called, and were ayes 9, noes 69; so the motion was not agreed to.

The resolution as amended, then came up, and it was agreed to by a vote of 66 ayes to

16 noes. On motion of Mr. DUFFIELD, the act authorizing a stay of execution for one year, was placed upon the Public Calander for to-morrow.

BILLS PASSED. A supplement to an act to incorporate the Greensburg gas and water company. An Act refunding certain moneys to the Dau-

phin and Susquehana coal company. Joint resolutions paying the clerks in the contested election case of Philadelphia. An Act relative to elections in Allegheny

county. An Act changing the place of holding elections in Perkiomen township, Montgomery county. An Act relative to elections in Chester

county. An Act relative to prothonotaries in Westmoreland and other counties.

An Act act authorizing the trustees of the Second Baptist church of Philadelphia to borrow money.

BILLS IN PLACE.

Mr. MARSHALL, an act relative to the place of elections in Pine township, Allegheny county; also, an act to incorporate the People's passenger railway company of Pittsburg. Mr. HECK, an act authorizing the Governor

to commission an auctioneer in Harrisburg. Mr. CLARK, an act supplementary to the act incorporating the Harrisburg Free ceme-

tery company.

Mr. BLAIR, joint resolutions relative to aid to the poor of Kansas. The House refused to proceed to their consideration. Mr. PUGHE, an act authorizing the erection

of a poor house in Luzerne county. Mr. HILL, an act changing the place of holding elections in Perkiomen townsnip,

Montgomery county.
Mr. RIDGWAY, an act to incorporate the Northeast market company of Philadelphia. Mr. ABBOTT, a supplement to the act in-corporating the city of Philade phia. Mr. KOCH, an act relative to a State road

in Schuylkill county. Mr. BYRNE, an act relating to the borough of Scranton. Adjourned.

AFTERNOON SESSION. The House met at 3 o'clock.

... PUBLIC CALANDER, A supplement to the common school law relative to the county superintendents was de-bated at length, and finally postponed until next Thursday. An act relative to exchange brokers and

bankers, was negatived. An act concerning turnpike and plank road companies, was negatived.

An act furnishing arms to the volunteer companies of the State, was postponed. An act relating to executions, was negatived. An act regulating the compensation of asso-

ciate judges, was negatived. Adjourned.

The Patriot & Union.

FRIDAY MORNING, FEB. 15, 1861.

Q. BARRETT & THOMAS C. MACDOWELL, Publishers and Proprietors.

Communications will not be published in the PATRICT AND UNION unless accompanied with the name of the anthor.

S. M. PETTENGILL & CO.,
Advertising Agents, 119 Nassau street, New York, and
10 State street, Boston, are the Agents for the Patrior
AND Union, and the most influential and largest circulating newspapers in the United States and Canadas
They are authorized to contract for us at our lowest rates

FOR SALE.

A second-hand Adams Press, platen 39% by 26 inches, in good order; can be worked either by hand or steam power. Terms moderate Inquire at this office.

To Members of the Legislature. THE DAILY PATRIOT AND UNION will be furnished to Members of the Legislature during the session at the low price of ONE DOLLAR.

Members wishing extra copies of the Daily Patriot AND UNION, can procure them by leaving their orders at the publication office, Third street, or with our re-

porters in either House, the evening previous. Democratic County Convention.

At a meeting of the Democratic County Committee, held at the Morgan House, February 6, 1861, in pursuance of a call of the Chairman,

Resolved. That the Chairman of the County Committee be authorized to call a County Convention, to assemble at Harrisburg on the 18th inst, for the purpose of selecting six additional delegates to act in conjunction with those elected by the late Democratic County Convention, to represent Dauphin county in the Demoeratic State Convention called to meet at Harrisburg on the 21st inst.

In pursuance of the above resolution, I hereby notify the Democratic citizens of Dauphin county to meet in their respective wards and townships on the 16th inst., at the usual time and place, and select delegates to the County Convention, to be held at Harrisburg on the 18th inst. WM. D. BOAS, Chairman.

WM. D. EARNEST, Sec'y.

THE STATE CONVENTION.

CLARION COUNTY .- The following named persons have been chosen by the Democracy of Clarion county to represent them in the State Convention:

R. Laughlin, C. L. Lamberton, William M. Abrams and William Divins.

LANCASTER COUNTY .- The Democratic Convention, of Lancaster county, assembled on Wednesday, the 13th inst., for the purpose of electing delegates to the State Convention which meets in Harrisburg on the 21st inst.-The following named persons were chosen:

R. R. Tshudy, James Duffy, George G. Brush, Isaac Walker, Hon. Isaac E. Hiester, Dr. E. Haldeman, Thomas Welsh, James Patterson, Gen. George M. Steinman, H. M. North, Henry Shaffner, George M. Kline, Samuel H. Reynolds, Dr. A. S. Bare, Rev. Dr. John W. Nevin, Hon. George Sanderson, Joseph S. Keener, Dr. Isaac Winters.

