LOCAL NEWS.

THE DAILY PATRIOT AND UNION may be had at Jack's Book Store, corner of Third and Market streets.

PATRIOT AND UNION.—The DAILY PATRIOT AND UNION can be had by Dauphin subscribers, every morning, at the periodical store of J. S. FRAIM.

THE Union Prayer Meeting will be held in the Presbyterian Church, on Market Square, this afternoon, at 4 o'clock, as usual.

PERSONS afflicted with affections of the lungs or throat, or any form of chronic disease, can consult Dr. Stewart, at the Buehler House.

Dr. S. is permanently located in Harrisburg, and seems to have been more than usually successful in his practice.

DISCHARGED.—A young man spent Monday night in the lock-up, and was brought before the Mayor yesterday on a charge of larceny, preferred by a man boarding at a tavern at the foot of Walnut street. The prosecutor could not bring the slightest evidence to substantiate his charge—hence we suppress names.

COLD FEET.—If you have cold feet, immerse them morning and evening in cold water, rub with a rough towel, and run about your room till they burn. In one month you will be entirely relieved. All the red pepper and mustard applications are like rum to the stomach, relieve you to-day, but leave you colder to-morrow.

OH! SCISSORS!—Our scissors cut keenly, but they are not a priming to those used by our cousin of the Williamsport *Daily Times*. Ours nip only occasionally; his everlastingly. They are the real *steal* article, and surpass ours by one-half, inasmuch as they nip from us all we can steal and write, too! Such a pair of scissors are worth having.

BEFORE THE MAYOR.—Henry Vallards, of Baltimore, and Michael Hegan, of Luzerne county, were the honored guests of the city hotel on Monday evening. They both claimed to be farmers, in search of work. The Mayor giving credence to to their statements, advised them to strike a bee line for the rural districts, and engage in husking corn—which they will do—"in a pig's eye!"

TO-MORROW NIGHT.—The fancy will hold forth to-morrow night, at Brant's Hall. It will be observed that this is the genuine, Simon-pure Heenan, and no counterfeit, as some have intimated. We believe in everything as advertised—except Mons. Gregoire waltzing with twelve men on his shoulders. That we will not believe until we see it—and it will keep us quite busy to believe it then.

THE RIVER.—Yesterday the river was on a stand, and the descent of drift had sensibly diminished. The operators above the water house have done a perfect land office business, as we see immense piles of slabs, rails and old trees on the bank of the river. Some few valuable saw logs were also arrested in their flight to tide. Quite a number of rafts went down on Monday afternoon, and a few yesterday.

ASSAULT AND BATTERY.—Yesterday morning a well-known lady, who sails under the name of Henrietta Fleck, entered the establishment of William F. Poorman, when some dispute arose between the two, and Henrietta was forcibly ejected—whereupon she entered complaint before Alderman Peffer for assault and battery, and Poorman, for want of bail, was sent to quod. The case was subsequently settled, and Mr. Poorman released.

CHANGE OF MARKET HOURS.—In a few days our citizens will be called upon to sign a petition praying Council to fix 8 o'clock in the morning for the opening of the market, instead of 9½—about the time it now opens. We have several times spoken in favor of a reform of this kind, and we hope that every one who is opposed to getting up at night to go to market will use his exertions to show Council that a majority favor the change.

HISTORY OF RAILROADS AND CANALS.—H. V. Poor, Esq., editor of the *American Railroad Journal*, is engaged upon a full history of the railroads and canals in the United States. The work is to be in two royal octavo volumes of 600 pages each, and it is to be illustrated by seven large, original and carefully engraved maps, with every station on every railroad in the country laid down. This is a new and most useful feature. The first of the two volumes is just published.

ATTEMPT TO DESTROY A RAILROAD TRAIN.—On Wednesday evening two attempts were made to throw the Cleveland and Pittsburg railroad train off the track, near Cleveland. A short time previous to the arrival of the evening train one of the officers of the road found a pile of large stones and a piece of T rail laid across the track at the Warrensville road crossing. The obstructions were so placed that the in-coming train would inevitably have been thrown off the track on striking them. The obstructions were removed. The villains must have been watching the effect of their work, as when the train arrived another pile of stones and a lot of fence rails were lying on the track. The engine passed over the fence rails and struck the stones, but, fortunately, without doing any damage.

HOW THE PRESIDENT IS ELECTED.—The successive steps in the election of President and Vice President of the United States are taken, according to existing laws, at the following dates:

1. By the act of Congress 1843 the Electors for President and Vice President of the United States are appointed in each State on the Tuesday next *after* the first Monday in November.
2. By the act af 1792 these Electors are to meet on the *first* Wednesday in December after, in their respective States, to cast their votes.
3. These votes, when cast, are to be certified by the Electors and *sealed up* and sent to the President of the Senate.
4. On the *second* Wednesday in February after, the sealed certificates of the Electors are to be broken open and the votes counted, and the result declared in the presence of Congress.

