it of The number is the advertisement.

If Marriages and Deaths will be inserted at the same ates as regular advertisements.

#### Miscellaneous.

DENSIONS, BOUNTIES, BACK PAY, War Claims and Claims for Indemnity. STEWART, STEVENS, CLARK & CO.

Attorneys and Counsellors-at-Law, and Solicitors for all kinds of Military Claims, 450 PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE,

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other Claimants, for the prompt and successful accompliahment of business entrusted to them, than any other
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the papers and transmission of the same to them by
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business here.

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F Soldiers enlisted since the 1st of March, 1861, in any kind of service, Military or Naval, who are disabled by disease or wounds, are entitled to Pensions. All soldiers who serve for two years, or during the war, should it sooner close, will be entitled to \$100 Bounty. Widows of soldiers who die or are killed, are entitled to Pensions, and the \$100 Bounty. If there be ne widow, then the minor children. And if no minor children, then the father, mother, sisters or brothers are entitled as above to the \$100 Bounty and Back Pay.

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WASHINGTON, D. C., 1862.

WASHINGTON, D. C., 1862.

FAPPLY at our office, or to our Associate at Harrispurg, PA.—ABTHURS & RIDDELL, Attor-Prirssueg, PA.—ABTHURS & RIDDELL, Attor-

PITTSBURG, PA.—ARTHURS & RIDDELL, Attorneys-at-law.
POTTSVILLS, PA.-WM. R. SMITH, Attorney and

Counsellor.
PHILADELPHIA, PA.—J. G. MINNICHILD, 46 Alwood ctreet, WM. M. SMITH, Attorney and Counsellor.
WASHINGTON, PA.—BOYD CRUMRINGE, Attorney and Counsellor.
jy31-dly

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BOOTS AND SHOES all kinds and varieties, in the neatest and most fash. onable styles, and at satisfactory prices.

Their stock will consist, in part, of Gentlemen's Fine Calf and Patent Leather Boots and Shoes, latest styles; Ladies' and Misses' Gaiters, and other Shoes in great variety; and in fact everything connected with the

CUSTOMER WORK will be particularly attended to, and in all cases will satisfaction be warranted. Lasts fitted up by one of the best makers in the country.

The long practical experience of the undersigned, and their thorough knowledge of the business will, they trust, be sufficient guarantee to the public that they will do them justice, and farnish them an article tha will recommend itself for utility, cheapness and dura-

JACKSON & CO.

A THRINGER'S PATENT BEEF TEA a solid, concentrated extract of BEEF AND VEGETABLES,

[]an9]

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Convertible immediately into a nourishing and delicious soup. Highly approved by a number of eminent
Physicians.
This admirable article condensed into a compact form,
all the substantial and nutritive properties of a large
bulk of meat and vegetables. The readiness with which
it disselves into a rich and palatable Soup, which would
require hours of preparation according to the usual
method, is an advantage in many situations of life, too
obvious to need urging. Its highly nourishing qualities
combined with its delicacy, renders it invaluable for the
sick; while for those in health, it is a perfectsubstitute
for fresh meat and vegetables. It will keep good in any for fresh meat and vegetables. . It will keep good in any

It is peculiarly well adapted FOR TRAVELERS, by land or sea, who can thus avoid those accidental deprivations of a comfortable meal, to which they are so liable. FOR INVALIDS, whose capricious appetite can thus actioned in a mount

be satisfied in a moment.

FOR SPORTSMEN and EXCURSIONISTS. to whom, both its compactness and easy preparation will recommend it. For sale by

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NOTIONS—Quite a variety of useful and entertaining articles—cheap—at SCHEFFER'S BOOKSTORE.

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His table will be supplied with the best the markets afford, and at his bar will be found superior brands of liquors and malt beverages. The very best accommodations for railroaders employed at the shops in this vicinity.

HENRY BOSTGEN. HENRY BOSTGEN.

TRENCH MUSTARD, ENGLISH and Domestic Pickles, (by the dozen or hundred,) Su-perior Salad Oil, Ketchup, Sauces and condiments of

retion sales by wm. DOCK, Jr., & Co WAR! WAR!—BRADY, No. 62
Market street, below Third, has received a large assortment of Swords, Sasues and Belts, which he will sell very low.

