SATURDAY MORNING, MARCH 23, 1861.

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The North Carolina Standard has complete returns of the recent election in that State for and against a Convention; also, of members chosen to a Convention—showing 83 Union to 37 disunion delegates, and a majority of 661 against the assembling of a Convention.'

A select committee of the New York House of Representatives have recommended the expulsion of a member for agreeing to accept a bribe of \$100 for his vote; fifty in hand, and fifty upon the passage of the bill. It is not stated whether the offence consisted in receiving the money, or in depreciating the value of a member, by consenting to sell for so small

A Disappointed Patriot.

It seems that CARL SCHURZ did not travel the country before the election and speak in behalf of Lincoln from entirely disinterested motives. His hopes were fixed all the time upon the Sardinian mission, which he expected the new Administration to give him for the asking. But this was a little bit more than Mr. Seward would consent to; so CARL SCHURZ became sulky, and the N. Y. Tribunc indignant. Finally he was compelled to come down a peg and take the appointment of Minister to Portugal, which is a great deal more than he deserves. The following from the Washington correspondent of the North American discloses some of the reasons for the refusal to appoint Schurz to Sardinia, and also the opinion entertained of his services and deserts by a portion of the Republican party:

Newspapers in the interest of Mr. Carl Schurz seem to think that he had a prescriptive right to the Sardinian mission, and are quite exercised over his failure to obtain what was pressed almost in the nature of a demand. The diplomatic corps have presented reasons against this appointment which could not be overlooked by the President without involving unpleasant complications, and perhaps subjecting the Government to annoyances which ought to be avoided at this time particularly. We exercised the privilege of dismissing Mr. Poussin and Mr. Crampion because they were unacceptable, and Sardinia might possibly have declined to receive Mr. Schurz, had he been appointed, without assigning any better reason. It would have been far more to his credit, when he knew his political exceptions were ma lieved the President promptly, and sought some natural and proper course for any true friend of the Administration.

This whole claim to official recognition by a particular interest is altogether unbecoming, and is not sanctioned by the mass of the respectable and intelligent German population. who acted from principle in supporting Mr. Lincoln, and not with the expectation of reward. There are many others who did quite as good service as he who assumes to be the peculiar and exclusive representative of that interest, and exhibited only disinterested zeal for the cause. It is high time that these distinctive elements in any and every party should be fused and moulded into the great aggregate of political organization, for while "the German vote" and "the Irish vote" are thus separated, prejudice must be excited and unity stroyed. The Secretary of State could not ignore the remonstrances against Mr. Schurz without a culpable neglect of duty, and to arraign him before the public for personal hostility on that account only exhibits a sense of spiteful disappointment, which carries an antidote to the injury intended to be inflicted. It is understood that he was offered the refusal of any of the South American missions, which will doubtless be accepted, as a plaster for his disappointed aspirations.

The Southern Forts. The Southern forts that now remain to be maintained are but few. The forts in Texas, we believe, are now all in possession of the State troops; while those of Louisiana and other seceding States, with a few exceptions, are also in possession of the authorities of those States. Those still remaining in possession of the United States are very important to the Government in a strategic point of view, and equally important to the safety of the Southern Confederacy. They are as follows: Fort Sumpter, Fort Pickens, and the fortresses on the Dry Tortugas and at Key West. The first of these the Government of the United States has resolved to abandon as untenable. Whether this is the true reason or not, remains to be seen. Fort Pickens is a most important fort, in the event of a hostile collision, to both the seceding States and the Government. It is situated on a small island, at the mouth of the harbor or bay of Pensacola, and as completely commands its entrance as does fort Sumpter that of Charleston. The size, equipment and insulated position of the works render them a most formidable defence, and one which it must require immense labor, money and loss of life to capture. It is, however, subject somewhat to the same difficulty as is Fort Sumpter. Fort McRes, which is now in the hands of the secessionists, is still further out seaward, and has pretty effectual and prior command of the harbor. It is asserted, also, that the secessionists are forming additional breastworks and harbor. Should the attempt to control the harbor be successful, and all further reinforcement or provisioning of Fort Pickens be thus cut off, the fall of the fort would only be a matter of time. From present appearances, Lieut. Slemmer, who now commands the fort, will be able to defy any force which is likely to be

The defences of Key West are also well nigh impregnable. They are situated on an island also, off the extreme Southern end of Florida,

sent against him.

which the secessionists do not possess and can | the estate of Mrs. Norris, in the Twenty-first ward, not procure for years to come. The Dry Tor- | fronting on Nineteenth, Twentieth and Lancaster tugas is situated still further out in the gulf on a barren limestone rock, and is beyond all chance of capture. These two latter points, in a large measure, command the commerce of the Gulf of Mexico, and would doubtless be retained by our government, in any and every contingency, as naval depots and military points. They are now garrisoned sufficiently for defence against any force which can be sent against them, and well supplied with provisions and military stores for | States and Union, of the 14th instant. It says: a long siege.

