# Daily Telegraph

HARRISBURG, PA.

WEDNESDAY EVENING DECEMBER 7, 1864.


**President Lincoln's Fourth Annual Message.**

We issued in our morning and reprint in our afternoon edition, the fourth annual message of Abraham Lincoln, President of the United States. Its brevity will commend it to the perusal of the general reader, while the frank and unostentatious manner with which it discussed the various topics within the range of its notice, cannot fail to render it comprehensible to every man in the country. Its epigramatic style forbids anything like a synopsis, and we must therefore content ourselves with a reference to it as a whole, without any attempt at a condensation of its features.

In the opening of his message, the President assures the country that our foreign relations are reasonably satisfactory. Every Government in the world, with the least pretensions to Republicanism, undisguisedly sympathizes with the efforts of the Federal authorities to crush the slave-holders' rebellion. There is something significant as well as impressive in this fact. Its significance is increased by another fact, namely, that those of the monarchial governments of the world, the authorities representing a purely aristocratic or despotic form of Government, which do not directly afford aid and sympathy to the slave-holders in rebellion, refuse to exercise a just neutrality by seeking in every possible way to embarrass the Government of the United States. From these facts it can be inferred that great skill and sagacity were required to manage our diplomatic relations. The Government, yielding none of its dignity nor surrendering any of its rights, has successfully managed to counteract the secret machinations as well as defeat the open plots of our foreign enemies to add to our embarrassments in the struggle with a base and causeless insurrection. And it is sanguinely anticipated that these relations with our true friends, the Republicans of the world, will be undisturbed; while as we succeed in vindicating and exhibiting our power as a nation, foreign Governments heretofore and now against us, will change their attitudes and obey the necessities which control the world, by acquiescing in results they cannot change. The financial affairs of the nation are justly described as occupying a basis of good security. The great fact that our debt is an indebtedness which we owe ourselves, will prevent it from ever becoming a burden. In the language of the President, "men readily perceive that they cannot be much oppressed with a debt which they owe themselves." And this is the real character of our indebtedness. The people owe it to the people. Instead of being a drawback to the nation, it will become hereafter its real bond of strength. We earnestly commend this portion of the message to the careful consideration of the people. Its suggestions in reference to a uniform currency—its solicitude for the prompt payment of pensions—its recommendations on the subject of exempting a certain amount of bonds from taxation and seizure for debt, are all of the highest importance, and should all be well pondered by every man in the country. There can be no mistaking the assurance, that the resources of the country are of a character forever to prevent the national debt from becoming a burden to labor.

Our military and naval affairs are next briefly adverted to and shown to be in a most cheering condition. Every line occupied by our armies since the last annual message, has been extended, the enemy driven from his securest positions, and important territory wrested from his grasp, until he is now confined within limits where his complete subjugation has been reduced to a mere matter of time. Already have the results of the war exhibited the utter folly of the struggle on the part of the slave master. Old slave States are abolishing slavery—new States are declaring for freedom—and a free sentiment is being created where, four years ago, to speak of liberty was to invite death. All this prognosticates the final and complete overthrow of slavery in all the States where it is now legalized, and the speedy redemption of the Union from the barbarous disgrace which now tarnishes its escutcheon.

—In conclusion, Mr. Lincoln reiterates the resolution which distinguished the policy of his administration during the past four years in reference to rebellion. The slave-holders' rebellion is to be put down, regardless of the cost or the hazards involved in the effort. The authority of the land must and shall be vindicated. To compromise with treason would be to sap the foundations of our national existence. To yield a single demand to insurgents with arms in their hands, would be to admit the validity of their claims as well as acknowledge the weakness of the Government. Relying on the support of the people, and believing in their valor, the President is determined to prosecute the war until he wrenches obedience from traitors and establishes the complete peace of the country.

—We repeat our commendation of the message. Its wisdom, sagacity and statesmanship will favorably impress the real lover of the country; while the thorough patriotism of its sentiments and the ardent Americanism of its spirit, show plainly that the prestige, glory, credit and prosperity of the country will never suffer while Abraham Lincoln represents the Government.

FARMERS, you are required to report to the U. S. Assessors all cattle, hogs, calves and sheep which you slaughter for sale. The tax on each head of horned cattle, 40 cents; on each hog, 10 cents, on each calf, 5 cents, and on each sheep 6 cents. Report must be made during the first ten days of each month. Persons failing to make returns as required by law, subject themselves to a severe penalty.

## MEETING OF THE ELECTORAL COLLEGE.

STATE CAPITOL,
HARRISBURG, December 7, 1864.

The Electoral College of Pennsylvania met in the Senate Chamber this day at twelve o'clock.

On motion, the Hon. MORTON M'MICHAEL, of Philadelphia, was chosen President of the college.

