LOCAL NEWS.

THE DAILY PATRIOT AND UNION may be had at Jack's Book Store, corner of Third and Market streets.

PATRIOT AND UNION.—The DAILY PATRIOT AND UNION can be had by Dauphin subscribers, every morning, at the periodical store of J. S. FRAIM.

THE EINTRACHT.—Don't forget the party of the Eintracht Singing Association, at their hall, this evening.

A special meeting of the Good Will fire company will be held this evening at the engine house.—Punctual attendance is desired, as business of importance will be presented for action.

LARGE STOCK TRAIN.—The live stock train which arrived from the West on Saturday evening, and left for New York *via* Allentown and Easton yesterday, consisted of *forty-five long cars!* This is the largest shipment that ever went by this route in a single train.

APPLES.—There is a gentleman with a boat load of apples at Gross & Kunkel's warehouse, consisting of no less than 3,000 bushels. He exhibited very fine samples of them at our office on Saturday, and says he will dispose of them at reasonable rates.

TO BE RE-BUILT.—The tannery at Dauphin, owned by Patton & Co., and destroyed by fire not long since, is to be re-built forthwith. The last was the third fire which destroyed these works, and the enterprising proprietors are now about to build for the *fourth* time. This is persevering under very serious difficulties.

POCKET BOOK LOST.—On Saturday evening the Rev. Mr. Feltwell lost his pocket book, containing a quantity of gold coin, at the corner of Third and Market streets. The finder [if honest] will please return it to Mr. Feltwell's residence, No. 1 Black's Row, North street, between Second and Third.

THE RIVER.—The rise in the river continued until Saturday afternoon, when it commenced falling very rapidly. During the high water not less than a hundred rafts went down, and among the rest an ark loaded with apples, and another with potatoes. On Friday afternoon a raft loaded with apples and cider arrived, and the proprietor succeeded in selling out. His cheap method of transportation enabled him to undersell those who have brought these articles here in canal boats and on railroad cars.

DEMOCRATIC MEETING IN THE FIRST WARD.—At a meeting of the Democrats of the First ward, held at the house of C. E. Jauss, on Saturday evening, the 27th inst., Adam Erb was chosen President and John Knepley Secratary. The following resolutions were unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That the Democrats of the First ward will give their united support to the Electoral Ticket formed at Reading, on the 6th of November next.

Resolved, That the Democrats of the First ward will meet at the house of L. Barnhart on Tuesday evening next, to meet their German friends.

PRICE OF PROPERTY IN HARRISBURG.—On Friday evening the Union Hotel property, consisting of the hotel proper and the ground upon which it stands, and two small frame buildings, and the ground upon which they stand, adjoining the hotel, located in Market street, near Third, were sold in one lot, under the hammer, to Mr. William Breitinger, for the sum of $16,300.

This is an evidence of the rapid increase in the price of property in our city. The Union Hotel, and all its appurtenances, might have been bought at private sale ten years ago for very little over one-third of the money which it now brings at a public sale, at a time, too, when there is a general complaint of a scarcity of money. The Union has always been a favorite market stand, or inn for countrymen, and has at all times enjoyed a good run of custom.

Mr. Breitinger has for some years kept the restaurant at the corner of the alley, a little below the hotel, which he always kept in such a manner as to command patronage—the extent of which may be inferred from his ability to buy the hotel. It is likely that Mr. Breitinger will, as soon as he takes charge, enlarge the Union, the only complaint against it being that it is too small for the accommodation of all the custom offered.

ROBBERY OF ADAMS' EXPRESS.—In our paper of Saturday we noticed the fact that $3,000 had been extracted from a package of $9,445, while *in transitu* between Baltimore and Hagerstown, and slips of paper inserted in the package in lieu of the money, and that the company had made good the loss to the Bank of Hagerstown. The whole particulars connected with the robbery were known as far back as Wednesday, but at the request of certain parties it was kept quiet until it became town-talk.

Immediately after the robbery Col. Bingham, the President, Capt. Williams, the Superintendent, and Mr. Houston, the Agent of the Company in this city, went to work to ferret out the matter. After a thorough investigation it was found that the opening of the package took place in this city on Sunday, and suspicion pointed strongly to a young man named Oliver Simmons, a messenger in the employ of the company.

Unwilling to make a direct charge, the officers laid a trap for him. This they were fortunately enabled to do in consequence of all the notes taken having a peculiar mark upon them. They gave notice at all business places of this fact, and finally one of the notes was deposited at one of our banks by the keeper of a lager beer saloon.

This traced the robbery direct to young Simmons, who, when confronted by Col. Bingham, act knowledged the crime. When asked what he had done with the money, he said that he had spent-thirty dollars, had fifteen on hand, and had burned the rest in Wetzel's swamp. He told Col. Bingham where he had spent the money, and also took him to the place where he burned the balance, and showed him the ashes and fragments of notes, which fully satisfied the Colonel that what he had said was true. He recovered the notes spent by Simmons, and had him committed to jail.

