HARRISBURG, PA. MONDAY EVENING, DECEMBER 5, 1864.

CONGRESS.

Both branches of Congress assembled today, and after transacting the usual business, adjourned. The Presidentls message will be delivered to Congress to-morrow.

Erratum--The Attorney General's Opinon in the Issue Involved in the XVIth Judicial District.

Hour printed copy of the opinion Attorney General Meredith, in relation to the issue growing out of the action of the return judges of Bedford county, in throwing out the soldiers' vote, a very important error occurred, by the substitution of a word, thereby changing the sense of an entire paragraph. The last sentence but one, of the second paragraph reads, as it appeared in the TELEGRAPH, as follows

"The reason assigned for not including this return is probably insufficient.

The intelligent reader of course corrected this substitution, but it is only right that the proper word should be given, when the sentence will read correctly thus:

"The reason assigned for not including the return is PALPABLY insufficient."

-Will our cotemporaries who have copied the opinion in question, from the TELEGRAPH, make the proper correction.

#### A Word about the Draft.

We desire, kindly and frankly, to write a few words about the draft, which are elicited by the facts attending the supplementary draft, now being made in different parts of the country. These supplementary drafts are the result of the deficiency in the quotas of the districts in which they are made. This deficiency is no fault of the people in such districts, but rather of the loose manner in which the proceedings connected with the drawing and mustering in of drafted men are conducted. If this were not so, supplementary drafts would be unnecessary. To illustrate what we mean, it is only proper to refer to the facts. As soon as a draft is made, and, indeed, while it is in progress, every man drafted becomes at once aware of the fact. This is a great advantage to those who desire to shirk their duty. Four-fifths of the deficiencies rendering supplémentary drafts necessary, arise from the failure of those first drafted to report. Other men are conscripted to make up for those absenting themselves, and yet the Government still insists on the validity of its claim to the services of the first man drafted, deeming a deserter liable to arrest at any time. By this means, in hundreds of cases, the Government gets two men in a district where it is only entitled to one, simply because when one of these drafted deserters is arrested and put into the army, no discharge of any of those conscripted to make up the deficiency growing out of such desertion is made.

What is earnestly needed, is a more vigorons and watchful system of discipline among those drafted, and this can only be obtained by divesting the proceedings of the draft of the undue publicity attending them. Good men will not suffer if their names, when drafted, are not made public until they are called on to be mustered into the service-After such a muster, time could be afforded known to the dramatic world, is one of the to arrange private business or procure a sub- partners of this cozy establishment. stitute. Bad men will thus be intimidated from deserting. Too many men entertain the at work vaccinnating the boys of the 201st. notion that as long as they are not sworn into the service, their refusal to report, when and skillful physicians, acting upon the prindrafted, is not an act of desertion. The law, however, regards such a failure to report, a desertion. Muster all such men into the service, and nine out of ten of those who now do not hesitate at a failure to report, will shrink from the attempt to desert.

—There is no denying the fact, that great hardships have grown out of the looseness alluded to, in administering the conscription laws. Men who submit with patriotism and good faith, to the operation of the draft, are made the victims of cowardly deserters, who, when drafted, do not hesitate to absent thereselves. We respectfully submit this whole subject to Provost Marshal General Fry. His judgment and good sense will at once dictate the remedy. But in the meantime, there is no sense in denying the fact, that the looseness to which we refer, in connection with the draft, is producing a dissatisfaction among a class of worthy men whom the Government cannot afford to estrange.

### Important to Drafted Men.

Some of those drafted, have been laboring under a mistake in supposing that they can be exempted on the evidence of having furnished a substitute through any mustering officer. Indeed several such cases have already occurred, of men drafted, who, instead of reporting to the Provost Marshal, imagine they have secured a substitute when they a get volunteer already in the service to credit himself on such a draft. This is all in violation of strict regulation, and will result in pecuniary loss as well as great trouble to those depending upon this mode for securing substitutes. After a man is drafted, and even before his muster in, he is still considered in the service. The same is of course the claim of the volunteer, so that if a drafted man could be exempt on the credit of a soldier already in the service, the Government would gain no men, and our armies would very soon be depleted for the want of re-enforcements. All drafted men must furnish their substitutes through the Provost Marshals of the several districts, and no man is elligible for substitution until he passes the examination of the conscription board. Those paying money for edge of which, the Capt. informed us, they had a sharp engagement) we saw a number of substitutes must bear these facts in mind, if they desire to protect themselves from loss.

