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The Pittsburg Dispatch, which almost deified old John Brown, and has been engaged for years in counselling and applauding resistance to the Fugitive Slave Law, has made the brilliant discovery that the Patriot and Union is a "traitorous concern," because it advocated compromise and peace before the war was commenced by the attack upon Fort Sumpter. Entertaining idea—very.

WE do not see what cause for boasting the "Confederated army" has in the capture of Fort Sumpter-10,000 men against 80-three or four forts, floating batteries, land fortifications, &c., &c., against one fort! Surely, this tory any eclat.

A. B. Little, Esq.

We take pleasure in calling the special attention of inventors and patentees to the card of the above-named gentleman. One of the editors of this paper has enjoyed for several years the acquaintance of Mr. Little, and can recommend him to the public with confidence.

From his long experience in the Patent Office, his superior intelligence and high integrity, we feel persuaded that those who may entrust Mr. L. with their business will find it carefully and promptly attended to.

THE bombardment and reduction of Fort Sumpter turns out not to have been as bloodless as was at first represented. It is now asserted by the New York Exrpess, that 49 men were killed and 130 wounded in Fort Moultrie. A special dispatch from Washington to the Tribune, makes the following statement:

"There are those in this city who report that they saw at least two boat loads of the killed and wounded brought to one of the Charleston the newspapers on Saturday morning put on its bulletin a list of causualties, and that an officer in the rebel army tore it down, and destroyed it. There are also other reports of private funerals, and of evidence suppressed, and, after making allowance for exaggeration, it seems clear that the whole truth has not been made known.

The Universal Response.

The call of the Government upon the people to maintain the supremacy of the law meets with a general and universal response. The cry that the country is in danger has obliterated past distinctions; and with one accord, animated by a common impulse of patriotism, the people are taking up arms to assert the supremacy and majesty of the form of government under which they live and prosper. We find in the Boston Post a stirring article, which, after referring to the arrogant and precipitate course of South Carolina, and the attack upon Fort Sumpter, that made necessary the President's proclamation, continues in the following strain:

This unsheaths the sword of the law, and there was no other course. But the good citizen will observe that the President is careful to say, that in every event the utmost care will be observed to avoid devastation, not to interfere with or destroy any property, or to disturb peaceful citizens in any part of the country .--This is well put and must meet the approbation of every considerate mind. No people and no State have done more to exasperate than South Carolina: but not even for her peaceful citizens and her towns and cities is to be the devastation of war; if for nothing else, for the sake of old memories, that will come thronging in with every passing event.

At this call of the LAW, this great country, in the armed men springing to the rescue, now presents a spectacle that the world will contemplate with wonder. President Jefferson said in his first inaugural that it was a theoretic and visionary fear, that this republican government, the world's best hope, was not strong enough; or that it could, even by possibility, want energy to preserve itself; and he pronounced it to be the strongest government on the face of the earth. His words are :-- "I believe it the only one where every man, at the call of the law, would fly to the standard of the law, and would meet invasions of the public order as his own personal concern." This is what the people are doing now! The uprising is tremendous; and well would it he for each good citizen, South and North, to feel this invasion of the public order at Fort Sumpter as his own personal concern. In reality it is so. There is left no choice but between a support of the Government and anarchy! The rising shows that this is the feeling. The Proclamation calls for seventy-five thousand men; and from one State alone, Pennsylvania, a hundred thousand are at the President's command at forty-eight hours notice! Nor is this all. Capitalists stand ready to tender millions upon millions of money to sustain the grand Government of the Fathers. Thus the civilized world will see the mighty energy of a free people, supplying in full measure the sinews of war, men and money, out of loyalty to the

supremacy of law. Patriotic citizen! choose you which you will serve, the world's best hope, our noble Republican Government, or that bottomless pit, social anarchy. Adjourn other issues until this selfpreserving issue is settled. Hitherto a good opinion.

Providence has smiled ssional serv. American hat led on the men of the Revolution STRE Loisely the truth to say, that when the GILDEA, D. d heroes labored, they made UNION ER, ndition of their labor. It was fair R, n that destroyed the tea, and that no LAWresisthey felt equal to all things. The they transmitted to their posterity LIST, it wars between White and Red Roses, and Roundheads and Cavaliers, so it may be with the Daughter; that she may see PEACE in her better than ever.