The Convention unanimously adopted the following resolutions:

Resolved. That a restoration of good feeling between the citizens of our common country-North and South-should be, and we believe is, the paramount feeling in every patriotic heart, no matter how they may have been divided in political sentiment. To that great object, now that the country is in imminent danger, should be sacrificed all sectional prejudice and the spirit of partizanship which has heretofore diwided the people. Therefore,

Resolved, That the Democracy of Lancaster county, speaking, as they do, the sentiments of a large majority of the people of our county and State, earnestly commend to the attention of Congress the excellent propositions of the venerable and distinguished Senator from Kentucky, Mr. Crittenden, believing that their adoption, or those of the border States, or any other of a similar character, would greatly conduce to the restoration of peace and harmony, North and South-arrest the progress of secession, and once more and forever unite all the States in one common bond of love.

Resolved. That the Democracy of Lancaster county are true and devoted friends of the Union, alike opposed to Abolitionism and sec-

being meted out to the South and the North, | dent, who is actually en route for the federal Capiand opposed to any resort to force for the maintenance of the Union, except in the protection of its property and the collection of its reve-

Resolved, That we are in favor of the repeal of all personal liberty bills, and every other be something radically wrong with either Mr. Linlegislative enactment which is obnoxious to the South, and in conflict with the Constitution of the United States on the subject of fugitive Blaves.

Somerset County .- The Democratic Convention of Somerset county has elected the following named persons delegates to the State Convention:

Daniel Weyand, William J. Baer, John D. Roddy, Alexander. H. Coffroth.

WESTMORELAND COUNTY.—The Democrats of Westmoreland county assembled in convention on Monday last, and elected the following delegates to the State Convention:

Hon. Henry D. Foster, Hon. Jacob Turney, General W. A. Stokes, Major Joseph Jack, John Hargnett, Esq., and John F. M'Collough, Esq., with power to substitute.

LUZERNE COUNTY .- The following is the delegation selected by the Democrats of Luzerne county to represent them in the State Convention:

H. B. Wright, David R. Randall, Gen. E. W. Sturdevant, Steuben Jenkins, A. N. Meylert, George W. Search, Thomas Irwin, Michael Philbin, Gen. William S. Ross, A. C. Dunning, M. Hannum and Maj. S. H. Puterbaugh.

The following, among other resolutions, were

Resolved, That we are in favor of the compromise presented by Mr. Crittenden and approved of by the border slave States, and that we believe the masses of the people in the county of Luzerne, irrespective of party, are in favor of the said compromise, and if the people could but have the opportunity of voting on this or a like proposition, that they would endorse it by a most decided majority.

Resolved, That we advise and urge upon the lelegates, this day appointed to represent the county of Luzerne in the approaching State Convention, to urge the adoption of measures of compromise, and such as will give peace to the country and restore quiet in the land.

NORTHAMPTON COUNTY.—The Democratic Convention of Northampton county assembled at Easton, on the 11th inst., and passed the following among other resolutions:

Resolved, That we regard the dissolution of this Union as eminently disastrous to all our interests, civil, political and religious, and that have assumed dominion over him, and mark out it is the duty of all good men and true patriots to make an effort to prevent the total disruption of our Government, by conciliation and concession; and, therefore, in the spirit of compromise, we request our rulers to adopt the resolutions proposed by the patriotic Senator rom Kentucky, and known as the Crittenden plan of compromise, together with the proposition of Senator Bigler, or any other feasible and honorable plan to restore peace to our country and forever sett'e the vexed question, which, for so many years, has distracted us as a people and finally brought us to the verge of revolution.

Resolved, That James T. Borhek, Richard N. Merrill, Dr. William Wilson, Samuel Wetherill, Capt. Joseph Laubac', Richard Brodhead, Thomas W. Lynn, Martin Frey and D. H. Neiman be the Delegates to represent this Senatorial and Representative District in the Democratic State Convention to a semble at Harrisburg on the 21st instant. And that the Delegates elect shall have power to substitute in case of their inability to attend.

LETTER FROM WASHINGTON.

Correspondence of the Patriot and Union

WASHINGTON, February 14, 1861. The stirring events of the past few days have impetus to the aspect of political fairs in this city. The formation of a Southern Confederacy, the election of Jefferson Davis as President, and Alexander H. Stevens as Vice President, of the new Republic, are events full of interest and significance. In those two men are concentrated as many of the excellencies of human nature as are to be found in the persons of any other two gentlemen on this continent. It would seem from the present aspect of affairs South, that the secession movement is not to be mere child's play; but that the people of the South are in downright earnest in all they do. There is one circumstance, however, that deserves notice; and that is, that South Carolina has acted wisely, by referring the question as to whether Fort Sumpter shall be garrisoned by troops of the United States, or those under the immediate command of the military of the Republic of South Carolina. In other words, South Carolina has deferred the threatened attack upon Fort Sumpter, and given the whole subject in charge of the Convention or Congress of the South-