STEAM FURNACES.—A writer in the London *Engineer* presents a variety of reasons why, in all heating apparatus, the place of combustion and the place of heating should be distinct and separate.—Two places can be distinct without being separated by solid walls; they can be comprised in the same structure, as long as they occupy different places. The place of combustion is itself composed in two parts, the flame and the coke. The flame is the place of the combustion of the gas exhaled by the combustible; the exterior surface of the coke is the place of combustion of the carbon of the combustible, which remains in the solid state, after the disengagement of the gas. The flame and the coke are always luminous, and therefore always visible; and it is thus always easy to distinguish the place of combustion. If the total volume of the flame and coke is smaller than that of the fireplace, or of the capacity in which the combustion is effected, the sides of that enclosure can be formed by the surfaces of bodies to be heated, or by those of bodies of which the function is to contain the bodies to be heated, and to transmit heat to them. But if the volume of coke added to that which the flame occupies in its entire development is greater than that of the fireplace, the sides of the fireplace are forced in immediate contact with the coke and with the flame, and they occupy part of the place of combustion; they should not then be formed by the sold surfaces of bodies to be heated, but should be impenetrable to heat.

TOBACCO.—The following resolution was passed by the Iowa Annual Conference of the Wesleyan Methodist Church, at its late session:

Resolved, That hereafter no person shall receive elder's orders from this body who defiles himself by the use of the vile weed, tobacco.

The Old School Presbyterian Synod of Pittsburg, at its late Session in Indiana, Pa., adopted the following resolution:

Resolved, That the Synod recommends to the several Presbyteries to take such measures as may discourage the use of tobacco by all persons, and especially by those of our youth who are preparing to enter the Gospel ministry.

Well, what next? Sumptuary laws to prescribe what we shall eat and drink, and the stated periods at which we shall gratify the appetite? And then, we presume, a regular code of blue laws will follow to regulate our domestic affairs. If a man is to be debarred from taking the degrees in the Iowa Wesleyan Church because he "defiles" himself by the use of tobacco, we, for one, shall never become a member of *that* Church. Not all the bulls fulminated by *zealots*, or the imperial ukases issued by the Rev. Armageddon Biblethumpers shall weigh one feather with us, for we have smoked a quarter of a century and experienced no ill effects from it, and it is too late in the day to lay aside the generous pipe or fragrant cigar, which has afforded us so much consolation in hours of sadness and adversity, as well as moments of joy and prosperity. We have great respect for pure and undefiled religion when it confines itself to teaching man his duties on earth and prepares him for Heaven—but none whatever for that kind which binds a man down to restrictions not contemplated by the law or the prophets, or undertakes to regulate our domestic affairs. Cleanliness is akin to godliness, but we have yet to learn that smoking is a filthy practice which defiles a man. Every devotee to the weed will acknowledge that smoking or chewing are bad habits, but there are differences of opinion in regard to them as vices. "Clothed with a little brief authority," our impression is that those who pass such resolutions rather do it to show their arbitrary power as keepers of their brothers' conscience, than any real objection to a habit which is neither sinful nor injurious to them.

AMERICAN FORESTS.—The London *Times* correspondent writes:

There is something in the ponderous stillness of these forests—something in their wild, torn, mossy darkness, their utter solitude and mournful silence which impresses the traveler in a new aspect each time he sees them—which awake ideas of melancholy which I wish I could describe, though I cannot forget. In Upper Canada the endless hills of pine give way at last, or at most stand thinly intermingled with gigantic beeches, tall hemlocks and ash, with maples, birch and wild sycamore, the underwood of these great leafy hills. Mile after mile and hour after hour of such a route was passed—a deep black solitude, with here and there a vista opening up, showing the massive trunks, gray as cathedral ruins, which bore the rich canopy of leaves aloft. I call it leaves, for even the hurry of writing would not excuse its being called a canopy of green. The winter is closing in fast upon the sombre glory of the forests, and they stand in such glowing tints, such deep rich scarlets, as if the leaves were steeped in blood; such piles of glittering yellows, of pinks, and quiet faded mellow hues, that you gaze, lost in admiration, as hill after hill opens out in sheets of burning color, like the last grand shower of Nature's pyrotechnics before they close in frost and snow and darkness for the winter season. Crossley and other artists may paint an American autumn, but who can describe it? Look at the monstrous pine, that was barked last year, and which, all dead and white, seems to spread its lean, shrivelled arms abroad like fleshless bones, trying to stay its fall. Over the trunk a creeper comes, which, turned to pink, to purple, gold and scarlet, by a few nights' frost, droops in festoons of color like ragged, brilliant drapery; but so bright, so wild and graceful in its quiet curves, that it seems at once both more and less than natural—the work of a decorator in its arrangement of colors, such as only Nature's colors ever give. In the forground stands a clump of trees, clustering round in piles of gold, intermixed with wild sycamores of light, quick green, red, purple, crimson and almost blue. Behind are trees of every shade of autumn glory, from faded gold to almost black, while above towers the massive deep-green pine, unchangeable in its solemn features as Canada itself, with a host of umbrageous deserters round it in wrinkled brown and faded leaves of all hues, rustling to the wind with a sharp dry crackle as the "fall" comes on them. Let any one who can from such poor description imagine miles upon miles of this forest scenery bathed in all the tints of a stormy sunset, with hill and vale, mountain and river bank deep swathed in gorgeous robes of hues like these, and he can then form a poor—though but a poor—idea of what North American scenery is during the Indian summer, that bright, quiet, treacherous forerunner of the severest winter in the world.

