Daily Telegraph

HABBISBURG, PA.

MONDAY EVENING, OCTOBER 10, 1864.

COUNTY TICKET.

CONGRESS,

GEORGE F. MILLER, of Union county.

ASSEMBLY.

PROTHONOTABY,

BEGISTER.

COUNTY COMMISSIONER.

DIRECTOR OF THE POOR,

AUDITOR.

COL. CARPENTER

AND

GENERAL GANT.

WILL ADDRESS THE MEETING IN

A DISPATCH FROM THE PRESIDENT.

Certain Copperhead papers published yester-

day vague reports of defeat to Gen. Grant

and the retreat of the whole army. This ma-

licious, shameful falshood, insulting our sol-

diers and the common sense of the country,

scarcely needed denial. As it is, the Presi-

dent has given it emphatic contradiction in

the following plainly-worded telegram. How

WASHINGTON, Oct. 9-5:20 P. M.

A. LINCOLN.

tional thanksgiving into mourning!

To Gen. Simon Cameron, Philadelphia:

but gained no permanent advantage.

dispatches.

The Philadelphia Press of to-day says:

THE COURT HOUSE TO-NIGHT.

GEORGE M. MARK, Union Deposit.

HENRY HARTMAN, Washington.

PHILIP MOYER, Upper Paxton.

ALFRED SLENTZ, Harrisburg.

LAST

Col. H. C. ALLEMAN, Harrisburg.

DANNEL KAISER, Wiconisco.

JOSIAH C. YOUNG, Harrisburg.

From the Front.

Heavy Firing Heard from Butler's Department

2D

Mountain and Laurel Gaps, after heavy Mountain and Laurel Gaps, after heavy skirmishing, we met the enemy three and a half miles from Saltville, on the morning of the 2d inst., and drove him to his works around the salt works, where he was strongly entrenched on the bluff, a heavy force under Echols, Williams, Vaughan and it is said Breckinridge. We at once attack-ed him and drove him from his worked him and drove him from his works on our left and centre, and held him in check on our left and centre, and held him in check on the right, and finally in spite of artillery and superior numbers, whipped him at every point, and forced him back to his own works in the evening. Our amnu-nition gave out, and holding the position taken until midnight, I withdrew the command in excellent order and spirits. The occupation of the works themselves was only

occupation of the works themselves was only prevented by the failure of ammunition From the prisoners I learn that the enemy' orce was between 6,000 and 8,000, and that Breckinridge was present with 4,000 from

Lynchburg. My force amounted to 2,500 engaged. It is certain his force greatly outnumbered us. A detachment sent to Pound Gap forced its way through, and drove Prentice with a sup-rior force from his works at Gladesville, capturing several prisoners, a number of small arms and one piece of artillery. Our loss in all is about 350; that of the enemy is more. I will report more fully by mail. The morning of the 3d I received an order from General Sherman to return. (Signed) S. G. BUEBRIDGE,

Major General.

Major General. The telegraph between Fortress Monroe and City Point was broken down by a heavy storm, and is not yet repaired. The latest military intelligence from there is the following telegram from Major General Butler :

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF VIEGINIA AND NORTH CAROLINA, Oct. 8th, 1864-Licut. Gen. Grant-Our success yesterday was a decided one, although the rebel papers claim a vic-tory. They admit Gen. Gregg killed and Gen Bratton wonded tory. They admit Gen. Bratton wounded.

Gen. Gregg was in command of Fields Di-

The Richmond Examiner of this morning contains an official dispatch from Gordens-ville, dated last night, stating that a Yankee cavalry force yesterday burned the railroad bridge over the Rapidan, and made their escape.

No movement on the Petersburg side. No more troops have been sent over from Lee .-The movement yesterday was made under his B. F. BUTLER, eye. Major General.

No recent/intelligence has been/received from Gen. Canby, but by his last reports Gen. Steele was moving in force upon the rear of Price towards Missouri

EDWIN M. STANTON, (Signed] Secretary of War

LATER FROM FORTRESS MONROE.

Arrival of Paroled Prisoners from Richmond.

NEWS FROM RICHMOND PAPERS

The Rebel Gen. Gregg Killed.

FORTRESS MONROE, Oct. 9,

The flag of truce steamer New York, Capt. Chisholm, arrived this afternoon from Asken's Landing, with 55 commission from As-ken's Landing, with 55 commission of differs and 1,250 enlisted men, paroled at Richmond on the 7th of October, in charge of Lieut. Col. J. E. Mulford, Assistant Commissioner of Exchange.