This is well, because it will keep off the dreaded collision of arms a little longer. Meantime the Peace Congress is moving along in the work of a peaceful settlement of all our difficulties, and hopes this week a plan of settlement, that will be satisfactory to all parties. But we must not forget that, contemporaneously with the proceedings of the Peace Congress, we find gentlemen in the Senate of the United States who are unwilling to have any settlement of our pending difficulties, and talk as flippantly about those difficulties as if they were the legitimate offspring of the most ordinary occurrence in the life of a nation. Some of these Republican wiseacres and Northern fanatics are rampant for war, and talk about the shedding of human blood with all the nonchalance of Bowery butcher boys, about an engine house. The other day the Hon. Preston King, of New York, made a few remarks on the proposition to appropriate money for the building of seven new sloops-of-war, on which occasion the Senator from New York was exceeding wroth against the seceders, and gave them and the country to understand that he was for coercion and war, and he wished it distinctly understood by the whole country. He denounced secession as treason, and the secessionists as traitors, and many other vile names "too numerous to

mention." Well, this may be all very well; men may talk about coercion on the floor of the Senate as much as they please, but so long as the people of the North occupy the position of hostility to the South that has characterized the North for the past twenty-five years, and so long as the Northern people refuse the South equal protection for all their institutions, slavery included, this thing called coercion is just simply an absurdity. Nay, more—an utter impossibility. There is a terrible army of men in the North who love justice too well to permit it to be denied to any portion of our fellow-citizens, and who will teach these coercionists,

have yet to learn. The President elect, if he is correctly reported, in the speech attributed to him, a telegraphic synopsis of which we have in the papers of this morning, seems to labor under the same fatal hallucination about the Southern troubles-because, in that speech, we are told by Mr. Lincoln that a few homoepathic pills will be sufficient to cure the whole cisease, which he seems to regard as the Sandwich Islands, via San Francisco. The obmere out-cropping of the inordinate passion of ject of his mission, it is understood, was to free-loveism. From this most extraordinary speech, United States consulates at Valparaiso, Callao tionalism on the one hand, and secession on the are to-day denouncing as a vile forgery, which He has similar duties to discharge at Honolulu

tol, to be inaugurated as the Chief Magistrate of this nation, we learn that he does not look upon the troubles in the country of much more moment than the most ordinary occurrence. There must coln's head or heart, or both together, if he looks upon the present position of our national affairs as of no more moment than his Indianapolis speech

would seem to indicate. I am of the opinion, however, that when he gets to this city he will discover that he has estimated the question much too lightly, and that it is of proportions more stupendous than he has conceived, and that it will require the utmost efforts of the wise and enlightened statesman, and not the empty bravado of the third-rate country lawyer, to save this country from a state of anarchy and blood that is well nigh upon us, and from which the country must escape, or all is lost to us and to posterity.

If Mr. Lincoln made the speech attributed to him at Indianapolis, he has added no honor to his name by it; but, on the contrary, has given the most painful proof of a state of mind anything but calculated to bring peace, tranquility or confidence

to the country. To-day, at the hour appointed by the Constitution and the law, the two houses met in convention in the hall of the House, and counted the votes for President and Vice President of the United States . and thus Messrs. Lincoln and Hamlin are constitu tionally elected President and Vice President of the United States for the coming four years from the 4th of March proximo. Now that the ceremony so much desired by the Republican party, and about which they seemed to fear that some calamity might befall them to prevent its consummation, which, by the way, had no foundation anywhere, except in the disturbed imaginations of the timid ones of the Republican party, Mr. Lincoln could well afford to speak out a word for his country, if he possesses that lofty patriotism that should characterize the man who is about to assume the helm

of state for four years to come. It is my fixed belief, from all I can learn from those who profess to know Mr. Lincoln well, that if he was left to himself, he would speak out in the not permit him to speak out the honest sentiments of his soul. But "the scales will soon fall from his eyes" after he gets to this city, and then he will discard those political "Jeremy Diddlers" who for himself a path of duty and a line of policy that will not comport with the ultra doctrines of his party. When that time comes, as come it must, there will be a terrible scatterment among the fancy Republicans, and the old man will then begin to see that he has been duped.

FRIGHTENED AWAY BY GHOSTS .- The Crown Point (Ind.) Register, is responsible for the following-the last ghost story:

A little south of Crown Point-probably about two miles—stands a house that is to some a wonder. The house of itself is nothing more than a building say 18 by 24 feet, and a story and a half high. Not many months since, a mother and daughter who occupied the house were taken sick and in a few days died. There was nothing peculiar about their death, as any one observed. They were buried, and the house left vacant. Soon after a family moved in, and since then it has been occupied most of all the time until within a few weeks, when it was found impossible for a family to reside there. For weeks they have seen manifestations of a supernatural presence. Besides the moving of all movable articles, the tinkling of glasses and the rattle of tin ware, there were frequent and startling sounds, as of whispered conversation, singing, subdued laughter-all nitations of the have been seen at all hours of the night. An old lady, clad in her grave clothes, has been seen to come from the adjoining forest, where the wind swept in tremendous gusts, rattling the icy branches of the trees. She invariably walks around the house and sings the doleful tune, until she is joined by a young female, when the two unite in a plaintive song. Usually light footsteps are soon heard in the house, and at times the ghostly visitors are seen promenading the kitchen and other rooms of the house until a late hour in the night, and in some instances have not left until daylight. The family became so alarmed and troubled at these manifestations that they picked up their duds and left the premises. We understand that no earthly consideration could induce them to re-

