The Patriot & Union.

TUESDAY MORNING, DEC. 4, 1860.

O. BARRETT & THOMAS C. MACDOWELL, Publishers and Proprietors.

Communications will not be published in the PATRIOT AND UNION unless accompanied with the name of the author.

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TO THE FRIENDS OF THE PATRIOT AND UNION.

We call the attention of our yearly club subscribers to the fact that their subscriptions will expire during December and January ensuing. We should like very much if our campaign and yearly subscribers would renew their subscriptions and use their influence to extend the circulation of the WEEKLY PATRIOT AND UNION. The terms at which we offer it to clubs are as low as any paper containing the same amount of reading matter published in the Union.

In view of the existing state of affairs, there will be an exciting time at Washington, and it is not unlikely that we shall have a lively time at the State Capital.—At the former we shall have a reliable correspondent, and at the latter competent reporters to give the Legislative news and all other occurrences worthy of note.—We shall also give our usual compendium of foreign and domestic news, and spare no pains to make the PATRIOT AND UNION one of the best (as it is the cheapest) family journals in the State.

Hoping that our friends will make some exertions to extend the circulation of the paper, either by clubs or otherwise, we call attention to the

TERMS.

DAILY PATRIOT AND UNION.

Single copy for one year, in advance.....$4 00
Single copy during the session of the Legislature.. 1 00

WEEKLY PATRIOT AND UNION,

Published every Thursday.

Single copy one year, in advance.....$2 00
Ten copies to one address.....10 00

Subscriptions may commence at any time. *Pay always in advance.* Any person sending us a club of fifty subscribers to the Weekly will be entitled to a copy for his services. The price is so low that we cannot offer greater inducements than this. Additions may be made at any time to a club of subscribers by remitting $1 for each additional name. It is not necessary to send us the names of those constituting a club, as we cannot undertake to address each paper to club subscribers separately. Specimen copies of the Weekly will be sent to all who desire it.

O. BARRETT & CO., Harrisburg, Pa.

President's Message.

Extras containing the President's Message will be furnished to country papers, at one dollar per hundred. The cash in all cases to accompany the order.

The United States Senatorship.

A new style of electioneering for the United States Senatorship is that adopted by the friends of Mr. M'Michael, in a circular to the Republican members of the Legislature, setting forth, in brief, Mr. M'Michael's eminent virtues. This sort of endorsement resembles the recommendation generally procured by a young man in search of a situation, from his friends and acquaintances, who certify to his sobriety, industry and general good conduct, and answers as a moral passport when he is seeking employment among strangers. The recommendation of Mr. M'MICHAEL is worthy of re-production, and accordingly we give it:

PHILADELPHIA, November 24th, 1860.—*Dear Sir*: A Senator is to be chosen at the approaching session of the Legislature; and we desire to present for your consideration as our candidate for that important office, our friend and townsman, Morton M'Michael, believing him to be possessed in a large degree of the various qualities required for filling it with credit to himself, and advantage to his fellow-citizens.

Few men in the State have labored in the past more disinterestedly, more assiduously, or more profitably to the cause in the support of which you and we have been engaged. To no one, as we believe, are we more indebted for the moderation with which the recent canvass has been conducted—for the consistency with which our principles have been maintained—or for the great triumph which has been achieved.

Attached to this circular are the names of Henry C. Carey, William D. Kelly, John P. Verree, John Grigg, Charles Gilpin, William D. Lewis, William B. Mann, Charles Gibbons, and others of less note, together with a number of mercantile firms, who are probably under the impression that the Senatorship has something to do with trade. It places Mr. M'MICHAEL in the front rank among the candidates already named for the Senate, by making him the only Philadelphia candidate. If the Senator is to come from Philadelphia, Mr. M'MICHAEL must be the man. No other candidate would venture to contest his claims in the face of such an array of prominent and influential names.

We have no means of knowing who stands the best chance at this time of securing the great prize, but doubtless before the meeting of the Legislature the contest will be narrowed down to a few men. M'CLURE, it is said, has peremptorily declined being considered a candidate; which affords pretty good evidence that he would stand no chance if he was. Ex-Gov. POLLOCK is still actively and prominently in the field. He stands in the front rank just now, and his interests will be materially advanced by the sympathy, if not the active assistance, of the Governor elect. WILMOT will make a bold clutch at the prize, and his friends create considerable noise over it; but the Republicans begin to feel that the old Democrats in their party have already received adequate rewards, and that it is now the turn of the Old Whigs. WILMOT answered well enough for the leader of a forlorn hope, but will be crowded out by a successful party.