# Datriot



Union.

VOL. 5.—NO. 211.

HARRISBURG, PA., THURSDAY, MAY 7, 1863.

THE

Weekly "Patriot & Union," THE CHEAPEST PAPER PUBLISHED IN PENNSYLVANIA!

THE ONLY DEMOCRATIC PAPER PUBLISHED AT THE SEAT OF GOVERNMENT!

FORTY-FOUR COLUMNS OF READING MAT-TER EACH WEEK! AT THE LOW PRICE OF ONE DOLLAR AND FIFTY CENTS!

WHEN SUBSCRIBED FOR IN CLUBS OF NOT LESS THAN TEN COPIES TO ONE ADDRESS!

We have been compelled to raise the club subscription price to one dollar and fifty cents in order to save ourselves from actual loss. Paper has risen, including taxes, about twenty-five per cent., and is still rising; and when we tell our Democratic friends, candidly, that we can no longer afford to sell the Weekly Patriot and Union at one dollar a year, and must add fifty cents or stop the publication, we trust they will appreciate our position, and, instead of withdrawing their subscriptions, go to work with a will to increase our list in every county in the State. We have endeavored, and shall continue our efforts, to make the paper useful as a party organ, and welcome as a news messenger to every family. We flatter ourselves that it has not been without some influence in producing the glorious revolution in the politics of the State achieved at the late election and if fearlessness in the discharge of duty, fidelity to the principles of the party, and an anxious desire to promote its interests, with some experience and a moderate degree of ability, can be made serviceable hereafter, the Weekly PATRIOT AND UNION will not be less useful to the party or less welcome to the family circle in the future than it has been in the past. We confidently look for increased encouragement in this great enterprise, and appeal to every influential Democrat in the State to lend us his aid in running our supscription list up to twenty or thirty thousand. The expense to each individual is trifling, the benefit to the party may be great. Believing that the Democracy of the State feel the necessity of sustaining a fearless central organ, we make this appeal to them for assistance with the fullest confi-

.The same reasons which induce us to raise the price of the Weekly, operate in regard to the Daily paper, the price of which is also increased. The additional cost to each subscriber will be but trifling; and, while we cannot persuade ourselves that the change necessarily made will result in any diminution of our daily circulation, yet, were we certain that such would be the conse quence, we should still be compelled to make it, or suf fer a ruinous loss. Under these circumstances we must throw ourselves upon the generosity; or, rather, the justice of the public, and abide their verdict, whatever

it may be. The period for which many of our subscribers have paid for their paper being on the eve of expiring, we take the liberty of issuing this notice, reminding them of the same, in order that they may

RENEW THEIR CLUBS. We shall also take it as an especial favor if our present subscribers will urge upon their neighbors the fact that the PATRICT AND UNION is the only Democratic paper printed in Harrisburg, and considering the large amount of reading matter, embracing all the current news of

TELEGRAPHIC DISPATCHES From everywhere up to the moment the paper goes to press, political, miscellaneous, general and local news market reports, is decidedly the NEWSPAPER PUBLISHED IN

THE STATE! There is scarcely a village or town in the State in which a club cannot be raised if the proper exertion be made, and surely there are few places in which one or more energetic men cannot be found who are in favor of the dissemination of sound Democratic doctrines, who

would be willing to make the effort to raise a club. DEMOCRATS OF THE INTERIOR! Let us hear from you. The existing war, and the approaching sessions of Congress and the State Legislature, are invested with unusual interest, and every man

should have the news. TERMS. DAILY PATRIOT AND UNION.

Single copy during the session of the Legislature.. 2 00 City subscribers ten cents per week. Copies supplied to agents at the rate of \$1 50 per hun

WEEKLY PATRIOT AND UNION, Published every Thursday. Single copy one year, in advance.....\$2 00

Subscriptions may commence at any time. PAY AL-WAYS IN ADVANCE. We are obliged to make this imperative. In every instance cash must accompany subscription. Any person sending us a club of twenty subscribers to the Weekly will be entitled to a copy for his services. The price, even at the advanced rate is so low that we cannot offer greater inducements than this. Additions may be made at any time to a club of subscribers by remitting one dollar and fifty cents for each additional name. It is not necessary to send us the names of those constituting a club, as we cannot undertake to address each paper to club subscribers separately. Specimen copies of the Weekly will be sent to all who desire it.