NEW ENGLAND FOR THE UNION AND COMPRO-MISE.—New England is not wholly besotted. She is not bound bodily to the car of Abolitionism. She will not give up her commerce, her manufactories, her warehouses, her ships, her railways, her colleges and schools, all her improvements and enterprises, upon a mere silly abstraction. There is plenty of good plain common sense up here among the mountains, and along this rock-bound coast. It is but too true that we are unfortunately, at are entertained that this latter body will report | this moment, badly represented in Congress. Our best men are not in that body. But that is an evil soon, very soon, if we are not grossly deceived, to be cured.

It is a libel, a gross and foul libel, upon us, to say we are not in favor of a compromiseany compromise which any reasonable man offers to ward off the present impending ruin. If Mr. Sumner dare to submit the question directly to a vote of the people-not to the candidates for office under Mr. Lincoln, but to the people, the farmers and mechanics and merchants of these New England States—our word for it, he will never again tell the Presieent that we are not in favor of compromise to save this glorious Union and the Constitution, under which we have lived so prosperously for threequarters of a century, and under which, but for the folly of just such minds as his, we might have continued to live and prosper for years to come.—Boston Courier.

Teo Good to BE Lost .- Governor Andrews, of Massachusetts, is in hot water about his military order intended to menace the South. Among many letters of remonstrance from patriotic military men in the State, is one from Capiain Charles H. Manning, of the Salem Ar-

tillery. He says: They, the Salem Light Artillery, are now filled with astonishment at the alacrity with which Massachusetts offers her services in the work of war against her brethren. That she, who, swept on by political rancor, proposed to shut up her arsenals and her store-houses, and bury every military ensign in the dusty seclusion of descrited armories, while a foreign foe was sweeping our seas, destroying our towns, and devastating our fields-that should now rush to arms against those of her fellow-citizens who ask for a position equal with her own under the Confederation, is as strange and unnatural per se, a lesson when the time comes that they as that national madness which vents itself in the horrors of civil strife. That she who denounced and defied the Union, while it was in now be eager to fight for its preservation, is somewhat significant.

U. S. SPECIAL COMMISSIONER. - Dr. H. Willis Baxley, U. S. special commissioner, arrived at Panama on the 2d inst., en route to the other; and in favor of equal and exact justice | shows their appreciation of it,) of the new Presi | and other ports of the Hawaiian Island.

GENERAL NEWS.

A SKATING ACHIEVEMENT.—The Rochester (N. Y.) Democrat puts on record one of the skating feats of the season. On Tuesday last Mr. James Jones, of that city, a gentleman who had passed his sixtieth year, skated from that city to Holley, for the purpose of paying a visit to his son-in-law, Prof. D. W. Allis. On the next day he returned to Rochestor on skates as he went, having in company his grandson, Chester Dewey Allis, a little fellow only 12 years of age. The distance is 25 miles, and the travelers skated it in two hours and nineteen minutes! The avarage rate of speed was a little less than a mile in five minutes.

FALLING OFF IN FIGHTING MEN .- It is a singular fact that the war departments of England, France and the United States experienced a similar and unusual falling off in the recruiting business in the first month of the new year. In London, although the Times says that at least fifty thousand adult laborers are idle, a sufficient number of candidates to supply the current wants of the line do not apply; in France the conscription has just been rendered more exacting, because of the falling off in volunteers; and with us, while thousands in our midst have no employment, applicants for enlistment are fewer than they have been for

An Immense Kettle.—There has just been completed at the establishment of Joseph Oat & Son, Quarry street, one of the largest copper kettles ever made in this city. It is intended for a sugar refinery in Baltimore, to which place it will be shipped in a few days. The kettle, or pan, weighs about five tons, and is of sufficient capacity to boil 27,000 pounds of sugar at one boiling. It is calculated that 81,000 pounds of sugar can be boiled in it during one day. Notwithstanding the immense size of the kettle, the workmanship upon it is as perfect as that upon an ordinary tea kettle. The cost of this affair will be about \$6,000.— Philadelphia Ledger.

OPPOSED TO WAR.—The Paris correspondent of the Times says a number of senators and deputies have arrived in Paris from the departments, and it appears from their conversation that their constituents are all anxious that peace may be maintained. The French population in the departments are unanimous in their expression that the Emperor has done quite enough for Italy, and that France can language of conciliation. But he is unfortunately | find better employment for her blood and treain the hands of a few political keepers, who will sure. The deputies who have spoken on the question of the unity of Italy are of opinion that if it be accomplished it will be by the effect of time, and not by brute force.