The Richmond Enquirer says : "The Yankee naval officers, seamen and prisoners in our hands will be forwarded north by flag of truce to-day. Large numbers of negroes are at work strengthening the defences of Lynch-

burg. . "Gen. Gregg died at the head of his brigade, in the recent engagement near New Market."

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY, two young We men who understand the Dry Goods trade per-fectly, and can speak the English and German largaages Terms, \$624. Apply, stating how long at the business to W. & H. GLENN, oc10d1w* Indianapolis, Indiana

Encouragement for the Unarmed Up-holders of the Government. We have heretofore earnestly warned our friends to be on their guard against all ru-

THE SITUATION OF THE ARMED DE-FENDERS OF THE NATION,

mors touching the situation of the armed defenders of the national authority, particularly as such rumors would be circulated prior to and on the day of the election. The northern allies of rebel slaveholders only need the panicizing influence of exaggerated accounts of disaster to Lieut. Gen. Grant, Gen. Sherman, or Gen. Sheridan, to ensure them success at the polls. These accounts are now being prepared for circulation to-morrow, with a hope and a purpose thus to succeed in controlling men to vote against the Government. In order to exhibit the true situation of the army, and the certainty of victory to our flag, we are able to present the following facts, which will serve as a refutation to all rumors of mil-

itary disaster. Gen. Sheridan is at Harrisonburg, waiting for communication to be opened to him, when he will at once move. In the meantime Sheridan's position is impregnable. Gen. Grant is steadily moving to the Southside railroad, is within two miles of it, and will undoubtedly be able to take and hold that important route, when Lynchburg, the main depot of rebel supply, will be cut off. With Lynchburg in our possession--with Harrisonburg occupied by Sherior destroyed-Richmond is at once at our mercy, and the rebel armies become a traveling mob of shelterless assassins, desperate mauraders, as ready to turn their arms on must be relied on that we have the traitors by the throat, and none know it better than their Northern allies. The rebellion is even now a mass of demoralization-almost helplessly at our mercy-ready to be doomed to the destruction it has earned in an effort to overthrow the best government God ever permitted to exist. Let all truly loyal men think of these facts. It must be remembered that the movements of Grant and Sheridan are acknowledged to be beyond the control of Gen. Lee by the rebels themselves, simply because Richmond is daily being deserted. Jeff. Davis and his Cabinet left Richmond friends. three weeks since. The archives of the rebel government have all been removed. Those

low must the party have fallen which seeks to of the citizens of Richmond who could leave, make political capital out of a lie which, had have gone thence with their families weeks it been believed, would have turned the nasince, so that instead of believing rumors of disasters to our armies approaching the rebel capital, we advise the people to be prepared to hear news that our armies have entered that city unopposed. At all events, the end of armed rebellion is at hand. . Nothing can pro-There is absolutely no news here from the long its life so effectually, as a victory of its Army of the Potomac not published in Stan-Northern sympathizers at the polls. And that ton's bulletin of yesterday and before. The victory can only be achieved by gulling the line is open, and mere business dispatches Northern masses with falsehoods concerning are passing over it. Have no alarm on bogus the defeat of Grant and his armies. Let the voter, then, be on his guard. All is right in the army. Our brave defenders are about to win It will be noticed that the official gazette of glorious victories. Let us at home, also Mr. Stanton is one day later than the disprepare to crown their triumphs by the sublime results of success at the ballot-box. patch of the 7th, which gives an account

Col. H. C. Alleman.

of the repulse of Kautz. It is evident that The venomous copperheads of this county the enemy, by a desperate effort of their are again at their old tricks, endeavoring by combined forces, repulsed a part of our line, false representations, and prompted by the malice of their own selfishness, to strike down We betray no confidence when we say that a faithful representative, or gratify their own the fall of Richmond is considered certain by vindictiveness by striving to mortify him by running him below his party vote. GRANT himself, and that nothing the enemy can do will cause him to relax his hold. They

Messrs. LAMBERTON, M'ALARNEY and EWING have been stumping the upper end | serters as soldiers, and then to raise the hue of the county during the last week, and in- and cry that the soldier is deprived of his dulging in wholesale personal abuse against our vote, if any deserter is arrested at the polls.

on that day, so that not only they, but their employees may have full opportunity of voting. Will our merchants and manufacturers be behind? Considering the immense interests that hang upon the result of this election, what is one day to them? We call their earnest attention to the matter, and trust, that, with one accord, Business will be permitted to give way to Patriotism on election day.

