

NATIONAL UNION TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT, Abraham Lincoln, OF ILLINOIS. FOR VICE PRESIDENT, Andrew Johnson, OF TENNESSEE.

Cheating the Soldiers. We call especial attention to the article on the outside to-day, making the startling disclosure of defrauding the soldiers of their right to vote, in the State of New York.

This fraud was foreshadowed by the confession of the Private Secretary of Governor Seymour, who, whilst in company with the Governor, in this city, got beastly drunk, and in that condition was called on for a speech.

The fraud which was purposed to pollute the ballot-box in New York, will, no doubt, be attempted in Pennsylvania. Hence, one of the most important duties of all loyal men at the polls will be, to watch the men who are in alliance with the creatures of Governor Seymour.

Since the above was written and in type our dispatches bring still further accounts of developments in connection with these frauds, with a confession of guilt on the part of one of the agents appointed by Gov. Seymour.

McClellan's Election Involves the Possibility of British Intervention in the Affairs of the United States.

It will be remembered by every observer of the events attending the slaveholders' rebellion, that an interview at one time took place in the city of New York, between certain leading Democratic politicians and Lord Lyons, the British minister at Washington.

These facts suggest the following questions: Are the McClellan-Pendleton leaders in favor of foreign intervention? Lord Lyons wrote, in February, 1862, officially to his Government, that "several of the democratic leaders" assured him privately, in secret interviews, that "if their own party was in power they would accept of mediation."

Does the Chicago platform say anything against foreign intervention? No. Does it say anything against "the right of secession?" No.

Are the Chicago and McClellan-Pendleton leaders committed against the principle of secession? No. Many of the chief and most influential persons amongst them, as Vallandigham and Wood and Pendleton, have asserted this right, and many others have justified the rebels.

These facts have a meaning which no honest man can resist. They address themselves particularly to that large class of citizens who fled the British rule to escape its tyranny and exaction. How can the Irishman who left his home in the Green Emerald Isle, that he might throw off the yoke of English arrogance, and walk the earth a freeman, vote for a Presidential candidate, whose first act, should he succeed, would be to invite the British Government to intervene in the domestic affairs of the American Government?

Table with columns for CANDIDATES, HARRISBURG, and MIDDLETOWN. Lists names and vote counts for various wards and precincts.

In addition to the home vote, the following table contains the returns from all the various camps, hospitals, forts, etc. received at the Prothonotary's office, up to the time of the meeting of the return judges, to-day. [In Company D, Forty-sixth Regiment.]

By Telegraph.

DEMOCRATIC FRAUDS TO CARRY NEW YORK FOR Geo. B. McClellan!

Confessions of One of the Criminals! DEMOCRATIC LEADERS IMPLICATED. GLARING OUTRAGE!

Seven Boxes of Forged Votes Sent to New York!

READ! READ! The Facts Cannot be Denied!

It is alleged that extensive frauds have been discovered in this city and Washington, on the part of some commissioners of New York State to receive and forward votes of the soldiers.

Charge—Conduct prejudicial to the welfare of the service, by falsely personating and representing officers and soldiers in the service of the United States, and in such assumed capacity falsely and fraudulently signing and forging names as and for the names of officers and soldiers in such service.

Specification—In this, that the said Edmund Donahoe, Jr., and M. J. Ferry, being ostensively authorized as the agents for the State of New York for the purpose of securing the votes of the soldiers of the United States, for electors of the State of New York, at the general election to be held on the 8th day of November, 1864, did falsely and fraudulently personate officers or soldiers who have been or now are, or who purport to be, in the military service of the United States; and did falsely and fraudulently sign and forge, and also cause to be signed and forged, the blanks issued under and pursuant to Chapter 253 of the laws of the State of New York, passed April 21, 1864, entitled "An act to enable qualified electors of the State absent therefrom, and in the military service of the United States, in the army and navy thereof, to vote," names purporting to be the names of officers and soldiers in the military service of the United States, and qualified electors of the State of New York, and about the said law, and intended to be used for the purpose of transmitting the vote of the soldier signing the same to his proper attorney, to be used at the general election to be held in said State on the eighth day of November, 1864; all this being done by said Donahoe and Ferry, with the intent and for the purpose of having such blanks so signed used as and for the deed of the officers, and soldiers, or pretended officers and soldiers, whose names purported to be signed thereon, and in fraud of their duties at such elections. All this at the cities of Baltimore and Washington during the month of October, 1864.

On the conclusion of the reading of the above, Ferry pleaded guilty to a portion of the charges, and said he had signed the names of some.

