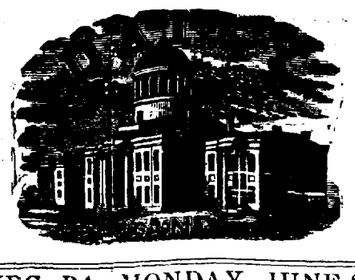
Patriot  Union.

VOL. 5.—NO. 256. HARRISBURG, PA., MONDAY, JUNE 29, 1863. PRICE TWO CENTS.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

Four lines or less constitute half a square. Ten lines or more than four, constitute a square.

Half sq., one day	$0 50	One sq., one day	$0 60
" one week	1 20	" one week	2 00
" one month	3 00	" one month	6 00
" three months	5 00	" three months	10 00
" six months	8 00	" six months	15 00
" one year	12 00	" one year	20 00

☞ Business notices inserted in the LOCAL COLUMN, or before marriages and deaths, TEN CENTS PER LINE for each insertion. To merchants and others advertising by the year, liberal terms will be offered.

☞ The number of insertions must be designated on the advertisement.

☞ Marriages and Deaths will be inserted at the same rates as regular advertisements.

PUBLISHED EVERY MORNING,

SUNDAYS EXCEPTED,

BY O. BARRETT & CO

THE DAILY PATRIOT AND UNION will be served to subscribers residing in the Borough for TEN CENTS PER WEEK, payable to the Carrier. Mail subscribers, FIVE DOLLARS PER ANNUM.

THE WEEKLY PATRIOT AND UNION is published at TWO DOLLARS PER ANNUM, invariably in advance. Ten copies to one address, *fifteen dollars*.

Connected with this establishment is an extensive JOB OFFICE, containing a variety of plain and fancy type, unequalled by any establishment in the interior of the State, for which the patronage of the public is solicited.

Business Cards.

ROBERT SNODGRASS,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Office North Third street, third door above Market, Harrisburg, Pa.
N. B.—Pension, Bounty and Military claims of all kinds prosecuted and collected.
Refer to Hons. John C. Kunkel, David Mumma, jr., and R. A. Lamberton. my11-d&w6m

WM. H. MILLER,
AND
R. E. FERGUSON,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
OFFICE IN
SHOEMAKER'S BUILDINGS
SECOND STREET,
BETWEEN WALNUT and MARKET SQUARE,
ap29-d&w Nearly opposite the Buehler House.

THOS. C. MacDOWELL,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
MILITARY CLAIM AND PATENT AGENT.
Office in the Exchange, Walnut st., (Up Stairs.)
Having formed a connection with parties in Washington City, who are reliable business men, any business connected with any of the Departments will meet with immediate and careful attention. m6-y

DR. C. WEICHEL,
SURGEON AND OCULIST,
RESIDENCE THIRD NEAR NORTH STREET.
He is now fully prepared to attend promptly to the duties of profession in all its branches.
A LONG AND VERY SUCCESSFUL MEDICAL EXPERIENCE justifies him in promising full and ample satisfaction to all who may favor him with a call, be the disease Chronic or any other nature. ml8-d&w1y

SILAS WARD.
NO. 11, NORTH THIRD ST., HARRISBURG.
STEINWAY'S PIANOS,
MELODEONS, VIOLINS, GUITARS,
Banjos, Flutes, Fifes, Drums, Accordeons,
STRINGS, SHEET AND BOOK MUSIC, &c., &c.,
PHOTOGRAPH FRAMES. ALBUMS,
Large Pier and Mantle Mirrors, Square and Oval Frames of every description made to order. Regilding done.
Agency for Howe's Sewing Machines.
☞ Sheet Music sent by Mail. octl-1

JOHN W. GLOVER,
MERCHANT TAILOR!
Has just received from New York, an assortment of
SEASONABLE GOODS,
which he offers to his customers and the public at
nov22) *MODERATE PRICES.* atf

W. HARRY WILLIAMS,
CLAIM AGENT,
402 WALNUT STREET,
PHILADELPHIA.
General Claims for Soldiers promptly collected, State Claims adjusted, &c., &c. mar20-d1m

SMITH & EWING,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
THIRD STREET, Harrisburg,
Practice in the several Courts of Dauphin county. Collections made promptly. A. C. SMITH, J. B. EWING.

J. COOK, Merchant Tailor,
27 CHESNUT ST., (UP STAIRS.)
Has just returned from the city with an assortment of
CLOTHS, CASSIMERES AND VESTINGS,
Which will be sold at moderate prices and made up to order; and, also, an assortment of READY MADE Clothing and Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods.
nov21-1yd

DENTISTRY.

