The Patriot & Anion.

FRIDAY MORNING, JUNE 5, 1863.

O. BARBETT & CO., PROPRIETORS.

Communications will not be published in the PATRION AND URION unless accompanied with the name of the 'uthor.

W. W. KINGSBURY, Esq., of Towanda, is a duly ant horized agent to collect accounts and receive subscriptions and advertisements for this paper. NOVENBER 22, 1862.

S. M. PETTENGILL & CO., No. 37 Park Row, N. Y., and 6 State St., Boston, Are our Agents for the PATRIOT AN UNION in those cities, and are authorized to take Advertisements and Subscriptions for us at our Lowest Rates THE NATIONAL PLATFORM.

PURPOSES OF THE WAR.

Congress, by a vote nearly unanimous, passed the following resolution, which expresses the voice of the Nation and is the true standard of Loyalty:

"That the present deplorable civil war has been forced upon the country by the disunionists of the Posthern States. now in arms sgainst the Constitutional Government, and in arms around the Capital; that in this National emergency, Congress, banishing all feel-ing of mere passion or resentment, will recollect only it duty to the help content the divergence. ing of mere passion or resentment, will recollect only its duty to the whole country; that this worr is not waged on their part in any spirit of oppression, or fir any purpose of conquest or subjugation, or purpose of overthrowing or interfering with the rights or established institutions of those States, but to defend and maintain the supremacy of the Constitution, and to preserve the Union, with all the dignity, equality and rights of the several States unimpaired; and that as soon as these ob-jects are accomplished the war ought to cease."

THE WEEKLY PATRIOT AND UNION FOR THE CAMPAIGN.

The Weekly PATRIOF AND UNION will be furnished to clubs of ten or more, for the campaign, with an extra number giving full returns of the October election, at 50 cents!

DEMOCRATIC STATE CONVENTION.

Pursuant to a resolution adopted by the Democratic State Central Committee, the Convention of Delegates, chosen by the Democrats throughout the State, will assemble

AT HARRISBURG ON WEDNESDAY, JUNE 17th, 1863, At 10 o'clock, a. m., to nominate candidates for Governor and Judge oi the Supreme Court, to be supported by the friends of the CONSTITUTION and the UNION, at the ensuing election.

The Convention will, also, give expression to the sentiments of the Democrats of the State, who, while their policy would have everted present disasters, will. nevertheless, devote the historic patriotism of our great party to rescue the Constitution and the Union-the one, from usurpation-the other, from final disruption.

F.W. HUGHES. Chairman Democratic State Central Committee. POTTSVILLE, May 26, 1863.

TO THE PUBLIC.

THE PATRIOT AND UNION and all its business operations will hereafter be conducted exclusively by O. BARBETT and T. G. POMEROY, under the firm of O. BARBETT & Co., the connection of H. F. M'Reynolds with said establishment having ceased on the 20th November, inst. NOVEMBER 21, 1862.

THE Frankin Repository and Transcript and the Telegraph have gotten themselves, severally and collectively, on the rampage about a speech delivered a week since by Hon. Wm. H. Miller, of this district, before the Democracy of Chambersburg. We were not present on the occasion, but judging from the stir created by the effort of our Democratic Congressman among the onscilling pack of negro-worshippers represented by the Repository and the Telegraph, we should say he acquitted himself with credit. No wonder the cowards howl when they are lashed. We are glad to hear that he laid it on so well. If the whole of his speech was of a piece with the quotation about which the Chambersburg Abolition paper makes so much ado, to wit: "That there are plenty of men who would be very willing to exchange with President Davis and give Lincoln for Vallandigham"-all we have say is we believe it to have been a remarkably truthfal and modest production. We are of the number who would be so disposed ourselves, and we know of others who have not hesitated to commend his Excellency, the Man of Straw, to a fate more awful than the doubtful hospitalities of the . ruler of Dixie's land.

treated the rebel officers to the best he had to drink, and not a word of reproach was uttered by the Abelitionists that we ever heard. Why. then, should Gen. Lazear be blamed for "agreeing" to pursue a similar course-if indeed ha did "agree" to do so ?]

Gen. Hunter Superseded.

