The Patriot & Union. TUESDAY MORNING, MARCH 24, 1863.

O BARRETT & CO., PROPRIETORS.

Communications will not be published in the PATRIOT AND UNION unless accompanied with the name of th author.

W. W. KINGSBURY, Esq., of Towanda, is a duly authorized agent to collect accounts and receive subscriptions and advertisements for this paper. NOVENBER 22, 1862.

s. M. PETTENGILL & CO.,

No. 37 Park Row, N. Y., and 6 State St., Boston Are our Agents for the PATEIOT AN UNION in those cities, and are authorized to take Advertisements and Bubscriptions for us at our Lowest Rates.

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TO THE PUBLIC.

THE PATRIOT AND UNION and all its business operations will hereafter be conducted exclusively by O. BARRETT and T. G. POMEROY, under the firm of O. BARRETT & Co., the connection of H. F. M'Reynolds with said establishment having ceased on the 20th November, inst. NOVEMBEB, 21, 1862.

To Members of the Legislature.

The DAILY PATRIOT AND UNION will be furnished to members of the Legislature during the session at Two DOLLARS. Members wishing extra copies of the DAILY PATRIOT

AND UNION, can procure them by leaving their orders at the publication office, Third street, or with our reporters in either House, the evening previous.

Dauphin County Democratic Committee. The Democratic County Committee for the county of Dauphin will meet at the public house of James Raymond, (White Hall), in the city of Harrisburg, on SATURDAY, MARCH 28th, at 2 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of fixing a day for the election of delegates to the Democratic County Convention, and also a time for the meeting of said convention. By order of the Chairman.

FRANK SMITH, Secretary.

The Legislative Investigating Committee appointed to examine the bribery and corruption alleged in connection with the last Senatorial election, we learn, with much satisfaction. will soon be ready to report. From the length of time employed, and the fidelity and scrutiny with which, we are given to understand, this committee has been conducting its labors, we are prepared to find the result fully up to public expectation. The facts furnished in Beyer's statement will undoubtedly form the staple of the report, but we are assured other interesting information has been elicited which will not only serve to confirm, in every particular, the exposure made by the member from Clearfield, but furnish undeniable proof of other and lize attempts at bribery in different quarters.

To the members of the committee in charge of this investigation is consigned the high and honorable privilege of performing a great public duty: their action in the matter will be regarded with interest throughout the State; the approbation of their constituents, and that of every honest man in the Commonwealth, will

Abolitionists pretend to have taken to their schemes. The soldier, the Abolitionists forget is a

citizen. Against his protest they have inaugurated a policy subversive of all the honor and justice of the war; forgetful of his privileges, they have committed him, unwillingly, to edicts and dogmas he never pledged himself to fight for; out of his trials and agonies they have built up luxury, fame and fortune. What will they answer, in the day of reckoning, when all the tears and blood, and scars and ghosts of murdered men, ruthlessly slain to pamper vain ambition and supply a lust for power, shall rise up against them ? What will the jesting President say, who would listen, on the field of carnage, after Antietam, to a silly song ?--what his consort, who, in the midst of terrible disaster and national gloom, decked out in gaud and tinsel, filled for herself the Presidential mansion with sounds of gaiety and mirth, to the solemn reproaches of the widow and the fatherless? What will the malignant and impervious Halleck answer, when the bloody finger of retributive history points to the fields of Cedar Mountain and Bull Run? How will the coward Stanton explain the aimless slaughter of the Peninsular Campaign ? There are many tales untold, many histories yet unwritten, which will send their names to deeper infamy than the imperfect records of the day afford. The full tide of retribution has not yet set in; meanwhile, let the Abolition papers ase senseless words of adulation; they have nothing left, no benefits to the country, no deeds of mercy to vindicate them-only words, lies, vapor.

General News.

Our news to-day is of a very mixed character, which our readers must sift for themselves. The U.S. war steamer Bienville has captured the schooner Lightning, supposed to be British and a blockade runner.

Governor Letcher, of Virginia, has issued a proclamation calling on the farmers to raise more grain and less tobacco. The Richmond | Dispatch assaults the Northern Democracy in a very savage manner, founding its attack upon the recent demonstrations of John Van Buren. Brady & Co. It requires five dollars of Confederate money at Richmond to buy one of gold. The Richmond Laboratory exploded recently killing and wounding between fifty and sixty females. Thirty-three were killed out right. A Washington dispatch says :

"The government has advices from the West which are by no means cheering. The resist-ance to the arrest of deserters in Ohio, Indiana and Illinois will be succeeded by the obstruction of the conscription act, and a refusal to pay excise taxes. Several Govenors of Western States, together with influential citizens. had an interview with the President to day on the subject, and measures to prevent such resistance have been taken. Governor Tod, of Ohio, it is presumed, will look to matters in Ohio under military authority. The sale of arms in all the principal Western cities has been stopped."

