THURSDAY MORNING, JUNE 4, 1863.

O. BARRETT & CO., PROPRIETORS.

Communications will not be published in the PATRIOT AND Union unless accompanied with the name of the

W. W. KINGSBURY, Esq., of Towards, is a duly authorized agent to collect accounts and receive subscriptions and advertisements for this paper. NOVEMBER 22, 1862.

S. M. PETTENGILL & CO., No. 37 Park Row, N. Y., and 6 State St., Boston Are our Agents for the Parsior as Usion in those cities, and are authorised to take Advertisements and Subscriptions for us at our Lowest Rates

THE NATIONAL PLATFORM.

PURPOSES OF THE WAR. Congress, by a vote nearly unanimous, passed the following resolution, which expresses the voice of the Nation and is the true standard of

Loyalty:

"That the present deplorable civil war has been forced upon the country by the disunionists of the foothern States, now in arms against the Constitutional Government, and in arms around the Capital; that in this National emergency, Congress, banishing all feeling of mere passion or resentment, will recollect only its duty to the whole country; that this war is not waged on their part in any spirit of oppression, or for many purpose of conquest or subjugation, or purpose of overthrowing or interfering with the rights or established institutions of those States, but to defend and maintain the supremacy of the Constitution, and to preserve the Union, with all the dignity, equality and rights of the several States unimpaired; and that as soon as these objects are accomplished the war ought to cease."

THE WEEKLY PATRIOT AND UNION FOR THE CAMPAIGN.

The Weekly Patriot and Union will be furnished to clubs of ten or more, for the campaign, with an extra number giving full returns of the October election, at 50 cents!

DEMOCRATIC STATE CONVENTION.

Pursuant to a resolution adopted by the Democratic State Central Committee, the Convention of Delegates, chosen by the Democrats throughout the State, will

AT HARRISBURG ON WEDNESDAY, JUNE 17th, 1863, At 10 o'clock, a. m., to nominate candidates for Governor and Judge oi the Supreme Court, to be supported by the friends of the CONSTITUTION and the UNION, at the ensuing election.

The Convention will, also, give expression to the sentiments of the Democrats of the State, who, while their policy would have averted present disasters, will nevertheless, devote the historic patriotism of our great party to rescue the Constitution and the Union-the one, from usurpation-the other, from final disruption F. W. HUGHES. Chairman Democratic State Central Committee.

POTTSVILLE, May 26, 1863. TO THE PUBLIC.

THE PATRIOT AND UNION and all its business operations will hereafter be conducted exclusively by O. BARRETT and T. G. Pomeroy, under the firm of O. BARRETT & Co., the connection of H. F. M'Reynolds with said establishment having ceased on the 20th November, inst. NOVEMBER 21, 1862.

THE Telegroph says it received a copy of the secret armed organization circular which we published yesterday, but did not think it worth noticing. We have no doubt it had a convwe have no doubt it knows well enough who got it up, and for what purpose; in fact we feel certain that it was cognizant of the infatransaction from its inception to its con summation. It is now vexed because the trick failed, and tries, as a matter of policy, to treat it as of little importance. But the dodge won't do. The scoundrels who contrived the scheme must father it.

The very fact that the Telegraph received a copy, is conclusive that it was an Abolition affair-for if Democrats had been the concoctors of the scheme it is not likely they would have been fools enough to let that paper into the secret. It was a plot hatched by the traitors who support the administration—a base and diabolical plot to entrap Democrats and afford the President a pretext for proclaiming martial law in Pennsylvania and subjecting us to the despotic rule of the bayonet.

Democrats not Disunionists.

We live to learn. Every day brings with it its teachings, and if our lives could but be prolonged to three times the present average, it is possible that, by and by, we might be wise.-Even Greeley, in has latter days, has taught us something-added a little to our stock of knowledge, and made us feel wiser and better than we did yesterday. Our Democratic friends will rejoice with us, when they learn from the philosopher of the white slouch hat and generally fantastic apparel, that they are not disunionists in a general sense, but only so in a particular sense and to a very limited degree. Thanks to the man of the Tribune, who had the sense to discern, and the candor to acknowledge so much. We shall sleep better, in consequence, for many nights-and, after awhile, when the philosopher and his Abolition co-laborers shall have progressed so far in the cultivation of charity and liberality as to admit that we may not, after all, be copperheads and traitors, we shall be fully prepared to lie down and give up the ghost in peace.