Mr. M'MICHAEL having been conducted to the chair, rose and said:

We have met to-day, gentlemen of the Electoral College, for the performance of an august duty. Under all circumstances the determination, by a great commonwealth, of questions affecting its largest interests is of grave importance, and it is especially so when the result of that determination may involve its very existence. Recently our State, in common with her loyal sister States, has been called upon to meet this very emergency—to solve by her action political problems alike awful in their immediate influence and their remoter consequences—and it is to give practical efficacy to what she has done in the premises that we have been deputed by our fellow-citizens. I am sure that each of you feels, as I do, the magnitude of the trust reposed in us.

It is no exaggeration to assert that no people were ever before called upon to pronounce upon issues so vast and vital to themselves, and so world-wide and all-embracing in their relations to others, as those which were presented to the people of the United States on the 8th of last November. The present destiny of the model republic of the earth—the future destiny of millions now living in distant regions, and millions yet to be born in the coming ages, were then to be decided.—Who shall complain if we boast that never was a public opinion formed more thoughtfully and wisely, or a public award proclaimed more resolutely and calmly? The spectacle of that memorable day was, indeed, full of moral sublimity. In the midst of an unparalleled excitement, after all that was mean and sordid and mercenary in our frail human natures had been constantly solicited, and when evil passions had been goaded to their fiercest extremity, men quietly repaired to the polls, and there, without tumult or turbulence, settled questions which had for months—yea, for years—intensely agitated all minds and bosoms; and, by their violent disturbance, shaken our civil and social fabrics to their very centres.

I say settled, gentlemen, because from that day's decision there can be no appeal. It was no hasty, impulsive or unconsidered conclusion, but a sober, solemn and deliberate judgment. All the issues had been fairly made up; all the pleadings carefully prepared; all the evidence thoroughly examined; all the arguments closely canvassed. In the broad blaze of the intellectual noon of the nineteenth century, while every civilized nation looked on with earnest attention, before the majestic tribunal of a self-governing people, the imposing trial was had whether freedom, humanity and progress should be our onward guides to the future, or whether, resuming the exploded forms of a corrupt and imbecile past, and consenting to be again marshalled by the debased apostles of effete and cruel institutions, we should relapse into barbarism. Let God be praised that the tribunal was equal to the mighty work assigned to it, for never was verdict more complete, deserved and emphatic than that which was rendered.

I do not propose to reopen the controversy which, so far as the great mass of the American people are concerned, was thus finally closed. As a preliminary, however, to the votes we shall directly cast, it may not be amiss briefly to state the significance which, as I understand it, the citizens of Pennsylvania, in whose behalf we are to speak, attach to the record we are about to make. That record is intended to show:

That, as the southern rebellion was commenced, and has been continued, utterly without justification, the war it has compelled us to wage must be prosecuted, at whatever cost, until the treason has been wholly subdued, and the flagrant traitors signally punished.

That the Union, in support of which the loyal portion of the American people are contending, is, in the highest sense, a national Union, and can never be sundered upon any assumption of States rights, or upon any pretext of States wrongs.

That, as slavery, through its baleful agencies, provoked, promoted and now sustains the rebellion, and from its very essence cannot coexist with republican government, therefore the peace for which we are struggling, as well as the future honor, dignity and safety of the nation, demand its total extirpation.

That, as means to this end, not less than for reasons more instant and urgent, the proclamations and other measures of emancipation adopted by the national Administration, whether through its civil or its military instrumentalities, have been just and necessary, and that to remove all further difficulty the national constitution should be so amended as to prohibit involuntary servitude, except for crime, on all soil now occupied by any of the United States, and in all the territory now belonging to or henceforth to be acquired by them.

There can be no doubt, I think, that these propositions were sanctioned and accepted by the people of this Commonwealth at the recent election; there can be no doubt, I am confident, that their suffrages on that occasion were meant to testify their gratitude, respect and esteem for the good and faithful magistrate whom they have a second time aided in calling to preside over the nation. I believe that nowhere, not even in his own cherished Illinois, where he has been so long known and loved, is there entertained for Mr. Lincoln a warmer or more affectionate attachment than that which we Pennsylvanians feel. His honesty, his tenderness, his benevolence, his geniality, have won our kindliest regard for his personal character, while his sagacity, his foresight, his steadiness of purpose, his remarkable aptitude for business, his large comprehension of affairs, his uncomplaining endurance of labors such as few besides himself have been called to undergo, and his unwearying patience under trials which none besides himself could have borne with equanimity, have secured our strongest admiration for his qualities as a statesman and his capacity as a ruler. Having faith alike in his skill and his integrity, wherever he has offered to lead we have been content to follow—advancing as he advanced, pausing when he paused—and events have vindicated our reliance. Weighed in the balance of an enlightened patriotism, he has not been found wanting by a single scruple; measured by the standard of eminent public service, he rises to the loftiest height and presents the finest proportions.