Such was the report in Washington a few days ago. Unfortunately for the country, as appears by intelligence from that city, published yesterday, the rumor was unfounded. To show in what light this military humbugwho, in the uniform of a Major General, has been disgracing his country and retarding the progress of our arms in South Carolina for the past eighteen months, or thereabouts-----is viewed by a portion of the leading administration press, we quote from the Albany Evening Journal, which gives his performance and his character in these words:

"His administration of the 'Department of the South' has been a signal failure. Not only has he done nothing against the enemy, but he has managed to quarrel with pretty much everybody with whom he has had official intercourse. He quarreled with General Lane in Kansas; he quarreled with Fremont in Missouri; he quarreled with Foster and Naglee and Stevenson at Hilton Head; he quarreled with his own staff. When he should have been addressing his attention to the rebels, he was indicting frothy proclamations and wrangling over questions of etiquette with his associates. Instead of moving promptly against Oharleston last winter, he frittered away precious weeks in determining whether he should be supreme like Cæsar, or should divide the honors with the commander of the North Carolina forces. Before he could determine this momentous question the opportunity for a successful attack had passed.

This was written under the impression that he had been removed, which, as we have said, turns out not to be so. He has attached himself to the administration by his angualified and obsequious support of their negro policywhich is the only well defined policy they have-and although they must be conscious that he has disgraced the service and is an injury to it, yet they hesitate to displace him, for fear of bringing down upon them the wrath of Wade, Chandler, Stevens, Sumner & Co., the representative men of the ultra Abolition wing of the party.

With that wing Hunter is now stronger than ever. He has bound them to him by hooks of steel, in consequence of a military raid of negro troops into Florids, which he has recently planned, for the purpose of conscripting the male slaves of that region to fill up the ranks of the black brigades which he has engaged to furnish for active service in the field. He has done another act which extorts their admiration and rivets their support. He has written s foolish but sanguinary letter to Jeff. Davis, in which he threatens to hang indiscriminately every man in South Carolina, civil and military, now in his hands or upon whom he can hereafter lay his hands, unless the head functionary of the rebel government shall annul his retaliatory order in reference to white officers in command of negro troops.

These acts make Hunter, next to Fremont, the pet of the ultras; and even were the President inclined to remove him, the power we have spoken of is stronger than he, and would prevent him from consummating the act.

The country may suffer from his folly, but the General is safe in his position while Wade million and a quarter.

its military stores, without a struggle, and | serious fears already of the result to come from these ill judged proceedings," We know very well what the result will be if this arbitrary and unlawful course is persisted in by the administration and its military

satraps; but, although we would avoid it if possible, we have no fear of it. The result will be revolution and bloodshed throughout the entire North, and in that revolution the administration and all its cohorts will go down, and liberty and law will triumph.

"THE multitude," says Forney in the Philadelphia Press, a few days since, "rarely comprehends an idea, but it follows a threat or a command." This sentiment furnishes a key to all the recent arbitrary acts of the administration. It has no faith in the loyalty of the people or their reverence for law, but supposes, as all weak rulers have done in times past, that force alone is efficacious with the masses of men. Forgetting that they are the servants of the people, and therefore bound to obey, the members of the administration imagine themselves the sovereigns of the people, whose function is to compel. This has been the theory of all weak and wicked rulers. The only human emotion they ever dream of appealing to is that of which they are most conscious themselves-fear. A republic which depends upon popular intelligence, judgment, loyalty, forbearance, is simply impossible with rulers whose only panacea for general discontent is force. The administration of this country, operating under this fatal theory, is turning against it the conscience, the enterprise, the loyalty, the respect of the whole country. It has lost all moral power, and will soon be too contemptible to be feared .--- World.

NEWS OF THE DAY. BY TELEGRAPH.

FROM VICKSBURG.

CINCINNATI, June 4 .- The Commercial's dispatch gives Vicksburg advices to the 30th of Spades are once more trumps. We are May. erecting earthworks to protect our men, and mining to blow the face out of one or two forts that are nearly unapproachable otherwise. The idea of carrying the place by storm seems to be abandoned, and the safer and surer plan of starving Gen. Pemberton into submission now finds favor everywhere.

CAPTURE OF THE REBEL STEAMER CUBA. WASHINGTON, June 4.- The following report vas received at the Navy Department to-day: U. S. SHIP DE SOTO, GULF OF MEXICO, } May 18th, 1863. }

Sin: I have the honor to inform you that yesterday at noon we discovered the smoke of steamer, and stood for it. Soon after we made for the steamer, and pressed after it to the very extent of our powers. At 6 o'clock p. m. she stopped, and two boats pushed off from her, carrying her officers and crew.