In a communication in the Independent Greeley says:

"What! Are the Democrats disunionists? "No, they are not. Fernando Wood is not, nor Vallandigham, nor Thomas H. Seymour, nor any of that school. There are not a thousand disunionists, pure and simple, in all the free North. But as some extreme Abolitionists were formerly hostile to the Union, because it was-in their view-the shield and bulwark of slavery, so the great bulk of the Democrats of the free States had come to look with repugnance on the war for the Union, because they realized that it was tending to undermine and overthrow slavery. They loved the Union after their fashion, but had no idea of preserving it otherwise than by their traditional and cherished policy of making any concession, submitting to any exaction that slavery might insist

Illinois Democratic State Mass Conven-

A mass Convention of the Democracy of Illinois has been called for the 17th of this month. It was probably the remarks of the Chicago Times in reference to this Convention, its purpose, probable action and numbers, which caused the suppression of that paper. The

Times says: "It is called, with especial reference to the alarming usurpations of power by the administration at Washington, by which neither life, fiberty nor property is secure in the protection of the law. It is called as an immediate consequence of the last and most scandalous outrage upon constitutional rights in the proceedings against Mr. Vallandigham, which,

however, scarcely surpasses the outrage on the peace and dignity of the State of Illinois in the seizure and imprisonment, by military

force, of Judge Constable. "The meeting must be such an one as will he estimated, not by thousands, but by acres. It will 'peaceably assemble,'-there need be no fear that its peace will be interrupted—and it will 'petition the government for redress of grievwith an emphasis that will not be misances' taken anywhere. It will aggregate the overwhelming popular sentiment, and its proceedings may, and probably will, mark a crisis in the political history of the time."

General Franklin for Governor.

The New York World speaks in high terms of General Franklin, and strongly urges his nomination for the Gubernatorial office of this State by the 17th of June Convention. There is some point in the reasons urged by the World-but we had rather the journals of our party outside the State would let us alone to manage the nomination as we shall think best, or at least not exhibit quite so much earnestness and enthusiasm as the World does in volunteering advice. Gen. Franklin's brilliant military services entitle him to the respect of his fellow-citizens, and his shameful treatment by the administration will not lessen that respect; but his name has only very recently been mentioned in connection with the Gubernatorial nomination, and the people must have time to think. Other candidates, long in the field, would be loth to withdraw, or at least their friends would unwillingly withdraw them, without being convinced that there was a necessity for it, or that the cause would be benefitted by it. The moment may come when sacrifices of personal friendship and personal ambition will be demanded for the good of the cause; then we shall expect to see a ready acquiescence by candidates and their friends; then, when we come to cast about among new men for a leader most worthy to bear our standard, if such an emergency should arise, we, and we doubt not thousands of others. would be happy to see the choice fall upon a son of Pennsylvania as worthy as Gen. Franklin, if it did not fall upon him.

We have many good men, many excellent men in the old Keystone, any one of whom, if chosen, would do credit to the State—and we have some, a few, who would reflect honor upon even the exalted office of Governor. We might name one or two of the first class, at least, among the candidates sometime before the public, if we were not fearful of exciting the jealousy, perhaps the wrath, of others who entertain a better opinion of themselves than we do of them. The misfortune of the times is that worth is not always appreciated, and that modest merit is forced into the back ground to make room for bold assurance, that rushes forward with confidence and clamor and carries the day, though all its claims rest upon bluster and pretence merely.

The danger is that these blustering fellows, traveling candidates, who seek the office of Governor more for the sake of the advantages it confers than for the purpose of honestly serving the Commonwealth, may, through the arts they are capable of practicing, deceive the people and acquire a strength in the Convention which they do not deserve—thereby rendering a nomination difficult, and making

it necessary to change the whole programme. In such an event, and only in such it strikes us, will any candidate but recently introduced stand a fair chance of success in the Convention soon to assemble.

In the happening of such a contingency it will be well to have a reserve of good men to fall back upon-and in that event we doubt not the merits of Gen. Franklin would be fairly considered in connection with those of others who might be brought forward as deserving public confidence and support.

Put This and That Together.

The Abolitionists avail themselves of every agency to help their cause—religion, fanaticism, superstition, are by turns employed-and, at the White House, Washington, it is, we believe, an established fact that spiritualism is invoked, a medium for that purpose being always ready to appear at the call of the President or his prominent friends or advisers.

We have clipped from exchanges two incidents, somewhat out of the natural order, which we place in juxtaposition, not that we believe either of them, but to show the shifts resorted to to work upon human credulity and delude the public mind. The first relates to the mysterious punishment providentially inflicted upon a pestilent Copperhead for failing in respect to the administration, and the second to a like providential infliction upon "Fighting Joe Hooker" for irreverence and blasphemy upon the field of battle. They will be found interesting, and we hope may prove a warning to all incipient traitors and profane commanders :

STRUCK DUMB IN HIS SIN .- We learn that a man named William F. Campbell, formerly a representative in the Legislature, from Wapello county, was making a Copperhead speech at Bladensburg, in that county, on Saturday last. When he had proceeded about half an hour in his defamation of the government, and those who are upholding it, he was struck speechless and fell to the floor. He lingered in that condition until Monday morning, when he breathed his last. We did not learn his age; he was a spare built man, and not a fit subject for apoplexy. Might not such an oc-currence be regarded as an interposition of Divine Providence in favor of the best government on earth, and might not the Copperheads consider it an "arbitry arrest?" - Fairfield (Iowa) Ledger.