B. M. GILDEA, D. D. S.,
NO. 119 MARKET STREET,
EBY & KUNKEL'S BUILDING, UP STAIRS.
jan8-tf

RELIGIOUS BOOK STORE,
TRACT AND SUNDAY SCHOOL DEPOSITORY,
E. S. GERMAN,
27 SOUTH SECOND STREET, ABOVE CHESNUT,
HARRISBURG, PA.
Depot for the sale of Stereoscopes, Stereoscopic Views, Music and Musical Instruments. Also, subscriptions taken for religious publications. no30-dy

JOHN G. W. MARTIN,
FASHIONABLE
CARD WRITER,
HERR'S HOTEL, HARRISBURG, PA.
All manner of *VISITING, WEDDING AND BUSINESS CARDS* executed in the most artistic styles and most reasonable terms. decl4-dtf

UNION HOTEL,
Ridge Avenue, corner of Broad street,
HARRISBURG, PA.
The undersigned informs the public that he has recently renovated and refitted his well-known "Union Hotel" on Ridge avenue, near the Round House, and is prepared to accommodate citizens, strangers and travelers in the best style, at moderate rates.
His table will be supplied with the best the markets afford, and at his bar will be found superior brands of liquors and malt beverages. The very best accommodations for railroaders employed at the shops in this vicinity. [al4 dtf] HENRY BOSTGEN.

FRANKLIN HOUSE,
BALTIMORE, MD.
This pleasant and commodious Hotel has been thoroughly re-fitted and re-furnished. It is pleasantly situated on North-West corner of Howard and Franklin streets, a few doors west of the Northern Central Railway Depot. Every attention paid to the comfort of his guests. G. LEISENRING, Proprietor,
je12-tf (Late of Sollies Grove, Pa.)

THEO. F. SCHEFFER,
BOOK, CARD AND JOB PRINTER,
NO. 18 MARKET STREET, HARRISBURG.
☞ Particular attention paid to printing, ruling and binding of Railroad Blanks, Manifests, Insurance Policies, Checks, Bill-Heads, &c.
Wedding, Visiting and Business Cards printed at very low prices and in the best style. jan21

MESSRS. CHICKERING & CO.
HAVE AGAIN OBTAINED THE
GOLD MEDAL!
AT THE
MECHANICS' FAIR, BOSTON,
HELD THE PRECEDING WEEK,
OVER SIXTY COMPETITORS!
Warerooms for the CHICKERING PIANOS, at Harrisburg, at 22 Market street.
oc28-tf W. KNOCHE'S MUSIC STORE.

LADIES! YOU KNOW WERE YOU can get fine Note Paper, Envelopes, Visiting and Wedding Cards? At SCHEFFER'S BOOKSTORE

SUPERIOR STOCK OF LIQUORS.—WM. DOCK, JR., & CO., are now able to offer to their customers and the public at large, a stock of the purest liquors ever imported into this market, comprising in part the following varieties:
WHISKY—IRISH, SCOTCH, OLD BOURBON.
WINE—PORT, SHERRY, OLD MADEIRA.
COGNAC BRANDY—OTARD, DUPEY & CO. PALE BRANDY.
JAMICA SPIRITS.
PRIME NEW ENGLAND RUM.
DRAKE'S PLANTATION BITTERS.
These liquors can all be warranted; and in addition to these, Dock & Co. have on hand a large variety of Wines, Whisky and Brandy, to which they invite the particular attention of the public.

NOTIONS.—Quite a variety of useful and entertaining articles—cheap—at SCHEFFER'S BOOKSTORE.

WHITE SULPHUR
AND
CHALYBEATE SPRINGS,
At Doubling Gap, Penn.
JAMES D. HENDLEY, PROPRIETOR,
Late of Kirkwood House, Washington.
SEASON OPENS 15th JUNE, 1863.
These Springs are in Cumberland county, Penn'a, 30 miles west of Harrisburg. They are accessible from all the principal cities by railroad to Harrisburg, thence by the Cumberland Valley railroad to Newville; from Newville, 8 miles good staging to the Springs. The stage is always in waiting upon the arrival of the cars at Newville.
Passengers leaving Philadelphia, Baltimore or Washington in the morning can arrive at the Springs the same evening at five o'clock.
The Hotel is commodious and comfortable, with Hot and Cold Baths attached, and extensive grounds for walks and amusement.
The long experience of the present Proprietor (for many years past at the Kirkwood House in Washington, D. C.,) enables him to say, that it will be conducted in a manner to please all Visitors.
TERMS:—$2 per day; $12 per week; 4 weeks $40—Children and servants half price. je9-d2m