I immediately lowered and took out of the steamers boats the principal officers, as a security for the lives of my own men, and then boarded the steamer. As soon as the boats had got alongside of her, the flames burst out, as I had anticipated, when I hoisted the recall. Afterwards, having had the assurance that there was no danger of her blowing up, I went near enough to the burning ship to lead our hose on board, but all efforts to suppress the flames were unavailing, and by sunset the famous rebel ship Cuba sank benerth the waters of the Gulf, in latitude 28° 47', longitude 87°

It is estimated, on reliable authority, that the cargo of the Cuba was worth in Havre nearly \$400,000, and if landed in Alabama

military authorities are on the alert, [glad to | to her, and knocking in the heads of the barrels of turpentine, again fired her and came hear it,] preparing for contingencies. The rebels are more frightened than ever. [Glad off to this vessel, leaving her in flames.

to hear that also.] CAVALRY EXPEDITION.

Kilpatrick's cavalry are now on an expedition south of Richmond, probably to damage their railroads.

LATER. WASHINGTON, June 4.-Col. Kilpatrick has been cutirely successful in his raid back from

Gloucester Point. He crossed the country between York and Rappahapnock rivers, making an extensive circuit through the garden spot of Virginia, a section where our troops hed never been before. Large numbers of horses, negroes, &c., were brought in by him to Urhana. His raid spread great alarm among the rebels. At Urbana he was taken across the Rappahannock by our gun boats, and thence proceeded to our lines.

EXPEDITION TO SHREVEPORT.

Boston, June 4.- A gentleman from New Orleans holding a position in Farragut's fleet, gives an account of an expedition to Shreveport, on Red river, where the rebels had a navy yard. Two iron clads of great power were found upon the stocks and blown up. It is believed they were powerful enough to have destroyed our Mississippi fleet. The iron for them had been sent from Richmond.

BY THE MAILS.

HE TROUBLE IN CHICAGO-BURNSIDE'S ORDER -MOTION TO DEFER INJUNCTION-REMARKS OF JUDGE DRUMMOND-MEETING OF THE CITI-ZENS-ACTION OF THE LEGISLATURE.

The following is a copy of Gen. Burnside's order suppressing the Chicago Times : HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF THE OHIO,

CINCINNATI, June 1, 1863. }

GENERAL ORDERS No. 84.-1. The tendency of the articles and opinions habitually published in the newspaper known as the New York World, being to cast reproach upon the government, and to weaken its efforts to suppress the rebellion, by creating distrust in its war policy, its circulation in time of war is calculated to exert a pernicious and treasonable influence, and is, therefore, prohibited in this department. 2. Postmasters, news agents and all others,

will govern themselves by this order, as any person detected in forwarding, selling or in any way circulating the paper referred to, will

be promply arrested, and held for trial. 3. On account of the repeated expression of disloyal and incendiary sentiments, the putlishing of the newspaper known as the Chicago Times is hereby suppressed.

4. Brigadier General Jacob Ammen, commanding the district of Illinois, is charged with the execution of the third paragraph of this order.

By command of Maj. Gen. A. E. BURNSIDE. LEWIS RICHMOND, Lt. Col. and A. A. G. Official:] D. R. LARNED, Capt. and A A. G. CHICAGO, June 9, 1868 .- A motion was made

in the United States Court this morning by the Times counsel to defer the application for an injunction until notice of the application could be given to the military commandant at camp Douglas.

Judge Drummond, in granting the motion, said :

"I may be pardoned for saying that personally and officially, I desire to give every aid and assistance in my power to the government, and to the administration in restoring the Union, but I have always wished to treat the government as a government of law, and a government of the Constitution, and not a government of mere physical force.

"I personally have contended, and shall always contend for the right of free discussion, and the right of commenting, under the law and under the Constitution, upon the acts of the officers of the government.

During the day the inner office seemed the centre of attraction, and was visited by a large In accordance with a call issued this fore-

when boarded, she was aground within 200 yards of Fort Morgan. Her cargo, per invoice,

consisted of 200 bales of cotton. For his coolness and efficiency in the above transaction, Com. Farragut, at the suggestion

of Lieut. Jewett, has promoted Master's Mate Dyer to an acting ensigncy, subject to the approval of the Department.

JOHNSON ADVANCING-SIEGE OF VICKSBURG. LAKE'S LANDING, YAZOO RIVER, May 28, 1863.

Scouts report that Gen. Johnson is advancing. One army corps drew seven days' rations and marched to meet him at daylight yester. day morning.

His advance is stated to be between the Yazoo and Big Black rivers, with the intention of retaking Haines' Bluff and breaking up our communications by the Yazoo.