HOOKER PUNISHED .- It is a strange story if true. Hooker really seemed to have the advantage in this late battle. "I have them," said he, " nothing can prevent it-God Almighty himself could not stop it now." As he was standing, a shell struck a post near him, and he lay stunned for several bours, then revived, but not perfectly, had another turn of insensibility, and seemed to expose himself and try to be killed. Finally he ordered the recrossing of the river, greatly to the surprise of most of his generals. - Springfield Repub-

There are many who doubt this story, and more charitably believe that "old Rye" and not blasphemy, had most to do with his insensibility.—*Exchange*.

"Where will the Northern traitors, (meaning the Democrats,) go to ?" inquires an Abolition paper. Where will they go to? Why, to Heaven, we hope; where neither the hypocritical layman who propounds the question nor the canting priests whom he bespatters with his fulsome praise, will probably ever

General Cass has recovered his health, left Newport and gone to his home in Detroit. The number of soldiers now in the hospitals at Washington is about six thousand.

Letter from Hon. Chas. R. Buckalew.

In answer to an invitation to attend the Democratic mass meeting held in Philadelphia on Monday night last, Mr. Buckalew wrete the recting the military authorities to take no furfollowing brief but expressive letter:

BLOOMSBURG, June 1, 1863. Dear Sir : Your letter inviting me to attend your meeting of this evening, called with reference to the arrest, military trial and exile of Mr. Vallandigham, was delayed in reaching me. I have only time, before the closing of the mail, to write a few lines in reply.

I approve, most heartily, the object of your meeting, and hope it may be successful and exert a wide influence upon public opinion. Now that public events present to the people the question of liberty as well as of Union, there ought to be no doubts and no hesitation among them as to the course to be pursued. They must uphold liberty and put down its foor, and that, too, without regard to the poor, pitiful pretexts by which the latter seek to defeat or excuse their usurpations.

I am, respectfully, yours, C. R. BUCKALEW.

H. W. Ditman, Esq., Chairman Dem. City Executive Committee.

Letter from a Young Lady. An intelligent and patriotic young lady (won't some others imitate her good example?) writes us as follows:

PATTERSON, JUNIATA COUNTY, Ps., }
June 1st, 1863. MESSRS. O. BARRETT & Co.-Gentleman Please find enclosed twenty-four dollars (\$24) for our club of sixteen subscribers. You will see we have increased a little. Your patrons here fully approve of your fearless frankness in avowing your principles on constitutional grounds. Continue to stand by the old flag and the old Union, and thousands of whom you know nothing will bless you for your heroism after the prerogatives of our government are more strongly bounded by the caution of a free people. Though but a simple country woman. predict for the future the success of the common sense of our people, and that we shall yet see the time when the good old Democratic party shall again restore peace to our dear

Juniata will give a good account of herself at the ballot-box this fall. The honest yeomanry of the land are quietly preparing for the coming struggle, when they will acquit hemselves like men.

Owners of Unpatented Land. The act of Assembly in relation to the graduating and valuation of unpatented lands by the commissioners of the several counties of Pennsylvania, will expire, by its own limitation, on the first day of August, 1863. Those interested, had better take advantage of it in time, and have their land appraised by the commissioners and patented, before the date

NEWS OF THE DAY. BY TELEGRAPH.

foreign—hooker's campaign a failure—

PRIVATEER ALABAMA. New York, June 8 .- The royal mail steamship Persia arrived at this port at 8 o'clock this morning, from Liverpool on the 28d ult. The news of the retreat of Gen. Hooker's army across the Rappahannock is much commented upon. The campaign is generally regarded as a miserable failure.

The cargoes of the ships Nora, Charles Hill and Louisa Hatch, which were destroyed by the Alabama, were British property. Loud calls are being made on the British government to interfere and prevent these depredations. FROM NEW ORLEANS-PRISONERS-FIGHT NEAR PORT HUDSON.

The steamer George Cromwell arrived from New Orleans at three o'clock this morning.-Seventy-five prisoners arrived at New Orleans on the 26th from Baton Rouge, among whom was ex Gov. Wickliffe, of Kentucky, who was captured near Port Hudson.

