Daily Telegraph

HARRISBURG, PA.

MONDAY EVENING, OCTOBER 17, 1864.

NATIONAL UNION TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT,

Abraham Lincoln,

OF ILLINOIS.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT.

Andrew Johnson,

OF TENNESSEE.

Meeting of the State Central Committee.

UNION STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE ROOMS, No. 1105 CHESTNUT STREET, PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 12, 1864.

A meeting of the State Committee will be held on Wednesday, Oct. 19, 1864, at ten o'clock, at their rooms No. 1105 Chestnut street, Philadelphia.

It is expected that every member of the committee will make a special effort to be present. SIMON CAMERON, Ch'm.

A. W. BENEDICT, WEIN FORNEY, } Secretaries.

Card from Rev. J. Walker Jackson.

We believe that if any one feeling was ever produced by the effort of a newspaper, it was that of ineffable contempt, loathing, disgust and patriotic indignation, at the exhibiton of genuine blackguardism made by the organ of the opposition in this city, in an allusion to Rev. John Walker Jackson, on Saturday last. That attack was so uncalled for--its assertions so utterly untrue and beastly, that friend and foe turned from the perusal of the sheet which contained it, convinced that the devil still has imps on earth, ready to do any work at his bidding to advance any bad cause he may have on hand. So far as Rev. Jackson is concerned, the blow aimed fell harmlessly at his feet. The slime ejected to soil his reputation, flows back to choke the rascals with whom it originated. But we will let Mr. Jackson speak for himself, while we pronounce every assertion made in the sheet alluded to, so far as regards the sentiments of the oration, the past life and present position of the orator, base, premeditated and unmitigated falsehoods!

STATE STREET, MONDAY MORNING.

Mr. Editor:—The *Patriot and Union* of Saturday, in its *refined* and *elegant* allusions to my very poor speech of Friday evening, terms me an "*ex-actor*"—"superannuated stage actor," &c.

I desire the use of your columns to give the statement an emphatic contradiction. *I have never been in any way connected with the theatrical profession.*

What end of evil the conductors of this newspaper suppose attainable by accusations so utterly irrelevant, and which they must know to be entirely false, I cannot imagine.—known that such epithets would be simply amusing, but for the malice which inspires them.

Believing as I do that the faction calling itself the Democracy, is led by demagogues destitute of either the impulses of patriotism or Christianity—whose object is the dishonor of the country in the recognition of a Southern Confederacy, I shall oppose it without any regard to the abuse or praise that such journals as the *Patriot and Union* may heap upon me.

Respectfully yours,
JOHN WALKER JACKSON.

THE WAY THE COPPERHEADS INCREASED THEIR MAJORITY IN BEDFORD.—The most impertinent dodge of the campaign was resorted to by the copperhead sheriff of Bedford county, to increase the majority of his party at the last election. He issued a proclamation, intimating that an attempt would be made to create riots at the polls, by the armed interference of Federal soldiers with the rights of the voters, and calling on all voters to hold themselves in readiness to constitute a *posse comitatus*, to resist these anticipated riots and aggressions. This proclamation was largely circulated before election, and had the desired effect of preventing many good Union men from going to the polls, purposely, as they believed, to avoid being embroiled in a riot. Of course the majority of the copperheads in Bedford county was increased; but we hope our friends in that region will not allow themselves to be again cheated by so shallow a game.

WHEN General McClellan was in command of the armies of the United States, he wrote certain instructions to Gen. Buell, then commanding in Kentucky, in which he (General McClellan) said:

"*I know that I express the feelings and opinions of the* PRESIDENT, *when I say that* WE *are fighting only to preserve the* INTEGRITY OF THE UNION *and the constitutional authority of the General Government.*"

Yet General McClellan intimates, and his supporters never weary of asserting, that this is a "wicked Abolition war," wrong in its origin and infamous in its course. Which is which?

THE DEFEAT OF DAN VOORHEES in Indiana, and Sunset Cox, of Ohio, as Congressional candidates, may be taken as a fair index of the temper and future of the people in these localities. Two years ago these worthies were elected to Congress, because they professed to be loyal—to be Democrats true to the Government. Since then, both have falsified their professions by an adhesion to treason and by an opposition to the Government of the most wicked order. Hence this defeat.