FIRE! FIRE! FIRE!
PHILADELPHIA, May 30, 1863.
M. C. Sadler, Esq.,
DEAR SIR:—During the night of May 19, 1863, our Grocery and Provision Store, at North Second and Willow streets, took fire at about 2 o'clock a. m., and as the store was a two-story wood building it burnt rapidly, and before the fire engines could act upon the fire, our whole stock of goods, including much combustible material, and amounting to over $2 000, were wholly destroyed. We had one of your No. 11 Chilled Iron Safes, which was in the hottest part of the fire, and it came out of the fire not in the least injured, except the melting off of the name, plate and paint. The contents inside were not affected in the least, and we consider the Safe just as good a protection against fire now as before, and shall use it hereafter with increased confidence. The lock works as perfectly as before the fire.
Yours truly, M'MANUS & CROFT,
Late 429 North Second st.

Attention to the above certificate is particularly requested, as it is the first trial of LILLIE'S SAFES in an accidental fire in Philadelphia.
I would say to all parties who want a Fire and Burglar-proof Safe that LILLIE'S WROUGHT AND CHILLED IRON SAFES are much the cheapest and the only real Fire and Burglar-proof Safes now made; and to those who want simply a Fire-proof, I would say that LILLIE'S WROUGHT IRON SAFE is fully equal in all respects to any of the most approved makers, and is sold at fully one-third less price.
All parties interested are invited to examine the safes above described, at my store.
GEO. W. PARSONS, Agent,
je10-2aw 3w 110 Market street.

TO PAPER MANUFACTURERS.
Sealed Proposals will be received at the office of the Superintendent of Public Printing, for supplying the paper used by the State for the year commencing July 1, 1863. Said paper to be Book Paper, measuring 26 by 40 inches, and to weigh, respectively, 40 and 50 pounds to the ream. Also, Double Flat Cap, measuring 17 by 26 inches, weighing 28 pounds to the ream. Bids will be received for each kind separately.
Bids can be handed in up to WEDNESDAY, JULY 1, at 10 o'clock A. M., and must state specifically the price per pound of paper.
Samples of paper required will be sent to any parties upon application to the undersigned, and can also be seen on the day of letting.
L. H. FUNK,
Superintendent Public Printing,
je10-d3t oaw 75 Market st., Harrisburg.

HAMS!!!!
20,000, lbs. Composed of the following Brands just received:
NEWBOLD'S—Celebrated.
NEW JERSEY—Select.
EVANS & SWIFT'S—Superior.
MICHINER'S EXCELSIOR—Not canvassed.
IRON CITY—Canvassed.
IRON CITY—Not canvassed.
PLAIN HAMS—Strictly prime.
ORDINARY HAMS—Very good.
☞ Every Ham sold will be guaranteed as represented. WM. DOCK, jr., & CO.

MORTON'S UNRIVALLED GOLD PEN.—FIRST QUALITY WARRANTED.
NONE BETTER IN THE WHOLE WORLD.
A GREAT LUXURY!
PERSONS in want of a superior and really good GOLD PEN will find with me a large assortment to select from, and have the privilege to exchange the Pens until their hand is perfectly suited. And if by fair means the Diamond points break off during twelve months, the purchaser shall have the privilege to select a new one, without any charge.
I have very good Gold Pens, made by Mr. Morton, not warranted, in strong silver-plated cases, for $1, $1.25, $1.50, $2.00
For sale at SCHEFFER'S BOOKSTORE,
No. 18 Market Street, Harrisburg, Pa.

S. S. MARQUART having opened a new Grocery and Provision Store at the foot of Second and Paxton streets, near the lower winding bridge, would respectfully invite the attention of the public to his well selected stock of groceries. He will keep constantly on hand all kinds of country produce, such as
Butter, Eggs, Lard,
Hams, Shoulders, Fish, Salt,
White and Brown Sugars,
Green and Black Teas,
Green and Roasted Coffee.
Also, a large lot of Glass, Queen and Crockery Ware. He will also keep constantly on hand a large stock of Flour and Feed, such as Oats, Corn, Rye and Hay.
Notions of every description; in fact everything usually kept in a first class retail grocery and provision store. Cheap for cash. S. S. MARQUART.
May 21st, 1863. je13-1w

R. T. BABBITT'S Concentrated, Condensed, or Pulverized Soft Soap. Three gallons of handsome white soft soap made in five minutes. No grease required.
DIRECTIONS:—Dissolve one pound of the soap in one gallon boiling water, then add two gallons warm, when cool you will have three gallons HANDSOME WHITE SOFT SOAP. Ten pounds will make one barrel of soft soap. The soap thus made is an excellent wash for trees, shrubs and plants of all kinds. For sale by
WM. DOCK, jr., & CO.
my28.