Thus it will appear that, after the abandonment of Fort Sumpter, we shall have but three Southern forts to look after; and that two of these are beyond all chance of danger from the Confederate States. The whole public interest will therefore concentrate on Fort Pickens. What are the intentions of our government in regard to that fortress have not yet transpired; but there are many reasons to believe that an attempt will be made to reinforce it. And even should such an attempt not be made, it is expected that the troops now surrounding it will very soon attempt its capture. Thus, expected or probable collision seems to have been transferred from Charleston, South Carolina, to Pensacola, Florida. Whether any collision at all takes place depends upon Abraham Lincoln. -Chicago Times.

LETTER FROM PHILADELPHIA.

THE NEW ELECTION LAW, AND A DISAPPOINTED CONVENTION-PAYING UP TAXES-THE M. E. CONFERENCE -- SMALL POX, VACCINATION AND OUR BOARD OF HEALTH-THE GERMAN HOSPITAL, &c.

Correspondence of the Patriot and Union.

PHILADELPHIA, March 22, 1861. Well, the bill changing the time of holding our municipal election, in this city, has become a law: and, without controversy, it can be called nothing but an iniquity—an artful scheme on the part of a body of men never elected for such a purpose, to keep in power fellow-partizans beyond the time for which the people chose them to serve. That is the positive and grand aim of the law; explained, however, by its advocates, it was enacted with a view to save thousands of dollars to the tax-payers. But I am persuaded that this idea was merely secondary, and was used as a cloak to conceal the real and ugly design of its advocates. Suppose, as an illustration, that an amendment had been added to the second section of the bill, like this: Provided, moreover, That all officers whose terms of office are extended by the provisions of this act, shall not receive more than 50 per centum of the usual compensation now allowed by law, during the

period of such extension.

And will any one believe that our tax-saving Republican brethren would not have denounced the measure? It looks very much to me as if Mr. Leisenring's sarcastic remark to his colleague, Mr. Ridgway, that "he had no idea the Republican party were so extravagant and corrupt," was entirely opportune. If this bill will save, as the latter gentleman alleges, \$300,000 from misappropriation this year, it certainly exhibits a state of things in his party to justify the declaration that an extension of power to such hands is the height of madness and folly. And right well do the leaders of the party know, that at this time there is a whirlwind of retribution hanging over them which would sweep them entirely from abused power and place; and by this unholy scheme they seek to avoid and delay its coming, and temporize the intensity of the condemnation they so justly deserve. They know that an appeal to the ballot-box in May next, would result in their defeat, "horse, foot and dragoons;" and hence indecent enactother place where he would not be exposed to ments are needed to forestall the will of the peosuch objection. That would have seemed the ple. Have the friends of this measure ever heard "that delays are dangerous?"

About the time this bill become a law the "Constitutional Union City Nominating Convention" was in session, and many aspiring gentlemen were working the wires for the various municipal offices. The coup de etat of the Legislature, however, rendered all their exertions unnecessary. They did the next best thing that they could-i. e., in measured terms denounce the new election law as an

unrighteous and uncalled-for piece of legislation. The receipts on account of taxes for the current year, at the Receiver's office yesterday, footed up

the handsome sum of \$111,898.23, as follows: For City taxes - - - \$99,752.12 "State " - - - 12,146.11

