Books, Stationery, &c.

CCHOOL BOOKS.—School Directors, Teachers, Parents, Scholars, and others, in want of school Books, School Stationery, &c., will find a complete assortment at R. M. POLLOCK & SON'S BOOK STORE, Market Square, Harrisburg, comprising in part the follow-

BEADERS.—McGuffey's, Parker's, Cobb's, Angell's gPELLING BOOKS.—McGuffey's, Cobb's, Webster's, 8PELLING BOOKS.—Mctruffey's, Cobb's, Webster's, 10wn's, Bestly's, Combry's, ENGLISH GRAMMARS.—Bullion's, Smith's, Wood bridge's, Monteith, 5, Tuthill's, Hart's, Wells'.
HISTORIES.—Grimshaw's, Davenport's, Frost's, Wilson's, Willard's, Goodrich's, Pinnock's, Goldsmith's and

Glark's.
ARITHMETIC'S.—Greenleaf's, Stoddard's, Emerson's,
ARITHMETIC'S.—Greenleaf's, Stoddard's, Davie's,
Pike's, Rose's, Colburn's, Smith and Duke's, Davie's.
ALGEBRAS.—Greenleaf's, Davie's, Day's, Ray's, Bridge's.
DICTIONARYS.—Walker's School, Cobb's, Walker,
Worcester's Comprehensive, Worcester's Primary, Webgter's Primary, Webster's High School, Webster's Quarto,

Academic.

NATURAL PHILOSOPHIES.—Comstock's, Parker's,
NATURAL PHILOSOPHIES.—Comstock's, Parker's,
Swift's. The above with a great variety of others can at
any time be found at my store. Also, a complete assortment of School Stationery, embracing in the whole a complete outlit for school purposes. Any book not in the store.

Procured at one days notice.

If Country Merchanta supplied at wholesale rates.

ALMANACS.—John Baer and Son's Almanac for sale ai

B. M. POLLOCK & SON'S BOOK STORE, Harrisburg.

My Wholesale and Retail.

UST RECEIVED

SCHEFFER'S BOOKSTORE, ADAMANTINE SLATES

AT

OF VARIOUS SIZES AND PRICES,

Which, for beauty and use, cannot be excelled. REMEMBER THE PLACE,

SCHEFFER'S BOOKSTORE,

NO. 18 MARKET STREET. B 0 0 K 8 ! $\mathbf{E} \mathbf{W}$

JUSTRECEIVED

"SEAL AND SAY," by the author of "Wide, Wide
World," "Dollars and Cents," &c.
"HISTORY OF METHODISM," by A. Stevens, LL.D.
For sale at SCHEFFERS' BOOKSTORE,
No. 18 Marke st. UST RECEIVED,

A LARGE AND SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF RICHLY GILT AND ORNAMENTAL WINDOW CURTAINS
PAPER BLINDS,
Of various Designs and Colors, for 8 cents,

TISSUE PAPER AND CUT FLY PAPER, t [my24] SCHEFFER'S BOOKSTORE. WALL PAPER! WALL PAPER!!

Just received, our Spring Stock of WALL PAPER, BORDERS, FIRE SCREENS, &c., &c. It is the largest and best selected assortment in the city, ranging in price from six (6) cents up to one dollar and a quarter (\$1.25.)

As we purchase very low for cash, we are prepared to sell at as low rates, if not lower, than can be had elsewhere. If purchasers will call and examine, we feel confident that we can please them in respect to price and quality.

EM POLLOCK & SON, and quality.

Below Jones, House, Market Square.

ETTER, CAP, NOTE PAPERS, Pens, Holders, Pencils, Envelopes, Scaling Wax, of the best quality, at low prices, direct from the manu-SCHEFFER'S CHEAP BOOKSTORE

AW BOOKS! LAW BOOKS!!—A Reports and Standard Elementary Works, with many of the old English Reports, scarce and rare, together with a large assortment of second-hand Law Books, at very low prices, at the one price Bookstore of

E. M. POLLOCK & SON,

my8

Market Square, Harrisburg.

Miscellaneous.

ANARRIVAL OF

NEW GOODS

APPROPRIATE TO THE SEASON! SILK LINEN PAPER FANS!!! ANOTHER AND SPLENDID LOT OF

SPLICED FISHING RODS! Trout Flies, Gut and Hair Snoods, Grass Lines, Silk and Hair Plaited Lines, and a general assortment of FISHING TACKLE! A GREAT VARIETY OF

WALKING CANES! Which we will sell as cheap as the cheapest! Silver Head Loaded Sword Hickory Fancy Canes! Canes! Canes! Canes! Canes! KELLEB'S DRUG AND FANCY STORE, NO. 91 MARKET STREET, South side, one door east of Fourth street je9

UT COAL!!! IPONLY \$1,75 PER TON!!! TREVERTON NUT COAL for sale at \$1.75 per ton, elivered by Patent Weigh Carts.
PINEGROVE COAL, just received by cars, for sale by feb21
JAMES M. WHEELER.