HEALTH, MONEY! HAPPINESS!!
At this season of year, when so much sickness prevails, every one should provide himself with DR. HUMPHREY'S HOMŒOPATHIC MEDICINES, and prevent disease in its beginning.
A fresh supply always on hand at
SCHEFFER'S BOOK-STORE,
mar19 Harrisburg.

A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT
OF
LITHOGRAPHS
Formerly retailed at from $3 to $5, are now [illegible] 50 and 75 cents, and $1 and $1 50—published [illegible] Union, and formerly retailed by them.
Splendid Photographic Album Pictures [illegible] guished men and Generals of the army, at [illegible]
For sale at SCHEFFER'S [illegible]
18 Market street.

RECRUITS WANTED for [illegible] th Regiment P. V., Col. T. H. GOOD[illegible] ned at Key West, Florida. Apply to
my26-1md* Lieut. W. [illegible]
Second st., opposite Presb[illegible]rch.

WAR! WAR!—BRA[illegible] No. 62 Market street, below Third, [illegible] a large assortment of SWORDS, SASHES an[illegible] which he will sell very low. [illegible]20 dtf

BLACKING!!—MASON'S [illegible] LLENGE BLACKING."—100 GROSS. as[illegible], just received and for sale, *wholesale and* [illegible]
dec1 WM. [illegible], & CO.

WHITE BRANDY!! [illegible] PRESERVING PURPOSES.—A very su[illegible]ble, (*strictly pure,*) just received and for sal[illegible]
july1 [illegible], Jr., & Co.

WANTED.—$75 A [illegible]H! I want to hire Agents in ever[illegible] $75 a month expenses paid, to sell my [illegible] Family Sewing Machines. Address, MADISON, Alfred, Maine
m5-d3m

WANTED.—$60 A MONTH! We want Agents at $60 a month, expenses paid, to sell our *Everlasting Pencils, Oriental Burners,* and thirteen other new, useful and curious articles. Fifteen circulars sent *free.* Address,
m5-d3m SHAW & CLARK, Biddeford, Maine.

WILL EXHIBIT
IN
HARRISBURG
FOR ONE WEEK ONLY,
Afternoon and Evening,
COMMENCING
MONDAY, JUNE 29th, 1863,
NEAR RAILROAD DEPOT.
IN CONNECTION WITH
NIXON'S
Cremorne Circus!
EXTRA ADVERTISEMENT.

The Renowned SYRO-ARAB TROUPE of Male and Female Jugglers, Acrobats, Contortionists, &c.
NOTICE.—ZARA and ZULEIKA, the beautiful and renowned female members of this UNRIVALLED ACROBATIC TROUPE, are the FIRST FEMALE GYMNASTS THAT HAVE EVER APPEARED IN AMERICA.
FIRST APPEARANCE IN AMERICA OF THE WORLD'S WONDERS.
ADMISSION.....25 CENTS.
RESERVED SEATS.....50 CENTS.
je22 2w

Medical.

★ ★ ★
DR. SWEET'S
INFALLIBLE LINIMENT,
THE
GREAT EXTERNAL REMEDY,
FOR RHEUMATISM, GOUT, NEURALGIA, LUMBAGO, STIFF NECK AND JOINTS, SPRAINS, BRUISES, CUTS & WOUNDS, PILES, HEADACHE, and ALL RHEUMATIC and NERVOUS DISORDERS.

Dr. Stephen Sweet, of Connecticut,
The great Natural Bone Setter.

Dr. Stephen Sweet, of Connecticut,
Is known all over the United States.

Dr. Stephen Sweet, of Connecticut,
Is the author of "Dr. Sweet's Infallible Liniment."

Dr. Sweet's Infallible Liniment
Cures Rheumatism and never fails.

Dr. Sweet's Infallible Liniment
Is a certain cure for Neuralgia.

Dr. Sweet's Infallible Liniment
Cures Burns and Scalds immediately.

