

to deplore the failure at Wilmington, we are enabled to give the particulars, under our telegraphic head on the first page, of the brilliant success of an expedition under Gen. Stoneman. The raid was one of the most effective of the war. The possession of Saltville, Virginia, the great focus of supply of an indispensable article, will be of the utmost importance to the Federal troops, and a loss to Lee's army, far more serious than the capture of Richmond could be for the time .--Then it will be seen, that the failure at Wilmington is amply compensated by the success of Stoneman.

propitious circumstances.

HARRISBURG, PA.

thorities.

The Inefficiency of Conserlption as Means of Filling Up Our Armies.

A great deal of attention is being directed to the draft, and many memorials are now in circulation for signatures, for the purpose of being presented to Congress, as a means of indicating the sense of the people on the subject. One of these memorials, signed by such men as J. Edgar Thompson, Horace Birney, Morton M'Michael, Wm. D. Lewis, Chas. Gilpin, and many others of Philadelphia, discusses the whole subject of conscription so ably, with the temptations, frauds and injustice attending its general operation, that we deem it due to our readers to refer to and quote a portion of the same. The memorialists insist, that the entire system of local bounties is wrong. As citizens owing military duty to the Government all sections are equal. When quotas for troops are apportioned, it is sup posed and intended that such soldiers should come from such localities. This supposition, however, has been defeated by the system of bounties. A sub-district, composed of opulent men, draws its quota from a district less wealthy, so that when the draft is directly resorted to, the latter district is compelled, because of its poverty, to bear a double share of the bloody burdens of the war. Besides this, it is claimed by the memorialists, that the system of local bounties has had a tondency to destroy the morale of the soldiers, as never more than about one-third of the money thus expended finds its way into the pocket of the substitute. Dishonest men, acting as bounty brokers, have made the high and honorable service which every man owes to his Government a mere matter of bargain and sale. Such brokers seek the worst men for material as substitutes, while these, in return, knowing that they are cheated in the matter Telegraph lines, and in addition receives freof their bounties, do not hesitate to defraud the Government by deserting. If they do not desert, such substitutes enter the army to become burdens to the service, occupying cots in the military hospitals instead of positions in the ranks before the enemy. Thus in both ways, the entire system of local bounties has been a fraud on the people and the Government. The former waste immense sums of money to avoid the draft, while the latter receives no recruits to carry on the war for its safety.

relative proportion of the vote. The aggre-gate vote, as actually returned, is 3,957,702-say 4,000,000, including such as were exclud-ed by being too late. Of those duly returned Majority for Lincoln 407,302 Taking the entire popular vote in all the States entitled to a voice, we may put Lincrew.

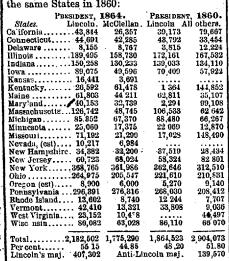
coln's clear majority at Foun HUNDRED AND FIFTT THOUSAND. The vote in detail (esti-mating Oregon) is as follows, comparing with the same States in 1860:

Electoral Colleges, it was impossible to get in all the returns in some of the large Western

States, such as Missouri. Iowa, the Michigan

Peninsula, Minnesota, &c., but these deficien

cies are trivial, and make no difference in the



Whole vote in 1860, 3,868,616; in 1864 (estimating that not counted) 4,000,000; in-crease, 131,384. The entire vote for President in 1860, including all the Southern States, was 4,680,193.—Tribune.



of the Tennessee river, he heard heavy cannon-ading in the direction of Florence, which was probably Steadman's force engaged with For-rest. There is intense indignation against Hood in the rebel army. Loss of a Vessel at Sea. NEW YORK, Dec. 30. The steamer Arago has arrived. Her officers report that last night she fell in with (off Egg Harbor) the bark Mary E. Libby, of Portland, took from her Captain Meshman, of the steamer North America, which foundered at sea, and 47 of her officers, passengers and The North America left New Orleans on the 16th instant, with 236 soldiers, 12 cabin passengers and a crew of 44 men. She sprang a leak on the 22d, and at 2 A. M., spoke the bark