Total - - - - 111.898.23 And if the facilities of the office were such as are

required by this great city the amount would

doubtless have been twice as large. The Philadelphia Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church is now in session in this city.— To look at them as a body, you are irresistibly forced to the conclusion that you are in the presence of superior intelligence and earnest piety.— What a wonderful history could be written of the lives of these holy men of God-what changes, what sorrows, what joys, what conflicts, what triumphs have been developed in the life of each in the Itenerancy. How many friendships they have cultivated, and what a wonderful store of private history becomes implanted in their recollections as they journey from city to city on their mission of peace. Aye! and how many graves do they remember here and there as containing the ashes of those to whom they were warmly endeared by the intimate associations of pastor and flock. The Itenerancy was, in the early history of this Church, a necessity; but I think the time has come when this institution should be so altered as to extend the period of ministerial residence to at least six years. I believe many years will not expire before this essential change in the polity of Methodism is made. A committee has been appointed to report on "the state of the Church," which involves, of course, the delicate subject of slavery. The report of the committee and the discussion thereon will claim marked attention from all classes of citizens, and considerable anxiety is expressed that conciliation and conservatism may rule the hearts of all

There are still cases of small pox. but they are not so numerous as to frighten the people. There is a growing desire among our citizens to "strengthen the hands" of the Board of Health, and to make them at all times of positive use to community. One of their latest suggestions, and I think a very excellent one, sets forth that there should be a compulsory system, under legal enactment, imposing a penalty for disobedience to its provisions, requiring every child born or brought into the city to be vaccinated, and making it an imperative obbatteries to more effectually command the ligation that satisfactory evidence of vaccination shell be given as a prerequisite for admission of children into our public schools. This law, in order to operate effectually, should apply to the entire State.

these good men in the consideration of this ques-

The Board of Managers of the German Hospital, chartered by the Legislature of 1860, have purchased a property in the northern part of the city with buildings erected thereon, admirably adapted to the immediate wants of the Hospital, which will enable them to proceed without delay, and at a little expense in fitting up and preparing the establishment for immediate occupancy. The ground and cannot be attacked without a naval force, and buildings are situated on Penn Brook Farm,

streets, and covers an area of nearly four acres. The property was purchased for \$20,000, and will be taken possession of on the first of April.

More Anon. Hon. Thomas B. Florence.—It is with more than ordinary pleasure that we copy the following truthful tribute to the worth of the late Representative from the First Congressional District of Pennsylvania, from the Washington

Among the members of the just ended Congress who retire from a participation in the proceedings of the House, there is no gentleman who leaves behind him more sincere friends, or more general regret, than the Hon. Thomas B. Florence. For ten years he has represented the most necessitous constituency in America, with a laborious devotion which has defied defeat. Perhaps few men ever sat so long in Congress with such general satisfaction to the people at home, and such good feeling of his fellow members. Always obliging, always courteous, always energetic and industrious, the interest of his poor constituent was as safe in his hands as that of the

most influential. He retires from Congress to devote his time and attention to the National Democratic Quarterly Review, which entered upon its third volume with the last (February) issue. It is one of the ablest literary periodicals in the country; sustained by an universally brilliant sorps of writers. It fitly devotes itself to literature, ssience and art, as much as to politics, and is as welcome by the fireside of an intelligent family as it is useful to the politician and man of letters. In devoting his entire energies to the work, Col. Florence guarantees for it a sure and steady prosperity, which is not less due himself as a man than it is a book.

PENN'A LEGISLATURE.

SENATE.

FRIDAY, March 22, 1861. The Senate was called to order at 10 o'clock by Mr. SMITH, Speaker pro tem. Prayer by Rev. Mr. Cattell.

A large number of petitions and remonstrances were presented, and the different standing committees reported a number of

BILLS IN PLACE.

Mr. NICHOLS, an act to incorporate the hiladelphia warehouse company. Mr. HALL, an act to authorize an examina-

ion of the claim of Jesse Herbert. Mr. CONNELL, a supplement to the act in orporating the city of Philadelphia.

Also, an act relative to the late townships of vberry and Moreland, Philadelphia, Also, an act incorporating the Eureka agricultural association.

Mr. BOUGHTER, a supplement to an act to evive an act to make an artificial road from the Schuylkill to Hummelstown.

Also, an act to fix the place of holding the elections in the Second and Third wards in the city of Harrisburg. Mr. HIESTAND, an act to refund certain

moneys to the Fulton Hall association. Mr. FULLER, an act relating to defaulting banks of this Commonwealth. SUPERINTENDENT PUBLIC PRINTING.

The Governor sent in a message appointing

W. P. J. Painter, of Lycoming county, Superintendent of Public Printing; which appoint-ment was subsequently confirmed, under a suspension of the rules-yeas 27, nays 0. ORIGINAL RESOLUTIONS.