A VICIOUS DOG.—Yesterday morning as a young man named M'Cormick was riding a horse along Walnut street, a vicious dog belonging to John Sanders, which was following the furniture car at the time, made an attack upon the horse, and bit him on one of the hind legs. The horse ran, but the dog followed, and bit and tore the flesh in several places. The latter reared and plunged, and it was only through his skill as a horseman that M'Cormick maintained his position. There was only one opinion among those who witnessed the occurrence, and that was that the dog ought to be despatched forthwith. The dog, however, is only the counterpart of hundreds of other vicious curs that our city is infested with—hundreds that are neither useful nor ornamental, but a positively dangerous nuisance to the community. It is a common thing for two or three dogs to give chase to a cow on the suburbs of the city, and the next we shall see some of them attacking children for want of subjects to give them exercise. Vicious, worthless dogs are multiplying so rapidly since the expiration of the time for the enforcement of the dog ordinance, that we should not be surprised if the strychnine operators were to resume business at an early day. The lacerating of such a noble animal as a horse by such a worthless brute as a dog will have a tendency to provoke them to it, and we advise all who have valuable dogs to keep them in their back yards—which, after all, is the proper place for them, and not the street. We hear that Mr. M'Cormick will bring suit against Mr. Sanders.

WHAT BECOMES OF PRECOCIOUS CHILDREN.—Baillet mentions one hundred and sixty-three children endowed with extraordinary talents, among whom few arrived at an advanced age. The two sons of Quintilian, so vaunted by their father, did not reach their tenth year. Hermogeness, who, at the age of fifteen, taught rhetoric to Marcus Aurelius, who triumphed over the most celebrated rhetoricians of Greece, did not die, but at twenty-four lost his faculties, and forgot all he had previously acquired. Pica di Mirandola died at thirty-two, Johannes Secundus at twenty-five, having at the age of fifteen composed verses, and become profoundly versed in jurisprudence and letters. Pascal, whose genius developed itself at ten years old, did not attain the third of a century.

In 1791, a child was born at Lubeck, named Henri Heinnecken, whose precocity was miraculous. At ten months of age he spoke distinctly; at twelve, learned the Pentateuch by rote, and at fourteen months was perfectly acquainted with the Old and New Testament. At two years he was as familiar with Ancient History as the most erudite authors of antiquity. Sanson and D'Anville only could compete with him in geographical knowledge. Cicero would have thought him an "alter ego" on hearing him converse in Latin, and in modern language he was equally proficient. The wonderful child was unfortunately carried off in his fourth year. According to the popular proverb—"the sword wore out the sheath."

THE RAPE CASE.—The *Telegraph* of yesterday intimates that the rape case mentioned in our paper of yesterday will, on investigation, prove a conspiracy. That may be. We merely gave the facts, without venturing upon any opinion, and it is due to the defendant that there should be a suspension of public opinion until the Court decides upon the merits of the case.

It is proper to state here that the *Telegraph* does Mr. John Paulus great injustice. Mr. P. alleges that he kept an orderly and respectable tavern on the Ridge road, as he is able to prove by all his neighbors at the time, and not a rowdy lager beer saloon—and further, that he has not nothing to do with the rape case, either directly or indirectly, and coupling his name with it, merely because the woman alleged that the transaction took place at his house is gratuitous and insulting. Mr. Paulus has always been regarded as a highly respectable and honorable man.

GAS METERS.—An exchange paper gives the following timely advice to gas consumers:

"The time has arrived when a little attention paid to gas meters would save a world of trouble when cold weather attacks them. If people would pay as much attention to those indispensable articles as they ordinarily do to a bushel of potatoes or a barrel of apples, no trouble would be experienced. A box to enclose the meter, with a lining of straw, or rags, or sawdust, or even an old bed-quilt wrapped and tied around it will keep the frost away and save the temper of the household on many otherwise trying occasions. There is no more disagreeable adjunct to house-keeping than to go home at night and find the gas frozen up and a sickly tallow dip stuck in a tumbler lighting the supper table. If upright men may be excused for indulging in profanity on any occasion, this is the one above all others. Take warning, then, and protect your meters.