HON. GEORGE H. PENDLETON, while a member of Congress, voted against the resolution of thanks to General McClellan for his promise of victory in Virginia. Mr. Pendleton, doubtless knew McClellan so well that he understood that his promise would not be realized.

SENATOR COWAN.—This is one of the distinguished men claimed for M'Clellan. A prominent politician, who conversed with him lately, says that Mr. Cowan denies the statement that he will support M'Clellan.

The Results of the War.

The war involves two classes of effects, the temporary and the permanent. Debt will be effaced by the prosperity of peace. Desolated fields will again teem with abundance Hamlets and towns laid in ashes will be rebuilt. Business interrupted or diverted will return to and flow with increased tide in its natural channels. The mourners for the slain will sleep with the slain. The ranks of those enfeebled or maimed in war will be filled and indefinitely multiplied with sound and strong men. The current of life, wealth and improvement will move onward as full and as majestic as if "the great rebellion" had not even rippled its surface. But the political and moral results of this struggle will never pass away. The infamy of the rebel leaders will be ineffaceable. The vindication of popular government will outlast the ages. The examples of patriotism and virtuous heroism will be a deathless heritage, growing richer and holier, and bearing fresh harvests of noble lives and deeds while the earth endures. A grander halo will invest our free country's flag forever. The most far-reaching and beneficent results are not immediate and physical, but accrue when their cause is comparatively forgotten, taking the shape of other causes, silent and spiritual, that produce infinite and evidently varied blessings. The cost, toil, wounds, sickness, death, bereavement and desolation of the war will become past evils. Its warnings, its teachings, its glorious memories, its guaranty of American nationality, its re-enthronement of the peaceful ballot box, its destruction of the last great foe of liberty among us, its impetus to the spirit of democracy in other lands, and its protecting shield over an ever aspiring civilization, will be eternal.

Who's the Correspondent?

Some splendid fellow in this city, who sets himself up as a wiseacre, is annually in the habit of putting his political friends in Buffalo to a great expense, by telegraphing what *he* considers as the possible and certain result of our State elections. Here is the way in which the Buffalo *Express* alludes to the performances of this gentleman:

THE ANNUAL DISPATCH.

Yesterday forenoon the Democratic camp was made joyful by a telegraphic dispatch received by the Hon. Dean Richmond, from Harrisburg, and displayed on change, in effect, that Pennsylvania has gone Democratic by from 25,000 to 30,000 majority. There was much jubilation over this dispatch, and some money bet on the strength of it, all of which, of course, fell into good Union hands. It will be recollected one year ago, when that State went 15,000 Union majority, this same gentleman had a dispatch from Harrisburg, and perhaps from the same party, and at about the same time of day, the day after election, which positively claimed the State for the Democrats by some 10,000 majority. It seems to be a sort of annual dispatch.

Will somebody inform us who this Harrisburg correspondent of Dean Richmond is?—He certainly deserves a leather medal.

Just the Right Kind of Argument.

The Cincinnati *Enquirer* of last week proposes the following for the consideration capitalists:

What will the bonds and debts of the Government be worth after Lincoln has added five or six thousand millions of dollars to the four thousand millions of debt already accumulated? This is the question that capitalists put to one another and its effects are obvious.

Now, says the *Times*, we will ask those same capitalists what the four thousand millions of debt already accumulated, and held by themselves in the shape of bonds and greenbacks, will be worth if LINCOLN is defeated? The Peace Democracy would repudiate their redemption and deny the legality of their issue. That is the proper manner for capitalists to argue the question of the public debt. Every dollar of it is held in this country, and nine dollars in every ten is in the hands of loyal men.

Union Victories in 1864,

OVER REBELS IN THE FIELD.

ATLANTA.
WILDERNESS.
WINCHESTER.
WELDON ROAD.
CHAPIN'S FARM.
FISHER'S HILL.
SPOTTSYLVANIA.
MOBILE HARBOR.
NEW MARKET ROAD.

OVER REBEL ALLIES IN THE REAR.

OHIO.
MAINE.
OREGON.
VERMONT.
INDIANA.
CONNECTICUT.
PENNSYLVANIA.