The fight on the Bayou Sara road and near Port Hudson, on the 21st, was hotly contested, but the rebels were badly whipped at every point. A bayonet charge of the 116th New York was the final affair of the day. The 116th lost 13 killed and 44 wounded; the 2d Louisiand 3 killed and 11 wounded; the 4th Massachusetts 2 killed and 8 wounded, and the 30th Massachusetts 5 wounded. BANKS-FARRAGUT-PORT HUDSON.

The New Orleans Era, of the 27th, contains the following: Gen. Banks moved down the Red river with his army, crossed to Bayou Sara and thence to Port Hudson, where he united his forces with those of General Augur. The gunboats under Farragut were to move upon the 24th. The mortar fleet opened upon Port Hudson on the night of the 24th, silencing several of the enemy's guns. Port Hudson is now, therefore, closely besieged and hemmed in, and the fall of this stronghold will be speedy, even should Gen. Banks not order an assault on the works. Colonel Grierson is cooperating with General Banks. The garrison at Port Hudson is estimated at 10,000 menthey are scantily supplied with provisions.

The New Orleans Era, of the 28th says:-We learn from an authentic source that our army before Port Hudson is in a satisfactory position, and everything promises fair for an important and successful close of the campaign against the rebel stronghold.

OFFICIAL REPORT FROM ADMIRAL PORTER. Washington, June 3.—Secretary Welles has received the following:

FLAG SHIP ELACE HAWK, NEAR VICKSBURG, May 27, 1663. SIR: Amidst our successes I regret to report any reverses; but we cannot expect to conquer a place like this without some loss. At the urgent request of Generals Grant and Sherman I sent the Cincinnati to enfilade some rifle pits which barred the progress of the left wing of the army. Gen. Sherman supposed that the enemy had removed his heavy guns to the rear of the city. On the contrary he seemed to have placed more on the water side than usual. The Cincinnati was sunk, and went down in shoal water with her flag flyingthe enemy still fired, but the flag was not hauled down. Twenty-five were killed and wounded and fifteen missing—the latter are supposed to have been drowned. The vessel can be raised. The pilot was killed early in DAVID D. PORTER, the action. Acting Rear Admiral Commanding the Mississippi Squadron.

NOTHING LATE FROM VICKSBURG. WASHINGTON, June 3 .- No advices have to noon to-day.

GEN. BURNSIDE AND DEMOCRATIC PAPERS. CINCINNATI, June 2.—General Order No. 84, which has just been issued by Gen. Burnside. prohibits the circulation of the New York World in this department, and suppresses the Chicago Times. Brig. Gen. Ammen, commanding in Illinois, is charged with the execution

of the latter part of the order. CHICAGO, June 2.—The proprietors of the Times were notified to night by Capt. Putnam, commanding Camp Douglas, that if they at tempted to issue their paper for to-morrow morning, he would, in accordance with a telegraphic order from Gen. Ammen, take military possession of the office. Judge Drummond, of the U. S. Court, was immediately applied to for a writ enjoining Capt. Putnam, from any interference whatever with the Times office .-Up to this hour (midnight) the Judge has not given a decision. It is thought probable, however, that he will grant the writ. A feeling of resistance to the military, should they attempt to carry out Com. Amtonn's order, is observa-

THE TIMES-JUDGE DRUMMOND-THE MILITARY. CHICAGO, June 3 .- Shortly after 12 o'clock last night Judge Drummond issued a writ, dither steps to carry into effect the order of Gen. Burnside for the suppression of the Chicago Times, until the application for a permanent writ of injunction could be heard in open court to day. At 31 o'clock this morning, after nearly the whole edition of the Times had been worked off, a file of soldiers broke into the office and took possession of the establishment, remaining for some time. They then left, after giving notice that if any attempt was made to publish another paper, the military would take permanent possession of the office. The following handbill is being circulated

throughout the city: "All good and loyal citizens of Chicago who favor free speech and freedom of the press as guaranteed to us by the Constitution we love and uphold, are invited to assemble in mass meeting in front of the Chicago Times office, on Wednesday evening, June 3d, at eight o'clock, to take counsel together in regard to the recent infamous and tyrannical order of General Ambrose E. Burnside in suppressing newspapers always Democratic and consequently always loyal."

AMERICAN MEDICAL ASSOCIATION. CHICAGO, June 3 .- The American Medical Association held their annual meeting here yesterday. The following officers were elected: President, A. Maich, of New York; Vice Presidents, J. Cooper, of Delaware; D. Prince, of Illinois; C. G. Cose, of Maryland, and E. S. Cann, of Wisconsin.

PEACE CONVENTION.