At this very hour, gentlemen, in all the parts of this immense republic, except in those which are excluded by the folly and wickedness of their own inhabitants—at this very hour, by the shores of the far-off Pacific; on the western slopes of the Rocky Mountains, beside the waters of the magnificent Mississippi, and the scarcely less magnificent Missouri; along the margins of our illimitable lakes; in the very heart of our boundless prairies, and the clearings of our late unbroken forests, and near the sounding Atlantic where its never-ceasing surges sweep from Chesapeake to Passamaquoddy—at this very hour are assembled, as we are here assembled, representatives of the men whose enterprise, and energy and diligence, have built up and developed this superb empire, with its cities rivaling in numbers and wealth and all the appliances of art and luxury the most famous capitals of Europe; its mountains teeming with all precious metals and all useful minerals; its valleys swelling with varied and exhaustless riches—assembled to register the irreversible degree of this stupendous constituency. And, gentlemen, as, not without effort, we grasp the conception of this huge nation, stretching from sea to sea, spreading over an entire continent, engaged in manifold industries and pursuits and employments, and reflect that the decree which we and those who have been similarly delegated are soon to register, has not alone saved its life, but in saving it has saved also to the oppressed of all lands the opportunity of sharing in the liberties we enjoy; to the poor of all lands the opportunity of sharing in the bountiful domain we possess; to the aspiring of all lands the opportunity of sharing in the glories we shall acquire; when we reflect on all these things, have we not cause to be proud and thankful that to us has been allowed the privilege of recording our names among the names of those chosen to give form and shape to the noblest purposes that ever inspired the breasts, and the grandest utterance that ever broke from the lips of this or any people.

GEO. W. HAMERSLY, Esq., was elected Clerk of the college.

JOHN A. SNULL and W. W. HAYS, Esqrs., were elected as Assistant Secretaries.

On motion, Wm. J. Stees was apppointed Messenger, Jacob Styers Doorkeeper, and Wm. Hooper Messenger.

The Rev. JOHN WALKER JACKSON was requested to open the proceedings with prayer, and being conducted to the clerk's desk, he invoked the blessings of Almighty God upon the proceedings of the college:

O Lord God Almighty, the God of all Nations and peoples that do dwell upon the face of the Earth, we thank thee, oh thou Great Ruler, for our nation, the home of Liberty, of Order and of Law. The lines have indeed fallen unto us in pleasant places, and we have a goodly heritage. Thou hast given unto us a continent for an inheritance. Imbue our hearts with a Christian patriotism, that will take pleasure in every token of our country's real welfare.

We rejoice in the extent of our inheritance, fitting it for the support of a teeming population. We bless thee for our schools, scattering instruction through every class of its inhabitants. We bless thee for our happy form of Government. Thou hast made us to be a beacon-light to the oppressed of all other countries—the home of the free.

We thank thee for civil and religious Liberty. And oh God, we glorify thy Name for the order and quiet that characterized the day when this free people manifested their choice of a ruler.

Bless him who has been thus chosen, thy servant, the President of the United States. Continue unto him health and strength, and the right use of his reason.

Bless his administration of the vast concerns of this Government in the future as in the past.

Bless all who are associated with him—his cabinet councillors, legislative bodies, whether National or State, the Governors of all loyal States.

Oh God, we have sinned against thee. We have robbed the hireling of his wages; we have degraded thine image into a chattel; but oh we thank thee that by the guidance of thy Providence and Holy Spirit, we have reached the hour when military necessities coincide with the principles of justice, truth and righteousness in the freedom of the slave. Oh, hasten the hour when, by the organic law of the land, slavery shall cease forever.

Oh God, bless our armies, the military forces called together to suppress the wicked insurrection against law and order, civilization, religion and liberty. Give to our Generals victory. Hasten the hour of a righteous and permanent peace.

Bless our country. Give us plenty in our barns and storehouses, labor for the poor, and such compensation for their toil as shall bring comfort to their homes.

And now bless these Electors, gathered together to give shape and force to the decision of the people. May the awful solemnity of the hour impress their hearts and minds, and grant that the result of the decision of the people, shall be so favorable to the country, with all its manifold and various interests, that to the close of their lives they may be grateful to thee for the privilege they meet here to exercise, which thou hast given unto them.

Oh God, we are frail, weak, sinning creatures. We are passing away from time into eternity—from the jurisdiction of earthly kingdoms to the judgment of the great day. Help us to serve Thee. Help us to love Thy cause, to do thy will, so that when the career of earth is finished, we may hear Thee say, Well done good and faithful servant; enter thou into the joy of thy Lord.