THE PROGRESS OF THE JEWISH NATION.—The *Hebrew Messenger* adverts with a spirit of gladness to the progress of liberal ideas and the tolerance extended toward the Jews of Europe during the year passed:

In Great Britain, France and Holland our co-religionists retain the same high standing which in a free country they are certain to secure. Distinguished honors have been paid to several Israelitish citizens of these sovereignties. From Russia we have intelligence of continued progress in liberal enactments, and the condition of our community is one of prosperity and advancement. In Poland, likewise, old prejudices are wearing off.—Dr. Hirshfield, for instance, has been elevated to an important professorship in the Warsaw University. In Galicia illiberal measures are yet being enforced, Austria has witnessed some little improvement in the condition of her Jewish population during the past year, though whether it is likely to last we have our fears. In Prussia and the minor German States nothing worthy of particular mention has transpired, although, on the whole, the condition of things is favorable. The Grand Duchy of Hesse boasts of a Jewish Mayor. Our Italian brethren are doing well. * * * In Spain and Portugal Judaism is once more openly practiced, where, since the close of the fifteenth century, it has been interdicted.

In what other age of the Christian world could this have been asserted? Jewish literature seems not to flourish in the United States; but two books have been printed in Hebrew on this side of the Atlantic during the year past, though in Europe the labors of Auerbach, Philopsoha, Stauben, &c., are eminently appreciated. A Jewish Professor, Stern, is now attached to the University of Gottingen. Three Jewish papers have been started during the year, viz: at Tunis, Mayence and Odessa.

ORIGIN OF CONSUMPTION.—The *American Medical Monthly* for September, contains some novel and interesting views relative to the nature and treatment of consumption. The seat of this terrible malady is affirmed to be the lympathic system of vessels; and as these minute tubes form a close interlacement throughout the whole body, being also endowed with much activity, diseased fluids transmitted through them are liable, under certain conditions, to be deposited anywhere, and to be spread or accumulated with prodigious rapidity. The nature of consumption is stated to consist in a deprivation of the fluids which are propelled through these tiny lympathic conduits. Two theories are proposed to account for the presence of the pernicious elements which here taint and poison the springs of life at their source. One party affirms that the process of nutrition is at fault, and that part of the food eaten is lazily and imperfectly assimilated, offering itself in a crude, half prepared state, to the action of vessels not adapted to deal with such material, but only with that which has been submitted to a complete preliminary elaboration. Hence cellular development, the first step in organization, is impossible. The fluid cannot be taken up. It never becomes vitalized or forms a union with any living tissue. On the contrary, it is a burden, and soon causes mischief. Another party thinks that the material thus existing in the far-reaching network of lympathic vessels is due to decay, and contains the products of organic dissolution.

Both opinions are well supported, and perhaps both may prove to be true. That some noxious materials, whether the *debris* of used up tissues, or whether dead elements refusing to become new tissues, are thrown copiously near the lympathics, is agreed; and also that the quantity of such products is so great that this active sewarge-apparatus cannot carry it away. It accumulates and hardens into tubercles. The cause of this dreadful malady is stated by our author to be primarily the want of oxygen, whose presence in sufficient quantity would either prevent the formation of the tuberculous material, or would give power to cast it out as soon as formed. A cure in the early stage of the disease is said to have sometimes been secured by the use of chlorate of potass, and other remedies which supply oxygen to the blood. Prevention, however, here as everywhere, is easier than cure, and is seldom impossible, whatever be the hereditary tendency to the malady. Muscular exercise, regular habits, fresh air, suitable food, ample rest, active occupation, well ventilated apartments, proper clothing, and exemption from corroding anxiety are among the indispensable and most ordinary precautions.

WORTH KNOWING.—That Brownold & Sam, corner of Market and Second streets, sell linen handkerchiefs at 6¼, worth 12½ cents; Chenil scarfs at 25 cts., worth double; gent's pure linen handkerchiefs, 25 cts., worth 50 cents; splendid levy calicoes at 10 cents; hemp carpet, 20 cts., worth 31; half wool carpet at 25, worth 37½; all wool, 50a56, worth 62½ and 75 cents; a great assortment of gloves and Hosiery; floor oil cloth at 37½a44, worth 50a62 cts. Blonds, Nubias, children's hoods, muslins, &c., &c., &c.; and, best of all, double Broche shawls at only $7.00, worth $14 00. All these and many other bargains to be had at Brownold's cheap corner, Market and Second streets, Wyeth's building, opposite Jones House. no6-d2w†

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!—Having returned from New York, I have received now a large lot of goods, all of which I bought at auction. One hundred pieces of beautiful Set Flower De Laines, the best quality, which generally sells for 25 cents, at 20 cents; 50 pieces Unbleached Muslin, the best in town, at 10 cents; 150 pieces of Cassinetts, Satinetts and Cassimeres, from 25 cents up to $1.25 a yard; 25 pieces of White Flannel, cotton mixed, at 15 cents; 25 dozen of White Merino Stockings at 15 cents; 50 dozen of Gent's Wool Socks, 20 cents a pair; 10 dozen Gent's All-Linen Pocket Handkerchiefs with Colored Borders, very fine, 31 cents; good Merino Undershirts and Drawers, at 65 and 75 cents a piece. A lot of beautiful Traveling Baskets. Best Calicoes, 10 cents, warranted fast colors.