NEW YORK, June 3 .- The Peace Convention was held this afternoon in the Cooper Institute. The principal speaker was Fernando Wood. The resolutions adopted declare fealty to the Constitution and to the sovereignty of the States and of the people; that under the Constitution there is no power to coerce the States, or any of them, by military force: that the war is contrary to the Constitution, and should be put an end to; that attempts to do away with the provisions of the Costitution, which points out how crimes are to be punished, are high-handed violations of the sworn duties of our rulers; that the claim of dictatorial and unlimited military power, and trial of citizens by courts martial, are monstrous and execrable; that the dogma of unlimited submission to the executive branch of the government is unworthy of American citizens; that we protest against the cowardly, despotic and inhuman act of banishment of Vallandigham, and that we recommend a suspension of hostilities, and the holding of a convention to settle the matter of arriving at terms of recon-

ciliation between the contending sections. A State Committee, with power to call future conventions of the Peace Democracy, was

FROM HAVANA AND MEXICO.

NEW YORK, June 3 .- The steamer Eagle from Havana on the 30th, arrived here to day. The Mexican news about the capture of Puebla has not yet been confirmed, and there are strong doubts thrown upon it by the Mexican partisans in Havana. The reported dates are said to render the news improbable.

Gen. Rubalcaby, late General of Marines, is a passenger in the Eagle, enroute for Spain. The steamer Hero sailed on the 29th, to run the blockade. The sloop of war Juniata sailed on the same day, and it is rumored that she captured the Hero and took her to Key

There has been no arrivals from Southern ports since the steamer Shelldrake sailed.

BY THE MAILS. THE WAR IN ALABAMA.

CINCINNATI, June 2.—Col. Cornyn defeated Gen. Roddy at Florence, Ala., on the 27th ult., capturing 100 men and 8 officers, 400 mules, 300 negroes. He then marched northward and destroyed the foundries and mills, and everything useful to the enemy.

CINCINNATI, June 2 .- Gov. Tod appeared before the Fairfield court of commons pleas, yesterday, in obedience to his recognizance, on the suit of Dr. Olds, and through his attorney filed a motion that as chief executive officer of the State he was not liable to arrest, and until he vacated the office, either by the expiration of his term or by impeachment, he could not be punished; that the case should be removed to the federal courts, under the provisions of the act of Congress of last session. -The Governor's case was continued by consent. after he had entered into a new recognizance to appear at the next term of the court. FROM VICESBURG.

Washington, June 2.—Official dispatches to May 29 have been received at the headquarters of the army of General Grant. There was no change in the situation. The siege of Vicksburg was progressing favorably, and a successful result was confidently anticipated.

BEBEL ACCOUNTS. FORTRESS MONROE, June 1.—The Richmond Dispatch, of May 30, has the following:

A private dispatch received in Richmond yesterday, from Canton, Mississippi, dated the 26th, says all is well. Vicksburg holds out bravelv.

The Dispatch, in an editorial, says:

The fate of Vicksburg is still suspending in the balance. Our own telegraphs have been encouraging, but they lack the distinctness essential in such cases to bring entire relief to the public mind. The Yankee bulletins in the interim are unpleasantly detailed and specific. The suspense cannot long continue. resistance has been, from all accounts, determined, and let us continue to hope and believe that it will be successful.

CAVALRY RAID.

The New Orleans Era, of the 24th, contains the following:

The First Texas cavalry, Col. Davis, made raid on the Jackson railroad and from Tickfaw Station to camp Moore, and destroyed every bridge on the road, including a large bridge over the Tangipahoa river. Also all the railroad stations, the car factory near Independence, and a shoe factory, tannery, saw and grist mills near Tickfaw. He also captured a rebel lieutenant and 43 men, besides killing a rebel captain, ten men, and capturing twenty horses, etc., in a skirmish. The damage to the rebels is immense.

CIVILIANS WITH THE ARMY.

Washington, June 2.—The number of citizens within the lines of the Army of the Potomac is almost incredible. Including those registered and following civil pursuits, such as newsmen, sutlers, ragmen, &c., and having permits to follow their respective callings, the been received from the army at Vicksburg up total will probably reach 9,009. This number will, however, be reduced to 7,000 by the operation of the recent general order, which is daily being carried out by the indefatigable Provost Marshal General.

CAPTURE OF PUEBLA. The New York Herald affirms, upon unquestionable authority, that news of the taking of Puebla, confirming the particulars brought by the Sheldrake, with some further particulars which it prints, has been transmitted to a gentleman of that city. That would appear to settle the question. REINFORCEMENT OF GEN. PEMBERTON.

In reference to the rumor that the rebel Gen. Pemberton was being largely reinforced from Bragg's army, a Murfreesboro' telegram, June 2. gays:

"There is no evidence of a conclusive nature that Claiborne's division of Bragg's army has been sent to Vicksburg. Only the two old infantry divisions of Breckinridge and M'Gowan, and the cavalry corps of Forrest, (formerly Van Dorn's,) are known to have gone, as has been stated.