In contrast to the above, read the following from the Richmond *Enquirer* of the 21st :

"The peace delusion is blown away. Neither from foreign intervention, nor from the imperious decrees of King Cotton, nor from ship of the Northwest, nor from the stupid rumors of demoralization in Yankee armies, does one logn of sumit. If they can take Richmond, Charleston and Vicksburg in six months their financial credit is restored and party feuds cease. The plain truth is, we are in the middle of war: and during comin r spring and summer that war is to be more fierce and uareleating than ever before. The Yankee enemy is just beginning to fight." Again : "Great Union meetings are the order of the day at the North. Democrats bury the hatchet just lifted against Lincoln. Vallandigham will soon stand where John Van Buren does." The artic'e winds up a most intense appeal for every man to be put in the army and every deserter arrested.

that of the idle schemes of negro freedom the [tracting parties bind themselves to treat each other on the footing of the most favored nahearts; no one understands more perfectly tion, including the full protection of persons than he the rottenness and folly of such and properties. Our government engages never to interfere, unless solicited by that of Liberia, in the affairs between the aboriginal inhabitants and Liberia in the jurisdiction and territories of the republic ; and the citizens of | with each other, and that the entire soldiery the U.S. residing therein are desired to abstain from all such intercourse with the aboriginal inhabitants as will tend to violation of law and the disturbance of the peace of the country. Clear as mud.

A special dispatch from Lake Providence, 16th March, says the water was let in at sundown, and is passing through the twenty feet aperture, threatening friend and foe alike .---The aperture is visibly widening at the mouth. and, by morning, a large portion of the town of Lake Providence will be submerged.

Joseph Cox, the young clerk who absconded from New York on Tuesday last with \$10.000 in gold belonging to his employers, was found stowed away in the steamer Arabia soon after her departure from Boston, was landed at Halifax, and will soon be brought back.

The Yazoo Pass expedition hangs fire. At last accounts the Union fleet were still kept back by the rebel fort on the Tallahatchie.-This work could not, it seems, be attacked by a land force, as it was protected by water .---At last accounts an attempt was making to reduce this fort, how was not indicated. The discouraging part of the matter is that this delay will give the Confederates time to build so many obstructions in these narrow rivers that all hopes of reaching Haine's Bluff by this means is very dubious. Let us hope for better news soon from some quarter.

LETTER FROM HON. WM. HOPKINS.

. The following letter from Hon. Wm. Hopkins containing his withdrawal from the contest for the Gubernatorial nomination before the convention in June, will be read with interest by his friends, and its sentiments approved by every sincere lover of our Commonwealth.

Mr. Hopkins having made up his mind not to go into the contest, presents his views as to the character and qualifications of a suitable nominee for the party; and in his modest and explicit declination gives utterance to opinions at once so disinterested and proper that they cannot fail to commend themselves to the public:

GENTLEMEN: Having received many assurances, from different parts of the State, that I would be supported for the nomination for Governor, at the approaching Convention, and having made up my mind not to go into the contest, I deem it due to those who have thus voluntarily indicated their preference, to place before them, and the public, some of the reasons which have influenced me in coming to this decision. I have always regarded the position of Governor as one that ought not to be sought after, and acting upon this idea, I have never, personally, solicited a vote in my life, notwithstanding my name has been used in that connection on former occasions. This having been my rule of action heretofore, I see no inducement for departing from it now. Indeed, if there ever was a time when the selection of judgment of the people, wholly uninfluenced by the importunities of aspirants, that time is the present. If we look abroad over our bleeding country, the patriot is horrified at the dark. impenetrable cloud, which overshadows our political horizon. All human forecast is baffled in attempting to solve the problem of our future, either as a State or Nation. We are in the midst of a crisis, such as the world has seldom, if ever, seen. The whole fabric of our government seems to be tottering to its very base, and none but He who holds in His hands the destinies of nations, and of men, can tell what is to be our fate. The responsibilities that will devolve on the next Governor of Pennsylvania will be appalling beyond precedent. That there should, at such a time, be a scramble for the nomination, is most amazing. To my own mind it is clear that those who really comprehend the magnitude of the difficulties which environ us, should be the last to seek the position. Here, perhaps, I ought to stop. Mut when I contemplate the vast interests at strike, I feel restrained to venture, a suggestion or two in regard to the qualities which, I think, our candidate should possess. This, I trust, I may be allowed to do, not being one myself ---Among these I will mention that, in my opinion, the candidate should be a man of experience, mature judgment, and unquestioned administrative abilities. He-should be a man of the most indomitable courage, and firmness such as would enable him to interpose a manly resistance to all infractions of the Constitution, and encroachments upon the sovereignty of the State, and rights and liberties of her citizens. He should be a man of unfaltering fidelity to the Constitution of the United States and the Union, as they were founded by Washington. He should be not only untrammeled by corporate power, but entirely beyond such influences. Upon this point too much care cannot be taken, for it must be apparant to all that this influence has, already, made fearful strides towards undermining the liberties of the people. When it is remembered that within the past five vears, some twenty millions of dollars have been taken from the Treasury, for the benefit of two corporations, and that too by the noto rious use of corrupt means, the question may well be asked, "Is there not imminent peril to be apprehended from this quarter in future ?" But above all, the candidate should be a man of incorruptible integrity, whose private character is invulnerable, and whose public record in the past will be a sufficient guarantee that his future will bring no reproach upon our glorious old Commonwealth. With such a standard-bearer we would go before the people with a certainty of success. In conclusion, I desire to tender to all who have deemed me worthy of so exalted a position, my profound gratitude, with the assurance that I shall cherish, with the fondest recollection, these indications of confidence and regard as long as I shall live.