In answer to a question by the Judge Advocate, Foster, who stated that his pleading to the charges should be either general or special, he said he desired to have counsel. He was informed that he could send for any person he should choose as his counsel, and immediately sent for a lawyer of this city.

Donahoe pleaded a general denial of the whole affair, and wanted to be represented by counsel from Albany or New York. He said he thought the matter belonged to the civil tribunals, instead of a military one. He requested to know if Beverly Johnson was to be had, as he was confident he would defend him as well as his own case.

General Donahoe and Judge Advocate Foster said they had no objection to postpone the case, as the prisoners had no counsel, in order to allow them to obtain it, and accordingly adjourned until Friday at ten o'clock.

It is stated that seven dry goods boxes of votes for the Democratic National and State nominees have been forwarded from here by express. Several packages of the alleged forged tickets are in the hands of the Military Commission, with letters, &c., involving parties in New York and about the city.

After the adjournment of the court Ferry made the following full confession: I do not recollect the time when the first papers were forged, but it was in the presence of O. K. Wood, of Clinton county, New York; it was done in my office, No. 85 Fayette street, Baltimore; I am, and have been for the past two years, the agent of the State of New York, appointed by Governor Seymour, to look after the sick and wounded soldiers of New York; I first saw Wood on Wednesday of last week in my office. He came and represented himself as an agent of the Central Committee of his county to look after its local ticket. He talked about the way in which the votes could be taken; it was agreed that we should sign the names of soldiers and officers and send them home to have the local tickets filled in; I made out small papers; I signed the names of soldiers on quite a number of them; I cannot tell what names we signed; the papers are in the bundle now on the table; I did not sign the names of officers, but Donahoe signed a very large quantity of them; there was a large package of these papers left with me, which I destroyed; that package contained over two hundred. Donahoe signed them all. The idea of forging these papers was first suggested by a man named Stephen Maxon; he is from the western part of the State of New York; I do not know who is a State agent; I cannot say at what place he was, proposed to forge these papers, but it was, at most, two weeks ago. I do not think there was anybody present but Donahoe and myself when Maxon first proposed to forge the pa-

pers; there was a man named S. M. Brundy in my office; he is now in New York; also, a man named H. Newcomb; I never saw him until he came there; he is a lawyer in Albany; part of the forged papers were made in my office, and part brought there; they were usually brought in a bundle, tied up; I do not know who brought them; I had no letters from P. Cagger except what were found in my desk; I never knew of any correspondence on this subject with Gen. Farrell, the commissary of subsistence, except the packet which you have; the packages contained a lot of blank envelopes and powers of attorney, with a letter from Gen. Farrell, marked "confidential," which contained a list of the names of residents of Columbia county; I did not let any one know that I destroyed the forged papers left with me, but told my associates that I sent them to different parts of the State to be marked; a young man came from Washington on Friday or Saturday last, saying if I had any spare blanks to send them on to Washington; I am not certain that he did or did not say anything about there being twenty men ever there who could attend to these matters; I do not know how many forged papers were sent off, but I heard that some were taken from Washington by the dry-goods box full; I do not recollect hearing them talk despairingly, but they talked quite confidently and jubilantly; I sent a package of forged papers to Gen. Farrell, with the following letters:

BALTIMORE, Oct. 22.—MY DEAR SIR: If you are energetic you will be able to get the within volume all arranged for the 8th of November. I should have done more for it, but I have not time. They are all in the square, the Blacks got theirs. Neither would bear close scrutiny. Ed. Donahoe said send this on to you, and I have done it. Truly yours, DEMOCRAT.

P. S.—They are all soldiers' company and regiments all O. K. The rest I have nothing to say. If you have no use for them send them back. M. J. FERRY, No. 85 N. Fayette street, Baltimore, Md.

In behalf of Ferry, the Judge Advocate entered a plea of guilty, and asked for him the mercy of the court. Donahoe will be tried and his case will come on to-morrow. The evidence now in the possession of the commission implicates a number of prominent persons, but the facts cannot at present be given to the public.

ALBANY, Oct. 27.—The following dispatch, addressed to the Executive Department here, was received this afternoon: BALTIMORE, Oct. 27.—Moses J. Ferry, State Agent at Baltimore; Edward Donahoe, Jr., of Albany; Peter Kirby, of Lewis county, and Dr. Jones, of New York city, voting agents, have been arrested by the provost marshal, who also closed the New York State Agency. STEPHEN MAXON, Surgeon-in-Charge. Gov. Seymour is in Buffalo, and the telegram has been forwarded to him.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 27.—10 o'clock P. M.—The New York State agent in this city was arrested to-day, and his office closed. Important additional disclosures are expected to-morrow. Some letters and documents will be added of great importance. It is understood that the fraud was discovered by a Clinton county agent of the Union Committee, who called upon Ferry to make certain inquiries. Ferry mistook his political character, and discovered the matter to him. After obtaining a full knowledge of the facts, the agent communicated the matter to General Wallace, when the parties were arrested.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 27.—Col. Samuel North, and two others, are among those of the New York agents who were arrested in Washington to-day. They were confined in the Old Capitol, charged with being implicated with the Baltimore agents in sending fraudulent votes.