Probably the necessity of moderation on the part of the Republicans, in order to allay the excitement and danger following the election of Lincoln, may operate in favor of Mr. M'MICHAEL. Of course it will make him enemies as well as friends. The decided Republicans will not relish the idea of promoting a man who was litterly dragged into the support of Republican measures against his better judgment, and who avoided, as far as possible, while stumping the State, any allusion to the negro question. But the strength of the ultras and the moderates will in all probability be tested in the choice of a Senator; and if men of moderate views obtain the ascendency, Mr. M'MICHAEL may be elected.

Nullification Sustained.

The first legislative action in reference to the "Personal Liberty" laws, intended to nullify the Fugitive Slave law, has taken place in Vermont, the most decided Republican State in the Union. A bill for the repeal of the nullification act of that State was introduced at the present session of the Legislature and discussed with much earnestness. On the division, on its final passage, it was defeated by the very emphatic vote of 125 nays to 58 yeas. Of those voting for the repeal were all the Democratic members (33 in number) and 25 Republicans. All the nays, 125, were Republicans.

Nothing but an earnest and honest disposition to render justice to the Southern States, on the part of the Republican States of the North, their press and people, can suffice at this time. Does that sentiment prevail? We were almost persuaded that so manifest a duty would be favorably entertained, by the men who alone can influence the Republican mind on this subject, but the last two days have brought to our notice so much of the contrary spirit, through the press and the pulpit, that our hastily formed hopes are nearly blasted. If it is the settled and deliberate purpose of the political party of which Mr. Lincoln is now the representative, to maintain, in power, the same ultra and sectional attitude which it has assumed in the pursuit of political ascendency, we can only say, upon them be the responsibility. We are prepared for the issue, and only await a distinctive policy on their part, to determine our course of action. Let us have the conflict at once, if it must come, and let us go to the *people of the North*, on the question of equal rights to all the States. With this question fairly and distinctly presented, stripped of all collateral considerations, a correct decision must in the end be reached. *We will beat the Sectionalists on their own ground.*

The course of Vermont in regard to this law is peculiarly dishonest. Before its admission into the Union it had a statute to prohibit the reclamation of fugitive slaves. It repealed the law, in order to get into the Union; and has since passed a most iniquitous act, not only declaring fugitives free (against the express injunction of the Constitution,) but punishing the claimant with a fine of $1,000 and five years imprisonment in the State Prison.

THE CRISIS.—We received last week the following note, which in our view is the only communication of the number we have received upon the subject that practically grapples with the matter in hand. We do not say this because it corresponds in spirit with what we have proposed, inasmuch as we have been perfectly willing to accept and publish anything of a practical character that met the case. But all the projects we have received were either too remote in their active purpose, mere expedients depending upon contingencies, or otherwise inconclusive. Whatever is done by the South must lead to a conclusion and elicit expression from the North, or failing in this, end in dissolution, unless the South is prepared to wait for the Lincoln administration. That is now beyond hope. The lower tier or Gulf States will not do this, and action is necessary with us.—We subjoin the note of our correspondent:

ANNAPOLIS, Nov. 27.

Mr. Editor:—The following proposition is offered as a means to preserve the integrity of our Union.

Let there be a general Convention of the fifteen Southern States called with as little delay as possible, and let said Convention say, in distinct terms, upon what conditions and principles they will consent to remain members of the confederacy; and then let these "conditions and principles" be presented to the *eighteen Northern States* for their acceptance or rejection, either through a general Convention, called for the purpose, or by a *direct vote* of the whole people of the Northern States.

We would prefer that the grave question thus presented should go before the people themselves, and let them decide by their *direct* voice and act the perpetuity or dissolution of these United States.

Should the condition of our further union with our Northern brethren be rejected by them, then let the Southern Convention reassemble, and determine upon such a course as circumstances may call for. C.

In proposing that the Southern States should say "upon what conditions and principles they will consent to remain members of the confederacy," we take for granted that the meaning is, "conditions and principles" recognized by the Constitution. The South asks only this, and having this, will prove loyal to the Union forever. Without this, the Constitution being virtually annulled, the Union must end sooner or later.—*Baltimore Sun.*

THE HEIR TO THE THRONE OF ITALY.—Prince Humbert, son of Victor Emmanuel, a youth now in his 17th year—a bold and elegant rider, a first-rate marksman with the rifle, exhibiting skill and endurance in all manly exercises, endowed with a fair open countenance, in which the soldier-like honest mien of the father is blended with the delicate features and sweet expression of the mother, distinguished by affable manners and graceful address—wins golden opinions with the multitudes as he goes along the thronged streets, bowing when bowed to, mounted on his light-gray Arab. The seed which his father and grandfather sowed in sorrow and in blood, will have grown up into a full and glorious harvest by the time this fortunate youth succeeds to the throne. That throne to which so many of his race aspired in the secret of their hearts, almost ever since the days of the First Humbert, will fall to the lot of the Fourth Humbert by a series of prosperous vicissitudes, than which nothing more marvellous was ever woven in the mysterious web of Providence. The fulness of the times is almost at hand, yet the final issue still trembles in the scale of fate.—*Letter from Turin.*