From Port Royal, South Carolina.

NEW YORK, Oct. 16.

The steamship Fulton, from Port Royal, S. C., arrived last night.

Captain Cox, of the Fifty-fifth Pennsylvania, had escaped from Charleston prison, and says that twenty deaths from yellow fever are daily occurring in Charleston. The Union prisoners have all been sent out of the city.

About four thousand rebel troops are in and about Charleston.

General Foster has recently made a tour of inspection of our fortifications in Florida.

Colonel Noble lately captured a camp of militia at Enterprise, Florida, and it is reported that a rebel battalion under Major Clinch, were made prisoners at Tallahassee.

A large side-wheel blockade runner was sunk by our fleet at the entrance to Charleston harbor, and another steamer was driven back while endeavoring to run out.

Latest from the Ohio Election--Sherman's Communication Open.

CINCINNATI, Oct. 17.

Returns from 73 counties in Ohio give a Union majority of 27,285.

The *Commercial* publishes a Nashville dispatch which says that communication is again open with Sherman. He was at Tilton, nine miles from Dalton, on Saturday at noon. On that afternoon Hood left Dalton in the direction of Bridgeport and Sherman commenced moving in the same direction close on his rear.

No battle had been fought at the last advices, and it is pretty certain that Hood has nearly his whole army with him.

From the 198th Regiment.

Union vote	202
Copperhead	67
Union majority	135

By Telegraph.

Fortress Monroe.

The Tenth Corps Almost in Richmond.

THE FIGHT OF THURSDAY

Deaths at Hampton Hospitals, &c

FORTRESS MONROE, Oct. 15.

The Norfolk *Regime* of to-day says on Thursday, the 13th inst., the 10th corps of Gen. Butler's command penetrated the confederate lines and all but entered Richmond.

It is a little provoking that Birney's men do not go to the Spotswood House, but there is a reason for all things. We lost about 300 men in Thursday's fight. The enemy lost 700 men.

The schooner Wave, eight days from New York, bound to City Point, arrived at Fortress Monroe to-day, leaking. Her cargo, consisting of oats, is in a damaged state, and will be discharged here. The U. S. hospital steamer Western Metropolis sails for New York to-day with 450 wounded soldiers.

FROM THE HAMPTON HOSPITAL.

The following are the deaths in Hampton hospital since the last report: John Curry, 79th Penna.; Gustavus Trenert, 5th Penna.—The hospital steamer George Leary has arrived from James river with about 250 sick and wounded soldiers.

From Tennessee.

REBELS DRIVEN OUT OF LAFAYETTE.

Movements of Wheeler's Command.

Excitement at Chattanooga.

LOUISVILLE, Oct. 16.

Advices from Chatanooga state that Lieutenant A. Grensell, of the 7th Kentucky, led a scout towards Lafayette, twenty-three miles from Chattanooga, on Wednesday, drove a small rebel force out of town, pursued them, and captured nine out of eleven. Afterwards he fell in with a force of 150 rebel cavalry and retreated. Some of his prisoners say that Wheeler's whole command, composing Martin's, Roddys', Jones' and Pattersons' cavalry, aggregating from 8,000 to 10,000, are all in the country between Chatanooga and Dalton.

The rebels entered Resaca on Wednesday morning, and took the only troops there—a colored regiment by surprise.

The rebels immediately thereafter moved upon Dalton.

On Friday there was considerable alarm at Chattanooga, and every able-bodied man was put to work on the fortifications. At the last advices General Fitz, with his cavalry, was at Dalton. No apprehensions are now felt for Chattanooga or Knoxville.

General Sherman has over one hundred days' rations at Atlanta.

Knoxville has an abundance of provisions to stand a six months' siege.

At Chattanooga the Government store houses are full of provisions, and large supplies besides are on the ground covered with [illegible]

Gen. Milroy was at Tullahooma and Gen. Schofield at Chattanooga.

A private but reliable source says that on Saturday Hood's army was between Dalton and Lafayette, making for the latter place, with Gen. Sherman pursuing him closely.

Prominent military men say that Hood's last move places him exactly in the position desired by Gen. Sherman.

