

Communications will not be published in the Patriot and Union unless accompanied with the name of the author.

W. W. KINGSBURY, Esq., of Towanda, is a duly authorized agent to collect accounts and receive subscriptions and advertisements for this paper.

S. M. PETTENGILL & CO., No. 37 Park Row, N. Y., and 6 State St., Boston, are our Agents for the PATRIOT AND UNION in those cities, and are authorized to take advertisements and subscriptions for us at our lowest rates.

THE NATIONAL PLATFORM.

PURPOSES OF THE WAR.

Congress, by a vote nearly unanimous, passed the following resolution, which expresses the voice of the Nation and is the true standard of Loyalty:

THE WEEKLY PATRIOT AND UNION FOR THE CAMPAIGN.

The Weekly PATRIOT AND UNION will be furnished to clubs of ten or more, for the campaign, with an extra number giving full returns of the October election, at 50 cents!

DEMOCRATIC STATE CONVENTION.

Pursuant to a resolution adopted by the Democratic State Central Committee, the Convention of Delegates, chosen by the Democrats throughout the State, will assemble

AT HARRISBURG ON WEDNESDAY, JUNE 17th, 1863.

ON WEDNESDAY, JUNE 17th, 1863, At 10 o'clock, a. m., to nominate candidates for Governor and Judge of the Supreme Court, to be supported by the friends of the CONSTITUTION and the UNION, at the ensuing election.

TO THE PUBLIC.

THE PATRIOT AND UNION and all its business operations will hereafter be conducted exclusively by O. BARRETT and T. G. POMEROY, under the firm of O. BARRETT & CO., the connection of H. F. M'ROY with said establishment having ceased on the 20th November, inst.

Chester County Democratic Convention.

We have on hand for publication the proceedings of the Chester County Democratic Convention. They will appear in to-morrow's Union.

New Democratic Paper.

We place on the list of our exchanges today the name of a new Democratic paper—the Lackawanna Register, published at Scranton, by E. S. M. Hill, Esq. The appearance of the Register is highly creditable; its contents in every way worthy of the reputation of the intelligent gentleman who has assumed its editorial chair.

Berks County and Wisconsin.

It seems that enrolling officers are mobbed in both Berks county and the city of Milwaukee, Wisconsin; but the former may learn something from the latter in regard to the manner of proceeding. In Wisconsin the women, in Berks the men, are the assailants. Both modes would be "more honored in the breach than the observance," but certainly of the two the Wisconsin plan is the preferable.

Maryland Politics.

The nominating Republican convention of the Third Maryland district, (13 wards of Baltimore city), as we have already published, at their convention on the 5th, chose Henry Winter Davis as their candidate for Congress, he receiving forty-five votes to two votes for ex-mayor Swann. The delegates chosen in the 8th, 11th, 12th and 20th wards, for the reasons stated in the subjoined protest, presented by the President of the convention before the nomination was made, did not attend:

Valledigham Going to Richmond.

The Chatanooga Rebel of the 29th ultimo says: "Mr. Vallandigham was still at Shelbyville yesterday, stopping at a private house. He will go to Virginia in a day or two. He is as yet undecided as to the precise point, but will determine soon."

BY THE MAILS.

WASHINGTON, June 7.—The government tonight received official advice from Vicksburg to the 3d inst. The telegram, while stating that the siege continues, makes no mention of events of startling importance.

with the written constitution in which they are now embodied, have been swept away by the rude hand of power, under the false plea of military necessity, and the American people, despite all the bulwarks they had erected against the encroachments of the Executive, are as much serfs to-day as the peasants of Russia.

The Gubernatorial Question.

The Pittsburg Post of the 6th instant has a very excellent introduction (on the subject of a Democratic platform) to its avowal of preference for Gen. Geo. W. Cass as the next candidate of the party for Governor. The Post thinks "there can be but little difficulty in the Convention about the platform."