SINGULAR CAUSE OF DEATH-Sheriff Murray, of Clark county, Wis., went on a hunting excursion one day last week with two friends .-They separated with the understanding that they should meet at night at a certain "corner section point." Two of the three met at the place designated, but Sheriff Murray was missing. After a search they discovered the body of the sheriff. He had gathered boughs and made a bed, near a large tree, which caught fire and fell upon him, crushing him to death while asleep.

RESCUED FROM INDIANS.—The Weatherford (Texas) White Man gives an interesting account of the recognition of a white woman ta-ken by Ross in a recent fight. She is a neice of Colonel Isaac Parker. She was taken prisoner when a child nine years old, 25 years ago. After recalling her infancy to memory, she was able to give an account of her captivity, the murder of her father and several other whites. She also said that she had lived with the Indians ever since.

MURDER BY A SLAVE.—On the 7th instant a deliberate murder occurred on the plantation of Captain John Hooe, in Stafford county, Va. Jeff, one of the slaves of Captain H., went into his master's house, took a gun, returned to the kitchen, and shot his brother John in the side, from the effects of which he died in about five hours. Jeff was arrested. He was intoxicated when he committed the deed.

Hog Cholera.—A disease to which this name and is proving quite disastrous. One resident of Cranston has already lost forty hogs and has more sick with the disease. Another, a resident of North Providence, has lost more than fifty within a short time, and others have lost smaller numbers.—Providence (R. I.) Jour-

PROMOTED .- Second class clerk S. Gough, of the bureau of yards and docks (Navy Department) has been promoted to a fourth class clerkships in the place of Wm. G. Ridgely, deceased, and Jas. F. Scott, first class clerk in the bureau of construction, &c., has been promoted to a second class clerkship to fill the vacancy caused by the promotion of Mr. Gough.

It is said, according to the Paris correspondent of the London Times, that the French government has intimated to the other governments interested the necessity of a meeting of their representatives—in fact, of a Congress to examine and decide on the situation of Syria, before the 15th of February, as the French occupation, according to treaty, ceases in March. M. Emile Ollivier (member of the French Legislative corps) recently requested permission to establish a newspaper. After two or three applications for a reply, M. Emile Ollivier has just received a letter from the Minister of the Interior, to the effect that his request, as well as many others of a similar kind, cannot

be granted. The St. Louis Republican of the 7th gives the particulars, obtained from private sources, of the murder of Mr. Carey, an inoffensive citizen of Brownsville, Missouri, committed on the road to Knok Noster. Mr. Carey formerly resided in Kansas, where he took sides strongly against Montgomery, and his murder is attri-

buted to a member of that desperado's gang. ERRONEOUS .- According to Bennett's own showing, in his Monday's issue, the circulation of the New York Herald for the month of January footed up as follows: 25,000,000,000,000, 000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000, 000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000 1.1 biggest lie uttered or recorded since the day of

Munchauseh: MURDER IN INDIANA. - Two brothers, David and William Clark, were killed in Monroe county, Ind., on Friday, by a man by the name of Hunter. Five men were engaged in the affair, but none were injured but the Clarks.-There had been a trial, where a misunderstanding occurred, hence the difficulty.

COTTON SHIPMENTS .- The Orange and Alexandria railroad company have contracted to bring to Alexandria, over their road, two thousand bales of cotton, to be shipped from that port to New York in steamers. from Memphis, and to be brought to Lynchburg over the Virginia and Tennessee railroad.

VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE.—A bill has been reported in the Senate to establish a branch bank at Alexandria. The House has passed a bill to protect the interests of the Commonwealth, and others in railroad and steamboat companies in Virginia in the two lines between Baltimore and Weldon.

A SLAVER LIBERATEL .- The Spanish brig Joven Antonio, taken by Capt. Maffitt, of the Crusader, last summer, for being engaged in the slave trade, has been ordered by the Admiralty Court at Key West to be restored to Capt. Colon or his attorney. DIPTHERIA. The family of Mr. Henry Bris-

the hands of her political opponents, should | ter, of Vienna, Olio, has been nearly exterminated by diptheria. On the first of November last it numbered ten persons, the parents, four sons and four daughters. Now there remain only the father and mother and one daughter. HEAVY FAILURE IN LONDON .- Messrs. Ede

Co., of George street Mansion House, in the Levant trade, have suspended, with liabilities amounting to \$4,000,000. A favorale liquidation is expected. A machine which will make 100,000 slate

Ct.. mechanic.

pencils a day, has been invented by a Hartford,

ENDORSEMENT OF BONDS .- The bill author zing the endorsement by the State of New York of United States bonds to the amount of the national funds deposited with the State by the distribution act of Congress of 1836, has

passed the New York Senate. MURDER.—George Sawyer, Sr., a planter. near Lexington, S. C., was waylaid and murdered, by two of his negroes, on the 1st inst.-One of the murderers was sentenced to death, and the other, a boy of weak mind, to receive

The rolling mill at South Easton, Pa., which has been lying idle for some time past, was put in operation on Monday last.

William M. Dangerfield, formerly editor of the Lewisburg (Va.) Chronicle, died in Christian county, Ky., on the 21st ult.