His force is variously estimated at from 15,000 to 35,000. Gen. Grant is confident of his ability to defeat him without raising the siege.

MEMPHIS, June 2.-Advices from Grant's army to the 30th have been received. The siege of Vicksburg is slowly progressing. The mortars are firing slowly day and night.

All the prisoners in the Vicksburg jail have been released and put across the river. They report that one of the mortar shells exploded in the jail and destroyed it.

POSITION OF GRANT'S ARMY.

CINCINNATI, June 3.-A dispatch to the Gazette, from Cairo, gives the following information, which was obtained from a Union officer, who had arrived from Vicksburg :

The base of the Union lines extends from right to left on the Mississippi, from Yazoo to the lower part of Vicksburg, over six miles in the rear of the rebels.

Our lines come up to the rebel lines east of the town.

We hold undisputed possession of everything between the Black River bridge andsixty feel of hills in the rear of the rebel army.

At the last accounts, General Frank Blair's division had started for the Big Black river bridge. His destination was unknown.

Deserters report that the rebel losses wer extremely heavy on the 22d ult. The cessation of hostilities on the 21st ult.

was for the purpose of letting the women and children leave the city.

ASSAULTS ON VICKSBURG DISCREDITED.

WASHINGTON. June 3.-No official information has been received here in regard to any assault upon the rebel works at Vicksburg by General Grant's army, or of any repulse by the Union forces. It is believed that if any such events had transpired, attended . with great slaughter, as represented by the rebel newspapers, the fact would have been promptly communicated to the military authorities here. In the absence of such information, the reports of assaults and repulses at Vicksburg are discredited.

SENT SOUTH OF OUR LINES.

NASHVILLE, June 3.-The Chief of Police yerterday arrested C. F. Jones, formerly connected with the New York Spirit of the Times, now "local" of the Nashville Dispatch, for writing treasonable correspondence to the N. Y. Freeman's Journal. He will be sent south of our lines.

We have the following Washington items, June 3:

ADMIRAL DUPONT RELIEVED.

Admiral Foote was to day detached from his bureau, and ordered to relieve Admiral Dupont from the command of the South Atlantic Squadron. The Tuscarora is to take him from New York to his post of duty. GEN. HUNTER-CONFLICTING RUMORS.

The report that General Gilmore, who reduced Fort Pulaski, is to relieve Gen. Hunter in the command of the Department of the South, although denied in some quarters, is

PRANT'S HALL, FOR TWO NIGHTS. Agreeably to the statement of her captain FRIDAY AND SATURDAY, JUNE 5th and 6th, 1863, The Original and Magnificent Diorama of the



BURNING OF MOSCOW!

New and Beautiful Dioptric Painting"; and Amusing cones in Ventriloquism by Mr. Gallagher, the World-Renowned Humorisi anowned Humoriss.

commence at 8 o'clock p. m.

commence at 30'clock p.m. je3.4t is a solution of the second state of the second sta

je3-d3t 308 Broadway, New York.

FOR RENT - A ROOM ON THE L second floor of Wyeth's Building, corner of Mar-ket and Second streets. Possession given immediately. Enquire at WYETH'S Drug Store, je2.dtf

DICNIC For the benefit of

\$1.50. \$2.00

For sale at

ST. LAURENTIUS CHURCH.

ON MONDAY, JUNE 8, 1863,

AT HAEHNLEN'S WOODS

Omnibusses leave Dan. Wagner's hotel every hour.

je2-eod

MORTON'S UNRIVALLED GOLD M. PEN.-FIRST QUALITY WARRANTED. NONE BETTER IN THE WHOLE WORLD. A GREAT LUXURY!

PERSONS in want of a superior and really good GOLD

MASTIC WORKER

A N D

PRACTICAL CEMENTER.

Is prepared to Cement the exterior of Buildings with the New York Improved

Water-Proof Mastic Cement.

F. WATSON,

SOHEFFER'S BOOKSTORE, No. 18 Market Street, Harrisburg, Ps.

The Conduct of the War, The New York Evening Post, a black Repub-

lican paper, very truly says :

"If government will attend closely to the war, and if military gentlemen will go and fight the ene my, we shall hear less of arrests and other abuses at home; but to try political offenders by military courts will not put down the rebellion ; to arrest women for flapping their crinolines at the star spangled banner will not put down the rebellion ; but to so mass our armies and to so plan our summer compaign as to defeat and rout and destroy the rebel armies-that will put an end not only to the rebellion, but to all mischievous and silly manifestations of sympathy with it which appear in the free States."