The Poor Man's Election and the Poor Man's Issue.

If ever there was an election held in this State, which interests the poor man more than any other in the community, it is the one to be held to-morrow. Hence, it may emphatically be called the poor man's election. The richthe nabobs and the aristocrats who believe in the rule of money-who imagine that only those who own the soil should rule the land, and who consider that labor should be enslaved-the rich are able to stand any change in the Government which does not deprive them of their possessions. Hence, the rich care little about a change of authorities -are not interested in a change of administration and rather fond of change in officials for the novelty it affords. But the poor man who looks to the safety of the Government as the influence which regulates the worth of his labor, has ever a high and important interest at stake in all elections; and in the elecdan's forces-with the Southside railroad cut tion which is to take place to-morrow, the poor man's interests are largely concerned, because that contest is to assist in the decision, whether we can continue to exist as a free government. Any change from our present each other as against the Federal soldier. It form of government will most seriously affect. the poor man. If we lose the prestige of our freedom, every poor man in the land will be reduced to the condition of a slave. If we lose the election-if the friends of slavery in Pennsylvania triumph-if the treason sympathizers succeed at the polls, slavery will be victorious in the field, and then farewell to freedom! Poor men of Pennsylvania, think of all this! The election to-morrow interests you more than all other men. As you vote to sustain the government, so will you decide your own fate-the fate of your children.-Remember, poor man, and vote only for your

They Yield us the Victory.

The Democratic leaders are satisfied that they cannot carry Pennsylvania to-morrow, any more than Lee, Davis, & Co., can carry the confederacy to success. They give it up as a success on fair means, and both parties, alike those who are politically engaged for the interest of treason and those who are in the service of armed rebellion, only hope now to gain a victory by some foul means. We therefore warn our friends in time, to be on their guard for all sorts of rumors, and particularly for reports of disaster to the army. Let it be understood as a well established fact, that the enemies of the Government are satisfied that they cannot succeed. Let it be remembered that the foreign despot and the domestic nabob are both satisfied that free government cannot be destroyed that its, defences are impregnable and its defenders invincible. We need only stretch our hands forth to grasp the victory. It is ours for the asking. And he now who would be free, himself must strike the blow.

Look out for Deserters.

Some of the more dishonest of the copper head leaders are determined to play a desperate game in a well arranged plan to vote de-

Official War Bulletin PROBABLE ENGAGEMENT No Official News From General Grant. WASHINGTON, Oct. 10. WASHINGTON, Oct. 10. As the mail boat was leaving City Point yesterday morning, at 10 o'clock, heavy firing was heard on the right of James river, in Gen. Butler's department. No particulars are yet known. The boat brought 20 prisoners to Fort Monroe and 90 to Washington. Gen. Sherman at Kenesaw. He is Repairing the Atlanta and Alatoona Railroad. The Surrender of Hopkinsville Demanded Forrest Crosses the Tennessee in Flat Boats and Escapes. It is Refused, and a Fight Ensues. Later from Sherman. Retreat of the Rebels. THE BATTLE AT ALATOONA. CLARKSVILLE, Oct. 9. Gen. Lyon, with a force estimated at from 400 to 700 men, attacked Hopkinsville at 7 o'clock this morning, and demanded an un-conditional surrender, which was refused by HEAVY REBEL LOSS An Abundance of Supplies at Alatoona and Atlanta. Col. Johnson. A fight ensued, which lasted four hours, when the rebels retreated. The robel loss was 8 killed and 15 to 20 wounded. Our loss was six wounded. Hood Retreats to Dallas and Van Wert From Missouri. ATLANTA SECURE TO US Price's Advance Contested. News from General Sheridan. The Rebels are well Peppered and Move Off. Destruction of Two Thousand Barns. Sr. Louis, Oct. 9. Official dispatches from Jefferson City, state that the advance of Gen. Price from Osage river to Morean creek, ten miles from Jeffer-Wholesale Destruction and Capture of Mills, Flour, Wheat, Cattle and Sheep. son City, on the 7th, was spiritedly contested by our cavalry. A considerable number of the enemy were killed and wounded. Our loss was 7 killed REVENGE ON THE MURDERERS OF LIEUT. MEIGS. and 40 wounded The Robels Sick of the War. On the morning of the 8th the rebels drew up in line of battle before our works, but after being well peppered by our batteries moved moved off toward the west, and were followed The Rebel Gen. M'Neil Dangerously Wounded by our forces for six miles, receiving sharp and Captured. punishment from them. A detachment of the Sixth Missouri Militia, under Maj. Montgomery, attacked a camp of 300 rebels, under Hildebrant, at Tyler's Gen. Burbridge at Work. Mills, St. Francis county, and killed 31 of THE REBELS AGAIN WORSTED. them Washington. From Butler's Départment ARRIVAL OF EXCHANGED UNION PRISONERS. A DECIDED VICTORY! Yesterday, some six hundred sick and vounded Union soldiers arrived at City Point from Belle Isle, General Butler having effect-WASHINGTON, Sept. 5. ed their exchange. They report that the rebel treatment of our men has considerably Major General John A. Dix, New York: Reports have been received by this depart-ment from Gens. Butler, Sherman, Thomas, Sheridan and Burbridge, showing the favora-ble condition of military affairs in their reimproved. PENNSYLVANIA SOLDIERS' VOTE. The Pennsylvania Commission to take the

