

NATIONAL UNION TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT,

Abraham Lincoln, OF ILLINOIS.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,

Andrew Johnson, OF TENNESSEE.

COUNTY TICKET.

- CONGRESS, GEORGE F. MILLER, of Union county. ASSEMBLY, Col. H. C. ALLEMAN, Harrisburg. DANIEL KAISER, Wisconsin. PROTHOTARY, JOSIAH C. YOUNG, Harrisburg. REGISTER, GEORGE MARKS, Union Deposit. COUNTY COMMISSIONER, HENRY HARTMAN, Washington. DIRECTOR OF THE POOR, PHILIP MOYER, Upper Paxton. AUDITOR, ALFRED SLENTZ, Harrisburg.

The Vote of the Soldiers - Blanks for Voting by Proxy - The Appointment of Agents to Visit the Dist Regiments in the Field.

As considerable impatience has been displayed by the Pennsylvania soldiers and their friends at home, at what seemed an unnecessary delay in the arrangement for taking the vote of the heroes in the field, we have been at considerable pains to ascertain when and how such agents will be dispatched to the field, and how, also, those who are to vote by proxy, are to proceed. Those who have friends in the army, who are stationed at isolated points, or who are on detached duty, and who must vote by proxy, can procure the blanks to send to such soldiers, by applying to the Secretary of State, Hon. Eli Slicer, who will furnish such blanks, either to persons calling at the State Department, or by mail. It is impossible for the department here to ascertain the locality in which individual Pennsylvania soldiers are detailed for duty, but desiring that these men should all wield the elective franchise, the State authorities rely on the efforts of the friends of such soldiers at home to secure them the privileges of that sacred right. With regard to regiments in the field, the agents to visit them will be appointed as soon as the War Department furnishes the localities at which such organizations are now stationed or the armies with which they are operating. We trust that no neglect of duty, oversight or laggardness will intervene to deprive the soldier, of his full right in the exercise of the elective franchise. At this time, and with the principles involved in the political contest impending, the soldier of all other men, should have the full exercise of his voice, as expressed by the ballot, in the control of the Government. If this should fail to be allowed to him, the consequences might be disastrous alike to the civil rule and military success of the people.

Catching at Straws.

The copperhead organs are indulging in extravagant congratulations over the fact that such men as George D. Prentice and Gov. Bramlette, of Ky., Amos Kendall, Washington Hunt, James S. Thayer, and a few others, whom they claim as long standing Republicans or patriotic Democrats, are now supporting George B. McClellan. We have nothing particularly to write in favor of or in opposition to these men, but when it is attempted to make capital for Little Mac, because a few worn out political hacks are in his favor, we are constrained, as an offset, to give the names of gallant heroes and brave warriors who are now earnestly asking their friends at home to labor for the re-election of Abraham Lincoln: Lieutenant General Grant, Major Generals Hancock, Burnside, McCall, Birney, Meagher, Warren, Averill and Wool, all Democrats in 1860, now earnestly and even imploringly ask for the re-election of Abraham Lincoln as a means of assisting in the success of the armies which they command, to defeat and overthrow rebellion. When such men ask for the support of a political candidate, they mean the good of the country. But when a few broken down partizans seek the elevation of a failure in the shape of a soldier, they mean mischief.

Withdrawal of Gen. Fremont.

Private dispatches received in this city today, from reliable parties in New York, positively state that John C. Fremont has written a letter, which will shortly be published, withdrawing his name from the Presidential contest. He gives as a reason for this step the paramount importance of harmonizing all the loyal elements in order to secure the success of the Government in the coming Presidential contest, and appeals to his friends in the name of Union, Liberty and Peace to support the election of Lincoln and Johnson.

