HARRISBURG, PA. WENESDAY EVENING, AUGUST 10, 1864.

NATIONAL UNION TICKET

FOR PRESIDENT.

Abraham Lincoln, OF ILLINOIS.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT. Andrew Johnson, OF TENNESSEE.

The Victory of General Averill. The telegraph has already informed our readers that this dashing cavalry General has punished the rebels rather severely in their retreat from Chambersburg. The capture of over five hundred prisoners, all the rebel artillery, trains, and colors, and a large quantity of small arms, at Moorefields, West Vir-

ginia, seems to be fully confirmed. Whilst General Averill was in the vicinity of Chambersburg, when the pirate M'Causland was burning that town, a large number of our people here complained of the tardiness of General Averill's movements, and censured him for not attacking the houseburners; but we learn from undoubted sources that General Averill never received the dispatches which General Couch had forwarded to him, and that he was not aware of the situation of matters at that place. Had the dispatches alleged to have been sent by General Couch been received, General Averill would have promptly moved on the rebels, notwithstanding his force was broken down and the horses worn out. As soon as the General discovered the rebel doings at Chamberburg, he went to work and pursued them with all the forces at his command until they were driven from M'Connelsburg, where he halted, under the belief that General Kelley's forces would meet them at Hancock and drive them back. If that had been done the rebels would have been between two fires, and General Averill was ready to strike an effective blow, but General Kelley was not there, and General Averill went single-handed in pursuit of them until he overtook them at Moorefields, where he punished them severely. We regard General Averill as one of the best cavalry officers in the service, who has rendered the country invaluable services.

A Contrast.

A few days since a rebel leader, McCaus land, was burning Chambersburg, an undefended village in this State which had never offered resistance, turning half-naked women and babes out from their flaming houses, destroying churches and hospitals, and violating, with his robber crew, all the laws of honorable warfare acknowledged among civilized nations. Two weeks earlier, a Union General-Rousseau-was in the heart of the rebel country, in Alabama; he found in a certain village, named Loachapoka, a depot of rebel stores and a factory. These were very properzens were saved by the personal exertions of the General and his soldiers—the latter put- they will not go into the consideration of ting their own wet blankets on the roofs. In Talladega, a confederate gun-factory was broken up rather than burned, for fear that private houses might also suffer. Again, at another station, the hospitals and tents for the sick rebels were carefully spared.

We like such contrasts, and we are not surprised at them. Gen. Rousseau is the public | the members of the Legislature will be ready officer of a great nation, and he is a gentle- to return to their homes. . McCanoland is a unless brigand and rebel, serving a horde of robbers.

HOW GRANT CUTS RED TAPE. - During his visit to Monocacy on Saturday, Gen. Grant illustrated his irreverence for red tape in a pleasing incident. Some months ago the Ninetieth New York, then in a distant field of operations, re-enlisted as veteran recruits. but were not able then to take their furlough. on account of a press of business. The regiment departed for, home on furlough. But twenty-two of the men, for some trivial offence, were, as a punishment, not allowed to go, and were put into other regiments to serve until their regiment returned, and were still held as veteran recruits. These twentytwo men being at Monocacy, one of them waited on Gen. Grant. A private soldier, grim and travel-stained, bearing in his very feature a trace of long and hard service in the field, the Lieutenant-General listened attentively while he told his tale and plead for himself and his companions. A few questions put and answered, and General Grant was satinfied that injustice had been done them, and on the spot he wrote a telegram to the proper officer, then at Harper's Ferry, instructing him to furlough the men immediately, and the consequence is they have left for home, with a consciousness that the Commanderin-chief of our armies metes out equal and exact justice to all.

Another New York Falsehood Contra-dicted.

The New York press has been so filled with falsehoods against the people of Pennsylvania that we have become tired of contradicti ng them. We find, however, a word from Col. M'Clure in the New York Times contradicting one of the falsehoods circulated against him personally, which we insert in justice to the gentleman named. It reads:

A CARD FROM A. K. M'CLURE.

To the Editor of the New York Times. Your correspondent writing from the southern border of Pennsylvania, says in the Times

of the 4th inst:
"I was informed by a gentleman on the train that Col. McClure paid \$5,000 as a ransom for his threatened property, and after all the scoundrels set the torch to his house, and

it now stands a smoking ruin."