WE AGREE ENTIRELY WITH THE POST THAT THE "chief plank" of the platform ought to be, (and we presume "will be,")

the "emphatic expression of a determination never, under any circumstances, to submit to a separation of the States of this Confederacy." This, and an equally emphatic expression of opposition to the general policy of the administration, as developed by its acts and declarations, while perfectly willing to sustain it in all constitutional measures for the suppression of the rebellion, and the declaration of a desire for peace at the earliest moment it can be honorably obtained on the basis of perpetual Union, would, we think, be sufficient, and present a platform upon which all opposed to the administration could rally.

On the question of candidacy the Post, after quoting a paragraph from one of our recent articles on the subject, remarks:

"For our part we have but one candidate, Gen. George W. Cass, the choice of our country, as well as the favorite of the West. In mentioning him as being our candidate, we desire not to disparage others mentioned in the same connection. We merely announce him as being the Western candidate for Governor, and we accordingly invite the PATRIOT AND UNION, and every other Democratic paper in the State, to immediately commence the discussion of his claims and qualifications. Such a discussion will, we think, demonstrate that Gen. George W. Cass is one of the two so modestly hinted at by our Harrisburg contemporary."

The Post must excuse us. We cannot be seduced from the positively neutral position which we have thus far maintained. While personally entertaining a preference among the candidates, reposing confidence in the integrity and qualifications of some of the gentlemen prominent among those early in the field, and much distrusting others, we have not, so far, thought it necessary to make our columns subservient to our likes or dislikes, or to designate by name the individuals of either class; nor can we perceive that any good could result from a change of policy now.

Whether, therefore, the Post is correct or not in the surmise which concludes the above paragraph, quoted from its columns, must remain as much a mystery as ever to all but ourselves. We can truly say that we have no preference strong enough to hold us against the good of the Commonwealth and the interests of the party; our only desire being to secure the nomination of a sound, honest and capable man, the one, all things considered, in every respect best fitted for the times and the position.

The selection of a proper candidate will devolve upon the Convention. The trust committed to them is one of no ordinary importance, and they will be held to a strict accountability for the manner in which they discharge it. We hope the delegates will consider well the responsibility which rests upon them, and pray Heaven to send them a happy deliverance.

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been run the same way. Thousands of millions of dollars have been set free—but not a nigger!

NEWS OF THE DAY.

BY TELEGRAPH.

NINTH ARMY CORPS GOING TO VICKSBURG.

NEW YORK, June 8.—The Times' letter from Lexington, Ky., dated the 6th inst., reports the departure of the 9th army corps (General Burnside's old corps), for Vicksburg. General Hartshorn is in command of the post of Lexington. Regiments were arriving to take the place of those leaving, including one regiment of Michiganians. A large number of refugees from East Tennessee were pouring in. Gen. Burnside, it was thought, would remain at Lexington for the present.

GEN. BLAIR'S EXPEDITION.

CHICAGO, June 8.—A special dispatch, dated Walnut Hill, June 2d, says General Blair's expedition has returned without the loss of a man. They had scoured fifty six miles of country, from the Big Black to the Yazoo. Several bridges, cotton gins and grist mills, which were used to grind corn, were destroyed, together with a large quantity of cotton marked C. S. A. The expedition reports that the country towards Yazoo city is teeming with agricultural riches; cattle, sheep and hogs abound and flourishing crops are seen on every side.

MURDER AND SUICIDE BY AN INMATE.

HARTFORD, Conn., June 8.—William Steele, of East Hartford, killed his wife and infant child this morning, by cutting their throats with a razor. Two children who were in the next room had their ears deafened by the noise. He had committed suicide. The terrible tragedy was undoubtedly the consequence of the insanity of the perpetrator, who has been an inmate of the Retreat at different times for the last twenty years.

CAPTURE OF BLOCKADE RUNNERS.

WASHINGTON, June 8.—The United States steamer Sunflower, Acting Master Edward Vansickle, on the 31st, captured the schooner Echo in the Gulf of Mexico. She was laden with 185 bales of cotton, and purported to be from Matamoros, but having no invoice, and her passengers' list not corresponding with the actual number on board, she was sent to Key West.