It is alleged, and generally believed, that Simmons is partially insane, and this belief is strengthened by the fact that he was once, for a time, confined in the State Lunatic Asylum. Notwithstanding this, there was evidently much "method in his madness," as it is alleged that he did not burn the notes until he heard that they had a peculiar mark upon them which would be likely to lead to the detection of the robber.

It is said that the Company will not proceed against Simmons. If they *knew* of his insanity, and entrustad him with keys of office and safe that gave him access to large sums of money, it would be injustice to proceed against him, since it would take an exceedingly well-balanced mind to resist such a temptation.

The proof being made to the bank that the money has been destroyed, and the numbers of the notes having all been preserved by register, there will probably be a re-issue, and the company will lose very little in the end.

Oliver Simmons is the son of George W. Simmons, who has long been a faithful messenger in the employ of the Express company, and for whom much sympathy is felt by our citizens. The young man will probably be again consigned to the State Lunatic Asylum.

THAT FORGERY.—The New York *Tribune*, and the other little curs like the Harrisburg *Telegraph* that yelp at its heels, have been very much exercised at an alleged forged speech which we clipped from one of our exchange papers and published some four weeks ago. An effort was made to foist the onus of the original publication upon the PATRIOT AND UNION, although it was running the rounds of the papers for weeks undenied, before we clipped it.

And, after all, what *does it amount to?* The sentiments in that alleged forged speech are the very sentiments uttered in the streets of the principal towns of Pennsylvania in 1855 by many who were Know Nothings then, but who are Republican leaders now. Turn to the files of the Opposition papers of 1855, and sentiments fully as atrocious as those alleged to have been uttered by Wilson will be found published in them.

But we can come down later. On the occasion of the ratification meeting of Curtin, held in Philadelphia, Dave Taggart, who plays the clown for the Opposition whenever occasion requires it, made a dirty fling at the foreigners, "and especially those who don't ate mate on Friday." That was the last of it, for we find them now just where we predicted five years ago they would be during the present Presidential campaign—on their knees, begging for the foreign vote.

The publisher of the *Telegraph* is himself a foreigner—a German, and we can appreciate the motives that would induce him to make his readers believe that his party are the friends of the Germans, and yet we find the following paragraph in a late issue of his paper:

STILL THEY COME.—Another swarm of filthy *Foreign Vagrants*, recently vomited upon our shores, perambulated the streets to-day soliciting alms. We fed one of them, and the base ingrate then abused us for not giving him money also. Such fellows deserve kicks instead of coppers, and they should be denied even the poor privilege of lodging in the lock-up or prison. Soon they will come hither in swarms, as usual at this season, in search of winter quarters, and the poor house will be filled to overflowing with permanent boarders at the public expense, while the prison will be crowded with nightly lodgers of the same class. More than two-thirds of the vagrants and paupers who fill our alms-houses, are foreigners; and it costs the hard-working, tax-paying people of this country an immense sum, annually, for their maintenance, as the statistics of these institutions, here and everywhere show.

These are the kind of articles that appeared almost daily in the *Telegraph* about the publisher's countrymen, without any regard to truth whatever, until within a month of the October election, while the filthy negroes, at least eight hundred of whom live by stealing and begging, were permitted to go scot-free.

HEATHENISM IN THE METROPOLIS.—The *World* opens a lengthly lament over the "progress of heathenism in the city" as follows:

It is a note-worthy fact that in the lower part of the Fifteenth ward there are now no less than five church edifices for sale. In the wards below the number of churches have been continually diminishing, so that now in the First there is but one, Trinity; in the Second but three; in the Third but two, St. Paul's and the Roman Cacholic, St. Peter's; in the Fourth but three; in the Seventh, with a population of 35,000, but six, and they are so small as to be able to accommodate only 5,000 persons; and the Eleventh, with a population of 80,000, has church accommodations for only ten thousand. During the last twenty years, *thirty-two* churches have been sold out below Grand street, and no others have been erected in their places, though, notwithstanding all the encroachments of business, the resident population below that line is now far larger than then.

A correspondent of the Buffalo *Commercial* thinks also that morality is on the decline in "the city," and strangely enough draws an argument from the brief history of the *World* itself:

Talking of bogus morality and all that—by the way, the whole newspaper world is in a broad grin over the falling away from grace of the *World*, which was started, as you know, as a sort of religious journal, which should ignore the pomps and vanities of the wicked state of being and "all the sinful lusts of the flesh." It would not print theatrical advertisements. It would not touch lottery notices with a forty-foot pole. Balls were tabooed and the proprietors could not be persuaded to print a horse race for love or money. But though three months have scarcely passed since the baby was born, the experiment has been given up, as one of the things that won't pay—in New York—where "the world, the flesh and the devil" have it pretty much all their own way. The *World* has become worldly; it not only tells its readers what is going on in the theatres, but devoted three or four columns, the other day, on the page usually reserved for "Religious Intelligence," to the Grand Ball to the Baron, at the Academy; it even condescends to talk of Flora Temple and Patchen, and to-day I see it chronicles the fact that there is a fair prospect of another set-to between two well known pugilists.