TO PAPER MANUFACTURERS.—Since the introduction of envelopes, the outside leaf of most letters and notes is useless and wasted. People generally, to avoid the appearance of meanness, use a whole sheet, when a half one would answer every purpose. What is wanted to remedy the evil is, that paper manufacturers should manufacture letter and note paper in subtantial half sheets; also, a stamp might be put in the centre of the sheet, at the top, instead of on the corner as is now done, so as to distinguish it from the whole sheet.—*Scientific American.*

It is stated from Havanna, that the remains of Christopher Columbus are again to be removed to a new and splendid cemetery near that city.

A new postoffice is established at Idaville, Adams county, Pa., and Jesse Smeyser appointed postmaster.

Leopold de Meyer, the celebrated pianist, has been struck with palsy, and it is feared that he will not be able to reapper in public.

At the noon day prayer meeting in Philadelphia on Thursday, quite a warm discussion occurred on the probabilities of disunion.

It was telegraphed all the way from Spingfield, Ill., that Mr. Linceln had roast turkey for dinner on Thanksgiving day.

GENERAL NEWS.

GENERAL SCOTT'S HEALTH.—The health of Lieutenant General Scott has improved much within a day or two, and will very soon, without doubt, be completely restored. The telegraphic summons from Washington, which gave rise to much newspaper comment, was not so urgent as to imperatively require the General's personal presence at the capital. It is understood that the order had no origin in the difficulties in South Carolina, or even in Kansas, but simply in the desire of the Secretary of War to consult with the General about some matters in the Secretary's forthcoming annual report.—*Journal of Commerce.*

SECOND CROP OF CORN IN TEXAS.—The Galveston *Civilian* says: The aboriginal festival, known as the green-corn dance, may be celebrated semi-annually in Texas. We have already noticed the second crop of roasting-ears this season on the Rio Grande. The *Advocate* mentions the second crop of corn grown this season by Capt. James Scott, of Victoria county. The crop was planted in August, and is now safe from frost, making about forty bushels to the acre, besides a fine yield of fodder.

GOLD IN ARKANSAS.—An Arkansas journal announces the discovery of gold in that State, and says that in the town of Des Arc there was a report of the discovery of gold by the workmen engaged at the Artesian well. The excitement occasioned by this rumor is easier imagined than described. Several small pieces have been dug out, which are pronounced by those posted in such matters the genuine stuff. Should it prove to be so the vein is a rich one.

OFFICE OF A ROCKY MOUNTAIN PAPER.—The *Rocky Mountain News* is the leading newspaper of that gold region. A graceful festoon of revolvers hangs over the sanctum table, within reach of the editor, and three ominous looking guns rest in the corner. Descending to the composing and press room, is found each man quietly at work in his proper place, with "something that would shoot" lying near him.

The Charleston *Mercury* suggests that bills receivable be issued, to be used by the citizens in payment of all moneys due the State. The same paper says that the weapons for arming the State should not be purchased from the North, and proposes that a ship be chartered and a commission appointed to go to Europe to make such purchases as the State requires.

A paragraph recently went the rounds that Col. Fremont's mines yielded $200 per day.—The amount of deposits at Col. Fremont's bankers, from the Mariposa mills, was $51,000 for the month of September, and a fraction over $60,000 for the month of October. The "cleaning up," which occurs about once in ten days, shows an average yield per day of $2,500.

Ben Swain, a printer and traveler, died on the 20th, at South Bend (Ind.,) aged 32. He was a native of North Carolina, and has traveled all over Mexico, California and Oregon, and had returned from a tour of two years through Europe, when he was attacked with bleeding at the lungs, and died after about half an hour's illness.

A COTTON DEALER REFUSES TO SELL 1,000 BALES OF COTTON.—One of the most prominent business houses in the East offereed to purchase 1,000 bales of cotton in this city a few days ago for 10¾ at two months. The Eastern house was undoubted, but the factor refused because of the unsettled state of affairs.—*Norforlk Day Book.*

PRESENT TO ARCHBISHOP HUGHES.—The Archbishop of New York has received a silver medal from His Holiness the Pope, "in acknowledgment of the zeal and liberality with which the Catholics of that diocese have come to the aid of the Holy See in its present trials and embarrassments."