Mr. GREGG offered a resolution that afternoon sessions, on Tuesday and Thursday next, be held for the consideration of private bills: which was agreed to.

Mr. IMBRIE offered a resolution that when the Senate adjourns it adjourn to meet on Monday afternoon; which was agreed to. BILLS ON THIRD READING. An act to revive and continue in force the

law for the graduation of lands on which money is due the Commonwealth. Passed. An act relating to executors and other trustees; which was amended and passed. ON SECOND READING.

A supplement to the several acts relative to the State Lunatic Asylum was passed finally. BILLS CONSIDERED.

Mr. THOMSON called up House bill, authorizing the sale of a certain school house in Montgomery county; which was passed finally. Mr. FINNEY called up an act to provide for the collection of private records and manuscripts to illustrate the early history of the State. Negatived—yeas 10, nays 16.

Mr. KETCHAM called up House bill, entitled "A supplement to the act incorporating the Susquehanna and Lackawanna railroad company;" which was passed.
Mr. CLYMER called up House bill, authori-

zing the conveyance of certain real estate; which was passed finally. Mr. SCHINDEL called up supplement to the

act to encourage the manufacture of iron with coke or mineral coal, and for other purposes; which, after some debate, was passed. Mr. SERRILL called up House bill, entitled

"An act to incorporate the Green Mount cemetery company;" passed finally. Mr. BLOOD, an act to change the place of holding the election in Highland township,

Clarion county; which was passed. Mr. CLYMER, an act for the sale of certain real estate; passed. Mr. LAWRENCE called up an act to extend

the provisions of an act relative to elections to Washington county: which was passed. Mr. YARDLEY supplement to an act relative

to suits brought against railroad and canal companies; which was passed. Mr. KETCHAM, a supplement to the act incorporating the Milford and Owego turnpike

company; which was passed. Mr. MOTT, supplement to the act to improve he navigation of the Lackawaxen. Mr. CONNELL, a supplement to the act

consolidating the city of Philadelphia; which was passed. Mr. BLOOD, an act to change the place of

holding the election in Richland township, Clarion county; passed. Mr. IRISH, an act to remove a certain toll gate from the borough of Lawrenceville; pas-

sed. Adjourned. HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES. FRIDAY, March 22, 1861.

Mr. SHEPPARD, Speaker pro tem., called

the House to order at 10 o'clock. PUBLIC CALENDAR. The House proceeded to the regular order of

the day, being the bills on the public calendar. The following bills were passed: A supplement to an act relating to judicial

An act extending the equity powers of courts to cases of mortgages. After the transaction of some unimportant business, the House adjourned until Monday.

SHOCKING DEATH.—Margaret Harmer, a well known resident of the Twentieth ward, Philadelphia, was found lying at the corner of Ninth street and Lancaster avenue, early on Wednesday morning, so overcome from exposure to the weather as to be unable to help herself. She had walked through a creek in the neighborhood, and the water had frozen on her stockings and dress. For temporary shelter she was removed to a rope walk near by, where she died in a short time. She was alleged to be of intemperate habits, and her death was

attributed to that and the exposure combined. The Charleston Mercury of Tuesday says We take occasion to state again that the New York Tribune has no correspondent in Charleston, and that all letters published in the Tribune purporting to come from Charleston are

GENERAL NEWS.

LATEST FROM JAPAN .- Trade with the United States.—Letters have been received in New York from Mr. Harris, our minister at Yedo, dated as late as the 10th of December. The health of Mr. Harris has been entirely restored, and he was in the active performance of his official luties. He represents the feelings of the government and people of Japan to be in the highest degree favorable to this country. Mr. Harris differs essentially from the opinions of recent letter writers from Japan, in regard to the prospective importance of the American rade. There is reason to believe we may expect large importations of teas and silks from there during the present year. The ambassadors who visited the United States had all resumed their official employments, and were loud and sincere in their acknowledgments for the honor and kindness shown them while in the United

FIENDISH.—We learn from the Salem (Ind.) Times that an inhuman wretch in an adjoining county to Washington deliberately plotted the following, by which he put his wife to death. It seems that to accomplish his hellish work. it was necerrary to employ his own son, a small boy, to assist him. He set his fence on fire, and instructed his little son to perpetrate the deed. After he had set the fence on fire, he sent the little boy to the house after his (the boy's) mother, to come and put the fire out, while he (the father) secreted himself in the woods near by, telling the boy before this, that while his mother was engaged in extinguishing the fire to approach her from behind and set her clothes on fire, which he did, and before she was aware, her clothes were in a blaze, burning them entirely off, and of course burn-ing her to death. The Times does not state

that the inhuman wretch the been arrested.