THE NATIONAL INTELLIGENCER is quoted by the copperhead organs as a Republican newspaper which supports the pretences of McClellan to the Presidency. For four years the Intelligencer has steadily upheld the rebel cause; and has been regarded as the Jeff Davis organ printed in the city of Washington. Its columns are entirely in the control of the secession sympathizers of Washington city, and it may be justly regarded as the meanest and most unscrupulous of all the journals which gave encouragement to the slaveholders' rebellion. Of course such sheets are favorable to the election of McClellan.

PHILADELPHIA proposes to provide a local bounty for volunteers in the State Guard.

CARL SCHURZ, the eloquent German Republican, is on the stump in Pennsylvania.

Look Out for a Crash. The wholesale merchant and manufacturing speculators of the East have been carrying immense stocks of goods in anticipation of further rises in price, and for the purpose of taking advantage of every necessity which the vicissitudes of war might create. This spirit of speculation has extended to almost every retail man in the country. It is now beginning to be apparent that those who thus engaged in speculating in the wants of the people, are showing signs of uneasiness, and in the Eastern market, particularly, the disposition is to get rid of large stocks, and close up business, at least so far as speculation is concerned, for the present. Merchants and manufacturers are anxious to confine themselves now to the legitimate venture of trade. But the question is, whether a large portion of these men will be able to do so before the crash which is inevitable overtakes them. The fall of gold—the steady increase of the armies—the healthy tone and temper of the people on the subject of crushing out rebellion and restoring peace, all point to a crash among speculators which, we regret, will be felt for a time among those who are innocent of the frauds which enabled a few men to amass large sums of money at the expense of the living and business of the great mass. It is now very certain that a great fall must take place in the dry goods and provision market. And when this change occurs, there will come a crash among speculators.

THE WORK OF CLOSING THE WAR IS BEFORE US.—That is what Gov. Brough says in his Proclamation, and he says the truth. "The work of closing this war is before us; we have it to do, and of course we cannot avoid recognizing the fact that we must furnish the means to accomplish that purpose." There are just two ways to end this war: fight it out to the destruction of its cause, or ignominiously compromise for the salvation of slavery, and a certain crop of future contests. Those who take counsel from cowardice, or from traitor lips, will join the party that declares for peace at any price; those who are worthy descendants of those patriot sires, who founded this Government with the direct understanding and belief that slavery should be but a temporary evil, will fight out this war until it secures to all the inalienable right of liberty, and until the dignity of labor is vindicated, and our institutions placed beyond reach of the vandal hands of such as would sustain an aristocracy upon the product of the sweat and groans of unrequited toil.

LIBBY PRISON.—The condition of this infamous institution does not seem to have improved of late, or the treatment of Union soldiers who are so unfortunate as to be placed there. A New York surgeon, recently released from a six weeks' confinement there, says the officers have two large rooms on the second and third floor, each fifty by one hundred and ten feet, without furniture, and with grating windows, which have no sashes or glass in them. The inmates are each allowed one coarse blanket, and the floor as a bed. Although their condition is not so very bad in the day time, except on account of the close confinement and surveillance, at night it is made terrible by reason of the prevalence of vermin. Their rations for a whole day are not sufficient for one good meal, and consist of coarse corn bread, bacon (which is frequently the stinking and maggoty) and bean soup. The private soldiers are even less comfortably provided for. The officers are not permitted to approach the windows. Three were lately shot by the guard for looking out.

WANTS ANOTHER GEORGE.—A Peace Democratic journal can find no better argument for the election of Gen. McClellan than the following: "We have had but one George for President and he was the Father of our Country. The country, to-day, longs for another George who shall be its preserver, and the great masses of the people turn confidently to the Democratic nominee as the only hope of a restored Union and an enduring peace."

In view of all the circumstances, if the Chicago Convention must have a "George" to govern the nation, it should have taken up George N. Sanders as the most consistent representative of the party and the platform.

In one sense the nomination of Gen. McClellan can scarcely be looked upon as having been made by a party.—Baltimore Gazette.