The United States steamer De Soto, Captain Wm. M. Walker, on the 24th ult., captured the schooners Gen. Prim and Rapid, and sloops Jane Adelle and Bright, all bound with cotton, and bound to Havana. The same vessel has also captured the schooner Mississippi, with 187 bales of cotton, which, with those previously reported, make seven prizes captured within a few days. If all are condemned, their proceeds will occasion a comfortable sensation in the pockets of the captors. The same vessel on the 14th ult. captured the schooner Seabird, of Havana, without log-book or papers. The United States steamer Kanawha, Lieut. Com. Wm. K. Mays, captured on the 18th ult. the schooner Ripple, with 110 bales of cotton, while running the blockade at Mobile, bound to Havana. On the previous day the same vessel captured the schooner Hunter, from Mobile bound to Havana, with forty-three bales of cotton.

In a letter dated Key West, on the 28th of May, to the Navy Department, Acting Rear Admiral Bailey says: "Since I took command, on December 9, 1862, forty-three vessels have been captured by the ships of this squadron, and declared good prizes. Others have been released by the court, and others still destroyed at India river and other places along the coast. Many prizes have been sent in by the West India and West Gulf Squadron, making the number that have come in for adjudication, since January last, seventy."

ON A STRIKE.

NEW YORK, June 8.—The Longshoremen are on a strike for higher wages, and business is at a standstill along the wharves.

PRISONERS COMING—CAPTURE OF REBELS—SOLDIERS KILLED.

CINCINNATI, June 8.—Two thousand prisoners left Indianapolis on Saturday for Fort Delaware, and one hundred and sixty five officers of Pemberton's army were sent to Johnston's Island.

All is quiet on the Cumberland river. The health of the army is good. A detachment of the 45th Ohio regiment, while on a reconnaissance, on Saturday, captured a rebel Captain, a Lieutenant, three Sergeants and ten privates, with their horses and equipments.

Of the killed by the locomotive explosion, on Saturday, at Nicholasville, three belonged to the 35th Massachusetts, one to the 21st Massachusetts, one to the 7th Rhode Island. The wounded belonged to the 61st New York and the 9th New Hampshire.

MEETING OF EDITORS.

NEW YORK, June 8.—At a meeting of editors to-day, Horace Greeley, of the Tribune, James Brooks, of the Express, Wm. C. Prime, of the Journal of Commerce, and various others were present, and resolutions were adopted to the effect that we recognize and affirm the duty of fidelity to the constitution, government and laws of the country.

That treason and rebellion are crimes that, while we emphatically disclaim and deny any right as inhering in journalists to incite, advocate, abet, uphold or justify treason or rebellion, we respectfully, but firmly, assert the right of the press to criticize freely and fearlessly the acts of those charged with the administration of the government and of their civil and military subordinates, and that any limitation of this right, created by the necessities of war, should be confined to the localities where hostilities exist, or are immediately threatened.

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General Grant used cotton bales for movable bridges in the attack.

GENERAL PEMBERTON MOUNTED HIS TWO-HUNDRED-POUNDERS AND DIRECTED THEIR FIRE AT THE COTTON BALES, MOWING DOWN WHOLE PLATOONS OF THE ENEMY.

Our entire loss, including the action at Baker's Creek, does not exceed five thousand. Confidence in General Pemberton, since his answer to Gen. Grant's demand for a surrender, has been fully restored.

FROM PORT HUDSON.

NEW ORLEANS, May 29.—To G. W. Denison, Special Agent. The negroes are reported by all parties to have fought well. The enemy yesterday tried to get through our left wing, but were driven back with heavy loss. This morning heavy cannonading was heard continually. All is going on well. Pickets of the rebels who have deserted to our lines report provisions short at Port Hudson. Gen. Banks is well and in fine spirits, and confident of entire success.