WAR UPON THE CONTENT ACCOUNTS from the city of Marico to the 28th February, say that the work of demolishing the convents is progressing. Laborers are at work in a number of these establishments, and in a few weeks the long lines of black wall that have disfigured the principal streets of this capital for centuries, will have disappeared, to give place to tradesmen's shops, and private residences. The tendency of these improvements will be to reduce the exorbitant rents now asked for houses in central positions. A scheme for a railroad from Leon to Queretaro has been favorably received, and is likely to meet with governmental support.

EASIER SAID THAN DONE .- A writer in the New York Advertiser wants Fort Sumpter to be blown up when Major Anderson leaves it, as it would prevent South Carolina hereafter from using this fortress, to the injury of the Northern States, by allowing England or France to hold possession of it. It is very easy to say blow up Fort Sumpter, but the idea supposes that the South Carolinians are a little duller than they have proved themselves to be. The same conditions which cause the fort to be abandoned will prevent it from being blown

TOBACCO FOR THE FRENCH GOVERNMENT .-The Richmond (Va.) Dispatch states that Jas. Gray's Sons, merchants of that city, have been awarded the contract for buying tobacco in the Richmond market for the French government The firm named are the sub-agents for parties in New York, who have the whole contract for the United States. The tobacco trade is a monopoly with the French government, to which it yields yearly a revenue of about thirty-five millions of dollars. The profit on the Richmond contract must be in the neighborhood of \$20,000.

Mr. Crittenden gives the following reasons for postponing his visit to Boston in a letter to the Mayor: "I have received letters urging me to return to Kentucky by the 20th of this month, the day on which the Legislature of that State is to meet in extraordinary session, for the purpose of considering the present unhappy state of the country. It seems to me to be my duty to ober his call, and I have decided to do so. I must be by you, therefore, to excuse me to the City Council, and to allow me still further the suppone my visit to Boston."

GROWTH CLLINOIS The Minois State Journal contains he of Labour soft that State, by counties, intrished by the census bureau at Washington. The total is 1711 732 She new

Washington. The total is 1,711,738. She now stands the fourth State in population, coming next to Ohio, and has outstripped in the last decade, seven of her sister States, viz: Massachusetts, Indiana, Virginia, Georgia, North Carolina, Tennessee and Kentucky, each of which exceeded her in population in 1850.

LIBER SUIT.-Dr. R. Shelton McKenzie, of the *Press*, was brought before Alderman Beitler on Wednesday, on a charge of libel. The complainant was Mrs. Gladstane, the leading lady performer at the Walnut Street Theatre. The libel in question consisted of a paragraph in the Press of Monday, which stated that Mrs. Gladstane had been discharged from the Arch Street Theatre. Dr. McKenzie was held to answer in \$600.—Philadelphia Inquirer.

On Tuesday night, as a burthen train was approaching Hackensack bridge, in New Jersey, the draw-bridge was discovered to be open. The discovery was made too late, and the locomotive, cars and engineer were precipitated into the river, in twenty feet of water and mud. The engineer was badly injured.

DISPATCHES FOR ENGLAND .- A special messenger from the British Legation at Washington, sailed in the Cunard steamer from Boston on Wednesday, with dispatches for the British Government, giving a full statement of affairs at Washington, and in the South; also,

copies of the two tariffs. PREPARING FOR SEA .- In Chicago, Milwaukee and nearly all of the ports upon the upper lakes, vessels are preparing to get under way, and it is thought within one week hence, most

of the shipping will be entirely rigged and refitted for service. THE OHIO CANALS.—The question of leasing the public works of Ohio is before the Legislature of that State. The canals have for some

time ceased to be self-sustaining under State control, and the choice appears to be narrowed down to leasing or selling them. THE TROOPS AT WASHINGTON .- It is stated that the troops stationed in Washington city

will not be removed for some time, at least not before the Virginia Convention has determined upon its action. What have they to do with the Virginia Convention? The amount of specie brought to this country

was \$19,320,455. During the same time, about \$5,000,000 of gold was brought from Califor-The Boston Post says that there are more

from Europe, from December 15 to March 16,

sinners now seeking "Abraham's bosom" than have before been on the axious seats for some years! Dr. Williamson, of Assumption parish, La.,

was murdered in Baton Rouge, in that State. on the night of the 13th instant, by unknown parties. Hon. Waldo P. Johnson, the new U. S. Sen-

tor from Missouri, was a member of the Peace Congress, and last fall supported Breckin-Senator Crittenden, of Ky., has declined an

invitation of his Philadelphia friends to visit that city. Capt. Frazer, (of Miss.,) 9th infantry, and 1st