We ask all blessings for Jesus' sake; to whom, with the Father and the Holy Spirit, be ascribed everlasting praise. Amen.

Our Father who art in Heaven, hallowed be Thy name; Thy kingdom come; Thy will be done on earth as it is in Heaven; give us this day our daily bread; and forgive us our trespasses as we forgive those who trespass against us; and lead us not into temptation, but deliver us from evil; for Thine is the Kingdom, the power and glory, forever. Amen.

A committee, consisting of three, was appointed to wait upon the Governor and inform him that the Electoral College is in session and ready to receive his communication.

After a short interval the Secretary of the Commonwealth was introduced and presented a message of the Governor, declaring the following gentlemen as duly elected Electors, viz:

SENATORIAL.

Morton M'Michael, Philadelphia.
T. Cunningham, Beaver county.

REPRESENTATIVE.

| | |
|---|---|
| 1 Robert P. King, | 13 Elias W. Hale, |
| 2 G. Morrison Coates, | 14 Charles H. Shriner, |
| 3 Henry Bumm, | 15 John Wister, |
| 4 William H. Kern, | 16 David M'Conaughy, |
| 5 Barton H. Jenks, | 17 David W. Woods, |
| 6 Charles M. Runk, | 18 Isaac Benson, |
| 7 Robert Parke, | 19 John Patton, |
| 8 William Taylor, | 20 Samuel B. Dick, |
| 9 John A. Hiestand, | 21 Everard Bierer, |
| 10 Richard H. Coryell, | 22 John P. Penney, |
| 11 Edward Haliday, | 23 Ebenez'r M'Junkin, |
| 12 Charles F. Reed, | 24 John W. Blanchard. |

All the Electors except JOHN WISTER having answered to their names, the College went into an election to supply the vacancy, and the Hon. John P. Clark, of Perry county, was chosen to supply the same. The College then proceeded to ballot for a President of the United States.

Tellers were duly appointed.

The ballots of all the Electors having been taken, they were severally opened and read by the President, and recorded by the Tellers; and the ballots and tally papers corresponding, it appeared and was delared by the President that

ABRAHAM LINCOLN, of Illinois, had received twenty-six votes for President of the United States.

The College then proceeded to a similar ballot, and the President declared that

ANDREW JOHNSON, of Tennessee, had twenty-six votes for Vice President of the United States.

JOHN A. HIESTAND, Esq., was appointed as bearer of one of the packages of votes and certificates, directed to the President of the United States Senate.

EDIAS W. HALE, Esq., was appointed the bearer of packages directed to John Cadwalader, Judge of the District Court of the United States, in the Eastern District of Pennsylvania.

CHARLES H. SHRINER, Esq., was appointed to deliver the certificates directed to the President of the Senate of the United States, Washington city, D. C., to the Postmaster of the seat of government of this State.

A unanimous vote of thanks was tendered to the presiding officer of the college, to which he responded in a few well timed parting remarks. A unanimous vote of thanks was also tendered to the Secretaries of the college.

On motion of Mr. PATTON, it was unanimously resolved that the pay received by the Electors and Messengers to Washington, Philadelphia and Harrisburg, be appropriated to the Sanitary Commission.

After signing the necessary certificates the College adjourned *sine die*.

# By Telegraph.

## Blockade Runners.

CAPTURE OF THE REBEL STEAMER VIXEN.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 6.

The Navy Department has received information of the capture of the new steamer Vixen, bound in with a valuable cargo of arms, liquors, provisions, &c. She is said to have been owned by the rebel Government.

SINKING OF A BLOCKADE-RUNNER.

NEW YORK, Dec. 6.—The steamer California, from Hilton Head via Folly Island on the 3d instant, reports that a side-wheel blockade runner was sunk in Charleston Harbor on the night of the 1st inst. by our gunboats. The captain and pilot escaped, but the rest of the crew were captured.

## MARRIED.

On Wednesday, Dec 7, 1864, at the residence of the bride's father, by Rev. Thomas H. Robinson, Mr HARRY H. SHANTZ, of Philadelphia, to Miss MAGGIE A. SLOAN, of this city. No cards. dec7


## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

**JONES HOUSE RESTAURANT**

OPENED this evening for the winter season. OYSTERS, GAME and TERRAPIN served up in excellent style by IRWIN NICHOLSON. dec7-4t

MINCE MEAT.—A fresh supply of home made Mince Meat just received at WM. M. GRAY & CO., (Houser and Lochman's old stand, Market square.) dec7


AN ORDINANCE providing for the payment of the rent of the Mayor's Office.

SECTION 1. *Be it ordained by the Common Council of the City of Harrisburg*, That the sum of one hundred and thirty dollars be and is hereby appropriated for the payment of the rent of the Mayor's Office for the year ending April 1st, 1865.