GOOD NEWS FROM MISSOURI. RETREAT OF PRICE. Capture of Gens. Marmaduke and Cabell. Defeat of Gen. Price's Army. Its Complete Demoralization. CAPTURE OF 1500 PRISONERS. 12 Pieces Artillery Taken. Price Burns 200 of His Wagons. Our Forces Driving Him Fell-mail to Arkansas.

St. Louis, Oct. 27. A dispatch from Leavenworth to the Dispatch says: "Price has been driven below Fort Scott, and followed by our cavalry. 'We have captured a large number of prisoners, including Generals Marmaduke and Cabell; also several pieces of artillery. 'Rosecrans was at Little Santa Fe, twelve miles south of Kansas City, with his infantry, on Tuesday night.'"

THE REBEL PRIZE TOTALLY ROUTED—A SERIES OF REBEL DEFEATS—1,500 PRISONERS AND 10 OR 12 PIECES OF ARTILLERY CAPTURED—THE REBEL ARMY COMPLETELY SCATTERED. St. Louis, Oct. 27.—The following is received from reliable sources: Our forces have been driving Price rapidly since Sunday. At the last accounts he was twenty-five or thirty miles south-east of Fort Scott—his army routed and dispersed. On Tuesday we had several fights with him between Mound City and Fort Scott, in all of which he was badly whipped, losing fifteen hundred prisoners and ten or twelve pieces of artillery. Major General Marmaduke and Brigadier General Cabell are among the prisoners, with several colonels and other officers. He was again attacked yesterday morning, a short distance north of Fort Scott, and driven pell-mell in south-easterly direction. He burned two hundred wagons yesterday, to prevent them being captured. Nothing is stated about the loss on either side, but there seems to be no doubt that Price's army is completely demoralized and scattered. The telegraph is working to Fort Scott, but nothing has been received of to-day's operations, except that our forces are still in vigorous pursuit.

General Steele, with a heavy reinforcement, is at Fort Smith, with the probable view of contesting Price's entrance into Arkansas. The rebels were chased all Sunday night, and constant fighting kept up.

ATTACK ON A TRAIN NEAR FORT SCOTT BY BUSHWHACKERS—GUERRILLA OUTRAGES AT MARION—ADVICES FROM GEN. SULLY. St. Louis, Oct. 27.—Dispatches in the border papers say that a train from Fort Smith was attacked by bushwhackers south of Fort Scott. Sixty men were killed and a part of the train derailed. About 1,500 refugees accompanied the train.

About 10 guerrillas, under Captain Taylor, entered Marion, a few miles from Fort Scott, at 12 o'clock on Saturday night, and murdered Colonels Knowles, Brown, Hawkins, Moxie, Chadwick and Stout, who were en route for the North, together with Squire Reynolds and two other citizens. They burned a church, two stores and several dwellings. The Union loss in the battle of the 27th was 75 wounded. They were sent to Leavenworth on Monday.

The Kansas militia have gone home. Martial law has been abolished, and business resumed. Five hundred rebels, under Lieut. Colonel McDaniels, crossed the Hannibal and St. Joseph railroad, near Bulkin, on Monday, going north. A strong force has been sent after them. Advices from Upper Missouri say that Gen. Sully has gone into winter quarters at Fort Sully. The Winnebago Indians are in a starving condition.

The Baltimore Cases. WASHINGTON, Oct. 27. The court martial for the trial of parties in Washington and Baltimore for supplying contraband goods to rebels, have removed their sittings to Baltimore. The case of Hamilton, Easter & Co., which is the most important one is now on trial. The evidence adduced on the part of the Government is very strong against this firm. Easter is estimated to be worth upwards of two million dollars. In the case of Johnson & Sutton the court have rendered their verdict, and transmitted it to the Secretary of War. It is understood that they have found this firm guilty of all the charges preferred. One good result of these trials will be the breaking up of this extensive and nefarious traffic.

The Copperhead Election Frauds. BALTIMORE, Oct. 23. The Military Commission on the election frauds is now in session.