Lieut. O'Bannon, (of S. C.,) 3d infantry, have resigned their commissions. The neach trees in Western New York are reported to be very seriously injured by the

late cold weather. Up to this day no less than 10,000 applications for postmasterships have been filed in the

Postoffice Department. Out of 51 carpenters employed at the Philadelphia navy yard, there were 37 discharged on Monday.

It is stated that \$10,000,000 are annually gambled away on fare in New York.

TAKING A WIFE ON TRIAL .- A queer suit has been decided in favor of the plaintiff at Chicago. A well-to-do man went to an intelligence office, saying that he wanted a wife, and would like to try her at first as a servant. He paid \$3 down, and agreed to pay seven more if he married the girl. He soon married, and then refused the \$7 owing; hence the suit, which

was most justly cast. ROUTE AGENTS APPOINTED. - William H. Elder, of Md., on the Washington and Philadelphia railroad. Jonathan Newcomer, on the Baltimore and Ohio railroad. -Baar, of Woodstock, Shenandoah county, Va., has been appointed a route agent on the Mannssas Gap railroad, in the place of Thomas Pritcharts,

removed—(salary \$600.) TURNIP JUICE WINE, -A witness in a case before the Court of Sessions at New York last week, disclosed the fact that the wine which had been sold by him while in the employ of the defendant, was made of what was called "turnip juice." This was "made to sparkle by gas from vitriol and marble dust, and then labelled champagne." No wonder that intemperate persons so often die prematurely.

Lord Campbell said be himself heard a judge at Stafford thus sentence a prisoner to death for forgery: "And I trust, through the merits and meditation of our blessed Redeemer, you may experience that mercy in another world which a due regard to the credit of the paper currency of the country forbids you to hope

In the town of Concord, Mass., according to the recent census returns, there are annually manufactured 100,000 pales, and 75,000 tubs, worth \$94,000; 2.000 grosses of pencils, worth \$4,000; 2,000 packs of gold leaf, worth \$14,-

The Emperor of the French has a tributed ten thousand francs towards a pure which the Academy of Sciences propagation. Academy of Sciences proposes offering for the best essay on the question of the "Reproduction of bone when broken or crushed by accident." George F. Meeser, an active politician and merchant of Philadelphia, is dead.

Henry Longenecker, Sr., an old citizen of Lancaster, Pa., died suddenly on Wednesday. The people of Fredericksburg, Va., have voted to establish free schools.

LATEST BY TELEGRAPH

LATER FROM EUROPE.

NEW YORK, March 22. The steamship Arago, from Havre and Southampton has arrived with Liverpool dates to the

The steamship City of Baltimore, from New York, arrived at Queenstown on the 5th inst. The steamer Europa had sailed for Queenstown to take the cargo of the crippled steamer Australasian to New York.

It is rumored that the emancipation of the serfs in Russia will take place during Lent. Affairs at Warsaw were tranquil.

The Holland Ministry have resigned. Austria has requested Denmank to delay the resentation of the budget before the Holstein Chambers. England, France and Prussia have also demanded delay by Denmark.

Count Cavour has brought to the notice of

the Italian Parliament the necessity for settling the Roman question.

The demand for discount in London has increased. Consols classed at 915@913 for money and $92\frac{1}{2}@92\frac{3}{8}$ for accounts. The ship Conquest, from Mobile for Liverpool, went ashore in Carnarvon Bay, and is

probably a total wreck. The ship Ocean Guide, from Newport for Galveston, was abandoned at sea on February 14th. The crew were saved.

In the House of Commons, on the 4th, Mr. Hermessy charged Lord John Russell with deliberately concealing important dispatches relating to trade with Tuscany and Naples, and reproached him for having committed a breach of the international law. Mr. Layard said the course of the Government was in accordance with the sentiments of the mass of the English people. Sir S. Bowger said the policy of the Foreign office would lead to war.