GARDEN SEEDS!!!—A FRESH AND COMPLETE assortment, just received and for sale by WM. DOCK, JR., & CO.

TUST RECEIVED-A large Stock of

SCOTCH ALES, BROWN STOUT and LONDON PORTER. For sale at the lowest rates by JOHN H. ZIEGLER, ianll 73 Market street. janll FISH!! FISH!!!

MACKEREL, (Nos. 1, 2 and 3.) SALMON, (very superior.) SHAD, (Mess and very fine.)
HERRING, (extra large.)

COD FISH.

SMOKED HERRING, (extra Digby.)

SCOTCH HERRING.

SARDINES AND ANCHOVIES.

Of the above we have Mackerel in whole, half, quarter and eighth bbis. Herring in whole and half bbis.

The entire lot new—DIRECT FROM THE FISHERIES, and will sell them at the lowest market rates.

WM. BOCK, JR., & CO.

DUC DE MONTEBELLO,
HEIDSIECK & CO.,
CHARLES HEIDSIECK,
GIESLER & CO.,
ANCHOR—SILLERY MOUSSEUX,
SPARKLING MUSCATEL,
MUMM & CO.'S,
YERZENAY,
CABINET,

JOHN H. ZIEGLER, 73 Market street.

HICKORY WOOD!!—A SUPERIOR LOT just received, and for sale in quantities to suit purchasers, by JAMES M. WHEELER.
Also, OAK AND PINE constantly on hand at the lowest prices.

FAMILY BIBLES, from 18 to \$10, strong and bandsomely bound, printed on good paper, T strong and handsomely bound, printed on good paper, with elegant clear new type, sold at meh31 SCHEFFER'S Cheap Book time.

CRANBERRIES!!!—A SPLENDID LOT octio

FOR a superior and cheap TABLE or KELLER'S DRUG STORE. THE Fruit Growers' Handbook-by

WARING—wholesale and retail at scherren's Bookstore. SPERM CANDLES.—A large supply just received by war nook. Jr., & CO.

WM. DOOK, Jr., & CO.

Vatriot Union.



HARRISBURG, PA., THURSDAY, MARCH 7, 1861. VOL. 3.

TAKE NOTICE!

Miscellaneous. Lines of Travel.

DENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

WINTER TIME TABLE

FIVE TBAINS DAILY TO & FROM PHILADELPHIA

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, NOVEMBER 26th, 1860, The Passenger Trains of the Pennsylvania Railroad Com pany will depart from and arrive at Harrisburg and

Philadelphia as follows : EASTWARD. THROUGH EXPRESS TRAIN leaves Harrisburg & .40 a. m., and arrives at West Philadelphia at 6.50 a. m

FAST LINE leaves Harrisburg at 12.55 p. m., and arrives at West Philadelphia at 5.00 p. m. MAIL TRAIN leaves Harrisburg at 5.15 p. m., and arives at West Philadelphia at 10.20 p. m. These Trains make close connection at Philadelphia

with the New York Lines. ACCOMMODATION TRAIN, No. 1, leaves Harrisburg at 7.30 a. m., runs via Mount Joy, and arrives at West Philadelphia at 12.30 p. m. HARRISBURG ACCOMMODATION leaves Harris

burg at 1.15 p. m., and arrives at West Philadelphia a ACCOMMODATION TRAIN, No. 2, leaves Harrisburg at 5.25 p. m., runs via Mount Joy, connecting at Diller.

WESTWARD. THROUGH EXPRESS TRAIN leaves Philadelphia 10.50 p. m., and arrives at Harrisburg at 3.10 a. m. MAIL TRAIN leaves Philadelphia at 8.00 a. m., an arrives at Harrisburg at 1.20 p. m.

ville with MAIL TRAIN East for Philadelphia.

LOCAL MAIL TRAIN leaves Harrisburg for Pittsbur FAST LINE leaves Philadelphia at 12.00 noon, and ar rives at Harrisburg at 4.10 p. m. HABRISBURG ACCOMMODATION TRAIN leaves

Philadelphia at 2.00 p. m., and arrives at Harrisburg at ACCOMMODATION TRAIN leaves Philadelphia 00 p. m., and arrives at Harrisburg at 9.45 p. m. Attention is called to the fact, that passengers leaving

Philadelphia at 4 p. m. connect at Lancaster with MOUNT JOY ACCOMMODATION TRAIN, and arrive Harrisburg at 9.45 p. m. SAMUEL D. YOUNG,

Supt. East. Div. Penn'a Railroad. NEW AIR LINE ROUTE

NEW YORK.