—True, every word of it. Instead of being made by a party, McClellan's nomination was the result of a conspiracy of every tag end of faction, and is now supported by the adventurers who degrade politics to the meanest purposes of public plundering. If such men succeed with such a candidate, this Republic will cease to exist.

EX-SECRETARY CHASE, who recently made a tour of the eastern States, says that the vote of Mr. Lincoln will be larger in that part of the Union than it was in 1860. Mr. Chase intends to go before the people of the west to urge the re-election of Mr. Lincoln, with all the ability and influence for which the great statesman is distinguished.

From the Baltimore American.

THE SOLDIERS AND THE PRESIDENCY. THE ADMINISTRATION ENDORSED. In answer to the statements of the Copperhead and peace-on-any-terms press, that the soldiers in our armies are unanimously in favor of McClellan, and that none but "Democrats" are in the ranks, we submit the following:

THIRTEENTH WEST VIRGINIA INFANTRY, HARRIS' FERRY, Sept. 12, 1864. My object in sending you this letter is to show the friends and also the enemies of our cause how the soldiers in the 13th West Virginia volunteer infantry view the present contest, and how they feel with regard to the two candidates for the Presidency now before the people. On the evening of the 11th instant it was decided to take a vote in the regiment, and the result was as follows: For Abraham Lincoln..... 415 For George B. McClellan..... 15

Majority for Lincoln..... 400 The commissioned officers were unanimous for Lincoln.

FREDERICK HOSPITAL, UNITED STATES ARMY GENERAL HOSPITAL, BALTIMORE, Md., Sept. 13, 1864. As we have read with interest in your val-

able and patriotic paper the choice of the soldiers in the several hospitals for President, we would not be backward in forwarding to your many readers the expression of the officers, attendants, and patients in this. Their vote is as follows: For Lincoln..... 827 For McClellan..... 211 Total..... 1,038 Lincoln's majority..... 616 The rebel sick and wounded in this hospital expressed their choice as follows: Lincoln..... 6 McClellan..... 18 Neutral..... 2 Total..... 26 McClellan's majority..... 12

VOTE OF INDIANA SOLDIERS. The 4th brigade of the 2d division of the 19th corps, all Indiana troops, now in General Sheridan's command, gave expression of their views as to national and State politics a few days since, as follows:

Table with columns: FOR PRESIDENT, FOR GOVERNOR, and names of candidates like Lincoln, McClellan, Fremont, Morton, McDonald.

UNITED STATES ARMY GENERAL HOSPITAL, BALTIMORE, Md., Sept. 11, 1864. I enclose herewith the result of a vote which was taken at this hospital for the next President, which, if you will be kind enough to publish in your valuable columns, will show the friends of the soldiers how they stand on this question:

Table with columns: FOR PRESIDENT, FOR GOVERNOR, and names of candidates like Lincoln, McClellan, Fremont, Morton, McDonald.

HEADQUARTERS DETACHMENT 1ST E. S. MD. VOLS., BUCKETS TOWN, Sept. 12. An election was held at this point, a few days since, for the purpose of testing the relative strength of the Presidential candidates, with the following result: For Lincoln..... 86 For McClellan..... 0 For Fremont..... 0 A reward was immediately offered for the supporter of the "grave-digger of the Chickasaw," but he was not found. At a vote taken at the West Building Hospital, Baltimore, Md., Sept. 15, '64, stood as follows: Lincoln..... 167 McClellan..... 63 Fremont..... 4

By Telegraph.

FROM THE ARMY OF THE POTOMAC.

The Rebels Violate An Agreement and Pay Dearly for it.

HEAVY SLAUGHTER.

