

LOCAL NEWS.

THE DAILY PATRIOT AND UNION may be had at Jack's Book Store, corner of Third and Market streets.

PATRIOT AND UNION.—The DAILY PATRIOT AND UNION can be had by Dauphin subscribers, every morning, at the periodical store of J. S. FRANK.

The Union Prayer Meeting will be held in the Presbyterian Church, on Market Square, this afternoon, at 4 o'clock, as usual.

SETTLED.—The weather has settled at last, and we had a glorious day of bright sunshine yesterday, and in all human probability will have the same to-day. The long-looked for Indian Summer must be at hand.

FUNERAL.—The funeral of Joshua Fackler will take place at half past two o'clock this afternoon. The Hope Fire Company, of which Mr. F. was a member, will attend in a body, and delegations from other fire companies will also participate.

ANORA BOREALIS.—On Sunday evening, between 8 and 9 o'clock, there was a brilliant display of the Northern Lights. They differed materially from those last witnessed, as on this occasion they were completely white, without a red tinge about them.

ENTERED UPON HIS DUTIES.—Jeane S. Waterbury, Esq., the newly appointed Chief of Police, entered upon the discharge of his official duties yesterday morning. Everybody predicts that Mr. W. will make a very energetic officer, and we hope nobody will be disappointed in their expectations.

RISE IN THE RIVER.—The late rains brought the river up considerably. On Sunday it rose full five feet. On Saturday, Sunday and Monday morning there were acres of wild ducks on the river, and yet we did not hear of any considerable number of them being shot.

PYRAMIDS.—The Supervisor gave his undivided attention yesterday morning to Third street, between Market and Walnut. By nine o'clock he had up some thirty pyramids of mud of various sizes, and still the diminution of the article in the streets was nothing to brag of. Nevertheless, we are thankful for what has been removed.

THE ONE SESSION MOVEMENT.—The proposed one session per day in the public schools of Philadelphia has been overwhelmingly defeated, as appears by the returns received from the several boards at the Controller's office. Nineteen out of the twenty-four sections have instructed their controller to vote against it.

THE SEASON FOR MAKING KRAUT is at hand, and many of our German fellow-citizens are now engaged in putting up that delightful winter luxury. Sauer kraut and "pep" is considered "some" among the people of Pennsylvania, and all who have ever tasted it will admit that it is not bad to take—especially if one has been properly "educated."

REW OVEN.—A. Dogg, well known to many of our citizens, was run over and almost instantly killed, opposite Pike's tavern last week. He was a bone polisher by occupation, and was engaged in his calling when he met his death. Such is life.—Venango Spectator.

WE SHOULD RATHER SUPPOSE THAT such is death when A. Dogg goes to ye bow wow!

GAS COMPANY ELECTION.—At an election held yesterday afternoon, the following gentlemen were elected Directors and officers of the Gas Company for the ensuing year:—Valentine Hummel, Sr., A. Patterson, W. W. Rutherford, Geo. S. Scribble; Wm. Dock, President; Wm. T. Bishop, Treasurer; Geo. Barger, Secretary.

TERRIBLE TO CUT.—Philip Weaver was a little chafed yesterday, and undertook to raise Cain promiscuously. He made several attempts to cut his son with a knife, and refused to allow himself to be peacefully taken by officer Fleck—whereupon the officer was under the necessity of knocking him down before he could take him. Alderman Peffer gave Philip a hearing, and adjudged him a cell in the Walnut Street Asylum, where the knife cannot be used to any advantage.

FRAXINUS.—There is no remedy so well adapted to the removal of chronic irritation of the stomach, and inactivity of the liver, as the fraxin. I have known one grain, taken three times a day, to give immediate relief, after the patient had taken blue pill and other remedies for years without benefit. The best method of using it is to triturate thirty grains of the fraxin in four ounces of neutralizing mixture, and give one teaspoonful three times a day, one half hour before meals.