O. BARRETT & CO., Harrisburg, Pa. N. B.—The following law, passed by Congress in 1860, defines the duty of Postmasters in relation to the delivery of newspapers to club subscribers:

(See Little, Brown & Co.'s edition of the Laws of 1860, page 38, chapter 131, section 1.)

"Provided, however, that where packages of newspapersor periodicals are received at any post office directed to one address, and the names of the club subscribers to which they belong, with the postage for a quarter in advance, shall be handed to the postmaster, he shall deliver the same to their respective owners."

To enable the Postmaster to comply with this regulation, it will be necessary that he be furnished with the list of names composing the club, and paid a quarter's (or year's) postage in advance. The uniform courtesy of Postmasters, affords the assurance that they will cheerfully accommodate club subscribers, and the latter should take care that the postage, which is but a trifle in each case, bepaid in advance. Send on the clubs.

APANESE TEA.—A choice lot of this celebrated Teajust received. It is of the first cargo ever imported, and is much superior to the Chinese Teas in quality, strength and fragrance, and is also entirely free of adulteration, coloring or mixture of any

It is the natural leaf of the Japenese Tea Plant.
For sale by WM. DOCK, jr., & Co. 3,000 BUSHELS York State Potatoes,

1,400 Bushels York State Apples,
A choice lot of York State Butter.
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Shellbarks, just received and for sale low by
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DIANOS carefully packed or removed 12 North Third street.

## The Patriot & Union.

THURSDAY MORNING, MAY 7, 1863.

SOLDIER'S SONG. The wide world is the soldier's home, His comrades are his kin; His palace roof the welkin dome, The drum his mandolin. He gives to air All thoughts of care, And trolls his serenade,

That never love betrayed. The banner is the soldier's bride, The love of bold and brave; His wedding feast, the battle tide; His marriage bed, the grave. Where bullets sing, Death's leaded wing, Light as a dancing feather,

#### GREAT BATTLE OF CHANCELLORVILLE.

HEADQUARTERS, NEAR CHANGELLORVILLE, VA., Sunday, May 3, 1863—6 P. M.

Another bloody day has been added to the calender of the rebellion. Another terrible battle has been fought, and more fields crimsoned with human blood. A few more such days as this will find no armies left on either

Saturday morning. It was then certainly expected that the enemy would begin the attack as soon as it was day, and our dispositions were made accordingly. But the attack did not begin. Events proved that the enemy did design to attack, but he chose to make that attack in a manner and at a point different from what was generally anticipated by us on Saturday morning. Daylight grew broader and yet no guns. Finally, about six o'clock, a brass Napoleon, looking down the plank road in front of the Chancellor House, saw a regiment come into the road in column and attempt to deploy. One or two doses of canister caused them to deploy rather irregularly, and more like skirmishers on the retreat.

There had been only slight disturbances duwith their axes rather than their muskets the enemy was engaged all night in cutting a road past his picket line to the right. How that it was very significant.

The day continued to pass in a very dull manner for a day of battle, and only here and there was there anything more even than desultory skirmishing and picket firing.

tain position wagons had been seen moving in a westerly direction nearly all day. It was at once surmised that this might be a retreat, but subsequent events proved that it was part of an affair of altogether another nature. To ascertain, however, what it really was, Gen. Sickles, who was still in reserve, was ordered to make a reconnoissance in heavy force in that direction. This was done with great promptness, and the divisions of Generals Birney and Whipple, with Gen. Barlow's brigade, from Howard's corps, were pushed out to the front Berdan's brigade of sharpshooters having the advance, and supporting Randolph's battery. Our troops moved rapidly and soon became more or less engaged, especially with the artillery and sharpshooters as skirmishers. Berdan soon sent in some sixty prisoners belonging to the Twenty-third Georgia, including one major, two captains and three lieutenants. Being upon the ground, I examined these prisoners, and soon found that the "wagon train" which we had seen moving during the day was composed mainly of ordnance wagons and ambulances, and that Stonewall Jackson and staff were at the head of a column of troops which

the wagons followed. Nothing more was needed to convince us that this daring opponent was executing another of his sudden movements, and it was at once resolved to checkmate him. Gen. Sickles was ordered to push on, and General Williams's division of Slocum's column was ordered to cooperate. Birney pushed ahead with great vigor, and with Randolph's battery soon sent to the rear as prisoners of war the entire remnant of the Twenty-third Georgia regiment, numbering over four hundred officers and men The column of the enemy which had been moving up this road was now literally cut in two, and Gen. Williams had commenced a flank movement on the enemy's right, which pro-