The foregoing statement has not the shadwof truth. I paid no sum of money to ran-som my propety, nor did any one for me; and although my loss is scarcely less than \$50,000, not one dollar of tribute would have been paid to barbarous freebooters to save it. I was not present, but no member of my family would have entertained a proposition of any kind to ransom anything belonging to them
A. K. McCLURE, CHAMBERSHORD, Friday, Aug. 5, 1864.

Hon. L. W. Hall.

This gentleman, as most of our readers are aware, was the candidate of the National Union party of Blair county, for the Congressional nomination in the 17th District. In the convention of delegates which named him, he received a most decided and flattering vote, and the earnest and cordial support subsequently given him by his conferees was as complimentary as it was well-deserved. After three days of unsuccessful balloting, the conference adjourned until a future time. and when it again assembled, the relative positions of the various aspirants remaining as before, a nomination seemed impossible. It was at this stage of the proceedings that Col. HALL laying aside all personal considerations, and anxious only to subserve the interests of the party, withdrew from the contest and requested his conferees to urge his nomination no further. The manly and patriotic letter which he wrote upon that occasion, and which we publish below, does credit both to his head and heart, and though his claims have for a time been postponed, we are well assured that the day is not far distant when a grateful constituency will, in a fitting way, show that they appreciate his merits and ability. Such men as Col. HALL are needed in the councils of the State and Nation:

ALTOONA, August 3d, 1864. GENTLEMEN:—The Congressional Conference, having balloted through three successive days, without any result, before adjournment, I deem it proper to relieve you of any embarrassment so far as I am personally concerned.

I need not say to you, gantlemen, my personal friends, and who are familiar with the history of the events which resulted in placing me in my present attitude, that I am not now, and have not been, anxious to be the Union candidate for Congress in this District.

To the National Union party of the county of Blair which, in the convention of its delegates, by a vote so decided and flattering, designated me as its candidate, and to you, gentlemen, representing the sentiment of that party and its convention, for the zeal and earnestness with which you have aimed to carry out that preference, I return my most profound acknowledgment. I would, how-ever, be unworthy of the confidence thus reposed in me by my friends at home, if with a selfishness incapable of looking beyond per-sonal claims or aspirations, I should ask you to do more than you have already done, to effect my nomination. I have personally no claim or merit, which does not dwindle to nothing in view of the CAUSE which it is, or should be, the aim of all of us to further, in this trying hour of the Republic. A pertinacions adherence to local claims, or personal preferences, in times like these, would, as we must all feel, be unpardonable. At any time, the expressed preference of a County Convention, must commit something to the discre-tion of its delegated agents. That discretion, I am free to say, should now be exercised by you, in your best judgment and most devoted patriotism. It was in this spirit, and in good aith, that I absolved you on the second day of your balloting, from any obligations you might feel to me personally; and I now say more explicitly, that I do not desire you to insist further upon my nomination, in any future balloting by the Conference.
I am, gentlemen, faithfully your friend,
LOUIS W. HALL.

To Messrs. M'Camant, Gever and London. Congressional Conferees of Blair County.

The Proper Course.

We congratulate the people of Pennsy nia on the passage of a resolution in the Senate, by a large majority, giving notice that any private legislation. Let this be fully adhered to. Private corporations and individuals have taken up sufficient time during the past winter, and we sincerely hope that nothing but public business will be attended to. Let a military and such other bills as the State necessity may require be passed, and

Pennsylvania Legislature.

REPORTED EXPRESSLY FOR THE TELEGRAPH.

SENATE.

Wednesday, August 10, 1864. The Senate met at 10 o'clock A. M., the Speaker in the Chair. The Journal of yesterday was read and ap-

proved. EXTRACTS FROM HOUSE JOURNAL The Clerk of the House, being introduced, presented an extract from the Journal of the House, notifying the Senate that the House had appointed a committee to act with a similar committee on the part of the Senate, in relation to an appropriation to the sufferers

at Chambersburg.

On motion, the Senate concurred, and Messrs. Johnson, M'Sheery, Turrell, Hor-kins and Ridgeway were appointed the committee.

