LOCAL NEWS.

THE DAILY PATRIOT AND UNION may be had at Jack's Book Store, corner of Third and Market streets.

PATRIOT AND UNION.—The DAILY PATRIOT AND UNION can be had by Dauphin subscribers, every morning, at the periodical store of J. S. FRAIM.

APPOINTMENT BY THE GOVERNOR.—Jacob Leisenring, of Northumberland, to be Notary Public, in place of Conrad Wenck, whose term has expired.

NOTICE.—Owing to the inclement weather on Saturday our Carriers did not make their usual collections, but deferred it till to-day, when they may be looked for.

POLICE.—John Myer, Frederick Weidman and James M'Gough, were voluntary lodgers in the lock-up, on Friday evening, and let off on Saturday morning, on promise of vamosing.

THE Pennsylvania railroad company announce a semi-annual dividend of *three per cent.*, clear of State tax, payable on and after the 15th of November.

BURNING IN EFFIGY.—A number of Democrats in Lancaster burnt Col. Forney in effigy in Centre Square on Saturday evening. Bad treatment to the Col. at the hands of his old neighbors—he being a native of Lancaster.

PREPARING TO PAVE.—The brick, sand and gravel necessary to pave North street, along the Capitol Park are partly delivered, and it is quite probable that but a short time will elapse before this desirable improvement will be completed.

RELIGIOUS.—The pulpits of most of our churches were filled yesterday by visiting clergymen in attendance at the meeting of the Synod, and notwithstanding the day was anything but pleasant, either over head or under foot, there was a general turnout.

BLONDIN has offered to carry any clergyman on his back across his rope, which is stretched two hundred feet above the ground at Jones' Wood in New York. We hear that there are several parishes which would be willing to contribute a minister for the experiment—of course, merely to test Blondin's powers.

"DIXEY LAND."—If every boy, black and white, large and small, who for a week has went past our office, wishing himself "in Dixey," had his wish, Dixey would be tolerably well filled up, unless it is an extensive colony of "cinnamon soil and sandy bottom." Ugh! how we sometimes regret that they cannot all have their wish, and land in Dixey before the setting of the sun.

BUCKWHEAT FLOUR.—New buckwheat flour has made its appearance in our market, but at such prices as to render it a dainty luxury. Who can afford to pay five cents a pound for buckwheat flour? Not the man with a large family, certainly. With the immense crop just taken in the flour should at once go into the market at three cents. It would afford a very good profit at that, and be within the reach of all.

APPOINTMENT.—A few days ago we noticed the appointment of a mail agent between this city and Altoona, "in place of C. F. Sargeant." As this was rather vague, an explanation seems necessary. Mr. C. F. Sargeant resigned the mail agency, and has been appointed a conductor on the Pennsylvania Railroad. Every one who knows Mr. F. will agree that he has discharged his duty with fidelity to the government, and cannot fail to make an excellent and accommodating railroad officer. He has charge of the train formerly run by Colonel Weitzel.

FORGERY.—Frank Hutton, druggist, corner of Second and Pine streets, in this city, was arrested on Saturday afternoon, at the instance of a firm doing business in Baltimore, and committed to jail to answer the charge of forgery. We were unable to learn the particulars farther than the fact that Mr. Hutton is alleged to have negotiated a note of $200 with his mother's name forged to it to the Baltimore firm for goods of some kind, and when the note matured, Mrs. Hutton protested against its payment, on the ground that she had never signed it. Bad business.

ORIGIN OF BLACK COATS IN THE CLERGY.—In the year 1544 Luther laid aside the monk's costume, and henceforth dressed according to the fashion of the world. He chose black clothes, and consequently the color has become the fashion of the clergy. His reason for choosing this color was: The elector of Saxony took an interest in him, and now and then sent him a piece of black cloth, being at that time the court fashion, and because Luther preferred it; so his scholars thought it became them to wear the same color as their master. From that time black has been the color most worn by the clergy.

A GEM.—Harry H. Davis has just completed a copy of Harding's celebrated picture of Byron's Dream. It is undoubtedly the finest thing of the kind ever produced by the pencil of any artist in this city. Mr. Davis never saw a painting of the dream—merely working from a steel engraving.—The faithful delineation of the different colors, especially in the broken columns and ruins, entitle him almost to the credit of producing an original painting. The work was executed for William Dock, Jr. The following lines from Byron illustrate the picture:

"——and in the last he lay
Reposing from the noontide sultriness,
Couch'd among fallen columns, in the shade
Of ruin'd walls that had survived the names
Of those who rear'd them; by his sleeping side
Stood camels grazing, and some goodly steeds
Were fasten'd near a fountain; and a man
Clad in a flowing garb did watch the while,
While many of his tribe slumber'd around;
And they were canopied by the blue sky,
So cloudless, clear, and purely beautiful,
That God alone was to be seen in Heaven."