There is considerable excitement at Clarksville, Tenn., in consequence of reports of scouts that the rebel General Lyon intended to attack the place.

The Government employees are armed for the additional defence of Clarksville.

FROM HAVANA.

Capture of the Steamship Roanoke, by a Party of Rebels.

NEW YORK, Oct. 17.

By the arrival of the steamer Liberty from Havana, with dates to the 12th inst., we learn that it was currently reported there that the steamboat Roanoke was captured by twenty-five rebels, among whom were Lieut. Brain, alias Johnson, who captured the Chesepeake, and the engineer of the Harriet Lane, who was to take charge of the Roanoke's engines.

Pennsylvania Election.

CLINTON COUNTY OFFICIAL.

LOCK HAVEN, Oct. 15.—The following is the official vote of Clinton county for Congress and Assembly:

CONGRESS.

S. Wright, Opposition	1,911
Stephen F. Wilson, Union	1,241
Wright's majority	670

ASSEMBLY.

E. B. Eldred, Opposition	1,870
Lucius Rogers, Union	1,280
Eldred's majority	590

We expect to reduce these majorities, when we get the soldiers' vote, to 400.

SOLDIER'S VOTE.

VOTE OF THE 196TH REGIMENT.

The following is the vote of the 196th regiment, P. V., Colonel Neff. The whole vote cast was 256, the result being:

Union	209
Opposition	47
Union majority	162

This is exclusive of one company, which is at Springfield. The smallness of the vote is caused by there being a great number of minors in the regiment.

The following is the vote in six regiments. It may be taken as a fair sample for all the Pennsylvania volunteers:

	Union.	Dem.
One-hundred-and-fourteenth	140	24
One-hundred-and-twenty-first	142	2
One-hundred-and-fiftieth	160	
Sixty-eighth	101	19
One-hundred-and-sixty-eighth	310	60
Fifty-sixth	100	2

GEN. WALLACE'S DEPARTMENT.

Moseby's Raid into Maryland—Capture of all His Artillery—Many Prisoners Taken—The Constitutional Vote—Triumph of Free Principles.

BALTIMORE, Oct. 16.

We have news to-night that Moseby was so closely pursued whilst raiding in Montgomery county, Maryland, yesterday, that he lost all his artillery and many prisoners. He is still being pursued closely.

Returns, as they come in from the army, indicate beyond a doubt that the new Constitution of Maryland will be ratified by a fair majority. The Governor has also determined to throw out all votes of persons who refused to take the test oath. This will greatly reduce the home vote against it.

2D EDITION.

Surprise of Moseby's Cavalry.

ALL HIS ARTILLERY CAPTURED.

A Large Number of his Men Taken Prisoners.

The Captured Guns Sent to Washington.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 17.

Official information has been received here to the effect that on the evening of the 14th inst. Col Gansevoort, commanding the 13th New York cavalry, surprised Moseby's camp near Piedmont, Va., and captured all of his artillery, consisting of four guns, caissons, etc., and a large number of prisoners and horses. The captured guns have been sent to this city.

Business Houses Seized and Closed in Washington.

Principals and Clerks Taken into Custody.

Goods Sold to Blockade Runners

WASHINGTON, Oct. 11.

A number of dry goods, clothing and shoe stores, perhaps ten or more, were to-day closed by the military authorities, and guards placed over them, and the principals and clerks taken into custody, on suspicion of being engaged in selling goods to blockade runners, the appearances, on one of such vessels recently captured, affording, it is said, a cause for these proceedings.

SENSATION IN BALTIMORE.

Seizure of Business Houses by the Military Authorities.

Contraband Trade and Rebel Mail Carrying the Cause of the Seizures.

BALTIMORE, Oct. 17.

A great sensation was created here this morning, caused by the simultaneous seizure by the military authorities of a number of large business houses, and closal of the establishments by a guard of soldiers.

The seizure is understood to be pursuant to orders from the War Department. Nothing definite is known as to the charges which induced the seizures, but it is understood to be contraband trade and rebel mail carrying.