In the Virginia Senate on Monday, a bill was passed to incorporate the Hebrew Benevo-lent Society of Alexandria.

LATEST BY TELEGRAPH

XXXVIth CONGRESS—SECOND SESSION.

Washington, Feb. 14. House.-Mr. Moorehead (Pa.) asked leave to introduce a resolution that Washington's Farewell Address shall be read in this Hall by the Clerk of the House on the 22d of February, and that the President, the President elect, the members of the Cabinct, the Judges of the Supreme Court, the members of the Senate, the chief military and naval officers, and the Commissioners to the Peace Convention be invited

to be present. Mr. Washburne (Ill.) said this proposition would call for a session of the House on that

day. Mr. Morris (Pa.) replied that there ought to be a session of the House on that day, in order that the farewell address might be read. The resolution being objected to, it was not

onsidered. Mr. Hindman (Ark.) wanted Moorhead to omit the invitation to the military and naval

Mr. Leake (Va.) asked but failed to obtain leave to introduce a resolution for the appointment of a committee of three to report whether the Superintendent of the Census, Bureau has heretofore instructed the Clerks of that bureau to make out from the census returns the names of the heads of families for the purpose of ending them certain political speeches.

Mr. Hindman said Sup't. Kennedy had not only violated the postal but other laws. Mr. Pryor (Va.) obtained leave to offer the following as a question of privilege:

WHEREAS, The following statement appeared the New York Times: "It is ascertained that n addition to the other frauds perpetrated by the seceding members of Congress, they have taken from the Congressional Library, which is probably the best in this country, containing nany books which cannot be obtained elsewhere, some of the most valuable volumes in the whole collection. Thousands of dollars worth have been thus abstracted and carried off by these members; among them a single South Carolina member, I am informed, has more than four hundred dollars worth of digests of the most valuable character, and which can never be replaced. Scarcely one of these gentlemen took the trouble to return his books. but on the contrary were very cautious to have them carefully packed and sent off. A member from one of the Border States, who favors secession, and thought his State sure to secede, sent orders for upwards of one thousand dollars worth of books recently, which, under the rules of the Library, were refused. This is regarded here to be very near akin to what Web-

ster defines as theft;" therefore,

Resolved, That a select committee of three be appointed to inquire into the truth of the statement, and that the committee have power to send for persons and papers, with leave to report at any time. The resolution was passed.

SENATE. - Mr. Cameron (Pa.) presented several petitions asking Congress to stand by the Constitution as it is; also petition in favor of the Crittenden resolutions.

Mr. Bingham (Mich.) presented joint resolutions of the Legislature of Michigan, expressing the adherence of the people of that State to the Union, and offering the military force of the State for the support of the Government; also, recommending that no concessions be made to traitors.

Mr. Bingham said these resolutions were passed with great unanimity, and he thought hey expressed the feelings of the people of the State. They would adhere to the Constitution as it is, and had no sympathy with treason, or those who, while in the Government, took measures to destroy it. They hoped their Southern friends would yet come to see that the best way is to submit to the beneficent rule of the Government; but if they persisted in their efforts to destroy the Union, then they must take the responsibility. The resolutions were laid on the table.

Mr. King (N. Y.) presented the petition of Ben. Price and many others, in favor of the Homestead bill. Mr. Wade (O.) presented several petitions

asking Congress to stand firm by the Constitution and the laws. Mr. Foote (Vt.) offered a resolution that a committee of three be appointed to make ar-

rangements for the inauguration of the President elect. Adopted. Mr. Green (Mo.) from the Committee on Territories reported a bill to organize the Territory of Nevada; also a bill to provide a gov-

ernment for the Territory of Dacotah. Mr. Seward (N, Y.) presented a petition from four hundred voters of Waterford, New York, in favor of the Crittenden resolutions; also, a memorial from the New York Chamber of Commerce, remonstrating against the pas-

sage of the Morrill Tariff bill. Mr. Wilkinson (Minn.) presented petitions from citizens of Minnesota asking Congress to enforce the laws and preserve the Union, keep the rivers free, recapture the forts, and against

concession or compromise.

He said if gentlemen wished to know what the sentiments of the people really are, they must go away from the large cities; they must ask the people of the North and the great West if they are willing to give up principles at the bidding of an organized band of traitors. Who ever doubted that the North and West were true to the Union? The Senator from Virginia said that that State had been arming for twelve months, and the South has organized a war, and yet the Senator from Kentucky, who would save the Union, has no word for these men.

LATER FROM EUROPE. New York, Feb. 14. The steamship New York has arrived with

London and Southampton dates to the 29th ult. The Italian parliamentary elections had resulted favorably to the Ministry. Count Cavour is returned from Turin, and Garibaldi and Poerio from Naples. Russia has ordered the formation of three

corps d'armee on a war footing, and to be ready by the 1st of March. One is to be marched to the Pruth, the second to the frontiers of Poland, and to be held in reserve.