soldiers' vote on Tuesday next, arrived at City Point on Friday last, and immediately distributed themselves among the different brigades. POSITION OF SENATOR COWAN.

A prominent politicien who was with Sen-ator Cowan yesterday, says that Cowan denies the statement recently published, that he is in favor of McClellan. He will vote the Republican ticket, both next Tuesday and in November.

military position.

DEFEAT OF GEN. BURBRIDGE-HIS LOSS SMALL. CINCINNATI, Oct. 9.-General Burbridge, with 2,500 mounted infantry, attacked Salt-ville, in South-western Virginia, where exten-sive salt works are located. He carried two redoubts, capturing 150 prisoners and a large

number of horses mules and cattle. Our loss was small. Colonel Mann, of the 11th Michigan, was killed, and Colonel Haven,

Gen. Rousseau reports that Forrest has escaped him by crossing the Tennessee in flat boats, above and below Florence, on the 6th inst., while he (Ronsseau) was detained by high water in Shoal creek and Elk river.

high water in Shoal creek and Elk river. GEORGE H. THOMAS, Major General. ALATOONA, Oct. 9-8 r. M. - Maj. Gen. Hal-leck, Chief of Staff: I reached the Kenesaw Mountain Oct. 6th, inst., in time to witness at a distance the attack on Alatoona. I had anticipated the attack, and had ordered from Rome Gen. Corse with reinforcements. The attack was met and repulsed, the enemy losing some 200 dead and more than 1,000 wounded and prisoners. Our loss was about

spective fields of operation. The purpose of General Grant's visit to Washington having been accomplished, he returned to his headquarters on Saturday— but there has been no telegraphic communi-cation since his arrival theo cation since his arrival there. NASHVILLE, Tenn., Oct. 8, 11, 20 P. M.-Secretary of War:-I have not heard direct from Sherman, but General Corse at Alatoona informs me that Sherman is at Kenasaw, re-pairing the railroad between Atlanta and Al-atoona. He has plenty of provisions in At-

lanta, and so far as the main army is concern ed feels secure.

FALSE BUMORS. Secessionists here are circulating startling reports about Butler, Sherman and Sheridan being deteated. There is not the slightest

truth in any such rumors, and, on the con-trary, we know that up to a late hour this evening there had been no change in the

Western Virginia.

advance of the whole army.

The President's dispatch is dated 5 P. M. yesterday, and its emphatic words will be read with renewed joy.

may obtain a partial success at isolated points,

but cannot prevent the slow but irresistible

Don't Mistake.

Do not vote for the wrong Miller for Congress. The Union man is George F. Miller. Vote for him and not for Wm. H. Miller.

Vote a Solid Ticket.

We present a solid front to the hosts of armed traitors in the field. Let us, then, offer the same opposition to the sneaking Northern sympathizers with treason. Let us all vote a solid ticket. To erase a single name, would be equal to our soldiers firing blank cartridges at the rebel foe. Vote a solid ticket, and you hurl a solid blow at rebellion.

We Want the Returns.

We repeat our request to our friends in all the election districts of Dauphin county, that we want the returns of the vote at the different polls as early on Tuesday night as possible. The headquarters of the Union men of Dauphin county, will be at the TELE-GRAPH office, where arrangements have been made to receive and put the returns in proper shape for publication. Our friends in the county will bear this in mind, and send us the returns early on Tuesday night.