But at 5 o'clock a terrific crash of musketry on our extreme right announced that Jackson had commenced his operations. This had been anticipated, but it was supposed that after his column was cut the corps of General Howard, (formerly General Sigel's,) with its supports, would be sufficient to resist the approach, and finding that he was himself assailed in the rear he would turn about and retreat to escape cap-

But to the disgrace of the Eleventh corps be it said, that the division of Gen. Schurz, which was the first assailed, almost instantly gave way. Threats, entreaties and orders of commanders were of no avail. Thousands of these cowards threw down their guns, and soon streamed down the road towards headquarters. The enemy pressed his advantage. General Devens's division, disaffected by the demoralization of the forces in front of him, soon followed suit, and the brave General was for the second time severely wounded in the foot, while endeavoring to rally his men. General Howard with all his daring and resolution and vigor, could not stem the tide of the retreating and cowardly poltroons. The brigades of Colonels Bushbeck and M'Lean only remained fighting, and maintained themselves nobly as long as possible. But they too, gave way, though in good order, before a vastly superior number.

Gen. Hooker now sent to the aid of General Howard the choicest division of his army, the creation of his own hand—the famous Second division of the Third corps, commanded by Major General Berry. Capt. Best soon moved his batteries on a ridge running across the road, and after a short but sanguinary contest

Williams's division returned only to find a portion of their works alled with the enemy. Sickles's division could not communicate with the rest of the army at all by the way they advanced, and only at great risk by any other

PRICE TWO CENTS.

This was the position at dark, and it did not look very promising. But our energetic commander was more than equal to the emergency. New dispositions to fepair this disaster were at once resolved upon. Communication was at once had with Generals Birney and Whipple, and a night attack ordered to restore the connection of the lines. Gen. Ward's brigade of Gen. Birney's division, made the attack at 11 at night, aided by Captain Best's guns, massed on the ridge in front of the enemy. Birney's position was on the extreme left of this new line of battle, but Ward's terrific attack was entirely successful, communication was restored, and in a charge made by the brigade a portion of the artillery lost by Howard was gallantly retaken by General Hobart Ward.

This night attack was the most grand and terrific thing of the war. The moon shone bright, and an enemy could be seen at good musket range. The air was very still, and the roar and reverbation of the musketry and artillery passed all conception. Malvern Hill was skirmish compared with this, save in the degree of slaughter. But it was successfulthe enemy were driven back nearly half a mile, and our tired men once more slept on their arms. That night's work was ended.

Now I come to Sunday. It was perfectly evident, from the position of affairs on Saturday night, that there must be a change of our lines, which would throw the enemy out of our rear and into our front again. It will be seen by what skillful generalship the enemy was fought and checked on front, and flank

and rear, while this was being done.

Gen. Reynolds's First Army Corps arrived at United States Ford on Saturday afternoon. It was immediately put into position on our right, which was withdrawn from the plank road to the Ely's Ford turnpike. This line was immediately formed by Generals Reynolds and Meade, the latter's position, on the left, having been relieved by General Howard's Eleventh Corps, which, notwithstanding its disorganized condition, was so far reorganized during the night as to be fit for duty again this morning. They were assigned the position on the left, where it was probable there would be little or no fighting, and were protected by the strong works built the day before by General Meade's corps. Our new line now assumed the shape of a triangle, prolonged at the apex, the right of the line being somewhat longer than the left. As the position of the line on the right was new, time was necessary to fortify and intrench it, and the work was carried on vigorously by the Fifth and First army corps.