LETTER FROM PHILADELPHIA. [Correspondence to the Patriot and Union.]

PHILADELPHIA, March 23, 1863.

It is part of the programme of the Abolition radicals, in their assaults on the Union and its friends, to create the impression that the army and the Democracy are at swords' points of the loyal States have bowed before the black Baal which the administration has set up. Nothing could be farther from the truth, and the bogus "resolutions," and letters from officers, prove nothing, as there are very few credulous enough to believe that the enlisted men coincide in the least in the sentiments cortained therein. The private letters of the soldiers tell the true tales It is well known that these mad Abolitionists are the worst enemies our volunteers have, and their conduct now is in perfect accordance with their actions in 1812, and in the late war with Mexico. During the latter contest, Tom Corwin expressed the hope that the Mexicans would welcome our men "with bloody hands to hospitable graves," and as a reward for his patriot ism he is now Minister to Mexico. There are not wanting proofs that the sentiments of Abolitionism to day, in regard to our soldiers, are the same as enunciated by this Corwin at the time alluded to. An Illinois Republican Senator thanked God that we were defeated at Bull Run, and the Independent and other radical papers took no pains to conceal their joy whenever disaster attended our arms.---

Many of our reverses have been occasioned by this "fire in the ear" of the Negro-worshippers, for they were determined that the Union should not be restored unless slavery was forcibly apolished. The people and the soldiers fully understand the hypocritical cantings of these cowards, who feast on the sight of blood, but have always taken good" care to keep out of danger themselves. The only way the Abolitionists have shown their valor, has been in securing fat contracts, acting as spies in the North, and making themselves generally disgusting to true patriots.-The Democratic element, always true to the Government, took another way to show its fealty, and fought the rebels with powder and ball. The Democracy honor the bravery of the soldier, and prove their friendship for him by battling against his insidious foes here at home. We rejoice when they are victorious, and if they can succeed in crushing the rebel> lion vi et armis, it will be a triumph over both Secession and Abolitionism, for they are the allied enemies of the Republic. The anti-

slavery fanatics place the salvation of the Union secondary to the accomplishment of their crazy schemes. The Democracy labors for the unity of the Nation, the welfare of its people, and the sustenance of its laws.-Which, then, are the friends of the soldiers, who enrolled themselves under the glorious old flag, not in the service of any political party, but as warriors, in defence of the Union

Interesting meetings are being held by the Democrats of this city, and clubs are being organized in every ward and precinct. The Central Association has its headquarters on Walnut street, opposite hallowed Independence Hall, and its plain, republican appearance is in striking contrast with the curtained and

PENNA LEGISLATURE. SENATE.

MONDAY EVENING, March 23, 1863. The Senate was called to order by the SPEAKER at 81 o'clock.

BILLS INTRODUCED. Wr. WHITE, from the Military Committee, reported a supplement to the act of 1862 to provide for the adjudication and payment of

military claims. Mr. JOHNSON. a bill relative to the relief notes of Lycoming county.

Mr. CONNELL, a bill to vacate part of Jones street in the 9th ward, Phila.

Also, a supplement to the act changing the venue of a certain case from Beaver to Wash-

ington county. Mr. SMITH, a bill to incorporate the Iron and Coal Bridge company of Montgomery county.

Also, a bill to incorporate the Chestnut Hill and White Marsh turnpike road company. DELAWARE AND HUDSON CANAL COMPANY.

Mr. HIESTAND offered a resolution setting forth that whereas it is believed that the Delaware and Hudson canal company have exceeded their rights as an incorporated company, and violated their corporate privileges. Resolved, That a committee of three be appointed to investigate said charges with power to send for persons and papers.

The resolution was considered, and after some discussion laid over for the present.