MARRIED. On the 27th instant, by Rev. R. Deisher, Mr. PHILIP S. LAYNE, of Millersburg, to Miss MARY J. RICE, of Halifax, Dauphin county, Pa.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS. Musical Tuition. R. G. PAIGE, (Recently of New York.)

TEACHER OF THE PIANO FORTE AND ORGAN, ITALIAN AND ENGLISH SINGING, HARMONY AND COMPOSITION. Having become resident in Harrisburg, purposes giving instruction in the above-named branches of musical education.

FLOUR FEED AND GROCERY STORE. THE Subscriber respectfully informs his friends that he has opened a Grocery store, in Locust street, opposite the Methodist church. All persons are invited to come and examine his stock of goods, such as flour, feed, butter, eggs, coal oil, vinegar, potatoes, dried cherries, &c. oct28-d1w JOHN DOLLAR.

WE DESIRE to call especial attention to the PORT WINE sold superior to any of the kind in market for invalids. KELLER'S Drug and Fancy Goods Store, No. 91 Market Street. oct28

WANTED. A GIRL to do general housework in a small family. Must bring good recommendations. A country girl preferred. Inquire at this OFFICE. oct28-d1w

SWEET CIDER just received at SHISLER & FRAZER'S. GRAPES! GRAPES! SHISLER & FRAZER, have just received 100 boxes of the ISABELLA GRAPES, 6 pounds in a box, for \$1.00 per box. Please call and examine. oct28

WANTED—An active, enterprising and energetic YOUNG MAN. One that will study his employers' interests, and has experience in the grocery business. Inquire at oct28 SHISLER & FRAZER'S.

REDUCTION IN PRICES. SHISLER & FRAZER. Have made another reduction in Prices on the leading articles of groceries. oct28

THE LARGEST and best Selection of Groceries in the city, to be had at SHISLER & FRAZER'S. oct28

WANTED. \$1,500 For three or five years. Good interest paid and good security given. Address oct28-d1w Harrisburg, P. O.

Neutral Sulphate of Lime, FOR PRESERVING CIDER. WE ARE selling the very best article of the kind, prepared according to directions of M. Horsford, Professor of Chemistry, Cornell University. It is perfectly reliable and free from impurities. Directions accompany each package. KELLER'S Drug and Fancy Goods Store, No. 91 Market street, Harrisburg. oct28

Pittsburg, Ft. Wayne & Chicago Railway Co. OFFICE OF THE CHIEF ENGINEER, (Pittsburg, Pa., October 26, 1864.) NOTICE FOR PROPOSALS FOR TWO stretches of an Iron Bridge over the Allegheny river, at Pittsburg, Pa. Sealed proposals will be received at this office until 4 o'clock, P. M., of the 15th day of November next, for an Iron Bridge, or for two spans, each about 135 feet in length, over a part of the Allegheny river at Pittsburg, Pa. The plans and specifications for the same will be ready for examination at this office on and after the 1st day of November next. JOHN B. JERVIS, Chief Engineer. oct27-d1w

TOWN LOTS FOR SALE, ON BRIGGS STREET. Inquire of JOHN ALCOCK, Esq., or BENJ. L. FOSTER. oct25-d1w

GOAL OIL. JUST RECEIVED, a large invoice of Coal Oil, which will be sold cheaper by the quart or barrel, by S. S. KUNKEL & BRO., 118 Market street, Harrisburg, Pa. oct25-d1w

100,000 SHINGLES. VERY BEST QUALITY White Pine, 20 inches long, are offered for sale. Inquire of C. H. TUNIS, oct25-d1w Walnut street, near Canal.

HOUSE WANTED. ANY person having a HOUSE to rent in any part of the city, can have a desirable tenant by addressing Box 282, Post Office. Unexceptionable reference given, and rent paid in advance if required. oct24-d1w

FOR SALE. A GOOD TWO-HORSE HACK, one Spring Wagon and a good Cart. For particulars inquire of JOHN ALCOCK, Esq., 118 Market Street, West Harrisburg. oct24-d1w

OFFERED FOR LEASE. THE LOT on the Northwest corner of Third and Verbeke streets, immediately opposite the new Market House. For terms, &c., inquire of CHARLES A. HAY. oct24-d1w

IMMENSE REDUCTION IN THE PRICES OF DRY GOODS! No Goods Purchased before the Present Heavy Decline. Goods of all Kinds Forty per cent. lower than Cost Prices Three Weeks ago.

A FULL ASSORTMENT NOW OPENING, FROM THE Large Auction Sales of the Importers IN NEW YORK AND PHILADELPHIA. CATHART & BROTHER, No. 14 Market Square, next door to the Harrisburg Bank. oct23-d1w