The Chicago Post, a well-known Democratic organ in the West, is out in favor of the proposed amendment to the Constitution forever abolishing alavery.

From the 201st Regiment.

Wednesday Evening, Nov. 30, 1864. Editor Telegraph—Dear Sir:—Not having and a glimpse of the Telegraph for three or four days past, we were agreeably surprised, when our friend Carlisle, the mail agent, handed us a package of Monday's edition. The papers were immediately loaned, borrowed and carried off 'just for a minute,' until the boys were satisfied, after gleaning all the news the welcome and much sought after Harrrisburg daily contained. Would you believe it, we get as nervous as an invet-erate tobacco-chewer, in want of the weed, or a confirmed sot, after a jorum of whisky, when the gay Telegraph is delayed. It is our paper—loyal, true, conservative and unfinching, in the noble Union cause, and hence we cannot do without it. The copies daily sent me are read and re-read in camp, then sent to the boys posted throughout the city; and, after that, often mailed to friends of the soldiers and the Union in distant States. Viva la TEL-EGRAPH!

We have remarkably fine weather heremild and balmy, bright and sunny as May in the Northern States. The folks of Alexandria smile at the idea of snow and sleighing in the vicinity of the lakes, and on the Alleghenies, in old Pennsylvania, as we learn from the Pennsylvania journals.

Yesterday we witnessed a soldier's furneral marching from Slough Barracks Hospital, to to the Soldiers' Cemetery, situated south of the railroad, and about midway between the Soldiers' Rest and the Hospital. An officer stepped in advance with slow and solemn pace, next the music, fife and muffled drum, playing the "dead-march"-next three files of oldiers, with arms "reversed," followed by the "U. S M. Hearse," containing the coffin draped with the national flag and guarded by four of the deceased soldier's comrades. The The cortege passed quite near our quarters, and as we looked around at each other, intuitively, we noticed more than one crystal drop brawny faces of our companions. The man they were carrying to his final resting place on earth, to take his long, last sleep— died of wounds received somewhere near the front. He leaves a loving wife and interesting family of little ones, far away in the Empire State. The lovely wife, accustomed daily to receive the loving kiss and fond caress, and the bright and lovely children he trundled on his knees and folded to his bosom, will see his smiling, manly face no more! They have lost their all—the country one more victim to treason and rebellion. In the cemetery referred to may be seen a regiment of graves !-neatly arranged with painted head-boards and appropriate inscriptions. This "city of the dead" contains, probably, six to eight acres. It is nearly full, and workmen are engaged. putting a piece of ground, adjacent, in proper order, to inter soldiers who may hereafter die at the hospitals.

The steamer "State of Maine" arrived today from City Point, with 600 sick and wounded, to be distributed in the various hospitals of Alexandria - quite a number having been sent from here, to rejoin their regiments.

The steamer "Waarior," and steam-tug "Stag," lying at the Government wharf, off street, took a large number of cattle on board this A. M., and will leave this for the front, sometime during the evening.

An unsuccessful attempt was made by some

An unsuccessive attempt was made by some of our secesh friends, on Sunday night last, to burn a large quantity of baled hay, lying on the Government wharf. Fortunately, the plot was discovered in time, and the flames arrested, since which event there is an unu sual lookout kept for citizens of this de scription and they will meet with a hasty exit from this mundane sphere, if caught in their nefarious designs upon the United States Government.