The Border States.

Will the Border States render any assistance to the Government in asserting the supremacy of law? Will they take part with the rebel States? These are momentous questions .--The President has called upon them to furnish their quota of troops. Maryland is loyal. Gov. Hicks will do his whole duty. Virginia has not responded. We hope there may be no mistake in the report that her Convention has defeated the secession ordinance-for, in that event, the greatest sticklers for "States Rights" would be compelled to swallow their own doctrines or stand by the decision of the State. Gov. Letcher was a Union man-but his recent acis look traitorous. Eastern Virginia is ripe for secession, Western Virginia is equally steadfast to the Union. She should beware of inaugurating civil war at home. Kentucky and Tennessee, hitherto deemed reliable, both look shaky. Gov. Magoffin refuses to obey the President's proclamation. In Tennessee it is reported that Gen. Pillow, who distinguished himself during the Mexican war by throwing up an entrenchment on the wrong side of the ditch, has mustered six thousand men to aid the seceders. The Governor of Missouri insois a contest which can yield no honor to the | lently responds to the Secretary of War that assailant. Something like even chances should his requisition "is illegal, inhuman and exist between contending parties to give vic- diabolical, and cannot be complied with." Does Missouri hope, in her exposed position, to maintain an armed resistance to the Government? It would be worse than madness. Her people cannot sustain their Executive .-Their only safety is in adhering to the Gov. ernment, and in contributing aid for the maintenance of its authority.

The position of all the Border States is perilous in the extreme. They cannot afford to be divided. No matter what course their rulers may pursue, these States contain hundreds of thousands of Union men who will not be betrayed into the toils of the disunionists, and who will stand by the Government and the flag of the Union. Resistance to the authorities of the Union, is therefore nothing less than the commencement of civil strife in the midst of the Border States.

FILIBUSTERS IN SONORA .- The Arizona cor-

respondent of the St. Louis Republican writes: We are told that one hundred and fifty men have left the Pino Alto gold mines for a filibustering expedition into Sonora. Surely they expect reinforcements, or they would not make such an attempt with a mere handful of men. We have heard rumors for several months that an organization comprising over one thousand men had been formed in Eastern Arizona for the purpose of filibustering in Sonora as soon as the cold weather was over, but it seemed so improbable that I paid no attention to the story. It is said that the members were sworn to secrecy, and that the organization was a branch of the Knights of the Golden Circle in Texas. The Mesilla Times, last November, published a paragraph headed with the letters "G. G. P. P.," which it interpreted "Grand Gold Prospecting Party," stating that a company numbering over five hundred men had been formed at Pino Alto mines with the design of prospecting for gold in the spring, and it was shrewdly surmised at the time that gold already coined was the kind most likely to invite their search. Whether these suspicions were correct or not. I have no means of knowing. The present movement may be entirely independent of any preconcerted arrangements, but it seems to your correspondent most likely that such a filibustering organization does in fact exist, and that the small force now on their march expect sufficient aid to enable them to triumph. We cannot learn who is at the head of the movement, and it is reported they will march direct for Hermosillo, a place of over ten thousand inhabitants.

PENNSYLVANIA POSTOFFICE APPOINTMENTS. George W. Rex, postmaster at Bigler, Adams county, vice John A. H. Rither, resigned .-Francis Thornton, postmaster at Perrytown, Westmoreland county, vice Alexander Mansfield, resigned. Christopher Goat, postmaster at Weissport, Carbon county, vive Reuben Leh, removed. Charles F. Rockwell, postmaster at Equinnuk, Wayne county, vice Levi. H Calder, removed. William Weaver, postmaster at Indian Orchard, Wayne county, vice Charles Howe, removed. James Waite, postmaster at Hollisterville, Wayne county, vice Alexander Hollister, removed. Abraham H. Metzger, postmaster at Slack Water, Lancaster county, vice Jacob Kaufman, resigned. George H. Saltsman, postmaster at Roxbury, Franklin county, vice E. D. Weaver, resigned. Barnet Sheibley, postmaster at Landisburg. Perry co., vice John Burnett, removed. Charles T. Mc-Laughlin, postmaster at Newville, Cumberland, county, vice John Murphy, removed. Henry H. Potter, postmaster at Middlebury Centre. Tioga county, vice G. W. Herrington. W. Wirt McConnell, postmaster at Honey Brook, Ches ter county, vice D. M. Anderson. Palemon John, postmaster at Bloomsburg, Columbia county, vice Leonard B. Rupert. Washington C. Malin, postmaster at Sharon, Mercer county, vice Abner Applegate. John Wood, postmaster at Satterfield, Mercer county, vice John Wharton. Thomas Jones, postmaster at Worth, Mercer county, vice Wm. Gallagher.