Taken from so loyal a source, we trust the above extract will not be considered treasonable, and will only add that during the past two years the Lincoln administration has had at command men and means enough to have conquered, if properly handled, any nation of Europe-more than the great Napolean commanded in any two years of his eventful career-more than Alexander had with which to conquer a world-and yet after all this blood has been wasted and this enormous treasure squandered, what good result has been attained? Will some unquestioning supporter of the administration answer?

WANTED TO SURBENDER. --- The Wheeling Intelligencer says : It is told as a fact, that when the rebels were at Morgantown it was agreed at Waynesburg, Pa., that no defence of that place should be attempted, and moreover, that Jessee Lazear, M. C. and cashier of the bank there, went out eight miles with a flag of truce, hunting somebody to surrender the town to, but found nobody, after a long and diligent search.

fthe above paragraph is extensively copied inte the Abolition papers. We don't believe a word of it. We know Mr. Lazear to be as loyal a man to the Constitution and Union as there is in the country-we know him to be an honorable man-and his looks bespeak him a brave man. That he perambulated the country for miles, with a flag of truce, hunting the enemy, we have no doubt is an unmitigated falsehood. That it was agreed to surrender Waynesburg without defence, in case the enemy appeared in force, we think highly probable-for what resistance could Waynesburg

& Co. are his friends.

The Chicago Trouble—The Liberty of the Press Assailed, and an Order of Court Disregarded by the Military. General Ambrose Burnside, who assailed in vain the heights of Fredericksburg, defended by soldiers, is now attempting to trample the liberties of an unarmed people in the dust. If the people of the West are true to themselves, brave enough to defend their rights against military encroachments ordered by this military failure and sanctioned by the administration, he will fail as signally in the latter attempt as he did in the former. He led his troops-no he did not lead, he sent them to massacre at Fredericksburg, and now his object seems to be to create a revolution in his military district, so that he may find opportunity for another and more extensive massacre. We do not know what the end may be-a day

or two will determine; in the mean time we are glad to see the people of Chicago and the Legislature of the State evince a proper spirit in resisting his infamous Order of Suppression.

On this subject the Journal of Commerce remarks :

"It appears, then, that Judge Drummond's order, an order of the United States Court, the highest tribunal in the land, the highest in the world, since it is of all courts on earth most solemnly charged with the defence of libertyit appears that this order was issued for the preservation of personal rights and public honor, and to prevent a wrong to both.

"It may be said here that courts do not issue injunctions to prevent military actions; that a judge might as well issue an injunction to stop great battle. The only answer necessary is found in the fact that Chicago is no battleground; that at this very moment a peaceful convention of the delegates of the people are assembled there in a voluntary meeting to promote the commerce of the nation. Obviously there is and can be no possible reason for exercising military law in Chicago, to the extent of overriding the law of the Supreme Court. Even if such a necessity is supposed to exist elsewhere, the circumstances must be viewed as if there were no war. All crimes in Chicago are cognizable by the courts.

" The court, then, was engaged in protecting the great American principles of freedom. The military arm was raised for a precisely contrary purpose. In such a case surely the court seems, prima facie, to be the arm which should be sustained, while the other should be withdrawn."

* * * * * * * ×

"It is therefore a duty we owe to the Constitution, to sustain the court. It will not do, when a man proposes to injure his neighbor's property, for that man to say, 'I am a soldier. and therefore no longer subject to the warrant of the Supreme Court.' Such a plea will not avail him in a civilized community." * * * *

"Such collisions are apt to lead to dangerous results. Thus it is in the power of the court to order its attachment to be enforced. Enforcing it may make it necessary to call out the posse comitatus, which is the whole force of the county or district. The collision thus occurring between the people and the military might be very extended in its evil effects. Or what is a more imminent danger, the opposition of the military to law might induce disre-gard of law by the civilians, and riot and bloodshed ensue."

I have her officers and crew on board and shall deliver them to the custody of the authorities at Key West.

I am sir, very respectfully, your obedient WM. W. WALKER. servant.

ABMY OF THE POTOMAC.

WASHINGTON, June 4 .- The soldiers of the Army of the Potomac will be gratified to learn that a reform is to be made in in the matter of supplying newspapers and periodicals. The cost of any newspapers and periodicals sold is not to exceed five cents per copy, or one half the amount now charged by the extortionists. The privilege of acting as newspaper agents is to be confined to discharged or disabled soldiers, and given to the highest bidders, the amount of the offer to be paid into proper hands as a hospital fund.