Mary E. Libby, which promised to stay and rescue everybody aboard if necessary. At 2.30 p. n., the water put the fire out, the boats were got ready and at 3.30 started the first boat with the chief engineer and all the lady passengers. Six boat loads were got aboard. The 7th

On Saturday, when twelve miles this side

boat load left at dark with Purser Pellitt and 8 men, and are supposed to be lost, as they never reached the bark. The eighth and last boat, with the Captain,

first and second officers and eight men left the North America at 71 P. M., and were hoisted aboard the bark at 9 P. M. Being impossible to return to the steamer that night, the bark made sail and proceeded toward the steamer, her lights all in sight, distant about 6 miles. About 1 A. M. the lights suddenly disappear-ed and the steamer, it is supposed, sunk. At daylight nothing was in sight but some water corks. Made sail and cruised around until noon, when the bark proceeded on her course

Sixty-two passengers were saved, and one hundred and ninety-seven lost. Among the lost were Colonel Saunders and Lieutenant Colonel Horn.

The following were saved and brought here by the Arago: Miss E. Rauss, of the Sanitary Commission; Miss Millie Flower, Miss Mary Garry, Mrs. John S. Smith, Jane Welch, Stewardess, and Captain J. H. Miserath, United States Colored Infantry; J. Wil-son, Hospital Stewart, United States Army; W. R. Dinsmore, U. S. navy; E. McClintock, J. S. N.; privates, J. W. Stewart, Chas. Stew art, Chars. F. Fowler, Jno. S. Smith, W. Wilson, Alfred C. Dorr, Willis Prickaley, Ed-ward Van Gueron, Marion J. Brown, Jno. Shepard, Baily Law, Francis Wisnar, Jno. Z. Cullom, Chas. B. Wilcox, Cornelius Reynolds and 42 officers and crew of the North America.



After expatiating on many of the other evils attending the bounty system, the memorialists indulge in the following sensible language:

It is easy thus to expatiate on evils, the existence of which is generally admitted To suggest remedies is more difficult, and we feel no little diffidence in offering for your consideration such as have occurred to us. L To avoid, as far as possible, short terms

of service, and to empower the President to draft for one, two, or three years, at his discretion, during the war. II. To discourage the offering of local

bounties, and the buying up of recruits from other localities. To effect this, the Govern-ment bounty might be restricted to those who receive no local bounty. Every sub-district might be empowered to claim credit for its residents who may hereafter cnlist, no matter to what place they may have credited themselves. All credits for non-residents would thus be liable to be lost. It would also be well to repeal the third section of the Act of July 4th, authorizing the loyal States to recruit in insurrectionary districts.

III. The unexpired term of service of all volunteers hereafter enlisting and deserting might properly be charged back to the locali-ty receiving credit for them

IV. As these measures would diminish volunteering, the draft must be looked to as the main resource to maintain the strength of our armies. To accomplish this, it might be rendered more effective and more popular.-Perhaps some additional safeguards might be dopted to diminish the number of those who fail to report. Whatever bounty may be offered by Government to volunteers might, we think, judiciously be likewise bestowed upon drafted men. It is difficult to see why the man who can enlist without a sacrifice should be largely rewarded, while the citizen who is forced leave all that he holds dear, should receive nothing in return for the sacrifice which his prompt response to its demands, and would field when required.

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TELEGRAPHIC DISPATCHES.

The "TELEGRAPH" is the only paper published here that receives the regular Associ-ATE PRESS dispatches over the Western Union quently special dispatches.

Washington.

WASHINGTON. Dec 29. SALE OF POSTAGE STAMPS.

The Postmaster General has ressinded the instructions of the Post Office Department under section nine of the act of Congress, approved July 1st, 1864, authorizing postmasters to sell postage stamps and stamped envelopes at a discount of five per cent. Postmasters will in the future, under no circumstances, make any abatement from the face value of such stamped envelopes.

HONORS TO THE LATE MINISTER DAYTON. The President has directed that the civil. military and naval officers in the public serwice at New York shall render due honors and attentions to the remains of the late Wm. L. Dayton on their arrival in that city.