BURNS are inflamed burns, which are bags placed over the prominent parts to protect them from pressure. They occur chiefly over that of the great toe, and are exceedingly painful. The best application for an inflamed burn is an evaporating lotion of wood-vinager, spirits and water, used hot, resting the foot, and keeping it elevated. When the inflammation is reduced, apply a piece of leather spread with a plaster of ammoniacum, and keep it on for some weeks, renewing it if necessary.

DEATH OF JOSHUA FACKLER.—We are pained to announce the sudden demise of Joshua Fackler, engineer at the City Water Works—a position he has filled for several years, and to which he was only re-elected some two or three weeks ago. Mr. F., we presume, was a native of this place—at least he figured in politics here twenty-five years ago. He was sick but a week, and died of inflammation of the bowels. He was about fifty years of age, and leaves a large family to mourn his loss.

IN TOWN.—Hon. Charles Kortright, the British Consul at Philadelphia, was in town several days last week, stopping at the Buehler House, and left for home yesterday morning. He came up with his Marston for a few days shooting, and in company with several of our citizens, he gave the partridges over the river, and up the river, a taste of his qualities as a marksman. The Consul is not only a good shot, but he appears to us very much of a gentleman—plain and unassuming—and quite a contrast to some of the English snobs who occasionally find their way here.

A FINE POLICE.—Council, on Saturday evening, took the initiatory steps toward forming a fire police to protect property from theft and wanton destruction in case of fire. Council appeared to be unanimously in favor of some measure of the kind, but the difficulty appeared to be to hit upon a name to organize such a police force, and under whose supervision or control it shall be when organized. We presume by the next meeting the committee will have had such consultations as will enable them to organize an effective force, with plain instructions as to its duties.

FORESTALLING.—At length we are gratified to say that Council is about moving in a determined manner to put a check to forestalling. This is eminently proper, for we have suffered by it without knowing it. We are compelled to pay enough when we get from first hands, but to be compelled to pay an additional profit to middle-men who stand between the producer and consumer is a really imposition. We have done it, because the market master has so much to do that the shapers have been enabled to elude his vigilance. But if some of them do not keep their eyes peeled for the future they will wish they had.

THE MARKET HOUSE.—By the report of the market master it appears that the gross revenue derived from market taxes last year, including both horses and side-walks, amounts to \$3,985. This will be augmented some, as a number of passages have been boarded up to make butcher stalls, and others have erected temporary stands in the street, which will also be compelled to pay tax, although all the accommodation they receive is the ground upon which they stand, and the revenue for the present year at the advanced rates will probably reach \$4,200.

Some of those who are exceedingly wise in their own estimation will no doubt consider this amount, the simple interest of \$70,000, as a very handsome income for the city; and yet a simple array of facts must convince every one that by the present system the city is making a great deal less money than if better arrangements were made, and a more liberal policy pursued. In Philadelphia the markets have passed out of municipal control, and are now in the hands of incorporated companies. Many of these companies have erected costly buildings, and yet the premiums derived for the choice stalls and stands have in some instances been nearly sufficient to pay half the cost of their erection, and it is impossible to buy any stock in any of these markets houses obligingly situated. Now, what holds good in a large city ought, in a great measure, to hold good in a small city.

If our city is determined to hold on to the revenues arising from the market—so as it is no doubt justified in doing in its largely indebted condition—it might largely increase this revenue and at the same time afford something like accommodation to the people.

Some years ago, in the Diamond of Pittsburgh, which is very little, if any larger than Market Square in this city, they had old sheds for market houses. The people protested against them for years, until the question was carried to the polls, and a majority of Councilmen elected favorable to the erection of new market-houses. Two story brick buildings were put up—one for a meat market—another for a fish-market—the up-stairs of one is rented out for the sale of miscellaneous articles, and the other is a large city hall, for balls, concerts, lectures and public meetings. Since the erection of these buildings the market revenue of Pittsburgh has increased more than fifty per cent.