The London Times says the new tarriff bill of the United States establishes protective duties, on the most extravagant scale, and the result will be the almost absolute prohibition of imports from Europe, and be more detrimental to the interests of America than Europe.

In the House of Commons on Tuesday, a motion for the re-appointment of a select Committee to inquire into naval affairs was carried by five majority over the Government.
FRANCE.—M. Persigny has authorized the

establishment of two daily papers in Paris.
In the French Senate M. Boissy made an attack on the alliance with England, but his remarks were received with dissatisfaction. In the French manufacturing districts busi-

ness was very dull. At Paris flour had advanned.

Austria. - Austria has sanctioned the reestablishment of the electoral law in Croatia. ITALY.—The bombardment of Intella commenced on the 20th. General Fergala notified General Cialdina that the works commenced against the citadel were in violation of the convention between him and Garibaldi, and he would bombard the city. Cialdina responded that for every man killed he would order an officer of the garrison of the citadel to be shot, and that he considered Fergala a rebel.

king place at Rome. Holland.—The King has prorogued the Chambers, consequent on the resignation of the Ministry.

Popular demonstrations are continually ta-

POLAND. - Warsaw presents a gloomy appearance, everybody wearing mourning. The citizens committee of safety had issued a proclamation requesting the maintenance of order.-Over a hundred thousand persons attended the funeral of those killed during the late disturbance. Thd troops were kept within the barracks, and everybody was orderly. A petition is being signed for the re-establishment of the Polish Constitution.

Russia.—It is said that the emancipation of the serfs will be formally proclaimed during the lent season. The Czar will soon project a new constitution for Russia. LONDON MONEY MARKET.-At London the

rates of discount ranged from 5 to 6 per cent. Illinois Railroad shares had declined to 271@27 per cent. discount.

Texas. GALVESTON, March 21.

The State Convention has passed an ordinance leclaring vacant the Gubernatorial chair and that of the Secretary of State, on account of the refusal of those at present holding them to appear before the Convention as did the other State officers, upon due notification, to take the oath of allegiance to the Confederate States Government.

Lieut. Gov. Clark is to assume the functions of Governor at once, and the Secretary of State is called on to hand over the great seal of office and his official records.

The Legislature met on the 18th. Gov. Houston's course of action has not yet transpired.

Schooner Burned-Great Snow Storm. Boston. March 22. The schooner Sarah Ann, of Rock Island, has been destroyed by fire. The captain and one of the crew were drowned.

directions. U. S. Senator. CLEVELAND, March 22.

The storm continues. One foot of snow has

fallen and railroad travel is interrupted in all

Hon. John Sherman was nominated at Co-

The State Convention to-day ratified the

permanent constitution, by a vote of 101 yeas

lumbus, last night, by the Republican caucus. for U. S. Senator, on the seventy-ninth ballot. Louisiana Convention. NEW ORLEANS, March 22.

New Advertisements.

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No. 18 Market Street, Harrisburg.

DROCLAMATION.—Whereas the

PROCLAMATION.—Whereas, the Honorable John J. Pearson, President of the Court of Common Pleas in the Twelfth Judicial District, consisting of the counties of Lebanon and Dauphin, and the Hon. A. O. Hiester and Hon. Felix Nissley, Associate Judges in Dauphin county, having issued their precept, bearing date the 16th day of February, 1861, to me directed, for holding a Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery and Quarter Sessions of the Peace at Harrisburg, for the county of Dauphin, and to commence on the 4th Monday of April next, being the 22d day of April, 1861, and to continue two weeks.

Notice is therefore hereby given to the Coroner, Justices of the Peace, Aldermen, and Constables of the said county of Dauphin, that they be then and there in their proper persons, at 10 o'clock in the forencon of said day, with their records, inquisitions, examinations, and their own remembrances, inquisitions, exa DROCLAMATION .- Whereas, the

SHERIFF'S OFFICE,
Harrisburg, March 15, 1861.

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"What, therefore, God has joined together let not man

put asunder."

"Whosoever shall put away his wife and marry another committeth adultery. And if a woman shall put away her husband and marry again she committeth adultery."

Legislators and others, the above is the edict of the Eupreme Lawgiver, from which there is do appeal.—
"What, therefore, God has joined together let no man jun12 dtf

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