The houses thus far seized are as follows: Hamilton, Easter & Co., dry goods, Baltimore street; Charles Waters & Co., hardware, 15 Charles street; Jordan & Rose, clothiers, Hanover and Baltimore streets; two ware houses of Weisenfelder & Co., clothiers, Baltimore street. [illegible]

BALTIMORE, Oct. 17.—The following are among the arrests:

Stores closed this morning—Isaac Cole, Jr., & Brother, hats and caps, Baltimore street; Simon French & Co., clothiers, and A. L. Frederick, clothier. The proprietors, clerks and employees, found on the premises were also arrested, and sent to Washington on a special train.

It is understood that other arrests are to be made.

From the Lower Mississippi.

CAIRO, Oct. 15.—The steamer City of Alton from Memphis has passed here with fifty-one bales of cotton for St. Louis.

The vote of the Ohio soldiers in the hospitals and on detached service in Memphis, gives one hundred and forty-seven Union majority for the Union ticket.

NATCHEZ, Oct. 9.—Particulars of Colonel Osband's expedition have been received. He debarked from transports at Tunica Bend on the 3d, and early on the 6th, surrounded the rebels at Woodville. He killed forty-five of them, including one major, and captured three guns, two officers and forty-five men. Our loss was four horses killed. The rebels were commanded by Major Cook.

A battalion of the Third United States Cavalry (colored) captured the guns, rebel telegraph instruments and many important dispatches. They also captured a large amount of commissary and quartermaster's stores, which were destroyed. Several hundred head of cattle, horses and mules were turned over to Colonel Kent at Fort Adams, and were shipped to this place.

Colonel Osband then went some distance beyond Woodville, but, finding no enemy, joined Colonel Farras. The two commands then returned to Natchez, bringing in more stock. Colonel Kent also captured a great deal of stock while marching from Tunica to Fort Adams.

Lieutenant Gibbs, of the rebel secret service in this vicinity, was killed.

The series of operations undertaken by Gen. Dana, have consisted of almost one continuous scout, from far up the Yazoo on the north to Bayou Sara on the south. The fruits of these raids include a large number of cattle, five hundred horses and mules, and various supplies, including fifty six bales of cotton.

Lieut. Earl, of the special scouts, arrived last night from the vicinity of St. Joseph, on the west side of the river, having captured one Major, two captains, and several mail bags, containing important official private letters, in transit from the trans-Mississippi Department to the rebel headquarters.

He also re-captured thirteen battle-flags which had been taken from the United States soldiers in various engagements.

Colonel Osband's command re-embark here again to-day. The presence of Gen. Dana indicates other movemements on foot.

Capture of a Blockade Runner.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 17.

Rear Admiral Porter, commanding the North Atlantic Blockading Squadron, communicates to the Navy Department information of the capture of the English blockade runner Bat, by the U. S. steamer Montgomery, on the 10th inst.

She is a steel built vessel, and this was her first voyage, she having been only 19 days at sea. She is a fourteen knot vessel, very strongly built, and can be used as a blockade runner catcher. She was configned to Frazer, Trenholm & Co.

Maryland.

A PROBABLE MAJORITY FOR THE CONSTITUTION, WITH THE SOLDIERS' VOTE.

BALTIMORE, Oct. 16.

The latest footings up of returns of the Constitutional Election show a majority of 420 against it. The official returns and the soldiers' vote can alone decide the question. The friends of the measure claim a majority with the soldiers' vote.

From Europe.

The News Unimportant.

Marriage of Miss Slidell.

NEW YORK, Oct. 17.

The steamship City of Washington, from Liverpool via. Queenstown on the 6th inst., arrived at this port this morning.

The political news is unimportant.

Miss Slidell and M. Erlangere had been married at Paris.

The ceremonies were attended with much pomp. The crew of the city of Brooklyn had mutinied, and Johnson, the third mate, been stabbed in the thigh. The wound was not serious.

The prize fighter, Mace, charges Coburn with never intending to fight, and claims the stakes.

The only additional failure reported is that of A. Solomon, warehouseman, of Manchester. His cashier had disappeared, with defalcations and forgeries amounting to £40,000.

The Florida Spoken.

NEW YORK, Oct. 17.

The pirate Florida was spoken on the 11th, off Salt Key, steering towards Havana.

Uneasiness was felt at Havana by the non-arrival of the steamer Columbia, over due from New York.