SHOES.—The shipments of boots and shoes from Boston to domestic markets, outside of New England, during the week ending November 28th, amounted, according to the *Shoe and Leather Reporter*, to 4,745 cases, of which 1,544 went to the Middle States, 1,308 to the Southern States, and 1,893 to the Western States.

VOLUNTARY SLAVERY.—We notice by the proceedings of the South Carolina Legislature that on the 28th ult., a petition was presented from Lucy Andrews, free negress, praying to be allowed the privilege of becoming a slave; referred. This woman is said to be rich, and the owner of slaves.

The steamship Montgomery, which arrived at Savannah last week, brought 180 boxes of Sharpe's patent carbines, 1,800 in all, and 40,000 conical ball cartridges, for the State of Georgia. They came from Hartford, Connecticut, and were forwared immediately to Milledgeville.

All Northern papers that indulge in taunts against the South, and all Southern papers that indulge in taunts against the North, are administering, consciously or unconsciously, to the ends of treason. 'Tis a pity that the punishment they deserve cannot be inflicted upon them.—*Prentice.*

A large dry goods importing house of Philadelphia writes to a Norfolk, Va., firm as follows: "We shall move our house to Charleston, S. C., or Baltimore, Md. Business here has completely suspended. We have thousands of dollars out and cannot collect one dollar."

AN AUDACIOUS PROCEEDING.—Madame English, a notorious fortune-teller, has caused the arrest of the St. Louis Chief of Police for obstructing her business, by stationing a policeman in front of her door to warn away the credulous.

IMPORTS OF DRY GOODS.—The imports of foreign dry goods at New York during the month of November have fallen about half a million below the total for the same month of last year. Most all the imports are warehoused.

POISONED.—The overseers of the poor of Berkeley county, Va., were poisoned a few days ago at a dinner at the poor house, but have since recovered. Two paupers are suspected.

HOT WEATHER IN CHINA.—The allied troops in China are suffering from intensely hot weather. In the early part of September the thermometer stood at one hundred and two in the shade.

An Italian revenged himself for being locked out of his boarding house at St. Louis, one night last week, by taking off all his clothes, leaving them in the porch, and departing. He has not been heard of since.

The ship Gen. Parkhill was cleared at Charleston, on Thursday, for Liverpool, with the following cargo: 1,549 bales upland cotton, 50 tierces of rice, and 5,400 bushels of corn, approximating to $113,000 in value.

The veterans of the war of 1812 will meet in their various localities on the 8th of January next, to celebrate the battle of New Orleans, and at the same time urge upon Congress their claims to pensions.

Several of the candidates for the South Carolina Convention have given affirmative answers to questions asking whether they are in favor of immediate secession.

The Union-loving ladies of Norfolk, Va., appear in the streets with small silk flags in their hands, and wearing bonnets trimmed with "red, white and blue" ribbon.

James Waterman, aged 73 years, now a resident of Walsworth, Wayne county, N. Y., was one of the pilots of the Fulton, on her first trip from New York to Albany, in October, 1807.

Russian military discipline recently reduced Prince Gortschakoff from a lieutenantcy to the ranks for fighting a duel. A Captain, the Prince's second, suffered a similar degradation.

OIL has been obtained in plentiful supply at Punxsutawney, Jefferson county, Pa., at a depth of 118 feet.

The cold snap of November 24th put a sudden stop to navigation on the Upper Mississippi.

Prince Napoleon's proposed trip to this country appears to be fully decided upon.

LATEST BY TELEGRAPH

XXXVIth CONGRESS—SECOND SESSION.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 3.

SENATE.—The Senate convened at noon precisely. Mr. Breckinridge in the chair.

Absent—Messrs. Benjamin, Chesnut, Clay, Gwin, Hammond, Harlan, Iverson, Johnson, (Ark.) Johnson, (Tenn.) Mallory, Pugh, Sebastian, Slidell, Ten Eyck, Thomson, Toombs, and Wilkinson.

The galleries were two-thirds filled. Prayer by the Chaplain Rev. Mr. Gurley.

Mr. Bright offered a resolution that the Secretary inform the House that a quorum of Senators were present and ready to proceed to business. Adopted.

Mr. Bigler offered a resolution that a committee of three from the Senate, and such as may be appointed by the House, wait upon the President and inform him that there is a quorum in each House of Congress ready to receive any communication he might wish to make.

The resolution was adopted, and Messrs. Bigler, Mason, Collamer and Fitzpatrick appointed the committee.

The hour of daily meeting of the Senate was fixed at 12 M., until otherwise ordered.

A message was received from the House concurring in the Senate resolution appointing a committee to wait on the President and appointing a committee to act with the one appointed by the Senate.

Mr. Clingman (N. C.) moved that a recess be taken for half an hour.

Mr. Trumbull (Ill.) said he had been informed that the President would not be ready to communicate his annual message to day.