The Importance of One Vote. In this contest, and particularly in this county and district, the importance of one vote may fail to be properly appreciated. It is no just reason to neglect to go to the polls because we have a preponderating vote in Dauphin county and the Congressional district. It is the evil of the example thus set, against which we now offer our protest. We want every vote polled, for the influence which we expect to derive from large majorities at the election to morrow. Therefore, let no man absent himself from the polls.

THE Democratic papers are warning their readers against "last cards," in the shape of victories claimed by telegraph. Is this not a direct confession that the success of the army is the defeat of the white rag party? Why should the report of army successes damage any party, unless its own success depended on that army's reverses? Look out for last cards, copperhead gentlemen, and do not fail to deny every report of the success of our armies lest it should be a "card."

worthy representative-Col. H. C. ALLEMAN. They have traduced his personal character and from doing their duty. Every deserter who vilified his official career, descending to the very depths of degradation and blackguardism. They did this too just upon the eve of the braving the officers of the law by showing election, when they were well aware that the themselves in the company of loyal law-abidrefutations of those infamous lies could not ing men.

reach the people in time to have their proper effect. They also took the advantage of his illness, and, assassin-like, cowardly stabbed him in the dark.

We expected better conduct from Mr. Lam berton-a man who professes to be a Christian, and a high-bred and honorable gentleman, but his party prejudices and vindictive disposition scarcely know any bounds. We heard Mr. Lamberton, at the Court House, a few weeks ago, declare, in a political speech, that he "for one will not descend to personal abuse," yet he has been the first to violate his

pledge. So much for gentility, honor and Christianity. As for M'Alarney, he is not worthy ournotice or expressed contempt, and is as far beneath Col. Alleman, in everything which constitutes a gentleman and a statesman, as the brute is to the man. We will pass him by in contemptible silence. Col. ALLEMAN needs no vindication at our hands. His character is beyond reproach, and his official career is the pride of the people of Dauphin county. He has neither by word or deed descended to the personal abuse of anybody. He has treated the opposition with leniency, and behaved magnanimously and courteously towards his competitor. We think we misunderstand the people of Dauphin county, and especially of Harrisburg, if they will permit so gross an insult to their ablest, their noblest and their most faithful representative.

Business Men at the Polls.

We want a full vote to-morrow. The election for Legislative and Congressional Representatives, is of the atmost importance. All that is important to business, is involved in that contest, and hence every business man who has a just regard for the interests of his trade, should devote at least one day to the ballot-box and its sacred importance. It would be well if the merchants and manufacturers, the farmers and professional men all over the State, would resolve to do no business to-morrow. Every man can afford to give one day to his country. We at home owe it to the soldiers to give one day at the ballot-box, particularly as there are so many giving weeks, and months and years to the perils of the battle-field. The merchants of Philadelphia have resolved to do no business by shells bursting in their midst.

We trust that this will not deter all loyal men appears at the polls to vote, should at once be arrested; not for offering to vote, but for

> COEC Vote Early.

The active men of the different wards and townships should all vote early, and then devote the balance of the day to the labor of getting out the votes of all the friends of the Union. There is a class of men who need the appeals of some active citizen to induce them to go to the polls. Let all such as these not be neglected to-morrow.

By Telegraph.

Army of the Potomac

Our Forces Advance Another Half Mile Towards Richmond.

They Hold Their Position.

Their Troops.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,

The Fifth and Ninth corps advanced their lines yesterday a half mile, driving the enemy's skirmishers into their breastworks. The movement was for the purpose of feeling their strength and to determine whether this part of the line had been weakened, so as to strengthen their forces elsewhere.

Our forces hold the ground gained, but as yet have made no attack on the main line. A few prisoners were taken during the advance. Their statements are merely a repetition of almost all the others, viz: HABD TIMES, GREAT DESPONDENCY AMONG THE TROOPS,

Picket firing was kept up all last night. The prisoners say they are much opposed to this barbarous practice, and only indulge in it on the positive orders of their officers, but that they generally fire too high to have any effect.

Their officers believe that this practice prevents many desertions, which is true. Our mortar! firing lisisfid to be very acou

acting brigadier general, wounded.

Finding the place strongly fortified and de-fended by a large force under Breckinridge and Echols, Gen. Burbridge withdrew during the night, leaving his wounded. The rebels pursued him about eight miles. Gen. Burbridge passed through Convington this afternoon, en route for Lexington.