Dr. Sweet's Infallible Liniment
Is the best known remedy for Sprains and Bruises.

Dr. Sweet's Infallible Liniment
Cures Headache immediately and was never known to fail.

Dr. Sweet's Infallible Liniment
Affords immediate relief for Piles, and seldom fails to cure.

Dr. Sweet's Infallible Liniment
Cures Toothache in one minute.

Dr. Sweet's Infallible Liniment
Cures Cuts and Wounds immediately and leaves no scar.

Dr. Sweet's Infallible Liniment
Is the best remedy for Sores in the known world.

Dr. Sweet's Infallible Liniment
Has been used by more than a million people, and all praise it.

Dr. Sweet's Infallible Liniment
Is truly a "friend in need," and every family should have it at hand.

Dr. Sweet's Infallible Liniment
Is for sale by all Druggists. Price 25 cents.
RICHARDSON & Co.,
Sole Proprietors, Norwich, Ct.
For sale by all Dealers. ap20 eow-d&w

The Patriot & Union.

MONDAY MORNING, JUNE 29, 1863.

THE DEMOCRATIC PRESS OF THE STATE ON THE NOMINATIONS.

From the Westmoreland Republican.

Many an anxious heart was relieved by the announcement of the nominations made and the resolutions passed by the Democratic Convention of the 17th instant. They have been hailed with universal sanction, and have inspired confidence in the success of that great party in which the hopes of the country are centered.

Of the various gentlemen named for Governor—all eminent for ability, for purity and patriotism—George W. Woodward was, to a cursory observer, the least likely to be chosen, for he was not announced until the convention was about to meet, he was without pledged friends and had taken no part in the preliminary canvass. We solemnly believe that the union of all the members of the convention by which his name was presented for the suffrages of the people, was the inspiration of a merciful Providence; and we rejoice in this evidence of the returning favor of Heaven, to which we owe so much and for which we have been so ungrateful. The severe trials through which we have passed are the just punishment of our national offences. We have been cursed with tyranny because we had not justly valued liberty. Libations of blood and enormous treasure have been poured out to recall us to our duties and atone for our neglect of them. The very excesses of the Federal executive and their agents, the wantonness of the wrongs they inflicted, their bold avowals of usurpation, their insolent disregard of the Constitution, of the public will, of their oaths, and their duty, their assumption of arbitrary power as superior to the law of the land, their insidious attacks on the Federal Union, the sovereignty of the States and the freedom of citizens, have been, we humbly believe, the sharp but sure means, designed by God, to arouse in our bosoms the slumbering spirit of of our fathers, to inspire us with their patriotism, understanding and resolution.

Let him who thinks this language too strong, calmly consider the character of the candidates, and candidly examine the resolutions of the convention—the one too pure for slander and the other too wise for impeachment—and he will join us in joy for the prospect, glowing in the future, of the deliverance which is drawing nigh.

We commend such examination especially to our Republican fellow-citizens, the masses of whom are true and patriotic, and all of whom have like interests with us, in that which concerns the public good. With the exception of the extortioners and plunderers and office holders, there are few Republicans who approve the conduct of the administration—there are few who do not feel that the war has been infamously mismanged, and that the laws which protect persons and property have been grossly violated. Pride of supposed consistency, strong desire to sustain the government, and horror of the rebellion, induce many honest men to suppress the avowal of condemnation with their indictments pronounce. The ballot their rights. To [illegible] we are content to appeal. By the result of a free and fair vote we will gladly abide. If, however, the Federal executive shall, by military power, deprive us of this last refuge and remedy, whether by armed interference or by sending soldiers of their own party to vote the people down, the time will then have arrived for resort to the reserved rights which are asserted by the sword, and without which tyranny would be eternal. We do not believe the administration will dare thus directly to invade the freedom of elections, though, of course, all the minor means of deception, corruption and intimidation will be resorted to. These we do not fear, for the virtue of the people is proof against them.

It is true that in the Delaware election there was direct military interference, and in Connecticut the election was carried by sending home Abolition soldiers to vote, while the Democrats were kept in camp and thus debarred from exercising this right. But Pennsylvania is neither Delaware nor Connecticut. Too vast to be affected by all the volunteers who can be misled, too powerful to be insulted with impunity, the cowardice of contemplated crime will recoil from the attempt to control her by these wicked means. If *all* our soldiers could vote, it would undoubtedly add largely to the Democratic majority.

Let us rest content. There is neither doubt nor difficulty. Victory is assured. The Constitution will be vindicated, the Union will be restored, freedom will be secured.