Shortest in Distance and Quickest in Time BETWEEN THE TWO CITIES OF NEW YORK AND HARRISBURG,

READING, ALLENTOWN AND EASTON MORNING EXPRESS, West, leaves New York at 6 a. m., arriving at Harrisburg at 1 p. m., only 6% hours between the two cities. MAIL LINE leaves New York at 12.00 noon, and ar

rives at Harrisburg at 8.15 p. m. MORNING MAIL LINE, East, leaves Harrisburg 3.00 a. m., arriving at New York at 5.20 p. m. AFTERNOON EXPRESS LINE, East, leaves Harris-

burg at 1.15 p. m., arriving at New York at 9.45 p. m. Connections are made at Harrisburg at 1.00 p. m. with the Passenger Trains in each direction on the Pennsylva nia, Cumberland Valley and Northern Central Railroads All Trains connect at Reading with Trains for Potts. ville and Philadelphia, and at Allentown for Mauch

No change of Passenger Cars or Baggage between New York and Harrisburg, by the 6.00 a. m. Line from New York or the 1.15 p. m. from Harrisburg. For beauty of scenery and speed, comfort and accom

nodation, this Route presents superior inducements to the traveling public.

Fare between New York and Harrisburg, Five Dollars For Tickets and other information apply to J. J. CLYDE, General Agent, Harrisburg.

DHILADELPHIA READING RAILROAD

WINTER ARRANGEMENT. ON AND AFTER DEC. 12, 1860, TWO PASSENGER TRAINS LEAVE HARRISBURG

DAILY, (Sundays excepted,) at 8.00 A. M., and 1.15 P. M., for Philadelphia, arriving there at 1.25 P. M., and 6.15 RETURNING, LEAVE PHILADELPHIA at 8.00 A.M.

and 3.30 P. M., arriving at Harrisburg at 1 P. M. and 8.10 P. M. FARES:-To Philadelphia, No. 1 Cars, \$3.25; No. 2,

(in same train) \$2.75. FARES: -- To Reading, \$1.60 and \$1.80. At Reading, connect with trains for Pottsville, Minersville, Tamaqua, Catawissa, &c.

FOUR TRAINS LEAVE READING FOR PHILADEL-PHIA DAILY, at 6 A. M., 10.45 A. M., 12.80 noon and 3.43 P. M. LEAVE PHILADELPHIA FOR READING at 8 A.

M., 1.00 P. M., 3.30 P. M., and 5.00 P. M. FARES:-Reading to Philadelphia, \$1.75 and \$1.45. THE MORNING TRAIN FROM HARRISBURG CON-NECTS AT READING with up train for Wilkesbarre Pittston and Scranton.

For through tickets and other information apply to J. J. CLYDE, General Agent.

DHILADELPHIA READING RAILROAD.

REDUCTION OF PASSENGER FARES,

REDUCTION OF PASSENGER FARES,
ON AND AFTER MONDAY, APRIL 2, 1860
COMMUTATION TICKETS,
With 28 Coupons, will be issued between any points
desired, good for the holder and any member of his
family, in any Passenger train, and at any time—at 2b
per cent. below the regular fares.
Parties having occasion to use the Road frequently on
business or pleasure, will find the above arrangement
convenient and ecroomical; as Four Passenger trains
run daily each wer between Reading and Philadelphia,
and Two Train 'c'' between Reading, Pottsville and
Harrisburg. Or Susaays, only one morning train Down,
and one afterre's train Up, runs between Pottsville and
Philadelphir and no Passenger train on the Lebanos
Valley Bred's Bailroad.
For the above Tickets, or any information relating
therete apply to 8. Bradford, Esq., Treasurer, Philadelphia, * the respective Ticket Agents on the line, or to
G. A. NICOLLS, General Sup't.

March 27, 1860.—mar28-dtf

March 27, 1860 .- mar28-dtf

MORTHERN CENTRAL RAILWAY.

NOTICE. CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.

SPRING ARRANGEMENT ON AND AFTER FRIDAY, MARCH 1sr, 1861. the Cassenger Trains of the Northern Central Railway will eave Harrisburg as follows: GOING SOUTH.

GOING NORTH

The only Train leaving Harrisburg on Sunday will be the ACCOMMODATION TRAIN South, at 3.00 a.m. For further information apply at the office, in Penn sylvania Railroad Depot. JOHN W. HALL, Agent. sylvania Railroad Depot. J. Harrisburg, March 1st-dtf.