New Orleans.

MATTERS IN MOBILE BAY-A SUBMARINE TELE-GRAPH--IMPORTANT MILITARY ORDER. NEW YORK, Oct. 8. The steamship Ariel, from New Orleans on the 2d instant, arrived at this port this eve-ning. She brings, as passengers, Mrs. Presi-dent Juarez, and family. A portion of her cargo consists of 400 bales of cotton.

A letter from Fort Gaines, dated 28th September, states that the soldiers are strengthening that fort, that several guns have been obtained from the sunken Union gunboat Phillippi and the rebel gunboat Gaines, and that a cable is being laid to connect by tele-graph Forts Morgan and Gaines. The steam-ers Oriental and Cahawba had arrived at New Orleans.

General Hurlbut had issued an order de claring that all points on the Mississippi in his department, above New Orleans, shall not be considered within our lines unless occupied be considered within our lines unless occupied by our troops, and that no steamers shall be allowed to discharge passengers or merchan-dise at other than military posts without the permission of the Provost Marshal General.

The Shenandoah Valley.

BAID INTO MARYLAND BY MOSBY WITH FIVE HUNDRED MEN-HIS BUSINESS HORSE-STEALING AND THE INTERBUPTION OF SHERIDAN'S COM-MUNICATION-TYLEB MOVING AGAINST HIM.

Monocacy, Oct. 9. Reports are current there, derived from extremely authentic sources, that the inevitable Moseby, with 500 men, crossed the Potomac near Poolesville, on Friday night. It is not known what the object of his expedition is beyond horse-stealing. It is supposed, how-ever, that the mere desire to annex a few horses could not lead him to attempt a daring and dangerous move, although he is just the one of all the rebel guerrilla leaders who might. It is believed that he comes as much with the intention of tapping the railroad by which supplies are sent to Sheridan. But whatever may be his purpose, it is quite un-likely that he will succeed in it. Gen. E. B. Tyler is already after him with a sufficient

Moseby rides in a carriage, being incapaci-tated from riding on horseback by the recent

both dull, with unimportant sales." Beef dull, of this operations: Collection of the section of

700 in the aggregate.

The enemy captured the small garrison at Big Shanty and Ackworth, and burned about even miles of our railroad, but we have at Alatoona and Atlanta an abundance of pro visions.

Hood observing our, approach, has moved rapidly back to Dallas, and Vanwert, and I m watching him, and we can beable to reach Kingston or Rome. Atlanta is perfectly secure to us, and thi

Atlanta is perfectly secure army is better off out than in camp. (Signed) W. 1. SHELMAN, Major General.

Woodstock, VA., Oct. 7, 9 P. M.

To Lieutenant General U. S. Grant: I have the honor to report my command at this point. To night I commenced moving back from Port Republic, and met Crawford at Bridgewater and Harrisonburg yesterday morning.

The grain in front of this point has previ ously been destroyed in moving back to this point. The whole country, from the Blue Ridge to the North Mountain, has been made untenable for a rebel army.

I have destroyed over two thousand barns filled with wheat, hay and farming implements over seventy mills filled with flour and wheat have driven in front of the army over 400 head of stock, and have killed and issued to the troops not less than 300 sheep. This destruction embraces the Luray Valley

and Little Foot Valley, as well as the main valley.

A large number of horses have been obtained, a proper estimate of which I cannot make Lieut. John R. Meigs, my engineer officer was murdered beyond Harrisonburg, near Dayton. For this atrocity all the houses within an area of 5 miles were burned. Since I came into the valley, from Harper's Ferry up to Harrisonburg, every train, every small party has been bushwhacked by the people many of whom have protection papers from commanders who have been hitherto in that balley.

The people here are getting sick of the war. Heretofore they have had no reason to complain, because they have been living in great abundance. I have not been followed by the enemy up

to this point, with the exception of a small force of rebel cavalry, that showed themselves some distance behind my rear guard to-day. A party of the 8th Ohio cavalry which 1 had stationed at the bridge over the month of the Shenandoah, near Mt. Jackson, was attacked by Gen. McNeil with 170 men while they were

asleep, and the whole party dispersed or cap-tured. I think that they will turn up. I learn that fifty of them reached Winchester. McNeil was mortally wounded and fel into our hands. This was fortunate, as he was the most daring and dangerous of all the bushwhackers in this section of the country. (Signed) P. H. SHERIDAM.