The Latest from the Front.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC, Sept. 15.—Evening. During the past few days both sides have engaged in a continuous struggle of sharp shooting and artillery firing, particularly in the centre of the line. It was thought several nights ago that this annoying practice would cease in front of the Second corps, as an agreement had been made by both sides to that effect, but it is reported that the same night, as our men were changing the pickets, the rebels opened and killed and wounded about a dozen of our men. Our soldiers threatened that they would have revenge for this dastardly act; so watching a favorable opportunity, when the rebels had a large number exposed, they blazed away with terrible effect. Those unhurt were not long in seeking the cover of their works, and finally begged our men to cease, as the firing the night before was by a new regiment who were not aware of the agreement. But the answer sent over, which was rather more expressive than an agreement, seemed to say "I like the way the truce was at an end, and ever since each has been watching a chance to tip his adversary over."

Twenty ambulances were this morning sent to come towards the place where the struggle occurred, and to go back loaded, evidencing that the rebels paid dearly for their bad faith. The enemy have been busy for several days constructing a second line of works behind the first, and are making it as strong as the first.

LATER. Sept. 16, 6 A. M.—All quiet this morning. Less firing was heard during the night than for some time past.

A Rebel Raid on Harrison's Landing.

CAPTURE OF 2,500 CATTLE.

The Thirteenth Penna. Cavalry Overpowered.

PROBABLE RECAPTURE OF CATTLE.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 17. Passengers by the mail boat to-day report that on Friday a large body of rebel cavalry made a raid on our reserve cattle herd occupying Harrison's Landing, and succeeded in carrying off the entire number, about 2500.

The guard taking care of these cattle was the 13th Pennsylvania cavalry, about 200 men, and of course could not make much resistance against such a heavy body of the enemy. The attack was made just before daylight yesterday morning, and the men attempted to open the fence and stampede the cattle so as to get them nearer our troops, but they were shot at while making the effort. Capt. Richardson, Commissary of Subsistence, had charge of the herd, which was the main supply for the army in front of Richmond. He had scarcely time to save his papers, and his men lost their entire effects. Our cavalry started in pursuit, and it was thought that the entire lot would be captured.

Union Nomination in the 19th District.

G. W. Scofield has been renominated as the Republican candidate to Congress from the 19th District of Penna.

Another Decline in Gold.

Gold sold to-day at 220 1/2.

Petersburg.

CITY POINT, Sept. 15, 1864. FURIOUS CANNONADING OF PETERSBURG AND THE REBEL WORKS.

The enemy persisted in annoying General Birney's corps by firing on his pickets at all hours until he determined to give them more serious annoyance. At ten o'clock yesterday his batteries opened on their works and front of his corps, and literally rained shot and shell on them for over two hours. The guns were so well served, and the firing so rapid and long continued that many supposed a general engagement was progressing. The roads were lined with people hurrying in hot haste to ascertain the cause of such terrific cannonading. About noon the fire slackened, and by four o'clock died away entirely, save the sullen boom of an occasional gun from one of the gunboats anchored in the Appomattox near the Point views of Rocks. Through the night, and up to nine o'clock this morning, a dead calm succeeded.

THE IMPENDING BATTLE OF THE WELDON RAILROAD.

All accounts of an impending battle on the Weldon railroad are mere speculations based on remote probabilities. Deserters reported that Lee had changed his headquarters to the vicinity of Ream's station a week ago, for the purpose of bringing on a battle and drawing us from that much coveted position. The attempt has not yet been made, and the whole story may have been a rebel fabrication. Whether Lee did so move his headquarters or not it is certain that a large portion of the rebel soldiers stationed in that quarter believe he did. The report may have been put in circulation to inspire their hearts with additional confidence, or may have been intended to cover ulterior designs.

AN IMPORTANT ORDER.

The following important order has just been published: CIRCULAR. OFFICE OF THE PROVOST MARSHAL GENERAL, ARMIES OPERATING AGAINST RICHMOND, VIRGINIA, N. Y., Sept. 13, 1864.

From and after this date no spirituous, vinous or malt liquors will be permitted to be brought within the lines of the armies operating against Richmond, except such as are brought by the commissary and medical departments.