WITHDRAWAL OF TEN-FORTY BONDS.

The Secretary of the Treasury has issued the following notice, withdrawing the ten-forty bonds after Januray 7th, 1865. Suffi Suffi-

cient time is thus given for the banks to obtain gold-b aring bonds for banking purposes: TREASURY DEPARTMENT, Dec. 23, 1864. Notice is hereby given that the ten-forty loan will be withdrawn on the 7th of January preserved after that date. geived after that date. W. P. FESSENDEN, Secretary of the Treasury.

Louisville.

PASSES FORBIDDEN CITIZENS NORTH OF NASH VILLE.

LOUISVILLE, Dec. 29.

By orders from General Sherman's head quarters at Nashville, no passes will be issued here to citizens north of that city, unless permission is previously obtained from Generals Sherman, Thomas, or the military command ant at Nashville.

Lieutenant Colonel W. O. Boyle, son of General T. Boyle, of this city, was killed at Marion, Va., on the 18th instant while leading his regiment in an engagement with Breckinridge's forces.

Volunteers in the West-

ST. LOUIS, Dec. 29. On the subject of volunteers, Governor Hall, in his message, says: Up to the 1st of July last, Mesouri had furnished 16,000 men nothing in return for the sacrifice which his country exacts of him. A moderate bounty for districts which are behind, the deficiency is the drafted man, or some provision during for his absence for those who may be dependent upon him, would deprive the draft of half its terrors, would cause a much more general and have had 60,000 militia organized and in the

dec30-21

From Washington.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 30. Numbers of rebel deserters are brought hither every day by the mail boat. To-day about 100 of them took the oath o allegiance.

There is no probability of the naval forces under Admiral Porter discontinuing their bombardment of Fort Fisher, unless so directed by the Government.

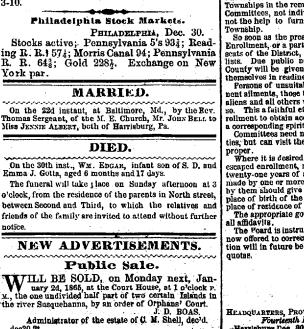
Markets by Telegraph.

New York, Dec. 30. Cotton steady. Flour 5@10c better; State \$9 60@9 85, Ohio \$11@11 20, and Southern \$10 70@12. Wheat advanced 1@2c; sales of 3,000 bus at \$2 50 for amber Michigan. Corn dull and nominal. Pork buoyant; new mes \$41. Lard firm at 20@243. Whisky dull and nominal at \$2 21@2 25.

New York Stock Market.

NEW YOBK, Dec. 30. Gold has been as high as 2304; it is now quoted at 228. Stocks irregular. Chicago and Rock Island 1034; Cumberland preferred 43; Illinois Central 1264; Michigan Southern 70⁸; Ditto guaranteed 141; New York Central 103; Beading 1143; HudsonRiver 1143; Can-ton Co. 35¹/₆; Missouri 6's 165; Erie 82; Cou-pons 1881; Five-twenties, 109¹/₆; Ten-Forties 102¹/₆; One Yoar Certificates 96²/₆; Treasury 7

1997 - Contra Costa e 1



FERSONAL APPEARANCE. Those claiming exemption for two years' service, over or under age, alionage and physical disability should ap-pear in person. But a cursory examination will be given the last class. Those that do not feel themselves perma-noulty and manifestly disabled should not appear. As regards allers aid persons claiming exemption on age, parsonal attendance is requisite. Whenever it is practi-cable for a party claiming exemption for any cause to ap-pear, he should come. An application in his abcence, without reasonable occute for non-attendance. Is somstrued vithout reasonable excuse for non-attendance, is construct gainst him. against him. GENERAL OBSERVATIONS A copy of the enroll ocut n my often facilitate and cur-tait the work of committees. This will be furnished the Townships in the remoter Counties on application. Only Committees, not individuals, need apply. This office has not the help to furnish more than a single copy to a Township.