"Doubtless the entire division of Withers, Claiborne and Cheatham, the infantry brigades of Anderson and Jackson, and the cavalry divisions of Wheeler and Wharton, are in our front.'

REINFORCEMENTS FOR GRANT. The Chicago Post of Saturday publishes the

following paragraph: "The Chicago Irish Legion, which for a long time has been stationed near La Grange, Tenn., has gone to Vicksburg, with other reinforcements for Gen. Grant. It would be contraband to say how many troops have gone and are going in the same direction, but they are a 'good many.' "

The Tribune contains the following Washington items, June 2:

THE REPORTED REMOVAL OF GEN. HUNTER. The report to the effect that Gen. Hunter had been relieved and Gen. Gilmore placed in command of the Department of the South, is authoritively contradicted.

FROM THE DEPARTMENT OF THE SOUTH.

Gen. Saxton arrived here to-day with important dispatches from Gen. Hunter. He says that affairs in the Department of the South are progressing satisfactorily, and that the seeming difficulties between Gens. Hunter and Foster will be agreeably arranged. Gen. Saxton will leave to-morrow with dispatches for Gen.

GEN. ROSECRANS ON RETALATION.

Gen. Rosecrans has ordered all officers of the rebel army now held as prisoners, and who may hereafter be captured in battle, to be placed in close confinement and strongly guarded. None will be paroled or exchanged.

BALLOON ACCIDENT. An accident occurred yesterday to one of the balloons, which fortunately was attended by no serious results. When the aeronaut had ascended to the height of about 450 feet, a sudden gust of wind made a rent in the balloon which caused it to descend with undue

somewhat stunned, escaped without injury. SPECIAL NOTICES.

velocity, The aeronaut managed to keep in

the basket, and with the exception of being

S. T.—1860—X. DRAKE'S PLANTATION BITTERS,

Exhausted nature's great restorer. A delightful beverage and active tonic. Composed of pure St. Croix Rum, roots and herbs. It invigorates the body without stimalating the brain. It destroys acidity of the stomach, creates an appetite any strengthens the system. It is a certain cure for Dyspepsia, Constipation, Diarrhees Liver Complaint and Nervous Headache, and prevents Miasmatic disease from change of diet, water, &c. It can be used at all times of day by old and young, and is particularly recommended to weak and delicate persons Sold by all Grocers, Druggists, Hotels and Saloons. P. H. Drake & Co., 202 Broadway, New York.

nov7-2wad&w6m

LYON'S KATHAIRON.

This delightful article for preserving and beautifying the human hair is again put up by the origina proprie tor, and is now made with the same care, sk illandattention which first created its immense and unprecedented sales of over one million bottles annuall I is still sold at 25 cents in large bottles. Two million bottles can easily be sold in a year when it is again known that the Rathairon is not only the most delightful hair dressing in the world, but that it cleanses the scalp of scurf and dandruff, gives the hair a lively, rich, luxuriant growth, and prevents it from turning gray. These are considerations worth knowing. The Kathairon has been tested for over twelve years, and is warranted as described. Any lady who values a beautiful head of hair will use the Kathairon. It is finely perfumed, cheap and aluable. It is sold by all respectable dealers throughout the world. D. S. BARNES & CO. nov6-28wd&w6m New York.

HEIMSTREET'S INIMITABLE HAIR RESTORATIVE.

IT IS NOT A DYE, But restores gray hair to its original color, by supplying the capillary tubes with natural sustenance, impaired by age or disease. All instantaneous dyes are composed of lunar caustic, destroying the vitality and beauty of the hair, and afford of themselves no dressing. Heimstreet's Inimitable Coloring not only restores hair to its natural color by an easy process, but gives the hair a Luxuriant Beauty,

promotes its growth, prevents its falling off, eradicates dandruff, and imparts health and pleasantness to the head. It has stood the test of time, being the original Hair Coloring, and is constantly increasing in favor. Used by both gentlemen and ladies. It is sold by all respectable dealers, or can be procured by them of the commercial agent, D. S. Barnes, 202 Broadway, N. Y Two sizes, 50 cents and \$1.

New Advertisements.

WANTED.—Twe rooms wanted to rent by a small family. Enquire at this office.

Je5-1t*

DMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE. A DMINISTRATOR D AND THIS day been granted by the Register of Dauphin county to the subscriber, on the estate of Perses Becker, late of the city of Harrishner. deceased, all persons knowing themof Harrisburg, deceased, all persons knowing themselves Indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate settlement, and those having claims are requested to present them to the subscriber.