A TERRIBLE NUISANCE.—Saturday morning was peculiarly adapted to enable us to realize the beauties of our market, in all their sublimity. It was raining, blowing, muddy, and the weather was pretty bad, as a general thing—that is, especially when you were compelled to set down your market basket, and use the united strength of your arms to keep your umbrella from blowing away. Of course everybody got inside, and in consequence the jam was intolerable, especially in those detestable narrow passages which flank the main building. If you did not relish heavy market baskets tickling your ribs, or umbrella handles punching your unfilled bread basket, all you had to do was to take to the street, and wade the mud! The rain of the night had kept away a great many of the noble Romans who bring us our butter and eggs; consequently there was a scarcity whereof they did not fail to take advantage and apply "the principle."

Now, the question is, are we forever to put up with such market house accommodations?—or will the people rise in the majesty of their might and demand something better? We are behind the age—shamefully so. Look at Reading, Lancaster, West Chester, Allentown and Easton. Why there is scarcely a town of 5,000 inhabitants in the State not better provided with market accommodations than Harrisburg. What a burning shame!—what a humiliating confession! The *Capital city!*

RAILROADS IN PENNSYLVANIA.—The whole amount of capital invested in the railroads of the State of Pennsylvania at the end of 1859 was $175,737,117. Of this sum $92,008,778 represented the amount of share capital; $76,097,367 the amount of funded debt, and $7,630,970 the amount of floating debt. Of the share capital $42,310,078, or 46 per cent. of the whole, was productive, and $49,698,703 unproductive; and of the total debt ($83,728,339) the amount productive was $76,462,527, or 91 per cent., and the amount unproductive $7,265,814. The average cost per mile of the 2,350 miles represented in the following table for 1859 was $58,608: The total gross earnings of the railroads of the State, including those of the Pittsburg, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad, which is essentially a Pennsylvania work, have amounted in the 30 years ending with 1859 to $150,989,901, of which amount $48,646,313 has resulted from passenger transportation; $100,709,251 from the transportation of coal and merchandise, and $10,734,337 from other sources, including mails, expenses, rents, &c. The current expenditures in the same time have been $88,429,362, and the earnings less such expenditures, but not including interest on debt, $71 550,539.—The total amount divided on share capital has been $32,817,300. Reducing these amounts to proportionate equivalents, it will be found that the gross earnings have equalled about 12 per cent. on the whole liabilities, and 13 per cent. on the cost of construction, and that the net earnings have equalled 6½ and 7 per cent. on the said liabilities and cost, respectively. The proportion of the gross earnings expended in operating the roads has been 55 per cent. The dividends paid have averaged on the total share capital about 3.9 per cent. per annum. The difference between the net earnings or earnings less current expenses and the amount of the dividend paid on the share capital is $38,688,237. From this amount has been paid the interest on the gross debt, which funded and floating has amounted to $514,124,808. Assuming an average rate of 6 per cent. as the interest paid, this amount has received the gross sum of $30,847,482.

NELSON WORSHIPPED AS A HEATHEN IDOL.—A letter from Hayti says: "Among the Acul Mountains there has been found, in an old house, a bust of Lord Nelson. It is of white marble, somewhat stained by time and neglect. Nelson is represented in his costume of admiral, and bears on his breast five decorations. One in commemoration of of the battle of Aboukir, has the inscription: 'Rear-Admiral Lord Nelson of the Nile.' Another medal bears the words: 'Almighty God has blessed his Majesty's glory!' This bust, interesting in its artistic and historical association, was found on an altar devoted to the *fetish* worship, where, for half a century, it has been reverenced as the Deity of the Mountain Streams. The names of the sculptors were 'Coals and Leafy, of Lambeth.'—Thus, for fifty years, a bust of an English Admiral has been worshipped as a heathen idol."

Where are your Beechers, your Stowes, Wilsons, Garrisons, and others so anxious to improve the condition of the Southern darkies. From the above there is evidently an excellent opening to save the souls of some of the black lambs in Hayti!

FATTENING TURKEYS.—As the turkey season is approaching, the following from the *Germantown Telegraph* comes in nice—"Much has been published of late in our agricultural journals, in relation to the alimentary properties of charcoal. It has been repeatedly asserted, that domestic fowls may be fattened on it without any other food, and that too, in a shorter time than on the most nutritive grains. I made an experiment, and must say that the result surprised me, as I had always been rather skeptical. Four turkeys were confined in a pen and fed on meal, boiled potatoes and oats. Four others of the same brood, were also at the same time confined in another pen, and fed on the same articles, but with one pint of finely pulverized charcoal mixed with their meal and potatoes. They also had a plentiful supply of broken charcoal in their pen. The eight were killed on the same day, and there was a difference of one-and-a-half pounds each in favor of the fowls which had been supplied with charcoal, they being much the fattest, and the most greatly superior in point of tenderness and flavor.