A PPLE WHISKY!—PURE JERSEY AP.

A PLE!—In store and for sale by

JOHN H. ZIEGLER,

73 Market street.

PRIED BEEF—An extra lot of DRIED BEEF just received by WM. DOCK, JR., & CO. DURLINGTON HERRING! K ELLER'S DRUG STORE is the place | B Just received by WM. DOCK, JR., & CO.

That we have recently added to our already full stock
OFSEGARS

LA NORMATIS,
HARI KARI,
EL MONO,
LA BANANA. OF PERFUMERY

FOR THE HANDKERCHIEF: TURKISH ESSENCE, ODOR OF MUSK, LUBIN'S ESSENCE BOUQUET.

FOR THE HAIR:
EAU LUSTRALE,
CRYSTALIZED POMATUM,
MYRTLE AND VIOLET POMATUM.
FOR THE COMPLEXION:
TALC OF VENICE,
ROSE LEAF POWDER,
NEW MOWN HAY POWDER,
BLANC DE PERLES.

OF SOAPS

BARIN'S FINEST
MOSS ROSE,
BENZOIN,
UPPER TEN,
VIOLET,
NEW MOWN HAY,
JOCKEY CLUB,
Having the largest stock and best assortment of Toilet
Articles, we fancy that we are better able than our competitors to get up a complete Toilet Set at any price desired. Call and see.
Always on hand, a FRESH Stock of DRUGS, MEDIOINES, CHEMICALS, &c., consequent of our receiving almost daily additions thereto.
KELLER'S DRUG AND FANCY STORE,
91 Market Street, two doors East of Fourth Street,
sep6 South side.

ACKSON & CO.'S

SHOE STORE, NO. 90% MARKET STREET, HARRISBURG, PA.. Where they intend to devote their entire time to the

BOOTS AND SHOES Of all kinds and varieties, in the neatest and most fashionable styles, and at satisfactory prices. Their stock will consist, in part, of Gentlemen's Fine

Calf and Patent Leather Boots and Shoes, latest styles; Ladies' and Misses' Gaiters, and other Shoes in great variety; and in fact everything connected with the CUSTOMER WORK will be particularly attended to, and in all cases will satisfaction be warranted. Lasts

fitted up by one of the best makers in the country. The long practical experience of the undersigned, and their thorough knowledge of the business will, they trust, be sufficient guarantee to the public that they will do them justice, and furnish them an article tha will recommend itself for utility, cheapness and dura-JACKSON & CO.

A FULL ASSORTMENT OF **HUMPHREY'S HOMEOPATHIC SPECIFICS** TO WHICH WE INVITE THE

UST RECEIVED!

ATTENTION OF THE AFFLICTED! For sale at

SCHEFFER'S BOOKSTORE. No. 18 Market st, OFFER TO

CUSTOMERS A New Lot of LADIES' PURSES,

Of Beautiful Styles, substantially made GENTLEMEN'S WALLETS. A New and Elegant Perfume, KNIGHTS TEMPLARS' BOQUET.

Put up in Cut Glass Engraved Bottles. A Complete Assortment of HANDKERCHIEF PERFUMES, Of the best Manufacture.

A very Handsome Variety of POWDER PUFF BOXES. KELLER'S DRUG STORE 91 Market street.

R E M O V A L. JOHN W. GLOVER, MERCHANT TAILOR.

60 MARKET STREET. naces are not going half the time, and much Where he will be pleased to see all his friend .

oct8-dtf ANDLES!!

PARAFFIN CANDLES,
SPERM CANDLES,
STEARINE CANDLES,
ADAMANTINE CANDLES,
CHEMICAL SPERM CANDLES,
STAR (SUPERIOR) CANDLES,
TALLOW CANDLES.
A large invoice of the above in store, and for sale at

unusually low rates, by WM. DOCK, JR., & CO., Opposite the Court House GUN AND BLASTING POWDER.

JAMESM. WHEELER, HARRISBURG, PA.,
AGENT FOR ALL
POWDER AND FUSE

MANUFABTURED BY
I. E. DUPONT DE NEMOURS & CO.,
WILMINGTON, DELAWARE.