I spoke rather disparagingly of the appearance of the "People's Theatre," King street, in a former letter. But I was agreeably surprised, one evening of the past week to find the interior tastily arranged, and filled to overflowing with a delighted aufilled to overnowing with a delighted audience. The "Colleen Bawn"—"Carpenter of Rowen"—and "Othello," were on the boards, and the house filled every night. Gossin, and Brink, (formerly of Rouse's Troupe,) and Julia Parker are the big guns in the principal plays. Ford, of the Holliday Street Theatre, Baltimore, favorably brown to the dramatic world is one of the

Drs. Wagonseller and Henderson are busily There are no known cases of small-pox or varia-a-loid in Alexandria, yet these attentive ciple of "an ounce of prevention is better than a pound of cure," have overhauled all of our friends who saw proper to have this im-

portant matter and safe-guard attended to. Quite a number of lady visitors have already made their appearance in camp. A friend remarked: "I believe if we were ordered to New Orleans to morrow, our wives would be after us in a week's time." "Bully for the Pennsylvania ladies!" I answered. so, friend B—," replied my companion, "they think a heap of their friends, husbands and brothers. Look here, what my saucy friend, Kitty—(his wife)enclosed in her last epistle from home:

"How sweet to hear from those we love When far away from friends and home; How sweet the lines that tend to prove We are remembered as we roan Whate'er the heart may dearly prize

Must hant us ever, day by day;
And oh, how eweet, when brought to mind
By those we love, far, far away."
And, reader, I might mention a hundred
instances of letters and mementoes forwarded to the men of the 201st, by those who are very dear to the soldiers of our regiment, who daily talk about us, and think of us, and pray for our welfare, from a thousand fire-side and social circles, in our native State-good old Pennsylvania. More anon. A. H. B.

CAMP SLOUGH, ALEXANDRIA, VA., {

Dec. 1, 1864. EDITOR TELEGRAPH—Dear Sir:-I promised ou, a month since, an interesting account of trip to the Bull Run battle-field. by Col. Awl and party, from our Gainesville camp. Having an hour's leisure to-day, I copied it from the journal of our highly esteemed and ever obliging Chaplain, Rev. G. G. Rakestraw.

It is as follows:

"Oct. 26.—This morning, about 8 o'clock,
a company of us visited Bull Run battle-field.
The company consisted of Col. Awl, Quartermaster Stimmel, Surgeon Wagonseller, Capt. B. F. Ashenfelter, (chaperone,) and a squad of his men, and the writer. After marching about 4 miles we arrived at the place where our first line of battle was formed. Here we saw the first grave. The inscription on the head-board was, "Francis M'Guigan, Co. F, 73d P. V." Just a little beyond we saw another grave, or, at least, what is called a soldier's grave, the exposed and weather-beaten skull forming the head-stone. We now followed the track of the battle, being led by Capt. Ashenfelter, who participated in this (the second Bull Run battle.) The trees bore evidence of the conflict, being literally cut to

"After passing through the woods (on the graves, which clearly proved the Captain's assertion. The first we came to were the Union soldiers, with their skulls exposed some lying on their backs, with their jaws wide open and their white teath grinning at us, indicating to us what might soon be the

te of some of the lookers on.

day, returned to-day, having goe some eighty 'In some instances the skull was separated miles up the river. They report that no refate of some of the lookers on.

from the body, rolling around loose, in our path. A little further on we came to the graves of the Confederates. These were bu ried deeper than our men -no part of the body left exposed. They were South Cardina and Georgia troops. Some of them had been taken up-resurrected-and no doubt taken to their homes, as sad memorials of this damnable rebellion. As we passed along, every here and there we could see mounds of earth denoting the place where some poor fellow had fallen. From this point we steered our course to the place where "Stonewall Jackson" so unexpectedly came in on the flank of our army under Gen. Pope. Here we saw a number of graves, rebel and Union. We now turned our course towards the run, crossed over and went a little way beyond, to the ruins of what *once was* a fine homestead! Oh, the ruin this wicked rebellion has caused in the land! We passed but two houses that were inhabited, while we passed the ruins of quite a number. From this house we came pack to the run, crossed over to a fine spring of water. Here we halted about 20 minutes, and then came out into the road where Stuart's Black-horse Cavalry made their despe rate charge in the first Bull Run fight, and paid so dearly for their rashness. Here our army fought desperately under Rope. The road was strewn with bullets, and as we walked along we saw human bones lying around. From this point we turned our course toward camp. At first we marched course toward camp. At first we may moderately along, the Col. in the lead. our speed was increased to very quick time, and then to "double quick," into camp, where we arrived at about half past 1 o'clock, well pleased with our trip. We had a few strag-glers, who finally found their way to camp."