From the Gettysburg Compiler.

Judge Woodward is a sound patriot and statesman, pure and spotless. His election, which we confidently look for by a tremendous majority, will place Pennsylvania in as good a position as the election of Seymour has placed the great State of New York.

Rally, then, Democrats, and all other conservatives, for Woodward, Lowrie and victory.

From the Norristown Register.

It will be observed from the proceedings of the Democratic State Convention, to be found in another column, that the candidates presented for the support of the Democratic and Constitution-loving citizens of Pennsylvania, are Hon. George W. Woodward, of Luzerne county, for Governor, and Hon. Walter H. Lowrie, of Pittsburg, for Judge of the Supreme Court. These are, beyond dispute, very able nominations, and a better ticket could hardly have been selected. They are both first class men in every respect, and must command the confidence of the people generally. They are the right men for the places, and their election will be a guarantee to the people that they can rest secure in the enjoyment of all their constitutional rights. With Woodward for Governor and Lowrie upon the Supreme Bench, the people may rest assured that no interference will be allowed with any of their rights as citizens of the State of Pennsylvania, from any source. That they will be elected there is no doubt. As certainly as the second Tuesday of October comes round, so certain is their election. "Old Montgomery" will roll up one of the largest majorities for Woodward and Lowrie ever yet polled within her limits. Mark the prediction!

From the York Democratic Press.

We congratulate the Democracy of Pennsylvania upon the nomination of a candidate for Governor of this glorious old Commonwealth, who is in every way qualified to take the helm of the ship of State at this imminent crisis.—When we, many weeks since, suggested the name of this distinguished gentleman for that position, we feared that the politicians of the State might not be prepared to magnanimously surrender their predilections in favor of a particular man so readily as they have done, in support of one so worthy, able and pure. The nomination will meet with a cordial and enthusiastic approval throughout the State, and a still more hearty approval at the polls, on the second Tuesday of October next. It seems that the feeling in favor of Judge Woodward has been growing in all portions of the State for some time past, and it needed only the surrender of the personal preferences of the delegates to the convention, to at once indicate in whom they had unbounded confidence, and towards whom as a standard bearer this fall, and as the Governor of the State, the hearts of the people were turned, as one of strong mind and firm hand, in whose care could be confided with safety the destinies of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Our present worthy Chief Justice of the Supreme Bench, Hon. W. H. Lowrie, was nominated as the candidate for Supreme Judge.

From the Juniata True Democrat.

We present to our readers, this week, the names of the persons who were nominated by the Democratic State Convention at Harrisburg, on the 17th inst.; the announcement of which thrilled the hearts of hundreds of thousands of Democrats with joy, beyond description.

The Hon. George W. Woodward is one of the ablest lawyers, most profound jurists, and farseeing and patriotic statesman of Pennsylvania's sons. His political record is without spot or blemish; even the rankest Abolitionist will find it difficult to say aught against it, while his personal and moral character is irreproachable and invulnerable to the shafts of fanaticism's slanderous tongue.

To the Hon. Geo. W. Woodward we can *conscientiously* give our most cordial and hearty support, for we know him to be one of the most loyal, patriotic and able statesman that the Democratic party could possibly have selected. In his hands the Commonwealth will be perfectly secure, and before him the political sharks and shoddy contractors will disappear as mist before the morning sun; and our glorious old Commonwealth again resume her place as the Keystone of the Arch, that, by fraud, misrule and corruption had nearly been brought to ruin. We are sure that at *this time* no *better* selection could possibly have been made.—A man with such intellectual endowments, profound legal knowledge, thorough statesmanship, pure and unsullied moral character must necessarily gather around the Democratic standard the wise, the good and the patriotic, to the utter discomfiture and defeat of all the fanatical Abolition combinations of the day.

In Walter H. Lowrie we have a man whose vast experience as a jurist, strict integrity and tried loyalty eminently fit him for the Supreme Bench, and render him an ornament to the judiciary. His moral as well as political character soars so high beyond reproach, that comment on our part would be perfectly superfluous.

Let the Democracy of Pennsylvania, and all who are favorable to State rights and prefer Constitutional liberty, to despotism and tyranny, or, worse still, anarchy, rally round our standard-bearers, and victory will again perch upon our banner, and the State be once more rescued from Abolition rule.

From the Luzerne Union.