THE myriad leaves which every gust whirls along our paths are typical of human life. A few weeks since these faded and falling leaves were as fresh as the hues of the rose on Beauty's cheek. But the Destroyer passed by the grove and his breath chilled the sensitive foliage, and it dropped and fell to the ground to perish by slow decay. How forcibly its fate reminds us of that of multitudes of fellow creatures, many of whom were lovelier in our eyes and far dearer to our hearts than the most beautiful of earthly landscapes. Sad as were our thoughts when we witnessed the changes which disease had wrought in the countenances of our friends, the period will certainly arrive when we shall rejoice to greet them in forms of surpassing loveliness. For that the loved and lost shall again be folded to our bosoms, is plainly taught in the volume of inspiration, and is faintly shadowed forth in the lessons of Nature. As the trees which are being despoiled of their verdure by the frosts of Autumn, will again gladden our eyes by budding afresh in the early spring, so shall those whom we have seen fading away be quickened into life in the morning of the resurrection, and crowned with resplendent beauty.

ARREST OF ONE OF THE CLARION COUNTY MURDERERS.—It will be remembered that on the night of the 2d of September, Mr. Jacob Lewis, of Callenburg, Clarion county, was killed and Mr. Eli M'Call wounded by pistol shots fired by two men calling themselves Charley Logue and Ira Davis, who had been committing some depredations in the vicinity, and for whom the gentleman named had been lying in wait. Officer Hague, of Pittsburg, who had been in search of the murderers for some days, on Friday telegraphed to the Mayor from La Porte, Indiana, that he had succeeded in arresting one of the murderers and would arrive with him at 3 o'clock on Sunday morning. The name of the man is Thomas Shotwell, we believe, and the one calling himself Logue in Clarion county Chief of the Police Hague, becomes, by this arrest, entitled to a handsome reward.

ABD-EL-KADER RECEIVES THE AMERICAN PRESENT.—Our Beyrout correspondent writes, says the Boston *Traveler*, that the arrival of the beautiful case of heavily *siver* mounted Colt's revolvers, with a box containing over two thousand cartridges, from the President of the United States, as a present to Abd-el-Kader, created some sensation there. It was on exhibition for several days at the United States Consulate, and the pistols were greatly admired. The present is worth about $1,000, and was accompaied by a complimentary letter to the Algerine Chief. The old hero was much affected upon the reception of this unexpected appreciation of his humane efforts by the government of the United States.

Where sense is wanting, vanity generally fills the vacancy.

HARRISBURG, AS SEEN BY A NEW YORKER.—A correspondent of the New York *Journal of Commerce*, writing from this city under date of the 22d inst., gives a long and interesting letter, from which we extract the following:

Harrisburg appears like an English city, or like several to be seen in New England; though the grounds are less spacious, and there are less trees and shrubbery than is common in the Eastern cities. The surrounding hills and mountains remind one, too, of the cities of New England.

The State Capitol, consisting of three brick buildings instead of one as in the Eastern States, makes an imposing appearance, especially with the elevated site, commanding a fine view of the Susquehanna, and of an extensive hill country. We found Gov. Packer busily engaged with his duties—in his West room, and apparently undisturbed by the political changes. The room, whose entire walls are adorned with well executed portraits of past Governors of the State, including those of the three Penns, Franklin, Hamilton, Bigler, &c., is worthy of a visit from the passing traveler.

The State Library finds an excellent and attentive Librarian in Rev. Dr. W. R. DeWitt. It contains 25,000 volumes; and the portion of it devoted to law books is said to contain the rarest and best collection to be found in this country.

Some years ago the New School Presbyterian Church of Harrisburg lost its church by fire. Since that event, an Old School Church has gone out from it, and has recently erected a stone church of high cost. The body they left, has also erected a more costly edifice of brick. They add much to the beauty of the city. Moved by the spirit of improvement the Episcopalians are renovating their church at a very considerable expense. The Lutherans have a good church, and are sustaining, besides, a missionary enterprise. The German Reformed Church is prosperous; and so are one or two other churches.

Union prayer meetings are maintained in Harrisburg on Tuesday and Saturday afternoon. The meetings are profitable, and well attended.

The principal points of interest to a stranger in Harrisburg are the State House and Arsenal, the delightful residences upon Front street, bordering on the Susquehanna, the cemetery, the spacious State Asylum for the Insane, and the most elegant of the churches.