One little incident occurred, while on our march, worthy of note. As we were "home-ward bound," and about three miles from camp, we saw a wild duck (rara avis) in s little run. Soon the men came to a "ready," and one man fired, some feathers flew—so did the duck! It soon "lit" on the water, again, when two more muskets were discharged, and, in spite of this practical sharp-shooting, the duck flew again, making a circle round, and came directly overhead, when a volley was fired at the game—still the duck flew on, as though nothing had happened. One thing, however, is certain, if the duck was not badly. frightened, some of Company A's men were who were encamped about half-a-mile from our party. Two of them were out some distance from their post. One of them, with loosened garments, was performing the duty of a tailor, when he heard the report of our guns. [In one of my letters from Gainesville, I stated that a party of guerrillas had fired a volley at thought in his mind was rebels!—guerrillas! and without waiting to arrange his apparel, he grabbed his musket, leaving belt and car-tridge box (afterwards recovered,) and made his way into camp, on the "double-double-quick," and reported that the rebs were coming! The camp was soon in readiness to secure the advancing foe; but as they did not come, they threw out a line of skirmishers, and advanced to meet the enemy. After searching in vain, for some time, they gave up the chase, but captured two hogs (wild hogs, of course!) and returned to camp without the loss of a single

There is some reason to believe that the seessionists have contemplated a simultaneous burning of property, belonging to the United States Government, and to avowed Union citizens, with their friends in Washington and New York city. Let them attempt to carry out their infernal designs, if they dare, from this time henceforward! A "short shift" and certain death would be their portion. A letter picked up in the streets of Alexandria, dropped by one of these incarnate fiends in the employ of Uncle Jeff, and found by some of our efficient policemen, is proof positive of their intentions.

The weather is delightful. Hope it may continue so. Another arrival of Harrisburg ladies, at this

writing. Bully for the 201st! Their friends stick to them like wax to a shoemaker's apron. "Down brakes!"—my note-book has given out! More anon.

# By Telegraph.

Middle Tennessee.

POSITION OF THE ARMIES. Union Forces Encircling Nashville.

HOOD ENTRENCHING ON OUR FRONT. His Army in Sight of the City.

HEAVY SKIRMISHING. An Attack on Our Works Expected,

Evacuation of Johnsonville.

CAPTURE OF A UNION BLOCK-HOUSE

Address of S. D. Lee to His Toops

He Promises Them the Spoils of Nashville-

NASHVILLE, Dec. 4. There are no new developments to-day, save that our army still encircles the city on the south and east, one wing resting on the Cum-berland. The enemy's lines are plainly to be seen from high points in the suburbs and at the Capitol. They are entrenching them

selves in a southwestern direction, about three miles from the city. During to-day heavy skirmishing occurred on our left, and progressed along the line to the centre. Many persons witnessed the cannonading along the right of our lines.

The general opinion is that Hood will at

tack the Federal forces in front of Nashville. A Federal cavalry force has patrolled the north bank of the river at the ford, to pre vent the cavalry crossing, as numerous un successful attempts to cross have been made

Johsonyille has been evacuated, the road has been interrupted, and a portion of the trains from there are advancing to this point

It is rumored here to-day that Forrest has placed a pontoon bridge across the river above the city, and that Marmaduke has occupied Johnsonville. Both these reports are without foundation.

The first block-house on the Chattanooga road, four miles from the city defended by colored soldiers under the command of Colonel Johnson, of the Twenty-fourth Colored Infantry, and who surrendered Dalton, and was paroled, held out until the afternoon, when they surrendered. Colonel Johnson when they surrendered colones solution and a portion of his men escaping in a train.