Roard.

not the help to luring more than a single copy to a So soon as the present draft is comp etod the Board of Enrollment, or a part of it, will wish the several County scats of the District, for the purpose of correcting the Gounty will be given. The citizens are urged to hold themselves in readiness to attend. Persons of unsuitable age, those afflicted with perma-nent aliments, these that have seen two years' service, aliens and all others who can attend should be urged to do so. This faithful effort on the part of the Board of En-rollment to obtain accurate lists, and should be met with a corresponding spirit by citizens. Committees need not wait until the Beard visits Coun-ties; but can visit the Eoard here at once if they see proper.

OVER OR UNDER AGE.

ALUENS.

PHYSICAL DISABILITY.

Persons who claim to be stricken off on account of being

where it is cosired to have a person enrolled who has

Where it is desired to have a person enrolled who has escaped enrollment, moved inte the Township, or become twenty-one years of age, application in writing should be made by one or more citizens. The statement submitted by them should give the full name, age, cocupation and place of birth of the man to be enrolled, as well as the place of residence of the informant. The appropriate government stamps must be affixed to all affidavits. The Foard is instructed to say that if the opportunity now offered to correct enrollments is neglected, no atten-tion will in future be given to complaints about excessive quotes.

W. H. PATTERSON, Captain and Provost Marsh CHARLES HOWER, . Commissioner P. R. WAGONSELLUR, Surgeon

HEADQUARTERS, PROVOST MARSHAL, Fourieenth District, Penna., Harrisburg Dec. 30, 1864.

the fee simple cost of the Company's estate, and if deemed advantageous by the Stock-Dressing Cases. Ladies' Companions. Caba Satchels. holders it is believed that but little difficulty would presently be experienced in leasing a portion of their territory at a bonus and royalty greater than the original cost of th whole.

Persons who claim to be stricken off on account of being over 45 or under 20 years of age, must. bring their own affidavit, slating the day of their b rth. Where the pa-rents are living their affidavit is also required. In case the parents are dead, the affidavit of the applicant must state this fact, and then the strict of the applicant must state this fact, and they know the man and believe his statement to be true, will be received. In support of the foregoing eridence, any record evidence, public or pri-vate, that may be in existence, must be produced. Where there is no record evidence. The VULCAN OIL AND MINING COM-PANY is organized and will be conducted solely with the view of affording a source of per-manent business profit to those interested, and in order to place the Company's Oil in the mar-ket at the earliest moment, vigorous operations will be forthwith begun.

ALGENS. These must file an affidavit setting forth the date and place of birth; the port at which they were landed, as well as the time; their several places of residence since in this country, with the length of time at each; and that they have never filed a declaration of intent in to become citizens, nor have voted or attempted to vote at any elec-tion in any Flate. In addition, the affidavit of two re-spectable citizens, not themselves aliens, must be fur-nished who certify that they know the applicant to be a man entitled to credit, and believe his statement to be Irue. **PHYSICAL DISABILITY.** As a source of additional profit to the Stockholders and accommodation to the neighbor-ing producers, it is proposed to erect a large REFINERY, at such a point and under such auspices as the directors may determine will insure the largest returns.

One hundred and twenty-five thousand shares of stock only will be sold, and no fur-The Board is allowed to strike off, for manifest perma-nent physical disability. It is impossible to make this term any plainer. The infimitics for which the Board are permitted to strike off, must be both manifest and permanent. Those detiring to b's stricken off under this head should come in person. The Surgeon must are the trouble complained of before reporting an opinion to the Board ther subscriptions will be accepted at any price whatever; the remaining 75,000 shares stand pledged to be equally divided pro rata between the ORIGINAL SUBSCRIBERS, at such a time as the Board of Directors may deem most advantageous to the interests of the

FERSONAL APPEARANCE. Company.

The immense profit to be derived from arnest and successful working is shown by the fact that a single company is this year (\$1,000,000) DOLLARS IN CASH DIVIDENDS, be-sides a handsome reserve for additional developments.

The substantial inducements which the VULCAN OIL AND MINING COMPANY offer to those desirous of securing an interest in a source of wealth that is now startling the whole world, are of a character that merit the gravest consideration.