It is understood the privilege of supplying provisions and other stores to officers' messes at head quarters is also to be awarded to the

highest bidder on similar terms. Yesterday morning the enemy's pickets were

considerably strengthened on the front of the Rappahannock. A rebel deserter is represented as stating that since the prohibition to fish in the river

the enemy are considerably ourtailed of their fresh luxuries.

Gen. Nye, Gov. of Nevada, and Judge Nott. of New York, are visitors at headquarters, the guests of the 93d New York volunteers .-Major Granville O'Haller, of the 7th U. S. infantry, left here to-day to enter upon the duties of provost marshal of the State of Maryland.

It is understood in official circles that Admiral Dupont will shortly be relieved by Admiral Foote.

An order has already been forwarded relieving Acting Admiral Wilkes, and designating Commodore Lardner as his successor.

FIGHT IN UTAH-THE MORMONS ASSIST THE IN-DIANS.

WASHINGTON, June 4.-Information has just been received here showing that, in a fight which recently took place in Utah, between the California volunteers and a party of Indians, at a settlement called Batile Creek, the Mormons assisted the Indians-a man by the name of Potter bringing the Indians into town, and showing them the whereabouts of the volunteers, who were not expecting an attack .---After the attack was made the Mormons gathered to enjoy the sport, over two hundred looking quietly on in a contest where the Indians outnumbered the volunteers ten to one. Fortunately the arrival of reinforcements saved them from massacre, though for three hours they kept up the unequal contest. Colonel Connor makes a similar complaint of the Mormons in his official report of the battle on Bear river.

DISMISSED THE SERVICE.

By direction of the President, Second Lieutenant Charles Lyman, 14th Conneticut Volunteers, has been dismissed from the service, for furnishing the discriptive list of a man [probably the men] of his company to an unauthorized person, in disregard of general orders on the subject. This order, as an example, was read at the head of every company and regiment in the army.

STRAM MAQUINERY,

The Navy Department has advertised for steam machinery proposals to be received until the 15th inst. The Department wil consider propositions of parties who may chose to offer for machinery of equal power, or plans and specifications of their own in place of those advertised.

EXCITEMENT IN ALEXANDER.

Some excitement still exists in Alexandria, in apprehension of a rebel raid, which is cer-

an immense meeting assembled at 8 o'clock to-night in front of the Times office. The crowd soon filled the street, rendering it impassable The meeting shortly afterward

adjourned to the court house square, and was there addressed from the north side entrance by gentlemen of both parties.

The speeches counseled the observance of the law, but denounced the recent order of Gen. Burnside as arbitrary and despotic. During the afternoon the militia were ordered under arms, but at the present writing the meeting is orderly, and nothing of a seri-

ous nature is anticipated. Judge Davis of the United States Court. Southern District of Illinois, is expected tonight to act in the matter of the application

for an injuction in connection with Judge Drummond. General Ammen is also expected here tonight.

RESOLUTIONS OF THE LEGISLATURE.

SPRINGFIELD, ILL., June 3.- A preamble and resolutions passed the House of Representatives to-day by a vote of 47 to 13, after an exciting debate, in substance as follows :

WHEREAS, Information has reached this body that an order issued by Gen. Burnside for the suppression of the Chicago Times :

And whereas, Such order is in direct viola tion of the Constitution of the United States and of this State, and destructive to those Godgiven principles whose existence and recognition for centuries before a written constitution was made, have made them as much a part of our rights as the life which sustains us; be it Resolved, By the House of Representatives (the Senate concurring therein,) that we denounce an order which, threatens an act so revolutionary and destpotic as contrary to liberty, destructive of good government, subversive of constitutional and natural rights,

and that, if carried into effect, we consider it equivalent to the overthrow of our form of government and the establishment of a military despotism in its stead.

Resolved, That in view of the monstrous consequences which must inevitably flow from such action if justified by the general government, we respectfully, yet firmly, request the withdrawal of the order in question, and the disavowal thereof by those in power, as the only course which can be pursued to reassure our people that constitutional freedom, so dear to their hearts, has not ceased to be. The attention of the Governor is called to this in fringement of popular lights and the invasion of the soversignty of the State of Illinois.