117 A large supply always on hand. For sace at manufacturer's prices. Magazine two miles below town.
117 Orders received at Warehouse. no17 CCOTCH WHISKY .- One Puncheon

of PURE SCOTCH WHISKY just received and for sale by JOHN H. ZIEGLER, jan2 73 Market street. EMPTY BOTTLES!!!—Of all sizes

and descriptions, for sale low by dec6 WM. DOCK, Jr., & CO. ATCH & CO.,

SHIP AGENTS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS

138 WALNUT STREET, PHILADELPHIA, DEALERS IN FLOUR, GRAIN, PRODUCE, COTTON, WINES AND LIQUORS, TOBACCO AND CIGARS.

nov6-d6m DYOTTVILLE GLASS WORKS. PHILADELPHIA,

MANUFACTURE CARBOYS, DEMIJOHNS, WINE, PORTER, MINERAL WATER, PICKLE AND PRESERVE BOTTLES

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION. H. B. & G. W. BENNERS, 27 South Front steret, Philadelphia. oc19-dly $\mathbf{C} \quad \mathbf{O} \quad \mathbf{S} \quad \mathbf{T} \quad \mathbf{I} \quad \mathbf{I} \quad \mathbf{I}$ ${f T}$

BOTTLED WINES, BRANDIES, AND LIQUORS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION! Together with a complete assortment, (wholesale and retail,) embracing everything in the line, will be sold at cost, without reserve. WM. DOCK, JR., & CO.

HAVANA CIGARS.—A Fine Assortment, comprising Figaro, Zalagozona, La Suiza, Bird, Fire Fly, Etelvina, La Beriuto, Capitolio of all sizes and qualities, in quarter, one-firth and one-tenth boxes, just received, and for sale low by

JOHN H. ZIEGLER,

jan31. jan31.

KELLER'S DRUG STORE is the place to buy Domestic Medicines

The Patriot & Union.

THURSDAY MORNING, MARCH 7, 1861.

THE NATIONAL CRISIS.

DISTRESS IN GREAT BRITAIN—HOW THE AMERICAN CRISIS IS AFFECTING TRADE AND MANUFACTURES—PAUPERISM AND STARVATION. "A Southerner in Europe" writes to the Memphis Appeal from London, under date of Janu-

ary 24, as follows: England is in a deplorable condition. Her working population are nearly all in a state of starvation—scarcely earning enough to sustain life. There are over 250,000 fed by the almshouses in London alone. This great distress is attributed to two causes—the troubles in the United States and the severe winter. The reports from the manufacturing districts may give some faint idea of "freedom," of "white slavery" in "free," enlightened and aristocratic England. In no country on the face of the earth can there be found such heart-rending

distress. Holland, with her soil inundated to the extent of two hundred square miles—sweeping away twenty-two villages, and destroying cattle, grain and everything owned by its inhabitants—is not half as bad off as the "labor machines" of England. A few extracts from the reports of the leading cities will suffice, and prove the assertion, and serve as a comparison between the condition of the Southern States and those who traduce her and her institutions, who can afford no better words than "villians," "slayers," "murderers," "manstealers," "revilers of all law, religion, justice and humanity:"

Birmingham .- Trade is completely paralyzed. The American trade is entirely suspended,-The employers can only work their hands three or four days in the week, and the majority only work two days. The prospect for next week is still worse. Business of all kinds is depressed—indeed there has not been so much distress for years.

Bradford .- No improvement this week. The stoppage of American trade has a particularly adverse influence this week. The goods manufactured for the United States have been thrown upon the market here. Spinners are stopping some of their machinery, and the reduction of time has been a weighty blow to the working classes, and 2,661 are now fed by the Bradford Union alone.

Halifax .- The aspect of both American and foreign affairs is not of an assuring character, nor is the money market in such a state as to give buoyancy to commercial transactions.— There is a very large number of hands out of work: times are bad.

Leeds .- A good deal of caution is manifested here, owing to "the signs of the times." We have rarely worked full time. All orders for America have been suspended or countermand-Manchester .- Times as usual; cotton is advancing, and the fabric must rise; market dull;

domestic exceedingly slow of sale. In no de-

partment of the market is there any tendency to speculation in anticipation of events likely to arise in the United States. Newcastle-upon-Tyne .- Trade dull. The private advices from our best customers (Amer-can) are not favorable. Orders to continue swarm of adventurers and unscrupulous poliyate advices from our best customers (Amershipments of iron and other merchandise to the Southern States, have been received this week by some firms in the iron trade. The disturbed state of America and the Continent is

acting very prejudicially. There is considerable suffering among the working classes. Norwich .- The depression in the shoe trade has created great distress. A town meeting was called, and £4,000 collected for the sufferers. Over 28,000-one-third of the population—applied for assistance. Nottingham.—Business is more dull than it

has been for many years past. Machinery is at a stand, and the lacemakers are suffering to a fearful extent, and great distress among working people generally. Wolverhampton .- Advices from America are unfavorable, and some houses have stopped which were confined to that trade. Our fur-

distress exists among our working classes.