By invitation of Rudolph F. Kelker, Esq., I rode to Lebanon, northward twenty-five miles from Harrisburg, in his private carriage. There was a third genial friend from Baltimore. We passed through the beautiful Lebanon Valley, celebrated for its superior farms and fine scenery. This is a limestone region, and the soil is of the first quality for wheat and corn—the staple grains produced in Pennsylvania. A mile from the State capital land can now be purchased for $1,000 per acre. The farms in the Valley are carefully cuttivated, and very large barns, called bank barns, with a front overshot, under which cattle may be sheltered while in the barn-yard, abound. The value of these farms is somewhat surprising to New Englanders. A farm of 200 acres, with the necessary buildings, is worth $25,000; whereas such a farm in New England is not valued above $5,000 or $10,000. Both houses and barns are often built of lime-stone obtained there. And when the soil becomes exhausted, lime-stones are burnt and ground to powder, and the product is spread upon the land for a top-dressing.

During our drive we passed hundreds of these excellent farms, all in a high state of cultivation, and in excellent order. They are generally owned and cultivated by Germans, and more independent farmers cannot be found in this country.

It may be observed, that many persons of considerable wealth, residing in such places as Harrisburg, Lancaster and Lebanon, have their property principally in farms, which they either carry on themselves, or rent to tenants. They have not the opportunity to invest in the various stocks, like the wealthy capitalist, residing in a large commercial city. From their farms they obtain only about 4 per cent. on the capital invested, whereas he who invests in our large cities, obtains, on an average, at least, 6 per cent. Hence, a wealthy owner of farms has not so much ready money as the owner of real estate and stocks in our principal cities.

On Sabbath afternoon the 14th inst., a Union meeting of the various Evangelical denominations was held in the German Reformed Church of Harrisburg, in behalf of the Southern Aid Society.—Several of the city pastors assisted in the devotional exercises, and the Boston Secretary gave an address, advocating the claims of the institution, which was favorably received. The society has been but little known in Central and Western Pennsylvania; but as the people understand its merits, they are extending to it active sympathy.

GAME LAWS.—From the frequent street-corner discussions on the existing game laws, it is very evident that they are imperfectly understood; and that the section against killing insectiverous birds is daily violated, is known to every man of intelligence in the city. Why cannot our gunners form a club, having for its object the preservation of game, and the enforcing of the law to its full extent? Surely any one must see the advantage of such an association. The following is the act and supplement now in force:

An Act for the better Preservation of Game and Insectiverous Birds.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted, &c.*, That from and after the passage of this act, it shall not be lawful for any person within this Commonwealth to shoot, kill, or in any way trap or destroy any blue bird, martin and insectiverous bird, at any season of the year, under the penalty of two dollars.

SEC. 2. That from and after the passage of this act, no person shall shoot, kill, or otherwise destroy any pheasant, between the first day of January and the first day of September, or any woodcock between the first day of January and the fourth day of July, or any partridge or rabbit between the first day of January and the first day of October, in the present year, and in each and every year thereafter, under the penalty of five dollars for each and every offence.

SEC. 3. That no person shall buy, or cause to be bought, or carry out of this State, for the purpose of supplying any private or public house or market, any pheasant, partridge, woodcock or rabbit, unless the same shall have been shot or taken in the proper season, as provided for in this act, under the penalty of five dollars for each and every offence.

SEC. 4. That no person shall, at any time, wilfully destroy the eggs or nest of any birds mentioned in the different sections of this act within this Commonwealth, under a penalty of two dollars for each and every offence.

SEC. 5. That the possession by any person in this Commonwealth, of any of the game and birds mentioned in the different sections of this act, shot, killed or otherwise destroyed out of season, as aforesaid, shall be *prima facie* evidence to convict under this act.

SEC. 6. That any person offending against any of the provisions of this act, and being thereof convicted before any alderman or justice of the peace aforesaid, or by the oath or affirmation of one or more witnesses, shall, for every such offence, forfeit the fine or fines attached to the same, one-half to the use of the county in which the complaint is made, and the other half to the use of the informer; and if the offender shall refuse to pay the said forfeiture, he shall be committed to the jail of the proper county, for every offence, for the space of two days, without bail or mainprise: *Provided, however*, That such conviction be made within sixty days after the committing of the offence.—*Passed April* 21, 1858.

SUPPLEMENT.

The following supplementary law repealing the 2d section of the foregoing, was enacted April 14, 1859.

SEC. 1. *Be it enacted, &c.*, That from June first to September first of each and every year hereafter, it shall be unlawful for any person to shoot, kill, trap or destroy rail birds or reed birds, under the penal sum of five dollars, with cost of prosecution, for each and every offence, to be sued for and recovered before any magistrate in the county in which the offence was committed, one-half of the penalty for the use of the informer, who shall be a competent witness, the other half for the use of the poor in the county in which the offence was committed.

SEC. 2. That from and after the passage of this act, no person shall kill or otherwise destroy any pheasant between the first day of February and the first day of August, or any woodcock between the first day of February and the fourth day of July, or any partridge or rabbit between the first day of February and the first day of October in the present year, and in each and every year thereafter, under the penalty of five dollars for each and every offence; and that the second section of the act to which this is a supplement, be, and the same is hereby repealed.

GERMAN DEMOCRATIC MEETING.—A meeting of the German Democrats of Harrisburg will be held at the public house of L. Barnhard, corner of Fourth and Walnut streets, on Tuesday evening, October 30. Able speakers will be present.