OIL VS. POLITICS.—A correspondent of the Boston *Post*, writing from the oil region of Tideout, in this State, says:

As to the election, it is entirely forgotten in the eagerness of securing a fortune. A politician drove up to old Father Raymond's Rural House, in Franklin, (the old man has two wells, pumping fifty barrels daily,) and, after getting his dinner, commenced pumping the old gentleman by asking, "How is politics?" "Don't know any such well around here," replied R. "But," says the stranger, "what is the prospect for Douglas or Breckinridge?" "Oh," says Boniface, I don't know; it all depends on whether there are any surface indications." "But," continues his guest, "will fusion go down among you oil diggers?" "Fusion," exclaims the landlord, "well, I don't know; some of these chaps called geologists say that there must be fusion below, but my opinion is that the d—l has something to do with it down there before we get it." "But," says the politician, "are you not in favor of squatter sovereignty in the Territories?" "No, I will shoot anybody who dares to squat on any of my territory, and I own four miles on Sandy Creek." "Give me my horse," says the stranger—and vamoosed.

OUGHT MARRIED PEOPLE TO SLEEP TOGETHER?—*Hall's Journal of Health*, which claims high authority in medical science, has taken a stand against married people sleeping together, but thinks that they had better sleep in adjoining rooms. It says that kings and queens do not sleep together, and why should other people?—Think of the idea of separating a newly-married couple on a cold winter's night, because *Hall's Journal of Health* says so! You go to grass, Mr. Hall.

A NOVEL REMEDY FOR CONSUMPTION.—A writer in the Norwalk (O.) *Reflector* describes a visit which he paid last month to a lady at Toledo, Ohio, who takes six live frogs as a remedy for consumption. She was recommended to do it by an Englishman, who said he was cured in that way. In six weeks this singular medicine has restored her from a state of great weakness to strength. The visitor saw the lady take a live frog from a jar and swallow him whole, without chewing. Her daughter also did the same.

A MEDICAL OPINION UPON THE SCHOOL SESSION. The following paragraph appears editorially in the *Medical and Surgical Reporter*, a publication of established reputation in the profession:

"In reference to the question now agitated, whether one or two sessions should be held in the public schools, one of the daily papers appeals to the medical profession to give a decisive opinion on the subject. *One session*, with a recess of half an hour, giving the children an opportunity to devote the afternoon to bodily recreation and preparatory study, is enough for all purposes; every hour spent in a second session only tends to cripple the children bodily and mentally."

THERE is on its way to Syria a magnificent present "From the President of the United States to his Excellency Said Abd-el Kader of Damascus." It consists of two Colt's holster pistols, mounted with silver and beautifully ornamented with arabesque work, in a rose-wood case, also silver mounted. It was designed by the Government for some notable in Syria, as a token of their appreciation of the handsome treatment which our Embassador, Hon. James Williams, received in Syria last year.

[Communicated.]

FELLOW DEMOCRATS: Our defeat, as you all know, is a bad and crushing one, but let us draw consolation from the fact that much worse defeats have been sustained and ere long DEMOCRACY, like "Truth crushed to earth," rose again. Had Mr. Curtin's majority been one hundred thousand, instead of thirty, my heart would not have ceased to beat, my lungs would still have performed their usual functions of inflation, so as to enable me, with stentorian voice and hearty good will, to send high into air three hearty cheers for our defeated but gallant leader, Henry D. Foster.

Fellow Democrats, permit me, in the most delicate manner in the world, to inquire whether you are sick, dying, or dead If sick, for Heaven's sake make a sickly resistance to Lincoln's election. If dying, make a daying resistance; or if dead, why say so, by continuing this present terrible inactivity. Democracy dead? Never whilst a drop of patriotic blood courses through the veins of a free people. Democracy dead? Never whilst the majority rules the minority. Democratic principles die? Never whilst that glorious orb of day gives light or water seeks its level.

Then awake! Rouse yourselves! Put on your armor, and like brave warriors knowing their rights, dare maintain them against any odds whatsoever!

Even though certain defeat stares us in the face, let us, fully equipped, with our harness all on, suffer defeat like men who, knowing the improbability of success, fight for those eternal and everlasting principles which alone can preserve these States a Nation.

Then ORGANIZE! Let us be as fully prepared to meet the enemy on the 6th of November as though success were certain and victory within our grasp; as though we knew our duty and, God willing, were determined to do our WHOLE duty.

To work, then, fellow Democrats, in every ward in this city, and if no other good be accomplished but that of wresting the capital city of this glorious old Commonwealth from the polluted grasp of Black Republicanism and eternal disgrace. We shall at least have the consciousness of knowing that with us nothing has been lost, which in truth is something gained.

Besides, encouragement will thus be given to our brethren in adjoining towns, counties and cities, to make an effort at least, and show to the world the axiom, the self-evident fact, that, notwithstanding the incompetency of our leaders; notwithstanding the traitorous rebels who infest our ranks, and who so ingloriously betrayed our leader, that, notwithstanding this great and crushing defeat, Democracy still lives, moves and has its being.

Let *"nil desperadum"* be our motto—the Reading electoral ticket our battle cry, and success will eventually crown the efforts of

YOUNG AMERICA.