So the Senate adjourned at ten minutes past 1 o'clock until to-morrow.

HOUSE.—The House met at twelve o'clock today. About two hundred members answered to their names. Messrs. McKenty, of Pennsylvania, in place of John Schwartz, deceased; Barret, of Missouri, and Brown, of Kentucky, severally appeared and were qualified. Excessive good humor prevailed previous to the Speaker calling the House to order.

A prayer was delivered by Rev. Mr. Stockton, appropriate to the political condition of the country, in the course of which he said that good and wise men from all sections are at fault. He implored the divine blessing to quiet all distractions, and restore general harmony and brotherly feelings, that Republican liberty, may be perpetuated and the Union preserved.

A message was received from the Senate, announcing the appointment of Messrs. Bigler, Mason and Collamer as a committee on the part of the Senate to wait on the President and inform him that a quorum of both houses were in attendance and ready to receive any communication he might be pleased to make.

Mr. Moorhead offered a similar resolution, which was adopted, and he, Bocock, and Adams of Kentucky were appointed a committee on the part of the House.

Mr. Grow called up a motion made by him last session, to reconsider the vote by which the Homestead bill, reported from the Committee on Agriculture, was referred to the committee of the whole on the state of the Union, and moved the previous question.

Mr. Phelps said the gentleman from Pennsylvania could call up the motion any other day. It should not now be insisted on, as several members were absent.

Mr. Grow explained that his reasons for calling up the motion now was that they might have business before the House, for gentlemen knew there were special orders for the first three or four weeks of this session. Mr. Grow yielded to a suggestion to postpone the motion for the present, that members might proceed to draw for seats.

On motion of Mr. Florence, the daily hour for meeting will be at noon, until otherwise ordered.

During the absence of Mr. Grow, a message was sent to the Senate informing them that a quorum of members of the House were present, and ready to proceed to business.

The House, pursuant to a resolution previously adopted, proceeded to draw for seats.—All the members retired without the bar, and as the name of each member was taken from a box and called by the Clerk, he came in and made his choice.

The absentees were: Massachusetts—Gooch, Davis. New York—Barr, Van Wyck, Olin, Clark B. Cockrane. Pennsylvania—Dimmick, Blair, Montgomery. Maryland—Webster, detained by sickness. Virginia—Garnett, Leake, Clemens. North Carolina—Smith, Vance.—South Carolina—Miles. Georgia—Crawford. Mississippi—Lamar, Davis, Barksdale, M'Rae. Kentucky—Mallory, Simms. Tennessee—Brabson, Wright. Indiana—Wilson, Pettit. Illinois—Fransworth, Kellogg. Arkansas—Hindman. Michigan—Waldron. Texas—Regan, Hamilton. California—Scott. Utah—Hooper. Nebraska—Daily.

Mr. Wasburn, (Maine,) said as he would vacate his seat on the first of January; he asked to be excused from serving as a member of the Committee on Ways and Means.

The Speaker replied that the Committees appointed last session would be continued throughout this; subject, however, to the vacancies which may occur, which will be filled by him. Mr. Washburn was excused.

Mr. Grow renewed his motion for reconsideration of the reference of the Homestead bill. If any one wished to discuss it he would be willing to allow him an opportunity for that purpose.

Mr. Washburn, (Illinois,) understood that the President's Message would not come in until to-morrow. He moved, therefore, an adjournment. Carried at half-past one.

From Washington.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 3.

Among the various propositions, with a view of quieting the present political evils, is one proposing that the representatives of all the Southern States—South Carolina excepted—have a conference, and prepare a list of their grievances, and what will satisfy them as a remedy. This is to be submitted to the conservative Republicans, and if it meets with sufficient favor from them, then, after the reading of the President's Message, that part in reference to the political troubles be referred to a committee of one from each State. This proposition is discussed to-day. It is said that several prominent Republicans have already acquiesced in it.

The Supreme Court met in the new chamber at noon to-day. Chief Justice Taney, and all the Associate Justices, except Judge Wayne, were present. After the adjournment they proceeded to the White House and personally paid their respects to the President. They afterwards left their cards for the Vice President.

John Brown Meeting Brokea Up.

BOSTON, Dec. 3.

The John Brown meeting was called to order by John Redpath, this morning at the Temple. The place of meeting was immediately taken possession of by a body of Union men, who chose Richard Sullivan Fay as chairman.

The meeting was newly organized, passed resolutions denouncing John Brown, justifying his execution, and lauding the State of Virginia.

Fred Douglass, Redpath, Frank Sanborn and other well known abolitionists vainly endeavored to be heard.

Much confusion existed; the police were called in, the hall was cleared and the Temple closed by order of the Mayor.