Also, another extract in relation to so much of the Governor's message as refers to revenues and finance, appointing a select committee of seven members to act in conjunction with a similar committee on the part of the Senate.

On motion, the Senate concurred, and Messrs. Connell, Graham, M'Candless, Wilson, Reilly, Fleming, and Wallor were appointed such committee.

Also, another abstract referring so much of the Governor's message as relates to a mili-tary organization to a joint committee of five

members of each House.
On motion, the Senate concurred, and
Messis. Lowry, Champners, Johnson, Glatz and Kinsey were appointed such committee. 14 (in BILLS IN PLACE.

Mr. REILLY read in place an act to repeal the third section of an act conferring upon the orphans' court of Schuylkill county, certain powers in relation to the real estate of John Lindenmuller.

Referred to the Committee on the Judiciary. Mr. CONNELL, a supplement to an act to fix the number of Senators and Representatives, and to form the State into districts, in pursuance of the provisions of the Constitu-

ion, approved May 5, 1864. Referred to the Committee on the Judiciary. Mr. HOGE, an act to authorize the presi dent and Directors of the Franklin and Alle-

gheny bridge company to borrow money. Referred to the Committee on the Judiciary. Mr. ST. CLAIR. an act to amend an act to incorporate the Oakland Cemetery Company, approved March 12, 1864.

Referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

PETITION.

Mr. STEIN, on leave, presented a petition from citizens of South Easton for the passage of a bill to authorize them to pay bounties.

Referred to the Committee on the Judiciary. RESOLUTIONS.

Mr. LOWRY offered the following resolution, which was agreed to :
Resolved, That the Senate will not proceed

SASTEM GARAGESTA CONTRACTOR

this session: Provided, That this resolution shall not apply to bills recalled from the Governor, and to bills giving bounties to volun-

Mr. CONNELL offered a resolution re questing the Governor to return to the Senate a number of bills specified.

Which was agreed to.
Mr. WILSON offered the following resolu-

Whereas, Great dissatisfaction exists in the One Hundred and Eighty-seventh regiment of Pennsylvania volunteers, now attached to the Fifth army corps, in consequence of an alleged violation of good faith towards them on the part of the War Department, in ordering them into active service. contrary to the terms of their enlistment, as contained in General Order No. 20, issued by Major General Couch, on the 24th day of March last therefore,

Be it resolved by the Senate of Pennsylva nia, That the Governor be respectfully requested to communicate to the Senate all the facts within his knowledge appertaining to the said regiment, and the duties for which the same was specially recruited and mustered into the United States service.

On motion, the further consideration of the resolution was postponed for the present.

Mr. JOHNSON offered the following reso

lution : Resolved, That the Committee on the Judiciary be instructed to inquire into the expediency of repealing the General Bounty Act passed at the late session of the Legislature, and substituting therefor a State bounty in such manner as to do no injustice to such counties or townships as may have availed themselves of the provisions of said act, for supplying their respective quotas under the late call for five hundred thousand men; and to report by bill or otherwise at as early a

period as possible.

After considerable debate, the Senate, by a vote of eighteen to eleven, refused to proceed to the second reading and consideration of the resolution.

INVITATION TO VISIT CHAMBERS TEG. The SPEAKER laid before the Senate a comnunication of the citizens of Chambersburg, inviting the Legislature to visit that town tomorrow morning.

On motion, the invitation was accepted. On motion, the Senate adjourned to meet to-morrow evening at 8½ o'clock.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES. WEDNESDAY, Aug. 10, 1864. The House met at ten o'clock.

The following are the members, on the part of the House, of the several joint committees authorized by the action of the two Houses

SPECIAL JOINT COMMITTEES.

yesterday: On Military Organization of the State-Messis. Watson, Glass, Sharpe, Kelley and RICE On Revenues and Finance-Messrs. SMITH,

(Chester,) REED, BARGER, PRESHING, ROBIN-SON, COLEMAN and BIGHAM. On Relief of Chambersburg Sufferers-Messis. Sharpe, Haslett, Olmsted, Foster and Spangler.

RETURN OF UNAPPROVED HOUSE BILLS. Mr. BROWN offered a resolution requesting the Governor to return to the House various House bills passed by both Houses, at the regular session, but not yet approved by him on account of certain formal errors or omis-

The resolution led to considerable discusion, the apprehension of some members being that its adoption would open the door to the consideration of private legislation, which might prolong the session indefinitely. On the other hand, it was urged that the recall of these bills did not bind the House to bills which might be urged.