A ROYAL OMEN ON A ROYAL DEATH.—Notes and Queries has the following item under its head of "Curious Coincidences:"

On Wednesday night, or rather Thursday morning, at 3 o'clock, the inhabitants of the metropolis were roused by repeated strokes of the new great bell at Westminster, and many supposed it was a death in the royal family. There might have been twenty slow strokes when it ceased. It proved, however, to be due to some derangement of the clock, for at 4 and 5 o'clock ten or twelve strokes were struck instead of the proper number. On mentioning this in the morning to a friend, who is deep in London antiquities, he observed that there is an opinion in the city that anything the matter with St. Paul's great bell is an omen of ill to the royal family; and he added: "I hope the opinion will not extend to the Westminster This was at 11 o'clock on Friday mornhell. ing. I see this morning that it was not till 1 A. M. the lamented Duchess of Kent was considered in the least danger, and, as you are aware, she expired in less than twenty-four hours. I do not pause to comment on this curious coincidence, but to ask whether any one can give me any further particulars as to this

AN EXECUTION SCENE IN FRANCE.-I Was obliged to keep on the outskirts of the crowd: and never having seen an execution before I could not help being shocked by the levity of these people. Men were hawking about cakes, rolls, and lots of other eatables, which were bought freely, and devoured amidst laughter and jokes, as if they were at a fete. I followed the rear of the procession, and got close tance to British aggression. ad the squa the up to the scaffold. The prisoners were brought patriots felt they were nothing n21-1yda it out in two open carts, and then, for the first time I had an opportunity of seeing what they time, I had an opportunity of seeing what they were like. Neither of them appeared to be more than 36 years of age, and it was impossiwaves over those who are rallying STREET. ble to detect in their faces any signs of ferostandard of the LAW. And God grant in the cough they looked, certainly, the end, as it is with Old Mother Country after | but there was much more of the sheep than of the wolf in their physiognomy. Each held a crucifix in his hand, and each had a priest beside him, who prayed incessantly. Their responses were fervent, and there was an agoborders, and all her children loving each other | nizing earnestness in their tone which was dreadful to hear. As the cortege moved slowly through the throng, there was no longer any of the levity perceptible which had shocked me a few minutes before Everybody-men and women-seemed to sympathize with the criminals, and I noticed lips moving, as if some among the spectators were offering up prayers for their souls. There was a pause when we reached the foot of the scaffold, and the priest recited more and longer prayers. Then one of the criminals ascended the steps, holding the priest by one hand and the crucifix in the other. This was Barrel. He looked slowly along the sea of upturned faces, as if he would like to see somebody he knew. Then he looked up to the bright blue sky for a minute. I could see the tears glitter in his eyes as he brought them down to their former level; and I heard him say distinctly, a his head was being arranged in its place, "Je meurs, mais je suis innocent. Elle m'a tue. Je suis innocent. O mon Dieu! The heavily loaded axe descended like a flash of lightning, and guitty or innocent, a soul was liberated to enter upon the next mysterious stage of existence.—Once a Week.