Now, why could not the same thing be done here, to the great pecuniary advantage of the city? Two buildings might be erected on the site of the present sheds for \$50,000. Bonds issued to this amount would bear interest to the amount of \$3,000 per annum—but as the most eligible stands and stalls could be disposed of at a premium, the expense of the buildings might be cut down to \$45,000, making the annual interest \$2,700. There might be in the upper house 100 butcher stalls, 80 of which could be rented at once for \$50 each, making \$4,000. The large hall would bring an income of \$1,000 per annum, the fish and vegetable stands 2,000, and the second story of the vegetable market say \$500. Here we have a total of rents amounting to \$7,000, or \$4,500 more than the interest on the bonds, besides what would accrue from the rent of the sidewalks.

The thing is so palpably plain that none but the blindest of old fogies can see that in addition to all the inconveniences the public are laboring under at present, the city government is actually losing money by not inaugurating a better market system.

CAMOEAS, AND HOW THEY ARE CUT.—Rome is now the chief seat of the art of cameo-cutting, two kinds of which are produced—those cut in hard stones, and those cut in shell. The stones most valuable for this purpose are the oriental onyx and the sardonyx, provided that they have at least two different colors in parallel layers. The value of the stone is greatly increased for this purpose if it has four or five differently colored parallel layers, if the layers are so thin as to assist in making the device of the cameo. For example, a specimen of stone which has four parallel layers may be useful for a cameo of Minerva, where the ground would be dark gray, the face light, the bust and helmet black, and the crest over the helmet brown or gray.

All such camoes are wrought by a lapidary's lathe, with pointed instruments of steel, and by means of diamond dust. Shell camoes are cut from large shells found on the African and Brazilian coasts, and generally show two layers, one white and the other a pale coffee color or deep reddish orange. The subject is cut with small steel chisels out of the white portion of the shell. Shells adapted for cameo-cutting are dense, thick, and consist usually of three layers of differently colored shell material. In one variety of these shells each layer is composed of very many thin plates, that is, laminated, the laminae being perpendicular to the plane of the main layer, and each lamina consisting of a series of elongated prismatic cells, adherent to their long sides. The laminae of the outer and inner layers are parallel to the lines of growth, while those of the middle layer are at right angles to them. In another variety, known as the cornice, there is an additional layer, which is a duplicate of the mureous layer formed when the animal has attained its full growth.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.—For good and sufficient reason, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company have withheld the publication of the business of the road for some months past, but it is not because the return is less favorable to the company than are the regularly published reports of rival lines. The Pittsburgh Chronicle, in alluding to the freight business done over the road just now, says "It is large beyond all precedent—so large, indeed, that but for the extraordinary resources and facilities of the company the line would be wholly unequal to its accommodation. From Pittsburgh about fourteen thousand tons of freight were shipped East last week. This was the heaviest week's business ever done in the Western division, yet the indications are that the traffic for the current week will exceed it by at least one thousand tons. The burle and activity that prevail at the different depots are astonishing. Two hundred and thirty-four cars were loaded every day last week; yet, so admirable were the arrangements that no delay nor disorder whatever occurred. Everything moved like clockwork, and the whole fourteen thousand tons were shipped with a despatch and regularity that were really astonishing. The road now, for good and cogent reasons, does not publish a monthly report; but when, at the annual meeting, the returns of its earnings are exhibited, it will be found that its receipts for the last month will far exceed those of any other line of the same length in the United States."

A BALD-HEADED HUSBAND.—"Just take a magnifying glass, ducky, and see if there's any young hairs 'n' sprouting. I've just finished the seventh bottle of restorative, and worn out three hair-brushes rubbing it in." Wife—"Goodness gracious, Nicodemus, there ain't no more hair on your head than there is on the cover of an old copper tea-kettle."

The catch of codfish at Labrador, and along the coast of Newfoundland it is said, will this year fall much below the average.

The Black Republican national executive committee, having concluded that Lincoln is bound to be elected, now urge their friends to look out and secure a Congress favorable to his administration. How disappointed those committee-men would feel if Mr. Lincoln should not happen to be elected after all!