Ohio.

THE SOLDIERS' VOTE AT MEMPHIS.

CAIRO, Oct. 15.

The vote of the Ohio soldiers in the hospitals and on detached service in Memphis gives 147 majority for the Union ticket.

MARRIED.

On the 13th instant, at the residence of the bride's father, by the Rev. T. H. Robinson, Mr. A. C. BELLOWS, of Detroit, Michigan, to Miss SUE S., daughter of Mr. N. W. Johns, of Harrisburg, Pa.

Chambersburg papers please copy. *

On the 14th instant, by Rev. J. T. Bender, in this city, Mr. HENRY MCDONALD, of Allenville, Mifflin county, Pa., to Miss LYDIA MAY, of Mechanicsburg, Cumberland county. *

DIED.

At Halifax, Oct. 15th, 1864, SARAH A. MCCONNELL, widow of the late Geo. W. McConnell, aged 25 years and 9 months. oct17-2t*

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

HARRISBURG BANK, Oct. 17, 1864.

THE annual election for thirteen directors of this Bank will be held at the Banking House, on Monday, the 21st day of November next, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 3 P. M.

oct17-to J. W. WEIR, Cashier.

COAL ASHES.

COAL ashes can be had for the hauling at the [oct17-3t*] EAGLE WORKS.

FOR SALE,

A PIECE of ground, adjoining the canal basin and Harrisburg Furnace, containing about three acres; also, a lot twenty feet front on Ridge Avenue, with cellar dug and walled. For price inquire of

oct17-d4t* J. R. EBY.

$50 REWARD.

LOST in going from Harrisburg to Philadelphia, a Pocket Book containing about $20 in money, a Note of A. Clark to the order of the subscriber, (but not endorsed,) dated Buffalo, Oct. 7th, at 4 months, for $2,500, and other papers of no use to any one but the owner. The above reward will be paid in addition to the money that was in the Book, on returning it to 664 North 11th St., Philadelphia, or the Brady House, Harrisburg.

oct17-d1w HENRY D. MOORE.

FRUIT! FRUIT!! TREES!!!

THE UNDERSIGNED will commence planting Shade and Ornamental Trees, Vines, and such Fruit trees as are fit to plant in the Fall.

J. MISH.

P. S.—Persons who were furnished with trees last Spring that were warranted to grow, can have the same replaced that missed. [oct13] J. MISH.

LIST OF LETTERS

REMAINING IN THE HARRISBURG POST OFFICE MONDAY, OCTOBER 17, 1864.

OFFICIALLY PUBLISHED IN THE NEWSPAPER HAVING THE LARGEST CIRCULATION.

LETTERS REMAINING UNCLAIMED IN THE POST OFFICE AT HARRISBURG.

☞"To obtain any of these letters, the applicant must call for 'advertised letters,' give the date of this list, and pay one cent for advertising.

☞"If not called for within *one month*, they will be sent to the Dead Letter Office.

"FREE DELIVERY of letters by *carriers*, at the residences of owners, may be SECURED by observing the following RULES:

"1. DIRECT letters plainly to the street and number, as well as the post office and State.

"2. HEAD letters with the writer's *post office* and *State, street* and *number*, sign them plainly with full name, and request that answers be directed accordingly.

"3. Letters to strangers or transient visitors in a town or city, whose special address may be unknown, should be marked, in the lower left-hand corner, with the word 'Transient.'

"4. *Place* the postage *stamp* on the *upper right-hand corner*, and *leave space* between the stamp and direction for *post-marking* without interfering with the writing.

"N. B.—A REQUEST for the RETURN of a letter to the writer, if unclaimed within 30 days or less, written or printed with the writer's *name, post office* and *State*, across the left-hand end of the envelope, on the face side, will be complied with at the usual prepaid rate of postage, payable when the letter is delivered to the writer.—SEC. 28, Law of 1863."

LADIES' LIST.