An important treasonable correspondence with Gaeta has been discovered. The bombardment of Gaeta continues, but the resistance of the garrison is growing feebler. The Paris Patriae denies that the Emperor is encouraging Denmark to resist the demand of Germany, or is organizing a fleet for the Baltic. The English news is not important.

London, Jan. 29.—Consols are quoted at 915. American railway securities are nominal, quotations being barely maintained. Wheat has declined 1c@2c per quarter.

President of the Southern Confederacy. Montgomery, Ala. Feb. 14. Hon. Jefferson Davis will leave Jackson, Miss., to-night, for Montgomery. He will come via Chattanooga and Atlanta. The inau-

guration takes place on Monday next.

"What, therefore, don has some and marry another put as under."
"Whose ever shall put away his wife and marry another committeth sdultery. And if a woman shall put away her husband and marry again she committeth adultery."
Legislators and others, the above is the edict of the Legislators and others, the above is the edict of the Legislators and others, the above is the edict of the wighten the start of the committee of the comm

FOR the genuine ENGLISH MUSTARD KELLER'S DRUG STORE.

Superseding Cubers, Copains, Capsules, or any compound that has ever been before the people. It has been used by ONE HUNDRED PHYSICIANS, ONE HUNDRED PHYSICIANS.

In their priva's practice, with entire success, in all cases.

In their priva's practice, with entire success, in all cases.

For disease s of a private nature; a cure is frequently performed in a week, and entire confidence may be placed in them. This remedy is a newly discovered specific, more alone. The pills are half the size of Capsules, and never alone. The pills are half the size of Capsules, and never pills in a box-price one dollar, and will be sent by mail, post-paid, by the agent, on receipt of the money.

Sold by all the principal druggists and dealers, and by DYOTT & CO., wholesale agents, North Second street, Philadelphia.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

A NEW REMEDY.

Philadelphia.

Nev2-eodi&wly

WARRANTED IN ALL CASES

DR. HARVEY'S

CHRONO THERMAL FEMALE PILLS

For the prevention and Cure of all those difficulticato which
the female system is peculiarly liable arising from
STOPPAGE OF NATURE OR OBSTRUCTION.

These Pills have never been known to fail whin the
directions have been strictly followed, and they are
refectly safe to take by the most delicate.

TO MARRIED LADIES they are particularly recommended, as they prevent difficulties, and restore nature,
no matter from what cause the obstruction may arise. A
few days in most cases will produce the desired effect; and
although so powerful, yet no injury will ever result from
their use. But those who are pregnant shoult not use
them, as they have an effect contrary to nature. Pamphleis
detailing their virtues, with numerous certificates from well
known physicians and apothecaries, can be had on application to the agent, who will send the Pills, if desired, by
mall, post-paid, to any address, on receipt of the money.
Sold in boxes containing sixty pills,—price One Bollar,—
by all the principal druggists and dealers, and by DYOTT
& CO., wholesale agents, North Second street, Philadel,
phia.

H ELMBOLD'S GENUINE PREPARATION Cures Gra. vel, Bladder, Dropsy, Kidney Affections. HELM SOLD'S Genuine Preparation for Nervous and Debilitated Sufferers.

HELMBOLD'S Genuine Preparation for Loss of Power, Loss of Memory. HELMBOLD'S Genuine Preparation for Difficulty of 3reathing, General Weakness.

HELMBOLD'S Genuine Preparation for Weak Nerves, Horror of Death, Trembling.

HELMBOLD'S Genuine Preparation for Night Sweats, Cold Feet, Dimness of Vision.

HELLMBOLD'S Genuine Preparation for Languor, Universal Lassitude of the Muscular System. HELMBOLD'S Genuine Preparation for Pallid Countenance and Eruptions.

HELMBOLD'S Genuine Preparation for Pains in the Back, Headache, Sick Stomach.

Description of HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU
in another column. in another column.

WE call the attention of our readers to WE call the attention of our readers to an article advertised in another column, called BLOOD FOOD. It is an entirely new discovery, and must not be confounded with any of the numerous patent medicines of the day. It is food for the taste and natural in action, and what one gains he retains. Let all those, then, who are suffering from poverty, impurity or deficiency of blood, and consequently with some chronic disease or ailment, take of this BLOOD FOOD and he restored to health. We notice that our druggists have received a supply of this article, and also of the world-renowned Dr. EATON'S INFANTIFE CORDIAL, which every mother should have. It contains no paragoric or opiate of any kind whatever, and of course must be invaluable for all infantile complaints. It will allay all pain, and soften the gums in process of teething, and at the same time regulate the bowels. Let all mothers and nurses, who have endured anxious days and sleepless nights, procure a supply and be at once relieved.

MRS. WINSLOW.

MRS. WINSLOW, An experienced nurse and female physician, has a Soothing Syrup for children teething, which greatly facilitate the process of teething by softening the gams, reducing as inflammation—will allay all pain, and is sure to regulate the bowels. Depend upon it mothers, it will give rest to yourselves, and relief and health to your infants. Percetly safe in all cases. See advertisement in another column.

New Advertisements.