Passed Dec. 3, 1864.

W. O. HICKOK,
President Common Council.

Attest:—DAVID HARRIS, Clerk.
Approved Dec 5, 1864.
A. L. ROUMFORT, Mayor.


# BUEHLER HOUSE,
## HARRISBURG, PA.

The undersigned, having lately purchased the

**BUEHLER HOUSE**

property, has already commenced such alterations and improvements as will render this

**OLD AND POPULAR HOUSE**

equal, if not superior, to any Hotel in the city of Harrisburg. GEO. J. BOLTON. dec7-1y*


AN ORDINANCE directing Two-and-a-half street, from North to Riely streets, to be opened, graded and curbed.

SECTION 1. *Be it ordained by the Common Council of the City of Harrisburg*, That Two-and-a-half street, from North to Reily street, be and the same is hereby directed to be opened, graded and curbed as provided in section 35 of the city charter; and that the regulators be directed to mark the lines of said street, as laid out on the plan of the city, approved by act of Assembly of April 1st, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, and also to establish the grades necessary for the same.

Passed Dec 3, 1864.

W. O. HICKOK,
President Com. Council.

Attest:—DAVID HARRIS, Clerk.
Approved Dec. 5, 1864.
A. L. ROUMFORT, Mayor.


# A Grand Exhibition
OF
# Christmas Presents!
AT
## KUNKEL & BRO'S
## Drug and Fancy Store,
NO. 118 MARKET STREET

THE following are some of the articles to be obtained, appropriate to the season:

ORNAMENTS.

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| Bohemian Glass Vases. | Flower Stands. |
| " Toilet Bottles. | Watch Stands. |
| Cigar Stands. | Match Stands. |
| Cigar Ash Stands. | Reading and Book Stands. |

FANCY GOODS.

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| Fancy Fans. | Fancy Riding Whips. |
| Card Cases, pearl and leather. | Canes. |
| Ivory Tablets. | Cut Glass Colognes. |

LEATHER GOODS.

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| Dressing Cases. | Shaving Cases. |
| Ladies' Companions. | Ladies' Satchels. |
| Caba Satchels. | Portefolios. |
| Cigar Cases. | Match Cases. |
| Portemonnaies. | Ladies' Purses. |

TOILET ARTICLES.

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| Powder Puff Boxes. | Hand Mirrors. |
| Toilet Waters. | Toilet Soaps. |
| Brushes. | Pomades. |
| Powders. | Combs. |
| Sachets. | Burnett's Toilet Setts. |

SOLDIERS' WARES.

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| Writing Cases. | Sewing Cases. |
| Cavalry Cases. | Folios. |
| Leather and Wicker Flasks. | Pocket Mirrors. |
| Leather, Metal and Gum Cups. | Money Belts. |

VARIETIESI

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|---|---|
| Wooden Puzzles. | Fancy Boxes. |
| Meerschaum Pipes. | Work Boxes. |
| Brier Pipes. | Box of Cigars. |
| Pocket Knives. | Leather and Gum Balls. |
| Fine Razors. | Fine Dominoes. |
| Diaries for 1865. | Thermometers. |

Also, a great variety of Lava Ware, all of which can be had at KUNKEL & BRO'S DRUG STORE, dec7tf No. 118 MARKET STREET, HARRISBURG.

MALAGA GRAPES, just received at [no1] SHISLER & FRAZER'S.

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

**THE BURNING SPRING OIL COMPANY OF PENNSYLVANIA.**

**CAPITAL, . . . $1,000,000.**

100,000 Shares, Par Value $10 00

**Working Capital . . $30,000.**

HON. GEO. O. EVANS, President.
J. C. FRYER, Esq., Treasurer.
DIRECTORS.—Wm. S. Hassall, John Glading, Thomas Tolman.

THE property of this company consists of the following valuable lands:

No. 1. Eleven hundred and seventy-three (1,173) acres in fee simple, situated in Wirt county, West Virginia, on the waters of Rock and Two Runs, branches of the Little Kanawha river, more than three-fourths of which is very fine boring territory, being on the same plateau with the celebrated "Burning Spring" oil lands, and known as the best OIL TERRITORY upon the UP HEAVEL IN WEST VIRGINIA. Four wells are now being sunk on this large tract. One is almost complete and will be ready for testing in a few days, and promises to yield very largely of superior oil. Two others are nearly down, and the remainder are rapidly progressing. It is a very remarkable fact that no well has been sunk on this flat that has failed to produce oil in large quantities and of a superior quality. It is destined to become the most valuable and most productive oil region of the great Kanawha Valley.

No. 2. Five (5) acres in fee simple (being a part of a large tract of valuable oil land containing one hundred and fifty-seven acres, situated in Venango county, Penn'a and lying on the East Sandy river, three miles above the Allegheny river. One well is now in successful operation on this tract, with sufficient territory to sink *twenty-five more wells*.