NEAT RETORT.—A lady, sitting in the same box at an opera with a French physician, was much troubled with *ennui*, and happened to gape. "Excuse me, madam," said the doctor, "I am glad you did not swallow me." "Give yourself no uneasiness," replied the lady, "I am a Jewess, and never eat pork."

When Lord Brougham was in the House of Commons, one night a member fainted. This member was a poor, pedantic creature. Some one proposed to revive him with a glass of water, but Brougham said, "Give him an old act of Parliament to smell at."

FOUND AT LAST!—Among the latter day inventions, one of the most important is a method of carbonizing the ordinary burning fluid so as to render it non-explosive. We saw it set on fi e, and while burning poured from one can into another; and we saw a burning lamp filled, the whole thing ignite, and put out by merely closing the lamp.—This fluid, from which little or no damage can be apprehended, *must* take the place of all other burning fluid. The sole right to manufacture and vend it has been purchased by the enterprising LOEFFLER, druggist, at the corner of Fourth and Market streets, and he will be prepared in a day or two to dispose of it at wholesale and retail.

Mr. Loeffler having purchased the right for the county, will dispose of the right to manufacture and sell the non-explosive carbonized fluid in the different towns and villages outside of Harrisburg, to one person in each. As this fluid must supercede the explosive article, as the one can be sold just as *cheap* as the other, dealers will find it to their advantage to apply early, by letter, as to terms, &c. Address William Loeffler, druggist, Harrisburg. †

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!—Having returned from New York, I have received now a large lot of goods, all of which I bought at auction. One hundred pieces of beautiful Set Flower De Laines, the best quality, which generally sells for 25 cents, at 20 cents; 50 pieces Unbleached Muslin, the best in town, at 10 cents; 150 pieces of Cassinetts, Satinetts and Cassimeres, from 25 cents up to $1.25 a yard; 25 pieces of White Flannel, cotton mixed, at 15 cents; 25 dozen of White Merino Stockings at 15 cents; 50 dozen of Gent's Wool Socks, 20 cents a pair; 10 dozen Gent's All-Linen Pocket Handkerchiefs with Colored Borders, very fine, 31 cents; good Merino Undershirts and Drawers, at 65 and 75 cents a piece. A lot of beautiful Traveling Baskets. Best Calicoes, 10 cents, warranted fast colors.

Please call at LEWY'S, at the old stand of John Rhoads, Esq., deceased. tf.

For Sale & To Rent.

RARE CHANCE FOR INVESMENT.

SALE OF
VALUABLE HOTEL PROPERTY
IN THE CITY OF HARRISBURG.

That well-known and valuable hotel property known as the

"SUSQUEHANNA HOUSE,"

now in the occupancy of Wm. Mocherman, situate on the east end of Market street, and immediately opposite the Pennsylvania Railroad Depot, will be offered at PRIVATE SALE until the 4th of December next, and if not sold before that time, will be put up at Public Auction on that day.

This is the most desirable property in the city of Harrisburg for hotel business. Its proximity to the Pennsylvania Railroad Depot, and the depot of all the railroads centreing at Harrisburg, makes it more convenient and accessible to the traveling public than any other Hotel in the city.

Further information in regard to this property and as to the terms of sale, may be had by applying to

WM. H. MILLER, Attorney-at-Law,
North corner Market Square, (Wyeth's Building,) second story front. oct2-d&wts

NOTICE TO SPECULATORS!

VALUABLE BUILDING LOTS FOR SALE!

A number of large size BUILDING LOTS, adjoining the Round House and Work Shops of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, will be sold low and on reasonable terms. Apply to au29-d6m JOHN W. HALL.

NOTICE.—A parochial residence being about to be erected with St. Patrick's Church, the Rev. P. Maher offers for sale the place wherein he resides. Application to Rev P. MAHER or Major BRADY.
May 3, 1860.—my4-dtf

FOR RENT—A Commodious Two-Story DWELLING HOUSE, (in Second street, below Pine;) with wide Hall, large Back Building, Marble Mantels in Parlors, Gas in six rooms, all the rooms just papered and painted. The second story divided into seven rooms, one of which is a Bath. This, in connection with the fact that the house has just been placed in the most thorough repair, makes it one of the most desirable houses in the city. Enquire of E. M. POLLOCK,
ap19 Market Square, Harrisburg.

FOR SALE—A Vacant Lot of Ground, situated in the borough of Harrisburg, adjoining the corner lot of the northwest corner of Second and State streets. The lot has a front of 56 feet. For particulars enquire of [jan20-dtf] E. C. WILLIAMS.

FOR RENT—Two BRICK TWO-STORY HOUSES on Pine street, between Second and Third; also, Mrs. Cline's COTTAGE and several FRAME HOUSES. Enquire of
MRS. MURRAY,
jan17-dtf] Corner of Second and Pine streets.