CAPTURE AND DESTRUCTION OF A REBEL

SCHOONER. Com. Farragut has sent to the Navy Department a report from Lt. Com. Jewett, dated off Mobile Bay, May 18th, from which we make

the following extracts : I have the good fortune to report to you the destruction of the rebel schooner Isabel this morning, about 2 o'clock, by Acting Master's Mate N. M. Dyer, of this vessel.

Agreeably with the permission of Captain Goldsborough I sent the second cutter with nine armed men in charge of Mr. Dyer to lay close to the Swash channel and give due warning of any vessel attempting to run in or out. At 11 p. m., Mr. Dyer made a vessel close under Fort Morgan, and thinking she was on her way out, laid quiet watching her.

Seeing no movement on her part, he pulled cautiously in, trying to get in shore of her, but ran upon a hawser which was run to the shore from her. Concluding she was aground. and had been so for some time, he then boarded her, taking her crew completely by surprise, and capturing her captain with six men. and her papers.

An armed launch from the Gaines had just

reaffrmed in others quite as likely to be well informed. Gen. Gilmore is here making preparations.

WILKES-GEN. M'CLELLAN-THE ARMY. The pamphlet of Geo. Wilkes attacking Gen. M'Clellan has been extensively given away in the Army of the Potomac. The soldiers have burned it abundantly. The 118th Pennsylva-

nia made a grand bonfire of all the copies they could collect. MYSTERIOUS MOVEMENTS OF LEE'S ARMY.

The rebel picket lines on the Rappahannock which were made so weak but a few days ago, have been suddenly very much strengthened again. So it looks after all as though the enemy were playing a very bold game of deception. They show no signs of any advance from Culpepper, though Mosby's guerrilllas have been quite active to-day up to points within a few miles of Fairfax.

DETECTIVE SHERMAN A PRISONER.

Detective Sherman, reported hung by the rebels, is in prison in Richmond, as is learned by a letter direct from him.

GEN. DIX SUPERSEDED.

The order putting the department of Major Gen. Dix under the command of Maj. General Hooker was issued the day before yesterday .----It is presumed that Gen. Dix will ask at once to be relieved from duty.

New Advertisements. COAL AT REDUCED PRICES. I am about closing out my coal business, and will

ell pure Lykens Valley and Wilkesbarre coals at reduced figures, when taken in lots of five tons and upwards.

Also-for sale-Carts and Harness. IF Call at Coal yard, foot of North street. je6-1wd* GILLIARD DOCK.

WANTED .--- Twe rooms wanted to rent by a small family. Enquire at this office. je5-1t*

A DMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE. A DEMINISTRATORS IN OTICE. A Letters of administration having this day been granted by the Register of Dauphin county to the sub-scriber, on the estate of PETER BECKER, late of the city of Harrisburg, deceased, all persons knowing them-selves indebted to said estate are requested to make im-mediate settlement, and those having claims are re-quested to present them to the subscriber. GEORGE GARVERIOH, ind document

Administrator

ie4-doaw6w

VALUABLE IRON PROPERTY for SALE-MATILDA FURNACES and ORE BANKS. VALUABLE IKON FROPRISTY for SALE-MATILDA FURNACES and ORE BANKS. This property is stuated on the Juniata river, in Mifflin and Huntingdon counties, Pa., within one mile of Mount Union Station, on Pennsylvania railroad. The Juniata canal and Pennsylvania railroad pass through the pro-perty. It embraces about Twenty-seven Hundred Acres of land, about three hundred acres of which is good farm land, in a bigh state of cultivation; the balance is good timber land, would supply sufficient charcoal for the furnaces. The improvements are a good substantial Furnace, Stack Steam Engine, Iron Blowing Cylinders, & c., with all the necessary buildings. There is on this property an extensive bed of Iron Ore, being identical, in the geologicil series, with that at Danville and Bloomsburg. This ore can be mined and delivered at the furnaces for about one dollar per ton. Linnestone in abundance, of good quality, on this property. The extensive coal fields of the Broad Top and Alleghenies are from forty to fifty miles distant, by Pennsylvania railroad or canal, and the canal running through the property makes it one of the best locations for the manufacture of jron, either with coke or anthracite, In addition to the charcoal, the buildings for the fur-nace and farm are ample, substantial, and in good repair. The property will be sold a bargain, and on easy terms. For further particulars address WASHINGTON RIGHTER, Columbata, Lancaster county, Pa. P. S.—For quantity and quality of the ore see Prof.