John Schwartz, an employee in the Cincinnati Excelsior Flour Mills, was killed on Tuesday by the bursting of a millstone, one of the pieces striking him in the side.

LETTER FROM HOLLIDAYSBURG.

Correspondence of the Patriot and Union. HOLLIDAYSBURG, Nov. 5, 1860. Mr. Editor:—Below I give you a few items which you can publish if you see proper: D. W. Moore, special agent of the Post Office Department, on Saturday last arrested John A. McConnell, Assistant Postmaster at Newry, Blair county, Pa., on the charge of robbing the mail.—He was taken to Hollidaysburg, had a hearing before Justice Corley, who remanded him to answer the charge at the next session of the United States District Court for the Western District of Pennsylvania, which meets, I believe, in Pittsburg, in the month of December next. In default of bail he was committed to prison to await the orders of the Marshal for the district. This is truly an unfortunate occurrence, as his parents and connections are among the most respectable citizens of the county.

A little child of Peter Stricker, aged between 2 and 3 years, was severely burned by its clothes taking fire on Sunday morning, whilst its mother was temporarily absent from the house. The little sufferer had on a cotton night-dress, which took fire, it is believed, from its close proximity to a red-hot egg stove. Death relieved it of its sufferings on the same afternoon.

The blue or yellow Janina, as it was on Saturday, was quite a stream. We have had wet weather for the last week. On Friday night and Saturday morning it fell in torrents. About 8 o'clock, Saturday morning, the river commenced rising, and had risen before 10 o'clock even with the tops of the arches on the viaduct. Logs, fence rails, posts, pumpkins, &c., went down the stream with a perfect looseness, as you may readily imagine.—Gayport was in commotion. They expected a second edition of 1838. It continued rising until 12 o'clock, when it kept at a stand for some time, and then fell slowly until eight—the wind changed to the north, and blew cold. As it is we have a fine big river yet.

The Democracy here will generally vote the Reading Elector ticket. Few there are who will vote for Lincoln indirectly, as all do who vote the bogus, self-made abolition. The Douglasites claim to be great sticklers for regularity. They will be put to the test on Tuesday.

SECOND WARD.—The Telegraph of yesterday made a most ungenerous attack upon Mr. Benford, the proprietor of Herr's Hotel. The ground for this attack may be inferred from the following: Provision was made to hold the election for the Second ward at Herr's Hotel during the building of the Court House. At the October election Mr. Benford was at considerable expense in removing his carpets and furniture, placing matting upon the floor, &c., and also for gas consumed. For this he asked for compensation, and the County Commissioners, by direction of their Attorney, refused to pay it. On the well-known presumption that a man's house is his castle, Mr. Benford declared that the election should not be held at his house, which he was clearly justified by every rule of right to do, hence the coarse attack upon him in the Telegraph. We are not so much acquainted with Mr. Benford further than that he is a gentleman, and knows how to keep a hotel, and every right-minded man will give him credit for having the manly independence to stand up for his rights. He knew them, and like an honest man dared to maintain them. The commissioners found out their mistake, and agreed yesterday afternoon to pay Mr. Benford all his expenses, so that the election will be held at the same window it was held at in October, and not on the side-walk, as maliciously stated in the Telegraph last evening.

THE INAUGURATION.—At a meeting of the officers of the Fifth Division Pennsylvania Volunteers, held at the European House on Monday evening, November 5th, 1860, Major General W. H. Keim was chosen Chairman, and Major John W. Brown Secretary.

On motion, Major General Keim was requested to issue an order to the Fifth Division Pennsylvania Volunteers to parade at the inauguration of Governor Curtin, and invite the military of the State to participate.

On motion, a committee of three was appointed to make the necessary arrangements. The committee are Brig. Gen. E. C. Williams, Col. T. J. Jordan, and Col. J. D. Dougherty.

On motion, the meeting adjourned to meet at the call of the Chairman. JOHN W. BROWN, Sec'y.