C. S. BULKLEY, SUP'T. U. S. TEL. REBEL REPORTS.

JACKSON, Miss., June 4.—A courier reports that Gen. Kirby Smith crossed to Port Hudson on Sunday.

ARMY OF THE POTOMAC.

WASHINGTON, June 7.—The reports from the Army of the Potomac to-night represent matters as very quiet there to-day.

IT IS REPORTED THAT THERE WAS A REVIEW OF THE FORCES OF FITZHUGH LEE AND WADE HAMPTON, BY GEN. STUART AT CULPEPPER YESTERDAY.

It is reported that there was a review of the forces of Fitzhugh Lee and Wade Hampton, by Gen. Stuart at Culpepper yesterday. They numbered from 12,000 to 15,000.

One of the prisoners captured Friday evening below Fredericksburg stated that it was intended soon to make a raid towards Washington. If such a design should be entertained they will find ample preparation made for their proper reception.

LEE'S AGGRESSIVE MOVEMENT.

The Wheeling Intelligencer is in receipt of a letter from Winchester from very high authority, which says:

"All is quiet in this vicinity, but everything indicates a tremendous concentration of the rebel forces against Hooker. Lee is about to assume the offensive, and it appears he is determined to stake the issue of the war upon the next battle, which will take place soon."

THE WRITER ADDS:

"Jones has been ordered to Richmond in arrest, for some failure in West Virginia, and has been succeeded by Jenkins in command."

SOUTH CAROLINA—BLUFFTON SET ON FIRE—NEGROES CARRIED OFF AND PROPERTY DESTROYED.

CHARLESTON, June 4.—An official dispatch from Gen. W. S. Walker, at Pootung, reports that the enemy fired the town of Bluffton to-day. Our forces engaged them and prevented a further advance.

A later dispatch from Lieutenant Colonel Johnson to General Walker, says: "We are now in Bluffton, which place is in flames. The enemy have retired. No one on our side is hurt."

In the raid on the Combahee river, the enemy carried away about 1,000 negroes and destroyed nearly \$1,000,000 worth of property.

ARKANSAS—MOVEMENTS OF PRICE AND MARMADUKE.

CHICAGO, June 6.—It is reported from Helena, Ark., that Gen. Price has removed his entire force from Little Rock to Fort Smith, leaving behind but a single regiment.

NEW MILITARY DISTRICT.

CINCINNATI, June 7.—Indiana and Michigan have been formed in a military district, Gen. O. B. Wilcox in command.

NASHVILLE, June 6.—The fight at Franklin on the 4th inst. was between four brigades of rebels, under Poyser, and one force there, who held the rebels at bay until the removal of the Federal stores, when our reinforcements came up and drove the rebels beyond the town.

On the morning of the 5th inst., the rebels were ascertained to have reentered the town. After severe fighting in the streets, Col. Faulkner, of the 7th Kentucky cavalry, again drove them some miles from the town, taking 50 prisoners. Col. Faulkner was wounded badly, and arrived here last night. Col. Wickliffe Cooper, of the 4th Kentucky cavalry, was injured by a horse falling on him.

All is quiet at Franklin to-day.

MISSOURI, June 7.—Col. Wilder, of the 1st Missouri, has returned from another highly successful expedition to Liberty. He broke up a band of guerrillas, taking all their horses and sixty-two prisoners.

Deserters represent that the Mississippi troops in Bragg's army are in a state of mutiny. The 41st Col. Tucker, have been under heavy guard for several days.

Portions of Breckinridge's and McCowan's divisions, which were reported to have gone to Mississippi, are still in our front.

Heavy firing has been in the direction of Laune, which is as yet unexplained.

"Let the Administration have confidence in the people," and all will be well.—Albany Journal.

"Sensible. A great deal of labor has been wasted in urging the people to have confidence in the Administration. There never was any reason to doubt the generous loyalty of the people, or their willingness to give the Administration their confidence. The trouble has all been the other way. The Administration have never confided in the people. The Journal's admonition is to the point and timely. Let the Administration have confidence in the people, and all will be well."—Rochester Union.