FOR SALE—One Teamster's Wagon, two Coal Carts, one large Cart, suitable for farming purposes. Apply to
my18 JAMES M. WHEELER.

IT WILL PAY YOU
TO
READ THIS.

IT WILL PAY YOU
TO
OBSERVE WHAT I SAY!

IT WILL PAY YOU
FOR A VISIT TO

HARRISBURG!!!

TO SEE AND MAKE YOUR PURCHASES
FROM THE LARGE, HANDSOME
AND FASHIONABLE STOCK OF
READY MADE CLOTHING, CLOTH,
CASSIMERES, VESTINGS AND
GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS
NOW EXPOSED AT THE WELL
KNOWN ARCADE, NO. 3 JONES ROW.
AVAILING MYSELF OF THE
ADVANTAGES WHICH READY
CASH PRESENTS, I OFFER ALL
GOODS AT 10 PER CENT. CHEAPER
THAN ANY OTHER HOUSES.

CHAS. S. SEGELBAUM.

P. S.—HAVING SECURED
A FIRST RATE CUTTER AND TAILOR,
I AM NOW READY TO MAKE
CLOTHING TO ORDER IN THE
MOST FASHIONABLE STYLE.
I WARRANT A FIT OR NO SALE.
oct6-d4m

Medical.

CHILDREN TEETHING

MRS. WINSLOW,
An experienced Nurse and Female Physician, presents to the attention of mothers, her

SOOTHING SYRUP,
FOR CHILDREN TEETHING,

which greatly facilitates the process of teething, by softening the gums, reducing all inflammation—will allay ALL PAIN and spasmodic action, and is
SURE TO REGULATE THE BOWELS.
Depend upon it mothers, it will give rest to yourselves, and
RELIEF AND HEALTH TO YOUR INFANTS.

We have put up and sold this article for over ten years, and CAN SAY, IN CONFIDENCE AND TRUTH of it, what we have never been able to say of any other medicine—NEVER HAS IT FAILED, IN A SINGLE INSTANCE, TO EFFECT A CURE, when timely used. Never did we know an instance of dissatisfaction by any one who used it. On the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in terms of commendation of its magical effects and medical virtues. We speak in this matter "WHAT WE DO KNOW," after ten years' experience, AND PLEDGE OUR REPUTATION FOR THE FULFILLMENT OF WHAT WE HERE DECLARE. In almost every instance where the infant is suffering from pain and exhaustion, relief will be found in fifteen or twenty minutes after the syrup is administered.

This valuable preparation is the prescription of one of the most EXPERIENCED and SKILLFUL NURSES in New England, and has been used with NEVER FAILING SUCCESS in

THOUSANDS OF CASES.

If not only relieves the child from pain, but invigorates the stomach and bowels, corrects acidity, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. It will almost instantly relieve
GRIPING IN THE BOWELS, AND WIND COLIC, and overcome convulsions, which, if not speedily remedied, end in death. We believe it the BEST and SUREST REMEDY IN THE WORLD, in all cases of DYSENTERY and DIARRHŒA IN CHILDREN, whether it arises from teething, or from any other cause. We would say to every mother who has a child suffering from any of the foregoing complaints—DO NOT LET YOUR PREJUDICES, NOR THE PREJUDICES OF OTHERS, stand between you and your suffering child, and the relief that will be SURE—yes, ABSOLUTELY SURE—to follow the use of this medicine, if timely used. Full directions for using will accompany each bottle. None genuine unless the fac-simile of CURTIS & PERKINS, New York, is on the outside wrapper.

Sold by Druggists throughout the world.
PRINCIPAL OFFICE, 13 CEDAR STREET, NEW YORK.
PRICE ONLY 25 CENTS PER BOTTLE.
sep29-d&wly

UDOLPHO WOLFE'S
AROMATIC
SCHIEDAM SCHNAPPS

A SUPERLATIVE
TONIC, DIURETIC,
ANTI DYSPEPTIC
—AND—
INVIGORATING CORDIAL

TO THE CITIZENS OF NEW JERSEY AND PENNSYLVANIA.

APOTHECARIES, DRUGGISTS, GROCERS AND *PRIVATE FAMILIES.*
WOLFE'S PURE COGNAC BRANDY.
WOLFE'S PURE MADEIRA, SHERRY AND PORT WINE.
WOLFE'S PURE JAMAICA AND ST. CROIX RUM.
WOLFE'S PURE SCOTCH AND IRISH WHISKY.
ALL IN BOTTLES.

I beg leave to call the attention of the citizens of the United States to the above WINES and LIQUORS, imported by UDOLPHO WOLFE, of New York, whose name is familiar in every part of this country for the purity of his celebrated SCHIEDAM SCHNAPPS. Mr. WOLFE, in his letter to me, speaking of the purity of his WINES and LIQUORS, says: "I will stake my reputation as a man, my standing as a merchant of thirty years' residence in the City of New York, that all the BRANDY and WINES which I bottle are pure as imported, and of the best quality, and can be relied upon by every purchaser." Every bottle has the proprietor's name on the wax, and a fac simile of his signature on the certificate. The public are respectfully invited to call and examine for themselves. For sale at RETAIL by all Apothecaries and Grocers in Philadelphia.