Adams Miss Lillie	Kissinger, Mrs Mary
Atteson, Miss H L	Kinzer, Miss Virginia
Allison, Mrs Amelia	Kinsley, Mrs John C
Adams, Miss Sallie Ann	Kunkle, Mrs Harriett, 2
Atlee Mrs Susan	Knight, Miss Ellen
Baldwin, Miss Elizabeth	Kimble, Miss Susan
Bauder Miss Mary Ann 2	Lerkn, Miss Anna
Beem, Miss Corlina	Laner, Miss Anna
Belt, Mrs Ann	Lile, Harriett
Bell, Miss Sarah	Locher, Miss Anna
Belt, Miss Louisa	Long, Mrs Rebecca
Black, Miss Laura E	Lewis, Mrs Nancy N
Bickel, Miss Margret	McBay, Miss Mary J
Binehavor, Miss Catharine	Matchett, Mary Ann
Books, Louisa	Marble, Mrs E
Bohne, Mrs Kate	Mann, Miss Kate M 3
Boerum, Mrs Townsend	Madden, Mrs Bridge
Bryant, Mrs Mary E	Metler, Mrs Sarah
Brant, Miss Josophine	Millis, Miss Annie
Brady, Miss Veany	Mickel, Miss Eliza
Frought, Miss Annie	Mills, Mrs Elizabeth
Brenneman, Miss Mary E	Minsker, Miss Kate
Brougher, Mrs Mary E	Mateer, Mrs Elizabeth
Burns, Mrs Mary	Metz, Miss Anna
Barley, Matilda	Miller, Miss Sarah
Burd, Miss Sena	Minsker, Mrs John
Buffington, Mrs Bill	Michaels, Mrs Elizabeth
Curmey, Mrs W	Mark, Bell M
Carley, Miss Lizzie	Minnigh, Miss Hattie
Clark, Miss Lizzie	Moury, Miss Annie
Coover, Mrs E M	Moor, Ann Jane
Craig, Mrs Maria	Mockee, Mrs Andrew
Darber, Miss Mary	Murdock, Mrs Mollie E
Davis, Mrs Eliza	Nye, Adaline E
Deckert, Miss Susan	Norval, Miss Carrie E
Deibiel, Miss Sarah	Nissley, Miss Emma C
Dunkel, Miss M E	O'Neal, Miss Kate
Eldridge, Mrs Harriet	Pelen, Miss Susan
Ellinger, Mrs Margaret	Pearman, Mrs Margaret
Evans, Mrs Abbie M	Peter, Mrs Adam
Etter, Miss Ellen	Potts, Mrs Martha
Fisher, Mrs Lizzie	Radetzky, Miss Augusta 2
Fisher, Mrs Harriett	Ray, Miss Sally
Flickinger, Miss Mary Ann	Rinfman, Mrs E
Frank, Miss Mary	Rhattigan, Miss Rachel
Frank, Miss Jane E	Reichard, Mrs Elizabeth
Franby, Marye	Rehm, Miss C M
Garvrick, Mrs Martha	Seymore, Miss Kate M
Gipple, Miss Catharine	Saylor, Miss Catharine
Gegley, Mrs Mary	Scott, Sarah Jane
Gilmore, Miss Mary E	Shaner, Miss M E
Galey, Mrs Mary Ann	Shry, Miss Frederickn
Grant, Miss Mary	Simonds, Miss
Greenwood, Miss Debb Ann	Smith, Miss M
Hauer, Miss Maria W	Smith, Charlotte
Haper, Miss Elmina C	Speed, Miss Caroline
Hamilton, Mrs A A 2	Sohn, Mrs Mary
Hunkle, Miss Mary	Soder, Mrs Harriet
Hewerter, Miss Susan	Sutch, Mrs Harriet
Householder, Miss Cath	Stephenson, Miss Ellen
Hoke, Miss Ann	Steel, Olevia
Jones, Miss Nancy	Switzer, Miss Ellen
Jones, Margaret	Sutch, Mrs Lydia A
Curtz, Miss Sarrow	Thompson, Cornelia M
Johnson, Miss Sarah J	Tay, Miss Mary
Kamer, Mrs Barbra	Wagener, Mrs Samuel H
Keagle, Mrs Cath	Ward, Mrs R B
Kohlen, Miss Mary	Weuer, Miss Margaret
Krister, Mrs Mary	Wilson, Mrs Jane
Konaga, Catharine	Wiram, Miss Ellen
King, Emily	Wurst, Mrs S
Kayes, B H	Washington, J H
Kemmer, Henry	Walker, A C 2
Kay, Capt H H C	Whitmeyer, David 2
Karns, Russel	Whaler, Wm M
Kelly, E E	Weaver, Frazer
Kinch, Samuel	Welliver, J R 2