THE ST. PETERSBURG DANDY.-The St. Petersburg dandy, whether officer or civilian, must have his droshky or his open caleche in summer to take his evening airing among the charming islands of the Neva. His sledge, with its bearskin covering in which, about the middle of the day, he must be seen driving up and down the broad line of the Nevski Per spective, as fast as his showy horse can whisk him, while his coachman, whose body is enveloped in long caftan, or species of dressing gown, of blue or green cloth, reaching down to the feet, and confined at the waist with sash, generally of the favorite red color, and whose head is encased in a velvet four-cornered cap, edged with gold thread, holds the rein with arms stretched out at full length, and with vigorous shouts, and the horrid imprecations peculiar to the language, warns out of the grand eigneur the drivers of the humble sledges which ply for hire, or the still more ignoble pedestrians. For to be seen taking healthy exercise, or even using out of doors those mem bers given to man for movement, except, indeed for a dawdle up and down the Nevski, in prodigious goloshes and a thick coat lined with fur, and topped by a large beaver collar, your sledge following all the time behind you at a foot pace, is considered in this flashy capital, as the ne olus ultra of snobism, and as betraying a despicable ignorance of the comme il faut.

Gas and Maccaroni. - Apropos to the scarcity of gas in London in consequence of the short supply of coal this winter, the London correspondent of the New Orleans Delta tells an amusing story :—A fine old British merchant desiring to marry his daughter into an aristocratic family, invited a number of bachelor lords to dinner to make the young lady's acquaintance. There happened to be present a plebeian youth, whose face had already gained him the lady's love, and by an adroit manœuvre he succeeded in placing himself next her at table. During the dinner, and while some maccaroni au gratin was under discussion, the gas failed and the room was left in total darkness. After some delay candles were brought, and the contretemps became a subject of general amusement. Suddenly the guests made the discovery that between the host's daughter and the youth waved lightly in elegant play one of those fairy like strings peculiar to maccaroni. One end entwined around his moustache, the other attached itself to the young lady's lips. It was convicting, and the merchant at once knew he must relinquish his patrician designs for his child. The dinner was a mournful one. The next day the young lady

YOU ARE A BRICK .- A certain College professor had assembled his class at the commencement of the term, and was reading over the list of names to see that all were present. It chanced that one of the number was nnknown to the professor, having just entered the class. "What is your name, sir?" asked the professor, looking through his spectacles. "You are a brick," was the startling an-

was severely talked to, and a week afterward

the maccaronied moustachies were her hus-

band's.

"Sir." said the professor, half starting out of his chair at the supposed impertinence, but not quite sure that he had understood him correctly; "sir, I did not exactly understand your answer."

"You are a brick," was again the composed

"This is intolerable," said the Professor, his face reddening. "Beware, young man, how you attempt to insult me." "Insult you," said the student, in turn, as-

tonished. "How have I done it?" "Did you not say I was a brick?" returned he Professor, with stifled indignation.

"No, sir; you asked me my name, and I answered your question, U. R. A. Brick-Uriah Reynolds Anderson Brick."

"Ah, indeed!" murmured the Professor. sinking back into his seat in confusion. "It was a misconception on my part. Will you commence the lesson, Mr. ahem! Mr.

Brick ?' SHARP PRACTICE. - A man named Price, from Pennsylvania, recently arrived at Davenport, Iowa, with a patent right for sale. He had some funds with him, and loaned a certain sum to one Dr. Morrow. The latter, however, appropriating rather more than Price was willing he should have, called in the aid of the Sheriff. The latter advised Price to let the matter drop, as, under the circumstances, a prosecution would be of no avail. Price acceded to this, and subsequently sold out his interest in the patent to a man named Goff, who was to have certain amount of the lost money in case he could get hold of it. Goff found Morrow in jail, and, on repairing there, promised Morrow, if the latter would tell him where the money was hid, he would bail him out. To this Morrow agreed, and Goff placed \$100 in his hands. After Goff had left it was ascertained the \$100 was counterfeit; while Goff was searching for the hidden treasure in a box of ashes. It is needless to say that he did not find it. Goff then returned to the jail and obtained his \$100. which probably he would not have done had they been genuine. And thus the matter re-

mains for the present. LIFE INSURANCE AND THE WAR. - Many inquiries have been made by parties interested as to the effect of service in the army or navy upon life insurance. The New England Life insurance company, of Boston, has established a war rate, at two per cent. above the ordinary rates, and has commenced the issuing of policies.

FERTILITY.—It is said that Siberia affords two crops a year—one of moss, and the other

It is stated that a single pound sterling will suffice for the support of a Hindoo peasant for

The Delaware Division canal is now navigable throughout its entire length.