The resolution was adopted, having been amended, on motion of Mr. SMITH, (Chester,) so as to include among the bills recalled the bill to enable the State banks to organize under the national banking law.

A similar resolution from the Senate, requesting the return of various Senate bills ecupying a like position, was concurred in. TELEGRAPH TO UNIONTOWN.

Mr. SEARIGHT asked leave to read in place an act to appropriate fifteen thousand dollars to assist the Pittsburg and Connells-ville railroad company to construct a line of telegraph from Connellsville to Uniontown, Fayette county. On allowing the bill to be presented, considerable debate occurred. Some members opposed the introduction of the bill, as not being in its nature a public bill, and as likely to open the way to the consideration of private business. In favor of the bill, it was urged that it came within the scope of the business for which the Legislature had been convened, as the proposed telegraph line was important in order to give prompt information of any rebel invasion in

that vicinity.

Finally the permission of the House was given, and the bill was read in place.

LEGISLATIVE VISIT TO CHAMBERSBURG. Mr. SHARPE presented an invitation on behalf of the citizens of Chambersburg, for the members of the Legislature to visit the nins of that town, to-morrow.

Mr. COLEMAN offered a resolution, which was adopted, accepting the invitation, and providing for an adjournment till Friday norning in order to make the proposed visit. BEVISION OF BOUNTY LAW.

Mr. PRICE offered a resolution, which was adopted, providing for the appointment of a special joint committee to revise the bounty

EXTENSION OF THE CAPITOL. A communication from the Governor and State Treasurer, submitting plans for the pro-posed extension of the capitol, was read and referred to a special committee of three.

Adjourned till Friday.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Washington, Tuesday, Aug. 9. ABBIVAL OF REBEL PRISONERS,
Sixty-four rebel prisoners arrived here today from Harper's Ferry, and were committed

to the old capitol. They were captured at different points in Maryland, and belonged to the invading force. SUBSCRIPTIONS TO THE NEW LOAN. The subscriptions to the 7-30 loan reported

at the Treasury Department to-day, amount to \$288.000. REPORTED RESIGNATION OF SECRETARY STANTON.

ordinary interest and importance were dis-cussed. It is confidentially stated by those who are on intimate political and social relations with different members of the Cabinet that Secretary Stanton has resigned, and that the President has accepted his resignation.— Averill pursued the s It is not, however, positively known that

Death of a Prominent Baltimorean.

Adam Denmead, Esq., well known as the proprietor of the Monument Iron Foundry, died this morning, of typhoid fever.

For Europe.

By Telegraph.

The Great Fight in Front of Atlanta.

Our Total Loss 3,521, Killed, Wounded and Missing.

THE REBEL LOSS MUCH GREATER.

Official Report of Gen. Logan.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 10.

Major General Sherman, in transmitting the following report of General Logan, says though the number of dead rebels seems to be excessive, he is disposed to give fall credit to the report that, though our loss was only 3,521, killed, wounded and missing, the enemy's dead alone on the field nearly equalled that number, viz: 3,220.

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT ARMY OF THE) TENNESSEE, BEFORE ATLANTA, Ga., July 29, 1864.

GENERAL :- I have the honor to report the following general summary of the result of the attack of the enemy on this army on the 22d inst.:

Our total loss of killed, wounded and missing, was 3,521, and ten pieces of artillery. We have buried, and delivered to the enemy under flag of truce sent in by them in front of the 3d Division, 17th Army Corps, 1,000 of

The number of their dead in front of the 4th division of the same corps, including the ground not now occupied by our troops, Gen. Blair reports, will swell the number of their

dead to 2,000. The number of their dead buried in front of the 15th corps, up to this hour, is 360, and the commanding officer reports that at least

as many more are yet unburied, the burying parties being still at work. The number of dead buried in front of the 16th Corps is 422. We have over one thousand of their wound-

ed in our hands, the larger number of wounded being carried off during the night, after the engagement, by them.
We captured 18 stands of colors, and have

them now. We also captured 5,000 stand of The attack was made on our lines seven

times, and was seven times repulsed. Hood's and Hardce's corps and Wheeler's cavalry engaged us.