No sutler, purveyor or trader will be allowed to bring any kind of liquor this side of Fort Monroe, Va., and any person violating this line will be arrested and sent without the lines of the armies, and his stock in trade seized and confiscated for the benefit of the Government.

Provost Marshals of corps and divisions will make frequent inspections of the establishments of all traders within their respective commands, and arrest all such as are found violating this circular, taking their goods in custody, and reporting the cases to this office for final disposition. M. R. PATRICK, Provost Marshal General. Official—W. B. Beckwith, Capt. and A. D. C.

News from Washington.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 16. ARRIVAL OF REBEL DESERTERS.

Another batch of seventy-eight rebel deserters arrived here this morning from City Point on board of the steamer Vanderbilt. They represent Florida, Georgia, North Carolina, Tennessee and Virginia regiments. They say that the rebel officers have become very rampant of late, owing to the numerous desertions of their men, who experience great difficulty in getting away, and many of them have been shot while endeavoring to make their escape to our lines. The most favorable opportunity afforded those who wish to desert is when on the skirmish line, or when on vidette duty, these deserters say. There were four brothers among the number brought here this morning. They belonged to Virginia regiments, and all four of them deserted at the same time. All of these deserters took the oath at City Point before being brought to this city. Colonel Ingraham this morning furnished the majority of them with transportation North. The Eleventh Florida regiment, which entered the rebel service with eleven hundred men, has been reduced, deserters say, to less than one hundred by desertions and casualties of war, but principally by desertions. Among the seventy-eight rebel deserters brought here this morning from City Point were fifteen from that regiment.

UNION PRISONERS AT RICHMOND.

There are now remaining in Richmond as prisoners of war, about five thousand enlisted men, and four hundred and ten officers of the Union army. The system of special exchanges which now prevail is the subject of much complaint on the part of such prisoners as possess no influence in the court.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 17. A skirmish took place near Centerville on Thursday between five Union soldiers and three guerrillas.

We lost two horses and had one man severely wounded. The President has recognized Leon De La Cova, of Philadelphia, as Consul of Venezuela at that city.

News from Newbern.

NEWBERN, Saturday, Sept. 10, 1864. The little dispatch steamer Fawn, on her regular trip from Norfolk to Roanoke Island, through the canal, was captured and burnt by the enemy on the evening of the 9th. Major General Emery, Provost Judge at Newbern, and a few other persons who were on the Fawn, were also captured.

A large number of idle negroes have been sent from here to General Grant to work in the trenches. Under the new Treasury regulations, parties who produce cotton, naval stores and other products by their own labor, are now allowed to ship the same to the Northern markets, through an agent appointed by the Government. No sales of property in the same by private parties is allowed in the Department, under any circumstances whatever.

The Hon. John Satterlee, of New York, who has been here on a tour of inspection, left for Washington on the 9th inst. The recruiting agents who arrived here with drafts, certified checks and state money, were obliged to return to the North for the "greenbacks," being unable to obtain recruits without them. Recruiting is still progressing under favorable circumstances, though most of the agents have been called home, owing to the near approach of the draft.

Business of all kinds is at present very dull in Newbern. The report that the yellow fever has made its appearance here is incorrect. The sudden change in the weather has developed the congestive chills, which in a few hours have proved fatal in a few cases. This is the origin of the report. Dr. Doughty, the post surgeon, is very successful in his treatment of this disease, through the aid of a warm bath, which is applied immediately.

The Indian War.

THE LATEST FROM GEN. CURTIS. CAMP ON DRY CREEK, Sept. 8, 1864. VIA PLUM CREEK, Sept. 8, 1864. To Major S. S. Curtis: Trains are passing through from Leavenworth to Kearney and down to Salt Lake. Escorts are not needed. Have explored up Beaver, and Republican to a point on Cottonwood. No buffaloes about there and very few Indians. I am moving eastward. S. R. CURTIS, Major-General.

The Overland Route.