Fire at Reading.

READING, Dec. 3.

The extensive book, stationery and newspaper store of H. A. Lantz, on the Market street square, in this city, caught fire on Saturday night about 11 o'clock, and was, with its contents, destroyed. Mr. Lantz's loss is about $18,000; and insured for $15,000. Mr. Hoffman, owner of the property, sustains a loss of $2,000; fully insured. The fire is supposed to have originated from the flue of the heater—Mr. Lantz will still continue the news business, as usual.

Arrival of the Northern Light.

NEW YORK, Dec. 3.

The steamer Northern Light, with the California mails of the 11th ult., has arrived. She brings upwards of $800,000 in treasure. Among her passengers are Mr. Clay, Minister to Peru, Major Heiss, Lieutenants Howard, Alexander, Spatts and Starborough, and Captains Fletcher and Gordon. The principal consignments of treasure are Wells & Fargo $180,000; American Exchange Bank $110,000; Duncan, Sherman & Co. $97,000.

Suspension of the Augusta Banks.

AUGUSTA, Ga., Dec. 3.

All the banks of this city suspended this morning. The maximum rate of New York sight bills is 3 per cent.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

☞ *WARRANTED IN ALL CASES* ☜

DR. HARVEY'S

CHRONO THERMAL FEMALE PILLS

For the prevention and Cure of all those difficulties to which the female system is peculiarly liable arising from

STOPPAGE OF NATURE OR OBSTRUCTION.

These Pills have never been known to fail when the directions have been strictly followed, and they are perfectly saf to take by the most delicate.

TO MARRIED LADIES they are particularly recommended, as they prevent difficulties and restore nature, no matter from what cause the obstruction may arise. A few days in most cases will produce the desired effect; and although so powerful, yet no injury will ever result from their use. But those who are pregnant should not use them, as they have an effect contrary to nature. Pamphlets detailing their virtues, with numerous certificates from well known physicians and apothecaries, can be had on application to the agent, who will send the Pills, if desired, by mail, post-paid, to any address, on receipt of the money. Sold in boxes containing sixty pills, by all the principal druggists and dealers, and by DYOTT & CO., wholesale agents, North Second street, Philadelphia.

nov2-eodd&wly

A NEW REMEDY.

Superseding CUBEBS, COPAIBA, CAPSULES, or any compound that has ever been before the people. It has been used by

ONE HUNDRED PHYSICIANS,

In their private practice, with entire success, in all cases.

BELL'S SPECIFIC PILLS,

For diseases of a private nature; *a cure is frequently performed in a week*, and entire confidence may be placed in them. This remedy is a newly discovered specific, more active and speedy in its effects than Cubebs or Copaiba alone. The pills are half the size of Capsules, and never nauseate the stomach, or impregnate the breath. Six dozen pills in a box—price one dollar, and will be sent by mail, post-paid, by the agent, on receipt of the money.

Sold by all the principal druggists and dealers, and by DYOTT & CO., wholesale agents, North Second street, Philadelphia. nov2-eodd&wly

HELMBOLD'S GENUINE PREPARATION Cures Gravel, Bladder, Dropsy, Kidney Affections.

HELMBOLD'S Genuine Preparation for Nervous and Debilitated Sufferers.

HELMBOLD'S Genuine Preparation for Loss of Power, Loss of Memory.

HELMBOLD'S Genuine Preparation for Difficulty of Breathing, General Weakness.

HELMBOLD'S Genuine Preparation for Weak Nerves, Horror of Death, Trembling.

HELMBOLD'S Genuine Preparation for Night Sweats, Cold Feet, Dimness of Vision.

HELMBOLD'S Genuine Preparation for Languor, Universal Lassitude of the Muscular System.

HELMBOLD'S Genuine Preparation for Pallid Countenance and Eruptions.

HELMBOLD'S Genuine Preparation for Pains in the Back, Headache, Sick Stomach.

☞ See advertisement headed

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU

in another column. no14-d&w3m

WE call the attention of our readers to an article advertised in another column, called BLOOD FOOD. It is an entirely new discovery, and must not be confounded with any of the numerous patent medicines of the day. It is FOOD FOR THE BLOOD, already prepared for absorption; pleasant to the taste and natural in action, and what one gains he retains. Let all those, then, who are suffering from poverty, impurity or deficiency of blood, and consequently with some chronic disease or ailment, take of this BLOOD FOOD and be restored to health. We notice that our druggists have received a supply of this article, and also of the world-renowned Dr. EATON'S INFANTILE CORDIAL, which every mother should have. It contains no paragoric or opiate of any kind whatever, and of course must be invaluable for all infantile complaints. It will allay all pain, and soften the gums in process of teething, and at the same time regulate the bowels. Let all mothers and nurses, who have endured anxious days and sleepless nights, procure a supply and be at once relieved.