But the Administration must not only have confidence in the people—it must see to merit their confidence by acts, not by mere cheap words—by abstaining from impracticable promises, by truthfulness and deeds worthy of confidence.

With an ever great disposition, originally profited by the people, to confide in this Administration, it has promised naught, effected naught but was calculated to shake that confidence and arouse the most formidable distrust alike of its capacity, its policy and its purposes.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

A PRINCE IN OUR NAVY.—One of the sons of the Prince of Joinville, who has just graduated at our Naval Academy and who was on General McClellan's staff during the battles on the Peninsula, has applied for the commission of Ensign, and desires immediate active service.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

DR. TOBIAS' VENETIAN LINIMENT.

DR. TOBIAS' VENETIAN LINIMENT has given universal satisfaction during the four years it has been introduced into the United States. After being tried by millions, it has not been proclaimed the pain destroyer of the world. Pain cannot be where this liniment is applied. If used as directed it cannot and never has failed in a single instance.

TO HORSE OWNERS.

DR. SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT FOR HORSES is unrivaled by any, and in all cases of Lameness, arising from Sprains, Bruises or Wrenching, its effect is medical and certain. It will cure all cases of Lameness, arising from Sprains, Bruises or Wrenching, its effect is medical and certain.

S. T.—1860—X.

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LYON'S KATHAIRON.

This delightful article for preserving and beautifying the human hair is equally put up in the original perfume bottle, which first created its immense and unprecedented sale of over one million bottles annually.

HELMSTREET'S INIMITABLE HAIR RESTORATIVE.

HELMSTREET'S INIMITABLE HAIR RESTORATIVE. IT IS NOT A DYE, But restores hair to its original color, by supplying the capillary tubes with natural sustenance, impaired by age or disease.

FOR RENT—A STABLE, next to Collier's Livery Stable.

PICNIC OF THE STEUBENBUND NO. 8, V. O. V. B., ON MONDAY, JUNE 15, 1863.

ON MONDAY, JUNE 15, 1863.

WHITE SULPHUR AND CHALYBEATE SPRINGS, At Doubling Gap, Penn.

SEASON OPENS 15th JUNE, 1863.

NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that Letters of Administration on the estate of HENRY SCHREINER, late of Susquehanna county, Penn., deceased, have been granted to the subscriber, who resides in said township.

AN ORDINANCE Authorizing the Laying of a Water-pipe and Making Appropriation for the Payment of the same.

SECTION 1. Be it ordained by the Common Council of the city of Harrisburg, That Council be and they are hereby authorized to lay water pipe in River alley, from Washington street to Vine street; in Race street, from Conoy street to Nagle street; in Herr street, from Seventh street to the Pennsylvania railroad; in Spruce street, from State street to North street, and in Third street, from the termination of the pipe near Herr street to Verbeke street; and that the sum of three thousand four hundred and fifty dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby appropriated for the payment of the same.

BLINDS & SHADES.

THE LARGEST AND FINEST ASSORTMENT IN THE CITY, AT THE LOWEST PRICES.

CITY TAX!

Notice is hereby given, that the Common Council of the city of Harrisburg have completed the levy and assessment of Taxes for the year 1863, and that all persons liable to be called to an abatement of FIVE PER CENT, on the amount of their respective City Taxes, on payment of the same to JOHN T. WILSON, Esq., City Treasurer, on or before the 20th day of June, 1863.

NOTICE TO GAS CONSUMERS.

The gas will be stopped on all unpaid bills after the 10th inst. By order of the Board of Public Works.

T. F. WATSON, MASTIC WORKER AND PRACTICAL CEMENTER.

In prepared to cement the exterior of Buildings with the New York Improved

Water-Proof Mastic Cement.

This Material is different from all other Cements. It forms a solid, durable adhesion to any surface, impervious to the action of water or frost.

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