To persons interested, or not interested, every information concerning the estates of the Company, its workings and prospects, will be freely given, and detailed maps and charts will be cheerfully shown.

Subscriptions to a limited part of the Stock (if not already taken) will be received at origi-nal price-\$1.00 per share.

HENRY SIMONS, President,

U. S. National Wagon Works.

WM. H. WEEKS, Treasurer, Of W. H. Weeks & Co., White Lead Manufacturers.

J. L. WILLOUGHBY, Secretary, Company's Office, 434 Walnut Street, Phila.

As the most approved Philadelphia made nol machinery has been secured, and four Wells at once pushed forward, but little time can now intervene before the Company's Oil is in the market.

dos0-Steod

Match Cases. Ladies' Purses. Cigar Cases. Portemonuales. TOILET ARTICLES. Powder Puff Boxes. Toilet Waters. Brushes. Powders. Pachets Hand Mirrors. 'foilet Scaps. Pomades. Combs. Burnett's Toilet Setts, SOLDIERS' WARES. Sewing Cases, Folios. Pocket Mirrors, Writing Cases Cavalry Cases. Leather and Wicker **Flasks** Money Belts Leather, Meial and Gum VARIETIES VARIETIES Wooden Puzzles. Fancy BOA95. Meerschaum Pipes. Work BOR93. Brier Pines. Box of Cigars. Pocket Knives. Leather and Gum Balls. Fine Razora. Fine Dominocs. D.aries for 1865. Thermometers. Also. a great variety of Lava Ware, all of which can be had at KUNKEL & BRO'S DRUG STORE, dec711 No. 113 MARKET STREET, HARRISBEERG. Wooden Puzzles. Meerschaum Pipes. Brier Pines. Pocket Knives. Fine Razors. D.aries for 1865. Also, a great varié

Ladies' Satchels. Portefolios.

LEATHER GOODS.

leather. Ivory Tablets.

Cups.

decití No. 113 MARRET STREET, HARRISBURG. TREASURY DEPAR I MENT. OFFICE OF CONTROLLER OF THE CURRENT, WARHINGTOR, NOV. 21, 1884. Whoreas, by satisfactory evidence presented to the undersigned, it has been made appear that the HARRISBURG NATIONAL BANK, in the City of Har-riburg, in the County of Darphin, and State of Penn-givania, has been duly organized under and according to the equivements of the act of Congress, entitled "An Act to provide a National Currency, secure by a pledge of United States bonds, and to provide for the circulation and redemption threeof," approved Jane S, 1864, and has complied with be ore commencing the business of tank-ing under said act: Now, therefore, I, SAMUEL T. HOWARD, Deputy Comptroller of the Currency, do hereby certify that the Harriburg National Bank, in the City of Harriburg, in the county of Cauphin, and State of Pennsylvania, is author-ized to commence the business of banking under the act aforesaid. In testimony whereof, witness my hand end seal of

oregaid. In testimony whereof, witness my hand and seal of fice this twenty-first day of November, 1864. SAMUEL T. HOWARD, SEAL. Deputy Comptroller of the Carrency. no28

SEAL.

FINE Sugar Cured Hams and Dried Beef, just received at WM. M. GRAY & CO., (Houser and Lochman's old stand, Market square.) dec19

BASKETS, BASKETS, in great variety SHISLER & FRAZER, Buccessors to W. Dock, Jr., & Co.

Houser and Lochman's old stand, Market square. (Houser and Lochman's old stand, Market square.

RAGS! RAGS!! RAGS!!! FIVE cents per lb. cash paid for good mixed Raga SCHEFFEB'S Bookstore, sept26 21 South Second street. Harrisburg. Penna

OVID F. JOHNSON, ATTORNEY AT LAW

OFFICE No. 23, SOUTH SECOND STREET. Legal business and collections promptly attended to. dec6-d1m

CHEESE. — Prime New York Cheese, Pine Apple, English Dairy and Sep Sago Cheese, fust re-ceived this morning at SHISLER & FRAZERS.

RESH CRANBERRIES received this morning at WM. M. GRAY & CO., (Housar and Lochman's eld stand, Market square.)