The resolution from the House requesting the Governor to return to the Legislature unsigned, the bill defining the duties and liabilities of passenger railway corporations in Philadelphia, was adopted.

FINAL ADJOURNMENT.

The Senate insisted upon its amendment to the resolution from the House relative to the adjournment of the Legislature, and appointed committee of conference. The House resolution provides for a recess from the 27th of March inst. to the 27th of May. The Senate amendment provides for the final adjournment of the Legislature on the 9th of April.

BILLS CONSIDERED.

The bill to accept the grant of public lands from the United States to the several States, for the endowment of agricultural colleges, came up in order, and passed finally, yeas 21, navs 7.

Mr. KINSEY called up Senate bill, No. 397, relative to actions of ejectment, which was put on second reading and postponed.

Mr. M'SHERRY called up the bill to extend the charter of the Bank of Chambersburg for the period of five years from the expiration of its present charter, and to increase its capital stock, which was discussed and passed finally, Adjourned. yeas 18, nays 9.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES. MONDAY, March 23, 1863.

PETITIONS AND REMONSTRANCES. Numerous petitions and remonstrances were

presented, having for their object the prevention of the immigration of negroes into this State; also, against the passage of any law preventing their immigration ; also, one (from Sullivan county) for the payment into the county treasury moneys collected on account of conscientious scruples, etc.

Mr. JACKSON, petitions of 216 citizens of Sullivan county, praying for the repeal of an act approved April 14, 1859, entitled "An Act to prevent the hunting of deer with dogs in certain counties."

Also, 9 remonstrances of 318 citizens of Sullivan county against the repeal of said act.

BILLS IN PLACE. Mr. BARGER, a supplement to the act con-

solidating the city of Philadelphia. Mr. M'MANUS, an act to vacate a part of

Mud lane, in the city of Philadelphia. Mr. CHAMPNEYS, one providing for the the 11th of September last.

JATM AGEN 402 WALNUT STREET, PHILADELPHIA. General Claims for Soldiers promptly collected, Stat Claims adjusted, &c., &c. mar20-dlm

DOBBERY OF ADAMS' EXPRESS

FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS REWARD BALTIMORE, March 19, 1863.

The safe of the Adams Express Company was robbed on Wednesday night between Baltimore and Harise burg. It contained various sums of money in currency and while large number of United States certifie burg. It contained various sums of money in currency and gold, a large number of United States certificates of indebtedness, United States free-twenty bonds, and checks of the United States Treasurer on the Assistant checks of the United States Treasurer on the Assistant Deltars is offered by the Company. The public are re-Dollars is offered by the Company, The public are re-ferred to the list of the numbers of the tonds and cer-tificates published by the Company, and are cautioned not to negotiate any of them:

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The public are caution and a second state of the public are cautificates. above bends or cartificates. HENRY SANFORD, Superintendent Adams' Express Company.

mar24-dim DROCLAMATION.—Whereas, the Henorable Jonn J. PEARSON, President of the Court Common Pleas in the Twelfth Judicial District, con-sting of the counties of Lebanon and Damphin, and the on RANVEL LANDIS and Hon. Moses R. YOUNG, Asso. sisting of the counties of Lebanon and Dauphin, and the Hon. RAMUEL LANDIS and Hon. MORES R. YOUNG, ASSO-ciate Judges in Dauphin county, having issued their pre-cept, bearing date the 24th day of February, 1863, to me directed, for holding a Owrt of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery and Quarter Sessions of the Pease at Harrisburg, for the county of Dauphin, and to com-mence on the third Monway of April next, being the 27th day of April, 1863, and to continue two weeks. Notice is therefore hereby given to the Coroner, Jas-tices of the Peace, Aldermen, and Constables of the said county of Dauphin, that they be then and there in their proper persons, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, with their records, inquisitions, examinations, and their own remembrances, to do those things which to their office appertains to be done, and those who are bound in resognizances to prosecute against the prisoners that are or shall be in the Jail of Dauphin county, be then and there to prosecute against them as shall be just. Given under my hand, at Harrisburg, the 24 th day of April, in the year of our Lord, 1863, and in the eighty-seventh year of the independence of the United States. J. D. BOAS, Sheriff