THE UNITED STATES HOTEL, South-east corner of Eleventh and Market streets, Philadelphia, adjoining the Pennsylvania railroad depot, kept by Henry W. Kanaga, is one of the best hotels in the city.

This Hotel has been handsomely refitted and newly furnished from top to bottom, and is certainly one of the most comfortable places for a sojourner to stop in the city of Philadelphia. It is kept in Kanaga's best style, affording all the conveniences and comforts of a genuine home to the traveler, at a cost that is both moderate and conscionable. His rooms are large, airy and well-furnished, whilst the table is supplied with all the delicacies of the season, and the attentions paid his guests such as to satisfy the most fastidious. We speak from personal experience when we affirm that there is no hotel in the city of Philadelphia where the visitor will get better accommodations than at the United States Hotel. Mr. Kanaga is well known to the traveling public, having been for a number of years the favorite proprietor of the United States Hotel, in Harrisburg, where he acquired a well-merited reputation for being a kind and courteous gentleman and model landlord.

COPPER TOES.—The manufacture of Mitchell's shoe tips in Lewistown (Me.,) amounts to 16,000 pairs per day, worth $400, using 600 pounds of copper, worth $156. The works employ 15 men constantly, whose labor costs about $500 per month. The value of the tips annually made amounts to about $120,000. The operation of burnishing the tips was formerly done by hand, and it was an expensive and laborious operation. This process is now done by machinery; the tips are placed in revolving cylinders filled with sawdust, which accomplish the work of 50 men.

A GOOD INSTITUTION.—The newspaper department at the Bachler House is among the finest arrangements of the kind we have ever seen, and reflects great credit upon Mr. Bolton, as well as his Superintendent, Mr. Parsons. Every paper is so arranged that you can find it by an index of tin signs—and you will find quite as great a variety at this place as you will find at any hotel in the city—from all quarters, and of all shades of political opinion. Mr. Bolton prides himself upon his news department, and every one who visits it will accede to him that right.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!—Having returned from New York, I have received now a large lot of goods, all of which I bought at auction. One hundred pieces of beautiful Set Flower De Laines, the best quality, which generally sells for 25 cents, at 20 cents; 50 pieces Unbleached Muslin, the best in town, at 10 cents; 150 pieces of Cassinetts, Satinetts and Cassimeres, from 25 cents up to $1 25 a yard; 25 pieces of White Flannel, cotton mixed, at 15 cents; 25 dozen of White Merino Stockings at 15 cents; 50 dozen of Gent's Wool Socks, 20 cents a pair; 10 dozen Gent's All-Linen Pocket Handkerchiefs with Colored Borders, very fine, 31 cents; good Merino Undershirts and Drawers, at 65 and 75 cents a piece. A lot of beautiful Traveling Baskets. Best Calicoes, 10 cents, warranted fast colors.

Please call at LEWY'S, at the old stand of John Rhoads, Esq., deceased tf.

When a man's conscience begins to get hard, it does so faster than anything in nature. It is like an egg that is being boiled; it is very clear at first, but as soon as it gets cloudy, one minute more and you may cut it with a knife.

Night brings out stars, as sorrow shows us truths; we never see the stars till we can see little or nought else—and thus it is with truth.

Sometimes, in musing upon genius in its simpler manifestations, it seems as if the great art of human culture consisted chiefly in preserving the glow and freshness of the heart.

A trans-Atlantic paper thinks that an Indian and his squaw, paddling down the Mississippi, are interesting specimens of *cannoebial* felicity.

"Julius, why didn't you oblong your stay at de sea-side?" "Kase, Mr. Snow, de charge too much." "How so, Julius?" "Why, de landlord charged dis colored individual wid stealin' de spoons."

A gentleman having to pass through a river which he supposed deep, bid his servant go before him; but he, to show his good breeding, replied, "Sir, do you cross first, and I will follow."

Fine sensibilities are like woodbines—delightful luxuries of beauty, to twine around a solid, upright stem of understanding; but very poor things, if unsustained by strength, they are left to creep along the ground.

We know of a pretty young lady, who has a lover named Joy She is impatient to have him "pop the question," and thinks of availing herself of the female privilege of leap year. In that case she would "leap for Joy."

There is a complaint that commits a fearful havoc in all commercial circles, called insolvency, the first decided symptom of which is a suit at law, with you for defendant—or plaintiff, it doesn't matter which.

IT WILL PAY YOU
TO
READ THIS.

IT WILL PAY YOU
TO
OBSERVE WHAT I SAY!

IT WILL PAY YOU
FOR A VISIT TO
HARRISBURG!!!

TO SEE AND MAKE YOUR PURCHASES
FROM THE LARGE, HANDSOME
AND FASHIONABLE STOCK OF
READY MADE CLOTHING, CLOTH,
CASSIMERES, VESTINGS AND
GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS
NOW EXPOSED AT THE WELL
KNOWN ARCADE, NO. 3 JONES ROW.