Sheffield.—Trade is depressed. Advices from America this week are gloomy, and bring more countermands instead of orders. Nearly all the branches of trade are on half time. pauperism of this town is within a fraction of

50 per cent. in excess of last year.

Coventry.—Upward of 60,000 are supported by public subscription here and in the adjoining districts. Belfast.—Upwards of 100,000 spindles have stopped, and many of the mills are on half time. There is not much real distress, the poor

being provided for. The troubles in America may prove serious; they are our great customers, and all orders have been countermanded. A rector of London sends a report to the Times that it required \$300,000 per week to support the people on charity, and that at this season of the year it required \$600,000 per week. The average amounts to \$15,000,000 per annum for London. Comment is unneces sary. These are facts published to the world, and we believe the distress is much worse than

represented. Let missionaries, Abolitionists, "supply associations," anti-slavery societies, Exeter and Fancuil Hall fanatics, read this chapter.

The number of deaths last week in London amounted to 1,926, exceeding the estimate by 4 deaths from starvation; bronchitis, 471; phthisis, 183; pulmonary complaints, 702, Births for the week, 939 boys and 920 girls. in all, 1,859 children. The estimated number, 1,693. The population of London is put down at 3,000,000.

The number of deaths last week in London exceeded the largest mortality of any week in 1849, (the worst time of cholers,) by over 250. The Poor-rates of England is \$45,000,000. Add to this the almshouses and other institutions of charity, with Scotland and Ireland, and you have a sum equal to the expenditure of the United States, about \$70,000,000 annu-

England is pauperized, having, on an average, 1,500,000, equal to 20 per cent. of the population. The paupers of London are put down at 250,000, besides those in private institu-Downtrodden Ireland is not as bad as either England or Scotland. A considerable excite-

ment exists in Dublin, owing to the large export of potatoes to England, and the price had advanced to 8d. per stone, about \$150 per 100 pounds. The potato crop of England, Scotland, France and Belgium has been very bad, and that of

Ireland and Germany very good. England requires 8,000,000 quintals of wheat, or an equivalent, to feed her until the new crop. At an average price this will cost her \$110, 000,000. She is on the verge of a commercial crisis. Yet "outsiders" do not seem to see nor

HOW IT CAME ABOUT.

judgment of many Northern men has been cor- from the recent inundations.

rupted, the conscience perverted, and the popular mind poisoned by deep-rooted prejudice toward our fellow citizens of the South:

NO. 158.

There can be no doubt that a systematic scheme has been on foot in certain quarters, for several years past, to alienate by every possible means both parts of the country from each other. Multitudes, who have been unconscious of the objects and agencies of this fingitious plan, have been insensibly inveigled into its direct or indirect support. Journals, lecture-rooms, and other places claiming even a more sacred mission, have been made to contribute to the same fatal purpose. A lecture, in recent days, before a miscellaneous audience would hardly have been reckoned acceptable without some sly innuendo or jeering allusion to certain of our distant fellow-citizens, and to their usages and supposed peculiarities of life and disposition. Literature, which ought to be universal, has been made the special minister to local passions and prejudices, even more demoralizing to ourselves, than uncharitable and offensive to others. To a very marked degree, both the school book and the hymn book-the elementary implement of common education, and perhaps the most emotional vehicle of religious feeling—have been used to impress the idea upon youthful and undiscriminating minds, that multitudes of our countrymen were wilfully persisting in an unpalliating wrong towards another race—that those persons were guilty of a mortal offence in the sight of God and man, who maintained institutions recognized, under the clear necessities of the case, by the great charter of our liberties, and fully entitled to, as it had solemnly received, the

bedient sanction of national legislation.

The sense of moral accountability, through

out one half the country, and its equal constitutional immunities, were both thus impugned Many there are, I know, who deny all hostility to the South, of those who most stiffly and ceaselessly heap upon it the bitterest vituperation. Hostility to the South! Why it is by no means confined to that quarter alone; but is wreaked upon those at the North, too, who are denounced as the friends of the South, because they are the friends and supporters of the Constitution. To such lengths has this sectional sentiment been carried into practical operation among ourselves, that it has produced even here the most intolerant, if not almost intolerable, political and social distinctions .-Those whose opinions did not accord with the prevalent idea, have been sometimes practically ostracised by large bodies of our citizens.-They have been maligned and insulted, depreciated, and sometimes even threatened with summary retribution. They have appeared at times to have nothing to depend upon, but their reliance upon their own integrity, and the good name, which somehow seems to stand by every man who deserves it, under whatever infliction of calumnies. And sometimes it has happened, that those who were at all conspicuous for the preservation of their own reason. and for their efforts to stem the tide of fiery zeal for an object totally impracticable upon its face and in its nature, have found themselves with a sort of mark set upon them, so that even their professed friends feel a little hesitation about too familiar intercourse with them. It has never been in many quarters, and especially in political circles, more than half-way sincere —which is one reason, perhaps, why this pran-cing hobby-horse of the time has been ridden ticians. So far from being the entire sentiment of the community, it may be said to have been rather, in a great degree, their unconscious action—but quite enough so to control society in many important relations, by the factious eagerness and activity of its busiest agents.-It has had prevalence, at any rate, and influence enough, often to put ability and character aside, and to raise those without ability or with-