No improper characters admitted. 2t T IIE UNIVERSALCLOTHES WRINGER is the original and only genuine and re- liable wringer before the people. It combines more strength of frame, capacity of pressure, power and du- rability than any other machine. It is the only wringer with the patent corg-wheel reg- ulator. It saves time, labor, clothes and money. It will wear for years without repair. No servant can break it. No caution or skill required m its use. A child eignt years old can operate it. It saves its cost in clothing every six months. Its rubber r.llers never get loose nor tear the clothes. It will fit any tub, and not work loose from its place. I invite the attention of this community to this wringer, believing it to be the best. Machines fur-	I by NWARD. 12 North Third s reet. OOKING GLASSES, of all sorts and sizes, at WARD'S, mar23-2w 12 North Third street. A GRAND BALL will be given at the the 24th inst. Price of ticket, for gentieman and lady the 24th inst. Price of ticket, for gentieman and lady the 24th inst. Price of ticket, for gentieman and lady the 24th inst. Price of ticket, for gentieman and lady the 24th inst. Price of ticket, for gentieman and lady the 24th inst. Price of ticket, for gentieman and lady the 24th inst. Price of ticket, for gentieman and lady the 24th inst. Price of ticket, for gentieman and lady the 24th inst. Price of ticket, for gentieman and lady the 24th inst. Price of ticket, for gentieman and lady the 24th inst. Price of the people. It combines more strength of frame, capacity of pressure, power and dur tability than any other machine. It is the only wringer with the patent org-wheel regulator. It is the only wringer with the patent org-wheel regulator. It saves time, labor, clothes and money. It will wear for years without repair. No servant can break it. No servant can break it. No servant can break it. No servant can break it. It saves its cost in clothing every six months. Its rubber r.llers never get loose nor tear the clothes It will fit any tub, and not work loose from its place I invite the attention of this community to thi wringer, believing it to be the best. Machines fur nished on triat free of expense. G W. PARKONS, 110 Market street,		I. D. BOAS, Sheriff
WARD'S, mar23-2w 12 North Thi-d street. A GRAND BALL will be given at the Union Hotel, Ridge road, on Tuesday evening, the 24th inst. Price of ticket, for gentieman and lady, 50 cents. HENRY BOSTGEN, Proprietor. No improper characters admitted. 2t THE UNIVERSALCLOTHES WRINGER is the original and only genuine and re- liable winger before the people. It combines more strength of frame, capacity of pressure, power and du- rability than any other machine. It is the only wringer with the patent crg-wheel reg- ulator. It sets time, labor, clothes and money. It will wear for years without repair. No servant can break it. No servant can break it. No servant can break it. It saves its cost in clothing every six months. Its rubber rollers never get loose nor tear the clothes. It will the atth and on the loose from itw place. It will the atth and not while loose from itw place. It will the atth and not while loose from itw place. G W. PARSONS, 110 Market street,	WARD'S, mar23-2w 12 North Thi d street. A GRAND BALL will be given at the Union Hotel, Ridge road, on Tuesday evening the 24th inst. Price of ticket, for gentieman and lady 50 cents. HENRY BOSTGEN, Proprietor. No improper characters admitted. 2t THE UNIVERSAL CLOTHES WRINGER is the original and only genuine and re liable wringer before the people. It combines mor strength of frame, capacity of pressure, power and du rability than any other machine. It is the only wringer with the patent org-wheel reg ulator. It saves time, labor, clothes and money. It will wear for years without repair. No cantion or skill required H its use. A child eignt years old can operate it. It suber r.llers never get loose nor tear the clothes I will ft <i>any tub</i> , and not work loose from its place I mite the stendinot of this community loth wringer, believing it to be the best. Machines fur nished on trial free of expense. G W. PARSONS, 110 Market street, Mr23-2tawtf Sole agent for this city	bv	S. WARD,
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HARRISBURG, March 22, 1863. To the Editors of the Patriot and Union:

and the Constitution?

follow and reward their fidelity to the trust imposed upon them. Let it be remembered that the crime involved in the crime involved in the subject of this investigation, is but a small part of the object to be had in view. To fasten fhe stigma of meet reproach upon a defeated and dishonored aspirant to office; to show up a nefarious and unlawful intrigue: to bring to justice an arch-offender against public morals, are matters of minor importance, and fall far short of the end to be accomplished in this investigation.

In answer to inquiries from various sources we are happy to reply that the report will shortly make its appearance, conducted and concluded with scrupulous care and a thorough appreciation of its importance and effect upon the public mind. In this gigantic and fraudulent attempt upon the integrity of the Legislature, we hold our Abolition opponents in the House and Senate deeply implicated. Let them not be spared the inference of complicity which must surely follow a full and perfect investigation. Let the people know what their representatives are doing. The opportunity must not be lost to teach corruption that lesson which the welfare of the Commonwealth demands. On whom or where the blow may fall, we say to the committee, strike and spare not.

Citizen and Soldier.