Please call at LEWY'S, at the old stand of John Rhoads, Esq., deceased. tf.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

HELMBOLD'S GENUINE PREPARATION Cures Gravel, Bladder, Dropsy, Kidney Affections.

HELMBOLD'S Genuine Preparation for Nervous and Debilitated Sufferers.

HELMBOLD'S Genuine Preparation for Loss of Power, Loss of Memory.

HELMBOLD'S Genuine Preparation for Difficulty of Breathing, General Weakness.

HELMBOLD'S Genuine Preparation for Weak Nerves, Horror of Death, Trembling.

HELMBOLD'S Genuine Preparation for Night Sweats, Cold Feet, Dimness of Vision.

HELMBOLD'S Genuine Preparation for Languor, Universal Lassitude of the Muscular System.

HELMBOLD'S Genuine Preparation for Pallid Countenance and Eruptions.

HELMBOLD'S Genuine Preparation for Pains in the Back, Headache, Sick Stomach.

☞ See advertisement headed HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU in another column. no14 d&w3m

FEVER AND AGUE, AND ALL FEVERS are cured by perseverance with BRANDRETH'S PILLS, which takes all poisons, of whatever nature they may be, from the circulation.

Mr. John Y. Haight, Supervisor of New Castle, Westchester county, New York, says, November, 1858:

"I was, two years ago, attacked with fever and ague, which, notwithstanding the best medical advice, continued to sorely afflict me for six tedious months; I became yellow as saffron, and reduced to skin and bone. Medicine and physicians were abandoned in despair. As an experiment, I concluded to try a single dose of six of Brandreth's Universal Vegetable Pills, on an empty stomach, early in the morning. The first dose seemed to arouse all the latent energies of my exhausted frame. I feared the worst—their purgative effect was different from anything I had ever used or heard of. At length this effect ceased, and I seemed lighter and breathed freer. That evening I was indeed sensibly better and slept soundly all night. The next day I followed the same course, and continued to take the pills in this way about three weeks, when I found myself entirely cured. My health has been surprisingly good ever since."

Sold, price 25 cents, at No. 294 Canal street, New York, and by all Druggists. Also, by GEO. H. BELL, corner of Second and Chestnut streets, Harrisburg, and by all respectable dealers in medicines. no8-d&w1m

THE JAPANESE,
THE GREAT EASTERN,
H. R. H. THE PRINCE OF WALES,
DE JOINVILLE,
May come and go and be
FORGOTTEN,
But the lustre, the ebony blackness, the rich browns, the natural appearance, the sensation of pride and pleasure, produced by the application of that harmless preparation,
CRISTADORO'S EXCELSIOR HAIR DYE,
Will unquestionably be gratefully REMEMBERED
By all who use it, inasmuch as
"*A THING OF BEAUTY IS A JOY FOREVER.*"
Prepared No. 6 Astor House, New York. Sold everywhere, and applied by all Hair Dressers. no6-d&w1m

WE call the attention of our readers to an article advertised in another column, called BLOOD FOOD. It is an entirely new discovery, and must not be confounded with any of the numerous patent medicines of the day. It is FOOD FOR THE BLOOD, already prepared for absorption; pleasant to the taste and natural in action, and what one gains he retains. Let all those, then, who are suffering from poverty, impurity or deficiency of blood, and consequently with some chronic disease or ailment, take of this BLOOD FOOD and be restored to health. We notice that our druggists have received a supply of this article, and also of the world-renowned Dr. EATON'S INFANTILE CORDIAL, which every mother should have. It contains no paragoric or opiate of any kind whatever, and of course must be invaluable for all infantile complaints. It will allay all pain, and soften the gums in process of teething, and at the same time regulate the bowels. Let all mothers and nurses, who have endured anxious days and sleepless nights, procure a supply and be at once relieved.

☞ See advertisement. au17-d&w3m

Mothers, read this.

The following is an extract from a letter written by a pastor of the Baptist Church to the *Journal and Messenger*, Cincinnati, Ohio, and speaks volumes in favor of that world-renowned medicine—MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP FOR CHILDREN TEETHING:

"We see an advertisement in your columns of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. Now we never said a word in favor of a patent medicine before in our life, but we feel compelled to say to your readers, that this is no humbug—WE HAVE TRIED IT, AND KNOW IT TO BE ALL IT CLAIMS. It is, probably, one of the most successful medicines of the day, because it is one of the best. And those of your readers who have babies can't do better than to lay in a supply. sep29-d&wly

IMPORTANT TO FEMALES
DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS.