DENVER, Sept. 16. No Indians have been seen on the overland route for weeks. Stages will begin to run over it immediately. The Indian scare seems to have ended. Troops are now stationed so as to fully protect the coaches and travelers on the route.

Correction of a Rumor.

Advices from Bahia via Pernambuco, of the 4th of August, state that the reported capture of a ship worth \$72,000 in silver, by the pirate Florida, is a hoax.

The Political Campaign in Indiana.

INDIANAPOLIS, Wednesday, Sept. 14. The political campaign is very lively in this State. The Unionists will beat the Copperheads badly in the State election next month.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WANTED. A YOUNG lady desires a situation in a private family, to do general HOUSEWORK. Apply at the residence of JACOB REEL, SIXTH WARD HOUSE, sep12-24

FOR SALE.—A House and Lot on the corner of Third and State streets, opposite the Brady House. For particulars inquire on the premises, at the desirable business stand of sep17-d1w

TO LET, THE TWO-STORY BRICK HOUSE and premises on Front street, in this city, adjoining the REYNOLDS CHURCH, and now in the possession of Charles Burd, Esq. The situation, in all respects, is one of the most desirable, for a private residence, in the city. Possession may be had on the 1st of October, ensuing. Apply to the Trustees of the Old School Presbyterian Church. CHARLES C. RAWN, Treasurer of the Church. Harrisburg, Sept. 17, 1864. sep17-d1w

A GIRL WANTED, and good wages will be given, in a small family, to do general housework. A GOOD COOK preferred. Apply immediately at Charles Johnson's Boot and Shoe, Hat and Cap store, No. 108 Market street. sep16-1*

DRUG-STORE FOR SALE. THE DRUGS AND FIXTURES of the store of Captain George W. Miles, corner of Third and North streets, are offered for sale. For particulars, inquire of sep16-d1w

A RARE CHANCE! FOR SALE.—A thoroughbred BLACK HAWK HORSE, 5 years old, a good traveler either under the saddle or in harness, is gentle and used to a lady rider. Apply to D. W. COX, Northern Central Railway Office, Harrisburg. sep16-d1w

FLOUR! FLOUR! Fine Family Flour! 100 barrels of the best brand of flour in this city. Every barrel warranted or money returned, and delivered to all parts of the city free of charge. For sale at sep16

FISH! FISH! NOS. 1 AND 2 MACKEREL, in all size packages, just received and for sale at SHISLER & FRAZER'S. sep16

SAP SAGO CHEESE.—A small but fresh lot of choice SAP SAGO CHEESE, just received this morning, at SHISLER & FRAZER'S. sep16

FINE GROCERIES of all kinds, at reduced prices, at SHISLER & FRAZER'S FAMILY GROCERY, opposite the Court House. sep16

NOTICE. BY the death of MICHAEL BURKE, on the 15th day of August last, the co-partnership of Burke & Eberly was dissolved. All persons indebted to said firm are notified to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the firm, properly authenticated to CHRISTIAN EBERLY, Surviving partner, or to his Attorney, W. FISHER, Harrisburg, Pa. sep14-64. sep15-d1w

Public Sale.

On Tuesday, September 27th, 1864, THE subscriber will sell on the premises, in Upper Allen township, Cumberland County, Pa., the real estate owned by the late John C. Meehan, and a half mile southwest of the former place, the following valuable real estate: No. 1.—A tract of land, well known as the Reserve Farm, containing 17 acres, all in a high state of cultivation, having recently been limed, and under good fencing. The improvements consist of a large

TWO-STORY BRICK HOUSE, with kitchen, wash-house, large Bank-barn, of modern style, and all necessary outbuildings. The buildings are all newly new, having been built within few years. There is a well of excellent water, and two cisterns—one at the barn and one at the house. There is also a splendid young apple orchard, in due bearing condition, with peaches, pears, plums and grapes, in great variety, on the premises. This is in every respect a superior property, and its nearness to Mechanicsburg, with all its other facilities, renders it one of the most desirable homes in Cumberland Valley.