A LOUD PARTY.—Yesterday three car-loads of soldiers belonging to the regular army took their departure for the west, via the Pennsylvania railroad. Most of them go to Texas as their final stopping place. They came from Carlisle here in the forenoon, and while waiting for the train at the depot they became exceedingly boisterous, several of them, in their own emphatic language, making "Rome how!" Their spirits will probably not be so "tremulous" when calmed down by the stern realities of camp life.

A NUISANCE.—Complaint was lodged at the Mayor's office yesterday morning against a man in the Sixth ward for maintaining a nuisance in the shape of a bone-boiling establishment. We can "phantasy the phelix" of a man compelled to submit to the odorous fumes of an establishment of this kind, especially if it is doing a thrifty business in decayed horses and cattle! A bone-boiling establishment should not be permitted to exist within the city limits, or at least not in the immediate vicinity of human habitations.

FALLER PRETENCES.—John Kanaga was brought before Alderman Kline yesterday on a charge of having obtained from Cornelius Shriver, on the 20th ult., a coat, pantaloons and vest under false pretences. After accomplishing the feat of dildling Mr. Shriver, John went to Carlisle and enlisted in the army. Yesterday he came to town in company with a detachment of Uncle Sam's men, on his way to the Texan frontier, when Fleck nabbed him, even with his war harness upon him—the inevitable "long-tailed blue." John was sent to jail to stand his trial. In quod his sphere of action will be much more limited than on the boundless prairies of the south-west.

ATTENTION MOUNT VERNON.—The members of the Mount Vernon Hook and Ladder Company will meet at their hall this (Tuesday) afternoon at 2 o'clock, to attend the funeral of Joshua Fackler, late a member of the Hope Fire Company.

NOTICE.—The members of the Citizen Fire Company will meet at their engine house to-day, at 1 o'clock, to attend the funeral of Joshua Fackler, late a member of the Hope Fire Company.

WORTH KNOWING.—That Brownell & Sam, corner of Market and Second streets, sell linen handkerchiefs at 61, worth 12½ cents; Chemil scarfs at 25 cts., worth double; gent's pure linen handkerchiefs, 25 cts., worth 50 cents; splendid olive callouses, 10 cents; hemp carpet, 20 cts., worth 31; half wool carpet at 25, worth 37½; all wool, 50c, worth 62½ and 75 cents; a great assortment of gloves and Hosiery; floor oil cloth at 37½¢, worth 50c and 62 cts.; flannel, children's hoods, muslin, &c., &c., &c., and best of all, double Broche shawls at only \$7.00, worth \$14.00. All these and many other bargains to be had at Brownell's cheap corner, Market and Second streets, Wych's building, opposite Jones House. 206-227

PLATINIZING RIFLES.—A correspondent of the London Mechanics' Magazine gives the following receipt for preventing rifles rusting in the interior of the barrels: "If nitro muretic of platinum be mixed with one-fourth of its bulk of ether, and the mixture then allowed to settle, the platinum solution will fall to the bottom, and when the lighter liquid may be poured off, the platinum solution is then poured into a well-cleaned rifle barrel, and a galvanic action quickly takes place, and a thin coat of platinum is deposited upon the surface of the barrel, and prevents it from rusting."

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!—Having returned from New York, I have received now a large lot of goods, all of which I bought at auction. One hundred pieces of beautiful Set Flower De Laines, the best quality, which generally sells for 25 cents, at 20 cents; 50 pieces Unbleached Muslin, the best in town, at 10 cents; 150 pieces of Cassinetta, Satinets and Cassimeres, from 25 cents up to \$1 25 a yard; 25 pieces of White Flannel, cotton mixed, at 15 cents; 50 dozen of Gent's Wool Socks, 20 cents a pair; 10 dozen Gent's All-Linear Pocket Handkerchiefs with Colored Borders, very fine, 30 cents; good Morino Undershirts and Drawers, at 65 and 75 cents a piece. A lot of beautiful Traveling Baskets. Best Calicoes, 10 cents, warranted fast colors.