Major General. Gen. Burbridge makes the following report

Clinch

BLACKSMITH.

GOOD BLACKSMITH WANTED, and A constant employment guaranteed. Also, a stont boy rn the trade. Inquire at Kagle Works. 0-3t* W. O. HICKOK oc10-St*

W. O. HICKOK OFFICE SUPERINTENDENT VOLUNTER R.C. SERVICE, WESTERN DIVISION OF PANSATVANIA, HARRISBUEG, PA. October S. 1864.) DLDERS of Certificates of premiums for presenting recruits in the Western Division of Pennsylvania, are hereby notified to present such certifi-cates to Lieutenant W. F. Arnold, U. S. A., Disbursing Officer at Harrisburg, Pa, for payment, on or before the 31st day of October, 1864, alter which date no claims of this kind will be paid. (Signed) RICHARD I. DODGE, Capit. 8th Infantry, and Superintendent V. R. S. octilo.2t

oct10-3t

MRS. X. MILLER

TS prepared to do all widths of French Flut-ing and Goffering, at No. 54 Market street, opposite Herr's Hotel.

Herr's Hotel. MATRIMONIAL!—Ladies and Gentlemen, if you wish to marry, address the undersigned, who will send you, without money and without price. valuable information that will enable you to marry happy and speedity, irrespective of age, wealth or beauty. This information will cost you nothing, and if you wish to marry, I will cheerfully assist you. All letters strictly confidential. The desired information gent by return mail, and no questions asked. Address SARAH B. LAMBERT, oct3d&w2m Greenpoint, King's.county, N.Y.

oc:8d&w2m Greenpoint, King's county, N. Y.

WANTED,

GOOD COOK and General Housekeeper A GOOD COOK and General Housekeepe for a small family. Good wages paid. Apply at OCL5-tf THIS OFFICE.

UNION BADGES AND PINS,

OF BOTH PARTIES, For sale, wholesale and retail, at

SCHEFFER'S BOOKSTORE,

Harrisburg, Pa.

NEW BOOKS! NEW BOOKS!!

IN SCHOOL AND OUT, or the Conquest of

Richard Grant.

Tom Somers, or the Soldier Boy. Watch and Wait, or the Young Fugilives Learning how to Talk, Read and Speak, by Fowler & Fells

Enoch Arden, New Poem, by Tennyson. For sale at SCHEFFER'S BOOKSTORF,

For sale at cet6 ' Harrisburg, Pa

OFFICE SUPERINTENDENT VOL RECRUITING SERVICE, WESTERN DIVISION OF PENNSTLVANIA, HARRISBURG, PA., Oct. 5th, 1864.

No. 6. Leutenants mustered in for the purpose of raising companies for new organizations, and why have failed in organizing said companies, are hereby notified that they are no longer recognized as officers, and they are forbidden to enlist men after this date. All men cullsted who have not been mustered, will be sent to Camp Curtin immediately for muster and assign-ment to companies.

ment to companies. Persons desiring to enlist in the Western Division of Pennsylvania, will go to a District Provost Marshal or Vol-unieer recruiting officer from old regiments regularly de

Lieutenants, who persist in recruited to arrest all ex-recruiting Lieutenants, who persist in recruiting after this notice. By order of Sth U. S. Infantry, Superintendent. J. H. LIEDTRE, 1st Lt. U.S. Yet. R. C. Ad'R. Vol. R. S. oct4-dlw RESH ORACKERS. Boston Wine Bis-cuits, Bostan Milk Biscuits, Boston Butter Bis-

K CRIESCH UKAUKEIKS. -Boston Wine Bis-cuits, Bostan Milk Biscuits, Boston Butter Bis-outs, Boston Oystor Crackers, Boston Fiends Orackers, Trenton -Butter Orekers, just received at BOYER & KORRPER.

HAMS, BEEF AND TONGUES - a fresh voice at [aul] SHISLER & FRAZER'S.

orce of artillery and cavalry. wound he received in Loudon county. New York, Oct. 10. Flour is dull; sales of 6,000 bbls. at \$7 50 @8.15 for State, \$9.20@10.75 for Ohio, and \$10@13.75 for Southern: Wheat and Corn. Bood dull

Markets by Telegraph.

Oct. 9.

DESERTIONS FROM THE RFBELS. Hard Times and Great Despondency Among