More than any other nomination we have ever known, that of Judge Woodward *was made by the people.* He never sought it—not a single county in the State had instructed for him—no partisan management was resorted to, to place him in this high position—no party drill or machinations characterized it in any way. On the other hand, the people, with one accord, felt that this was a time when the [illegible] *should seek the man,* and [illegible] out the Commonwealth. His public character needs no encomium at our hands. But hailing as he does from our midst, it may be expected of us to give a brief sketch of his personal history. Our candidate is a native of Wayne county. He came to Wilkes Barre when quite a young man, to attend the school of Dr. Orton, the then principal of the old Academy, under whose tuition he completed his academic education. He then went to Geneva, New York, where he graduated in the same class with Governor Seymour, and between whom we understand there has ever existed the firmest friendship. About the year 1828 or '29 Geo. W. Woodward entered upon the study of law in the office of Garrick Mallery, Esq. Upon the appointment of the latter gentleman to the Judgship of the Northampton district, young Woodward took charge of Mr. Mallery's extensive practice, and in a very short time attained a high position at the bar. His clear legal and logical mind, his untiring industry, and the unswerving integrity of his character, made him a mark of admiration far beyond his years, among the Scotts, the Conynghams, the M'Clintocks, the Denisons, and the other great and distinguished minds then composing the Luzerne bar. Thus much for his early manhood in the profession of which he has since become so bright an ornament. His subsequent attainments are too well known to need further reference. From the unaided boy he has become, as a lawyer and a jurist, unsurpassed in the State; while his learning, his ability, his unspotted life, and last, though not least, his orthodox Democracy, all pointed to him as the proper man in the present crisis to direct the destinies of this great Commonwealth. As we have before said in these columns, Pennsylvania needs at this time, such a mind as Judge Woodward's to preside over her destinies. He is a Democrat who knows her rights as a State, and knowing will maintain them. Old Luzerne feels duly honored by her sister counties in their choice for Governor; and we feel safe in saying in her behalf that she will send forth such a greeting to her fellow Democrats on the second Tuesday of October as will satisfy them of her appreciation of the compliment. We see nothing to prevent the election of Judge Woodward by at least 100,000 majority.

PATRIOTISM.—When in the history of nations was there known a people so devoted, who made such sacrifices, submitted to such wrongs, yet remained so patient as the American people? Does the administration yet fail to appreciate this? or do they perhaps fully appreciate it and presume too much on it?

In all directions, from all parties, the cry comes up—"What do the administration mean?" The journals of every party write in remonstrance. Even the N. Y. *Times,* the steadfast apologist hitherto for every act of the administration in the interest of radicalism, is compelled to yield before the popular sentiment which sweeps through all classes of citizens, and one voice from all parts of the land addresses itself in warning tones to the President of the United States. The hour is one of the most memorable in our national history. It is no party voice, no political claptrap, no cry of demagogues which now goes forth; it is but the utterance of a free people, united in sentiment, united in defence of ancient principles of liberty, of which we, before all nations on earth, are the defenders. For once the administration has united the North, and they agree. Party differences vanish in presence of what is felt to be a national peril.

Again we call on the friends of the President to make the truth known to him. Go you who have access to his ear, and [illegible] Evening! bold truth, that the Abolitionists [illegible] perhead, the radical and the [illegible] of all classes and creeds [illegible] gether in defense of the [illegible]aged of which due [illegible] given by the undersigned [illegible] right in the act of destroy[illegible] the Gaiety bills.
COOK, Business Manager.

and the freedom of the citizen. Let the words of wisdom be heard at Washington, and they must do their work.—*Journal of Commerce.*

HUSBAND CATCHING.—On a certain divine an anecdote is told which Hook used to say exceeded any specimen of cool assurance that he had seen exhibited. A young clerical of his, staying at a friend's house, happened to be sitting up one night reading, after the family, as he supposed, had retired to rest. The door opened and his excellent host reappeared in his dressing gown and slippers.

"My dear boy," said the latter, seating himself, and looking pathetically at his guest, "I have a few words to say, don't look alarmed, they will prove agreeable enough to you, rely upon it. The fact is, Mrs.——and myself have observed the particular attention which you have paid to Betsey. We can make every allowance, knowing your excellent principles as we do for the diffidence which has hitherto tied your tongue, but it has been carried far enough. In a worldly point of view, Betsey of course might do better, yet we all have the highest esteem for your character and disposition, and then our daughter, she is very dear to us, and when her happiness is at stake, all minor considerations must give way. We have therefore after due deliberation, I must own not altogether without hesitation, made up our mind to the match. What must be must be; you are a worthy fellow, and, therefore, at a word, you have our free will and consent. Only make our child happy and we ask no more."