Please call at Lewy's, at the old stand of John Rhoads, Esq., deceased.

For Sale & To Rent.

VALUABLE HOTEL PROPERTY IN THE CITY OF HARRISBURG. That well-known and valuable hotel property known as the "SUSQUEHANNA HOUSE," now in the occupancy of Wm. Moeherman, situate on the east end of Market street, and immediately opposite the Pennsylvania Railroad Depot, and offered at PRIVATE SALE until the 4th of December next, and if not sold before that time, will be put up at Public Auction on that day.

Further information in regard to this property and as to the terms of sale, may be had by applying to WM. H. MILLER, Attorney-at-Law, North corner Market Square, (7 1/2 story building) second story front. oct 26-dly

NOTICE TO SPECULATORS! VALUABLE BUILDING LOTS FOR SALE! A number of large site BUILDING LOTS, adjoining the Round House and Work Shops of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, will be sold low and on reasonable terms. Apply to 202-204 JOHN W. HALL.

FOR RENT.—A Commodious Two-Story Dwelling House, (in Second street, below Pine), with Hall, large Back Building, Marble Mantels in Parlor, Gas in six rooms, all the rooms papered and painted. The second story divided into seven rooms, one of which is a Bath. This in connection with the fact that the house has just been placed in the most thorough repair, makes it one of the most desirable houses in the city. Enquire of E. M. POLLOCK, 234 Market Square, Harrisburg.

FOR SALE.—A Vacant Lot of Ground, situated about the height of Harrisburg, adjoining the city limits, with the corner of Second and State streets. The lot has a front of 50 feet. For particulars enquire of [name] E. G. WILLIAMS.

FOR RENT.—Two Brick Two-Story Houses on Pine street, between Second and Third streets. Enquire of MRS. MURRAY, 324 South Second and Pine streets.

FOR SALE.—One Teamster's Wagon, two Coal Carts, one large Cart, suitable for farming purposes. Apply to JAMES M. WHEELER.

IT WILL PAY YOU TO READ THIS. IT WILL PAY YOU TO OBSERVE WHAT I SAY!! IT WILL PAY YOU FOR A VISIT TO HARRISBURG!!! TO SEE AND MAKE YOUR PURCHASES FROM THE LARGE, HANDSOME AND FASHIONABLE STOCK OF READY MADE CLOTHING, CLOTH, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS AND GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS NOW EXPOSED AT THE WELL KNOWN ARCADE, NO. 3 JONES ROW. AVAILING MYSELF OF THE ADVANTAGES WHICH READY CASH PRESENTS, I OFFER ALL GOODS AT 10 PER CENT. CHEAPER THAN ANY OTHER HOUSES. CHAS. S. SEGELBAUM. P.S.—HAVING SECURED A FIRST RATE CUTTER AND TAILOR, I AM NOW READY TO MAKE CLOTHING TO ORDER IN THE MOST FASHIONABLE STYLE. I WARRANT A FIT OR NO SALE. oct 6-44m

SANFORD'S LIVER INVIGORATOR, NEVER DEBILITATES. IT is compounded entirely from Gums, and has become an established fact, a standard Medicine, known and approved by all that use it, and it is now used in all the diseases for which it is recommended. In the last two years (since its introduction) it has cured thousands who have given up all hope, and who were considered incurable. In the treatment of the liver, it has no equal. Let the details of your case be given to the proprietor, and he will give you a bill of particulars. The price of the medicine is 50 cents a bottle, and 1 dollar a dozen. It is sold by all the Druggists and Apothecaries of the city.

SANFORD'S CATHARTIC PILLS, COMPounded FROM Pure Vegetable Extracts, and put up in Glass Cases, Air Tight, and will keep in any climate. The Family Cathartic, which has been used by millions of people, and is now the best medicine for the cure of Biliousness, Headache, Constipation, &c., &c., &c., and is sold by all the Druggists and Apothecaries of the city.