It was very evident at daylight this morning that the day would bring forth a terrific battle. We knew that the enemy had been reinforcing his line all night, at the expense, undoubtedly of the strength of his force on our left. His intention was, evidently, to fight for the possession of the plank road, which it was perfectly apparent he must have, as that portion of it which we then held was subject to the enemy's assaults in front and on both flanks. But the possession of this road was not obtained by the enemy save at our own time, at

his severest cost, and after one of the most desperate, tenacious and bloody conflicts, for ts short duration, of the whole war. o'clock a. m. the rebels could be plainly seen up the plank road, about a mile and a half from the Chancellor House, which General Hooker still retained as his headquarters, though a shell had gone through it the evening before, and another had cut down a tree directly in front of it.

Our line of battle was formed with General Berry's gallant division on the right, General Birney next on the left, General Whipple and General Williams supporting. At 5½ a. m. the advance became engaged in the ravine, just beyond the ridge where Captain Best's guns had made their terrific onslaught the night before, and where they still frowned upon the enemy and threatened his destruction.

The rattle of musketry soon become a long ontinued crash, and in a few moments, as battalion after battalion became engaged, the roar surpassed all conception, and indicated that the fight would be one of the most terrible nature. General Berry's division, which had checked the enemy's advance the night before, engaged him again, and if it were possible for them to add more laurels to their fame, then they did it thrice over again. The enemy advanced his infantry in overwhelming numbers, and seemed determined to crush our forces. But the brave men of Sickles and Slocum, who fought their columns with desperate gallantry, held the rebels in check, and inflicted dreadful slaughter among them. General French's division was sent in on the right flank of our line at about 7 a. m., and in a short time horde of ragged, streaming rebels running down the road, indicated that that portion of the enemy's line had been crushed. At 8 o'clock a. m. Gen. French sent his compliments to Gen. Hooker, with the information that he had charged the enemy and was driving him before him.

Sickles maintained the attack upon bis line with great endurance. The enemy seemed determined to crush him with the immensity of his forces, and, as subsequently shown from the statements of prisoners, five whole divisions of the rebel army were precipitated upon this portion of the line, for from these five divisions we took during the day an aggregate of over two thousand priseners. The exploits of our gallant troops in those

dark, tangled, gloomy woods may never be brought to light; but they would fill a hundred volumes. It was a deliberate, desperate hand to hand conflict, and the carnage was perfectly frightful. Cool officers say that the dead and wounded of the enemy covered the ground in heaps, and that the rebels seemed utterly regardless of their lives, and literally threw themselves upon the muzzles of our guns. Many desperate charges were made during the fight, particularly by Berry's division. Mott's brigade made fifteen distinct charges and captured seven stands of colors, the Seventh New Jersey, Col. Francine, alone capturing four stands of colors and five hundred prisoners. Gen. Couch's Second Army corps, though

only in part present, did excellent work. was Gen. French, who charged and drove the enemy on the flank, and it was the indomitable | The gentleman was the foreign brother above Hancock who gallantly went to the relief of

the hard pressed Sickles.

The engagement lested without the slightest intermission from 51 a. m. to 8.45 p. m., when there was a temporary cessation on our part, occasioned by getting out of ammunition. held our position for nearly an hour with the bayonet, and then, being re-supplied, an order was given to fall back to the vicinity of the Chancellor House, which we did in good order. Here the contest was maintained for an hour or more, not so severely as before, but with great havor to the enemy and considerable loss to ourselves.

The vicinity of the Chancellorville House was now the theatre of the fight, and my visits to PUBLISHED EVERY MORNING,

never to be effaced.

to render it safe to withdraw all our forces on that front, which was accordingly done, and

had been the most terrific of the war. Our artillery had literally slaughtered the enemy, and many of the companies had lost heavily

pieces in the effort, and over 2,000 of them have fallen into our hands.

Our present position is impregnable if our troops continue to fight as they have to-day. General Lee, the prisoners say, has issued an order that our lines must be broken at all hazards. Let them try it again, with what they

Our troops are perfectly cool and confident. They have fought with great spirit and enthusiasm and will continue to do so.

killed, while gallantly fighting his brave men.
L. L. CROUNSE.