No. 2.—A tract of lime-stone land, adjoining the above, containing 24 acres, of excellent quality, and under good fencing. The improvements are a

TWO-STORY FRAME HOUSE, with kitchen, wash-house, Bank-barn, and other necessary outbuildings, all newly erected. This property is suitable for a retired farmer, who wishes the conveniences of a farm on a small compass. Its nearness to the above 77 acres, will enable the owner to offer it as a separate home, or an entire tract of 101 acres, if it is found to suit the purchaser, it will be sold in both ways.

Persons desiring to view the property previous to the sale, will please call on the undersigned, residing in Mechanicsburg. Sale to commence at 1 o'clock P. M., when terms will be made known by P. H. LONG. sep15-12

The Trumpet of Freedom!

A COLLECTION OF NATIONAL AND PATRIOTIC SONGS, Duets, Trios and Quartettes, RALLYING SONGS, CAMP SONGS, CAVALRY SONGS, MARCHING SONGS, BATTLE SONGS, HOME SONGS, &c., &c. Being, as a whole, the BEST COLLECTION OF WAR SONGS PUBLISHED, FOR SOLDIERS AND THEIR FRIENDS AT HOME. The publishers issue An immense edition to meet a demand unprecedented by the sale of any similar work. Price 40 cents, on receipt of which it will be mailed, post paid, to any address. Just published by OLIVER, DITSON & CO., Publishers, 277 Washington St., Boston. For sale by J. E. GOULD, Philadelphia. sep15-d1c

HENRY REGAN'S Steam Engine and Machine Shop.

SIXTH ST., BETWEEN WALNUT AND MARKET. (J. C. Mott's Old Stand.) THE undersigned having taken the above Shop, respectfully solicits a share of the public patronage. Particular attention will be paid to repairing of Steam Engines, and all kinds of machinery. All work will receive my personal attention, and satisfaction guaranteed. sep15-d1c

Fever and Ague!

HAVING now on hand a large supply of my SPIRITUAL PILLS—a certain cure for the Fever and Ague—I offer them to the entire wholesale or retail. They are perfectly simple and safe—free from poison, and will in all cases effect a cure, or the money refunded.

Diphtheria!

My GOLDEN ELECTRIC OIL—a certain and effective cure for Diphtheria, Sore Throat, &c. How many precious lives might have been saved by the use of my ELECTRIC OIL. I will guarantee to cure the worst cases of Diphtheria. THE GREATEST FAMILY MEDICINE IN THE WORLD! The Poor cured without charge. My Balm cures the Golden Oil, W. BARE, Next door to First National Bank, Harrisburg. sep9-42*

MESS SHAD.—Fine Mess Shad of the sea-son, in half barrels and kits, just received at SHISLER & FRAZER'S. Successors to W. Dock, Jr., & Co. sep1

190 ASSORTED BERRA GRIND-STONES for sale. A. K. FAIRBANKS. sep5-d1w

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

When will Wonders Cease? THE GREAT REMEDY OF THE WORLD!

DR. MERRIDGE'S KING OF PAIN WILL cure any ache or pain in from one to sixty minutes! It acts like magic upon the absorbent and glandular systems, reducing swellings and regulating the secretions and excretions. It is of a diffusive, penetrating nature, acts its influence upon the porphyry to the centre of the nervous organism, thence by reflex action its power is felt throughout the entire system, restoring the circulating fluids and checking disease with invincible strength. THE KING OF PAIN IS INVALUABLE! No matter what the pain, apply the medicine and you will find instant relief. It is an internal and external cure.