AVAILING MYSELF OF THE
ADVANTAGES WHICH READY
CASH PRESENTS, I OFFER ALL
GOODS AT 10 PER CENT. CHEAPER
THAN ANY OTHER HOUSES.

CHAS. S. SEGELBAUM.

P.S.—HAVING SECURED
A FIRST RATE CUTTER AND TAILOR,
I AM NOW READY TO MAKE
CLOTHING TO ORDER IN THE
MOST FASHIONABLE STYLE.
I WARRANT A FIT OR NO SALE.

oct6-d4w

Sewing Machines.

THE GROVER & BAKER
NOISELESS
FAMILY SEWING MACHINE

is rapidly superseding all others for family use. The DOUBLE LOCK-STITCH formed by this Machine is found to be *the only one* which survives the wash-tub on bias seams, and, therefore, the only one permanently valuable for Family Sewing.

READ THE FOLLOWING TESTIMONY:

"MRS. JEFFERSON DAVIS, presents her compliments to Grover & Baker, and takes pleasure in saying that she has used one of their Machines for two years, and finds it still in good order, makes a beautiful stitch, and does easily work of any kind."—*Washington, D C.*

"It is a beautiful thing, and puts everybody into an excitement of good humor. Were I a Catholic, I would insist upon Saints Grover & Baker having an eternal holiday in commemoration of their good deeds for humanity."—*Cassius M. Clay.*

"My wife has had one of Grover & Baker's Family Sewing Machines for some time, and I am satisfied it is one of the best labor-saving machines that has been invented. I take much pleasure in recommending it to the public."—*I. G. Harris, Governor of Tennessee.*

"On the recommendation of a friend, I procured, some months since, one of your Family Sewing Machines. My family has been most successful in its use, from the start, without any trouble or difficulty whatever in its management. My wife says it is a 'family blessing,' and could not be induced to dispense with its use—in all of which I most heartily concur."—*James Pollock, Ex-Governor of Pennsylvania.*

"The undersigned, CLERGYMEN of various denominations, having purchased and used in our families GROVER & BAKER'S CELEBRATED FAMILY SEWING MACHINE, take pleasure in recommending it as an instrument fully combining the essentials of a good machine. Its beautiful simplicity, ease of management, and the strength and elasticity of its stitch, unite to render it a machine unsurpassed by any in the market, and one which we feel confident will give satisfaction to all who may purchase and use it."

Rev. W P. STRICKLAND, New York.
Rev. E. P. ROGERS, D. D., Albany, N. Y.
Rev. W. B. SPRAGUE, D. D., Albany, N. Y.
Rev. JOHN CROSS, Baltimore, Md.
Rev. JOHN M'CRON, D. D., Baltimore, Md.
Rev. W A. CROCKER, Norfolk, Va.
Rev. JOHN PARIS, Norfolk, Va
Rev. C. HANKEL, D D., Charleston, S. C.
Rev. C. A. LOYAL, Charleston, S. C.
Rev. B. B ROSS, Mobile, Ala.
Rev. A. A. PORTER, Selma, Ala
Prof. W. D. WILSON, D. D., Geneva, N. Y.
Rev. W. H. CURRY, A. M., Geneva, N Y.
Rev. I. TURNBULL BACKUS, D. D., Schenectady, N. Y.
Rev. B. W. CHIDLAW, A. M., Cincinnati, Ohio.
Rev. W. PERKINS, Cincinnati, Ohio.
Prof. I. I. McELHENNY, D D., Gambier, Ohio.
Rev. ENSTEIN MORBOUGH, Cambridge City, Ind.
Rev. JOSEPH ELDRIDGE, Norfolk, Conn.
Rev. OSMOND C. BAKER, Bishop of M. E. Church, Concord, N. H.

OFFICES.

495 Broadway, New York; 18 Summer Street, Boston; 730 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia; 181 Baltimore Street, Baltimore; 249 King Street, Charleston; 11 Camp Street, New Orleans; 124 North Fourth Street, St. Louis; 58 West Fourth Street, Cincinnati; 171 Superior Street, Cleveland; and all the principal cities and towns in the United States.

SEND FOR A CIRCULAR

sep28-d&wly

For Sale & To Rent.

RARE CHANCE FOR INVESMENT.

SALE OF
VALUABLE HOTEL PROPERTY
IN THE CITY OF HARRISBURG.

That well-known and valuable hotel property known as the

"SUSQUEHANNA HOUSE,"

now in the occupancy of Wm. Mocherman, situate on the east end of Market street, and immediately opposite the Pennsylvania Railroad Depot, will be offered at PRIVATE SALE until the 4th of December next, and if not sold before that time, will be put up at Public Auction on that day.

This is the most desirable property in the city of Harrisburg for hotel business. Its proximity to the Pennsylvania Railroad Depot, and the depot of all the railroads centering at Harrisburg, makes it more convenient and accessible to the traveling public than any other Hotel in the city.