The remainder were captured and the train was fired into. The conductor and others were killed. Colonel Johnson escaped and

arrived in the city to-night. A reconnoitering party, sen out on Thurs-

where the trail of the

bels were seen or heard of crossing the river,

and none appeared along the banks.

A rebel deserter who came in to-day reports that General S. D. Lee published an order to his men on Friday morning, complimenting his men on Friday morning, companienting them on their bravery, devotion, &c., and thanking them for the victory at Franklin, and announcing that if true to themselves now in front of Mashville they would soon be enabled to enter and take possession of the vast amount of stores contained there.

Two prisoners were brought in to-day. Licutenant Hyckman, Ninth Tennessee Cavalry, captured on the Harding pike, four miles from the city, and C. Garay, of Ford's Sixth Georgia Regiment.

Highly Important from Panama.

Attempt of Pirates to Seize a California Steamer.

CAPTURE OF THE ENTIRE PARTY,

NEW YORK, Dec. 4. The steamship North Star, from Aspinwall on the 18th, via Port Royal, where she put in for coal and to leave the gunboat Augusta, her convoy, the latter having been disabled in a

gale, has arrived here.

The North Star has \$360,000 in treasure. Our Panama letter of the 16th, received per the North Star to-day, has the following important intelligence:

There has been much excitement in Panama during the past week, caused by the following

On the 27th of October the American con sul at panama received a dispatch from Con sul Shufelt at Havana, stating that the same

steamer bringing the dispatch would also take to Aspinwall a party of rebel pirates intending to seize the steamer Guatemala.

The agent of the company was notified of the plot and sent-the Guatemala to sea before the arrival of the pirates across the Isthmus. the meantime further information was obtained, and a plan for the capture of the whole

gang matured.

Whilst waiting for the steamer, the rebels purchased 307 pounds of powder, put it in cans, and shipped it on the steamer in which they intended to take passage.

On the 10th the passage.

On the 10th the passengers embarked on the Salvador, as usual, with, their baggage. Immediately on going aboard they were taken into the main saloon, ostensibly to have their one of Company A's pickets. The above incident explains the matter.—A. H. B.] The first tickets examined. Previous to this all the port-holes, windows, state-rooms and doors had been closed in order that no opportunity could be presented for skedaddling, or for hiding papers, etc.

As soon as they were collected a preconcerted signal was made, when Commander Davenport, of the United States frigate Lancaster, sprang on board with several full arm-ed boats' crews, and announced to the astonshed passengers that he had taken possession of the steamer. Sufficient evidence was at once discovered, proving the reality of the

The Salvador was then taken to sea over three marine miles, accompanied by the Lancaster.

Papers revealing the whole affair, instruc-tions from the rebel Secretary of the Navy, Mallory, small arms of all kinds, handcuffs, etc., were found in possession of the pirates, who were then transferred to the Lancaster, and the Salvador proceeded on her voyage. The Lancaster returned to Panama with the prisoners. Before reaching Panama the leader of the pirates made a full confession. The names of the pirates are O. E. Hogg, of Baltimore, Captain; E. A. Swain. Executive Officer; J. L. Black, Paymaster; R. B. Lyon, Sailing Master; John Hiddle, Chief Engineer T. J. Grady, Assistant Engineer; Jos. Higgins Paymaster's Clerk.

Hogg was recently captured in the blockade numer Tristam Shandy. His instructions from Mallory show that he has a rebel commission, and sailed from Wilmington for Havana, where he made up his gang of pirates. They have confreres all along the coast, who were to join them. Hogg's instructions were, after getting possession of the steamer, to capture a California steamer with its treasure, and, if not able to get the treasure across the Isthmus, to deposit it with a reliable English

house in Valparaiso or send it to Europe. The French man-of-war steamer Guatemala which arrived back to Panama on the 15th inst., reports seeing many suspicious persons anxiously awaiting the arrival of some steamer at La Libertad and Acajutio. They were undoubtedly accomplices of the pirates. These latter had come across the country via Ornoa. They have probably been arrested ere this, as the Government of San Salvador has been notified that they were pirates.