GEORGE H. ASHTON,
No. 832 Market street, Philadelphia,
Sole Agent for Philadelphia.

Read the following from the New York *Courier*:

ENORMOUS BUSINESS FOR ONE NEW YORK MERCHANT.—We are happy to inform our fellow-citizens that there is one place in our city where the physician, apothecary, and country merchant, can go and purchase pure Wines and Liquors, as pure as imported, and of the best quality. We do not intend to give an elaborate description of this merchant's extensive business, although it will well repay any stranger or citizen to visit UDOLPHO WOLFE'S extensive warehouse, Nos. 18, 20 and 22, Beaver street, and Nos 17, 19 and 21, Marketfield street. His stock of Schnapps on hand ready for shipment could not have been less than thirty thousand cases; the Brandy, some ten thousand cases—Vintages of 1836 to 1856; and ten thousand cases of Madeira, Sherry and Port Wines, Scotch and Irish Whisky, Jamaica and St. Croix Rum, some very old and equal to any in this country. He also had three large cellars, filled with Brandy, Wines, &c., in casks, under Custom-House key, ready for bottling. Mr. WOLFE'S sales of Schnapps last year amounted to one hundred and eighty thousand dozen, and we hope in less than two years he may be equally successf with his Brandies and Wines.

His business merits the patronage of every lover of his species. Private families who wish pure Wines and Liquors for medical use should send their orders direct to Mr WOLFE, until every Apothecary in the land make up their minds to discard the poisonous stuff from their shelves, and replace it with WOLFE'S pure WINES and LIQUORS.

We understand Mr. WOLFE, for the accommodation of small dealers in the country, puts up assorted cases of Wines and Liquors. Such a man, and such a merchant, should be sustained against his tens of thousands of opponents in the United States, who sell nothing but imitations, ruinous alike to human health and happiness.

For sale by C. K. KELLER, Druggist, sole agent for Harrisburg. sep5-d&w6m

SANFORD'S
LIVER INVIGORATOR,
NEVER DEBILITATES.

IT is compounded entirely from Gums, and ha become an established fact, a standard Medicine, known and approved by all that have used it, and is now re sorted to with confidence in all the diseases for which it is recommended.

It has cured thousands within the last two years who had given up all hopes of relief, as the numerous unsolicited certificates in my possession show.

The dose must be adapted to the temperament of the individual taking it, and used in such quantities as to act gently on the bowels.

Let the dictates of your judgment guide you in the use of the LIVER INVIGORATOR, and it will cure Liver Complaints, Bilious Attacks, Chronic Diarrhœa, Dyspepsia, Dysentery, Diarrhœa in Children, Summer Complaints, Dropsy, Sour Stomach, Habitual Costiveness, Cholera Morbus, Cholera, Cholera Infantum, Flatulence, Jaundice, Female Weakness, and may be used successfully as an Ordinacine. It will cure SICK HEADACHE, (as thousands can testify,) in twenty minutes, if a few powders are taken at commencement of attack.

All who use it are giving their testimony in its favor.

MIX WATER IN THE MOUTH WITH THE INVIGORATOR, AND SWALLOW BOTH TOGETHER.

Price One Dollar per Bottle.

—ALSO—

SANFORD'S
FAMILY
CATHARTIC PILLS,
COMPOUNDED FROM
Pure Vegetable Extracts, and put up in Glass Cases, Air Tight, and will keep in any climate.

The Family Cathartic PILL is a gentle but active Cathartic, which the proprietor has used in his practice more than twenty years.

The constantly increasing demand from those who have long used the PILLS, and the satisfaction which all express in regard to their use, has induced me to place them within the reach of all

The Profession well know that different Cathartics act on different portions of the bowels.

The FAMILY CATHARTIC PILL has, with due reference to this well established fact, been compounded from a variety of the purest Vegetable Extracts, which act alike on every part of the alimentary canal, and are good and safe in all cases where a Cathartic is needed, such as Derangements of the Stomach, Sleepiness, Pains in the Back and Loins, Costiveness, Pain and Soreness over the whole body, from sudden cold, which frequently, if neglected, end in a long course of Fever, Loss of Appetite, a Creeping Sensation of Coldness over the body, Restlessness, HEADACHE, or WEIGHT IN THE HEAD, all INFLAMMATORY DISEASES, Worms in Children and Adults, Rheumatism, of the BLOOD and many other diseases to which flesh is heir, too numerous to mention in this advertisement. Dose, 1 to 3.

Price Three Dimes.

The Liver Invigorator and Family Cathartic Pills are retailed by Druggists generally, and sold wholesale by the Trade in all the large towns.

S. T. W SANFORD, M. D.,
Manufacturer and Proprietor, 208 Broadway, N. Y.
jy7-d&wly

Lines of Travel.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

FIVE TRAINS DAILY TO & FROM PHILADELPHIA.