The combination of ingredients in these Pills are the result of a long and extensive practice. They are mild in their operation, and certain in correcting all irregularities, painful menstruration, removing all obstructions, whether from cold or otherwise, headache, pain in the side, palpitation of the heart, whites, all nervous affections, hysterics, fatigue, pain in the back and limbs, &c., disturbed sleep, which arise from interruption of nature.

DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS

was the commencement of a new era in the treatment of those irregularities and obstructions which have consigned so many thousands of the young, the beautiful, and the beloved to a PREMATURE GRAVE. No female can enjoy good health unless she is regular, and whenever an obstruction takes place the general health begins to decline.

DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS

are the most effectual remedy ever known for all complaints peculiar to *Females*. To all classes they are invaluable, *inducing, with certainty, periodical regularity*. They are known to thousands, who have used them at different periods, throughout the country, having the sanction of some of the most *eminent Physicians in America*.

Explicit directions, stating when, and when they should not be used, accompany each box—the *Price One Dollar each box, containing forty Pills*.

A valuable Pamphlet, to be had free, of the Agents. Pills *sent by mail, promptly*, by enclosing price to the General Agent. Sold by druggists generally.

R. B. HUTCHINGS, General Agent.
14 Broadway, New York.
Sold in Harrisburg by C. A. BANNVART.
decl '59-d&wly

☞ *WARRANTED IN ALL CASES* ☜

DR. HARVEY'S
CHRONO THERMAL FEMALE PILLS.

For the prevention and Cure of all those difficulties to which the female system is peculiarly liable arising from STOPPAGE OF NATURE OR OBSTRUCTION.

These Pills have never been known to fail when the directions have been strictly followed, and they are perfectly saf. to take by the most delicate.

TO MARRIED LADIES they are particularly recommended, as they prevent difficulties, and restore nature, no matter from what cause the obstruction may arise. A few days in most cases will produce the desired effect; and although so powerful, yet no injury will ever result from their use. But those who are pregnant should not use them, as they have an effect contrary to nature. Pamphlets detailing their virtues, with numerous certificates from well known physicians and apothecaries, can be had on application to the agent, who will send the Pills, if desired, by mail, post-paid, to any address, on receipt of the money. Sold in boxes containing sixty pills, by all the principal druggists and dealers, and by DYOTT & CO., wholesale agents, North Second street, Philadelphia.
nov2-ecdd&wly

A NEW REMEDY.

Superseding CUBEBS, COPAIBA, CAPSULES, or any compound that has ever been before the people. It has been used by

ONE HUNDRED PHYSICIANS,

In their private practice, with entire success, in all cases.

BELL'S SPECIFIC PILLS,

For diseases of a private nature; *a cure is frequently performed in a week*, and entire confidence may be placed in them. This remedy is a newly discovered specific, more active and speedy in its effects than Cubebs or Copaiba alone. The pills are half the size of Capsules, and never nauseate the stomach, or impregnate the breath. Six dozen pills in a box—price one dollar, and will be sent by mail, post-paid, by the agent, on receipt of the money.

Sold by all the principal druggists and dealers, and by DYOTT & CO., wholesale agents, North Second street, Philadelphia. nov2-eodd&wly

Dr. Brunon's Concentrated Remedies.

No. 1. THE GREAT REVIVER, speedily eradicates all the evil effects of SELF-ABUSE, as Loss of Memory, Shortness of Breath, Giddiness, Palpitation of the Heart, Dimness of Vision, or any constitutional derangements of the system, brought on by the unrestrained indulgence of the passions. Acts alike on either sex. Price One Dollar.

No. 2. THE BALM will cure in from two to eight days, any case of GONORRHŒA, is without taste or smell, and requires no restriction of action or diet. For either sex. Price One Dollar.

No. 3. THE TERER will cure in the shortest possible time, any case of GLEET, even after all other Remedies have failed to produce the desired effect. No taste or Smell. Price One Dollar.

No. 4. THE PUNITER is the only Remedy that will really cure Strictures of the Urethra. No matter of how long standing or neglected the case may be. Price One Dollar.

No. 5. THE SOLUTOR will cure any case of GRAVEL, permanently and speedily remove all afflictions of the Bladder and Kidneys. Price One Dollar.

No. 6. FOR PARTICULARS SEE CIRCULAR.

No. 7. THE AMARIN will cure the Whites, radically, and in a much shorter time than they can be removed by any other treatment. In fact, is the only remedy that will really correct this disorder. Pleasant to take. Price One Dollar.

No. 8. THE ORIENTAL PASTILS are certain, safe and speedy in producing MENSTRUATION, or correcting any Irregularities of the monthly periods. Price Two Dollars.

No 9. FOR PARTICULARS SEE CIRCULAR.

Either Remedy sent free by mail on receipt of the price annexed. Enclose postage stamp and get a Circular.

General Depot North-East corner of York Avenue and Callowhill Street. Private Office 401 York Avenue, Philadelphia, Pa

For sale in Harrisburg only by C. A. BANNVART, where Circulars containing valuable information, with full descriptions of each case, will be delivered gratis, on application. Address DR. FELIX BRUNON,
my1-d1y P. O. Box 99, Philadelphia, Pa.

THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY.—Sir James Clarke's Celebrated Female Pills, prepared from a prescription of Sir J. Clarke, M. D., Physician Extraordinary to the Queen.

This invaluable medicine is unfailing in the cure of all those painful and dangerous diseases to which the female constitution is subject. It moderates all excess and removes all obstructions, and a speedy cure may be relied on.

TO MARRIED LADIES

it is peculiarly suited. It will in a short time bring on the monthly period with regularity.

Each bottle, price One Dollar, bears the Government Stamp of Great Britain, to prevent counterfeits.

THESE PILLS SHOULD NOT BE TAKEN BY FEMALES DURING THE FIRST THREE MONTHS OF PREGNANCY, AS THEY ARE SURE TO BRING ON MISCARRIAGE, BUT AT ANY OTHER TIME THEY ARE SAFE.

In all cases of Nervous and Spinal Affections, Pain in the Back and Limbs, Fatigue on slight exertion, Palpitation of the Heart, Hysterics and Whites, these Pills will effect a cure when all other means have failed, and although a powerful remedy, do not contain iron, calomel, antimony, or anything hurtful to the constitution.

Full directions in the pamphlet around each package, which should be carefully preserved.

N. B.—$1,00 and 6 postage stamps enclosed to any authorized Agent, will insure a bottle, containing over 50 pills, by return mail.

For sale by C. A. BANNVART, Harrisburg. jy7-daw1y

For Sale & To Rent.

FOR SALE OR RENT—On very favorable terms, a commodious BRICK HOUSE on Walnut street, near Second. Possession to be given on the first of April next. Inquire of Dr. JAMES FLEMING, Second street, above Walnut.

Harrisburg, November 9, 1860.—no9-dtf

FOR SALE—A Light Spring One-Horse WAGON. Apply at Patterson's Store, Broad street, West Harrisburg. oc31-dtf

RARE CHANCE FOR INVESMENT.

SALE OF
VALUABLE HOTEL PROPERTY
IN THE CITY OF HARRISBURG.

That well-known and valuable hotel property known as the

"SUSQUEHANNA HOUSE,"

now in the occupancy of Wm. Mocherman, situate on the east end of Market street, and immediately opposite the Pennsylvania Railroad Depot, will be offered at PRIVATE SALE until the 4th of December next, and if not sold before that time, will be put up at Public Auction on that day.

This is the most desirable property in the city of Harrisburg for hotel business. Its proximity to the Pennsylvania Railroad Depot, and the depot of all the railroads centreing at Harrisburg, makes it more convenient and accessible to the traveling public than any other Hotel in the city.

Further information in regard to this property and as to the terms of sale, may be had by applying to

WM. H. MILLER, Attorney-at-Law,
North corner Market Square, (Wyeth's Building,) second story front. oct2-d&wts

NOTICE TO SPECULATORS!

VALUABLE BUILDING LOTS FOR SALE!

A number of large size BUILDING LOTS, adjoining the Round House and Work Shops of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, will be sold low and on reasonable terms. Apply to au29-d6m JOHN W. HALL.

NOTICE.—A parochial residence being about to be erected with St. Patrick's Church, the Rev. P. Maher offers for sale the place wherein he resides. Application to Rev P. MAHER or Major BRADY.
May 3, 1860.—my4-dtf

FOR RENT—A Commodious Two-Story DWELLING HOUSE, (in Second street, below Pine,) with wide Hall, large Back Building, Marble Mantels in Parlors, Gas in six rooms, all the rooms just papered and painted. The second story divided into seven rooms, one of which is a Bath. This, in connection with the fact that the house has just been placed in the most thorough repair, makes it one of the most desirable houses in the city. Enquire of E. M. POLLOCK,
ap19 Market Square, Harrisburg.

FOR SALE—A Vacant Lot of Ground, situated in the borough of Harrisburg, adjoining the corner lot of the northwest corner of Second and State streets. The lot has a front of 56 feet. For particulars enquire of [jan20-dtf] E. C. WILLIAMS.

FOR RENT—Two BRICK TWO-STORY HOUSES on Pine street, between Second and Third; also, Mrs. Cline's COTTAGE and several FRAME HOUSES. Enquire of
MRS. MURRAY,
jan17-dtf] Corner of Second and Pine streets.

FOR SALE—One Teamster's Wagon, two Coal Carts, one large Cart, suitable for farming purposes. Apply to
my13 JAMES M. WHEELER.

Sewing Machines.

THE GROVER & BAKER
NOISELESS
FAMILY SEWING MACHINE

is rapidly superseding all others for family use. The DOUBLE LOCK-STITCH formed by this Machine is found to be *the only one* which survives the wash-tub on bias seams, and, therefore, the only one permanently valuable for Family Sewing.