OFFICERS KILLED AND WOUNDED.

officers were killed and wounded. There were undoubtedly others of whom we have as yet received no account:

Col. Lancaster, 175th; Pennsylvania-killed. Col. Stainrook, 109th Pennsylvania-killed. Maj. Keenan, 8th Pa., Cavalry-killed. Maj. Strouse, 46th Pennsylvania-killed. Capt. Cromley, Co. C, 115th Pa.—killed. Capt. Conley, Co. K, 115th Pa.—killed. Capt. Dillon, Co. B, 115th Pa. -wounded

Lieut. Mulloy, Co. B, 115th Pa.—wounded. Lieut. Davis, Co. D, 115th Pa.—wounded. Lieut. Ash, Co. C, 115th Pa.—ankle. Adjt. Stevens, 115th Pa .- wounded. Lieut. Priestly, 46th Pa .- mortally wounded.

A POOR AFFLICTED FAMILY SUD-

From the Cincinnati Enquirer. We were yesterday apprised of an incident which occurred during the past week, the recital of which, we are confident, cannot be uninteresting to our readers. Since the breaking out of the rebellion and the great advance of all kinds of provisions, dry goods, &c., the poor people of the North have suffered a great deal of hardship and been compelled to live upon the scantiest fare possible; and even then the poor mechanic, with a large family of children, has found it exceedingly difficult to get along. One of these instances was that of a journeyman shoemaker, whose family num-

bilious fevers and other serious ailments, but all have escaped the withering hand of death. Both father and mother are devoted to Christianity, and, relying upon an overruling Provi-

dence, they have passed through the winter without actual distress, although oft-times they have felt the blighting frost and experienced the keen cold blasts of the northern wind. Their home consisted of two rooms in the upper story of a frame building, containing four other families, located in the Eighth ward, a porch being the only play-ground for their children whenever the weather was such as to permit them to leave the rooms. A young physician on Sixth street, whose professional reputation is gaining for him an immense practice, has been attending this family dilignetly for over a year, free of charge, and frequently contributed from his private purse to their relief in the purchase of medicines. We omit names and locality of residence by special request. About two months since the father learn-

ing indirectly that an only brother, who he had supposed was deceased many years since, was still living near Liverpool, England, he addressed him a long and affectionate letter, detailing his difficulties, afflictions, &c., and requested the brother in return to answer the letter immediately. The two brothers had not seen each other for sixteen years, nor heard from one another for eleven years. The letter was posted at Cincinnati for England, with much misgiving that it would never reach its destination, the brother here having doubts that his foreign brother was still living. Days elapsed and no answer coming, the conviction became settled that Henry, the elder brother, was not living.
On last Tuesday morning an English gentle-

man and his wife arrived in the city and took rooms at the Burnet House. They came from Europe via New York, on the last steamer. mentioned. After partaking of breakfast, Henry started out in search of his brother.— He went from one shoe store to another, until he found that George W--- worked in a shop on Main street. Thither he went, and entering the shop in an upper story of the building, inquired for George, who was pointed out by the foreman. He was hard at work in the centre of the room. Henry approached the person designated, and asked if his name was George -, to which the latter replied that it was, without discovering who his questioner was. Henry asked if he could accompany him to the Burnet House, and do a small job for his wife. "Not without the foreman's consent," replied George. The foreman thought the request an

#### Business Cards. FRED. SCHNEIDER, MEADOW LANE, A PRACTICAL DYER FROM GERMANY,

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In any desired style, and with skill and promptness. Persons wishing cutting done can have it done at the shortest notice. ap27-dly WM.,H. MILLER, R. E. FERGUSON, ATTORNEYS AT LAW.

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OFFICE IN

ATTORNEY AT LAW,
MILITARY CLAIM AND PATENT AGENT. Office in Burke's Row, Third street, (Up Stairs.)

Having formed a connection with parties in Washington City, who are reliable business men, any business connected with any of the Departments will meet with immediate and careful attention.

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feb26

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This pleasant and commodious Hotel has been the roughly re-fitted and re-furnished. It is pleasantly situated on North-West corner of Howard and Franklin streets, a few doors west of the Northern Central Railway Depot. Every attention paid to the comfort of his guests.