☞ See advertisement. au17-d&w3m

FEVER AND AGUE, AND ALL FEVERS are cured by perseverance with

BRANDRETH'S PILLS,

which takes all poisons, of whatever nature they may be, from the circulation.

Mr. John Y. Haight, Supervisor of New Castle, Westchester county, New York, says, November, 1858:

"I was, two years ago, attacked with fever and ague, which, notwithstanding the best medical advice, continued to sorely afflict me for six tedious months; I became yellow as saffron, and reduced to skin and bone. Medicine and physicians were abandoned in despair. As an experiment, I concluded to try a single dose of six of Brandreth's Universal Vegetable Pills, on an empty stomach, early in the morning. The first dose seemed to arouse all the latent energies of my exhausted frame. I feared the worst—their purgative effect was different from anything I had ever used or heard of. At length this effect ceased, and I seemed lighter and breathed freer. That evening I was indeed sensibly better and slept soundly all night. The next day I followed the same course, and continued to take the pills in this way about three weeks, when I found myself entirely cured. My health has been surprisingly good ever since."

Sold, price 25 cents, at No. 294 Canal street, New York, and by all Druggists. Also, by GEO. H. BELL, corner of Second and Chestnut streets, Harrisburg, and by all respectable dealers in medicines. no8-d&w1m

New Advertisements.

300 DOLLARS REWARD.—STOLEN by means of an order, brought by a colored man, a CHESTNUT SORREL MARE and TOP WAGON, on Tuesday evening, at 5 o'clock. The Mare has a white spot on her tail at the root; some white in her face; white hind leg; a mark on both hocks from firing for curb; a mark from an injury on her right thigh, behind; long tail; a good sized Buggy Mare—she wore a breast collar. A reward of $50 will be given for the Mare and Wagon, and $250 for the thief. The man is about five feet ten in height—a very light mulatto, woolly head and good teeth; had on when left, a brown or black cloth coat, dark pants and felt hat. Apply to JOHN THORNE, No. 144 Front street, or R. H. PENNINGTON, 21 South street, Baltimore, Md. dec4-d3t*

INSURANCE AGENCY.

THE DELAWARE MUTUAL SAFETY INSURANCE COMPANY, OF PHILADELPHIA.

INCORPORATED 1835.

CAPITAL AND ASSETS.....$904,907.51.

THE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NORTH AMERICA, OF PHILADELPHIA.

INCORPORATED 1794.

CAPITAL AND ASSETS.....$1,219,475.19.

The undersigned, as Agent for the above well known Companies, will make Insurance against loss or damage by fire, either perpetually or annually, on property in either town or country.

Marine and Inland Transportation Risks also taken.

Apply personally or by letter to

WILLIAM BUEHLER,

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CABINET WAREHOUSE.

JAMES R. BOYD & SON, 29 SOUTH SECOND STREET, CABINET MAKERS AND UNDERTAKERS.

A large variety of *TETE-A-TETE SOFAS, ARM AND PARLOR CHAIRS, MARBLE TOP TABLES, BUREAUS, BEDSTEADS, WASH-STANDS, HAT RACKS*, &c. Call and examine our stock and prices, as we can sell as low as can be bought in the State. no16-d1m

BOOTS AND SHOES.

JACKSON & CO.

Have opened a Boot and Shoe Store at No. 90½ MARKET STREET, corner of Fourth, where they keep constantly on hand a full and varied assortment of the

BEST CITY MADE SHOES.

Having been engaged in the SHOE UPPER BUSINESS in this city for more than a year, they are prepared to make *ALL KINDS OF FANCY SHOES* to order, at short notice, of the best materials, and warranted to give satisfaction every way.

☞ Please call and examine my assortment before purchasing elsewhere.

☞ Remember the place—90½ Market street, sign of the GOLDEN BOOT. [no17-d3m]

Sewing Machines.

THE GROVER & BAKER NOISELESS FAMILY SEWING MACHINE

is rapidly superseding all others for family use. The DOUBLE LOCK-STITCH formed by this Machine is found to be *the only one* which survives the wash-tub on ripped seams, and, therefore, the only one permanently valuable for Family Sewing.