READ THE FOLLOWING TESTIMONY:

"MRS. JEFFERSON DAVIS, presents her compliments to Grover & Baker, and takes pleasure in saying that she has used one of their Machines for two years, and finds it still in good order, makes a beautiful stitch, and does easily work of any kind."—*Washington, D C.*

"It is a beautiful thing, and puts everybody into an excitement of good humor. Were I a Catholic, I would insist upon Saints Grover & Baker having an eternal holiday in commemoration of their good deeds for humanity."—*Cassius M. Clay.*

"My wife has had one of Grover & Baker's Family Sewing Machines for some time, and I am satisfied it is one of the best labor-saving machines that has been invented. I take much pleasure in recommending it to the public."—*I. G. Harris, Governor of Tennessee.*

"On the recommendation of a friend, I procured, some months since, one of your Family Sewing Machines. My family has been most successful in its use, from the start, without any trouble or difficulty whatever in its management. My wife says it is a 'family blessing,' and could not be induced to dispense with its use—in all of which I most heartily concur."—*James Pollock, Ex-Governor of Pennsylvania.*

"The undersigned, CLERGYMEN of various denominations, having purchased and used in our families GROVER & BAKER'S CELEBRATED FAMILY SEWING MACHINE, take pleasure in recommending it as an instrument fully combining the essentials of a good machine. Its beautiful simplicity, ease of management, and the strength and elasticity of its stitch, unite to render it a machine unsurpassed by any in the market, and one which we feel confident will give satisfaction to all who may purchase and use it."

Rev. W P. STRICKLAND, New York.
Rev. E. P. RODGERS, D. D., Albany, N. Y.
Rev. W. B. SPRAGUE, D. D., Albany, N. Y.
Rev. JOHN CROSS, Baltimore, Md.
Rev. JOHN M'CRON, D. D., Baltimore, Md.
Rev. W A. CROCKER, Norfolk, Va.
Rev. JOHN PARIS, Norfolk, Va
Rev. C. HANKEL, D. D., Charleston, S. C.
Rev. C. A. LOYAL, Charleston, S. C.
Rev. B. B. ROSS, Mobile, Ala.
Rev. A. A. PORTER, Selma, Ala
Prof. W. D. WILSON, D. D., Geneva, N. Y.
Rev. W. H. CURRY, A. M., Geneva, N. Y.
Rev. I. TURNBULL BACKUS, D. D., Schenectady, N. Y.
Rev. B. W. CHIDLAW, A. M., Cincinnati, Ohio.
Rev. W. PERKINS, Cincinnati, Ohio.
Prof. I. I. McELHENNY, D. D., Gambier, Ohio.
Rev. ENSTEIN MORBOUGH, Cambridge City, Ind.
Rev. JOSEPH ELDRIDGE, Norfolk, Conn.
Rev. OSMOND C. BAKER, Bishop of M. E. Church, Concord, N. H.

OFFICES.

495 Broadway, New York; 18 Summer Street, Boston; 730 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia; 181 Baltimore Street, Baltimore; 249 King Street, Charleston; 11 Camp Street, New Orleans; 124 North Fourth Street, St. Louis; 58 West Fourth Street, Cincinnati; 171 Superior Street, Cleveland; and all the principal cities and towns in the United States.

☞ *SEND FOR A CIRCULAR* ☜
sep28-d&wly

Dyeing.

ALL WORK PROMISED IN
ONE WEEK!

104.
PENNSYLVANIA
STEAM DYEING ESTABLISHMENT,
104 MARKET STREET,
BETWEEN FOURTH AND FIFTH,
HARRISBURG, PA.,

Where every description of Ladies' and Gentlemen's Garments, Piece Goods, &c., are Dyed, Cleansed, and finished in the best manner and at the shortest notice.
no6-d&wly DODGE & CO., Proprietors.

BURLINGTON HERRING!
Just received by WM. DOCK, JR., & CO.
oc26

JOHN C. HEENAN'S

RECEPTION FESTIVAL.

AT BRANT'S HALL, HARRISBURG, ON THURSDAY EVENING, NOVEMBER 15TH.

Upon which occasion he will be assisted by AARON JONES, of London, and NED PRICE, of Boston.

The arrangements will be conducted upon the most unexceptionable principles, and will be found in every respect worthy of the patronage of the elite. It is the intention of the management of the Festival to present as nearly as possible, the INTERNATIONAL CONTEST between Messrs. SAYERS and HEENAN, at Farnborough, England, April 17. In which the principals will give their MANLY MEETINGS, SO THAT LADIES AND GENTLEMEN OF THIS CITY can witness the EXCITING AND CHIVALRIC EMULATIONS between the knights and champions of the 24 feet space.

The object of this Fete, independent of conferring a well-merited compliment to the recipient of the ovation, is to allow that portion of the community who have never seen a struggle for superiority of science or strength between opponents an opportunity of witnessing the *modus operandi* incident to such events, void of