On the 12th Admiral Pearson, commanding the American Squadron in the Pacific, accom panied by Consul McLee, of Panama, and Consul Rice, of Aspinwall, waited on the President of Grenada in Panama, to ask permission to pass the prisoners across the Isthmus, in order to send them to New York The President refused permission, on the ground that he was never empowered to do so, but it is presumed they will be taken across on the responsibility of the American Consul.

Refreat of Early Confirmed--His Troops Gone to Richmond. Washington, Dec. 3.

A person who arrived here last night from Madison Court House, Va., reports that on the 25th of November a long wagon train, be-longing to three brigades of Early's army, passed through that place. The troops had previously passed down the Valley, and it was the general impression that their destination was Richmond. On Monday last Kershaw's division, of Early's command, passed down in

The Lower Mississippi. RETURN OF COL. YERKES' EXPEDITION—CAPTURE

OF ARMS INTENDED FOR PRICE'S ARME.

CAIRO, Dec. 3. The steamer Lima arrived from Memphis this evening, with advices of the 2d inst.
Colonel Yerkes' expedition had returned to Memphis, after capturing 900 stand of arms at Osceola, which were being sent from Selma,

Alabama, to General Price. The steamer Continental sunk at Devil's Island, in the Mississippi river, to-day. No particulars of the accident have been received.

The Official Vote of Wisconsin. Madison, Wis., Dec. 4. The official canvass of the election in Wisconsin shows the following home vote:—Lincoln, 68,906; McClellan, 62,494. The soldiers'

vote is not yet all in. New York Stock Markets.

New York, Dec. 5. Stocks better; Chicago and R. I. 104; Illinois Central 128; Michigan Southern 69; nois Central 128; Michigan Southern 69; New York Central 119;; Reading 136; Erie 93;; Gold 228;; One Year Certificates 97;; Treasury's 116;; Ten Forty's Registered 100; Coupons 99; Five Twenty's, Coupons, 107;; Coupons Sixes 113;

Philadelphia Stock Markets. PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 5.

Stocks steady and quiet; Penns. 5's 931; Reading Railroad 68; Morris Canal 98; Pennsylvania Bailroad 67; Gold 228; Exchange on New York par.

EDITION

SHERMAN

His Advance Only 6 Miles from Savannah! The City to be Defended.

The Occupation of Millen Con-

Women and Children in the Trenches at Savannah.

Washington, Dec. 5.
The Washington Republican of this evening

ays:
By the arrival of a Government transport at Fortress Monroe last evening, the Government has received advices from Savannah to the 2d of December.

When the steamer left information had reached Savannah that Sherman's advance was within six miles of that city.

This does not conflict with the news brought

by the steamer Belle, which arrived on Saturday night, that the Savannah papers of the 30th announced that Sherman's main army was within forty miles of that city. Those papers do not state at what date he was that

istance from the city.

A gentleman recently from Savannah informs us that there are no important defences

on the west side of Savannah. BALTIMORE, Dec. 5.-The special correspondent of the Baltimore American, writing from Ft. Monroe, last evening, reports the arrival of the steamer General Lyon from Savannah with 702 released prisoners.

At the time the General Lyon lett, on last Consequently they were obliged to remain at Panama till the 10th of November, the day of Sailing of the next steamer, the Salvador. In cupied Millen, Ga., and that his cavalry was scouring several miles out from the town,

meeting with but little resisance.

Every effort was being made for the defence of Savannah. Our prisoners report that boys of 13 years and even women were assisting in

the trenches and earthworks. Sherman was slowly but surely advancing to the coast, and no doubt of his success need

be entertained.