The following valuable leases belong to this company.

No. 1. The "Austin Dickey's" lease of one and three-quarters acres of land situated in Wirt county, West Virginia, lying at the mouth of *Burning Spring Run*. Two (2) wells on this tract are yielding largely.

No. 2. The "Harper's Lease" of one acre of land situated as aforesaid, and lying at the first fork of the *Burning Spring Run*. One well on this tract.

No. 3. The "Gordon & Newcomb's" lease of one acre, situated as aforesaid, on *Burning Spring Run*, near the Washington Co's lease. Two (2) wells on this tract.

No. 4. The "McFarland's" lease of one and one-third of an acre of land, situated as aforesaid at the head of *Burning Spring Run*. Two wells are in operation on this tract.

The vast territory of almost *Twelve hundred* acres of land owned by this company, with *Seven Wells* now in successful operation and producing oil, and the vigor with which the other wells are being sunk, the company being organized entirely and solely for the purpose or engaging in the legitimate business of producing oil, and developing and improving the lands belonging to the company. The management of the same having been entrusted to gentlemen of known business enterprise, responsibility and skill, who will bring to the accomplishment of the object their united energy and business industry.

We are satisfied in believing and assuring the stockholders that it will yield largely to them, and offers inducements of the highest character to capitalists and men of small means who wish a profitable, safe and paying investment.

I have still a few shares of stock of this company to offer for sale. Those wishing the same can obtain all the necessary information together with full particulars, discription of the lands, maps, etc, etc., by applying to me either in person or through the mails

J. R. MUFFLY,
General Superintendent and Agent.

Apply in person to Robert Snodgrass, Esq's, Law office, North Third street, above Market, Harrisburg, Pa.
Address by mail—P. O. Box 120, Harrisburg, Pa.
dec7-d3w

**CHRISTMAS!**

HAVING returned from New York and Philadelphia with our usual fine stock of goods for the holidays, would respectfully invite early attention thereto. C. K. KELLER, dec6tf 91 Market street.

**TO GAS CONSUMERS.**

ALL persons using gas and having not yet settled their bills, will please do so on or before the 10th, as all unpaid bills will positively be shut off after that date. By order of the Company. L. GRAY, dec6-3t Superintendent.

**JACOB F. HAEHNLEN'S STEAM CRACKER AND BISCUIT BAKERY,**

CORNER OF CHERRY AND RIVER ALLEYS,
dec3-d3m HARRISBURG.

**HOUSES FOR SALE.**

THREE NEW FRAME HOUSES, SITUATE on Foster street, above North. Enquire of JACOB WALTERS, se28dtf Corner of Third and North streets.

**FOR SALE CHEAP.**

TWO small frame houses, in Nagle street, between Race and Water street. Inquire at William Garratt's store, Second and State. nov21-d2w*

**WANTED TO RENT,**

A HOUSE with Four or Five rooms, for a small family, without children. Address Box 197, Harrisburg Post Office. dec5-d4t*


**NOTICE.**

I, THE subscriber, having given a Note, dated the 11th day of November, 1864, to Joseph Miller and Catharine, his wife, for $100, payable on the 1st of April, 1865, do hereby warn all persons not to buy said note, on account of some dispute concerning the title. dec5-d3t ISAAC CLOUSER.


**OVID F. JOHNSON,**
*ATTORNEY AT LAW.*
OFFICE No. 23, SOUTH SECOND STREET.
Legal business and collections promptly attended to dec5-d1m

**STOCKS AND BONDS.**

WE receive daily quotations from the eastern markets, which are open for the inspection of our customers, and at which rates we will BUY, SELL OR EXCHANGE
U. S. 5-20, 10-40 and 1881 Bonds,
Oil, Coal and Railway Stocks,
Gold, Silver, &c
Wanted, Pennsylvania State claims.
BIGLER & CO.,
Stock and Exchange Brokers,
dec5-d3w* 86 Market Street, Harrisburg.


**INTERNAL REVENUE,**
**14TH DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA,**
*Comprising Dauphin, Juniata, Northumberland, Union and Snyder counties.*

NOTICE is hereby given that pursuant to the joint resolution of Congress of July 4th, 1864, and the instructions of the Secretary of the Treasury issued in accordance therewith, the list of assessments for the special duty of 5 per centum upon the gains, profits or income for the year ending Dec. 31st, 1863, of all persons residing in this district, is now completed, and that the said list will remain "open to the inspection of all persons who may apply to inspect the same," for the space of fifteen days from the date hereof, at the offices of the assistants of the respective divisions.