GENERAL NEWS.

THE REAL OLD IRISH GIANT .-- As the workmen employed in sinking a foundation for the enlargements now being made in the parish church of Mullingar, Ireland, were recently pursuing their work at the cast end of the building they discovered, among the other remains of human beings, the perfect skeleton of a man measuring over seven feet in length, and which appeared from the immense size of the skull and other portions—such as the bones of the hands, jaw bones, &c.,-to have equalled in its other dimensions its extraordinary height. Its position was considerably deeper in mother earth than that at which human skeletons are generally found. There was barely sufficiently appearance of a coffin to prove that it had received proper interment, but everything connected with it indicates its having occupied its lonely tenement for several centuries.

HANOVER IN A FIX.—The Court of Hanover s just now placed in a droll predicament. It bargained in the relinquishment of its perquisites out of the State tolls at the entrance of the Elbe, for a consideration in cash, applated to the various merchant navies of Europe, pro rata, and a portion of the last portion of the last millions of thalers was payable by Piedmont (for Genoese trade,) Tuscany for Leghorn, and Naples for the Two Sicilies. The King of Italy now pays for all, but requires in each case a receipt in formal acknowledgement. His Majesty George V. is, therefore, in the dilemma of recognition, on the one hand of the Italian kingdom; or loss on the other, of a round sum much needed by his small ex-

BOLDNESS OF THE NEW YORK RIVER THIEVES. On the day previous to the sailing of the United States steam frigate Powhatan, from New York, some audacious river thieves approached the vessel in a boat, for the purpose of stealing copper from her bottom. Some river and harbor policemen, however, were on the look out for them, and before they commenced operations gave chase. The thieves made all speed for the shore, but were so hotly pursued that they were compelled to abandon their boat, which the police captured and now have at the station house. It was found to contain hatchets and other implements for stripping off the copper, with a pile of stones to throw at the men on board, if they attempted to interfere.

The Chicago papers have taken this way of driving the runaway slaves out of that city.— We copy from the Journal: "We advise every colored fugitive in the city to make tracks for Canada as soon as possible. Don't delay a moment. Don't let the grass grow under your feet. Stand not upon the order of going, but go at once. You are not safe here, and you cannot be safe until you stand on English soil, where you will be free men and free women.-It is folly for you to remain here an instant, for the slaveholders, encouraged by their late success, are making, and will continue to make. the most determined efforts to reclaim fugitives from bondage. Strike for the North Star."

DIFFERENCE OF EYE AS TO APPARENT SIZE .-An excellent illustration as to the mistakes artists sometimes make, in apparent size, is given in an incident which lately occured in Paris. An English artist, who could not speak French, was in a restaurant, and being unable to make the waiter understand that he wanted some mushrooms, drew the best representation he could of that article upon a piece of paper. The waiter, after examining the sketch, with which he was somewhat puzzled, said he would fetch what the gentleman wanted. He left the room, and on his return, instead of producing a mushroom, he handed to the gentleman an

A Poor Woman's Idea of a Poor House .-Not long ago a destitute daughter of Erin walked into a broker's office, and in a very insinuating tone begged for a little aid to support her starving family. "Why my good woman," said the comfortable looking gentleman to whom she addressed her petition, "you ought sands. to take your family and go to the poor house, instead of begging about the street this way. "Sure, yer honor," she replied, "it wouldn't be alsy to go to a poorer house nor my own." The rich man could not answer this clincher with anything less than two shillings, and Norah went out with a smiling face.

POLISH PARTIZAN FIGHT AT THE CARD TARLE. A Warsaw letter narrates another collision in that city a short time since. Some Cossacks and artillerymen began to quarrel over their play. The artillerymen noisily accused the Cossacks of striking and firing at an unarmed crowd, and of breaking the cross. The Cossacks, on the other hand, taunted the artillerymen with rebellion against the Czar. From words they came to blows, and the fight that ensued was so determined and bloody that it is said that there were upwards of 20 killed and wounded. AIR IN A CROWDED ROOM.—The condensed

air of a crowded room gives a deposit, which, if allowed to remain a few days, forms a solid, thick, glutinous mass, having a strong odor of animal matter. If examined by a microscope, it is seen to undergo a remarkable change.-First of all, it is converted into a vegetable growth, and this is followed by the production of multitudes of animalculæ: a decisive proof that it must contain organic matter, otherwise it could not nourish organic beings .- Scientific American.