The Abolition papers are fulsome and constant in their praises of our soldiers. They vaunt the achievements of our armies; they extend great sympathy to the sufferings and privations of our troops, while in contrast they point to the indifference and want of encouragement our armies receive from their "copperhead" cotemporaries. All this sort of clap-trap fails, of course, utterly in its design; the Abelition papers and the Abolition party cannot subsidize to their theories the citizen-soldier by the pleasant praises they bestow upon his valor. The instinct of the army is too true, the trials it has to undergo too faithful a test of the virtue of the cause in which it is fighting, to be satisfied by the hollow and hypocritical vaporings of the prolongers of the war and the instigators of our defeats. It is not necessary to vindicate the pride every true and loyal citizen must feel in the prowess and the daring, the skill and indomitable energy of our armies. For every victory, none have been readier to render the palm and the meed of praise than the conservative men of the North; for every defeat, none have been readier to deplore the lives and prestige lost. Agreeing in sentiment with these conservatives, and opposed to the policy of the administration, the soldier knows this. But it would be hard to prove to bim that they who have brought dishonor and disaster upon our arms, have taken away the loved and trusted commander, can feel sincerely for the soldier's sufferings, or have any just sympathy with the true glory of the war.

It will require more than the mere assurance of words to make our soldiers believe that those who are prostituting the war to inglorious purposes, who are making the army a mere instrument of faction ond fanaticism, can feel for the suffering and bloodshed they have caused uselessly and without mercy. No one knows better than the soldier the comparative

A dispatch to the Cincinnati Gazette furnishss the following additional particulars of the battle at Milton, Tennessee:

"Our forces were commanded by Col. Hall, of the One Hundred and Fifth Ohio, who, finding that he was being attacked by superior numbers, fell back to a commanding position and sent a courier to Murfreesboro' for reinforcements, promising to hold his ground until they arrived.

Part of the rebel cavalry dismounted and attacked our position with impetuosity, but were repulsed at every point. Section First of the Harris Battery kept up all this time a most effective fire. The enemy, enraged at its execution, massed three regiments and charged the battery with hideous yells. The First Missouri regiment, who were lying concealed bshind the battery, waited until the enemy were within thirty yards, when they opened a desstructive fire, causing them to recoil and finally to retreat in confusion from the field, leaving their dead and wounded.

"Col. Hall's victory was complete before the reinforcements arrived. Among the rebel killed was one colonel, one captain and three lieutenants. Our loss was seven killed and thirty one wounded. The battle lasted about four hours."

A special dispatch from Paris to the Comnonwealth says: "The rebel Colonel Cluke surrounded Mount Sterling, Kentucky, at two o'clock this morning. Our forces, amounting to two hundred, fought from the houses for four hours, but were finally compelled to surrender. The rebels then burned the town .-It is believed that Cluke intends to attack Paris to-night."

LOUISVILLE, March 21.-An unauthenticated report has just reached here that a portion of Stanley's force encountered John Morgan's cavalry at M'Minville, yesterday, and whipped them badly, driving them entirely away.

By telegraph from Baton Rouge, March 15th, we learn that Commodore Farragut, leading in the flag ship Hartford, passed the Port Hudson Batteries on the night of the 14th, at eleven o'clock, with his fleet. The Mississippi ran aground and was abandoned and burned. Firing on both sides was rapid and severe .--The land forces were within five miles of the enemy, working in good spirits, determined to conquer. Up to the latest moment only Cavalry skirmishing had taken place. Signed-CHAS. S. BUCKLEY, captain and assistant Superintendent of Military Telegraph. The New Orleans Era, of the 15th, states that a rumor was current that Port Hudson was evacuated. Some 250 bales of cotton had been burned by the rebels under the impression that it was about to be shipped to New Orleans.

A Washington telegraph, 23d March. says: The treaty between the U.S. and Liberia is officially promulgated. There is to be perpetual peace and friendship and reciprocal consequence in which his own life stands, with | freedom of commerce between them. The con- | been strongly Republican.

I am, very respectfully and truly, Your friend, WM. HOPKINS.

THE election in the borough of Washington. Washington county, Pa., on Friday last, resulted in the success of the Democratic ticket by a majority of 80. Washington has heretoforo white men's party is growing stronger here every day, and, strange as it may appear, our best recruiting officer is Forney:

Frederick Douglass, the Rochester darkey, has been among us, and has secured the services of five negroes from the classic "freestinks", of Bedford and St. Mary streets, for the black regiment forming in Massachusetts. He made a speech, abounding in assurances to his brethern that they were now getting on an equality with the pale faces. The next thing in this business will probably be the publication of "important correspondence" between Professor Singleton, the celebrated (colored) arpet shaker of Philadelphia, and Gov. An-

"Commodore" being merely my provisional none de plume, and having become quite a regular, I now drop that and sign myself hence-OMICBON. forth

drew.

Perry County.

The Democracy of Perry achieved a great victory over the nigger-heads last Friday.-Even in the Duncannon district they were successful-electing Democrats to the principal offices in Penn and Petersburg, being a gain of 159 over the vote of last year. Perry is good for 400 Democratic majority next fall. Hun. dreds of men who have heretofore opposed the Democracy have determined that Abolltionism shall not ruin the country.