Kline, W H	Wilson, William E 2
Kuhn William	Wilson, John
Kuhns, Joseph	Williams, Albert
Krepps, C C	Winters, Thomas
Kosht, Elias	Wilt, G W
Lawrence, George	Wright, Geo
Laudersbaugh, Jesse	Yerkson, Peter
Lehmer, Peter 2	Yengley, Mr
Lehman, Jr Charles	GEO. BERGNER, P. M.
Lefever, Harrison	
Leberknight, Frederick	
Lee, Lt Edgar	
Lebree, John	
Loy, Eya N	
Luttrell, Andrew	
Louch David	
McClellan, Jacob	
McHenry, M L	
McCloy, Capt R	
McAlliker, John	
McClay, R	
McCleester, James	
McCochan, J S	
McCarty, Thomas	
McCoy, Col Robert A	
McLane, Wm C	
McPherson, Alex 2	
Maize, Willie	
Matter, Samuel	
Mayers, M	
Mettax, Thomas	
Maxwell, A M	
Martin, Edward	
Mack, John A	
Mahon, Jacob L	
Medaug, William H	
Meffert, Benjamin	
Mechler, Lewis	
Meadows, Noah A	
Miler, William	
Miller, Lieut Wm P	
Miller, William	
Miller, Emanuel B	
Miller, John M	
Monroe, Capt Nelson	
Morgenthal, Frederick	
Moore, Messrs O K & S B	
Mowry, Joshua	
Myers, Jacob	
Murray, Thomas	
Myers, Abram	
Noble, Thomas	
Ober, David	
Oaks & Linn	
O'Donell, William	
Page, Samuel	
Page, Daniel I	
Patterson James H	
Pierce, Lieut 2	
Petts, Adam	
Potter, Lieut Wm M	
Priest, Levi H	
Remer, John M	
Reiley, Daniel O	
Repp, John	
Rhrdeimer, H P	
Reynolds John A	
Rowan, George	
Robertson, David	
Robinson, David	
Rouck, Samuel	
Rock, Miles,	
Scott, Thomas	
Schmerts & Co, W R	
Schlagel, John 2	
Scott, John W	
Scott, Aichey	
Shannon, John	
Shesley, Samuel W	
Shaffner, J S	
Shields, S A	
Shick, G J	
Sharpless, I C	
Shuye, George.	
Sleiker, Augustus,	
Simermon, Samuel	
Smith, Joseph	
Smith, Robert G	
Smith, James W	
Smith, George C	
Snoddy, James	
Snyder & Kinzer	
Spiller, Henry	
Spotts, David	
Spanogle, George M	
Spohr, Jno F	
Stamn, Mr	
Stimmel, Philip	
Stauffer, A G	
Steward, Jerry	
Stewart, B F	
Stone, J T	
Stouffer, David I.	
Stone, Joseph	
Stober, Samuel	
Stratit, Jacob	
Stouch, Israel	
Thomas, W	
Tomlinson, Dr Will	
Tullinger, John	
Unmood, John	
Vevy, Mr	
Vail, J G	
Voodall, Charles	
Wade, Amos W	
Ward, Henry.	
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AT THE

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FLOOR MANAGER—Daniel Barr. oc13d1d

HARRISBURG BANK, October 12, 1864.

A meeting of the Stockholders of this Bank will be held at the banking house on Monday, the 14th day of November next, at 10 o'clock A. M., for the purpose of taking into consideration, and deciding on the question whether or not the said bank shall become an Association for carrying on the business of Banking under the Laws of the United States, and of exercising the powers conferred by the Act of the General Assembly of this Commonwealth, entitled "An act enabling the Banks of this Commonwealth to become associations for the purpose of banking under the laws of the United States," approved the 22d day of August, 1864. By order of the Board of Directors.

J. W. WEIR, Cashier.

oct12-td