And, further, that immediately after the expiration of ten days (excepting Sundays) from the date hereof, to wit, on the 10th December, 1864, and for five days thereafter, I will receive and determine all appeals relative to erroneous or excessive valuations or enumerations contained in said list. All appeals must be in writing, and must state the particular cause matter or thing respecting which a decision is requested, and must state the ground or principle of error complained of.

DANIEL KENDIG, Assessor 14th District.
Middletown, Dauphin county, Pa.
no29-d2waw2t

TREASURY DEPARTMENT.
OFFICE OF COMPTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY, WASHINGTON, Nov. 21, 1864.

Whereas, by satisfactory evidence presented to the undersigned, it has been made appear that the HARRISBURG NATIONAL BANK, in the City of Harrisburg, in the County of Dauphin, and State of Pennsylvania, has been duly organized under and according to the requirements of the act of Congress, entitled "An Act to provide a National Currency, secured by a pledge of United States bonds, and to provide for the circulation and redemption thereof," approved June 3, 1864, and has complied with all the provisions of said act required to be complied with before commencing the business of banking under said act:

Now, therefore, I, SAMUEL T. HOWARD, Deputy Comptroller of the Currency, do hereby certify that the Harrisburg National Bank, in the City of Harrisburg, in the county of Dauphin, and State of Pennsylvania, is authorized to commence the business of banking under the act aforesaid.

In testimony whereof, witness my hand and seal of office this twenty-first day of November, 1864.

SAMUEL T. HOWARD,
{SEAL.} Deputy Comptroller of the Currency.
no28


HERRING AND FINE MACKEREL in ½ bbls; ¼ and kits, for sale at WM. M. GRAY & CO., (Houser and Lochman's old stand, Market square,) no30-tf

EXTRA FAMILY FLOUR, by the barrel, half barrel, quarter or pound, just received and for sale by WM. M. GRAY & CO., dec5 Houser & Lochman's old stand, Market square.

## WANTS.

**SITUATION WANTED,**

AS clerk in a grocery, or as bar-tender, by a young man who has had experience in both capacities. Best of reference given. Address J. B., at dec7-3t THIS OFFICE.

**BOARDING WANTED.**

A LADY desires boarding in a private family, or where but few boarders are taken. Address C. L., Box 87 P. O. dec5-1w

$70 A MONTH! I want Agents everywhere, at $70 a month, expenses paid, to sell *Fifteen Articles*, the best selling ever offered. Full particulars *free*. Address, OTIS T. GAREY no16-d4w3m Biddeford, Maine.

WANTED.—$125 A MONTH!—Agents everywhere, to introduce the new *Shaw & Clark Sixteen Dollar Family Sewing Machine*, the *only* low price machine in the country which is *licensed* by Grover & Baker, Wheeler & Wilson, Howe, Singer & Co., and Batchelder. Salary and expenses, or large commissions allowed. *All* other Machines now sold for less than forty dollars each are *infringements*, and the seller and user *liable*. Illustrated circulars sent *free*. Address, SHAW & CLARK, no16 d4w3m Biddeford, Maine.


## GOVERNMENT SALES.

**Sale of Condemned Government Property.**

ASSISTANT QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE, HARRISBURG, PENNA., December 5, 1864.

WILL be sold, at Public Sale, at Government Corral, near Hummelstown, (on line of Lebanon Valley Railroad,) on Tuesday, December 13th, 1864, at 10 o'clock, A. M.,

One hundred and seven horses.
Twenty-nine mares,
Two mules.

These animals have been condemned as unfit for Government service, but for private use good bargains are to be had.

Animals will be sold singly. Sale to continue until all are sold. Terms, cash in Government funds.

E. C. REICHENBACH,
dec5dts Capt and A. Q. M.

QUARTERMASTER GENERAL'S OFFICE, FIRST DIVISION, WASHINGTON, November 30, 1864.

Will be sold at Public Auction, to the highest bidder, at the times and places named below, viz:

WILLIAMSPORT, Pa., THURSDAY, December 8, 1864.
JOHNSTOWN, Pa., THURSDAY, December 15, 1864.
TRENTON, N. J., THURSDAY, December 22, 1864

Two hundred Cavalry Horses at each place.

These Horses have been condemned as unfit for the cavalry-service of the army.

For road and farming purposes many good bargains may be had.

Horses sold singly.
Sale to commence at 10 o'clock A. M
Terms: Cash in Government funds.

JAMES A. EKIN,
Colonel in Charge First Division,
dec3-tdec20 Quartermaster General's Office

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

**Public Notice**

CORRECTION OF ENROLLMENT LISTS.

OFFICE OF THE BOARD OF ENROLLMENT, 14th DISTRICT, PENNSYLVANIA, HARRISBURG, Nov. 23, 1864.