GEORGE GARVERICH,

ie4 doaw6w

VALUABLE IRON PROPERTY for SALE—MATILDA FURNACES and ORE BANKS.
This property is situated on the Juniata river, in Miffiin and Huntingdon counties, Ps., within one mile of Mount Union Station, on Pennsylvania railroad. The Juniata Union Station, on Pennsylvania railroad. The Juniata canal and Pennsylvania railroad pass through the property. It embraces about Twenty-seven Hundred Acres of land, about three hundred acres of which is good farm land, in a high state of cultivation; the balance is good timber land, would supply sufficient charcoal for the furnaces. The improvements are a good substantial Furnace, Stack, Steam Engine, Iron Blowing Cylinders, &c., with all the necessary buildings. There is on this property an extensive bed of Iron Ore, being identical, in the geological series, with that at Danville and Bloomsburg. This ore can be mined and delivered at the furnaces for about one dollar per ton. Limestone in abundance, of good quality, on this property. The extensive coal fields of the Broad Top and Alleghenies are from forty to fifty miles distant, by Pennsylvania extensive coal fields of the Broad Top and Alleghenies are from forty to fifty miles distant, by Pennsylvania railroad or canal, and the canal running through the property makes it one of the best locations for the manufacture of iron, either with coke or anthracite. In addition to the charcoal, the buildings for the furnace and farm are ample, substantial, and in good repair. The property will be sold a bargain, and on easy terms. For further particulars address

WASHINGTON RIGHTER,
COLUMBIA, Lancaster county, Pa.
P. S.—For quantity and quality of the ore see Prof
Lesslie's report en same.
je3-d&wlm COLDIER'S CAMP COMPANION. A very convenient Writing Desk; also, Portfolios, Memorandum Beoks, Portmonnaies, &c., at SCHEFFER'S BOOKSTORE.

WANTED.—\$75 A MONTH! I want VV to hire Agents in every county at \$75 a month.
expenses paid, to sell my new chesp Family Sewing
Machines. Address,
m5-d3m

Address,
Alfred, Maine.

WANTED. - \$60 A MONTH! We want Agents at \$60 a month, expenses paid, to sell our Everiasting Peneils, Oriental Burners, and thirteen other new, useful and curious articles. Fifteen circulars sent free. Address, circulars sent free. Address, m5-d3m SHAW & CLARK, Biddeford, Maine.

DECRUITS WANTED for the 47th ECRUITS

Regiment P. V., Col. T. H. GOOD, now stationed
at Key West, Florida. Apply to
my26-1md*

Lieut. W. W. GEETY,
Becond st., opposite Presbyterian church.

SPLENDID ASSORTMENT

LITHOGRAPHS, Formerly retailed at from \$3 to \$5, are now offered at 50 and 75 cents, and \$1 and \$1 50—published by the Ar Union, and formerly retailed by them.

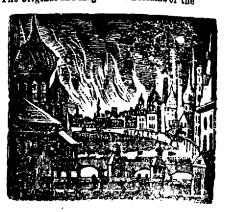
Splendid Phetographic Album Pictures of all distinguished men and Generals of the army, at only 10 cts.

BOHEFFER'S Bookstore,

18 Market street, Harrisburg. BRANT'S HALL.

FOR TWO NIGHTS.

FRIDAY AND SATURDAY, J UNE 5th and 6th, 1863, The Original and Magnificent Diorams of the



BURNING OF MOSCOW!

New and Beautiful Dioptric Paintings; and Amusing Scenes in Yentriloquism by Mr. Galiagher, the Worldstenowned Humorist.

[F Admission 15 cents each. Doors open at 7 commence at 8 o'clock p. m. je3.45

commence at 8 o'clock p. m.

OSES."—THEIR SIGNIFI—

CANCE.—Illustrated with engravings of the Roman, Grecian, Indian, Negro, Celestial, Aqueline, Turn-up, and Pug Noses, with the character revealed by each. Eyes—blue, black or gray. Lips—thin and pale, or full and red, prim or pouting, scelding or loving. Mouth—large or small. Hair—light or dark, coarse or fine, straight or curly. Cherks—thin or plump, pale or colored. Terth—regular or irregular. Ears—large or small. Nece—long or short. Skin—rough or smooth. All to be amply illustrated with engravings. The walk, talk, laugh and voice all indicate character. We may know an honest face from a dighouse to me, and we will show how. Besides the above, we shall treat on Ethnology, or the Natural History of Man; of Physiology, and the Laws of Life and Health; of Physiognomy, or Signs of Character, and how to read them; of Phrenology, the Philosophy of Mind; and of Psychology, the Sciene of Soul. Man, with reference to all his relations of life, social, intellectual, and spiritual, and what each can do best, will be elucidated in the PHRENOLOGICAL JOURNAL AND LIFE ILLUSTRATED. New volume commences July 1st. A handsome quarto monthly, at only \$1 50 a year. Sample numbers, 15 cents. Please address

FOWLER AND WELLS, 308 Broadway, New York.