#### Markets by Telegraph.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 5. There is very little movement in breadstuffs, and prices are not so strong, only 500 barrels extra family sold at \$12@12 50, and 600 barrels fancy Ohio at \$13 50. Receipts small, but the canals are still open. Rye flour is steady at \$9. In corn meal nothing doing. There is not much wheat coming in, but the demand is extremely limited; small sales of Red at \$2 60 @2 65; and White at \$2 70@2 80. Rye sells on arrival at \$1 75. Corn is dull, small sales of old yellow at \$1 88; and new Ditto at \$1 65 @1 75. Oats in good request, and have advanced sales of 4,000 bushel at 91@92. Provisions quiet. Whisky sold at \$1 92.

NEW YORK, Dec. 5. Flour dull; sales 8,000 bbls at \$9 40@10 for State, \$10 95@12 for Ohio and \$10 60@ 15 for Southern. Wheat and Corn are both dull, with unimportant sales. Beef steady. Whisky firm; sales of 120 bbls at \$1 93@1 95.

MARRIED.

On the 3rd instant, by Rev. James Colder, Mr. BENJA MIN F. COOPER and MISS MARIA MCAPER, both of Somer set, Ps.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WANTED TO RENT.

A HOUSE with Four or Five rooms, for a small family, without children. Address Box 197, farrisburg Post Office. dec5-d4t\*

NOTICE.

THE subscriber, having given a Note, dated the 11th day of November, 1864, to Joseph Miner and Catharins, his wife, for \$100, payable on the 1st of April, 1865, do hereby warn all persons not to buy said note, on account of some dispute concerning the title, dec5-dat UNITED STATES COLLECTOR'S SALE,

WILL be exposed to Public Sale on Satcity, all that certain lot of ground situate on the north sity, all that certain lot of ground situate on the north side of Short street, beginning at a point 14 feet 6 inches from the corner of Short and South streets, the same being 13 feet 8 inches on Short street, and 52 feet 9 inches deep, thereon crected a two story frame dwelling house: Seized and will be sold as the property of Margaret McManus.

Collector 14th District of Pennsylvania.

Harrisburg, Déc. 5th, 1864.—dm&w2w

OVID F. JOHNSON, ATTORNEY AT LAW. OFFICE No. 23, SOUTH SECOND STREET.

Legal business and collections promptly attended to dec5 d1m HOLIDAY PRESENTS GEO. W. McCALLA,

JEWELER, No. 38 Market Street, Opposite the Jones House, AS just received a large assortment of Jewelry, &c., suitable for Holiday Presents, and invites the public to give him a call. Select your present while the assortment is full.

STOCKS AND BONDS. W E receive daily quotations from the eastern markets, which are open for the inspection of our customers, and at which rates we will BUY, SELL OR EXCHANGE,
U. S. 5-20, 10-40 and 1881 Bonds,
Oil, Coal and Railway Stocks,
Gold, Silver, &c.

Gold, Silver, &c. Wanted; Pennsylvania State claims. BIGLER & CO., Stock and Exchange Brokers, 86 Market Street, Harrisburg. dec5-d3w\* Sale of Condemned Government Property

ASSISTANT QUARTERMASTRE'S OFFICE,
HARRISBURG, PENNA, December 5, 1864.

WILL be sold, at Public Sale, at Government Corral, near Hummelstown (or line of Video W ment Corral, near Hummelstown, (on line of Leba on Valley Railroad,) on Tuesday, December 13th, 1864, a One hundred and seven horses,

Twenty-nine mapes, Two mules. These animals have been condomned as unfit for Government service, but for private use good bargains are to be had. Animals will be sold singly. Sale to continue until all re sold. Terms, cash in Governmet funds.

E. C. REICHENBACH,

Cont. and A. O. W.

dec5dts

XTRA FAMILY FLOUR, by the barrel, thalf barrel, quarter or pound, just received and for WM M GRAY & Co., sele by the Lockman's old stand, Market square. ORN MEAL! CORN MEAL!—New Corn

Meal always on hand at WM. M. GRAY & Co., dec6 Houser & Lochman's old stand, Market square-CIDER VINEGAR.—Pure Cider Vinegar just received and for sale by WM M. GRAY& Co.,

dec5 Houser & Lochman's old stand, Market square. PRIME NEW YORK STATE CHEESE, just just received and for sale by WM. M. GRAY & Co.,

dec5 Houser & Lochman's old stand, Market square. NEW COUNTRY LARD, by the stand or pound, just received at WM. M. GRAY & Co., dec5 Houser & Lochman's old stand, Market square.