THE BOARD OF ENROLLMENT will, AT ALL TIMES, receive and attend to applications for the correction of the enrollment lists. Any person, properly interested, may appear before the Board, and have any name stricken off the list if he can show, to the satisfaction of the Board, that the person named is not properly enrolled, on account of:

1st. Alienage.
2d. Non-residence.
3d. Over age.
4th. Permanent physical disability.
5th. Having served in the military or naval service of the United States two years during the present war, and been honorably discharged.

Civil officers, clergymen, and all the prominent citizens are invited to appear, at all times, before the Board to point out errors in the lists, and to give such information in their possession as may aid in the correction and revision thereof.

G. G. HUNT,
Pro. Mar. and Pres't of Board.
CHAS. C. RAWN,
Commissioner of the Board.
S. T. CHARLTON,
no23 d1m Surgeon of the Board.

AGENCY FOR THE SALE OF U. S. BONDS AND TREASURY NOTES.—Deposits received in small sums to be applied to investment in these $50, $100 or $500 securities.

We act as agents, in this city, in correspondence with Government agents, for procuring these securities; especially by receiving deposits of small sums, to be so applied. Interest of 4 or 5 per cent. will be allowed on deposits exceeding $20. Funds above the amount of all such deposits will be kept in the Harrisburg Bank, and a deposit can be withdrawn at any time by the owner. The business will be solely of this nature, and conducted on a plain, fair, open and explainable to all, as set out, with the necessary information as these to securities, in our circulars. These U. S. Bonds and Treasury Notes are the safest and most convenient for investment, bring the highest rate of interest, and can be sold at any time for the amount on their face, together with the accumulated interest, or at a premium. Very moderate commissions will be asked.

M. M'KINNEY & Co.,
Office Raspberry Alley, Near the Court House
Harrisburg, Oct. 21, 1864.—dtf

HEADQUARTERS, PENNSYLVANIA MILITIA, HARRISBURG, Dec. 3, 1864.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 54.

I. The Commander in Chief, in announcing that Major General Couch, has been, by the War Department, relieved from the command of the Department of the Susquehanna, and ordered to service in the field, deems it just to express the regret which he feels at the termination of the relations which have existed, during more than eighteen months, between that officer and the State authorities, and to say that the promptitude, earnestness, vigor and integrity with which General Couch, at all times fulfilled all his duties, in this department, have entitled him to the highest esteem and regard. The citizens of Pennsylvania have learned to know his merit, and will be gratified to hear of that new distinction, which, in active service, his skill, spirit and gallantry cannot fail to add to his already high reputation as a patriot and soldier.

II. The Commander in Chief deems it a proper subject of congratulation that the command of the department devolves upon Major General Cadwalader, a citizen of our own State, and an officer of high integrity and military character, and by whom the people can rely, the public service will be wisely and vigorously carried on.

By order of A. G. CURTIN,
Governor and Commander-in Chief
A. L. RUSSELL, Adj. Gen. Penn'a. [dec5-3t

HORSES! HORSES! HORSES!

QUARTERMASTER GENERAL'S OFFICE, FIRST DIVISION, WASHINGTON, Dec. 1, 1864.

HORSES, suitable for Cavalry and Artillery service, will be purchased at Giesboro Depot, in open market, till DECEMBER 31, 1864.

Horses will be delivered to Captain L. Lowry Moore, A. Q. M., and be subjected to the usual Government inspection before being accepted.

Price of Cavalry Horses, $175 each.
Price of Artillery Horses, $180 each.
Payment will be made for six (6) and more.

JAMES A. EKIN,
Colonel in Charge First Division,
dec3-tdec31 Quartermaster General's Office.


UNITED STATES
**Seven-Thirty Treasury Notes,**
Of the various denominations,
For sale at the
HARRISBURG NATIONAL BANK.
dec2-dtf J. W. WEIR, Cashier.


**NOTICE.**

*To the President, Directors and Stockholders of the Harrisburg Bank.*

THE undersigned, appointed an Auditor by the Court of Common Pleas of Dauphin county, under the provisions of the 5th section of the act entitled "An act enabling the banks of the Commonwealth to become associations for the purpose of banking under the laws of the United States," approved the 22d day of August, 1864, to ascertain and determine what was the fair market value of the shares of the said bank at the time of paying the last dividend, *hereby gives notice* that he will attend for that purpose at the said bank on Thursday, the 15th day of December, 1864, at 10 o'clock A. M., when and where all parties interested may attend.

D. FLEMING, Auditor.
Harrisburg, Nov. 29, 1864. no30-tdec16


# HOLIDAY PRESENTS.
## GEO. W. McCALLA,
## JEWELER,
*No. 38 Market Street, Opposite the Jones House,*

HAS just received a large assortment of Jewelry, &c., suitable for Holiday Presents, and invites the public to give him a call. Select your present while the assortment is full. dec5-d1w