Record floor of Wyeth's Building, corner of Market and Second streets. Possession given immediately. Enquire at WYETH'S Drug Store, je2-dtf.

DICNIC For the benefit of ST. LAURENTIUS CHURCH.

TOR RENT — A ROOM ON THE

ON MONDAY, JUNE 8, 1863, AT HAEHNLEN'S WOODS.

Omnibusses leave Dan. Wagner's hotel every hour. TICKETS.....25 CENTS.

BRANT'S HALL! WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY, Jone 2 and 4. BARCLAY'S

New and only correct ponorams of

JERUSALEM! And vicinity, ever painted, and Periscope of the Holy Land.

Doors open at half-past seven. Panorama moves at eight p. m. Admission reduced to 15 cents. No half price. je2-d3t F. WATSON,

MASTIC WORKER

PRACTICAL CEMENTER. Is prepared to Cement the exterior of Buildings with the New York Improved

Water-Proof Mastic Cement. This Material is different from all other Cements.

It forms a solid, durable adhesiveness to any surface, imperishable by the action of water or frost. Every good building should be coated with this Cement; it is a perfect preserver to the walls, and makes a beautiful, fine finish, equal to Eastern brown sandstone, or any color desired.

Among others for whom I have applied the Mastic Coment, I refer to the following gentlemen: J. Bissell, residence, Penn street, Pittsburg, finished five years.

J. H. Shoenberger, residence, Lawrenceville, finished ive ysars. James M'Candlass, residence, Allegheny City,finished

Calvin Adams, residence, Third street, finished four A. Hoeveler, residence, Lawrenceville, finished four

years.

J. D. M'Cord, Penn street, finished four years.

Hon. Thomas Irwin, Diamond street, finished four St Charles Hotel and Girard House, finished five years.
Kittanning Court House and Bank, for Barr & Moser,

Kittanning Court House and Bank, for Barr & Blose, Architects, Pittsburg, finished five years.
Orders received at the office of R. M'Eldowney, Paint Shop, 20 Seventh street, or please address
T. F. WATSON,
may16-tf
P. O. Box 13.6. Pittsburg, Pa.

THE BEST FAMILY SEWING MACHINE IS

WHEELER & WILSON'S. NEW OFFICE, Market Square, next to Colder's Office.

Call and see them in operation. A general assortment of machinery and needles con-

FOR SALE.—Will be disposed of at private sale, a two-story Frame Dwelling House, situated in State street, north of the Capitol. three doors from Fixth street—house 15 feet front by 32 back. Lot 96 feet deep. Euquire of SAMUEL M'CULLOCH, Market street near Depot.

50,000 POUNDS!!! Fifty Thousand Pounds

"EXCELSIOR" HAMS JUST RECEIVING, which we will sell at a very low figure by the Hogshead, Tierce, Barrel or Single Ham. my80 WM. DOCK, jr., & CO.

W USICSTORE!
NO. 93 MARKET STREET, HARRISBURG, PA.
SHEET MUSIC, PIANOS,

VIOLING, BANJO STRINGS, Of every description. DRUMS, FIFES, FLUTES, ACCORDEONS, etc., at the lowest CITY PRICES, at W. Knoche's music storm, No. 98 Market Street.

BLINDS & SHADES. B. J. WILLIAMS, No. 16 North Sixth street, Phila-VENETIAN BLINDS and

The largest and finest assortment in the city at the lowest prices. Blinds painted and trimmed equal to new. Store Shades made and lettered. mr81-2md HERMETICALLY SEALED
Peaches, Tomatoes, Lobster, Salmon, Oyrters,
Spiced Oysters, for sale by WM. DOCK, jr., & CO. PRENCH MUSTARD, ENGLISH and Domestic Pickles, (by the dozen or hundred,) Superior Salad Gil, Ketchup, Sances and condiments of every description, for sale by my25 WM. DOCK, Jz., & Co

WINDOW SHADES.

HAMS, DRIED BEEF, BOLOGNA SAUSAGES, TONGUES, &c., for sale low, by WM. DOCK, Jr., & for

FOR RENT—Two desirable OFFICE BOOMS, second atory front of Wyeth's Building, sorner of Market Square and Market street. Apply at his office

At this season of year, when so much sickness prevails, every eye should provide himself with DR. HUM-PHREY'S HOMGEOPATHIC MEDICINES, and prevent

PHREY'S AVANCE of the disease in its beginning.
A fresh supply always on hand at
SCHEFFR'S BOOK-STORE,
Harrisbun

ITEALTH, MONEY! HAPPINESS!!