed, captured or dispersed.

PURPOSES OF THE WAR.

THE CAMPAIGN.

TO THE PUBLIC. THE PATRIOT AND UNION and all its business

God knows the realities of war are bad

artillery seems to be unfounded.

CAMP NEAR GETTYSBURG, Eunday Morning, July 5.

I left Gen. Meade's headquarters at 5 o'clock p. m., yesterday, and have reliable information. The fight on Friday-was a decided repulse of Gen. Lee. The battles of the 1st and 2d were against as. The General estimates: the losses as nearly equal, to wit: about 14,000 killed and wounded on each side. He

and Lee has taken about 3,500 of our men. The position has changed but little. Lee has fallen back about half a mile on his extreme left, and about a mile and a half on his right, which is at Gettysburg. The future of his movements is very uncertain. I think he will fall back to the Potomac and will be greatly damaged if not destroyed. But he is very skillful. Dispatches have fallen into General Meade's hands showing that Lee needs aid, and also that Davis was against the late movements. I have been over all parts of the field and obtained very satisfactory information of the condition of the regiments from my section. They

Barkedale, killed.

ing about daylight. Our troops have been engaged all day in

army is already in motion.

Couch It is not true, as stated, that Longstreet was fully believed.

He captured 900 prisoners, including 200 wounded officers, 150 wagons and two guns.—
The wagons were destroyed. The enemy were serious resistance.

ed to overcome or destroy this army. Utterly baffled and defeated, he has now

tory to be ever remembered. Our task is not yet accomplished, and the restige of the presence of the invader.

(Signed) S. WILLIAMS. FROM FREDERICK, MABYLAND. FREDERICK, MD., July 6 .- Our whole army

TEN O'CLOCK P. M. - We have just conversed

PENNSYLVANIA .- Even "the President's dog,

BY TELEGRAPH.

children, on their way to Richmond. They left for City Point at 9 o'clock this morning.

casualties on our eide. This afternoon the rebels opened upon our

The enemy are rushing forward reinforce

tured 25 prisoners. A National salute was fired to-day, from For-tress Monroe, which was responded to by the English frigate Rinaldo. The United States flag has been displayed from her fore-mast during the day. The Regan Battery, 7th New York, came into Norfolk about five o'clock this morning, and opened the 4th as well as the eyes of the inhabitants, by the familiar sound

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC, Friday, July 3, 1863. \}
The decisive battle of the war has been

erally missing our batteries.

equal spirit.

his escape. Longstreet was mortally wounded and captured. He is reported to have died in an hour afterwards.

that their officers suffered far greater casualties than in any previous engagement.

ment and difficulty in ascertaining their location, the names of many prominent officers retained to night.

Lat Beauregard is in Richmond, and perhaps ported as killed or wounded cannot be ascertained to night. Too much credit cannot be given to our bat-teries, the men attached to which for hours the wounded in the Recent Battles. have stood to their guns under a broiling sun Harrisburg, July 5.—The following cor-

prisoners, more than quadruple what they have at noon, seized a few horses and skedaddled.

THE LATEST OFFICIAL DISPATCHES FROM GEN. MEADE-LEE SNEAKS AWAY IN THE NIGHT-THE CAVALRY IN PURSUIT-OVER TWENTY BATTLE-FLAGS CAPTURED.

el in from our camps. My wounded and those of the enemy are in our hands. GEORGE G. MEADE, THE LATEST FROM THE ARMY OF THE POTOMAC.—

nemy are in full retreat towards Chambersife or limb.

Several of our general officers were wounded our and Greencastle. It is thought that Lee

Several of our general officers were wounded will strain every nerve to reach Hagerstown,

> ammond, Washington.—Our people over the ate are exceedingly anxious to render aid

tent. Inasmuch as the battle occurred in Pennsylvania, I ask that our people at least be not removed out of the State. You will readily notice the propriety of this, and the interest it will certainly be to the public service in future.

A. G. CURTIN.

Capt. Ernest, of the 26th Kentucky, attacked a rebel company at Woodburn, on the Nash-

THE SIEGE OF VICKSBURG.

Everything is going on cheeringly.

MEMPHIS, July 2. Advices from Vicksburg to the 29th ult. are received.

nights are cool and refreshing. Gen. Johnston is in the vicinity of Canton,

SPECIAL NOTICES.

rapidity of its operation. Manufactured by J. CRISTADORO, 6 Astor House,

GRIPING IN THE BOWELS AND WIND COLIC.

Price only 25 cents per bottle.
my23-d&w6m MENT has given universal satisfaction during the four-After being tried by millions, it has been proclaimed the pain destroyer of the world. Pain cannot be where this liniment is applied. If used as directed it cannot and never has failed in a single instance. For colds. coughs and influenza, it can't be beat. One 25 cent bottle will cure all the above, besides being useful in every family for sudden accidents, such as burns, cuts, scalds, insect stings, &c. It is perfectly innecent to

V berdered; and PAPER BLINDS of an endless variety of designs and ornaments; also, CURTAIN PIXTURES and TASSELS at very low prices. Call at

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Corner Front and Market streets,

Corner Front and Market streets,

Respectfully inform their customers and the public generally that they did not remove any of their goods during the late invasiou, and consequently they will be able to sell all their choice stock of Groceries at much lower prices than can be purchased elsewhere. Calland see our full shelves and chear goods.

NIOHOLS & BOWMAN, jy7-6t

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MACKEREL, Nos. 1, 2 and 3, in all sized packages— new, and each package warranted. Just received, and for sale low by WM. DOCK Jr., & CO. Broon: BLOOD!

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The Samaritan's Root and Herb Juices is the most certain remedy ever prescribed. It removes every particle of the poison. FEMALES! FEMALES!
In many affections with which numbers of Females suffer, the ROOT AND HERB JUICES is most happily adapted, in Ulcerated Uterus, in Whites, in bearing down, Falling of the Womb, Debility, and for all complaints incident to the sex.

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