out character, and perhaps without both, to

places of distinction and trust. In a word,

under the sunlight and the shadow of these

noblest of all Republican institutions, while the

good man of the house has been asleep, the enemy has been sowing tares. In the meantime, it may well be doubted, whether one man of a hundred in New England ever read the Constitution of his country .-And did time permit me. I might proceed to trace many of the demoralizing influences of the times to other works, so extensively read by large classes of men and women-works often equally mischievous and shallow, taking away strength from the mind, instead of rendering support and nourishment to its better faculties, and too frequently the vehicles of pernicious error, and ill enough fitted to make men and women what they ought to be in this country, or any other-and, oh, how different from the nobler classics of our mother literature, perused by those who read at all, at the firesides of our fathers, and which were in general as choice in merit, as they were select ind few in number. I do not care to pursue this topic further; but such unquestionably has been the more recent education of the North, through those and many other channels, by no means difficult to trace. I am sure that such, and similar causes, have been the occasion of a vast deal of misapprehension between the South and the North, and without them no such serious controversy could have arisen, and no such present or future consequences could be at hand. In the eagerness and absorption of our business pursuits, and, as the flickering flame of our patriotism was fast going down-this, out of the ordinary range of many of us and quite apart from ourselves, has been the active, and, therefore, the external working sentiment of our community. It did not truly represent the inner mind of our people; but by its energy it led multitudes into political and social errors, who gave it only a cursory thought, and who apprehended from it no danger and no evil. The state of sentiment it has produced is unnatural and unwholesome, but at the same time superficial, and could not long last. The end of it is, as might have been expected, the civil convulsion around us, and, unless we are equal to the emergency, all that can be meant by the ruin of the country. In any event, the fatal senti-ment, which is the root of bitterness, is sure to die out. I only earnestly pray it may not be already too late.

SAD AFFAIR-WEST CHESTER, Pa., March 3. Marshall Bailey, a young man of good family, shot himself yesterday morning, at his mill, in Elk Dale village, New London township, Chester county, Pa. Whether or not he intended to commit the act is not known. His friends generally think it was an accident-that the pistol exploded while he was loading it. The ball entered his right eye, passing through the top of his head, and lodged in the ceiling. No one was present at the time; but his apprentice entered the mill soon after hearing the report of the pistol, saw him lying on his face, and gave the alarm, when neighbors soon came, but the wounded man never spoke afterwards, and soon died. He was about twenty-eight years old, very prepossessing in his manners, and had been married but two months.

In the following passage from a lecture de-livered a few days ago by Hon. Geo. Lunt, of The Dutch journals announce that the Pope Boston, the process is shown by which the is being raised for the relief of the sufferers

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GENERAL NEWS.

FLAX COTTON. - Much interest is expressed in the modes recently discovered of making flax into a substance closely resembling cotton. By the Ceausen process the flax fibres are chemically separated—and by the Lyman plan they are separated by being fired once or twice from a steam cannon, the explosive force being about two hundred pounds to the square inch. A new mode has just been tried at the mills of Sampson & Tappan, at Roxbury, Mass., and samples give much satisfaction, as showing that the product will be well adapted for mixing with wool, for making fine thread, and for other purposes. By this last mode the flax is passed through rollers of an inch diameter, and the principal difficulty seems to be the limited amount of work that can be done by such small rollers. Mr. Lyman is about to make arrangements for securing a sufficient supply of flax from Illinois and other portions of the great West, to keep his steam guns busy.