Further information in regard to this property and as to the terms of sale, may be had by applying to

WM H. MILLER, Attorney-at-Law,
North corner Market Square, (Wyeth's Building,) second story front. oct2-d&wts

NOTICE TO SPECULATORS!

VALUABLE BUILDING LOTS FOR SALE!

A number of large size BUILDING LOTS, adjoining the Round House and Work Shops of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, will be sold low and on reasonable terms. Apply to au29-d6m JOHN W. HALL.

NOTICE.—A parochial residence being about to be erected with St. Patrick's Church, the Rev. P. Maher offers for sale the place wherein he resides. Application to Rev P. MAHER or Major BRADY. May 3, 1860.—my4-dtf

FOR RENT—A Commodious Two-Story DWELLING HOUSE, (in Second street, below Pine,) with wide Hall, large Back Building, Marble Mantels in Parlors, Gas in six rooms, all the rooms just papered and painted. The second story divided into seven rooms, one of which is a Bath. This, in connection with the fact that the house has just been placed in the most thorough repair, makes it one of the most desirable houses in the city Enquire of E. M. POLLOCK,
ap19 Market Square, Harrisburg.

FOR SALE—A Vacant Lot of Ground, situated in the borough of Harrisburg, adjoining the corner lot of the northwest corner of Second and State streets. The lot has a front of 56 feet. For particulars enquire of [jan20-dtf] E. C. WILLIAMS.

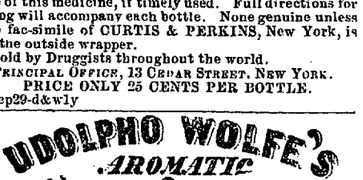
FOR RENT—Two BRICK TWO-STORY HOUSES on Pine street, between Second and Third; also, Mrs. Cline's COTTAGE and several FRAME HOUSES. Enquire of

MRS MURRAY,
jan17-dtf] Corner of Second and Pine streets.

FOR SALE—One Teamster's Wagon, two Coal Carts, one large Cart, suitable for farming purposes. Apply to
my18 JAMES M. WHEELER.

WEDDING and Visiting Cards, SCHEFFER'S Bookstore.

Medical.



MRS. WINSLOW,
An experienced Nurse and Female Physician, presents to the attention of mothers, her

SOOTHING SYRUP,
FOR CHILDREN TEETHING,

which greatly facilitates the process of teething, by softening the gums, reducing all inflammation—will allay ALL PAIN and spasmodic action, and is SURE TO REGULATE THE BOWELS. Depend upon it mothers, it will give rest to yourselves, and

RELIEF AND HEALTH TO YOUR INFANTS.

We have put up and sold this article for over ten years, and CAN SAY, IN CONFIDENCE AND TRUTH of it, what we have never been able to say of any other medicine—NEVER HAS IT FAILED, IN A SINGLE INSTANCE, TO EFFECT A CURE, when timely used. Never did we know an instance of dissatisfaction by any one who used it. On the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in terms of commendation of its magical effects and medical virtues. We speak in this matter "WHAT WE DO KNOW," after ten years' experience. AND PLEDGE OUR REPUTATION FOR THE FULFILLMENT OF WHAT WE HERE DECLARE. In almost every instance where the infant is suffering from pain and exhaustion, relief will be found in fifteen or twenty minutes after the syrup is administered.

This valuable preparation is the prescription of one of the most EXPERIENCED and SKILLFUL NURSES in New England, and has been used with NEVER FAILING SUCCESS in

THOUSANDS OF CASES.

It not only relieves the child from pain, but invigorates the stomach and bowels, corrects acidity, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. It will almost instantly relieve

GRIPING IN THE BOWELS, AND WIND COLIC, and overcome convulsions, which, if not speedily remedied, end in death. We believe it the BEST and SUREST REMEDY IN THE WORLD, in all cases of DYSENTERY and DIARRHŒA IN CHILDREN, whether it arises from teething, or from any other cause. We would say to every mother who has a child suffering from any of the foregoing complaints—DO NOT LET YOUR PREJUDICES, NOR THE PREJUDICES OF OTHERS, stand between you and your suffering child, and the relief that will be SURE—yes, ABSOLUTELY SURE—to follow the use of this medicine, if timely used. Full directions for using will accompany each bottle. None genuine unless the fac-simile of CURTIS & PERKINS, New York, is on the outside wrapper.

Sold by Druggists throughout the world.
PRINCIPAL OFFICE, 13 CEDAR STREET, NEW YORK.
PRICE ONLY 25 CENTS PER BOTTLE.
sep29-d&wly

UDOLPHO WOLFE'S
AROMATIC
SCHIEDAM SCHNAPPS
A SUPERLATIVE
TONIC, DIURETIC,
ANTI DYSPEPTIC
AND
INVIGORATING CORDIAL

TO THE CITIZENS OF NEW JERSEY AND PENNSYLVANIA.