THE KING OF PAIN Cures almost instantaneously, Headache, Parache, Neuralgia, Deafness, Sore Throat, Bronchitis, Asthma, Dyspepsia, Diarrhoea, Dysentery or Bloody Flux, Liver Complaint, Kidney Disease, Diseases of the Bladder and Genital Organs, Cramp, Colic, neuralgic spasmodic Pains, Fever and Ague, Bruises, Cuts, Burns, and wounds of every description. It proves itself the mastery, as the testimony of thousands prove its meritorious worth. Sold, wholesale and retail, by S. A. KUNKEL, druggists, Sole Agents, 118 Market street, Harrisburg.

SOLDIERS READ! The following letter from a soldier, in reference to the efficacy and powerful restorative qualities of DR. MERRIDGE'S KING OF PAIN, speaks for itself: NEWTOWN, CUMBERLAND COUNTY, Pa. Sept. 14, 1864.

Messrs. S. A. Kunkel & Bro., druggists, Harrisburg, Pa. GENTS:—I would inform you that I received the bottles of Dr. Merridge's Great Pain Killer, and enclosed please find five dollars more, for which I sent you my bottles additional to my order. I leave for camp to-morrow. Let me know whether you can supply me with it in the army. I am in Company H, 23d Regt. P. V. I have been in a very bad health for upwards of four years, and two of my one-dollar bottles have cured me completely, and have made me feel like a man. Besides, I have secured a number of my comrades of various diseases incident to camp life, and can recommend it to be the best medicine a soldier can provide for himself. Yours respectfully, JOS. E. WHITE.

All orders from a distance promptly attended to by S. A. KUNKEL & BRO., Druggists, 118 Market street, Harrisburg. sep15

A HOME CERTIFICATE.

The following certificate is from a well-known citizen of Harrisburg: HARRISBURG, Aug. 30, 1864. TO THE PUBLIC:—It gives me great pleasure to recommend to the public the medicine prepared by DR. J. J. MERRIDGE, which he has so kindly sent me. I was induced to use it as an external remedy for a bruise, which it relieved immediately, and subsequently cured entirely. Its success induced me to use it internally for Diarrhoea, with which I was afflicted in a chronic form for nearly eighteen months, and to such an extent that my kidneys were seriously damaged. The medicine has cured me, and certainly that is saying a great deal in its favor, when I reflect how many other remedies I tried without experiencing anything but temporary relief. For my part, I shall always keep a supply of it in my house, believing as I do that it is the most invaluable family medicine. DANIEL E. WILT.

The unexampled sale of this medicine proves it to be the most wonderful discovery of the age in the medical art. The undersigned are the sole agents for the State, and will supply it wholesale or retail, at the lowest price. S. A. KUNKEL & BRO., Druggists, 118 Market street, Harrisburg. sep15

NEW OPENING FOR Fall and Winter Trade!

CLOAKS, CIRCULARS, CLOAKS! BROCHE AND MOURNING SHAWLS!

BALMORALS AND SCARFS! FURS! FURS!! The Largest and best selected stock in this city! at the New Cloak Store, IN D. W. GROSS' NEW BLOCK, HARRISBURG, PA. sep24*

Proposals.

OFFICE CHIEF COMMISSARY SUBSISTENCE, DEPARTMENT SQUADRON, HARRISBURG, Pa., September 13th, 1864. SEALED PROPOSALS, in duplicate, are respectfully invited to be submitted to this OFFICE, on or before the 20th of September, 1864, for furnishing the United States Subsistence Department, delivered in Harrisburg, Pa., with Fresh Beef, of a good and marketable quality in portions of one and two quarters meat, neck, shanks and kidney tail (to be excluded), in such quantities as may be required, and on such days as shall be designated at this office, commencing September 21, 1864, for a period of six months. The ability of the bidder to fulfill the agreement will be guaranteed by two responsible persons, whose signatures must be appended to the proposal. In case of failure, the United States reserves the right of purchase elsewhere, to make up the deficiency, charging the advance paid over the contract price to the party failing to deliver. Bids may be legible, the numbers written as well as expressed by figures; and no member of Congress, officer or agent of the Government, shall be admitted to any share therein, or to any benefit which may arise