A UDITOR'S NOTICE.—The undersigned, appointed Auditor to distribute among creditors the balance of meneys in hands of Jacob Gross, Administrator of the estate of John Cain, deceased, will attend to the duties of his appointment at his office, No. 100 Market street, Thursday, March 7, 1861, at ten o'clock, A. M., where all parties interested may attend feb15-dt3oaw ROB'T L. MUENCH, Auditor. UDITOR'S NOTICE.—The under-

L'IRST CLASS GROCERTES!!!

LARGE ARRIVAL!! HAVING JUST RETURNED from the Eastern cities, where we have selected with the greatest care a large and complete assortment of superior GOODS, which embrace everything kept in the best City Groceries, we respectfully and cordially invite the public to examine our fully and corollary stock and hear our prices.

WM. DOCK, JR., & CO.

TOR RENT—The Buehler House RES-TAURANT, with sale of Fixtures.

L'XECUTOR'S NOTIUE.—Notice is L'hereby given that letters testamentary upon the estate of Mrs. MARY HORTER, deceased, late of the city of Harrisburg, have been granted to the undersigned by the Register of Dauphin county; therefore, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having any just claims are requested to present them, legally authenticated, for settlement.

R. H. ADAMS.

Executor of said dec'd.

HARRISBURG, Jan. 29, 1861.

jan30-d6toaw.

LIOUSES TO RENT.—Two or three dwellings, in the brick row, on Third street, near Walnut, are offered for rent, from the 1st of April next. For terms, enquire of MICHAEL BURK.

PPLES!! APPLES!!!-Five Hun-A dred Barrels of superior APPLES just received from New York State. For sale at lowest cash price by JAMES M. WHEELER.

LECTION.

OFFICE NORTHERN CENTRAL RAILWAY CO., BALTIMORE, Feb. 11, 1861. S A general meeting of the Stockholders of this Co. A general meeting of the Stockholders of this Company will be held at CALVERT STATION, on THURS-DAY, THE 28TH OF FEBRUARY NEXT, between the hours of 12 and 2 e'clock, P. M., for the election of Twelve Directors for the ensuing year.

The Transfer Books will be closed on the 16th of February will offer the close the close the company of the company will offer the close the close the close the company will offer the close the company will offer the close the company will offer the company will offer the company will be close the company will be company will be company will be closed on the 16th of February will offer the company will be closed on the 16th of February will be closed o

ruary until after the election. By order. feb12-dte THOS. S. HOLLINS, Secretary.

FARM FOR SALE.—The subscribers offer for sale ONE HUNDRED AND EIGHTYSIX ACRES OF LAND, situate in Susquebanna township, Dauphin county, adjoining lands of A. O. Hiester,
John H. Fox and others; thereon erected a large TWOSTORY STONE HOUSE, BANK BARN, with all the
necessary Out-Buildings. There is one of the finest
Apple Orchards in the county upon the property, together
with a good vein of Limestone; and it will be sold in a
body, or in portions to suit purchasers.

If not sold before SATURDAY, THE 16TH OF MARCH,
it will then be offered at Public Sale, at the Court House
in Harrisburg. For further particulars enquire of in Harrisburg. For further particulars enquire of A.O. HIESTER, C. F. MUENCH,

C. F. MUENCH,
Assignees of John Wallower & Son. FOR SALE.—A very fine five-year-old

BAY MORGAN HORSE, medium size, perfectly sound and gentle. Is a fast, free traveler, and in every respect a desirable horse.

The owner, having no further use for him, will sell at a bargain. Can be seen at WILLIAM COLDER'S Livery Stable For terms, &c., inquire of feb9-lwd*

J. S. HAMMER, Brady House.

VALENTINES! VALENTINES!! A large assortment of COMIC and SENTIMENTAL VALENTINES of different styles and prices. For sale at SCHEFFER'S BOOKSTORE,

feb9 18 Market Street, Harrisburg, Pa. EW BOOKS!

The "THILDREN'S PICTURE BOOK OF BIRDS." The "CHILDREN'S PICTURE FABLE BOOK," IIlustrated by Harrison Weir. Price 75c, cloth.
The "CHILDREN'S PICTURE BOOK OF QUADRU-PEDS, illustrated by W. HARVEY. Price 75c. cloth.
For sale at SCHEFFER'S BOOKSTORE,
feb9 No. 18 Market Street, Harrisburg, Pa.

FOR SALE .- The BUILDING on the COPER SHOP. This building was originally built so that it could be turned into Dwelling Houses. It consists of three separate frames placed together, each frame being 25 by 20 feet, making the entire building, as it now stands, 75 feet long and 20 feet wide. Will sell also an EIGHTHORSE POWER ENGINE AND BOILER, nearly new, and one of Drawbach's Patent Stave Cutters, and a Set of Saws for Jointing Staves. The above property will be sold at a bargain, as we wish to clear the ground on which the building stands. Enquire at the Broker's Office of febb-dif

THE BIBLE ON DIVORCE.—The following words are from Mark x. v. 9, 12:
"What, therefore, God has joined together let not man