APOTHECARIES, DRUGGISTS, GROCERS AND *PRIVATE FAMILIES.*
WOLFE'S PURE COGNAC BRANDY.
WOLFE'S PURE MADEIRA, SHERRY AND PORT WINE.
WOLFE'S PURE JAMAICA AND ST. CROIX RUM.
WOLFE'S PURE SCOTCH AND IRISH WHISKY.
ALL IN BOTTLES.

I beg leave to call the attention of the citizens of the United States to the above WINES and LIQUORS, imported by UDOLPHO WOLFE, of New York, whose name is familiar in every part of this country for the purity of his celebrated SCHIEDAM SCHAPPS. Mr. WOLFE, in his letter to me, speaking of the purity of his WINES and LIQUORS, says: "I will stake my reputation as a man, my standing as a merchant of thirty years' residence in the City of New York, that all the BRANDY and WINES which I bottle are pure as imported, and of the best quality, and can be relied upon by every purchaser." Every bottle has the proprietor's name on the wax, and a fac simile of his signature on the certificate. The public are respectfully invited to call and examine for themselves. For sale at RETAIL by all Apothecaries and Grocers in Philadelphia.

GEORGE H. ASHTON,
No. 832 Market street, Philadelphia,
Sole Agent for Philadelphia.

Read the following from the New York *Courier*:

ENORMOUS BUSINESS FOR ONE NEW YORK MERCHANT.—We are happy to inform our fellow-citizens that there is one place in our city where the physician, apothecary, and country merchant, can go and purchase pure Wines and Liquors, as pure as imported, and of the best quality. We do not intend to give an elaborate description of this merchant's extensive business, although it will well repay any stranger or citizen to visit UDOLPHO WOLFE'S extensive warehouse, Nos. 18, 20 and 22, Beaver street, and Nos 17, 19 and 21, Marketfield street. His stock of Schnapps on hand ready for shipment could not have been less than thirty thousand cases; the Brandy, some ten thousand cases—Vintages of 1836 to 1856; and ten thousand cases of Madeira, Sherry and Port Wines, Scotch and Irish Whisky, Jamaica and St. Croix Rum, some very old and equal to any in this country. He also had three large cellars, filled with Brandy, Wines, &c., in casks, under Custom-House key, ready for bottling. Mr. WOLFE'S sales of Schnapps last year amounted to one hundred and eighty thousand dozen, and we hope in less than two years he may be equally successful with his Brandies and Wines.

His business merits the patronage of every lover of his species. Private families who wish pure Wines and Liquors for medical use should send their orders direct to Mr WOLFE, until every Apothecary in the land make up their minds to discard the poisonous stuff from their shelves, and replace it with WOLFE'S pure WINES and LIQUORS.

We understand Mr. WOLFE, for the accommodation of small dealers in the country, puts up assorted cases of Wines and Liquors. Such a man, and such a merchant, should be sustained against his tens of thousands of opponents in the United States, who sell nothing but imitations, ruinous alike to human health and happiness.

For sale by C. K. KELLER, Druggist, sole agent for Harrisburg. sep5-d&w6m

SANFORD'S
LIVER INVIGORATOR,
NEVER DEBILITATES.

IT is compounded entirely from Gums, and has become an established fact, a standard Medicine, known and approved by all that have used it, and is now resorted to with confidence in all the diseases for which it is recommended.

It has cured thousands within the last two years who had given up all hopes of relief, as the numerous unsolicited certificates in my possession show.

The dose must be adapted to the temperament of the individual taking it, and used in such quantities as to act gently on the bowels.

Let the dictates of your judgment guide you in the use of the LIVER INVIGORATOR, and it will cure Liver Complaints, Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Chronic Diarrhœa, Summer Complaints, Dysentery, Dropsy, Sour Stomach, Heartburn, Costiveness, Cholera Morbus, Cholera Infantum, Flatulence, Jaundice, Female Weaknesses, and may be used successfully as an Ordinary Family Medicine. It will cure SICK HEADACHE, (sometimes in twenty minutes, if thousands can testify,) in two or three Teaspoonfuls are taken at commencement of attack.

All who use it are giving their testimony in its favor.

LIVER INVIGORATOR.

MIX WATER IN THE MOUTH WITH THE INVIGORATOR, AND SWALLOW BOTH TOGETHER.

Price One Dollar per Bottle.

—ALSO—

SANFORD'S
FAMILY
CATHARTIC PILLS,
COMPOUNDED FROM
Pure Vegetable Extracts, and put up in Glass Cases, Air Tight, and will keep in any climate.

The Family Cathartic PILL is a gentle but active Cathartic, which the proprietor has used in his practice more than twenty years.

The constantly increasing demand from those who have long used the PILLS, and the satisfaction which all express in regard to their use, has induced me to place them within the reach of all The Profession well know that different Cathartics act on different portions of the bowels.