WASHINGTON KIGHTER, COLUMBIA, LARGASTER COUNTY, PA. P. S.—For quantity and quality of the ore see Pro Lessife's report en same. je3-d&wim Prof je3.d&w1m WANTED .- \$75 A MONTH! I want W AN LED. - WIT IN THURLEL 1 WHITE to hire Agents in every county at \$75 a month. expenses paid, to sell my hew cheap Family Sewing Machines. Address, S. MADISON, m5-d8m Alfred, Maine.

bable—for what resistance could waynessourg make against an organized military body, ar-tillery, cavalry and infantry? Assistant Ad-jutant General M'Clure surrendered Chambers-burg, a larger town than Waynesburg, with all defenders of our birthright. We have most

This Material is different from all other Cements. It forms a solid, durable adhesiveness to any surface, imperishable by the action of water or frost. Every good building should be coated with this Cement; it is a perfect preserver to the walls, and makes a beautiful, fine finish, equal to Eastern brown sandstone, or any color desired. cotor desired.

Among others for whom I have applied the Mastic Generat, I refer to the following gentlemen : J. Bissell, residence, Penn street, Pittsburg, finished

five years. J. H. Shoenberger, residence, Lawrenceville, finished

James M'Candlass, residence, Allegheny City, finished Calvin Adams, residence, Third street, finished four

A. Hoeveler, residence, Lawrenceville, finished four

J. D. M'Cord, Penn street, finished four years. Hon. Thomas Irwin, Diamond street, finished four years

St Charles Hotel and Girard House, finished five

Situation Court House and Bank, for Barr & Moser, Architects, Pittsburg, finished five years. Orders received at the office of B M'kldowney, Paint Orders received at the once of B. R. ELLOWING, Shop, 20 Seventh street, or please address T. F. WATSON,

T. F. WATSON, P. O. Box 13 6. Pittsburg, Pa. may16-tf

THE BEST FAMILY SEWING MACHINE IS

WHEELER & WILSON'S.

NEW OFFICE, Market Square, next to Colder's Office.

Call and see them in operation.

A general assortment of machinery and needles constantly on hand

MISS MARGARET HINEY Will exhibit and solt them, and also do all kinds of machine sewing on these machines in the best manner. The patronage of the public is respectfully solicited. and-form

OR SALE .- Will be disposed of at I private sale, a two-story Frame Dwelling House, situated in State street, north of the Capitol, three doors fron Sixth street—house 15 feet front by 32 back. Lot 96 feet deep. Enquire of SAMUEL M'CULLOCH.

jel-3t Market street near Depot.

50.000 POUNDS!!!

Fifty Thousand Pounds . "EXCELSIOR"

HAMS JUST RECEIVING, which we will sell at a very low figure by the Hogshead, Tierce, Barrel or Single Ham. my30 WM. DOCK, jr., & CO.

MUSIC STORE! NO. 93 MARKET STREET, HARRISBURG, PA. SHEET MUSIC, PIANOS, MELODEONS, GUITARS,

VIOLINS, BANJO STRINGS, Of every description.

DRUMS, FIFES, FLUTES, ACCORDEONS, etc., at the lowest CITY PRICES.

PRICES, at W. KNOCHE'S MUSIC STORE, No. 93 MARKET STREET. DLINDS & SHADES.

WINDOW SHADES.

B. J. WILLIAMS, No. 16 North Sixth street, Philaielphia, Manufacturer of

IF The largest and finest assortment in the city, at the lowest prices. Blinds painted and trimmed equal to new. Store Shades made and lettered. mr31-2md

TERMETICALLY SEALED

Peaches, Tomatoes, Lobster, Salmon, Cyrters, Spiced Oysters, for sale by WM. DOCK, jr., & CO.

DECRUITS WANTED for the 47th

A Regiment P. V., Col. T. H. GOOD, now stationed at Key West, Florida. Apply to my26-Imd# Lieut. W. W. GEETY, Second st., opposite Presbyterian church.

TAMS, DRIED BEEF, BOLOGNA

POR RENT-Two desirable OFFICE ROOMS, second story front of Wyeth's Building, corner of Market Square and Market street. Apply at bis office

NOTIONS.—Quite a variety of useful and entertaining articles_cheap_at SCHEFFER'S BOOKSTORN.

COLDIER'S CAMP COMPANION .--DAvery convenient Writing Desk; also, Portfolics, Memorandum Books, Portmonnaies, &c., at SOULEFFER'S BOOKSTORE.

H SAUSAGES, TONGUES, &c., for sale low, by WM. DOCK, JR., & "

VENETIAN BLINDS and