A FRENCH GIRL PUT ON THE CONSCRIPTION List.—The confusion arising from using Christian names common to both sexes, has recently been illustrated in France. A girl named Marie has been inscribed for twenty years on the conscription register as a male; when summoned lately to draw for the conscription, her mother attended, and although she gave irrefutable proof that Marie was not a man, the municipal officer compelled her to draw; happily she drew a high number, which ended the difficulty.

THE NEW YORK SEVENTH REGIMENT FOR FORT M'HENRY .- The New York Herald of yesterday says: It is rumored that the Seventh Regi ment will be ordered to Fort M'Henry, in the Chesapeake Bay, so as to be near the city of Washington in case they are needed. The members all express a willingness to go South, or wherever they may be ordered. There is no doubt that they are true to the Union to a man.

The Shreveport Gazette learns from persons directly from the prairies of Texas that the wheat crop was never better. A large crop was sown, and the wheat was almost matured on the 30th of March.

The fishermen of Holland have been for many years in the habit of killing their fish immediately after catching them. The fish are said to have a superior flavor by being spared the struggles and agony of dying by exhaustion.

The Indiana papers speak most encouragingly of the growing wheat crop in that State, and express a confidence that the fruit crop will be a most abundant one. Ninety-one vessels entered at the port of New York from foreign ports on Tuesday, the

largest number ever entered in one day. The discovery of oil wells continues in Kanawha, and the adjacent country, in Virginia.

The General Synod of the Lutheran church in the United States assembles at Lancaster, Pa., on the 16th of May. Gen. Rufus King, of Milwaukee, the new

Minister to Rome, has left for the Eternal They put the cigarettes in New Orleans up in wrappers each having a print of the Confede-

rate flag on it.

a bill instituting the death penalty for stealing horses and negroes. Hon. Edward Everett delivered a lecture in Cincinnati a few evenings ago to a large au-

The Legislature of Missouri has just passed

F. J. Lord has been appointed postmaster at Wilmington, N. C.

LATEST BY TELEGRAPH

From Washington.

WASHINGTON, April 18. Capt. Cullom of the corps of engineers has been appointed aid de-camp to Lieut. General Scott, with the rank of Lieutenant Colonel .-The appointment is officially announced to the army, and he is to be obeyed and respected

accordingly.

It is the intention of the War Department to muster companies enough in this District to yield a force approaching three thousand men. The soldiers of the war of 1812 are about adopting a military organization, and offering their services for the defence of the seat of Govrn-

A Government messenger has just arrived from Pensacola. There seems to be no doubt that troops have been landed from the Brooklyn at Fort Sumpter.

Messrs. Carlisle and Dent, delegates to the Virginia convention, arrived here this morning. They are both of strong Union sentiments, and their presence at this critical time occasions much surprise. They say there is no further use for them in the convention, and Mr. Carlisle remarked that he left Richmond a sad man.

Later and Alarming.
WASHINGTON, April 18, 12 P. M.—The War Department has received a dispatch from Harper's Ferry, stating that the Arsenal, with 15,000 stand of arms, has been seized by Virginia troops.

The track of the Baltimore and Ohio railroad on each side of the town has also been torn up. It is added that troops are marching on Washington.

Governor Letcher, of Virginia, telegraphs to the Department to-day refusing to furnish troops, and saying that Virginia will fight back.

Latest from Charleston.

NEW YORK, April 18.
The steamship Baltic, Capt. Fletcher, from Charleston bar, came up to the city and anchored off the battery at one o'clock, this af-

The Baltic had flying from her main must head the flag of Fort Sumpter and at her fore mast head the flag from Moultrie. The Harriet Lane. Capt. Faunce, sailed in company with the Baltic, also the Pawnee, her troops and the Pochahontas for Norfolk.

The Powhattan was not, nor had she been at Charleston.

The Pawnee did not arrive at Charleston intil after the surrender of Fort Sumpter .-During the whole time the fleet remained off the bar the wind blew a gale from the southeast, rendering the fleet useless so far as Sumpter was concerned.