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DRUMS, FIFES, FLUTES, ACCORDEONS, etc. at the lowest CITY PRICES, at

W. KNOCHE'S MUSIC STORE, No. 98 Market Street. SELF SEALING FRUIT JARS!—
Best and Cheapest in the markets! Call and examine them.

To fiery Mars, The king of stars,

When hero falls, To glory's halls, Waft the life and love together.

### PURTHER PARTICULARS.

Correspondence of the New York Times.

side to fight battles. My last letter brought up the situation to

Soon after, Gen. Hooker and staff began an inspection of our lines, which occupied full two hours. Every portion was visited, and the work of the night was closely inspected. On the extreme left new lines were chosen, and the engineer officers soon marked out the line and character of the defences to be erected. When the inspection closed, the entrenchments were pronounced to be of the very best character, especially those on the right, where the columns of Slocum and Howard were posted.

ring the night, as both forces had been busy From Gen. Howard's front came a report that muchattention was paid to the fact at the time I do not know, but subsequent events proved

About 3 o'clock the pickets on the right of 'Gen. Slocum's front reported that from a cer-

mised the most auspicious results.

SUNDAYS EXCEPTED,

BY O. BARRETT & CO

THE DAILY PATRIOT AND UNION WILL be served to subscribers residing in the Borough for the Center payable to the Carrier. Mail subscribers, five Dollars Per annua.

THE WREELY PATRIOT AND UNION IS Published at TWO DOLLARS PER ANNUM, invariably in advance. Ten copies to one address, fifteen dollars.

Connected with this establishment is an extensive JOB OFFICE, containing a variety of plain and fancy type, unequalited by any establishment in the interior of the State, for which the patronage of the public is solicited.

no longer in existence, having perished with the flame, but Chancellorville is in history,

Our new line was now so far established as at 11.30 a. m. the musketry firing ceased. The engagement had lasted six hours, but

in men themselves, but the guns were all saved. The enemy was now no longer in our rear, but had been shoved down directly in our front, and is now directly between us and our forces in Fredericksburg, and we were again in an entrenched and formidably fortified position. The enemy has gained some ground, it is true, but at the sacrifice of the flower of his force, five of his seven divisions having been cut to

Our right wing, under Generals Reynolds and Meade, was not engaged, save the division of General Humphreys, which went into the woods on the enemy's left flank, and fought valiently under their brilliant leader, until their ammunition was exhausted.

During the afternoon the enemy has made several attempts to force our lines, particularly at the appex of our position, near the Chancellor House, but Capt. Weed has massed a large quantity of artillery in such a position as to repulse with great loss everything placed within its range. The enemy tried several batteries and regiments at that point at different times during the afternoon, and they were litterally destroyed by the fire of our terrible guns. Nothing can live within their range.

have left. The can, and perhaps will destroy themselves by attacks upon this position.

The rebel prisoners report that Gen. A. P. Hill was killed this forenoon, during the sanguinary conflict his division had with General Berry's division. General Berry was himself

In these contests the following Pennsylvania Col. M'Knight, 105th Pennsylvania-killed.

Capt. Hampton, Pittsburg battery-leg shot off.

Col. E. M. Gregory, 91st Pa.—wounded severely.

DENLY SURPRISED.

bered eight persons—a wife and seven chil-dren. The father was industrious, sober, hon-est and faithful, but, on account of a rheumatic affection, was unable to realize more than \$4 as the result of a week's toil. The mother, delicate and infirm, closely applied herself to the needle, making up vests, pantaloous, &c., at such rates as barely to yield her more than \$2 per week. The children, during the past winter, have been sick with the scarlet and

No. 93 MARKET STREET.

| No. 93 MARKET STREET. | No. 1, 2 and 3, in all sized packages the markets! Call and wm. DOCK, Jr., & CO. | WM. DOCK Jr., & CO. | The foreman thought the request an the further advance of the enemy was stayed. | that spot became less frequent. Gen. Hooker | odd one, but presuming the stranger had been | maintained his headquarters there until 10 | sent up from the store below, to ask George to of Sickles and Slocum, who had been pursuing | a. m., when it was set on fire by the enemy's | accompany him, he gave his consent, and is now in ruins. Chancellorville is | George, gathering up his "kit" in a small