READ THE FOLLOWING TESTIMONY:

"MRS. JEFFERSON DAVIS, presents her compliments to Grover & Baker, and takes pleasure in saying that she has used one of their Machines for two years, and finds it still in good order, makes a beautiful stitch, and does easily work of any kind."—*Washington, D. C.*

"It is a beautiful thing, and puts everybody into an excitement of good humor. Were I a Catholic, I would insist upon Saints Grover & Baker having an eternal holiday in commemoration of their good deeds for humanity."—*Cassius M. Clay.*

"My wife has had one of Grover & Baker's Family Sewing Machines for some time, and I am satisfied it is one of the best labor-saving machines that has been invented. I take much pleasure in recommending it to the public."—*I. G. Harris, Governor of Tennessee.*

"On the recommendation of a friend, I procured, some months since, one of your Family Sewing Machines. My family has been most successful in its use, from the start, without any trouble or difficulty whatever in its management. My wife says it is a 'family blessing,' and could not be induced to dispense with its use—in all of which I most heartily concur."—*James Pollock, Ex-Governor of Pennsylvania.*

"The undersigned, CLERGYMEN of various denominations, having purchased and used in our families GROVER & BAKER'S CELEBRATED FAMILY SEWING MACHINE, take pleasure in recommending it as an instrument fully combining the essentials of a good machine. Its beautiful simplicity, ease of management, and the strength and elasticity of its stitch, unite to render it a machine unsurpassed by any in the market, and one which we feel confident will give satisfaction to all who may purchase and use it."

Rev. W. P. STRICKLAND, New York.
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OFFICES.

495 Broadway, New York; 18 Summer Street, Boston; 730 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia; 181 Baltimore Street, Baltimore; 249 King Street, Charleston; 11 Camp Street, New Orleans; 124 North Fourth Street, St. Louis; 58 West Fourth Street, Cincinnati; 171 Superior Street, Cleveland; and all the principal cities and towns in the United States.

☞ *SEND FOR A CIRCULAR* ☜

sep28-d&wly

Hotels.

UNITED STATES HOTEL,

SOUTH EAST CORNER OF 11TH AND MARKET STREETS, ADJOINING THE PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD DEPOT,

PHILADELPHIA.

The undersigned would respectfully inform the Public that he has taken the above Hotel, formerly known as "THE MANSION HOUSE," which he has refitted and newly furnished throughout.

The Rooms are spacious and commodious, and furnished with every convenience to be found in the best Hotels in the city.

The "UNITED STATES" is admirably located for the convenience of travelers, being under the same roof with the Pennsylvania Railroad Depot, and thus saving both hack hire and porterage of baggage. No pains will be spared to render the "UNITED STATES" a pleasant and agreeable residence to all who may favor it with their patronage. Charges moderate.

oc22-d3mwly H. W. KANAGA, Proprietor.

BUEHLER HOUSE,

MARKET SQUARE, HARRISBURG, PA.,

GEO. J. BOLTON, PROPRIETOR.

CARD.

The above well known and long established Hotel is now undergoing a thorough renovation, and being in a great degree newly furnished, under the proprietorship of Mr. GEORGE J. BOLTON, who has been an inmate of the house for the last three years, and is well known to its guests.

Thankful for the liberal patronage which it has enjoyed, I cheerfully commend Mr. Bolton to the public favor. je7-d&wy WILLIAM BUEHLER.

ST. NICHOLAS HOTEL,

BROADWAY,

NEW YORK

When completed, six years ago, the St. Nicholas was universally pronounced the most magnificent, convenient, and thoroughly organized establishment of the kind on this continent.

What it was then, it remains to-day—*without a rival in size, in sumptuousness*, and in the general elements of comfort and enjoyment.

The Hotel has accommodations for ONE THOUSAND SIX HUNDRED GUESTS, including *ONE HUNDRED COMPLETE SUITES OF APARTMENTS* for families.

SIX HUNDRED PERSONS can be comfortably seated at the tables of its three public dining rooms, and nothing that modern art has devised for the convenience and social gratification of the traveling public has been omitted in its plan, or is neglected in its practical details.

The early reputation of the house at home and abroad, derived from its magnitude, its superb appointments, and its *home-like comforts and luxuries*, has been enhanced every year by the unwearied exertions of the Proprietors.

au24-d3m TREADWELL, WHITCOMB & CO.

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104.

PENNSYLVANIA STEAM DYEING ESTABLISHMENT,

104 MARKET STREET,

BETWEEN FOURTH AND FIFTH,

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Where every description of Ladies' and Gentlemen's Garments, Piece Goods, &c., are Dyed, Cleansed, and finished in the best manner and at the shortest notice.

no6-d&wly DODGE & CO., Proprietors.

EXTRACTS! EXTRACTS!!

WOODSWORTH & BUNNELL'S *SUPERIOR FLAVORING EXTRACTS* OF

BITTER ALMOND,
NECTARINE,
PINE APPLE,
STRAWBERRY,
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LEMON AND VANILLA.

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CRANBERRIES—A very Superior lot at [oct26.] WM. DOCK, JR., & CO'S.

F