The passengers of the Baltic are as follows: Maj. Robert Anderson, Capt. A. Donbleday, Capt. J. Seymour, First Lieut. J. C. Davis, Second Lieut. N. J. Hall, Capt. J. G. Foster, First Lieut. G. W. Snyder, Second Lieut. R. K. Meade, Jr., Dr. S. W. Crawford, Medical Corps Mrs. Annie E. Davis and attendant, Sergeant Ranchau, Co. H and 83 men, Sergeant Scherbrier, Co. E and 30 men, Jno. Livarer, Sergeant of the corps, wounded in the battle, John Enom, of the artillery, wounded in the battle, Jas. Hay of the Artillery, Geo. Prichard of the artillery, wounded, First Lieut. M. K. Hudson, First Lieut. Robert O. Tyler, Second Lieut. C. . Thorias, and 300 recruits for general service.

Massachusetts Regiments on Their Way to Washington—Enthusiastic Reception at New York and Jersey City.

NEW YORK, April 18. The Massachusetts regiments arrived about sunrise, and marched down Broadway at eight o'clock. One regiment breakfasted at the Astor -another at the St. Nicholas, and the third at the Metropolitan. They marched down Broadway at 11 o'clock,

after breakfasting, and were greeted by cheers and other demonstrations of applause by thou-Flags floated from every house and store .-

All the teams, horses and posts had American flags attached. Nearly every person carried one in his hand.

Tde flag presented by Governor Andrews was cheered the whole length of the route, and 'God bless you" was frequently uttered. Cheers for the old Bay State were demanded, and enthusiastically given at every step.

The regiments marched to Jersey City, where there was also a perfect ovation. ? They embarked at noon and took the train for Washington.

Gov. Letcher Turned a Traitor—Norfolk Custom House Robbed—Revenue Cutter Boarded.

BALTIMORE, April 18. Captain Pearson of the Norfolk steamer, arrived this morning, reports that the main entrance of the harbor has been obstructed by order of Gov. Letcher, by the sinking of small boats. He was compelled to go over the flats in coming out. The object is to prevent the Government vessels from leaving as was or-

The Norfolk Custom House has been broken nto and a quantity of guns stored there seized. The revenue cutter on that station has been boarded and her guns seized.

Harper's Ferry in Danger. Washington, April 18.

It is again reported here, in financial circles, that the Government has advices that Harper's Ferry is in the hands of the Virginia authorities. The report needs verification. Major Anderson's Arrival at New York.

New York, April 18-1.30 P. M. Major Anderson has just landed on the batery, amid the salutes and the loud cheers of the thousands assembled to greet the hero.

DIED.

On Thursday evening, 18th inst., Mrs. MARIA M. LAW RENCE, aged 59 years.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU,

THE GREAT DIURETIC

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU,

THE GREAT DIURETIC. THE GREAT DIURETIC.
HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU,
THE GREAT DIURETIC.
HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU,
THE GREAT DIURETIC.
And a Positive and Spec'fic Remedy for Diseases of the
Bladder, Kidneys, Gravel, Dropsy,
Organic Weakness,
And all Diseases of the Urinery Organs.
See Advertisement in another column. Cut it out, and send for the Medic ne.

send for the Medic ne.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS.

mar29-daw3m Mothers, read this.

Mothers, read this.

The following is an extract from a letter written by a pastor of the Baptist Church to the Journal and Messenger, Cincinnati, Ohio, and speaks volumes in favor of that world-renowned medicine—MRS. Wins Low's Soothing Syrup for Children Teething:

"We see an advertisement in your columns of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. New we never said a word ir favor of a patent medicine before in our life, but we feel compelled to say to your readers, that this is no humble,—we have tried it, and know it to be all it claims. It is, probably, one of the most successful redicines of the day, because it is one of the best. And those of your readers who have babies can't do better than to lay in a supply.

Cristadoro's Hair Dye

THE ONLY DYE. Sworn to be poisonless
THE ONLY DYE. For a living brown
THE ONLY DYE. For a perfect black
THE ONLY DYE. That defies detection DYE..... THE ONLY DYE.....and the ONLY DYE

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