The FAMILY CATHARTIC PILL has, with due reference to this well established fact, been compounded from a variety of the purest Vegetable Extracts, which act alike on every part of the alimentary canal, and are good and safe in all cases wh re a Cathartic is needed, such as Derangements of the Stomach, Sleeplessness, Pains in the Back and Loins, Costiveness, Pain and Soreness over the whole body, from sudden cold, which frequently, if neglected, end in a long course of Fever, Loss of Appetite, a Creeping Sensation of Coldness over the body, Restlessness, Headache, or weight in the Head, all INFLAMMATORY DISEASES, Worms in Children or Adults, Rheumatism, a great PURIFIER of the BLOOD and many diseases to which flesh is heir, too numerous to mention in this advertisement. Dose, 1 to 3.

CATHARTIC PILLS.

Price Three Dimes.

The Liver Invigorator and Family Cathartic Pills are retailed by Druggists generally, and sold wholesale by the Trade in all the large towns.

S. T. W SANFORD, M. D.,
Manufacturer and Proprietor, 208 Broadway, N. Y.
jy7-d&wly

Lines of Travel.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

FIVE TRAINS DAILY TO & FROM PHILADELPHIA.

The Bridge at Conewago having been re-built, the Passenger Trains of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will resume their former route. On and after

MONDAY, OCTOBER 15TH, 1860,

they will depart from and arrive at Harrisburg and Philadelphia as follows:

EASTWARD.

THROUGH EXPRESS TRAIN leaves Harrisburg at 1.15 a. m., and arrives at West Philadelphia at 5.10 a. m.

FAST LINE leaves Harrisburg at 6.15 a. m., every day except Monday, arrives at West Philadelphia at 10.00 a. m.

MAIL TRAIN leaves Harrisburg at 1.00 p. m., arrives at West Philadelphia at 5.00 p. m.

These Trains make close connection at Philadelphia with the New York Lines.

MT. JOY ACCOMMODATION TRAIN, No. 1, leaves 6.50 a. m., Mt. Joy at 8 02, and connects at Lancaster at 8 50 with LANCASTER TRAIN, arriving at West Philadelphia at 12.10 p. m.

HARRISBURG ACCOMMODATION TRAIN leaves at at 3.50 p. m., Columbia at 5.15, and arrives at West Philadelphia at 9 05 p. m.

MT. JOY ACCOMMODATION TRAIN, No. 2, leaves at 4.00 p. m., Mt. Joy at 5.11, connects with HARRISBURG ACCOMMODATION TRAIN East at Dillerville at 5.40, arriving at West Philadelphia at 9.05 p. m.

WESTWARD.

THROUGH EXPRESS TRAIN leaves Philadelphia at 10.45 p. m., arrives at Harrisburg at 2.55 a. m.

MAIL TRAIN leaves Philadelphia at 7.30 a. m., arrives at Harrisburg at 12.50 p. m.

FAST LINE leaves Philadelphia at 11.50 a. m., arrives at Harrisburg at 4.00 p. m.

MT. JOY ACCOMMODATION TRAIN, No. 1, leaves Lancaster on arrival of MAIL TRAIN West, at 11.04 a. m., leaves Mt. Joy at 11.42, and arrives at Harrisburg at 1.00 p. m.

HARRISBURG ACCOMMODATION TRAIN leaves Philadelphia at 2.00 p. m., Columbia at 6.10, and arrives at Harrisburg at 7.35 p. m.

MT. JOY ACCOMMODATION TRAIN, No. 2, leaves Lancaster, on the arrival of LANCASTER TRAIN West, at 7.54 p. m., Mt. Joy at 8.30, and arrives at Harrisburg at 9.42 p. m.

Passengers leaving Philadelphia at 4.00 p. m., on LANCASTER TRAIN, connect at Lancaster with MT. JOY ACCOMMODATION TRAIN No. 2, at 7.54, and arrive at Harrisburg at 9.24 p. m.

oct16-dtf SAMUEL D. YOUNG,
Supt. East. Div. Penn'a Railroad.

NEW AIR LINE ROUTE
TO
NEW YORK.

Shortest in Distance and Quickest in Time
BETWEEN THE TWO CITIES OF
NEW YORK AND HARRISBURG,
VIA
READING, ALLENTOWN AND EASTON;

MORNING EXPRESS, West, leaves New York at 6 a. m., arriving at Harrisburg at 12.45 noon, only 6¾ hours between the two cities.

MAIL LINE leaves New York at 12.00 noon, and arrives at Harrisburg at 8.30 p. m.

MORNING MAIL LINE, East, leaves Harrisburg at 8.00 a. m, arriving at New York at 4.30 p. m.

AFTERNOON EXPRESS LINE, East, leaves Harrisburg at 1.15 p. m., arriving at New York at 9.00 p. m.

Connections are made at Harrisburg at 1.00 p. m. with the Passenger Trains in each direction on the Pennsylvania, Cumberland Valley and Northern Central Railroads

All Trains connect at Reading with Trains for Pottsville and Philadelphia, and at Allentown for Mauch Chunk, Easton, &c.

No change of Passenger Cars or Baggage between New York and Harrisburg, by the 6.00 a. m. Line from New York or the 1.15 p. m. from Harrisburg.

For beauty of scenery and speed, comfort and