NEW CURRENCY HOLDER at
SCHEFFER'S Book Store.

EXTRA WHITE WHEAT FLOUR.—Se leoted White Wheat Family Flour, just receive and for sade at
SCHEFFER'S Book Store.

STRA WHITE WHEAT FLOUR.—Se and for sade at
SHIBLER & FRAZER,
178 Cooccesses to W. Book, Jr., & Co

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Headquarters, Pennsylvania Militia, Harrisburg, Dec. 3, 1561.

I. The Commander in Chief, in announcing that Major General Couch, has been, by the War Department, relieved from the command of the Department of the Susquehanna, and ordered to service in the field, deems it Just to express the regret which he feels at the termination of the relations which have existed, during more than eighteen months, between that officer and the State authorities, and to say that the premptitude, earnestness, vigor and integrity with which General Couch, at all times fulfilled all his duties, in this department, have entilled him to the highest estrem and regard. The citizens of Pennsylvania have learned to know his merit, and will be gratified to hear of that new distinction, which, in active service, his skill, spirit and gallantry cannot fail to add to his already high reputation as a patriot and

IL The Commander in Chief deems it a proper subject of congratulation that the command of the department devolves upon Major General Cadwalader, a citizen of our own State, and an officer of high integrity and military character, and by whom the people can rely, the public ervice will be wisely and vigorously carried on, By order of

A. G. CURTIN. Governor and Commander in Chief.

A. L. Russell, Adj. Gen. Penn'a. [dec5-3t HORSES! HORSES! HORSES!

QUARTERMASTER GENERAL'S OFFICE,
FIRST DIVISION, WASHINGTON, Dec. 1, 1864. }
HORSES, suitable for Cavalry and Artillery service,
will be purchased at Giesboro Depot, in open market, till

JAMES A. EKIN. Co'onel in Charge First Division, Quartermaster General's Office. dec3 tdec31 INITED STATES

Seven-Thirty Treasury Notes, Of the various denominations,

For sale at the HARRISBURG NATIONAL BANK.

J. W. WEIR, Cashier. dec2-dtf NOTICE.

the President, Directors and Stockholders of the Har risburg Bank.

THE undersigned, appointed an Auditor THE undersigned, appointed an Auditor by the court of Common Pleas of Dauphin county, under the provisions of the 5th section of the act entitled "An act enabling the banks of the Commonwealth to become associations for the purpose of banking under the laws of the United States," approved the 22d day of August, 1864, to accertain and determine what was the fair market value of the shares of the said bank at the time of paying the last dividend, hereby gives notice that he will attend for that purpose at the said bank on Thursday, the 15th day of December, 1864, at 10 o'clock A. X., when and where all parties interested may attend.

B FLEMING, Anditor.

Harrisburg, Nov. 80, 1864.

Harrisburg, Nov. 80, 1864.

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FOR THE HOLIDAY& A large and fine assortment, consisting of Wooden tea sets. China tea sets, &c., China baskets, Crying dolls,
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Doll heads' Vases, Tin trumpets, Guns and swords, Furniture, Animals on wheels, Infantry, Cavalry, Railway, Poultry yards,

Ten-pins, Noah ark, Ac., &c., &c., &c., &c., Ac., Asc., &c., &c., &c., Asc., a large and fine assortment of sugar toys, French and common candles.

Also, a lways on hand such as foreign and domestic fruit in season, alt kinds of nuts, dried fruits, cakes and crackers, teas, spices and coffee, jellies and canned fruits, reisens, currants, citrons, prunes, &c., wholesale and retail at the atore of JOHN WISE, nol0 Third and Walnut.

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