The astonished divine, half petrified, laid down his book.

"My dear, sir!" he began to murmur, "there is some dreadful mistake. I really never thought of this, I never intended."

"No, no, I know you did not. Your modesty is one of those traits which has made you so deservedly a favorite with us all. But my dear boy, a parent's eyes are chary. Anxiety sharpens them. We saw well enough what you thought so well concealed. Betsey, too, is just the girl to be won. Well, well, say no more about it; it's all over now. God bless you both! Only make her a good husband—here she is. I have told Mrs——to bring her down again, for the sooner you young folks are out of suspense the better. Settle this matter as soon as you like; we leave you together."

Thus saying the considerate papa bestowed a most affectionate kiss upon his daughter, who was at this juncture led into the room by her mother, both in dishabille, shook his future son-in-law cordially by the hand, and with a "there, go, go along, Mr——," turned his wife out of the room, and left the lovers (?) to tete-a tete. What was to be done? Common humanity, to say nothing of politeness, demanded nothing less than a proposal. It was tendered accordingly, and we need scarcely add, very gracious received.—*Memoirs of Hook.*

THE INVASION—NEW YORK.—The Albany *Argus* contains the following speculations:

* * * Virginia has become so impoverished by the havoc of war that it can no longer supply the food of an army and the forage of cavalry. To move upon a richer country has been, probably, a necessity of the Confederate chief.

If any reliance could be placed upon Hooker we would not need to dread such a project of invasion. But he cannot rely upon his people, gives, and has never acquired the reputation of a general.

He can defend Washington; but he cannot prevent its isolation. It is not improbable that the Capital may be cut off from its railroad communication with the North; and the continuance of its communication by water will depend on the fact whether the rebels are able to command the Potomac, by batteries on the shore. A single one at Mathias' Point, we know, has held entire control of the navigation.

What are we to do? What is New York to do? She is to do what she is doing—throw the whole of her force in defense of her imperrilled sister States. Already we are sending an army of from 10,000 to 15,000 men to the defense of Pennsylvania. We will commence the organization of the militia for our own State defense.

It may be possible that in the isolation of Washington which may follow upon these military events, the people of this State will have to depend upon themselves, and look to home for counsel and direction as well as for strength.

It is a matter of congratulation that the people of New York can look with confidence and reliance upon the patriotism, valor and wisdom of their Executive, Governor Seymour.

THERE IS NO ACCOUNTING FOR TASTES."—Human flesh, says a recent book on New Zealand, is rather tough, and to be palatable requires more cooking than any other meat—but "done to a turn," is of singular tenderness and sweetness. It is related in this cannabilistic volume, that a voyager by the name of Jenkins, endeavored to save the life of a young female slave who was about to be eaten in New Zealand.—He offered any quantity of pigs for her, but the chief said, "A piece of Maori's flesh is better than pork," and he killed and ate her.—The same account mentions a highly civilized New Zealander, who had become a partner in an English commercial house. He had in his younger days been addicted to the use of human flesh; and being a candid and really high-minded man, he admits, that although he has now acquired different tastes, the relish with which he partook of cannibal feasts especially when the fleshy part of a young female slave served up is still a matter of by no means disagreeable recollection to him." We copy one more curious remark: "The cannibal propensity is deeper in the highest conditioned races of man than most people imagine. Why was pork, for instance, prohibited to the Jews? Why but that it so closely resembles human flesh, that people in a state of semi-barbarism might get into the habit of overlooking the distinction!"

WHO ARE TO BE THE PEACE-MAKERS.—The aspiration for peace moves every patriotic heart; as hatred of a war wicked in its inception, and fruitless in its consequences, must animate every humane and Christian soul. In looking forward to the peace that must ultimately terminate this war, all men must ask themselves who are to be the peace-makers? What are to be the conditions of peace?

What is to be the future after it? Is peace to mean division? Is division to mean perpetual enmity? Are the two segments of a once free Republic, to sink thereafter into consolidated despotism, under military rule?

We can imagine a peace that will leave two great peoples divided, subject to grinding debts and taxation, to military power, to an absoluteism that disdains all obligations to constitutional law, and as the result of this, to a peace in name that will be a perpetual war in fact.

We seek no such peace. We will not submit the chances of such a peace, to men whom above all others we distrust.—*Albany Argus.*

HE[illegible] immigration from Europe to Canada this sea-HELL[illegible] is largely on the increase.
Sold b[illegible]
ASK [illegible]
Cut, cut