Another Democratic Victory.

B. K. Vastorn Democrat, was elected Burgress of the Borough of Danville on last Friday. This is the first instance for years in which the Democrats have carried the Borough in a political contest. One year ago the Republican abolition majority was 73. Two years ago they had 116 majority.

INCAPACITY FOR EVIL .--- A friend of ours, a shrewd observer, who has just returned from Washington tells us that he has no further fears for the country. He went to the capital one of the most despondent men in it. "Why," says he, "they havn't capacity enough there to ruin the country. Ten generations of such men could not do it any serious or permanent harm. "-Boston Courier.

There is hope that in the incapacity for evil of the men at Washington, we may find an offset for their incapacity for good. All that has been done to sustain the Nation, thus far, has been done by the States, and the Federal government has only interfered to obstruct and misdirect. Utterly incapable of handling the troops raised for them, or husbanding the re-

rative capacity to do the mischief they contemplate. They will appoint provost marsha's and consume the patronage of the new system; but they will let the conscription fail. The banking scheme will fail also. The bills against the State Courts will prove pullities. The whole grand scheme of Consolidation will

A reign of terror exists in Washington.-Murders, assaults, gerroting and robberies are of daily occurrence. Gen Buford had his pocket picked of nineteen hundred dollars; Lieut. Graham, of the Second Vermont Cavalry, was found in his bed in a hotel with his -throat cut, and it was thought be was murdered; and those who are out after dark go A vigilance committee is already armed. talked of.

Mr. M'GEE, joint resolutions on the state of the country. Ordered to be printed,

Mr. MOORE, bill regulating places of public amusement in the city of Philadelphia, and presented a letter from Mayor Henry in connection therewith. Messrs. MOORE, QUIG-LEY, KERNS and LUDLOW made statements. The Mayor's letter was read and the bill was committed. Adjourned.

Within a short time four newspaper offices. located respectively in Kansas. Iowa, Illinois and Ohio, have been destroyed by niggerhead mobs. The atrocities of the French Revolution recoiled with terrible effect upon the heads of those who initiated them; and so it will be, before long, with these infamous mobs. Violence always begets violence.

It appears that Hon. Ben Wade, of the War Committee of Congress, will soon bring out his report against Gen. McClellan, and a special diffusion committee of horse jockeys in New York are said to be engaged upon a killing brochure against him.

New Advertisements.

FOR SALE.—A FINE TWO-STORY HOUSE, with Back-building, on the corner of James and Broad streets, (Market square) Lot 20 by 131 feet. For further particulars inquire of mar24 d3t* ISAAC WOOD.

N ORDINANCE authorizing the construction 1 of a railroad across Second street below Vine street.

SECTION 1. Be it ordained by the Common Council of the city of Harrisburg, That Messrs. Bailey and company be and they are hereby anthorized to construct a railroad across Second street, below Vive street, to connect their works with the Har. risburg and Lancaster railroad : Provided. That said road be so constructed and kept in repair as to cause no obstruction to said sirect, the pavements or gutters belonging to the same, or in any way interfere with the ordinary use of said pavements, gutters or street. Passed March 7, 1863.

W. O. HICKOK, President of the Common Council. Attest-DAVID HARRIS, Clerk.

Approved March 20, 1863. WM. H. KEPNER, Mayor.

A N ORDINANCE making an appropriation for the printing and binding of the Ordinances of the city and Acts of Assembly relating thereto SECTION 1. Be it ordained by the Common Council of the city of Harrisburg, That the sum of three hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be accessary, be and the same is hereby appropriated to pay the expense of printing and binding the Ordinances of the city and Acts of Assembly relating to the same-to be paid out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated. Passed March 21, 1863.

W. O. HICKOK, President of the Common Council. Attest-DAVID HARRIS, Clerk. Approved March 23, 1863. WM. H. KEPNER, Mayor.

MINCE PIES !----Raisins, Currants, Citron spices, Lemons, Cider, Wine, Brandy and Rum, for sale by WM. DOCK, jr., & Oo.

00,000 BARRELS of the LODI MANUFACTURING CO.'S

100,000 MANUFACTURING CO.'S POUDRETTE. 130 South Warves, Philadelphia, Pa. This company, with a cepital of \$150,000 the most extensive works of the kind in the world, and an expe-rience in manufacturing of over 23 years, with a repu-tation long established, having also the exclusive control of all the night soil of the great city of New York, are prepared to furnish an article, which is, without doubt, the Cheapest and very best fertilizer in market. It greatly increases the yield, and ripens the crop from two-to three weeks earlier, at an expense of from three to four dollars per acce, with little or no labor. Also, FIFTY TONS OF BONE TAFEU, being a mixture of bone and night soil ground fue, at \$40 per ton-a su-perior article for grain and grass. Frice of POUD-RETTE, \$1 60 per barrel. Seven harrels and over delivered fr e of charge. A pamphlet containing all necessary information, may be had free by addressing a letter to the subscriber. JAMES T. FOSTER,

Care of the Lodi Manufacturing Company, 66 Courtland st., New York feb19-w2-w

OTICE TO CAPITAL'STS.