The Bridge at Conewago having been re-built, the Passenger Trains of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will resume their former route. On and after

MONDAY, OCTOBER 15TH, 1860,

they will depart from and arrive at Harrisburg and Philadelphia as follows:

EASTWARD.

THROUGH EXPRESS TRAIN leaves Harrisburg at 1.15 a. m., and arrives at West Philadelphia at 5.10 a. m.

FAST LINE leaves Harrisburg at 6.15 a. m., every day except Monday, arrives at West Philadelphia at 10.00 a. m.

MAIL TRAIN leaves Harrisburg at 1.00 p. m., arrives at West Philadelphia at 5.00 p. m.

These Trains make close connection at Philadelphia with the New York Lines.

MT. JOY ACCOMMODATION TRAIN, No. 1, leaves 6.50 a. m., Mt. Joy at 8.02, and connects at Lancaster at 8 50 with LANCASTER TRAIN, arriving at West Philadelphia at 12.10 p. m.

HARRISBURG ACCOMMODATION TRAIN leaves at at 3.50 p. m., Columbia at 5.15, and arrives at West Philadelphia at 9.05 p. m.

MT. JOY ACCOMMODATION TRAIN, No. 2, leaves at 4.00 p. m., Mt. Joy at 5.11, connects with HARRISBURG ACCOMMODATION TRAIN East at Dillerville at 5.40, arriving at West Philadelphia at 9.05 p. m.

WESTWARD.

THROUGH EXPRESS TRAIN leaves Philadelphia at 10.45 p. m., arrives at Harrisburg at 2.55 a. m.

MAIL TRAIN leaves Philadelphia at 7.20 a. m., arrives at Harrisburg at 12.50 p. m.

FAST LINE leaves Philadelphia at 11.50 a. m., arrives at Harrisburg at 4.00 p. m.

MT. JOY ACCOMMODATION TRAIN, No. 1, leaves Lancaster on arrival of MAIL TRAIN West, at 11.04 a. m., leaves Mt. Joy at 11.42, and arrives at Harrisburg at 1.00 p. m.

HARRISBURG ACCOMMODATION TRAIN leaves Philadelphia at 2.00 p. m., Columbia at 6.10, and arrives at Harrisburg at 7.35 p. m.

MT. JOY ACCOMMODATION TRAIN, No. 2, leaves Lancaster, on the arrival of LANCASTER TRAIN West, at 7.54 p. m., Mt. Joy at 8.30, and arrives at Harrisburg at 9.42 p. m.

Passengers leaving Philadelphia at 4.00 p. m., on LANCASTER TRAIN, connect at Lancaster with MT. JOY ACCOMMODATION TRAIN No. 2, at 7.54, and arrive at Harrisburg at 9.24 p. m.

SAMUEL D. YOUNG,
oct16-dtf *Supt. East. Div. Penn'a Railroad.*

NEW AIR LINE ROUTE
TO
NEW YORK.

Shortest in Distance and Quickest in Time
BETWEEN THE TWO CITIES OF
NEW YORK AND HARRISBURG,
VIA
READING, ALLENTOWN AND EASTON!

MORNING EXPRESS, West, leaves New York at 6 a. m., arriving at Harrisburg at 12.45 noon, only 6¾ hours between the two cities.

MAIL LINE leaves New York at 12.00 noon, and arrives at Harrisburg at 8.30 p. m.

MORNING MAIL LINE, East, leaves Harrisburg at 8.00 a. m., arriving at New York at 4.30 p. m.

AFTERNOON EXPRESS LINE, East, leaves Harrisburg at 1.15 p. m., arriving at New York at 9.00 p. m.

Connections are made at Harrisburg at 1.00 p. m. with the Passenger Trains in each direction on the Pennsylvania, Cumberland Valley and Northern Central Railroads

All Trains connect at Reading with Trains for Pottsville and Philadelphia, and at Allentown for Mauch Chunk, Easton, &c.

No change of Passenger Cars or Baggage between New York and Harrisburg, by the 6.00 a. m. Line from New York or the 1.15 p. m. from Harrisburg.

For beauty of scenery and speed, comfort and accommodation, this Route presents superior inducements to the traveling public.

Fare between New York and Harrisburg, FIVE DOLLARS.

For Tickets and other information apply to

J. J. CLYDE, General Agent,
jel Harrisburg.

1860. 1860.
NORTHERN CENTRAL RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.

ON AND AFTER SUNDAY, MAY 27th, 1860, the Passenger Trains of the Northern Central Railway will leave Harrisburg as follows:

GOING SOUTH.

EXPRESS TRAIN will leave at.....1.40 a. m.
ACCOMMODATION TRAIN will leave at..7.30 a. m.
MAIL TRAIN will leave at.....1.00 p. m.

GOING NORTH.

MAIL TRAIN will leave at.....1.20 p. m.
EXPRESS TRAIN will leave at.....9.32 p. m.

The only trains le