JUST RECEIVED! A very ingenious attachment to any metallic pen, by which one drop of ink is sufficient to write a foolscap page. For sale at SOEPPER'S BOOKSTORE, No. 18 Market at 22.

CHILDREN'S SOOTHING SYRUP, FOR CHILDREN TEETHING. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is the best remedy for children teething, and is sold by all the Druggists and Apothecaries of the city.

ADOLPHO WOLFF'S AROMATIC SCHENK'S TONIC, ANTI DYSPEPTIC AND INVIGORATING CORDIAL. TO THE CITIZENS OF NEW JERSEY AND PENNSYLVANIA. APOTHECARIES, DRUGGISTS, GROCERS AND DEALERS IN PURE WINE, SPIRITS AND LIQUORS. WOLFF'S PURE COGNAC BRANDY, WOLFF'S PURE MADDIRA, SHERRY AND PORT WINE, WOLFF'S PURE JAMAICA AND ST. CROIX RUM, WOLFF'S PURE SCOTCH AND IRISH WHISKY.

FOR SALE.—A large lot of goods, all of which I bought at auction. One hundred pieces of beautiful Set Flower De Laines, the best quality, which generally sells for 25 cents, at 20 cents; 50 pieces Unbleached Muslin, the best in town, at 10 cents; 150 pieces of Cassinetta, Satinets and Cassimeres, from 25 cents up to \$1 25 a yard; 25 pieces of White Flannel, cotton mixed, at 15 cents; 50 dozen of Gent's Wool Socks, 20 cents a pair; 10 dozen Gent's All-Linear Pocket Handkerchiefs with Colored Borders, very fine, 30 cents; good Morino Undershirts and Drawers, at 65 and 75 cents a piece. A lot of beautiful Traveling Baskets. Best Calicoes, 10 cents, warranted fast colors.

PHILADELPHIA AND READING RAILROAD. CHANGE OF SCHEDULE. ON AND AFTER SUNDAY, MAY 23, 1860, THE PASSENGER TRAINS OF THE NORFOLK AND PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD WILL LEAVE HARRISBURG AS FOLLOWS:

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PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD. FIVE TRAINS DAILY TO AND FROM PHILADELPHIA. The Bridge at Conowingo having been rebuilt, the Passenger Trains of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will resume their former route. On and after MONDAY, OCTOBER 15th, 1860, they will depart from and arrive at Harrisburg and Philadelphia as follows:

THROUGH EXPRESS TRAIN leaves Harrisburg at 1.15 a. m., and arrives at West Philadelphia at 5.10 a. m. FAST LINE leaves Harrisburg at 6.15 a. m., every day except Monday, arrives at West Philadelphia at 10.00 a. m.

MALDEN TRAIN leaves Harrisburg at 1.00 p. m., arrives at West Philadelphia at 5.00 p. m. MALDEN TRAINS make close connection at Philadelphia with the New York Lines.

MT. JOY ACCOMMODATION TRAIN, No. 1, leaves Harrisburg at 8.50, and connects at Lancaster at Philadelphia at 12.10.

HARRISBURG ACCOMMODATION TRAIN leaves at 3.50 p. m., Columbia at 5.15, and arrives at West Philadelphia at 8.05 p. m.

MT. JOY ACCOMMODATION TRAIN, No. 2, leaves Lancaster, on the arrival of LANCASTER TRAIN West at 5.42 p. m., Mt. Joy at 8.30, and arrives at Harrisburg at 9.42 p. m.

PASSENGER TRAIN, on route at Lancaster with MT. JOY ACCOMMODATION TRAIN No. 2, at 7.54, and arrives at Harrisburg at 9.24 p. m.

MORNING EXPRESS, West, leaves New York at 8 a. m., arriving at Harrisburg at 12.45 noon, only 6½ hours between the two cities.

MALDEN TRAIN leaves New York at 12.00 noon, and arrives at Harrisburg at 3.30 p. m.

MORNING MAIL LINE, East, leaves Harrisburg at 8.00 a. m., arriving at New York at 4.30 p. m.