NOTICE OF AN "OLD CALIFORNIAN."—It seems ays the British Colonist, of Victoria, V. I., that John Butts is in the habit of collecting as many Indians as he can in a little cottage where he lives, near the congregational church. He then leads off with a prayer, followed by singing a hymn. John then makes a short and feeling address; follows it with another hymn, a collection is taken up, and the congregation dismissed with a benediction. After the services dancing, singing and drinking whisky are the order of the evening—Butts acting as barkeeper with as much grace as he a few moments before officiated as clergyman. It is quite an ingenious plan, and the inventor is, no doubt, making "good thing" by administering spiritual com-

fort to his flock in two totally different ways. PEDIGREE IN AMERICA .- Dr. Curtis, in his last State Registration report, speaks of a marked neglect of the American people as follows: "More attention is given in this country to the pedigree of animals than of human beings, and many persons can tell the exact genealogy of a favorite horse for several generations, who do not know the maiden names of their own grandmothers, nor would it be possible for them to ascertain the facts from any legal records. It would probably be impossible for a large portion of the middle aged men and women in the United States to prove that their own parents were ever married, and that they have any legitimate right to the name they

bear." TRADE AND COMMERCE OF CHARLESTON.-We rejoice to see our streets again becoming alive with trade and commerce. From the large number of boxes which line the sidewalks in front of our wholesale stores, it is evident that a large business has already opened. The spring trade is opening with a fresh damand, and we learn that supplies by heavy importations have arrived in greater quantities than usual at such periods. Our wharves are also assuming a crowded appearance. Cotton is coming in fast, and meets with a good fair demand. Vessels are also in demand for loading cotton ready to be shipped. The draymen are busy, and are likely to reap a rich harvest.

-Courier, March 2. Balmoral skirtgare now largely manufactured in the United States. It is said that so large an order as for 10,000 has lately been given by a New York dealer to Lawrence manufacturers. The Commercial Bulletin says: "In regard to Pontoosuc Mills, Pittsfield, we hear they are producing at the rate of 175 'Balmorals' daily, and have introduced as a leading color in them, the new and splendid red known as 'Mosquetta,' and made from coal tar, which has for months been used by the Washington Mills. These American Balmorals are, both in fineness of texture and beauty and variety of colors, quite up to the very best of imported arti-

cles." Overcrowded Dwellings in New York .--From the report of Mr. Haltiday to the Sanitary Association we glean these illustrative figures: New York in 1856 contained 585,027 inhabitants in nineteen of its wards, divided into 112,833 families. For the accommodation of these there were 36,088 dwellings, averaging about three families to a dwelling. It was also found that while 24,465 of these dwellings sheltered but 36,213 families, the remaining 13,623 houses have to cover 76,620 families an average of nearly six families to each house.

ARKANSAS ELECTION .- The Des Arc Constitutional Union (anti-secession) of the 22d ult., concedes that the assembling of a convention has received the sanction of the people, and that the election of secesston members to the convention has been accomplished. The Union says: "The time for Arkansas to take a bold front has arrived. Longer delay is dangerous, for the 4th of March will soon be at hand, when the people of Arkansas, by remaining in, will be compelled to bear arms against their

brethren." Foreign Oil Propuction .- The importation of foreign coal oil, under the new tariff, will be almost impossible. This fact is of interest to numbers of Pennsylvanians who have recently invested in the oil business. The provisions of the new tariff impose a duty "on Kerosine oils, and all other coal oils of ten cents per gallon." Foreign producers, under these circumstances, will have to look elsewhere than to the United States for a market.

NEW WAY TO PUT OUT FIRES.—They have a novel way of saving a house on fire in Richmond, Missouri, when there is snow on the ground. One evening last week a house was discovered to be in flames. One hundred and fifty men were soon gathered about, and whilst some were removing the furniture, the others kept up a steady "fire" on the premises with snowballs, thus saving the building. A number of professional gentlemen, in and

Department to publish the report of the Board Engineers, that convened at Buffalo to test the intrinsic value of steam expansion. It is thought that the decision of the Board will be controverted by some engineers not in the navy. RESCUE OF A FUGITIVE SLAVE. - John Polhemus, a fugitive slave belonging to Mr. Jameson, of Louisburg, Va., was rescued from the Deputy

U. S. Marshal, in New York, on Saturday, by

outside the service, have petitioned the Navy

a mob of negroes and whites, just as he was about to be placed on board the steamer Yorktown for Richmond. Under the more liberal policy of Louis Napoleon in relation to the press and the freedom of debate in the Corps Legislatif, there is a sudden demand for short-hand writers to report

the debates, and strange to say, the supply falls far short of the demand. The Paris Court of Cassation has declared that the fete of the Immaculate Conception is not a legal one, not being conformable to law or the existing concordat.

Forty-three army officers have resigned since the passage of the South Carolina ordinance of secession, several of them without reference to that subject. Extensive preparations are to be made in

England for a grand tri-centennial celebration in honor of Shakspeare, to take place in 1864. The Poet was born April 23d, 1864.

Hon. James M. Hughes, formerly a member of Congress from Missouri, died last week. No taxes are now paid in Hungary, in con-sequence of the political troubles.