A VALUABLE INVESTMENT OFFERED. The undersigned offers for sal. FIVE HUNDRED AND EIGHTY THEKE ACRES of excellent COAL LANDS, containing the entire Allegheny coal mines, situated in W-shington township, Cambria ccunty. A vein of f ur feet in thickness has been opened and is now being worked in three places. The Pennsylvania Central railroad runs through the trast and along side of these openings. Samples furnished on anylistica of these openings. Samples furnished on application to the propretor. Reference as to quality may be had by applying to 0. W. Bannes, Philadelphis, John W. Wooster, Buncannon iron works, or in Cieveland, Ohio. hy applying to ... Wooster, Duncannon iron works, to an Tittle indisputable-terms easy. JEREMIAH M'GONIGLE, *Hemlock P. O.*, Cambria county, Pa.

1863.

DHILADELPHIA & ERIE RAIL-ROAD .- This great line traverses the Northern and Northwest counties of Pennsylvania to the city of Erie, on Lake Erie.

It has been leased by the Pennsylvania Rail Road Company, and under their auspices is being rapidly opened throughout its entire length.

It is now in use for Passenger and Freight business from Harrisburg to Briftwood, (Second Fork.) (177 miles) on the Eastern Division, and from Sheffield to Erie, (78 miles) on the Western Division.

TIME OF PASSENGER TRAINS AT HARRIS-BURG.

Leave Northward.

Mail Train..... 2.30 a.m. | Express Train... 3.20 p.m. Cars run through without change both ways on these trains between Philadelphia and Lock Haven, and between Baltimore and Lock Haven.

Elegant Sleeping Cars on Express Trains both ways between Williamsport and Baltimore, and Williamsport and Philadelphia.

For information respecting Passenger business apply t the S. E. cor. 11th and Market strorts. And for Freight business of the Company's Agents.

S. B. Kingston, Jr, cor. 13th and Market streets, Philadelphia.

J. W. Reynolds, Brie

1863.

J. M. Drill, Agent N. C. R. R., Baltimore.

H. H. HOUSTON, Gen'l Freight Agt., Phil's,

	LEWIS L. HOUPT, Gen'l Ticket Agt., Phil'a
mar5.dy	JOS. D. POTTS, Gep'l Manager Williamsport

Gen'l Manager, Williamsport. MILLINERY AND STRAW GOODS

We have the pleasure of informing you that we are now prepared to offer, at our Old Stand, No 1(3, 105 and 107 North SECOND St, Phila-delphia, a well selected stock of

MILLINERY AND STRAW GOODS,

in every variety, of the latest importations, and of the newest and most fashionable styles.

OUR STRAW DEPARTMENT Will comprise every variety of Bonnets, Hats and Trim-mings to be found in that line. of the latest and most approved shapes and s yles. Soliciting an early call, I r main yours, respectfully, H. WaRD.

A BOY WANTED-About 14 years of sge-to act as servant to a Captain in Virginia. Reasonalle wages will be paid Call at No. 31 Fouth Front street, on Lieutenant W. H. WEAVER. mri\$-3id# BOY WANTED-About 14 years

NEW PATENT CORN SHELLER-N Chappest and most complete ever invented. Far mers and others please call and see it at WIKOFF'S Cigar Store, Market street, 2d door below Third. County Rights and Machines for sale. 1eb2

ROOMS, BRUSHES, TUBS AND D BASKETS of all descriptions, qualities and prices, for sale by WM. DOCK, JB., & CO. for sale by SALE OF HOUSEHOLD FURNI-

 DALLE OF HOUSELHOLD FURTHER

 TURE. — The subscriber has for sale a lot of house-hold furniture, consisting of chairs, setters, carpets, rocking chairs, bedsteads, dc., dc., which will be dis-posed of on favorable terms. Apply to L. BERNHARD, mr19-3t Cor. Walnut and Fourth sts.

A/EDSTER'S ARMY AND NAVY

PECKET DICTIONARY. Just received and for sale at

SCHEFFER'S BOOKSTORE

sources put into their hands, they have yet undertaken the immense task of a forced conscription, and a forced banking system, in order to supply the Army and the Treasury.

tumble to pieces, and its authors sink with it. -Albany Argus.

We do not believe they have the adminis-