We have sent to the rear 1,000 prisoners including 33 commissioned officers of high We still occupy the field and the troops are

in high spirits. A detailed and full report will be forwarded as soon as completed. RECAPITULATION.—Our total loss, 3,521 enemy's dead, thus far reported buried and delivered to them, 3,220; total prisoners sent north, 1,017; total prisoners wounded and in

our hands, 1,000; estimated loss of the enemy at least 10,000. Very respectfully your ob't serv't, JOHN A. LOGAN, Maj. Gen'l.

Maj. Gen'l W. T. Sherman, Com'r Military Div'n of the Mississippi. From Kentucky.

ATTACK BY GUERRILLAS.

3 of Our Men Killed and 42 Horses Captured.

M'Cook's Loss in His Late Raid not over 500.

IMPORTANT ARREST.

Louisville, Aug. 9. This morning twenty guerrillas attacked a party of men under W. B. Lamond, who vere bringing sixty horses to Gallatin from Salt River road, five miles from West Point The guerrillas killed three of our men and

captured forty-two of the horses.

The Nashville Union has official authority that the loss in M'Cook's raid will not exceed

J. Walker Taylor, purporting to be a bearer of dispatches, was stopped at New Albany last night, bearing a letter from Col. A. R. Johnson's headquarters of Confederate forces in Union county, to Gen. Burbridge, asking if he can consider the shooting of Confeder ates in Henderson as in accordance with his order regarding guerrillas, and deputizing Major Taylor to confer with him on the sub

Gen. Emory directed Col. Fairleigh write to Col. Johnson, refusing to recognize Maj. Taylor, as Johnson was in Kentucky, a State not within the Confederate lines, and in command of but a small force, composed chiefly of irresponsible persons, and as he was acting without any authority known to Gen. Emory he could not officially transmit his message to Gen. Burbridge, and refused further inter-course. As Maj. Taylor claimed to be a Confederate soldier, he would send him into the Confederate lines. Sixty guerrillas were encamped at Garretts-

THE RETREAT OF THE INVADERS THEIR COMPLETE ROUT BY AVERILL LARGE CAPTURE OF PRISONERS AND ARMS.

Capture and Escape of General Johnson.

GEN. AVERILL'S VICTORY—CAPTURE AND ESCAPE

OF JOHNSON-NARROW ESCAPE OF M'CAUSLAND.

WASHINGTON, August 9. The Star says that the authorities here have the most gratifying information of the victory obtained by General Averill, on Sunday last, at Moorefield, West Virginia, over the rebel forces under Generals M'Causland and Johnson, that recently burned Chambersburg.

Averill overtook them at Moorefield, attacked and utterly routed them, capturing be-tween five and six hundred prisoners, includ-A Cabinet meeting was held to-day, at ing Gen. Johnson, (who subsequently escap-which questions of State policy of more than ers colors. He also took all the rebel artillery, trains and colors, and a large quantity of small arms.

McCausland himself barely escaped by fly-Averill pursued the scattered remnant of the rebel force for twenty-five miles, captur-

ing many of the fugitives.

His entire loss in killed is seven men. So
the Chambersburg raiders have thus "Early" come to grief. The pursuit was only abanwhen Averill's horses were too exhausted to follow the enemy further in the mountains. A SKIRMISH NEAR ALDIE—THIRTY-FIVE REBEL WAGONS CAPTURED.

Washington, August 9.—On Sunday a rebel train, under the charge of one of the Kinchloe tion, which was agreed to:

Resolved, That the Senate will not proceed to the consideration of any private bills during took out \$59,000 in gold.

New York, Aug. 10.

The steamship Scotia, which sailed to-day, took out \$59,000 in gold.

The steamship Scotia, which sailed to-day, took out \$59,000 in gold. some of their wagons laden with plunder,

or control several a state history being strongs stronger that it is strong show

from the main body, and moved in an east erly direction from the mountains, and in the meantime were followed by a body of Union cavalry, who were not, however, in sufficient

force to make an attack. At or near Aldie the Union pursuing force was augmented by about sixty cavalrymen, under command of Captain Bliss, who had been out on a scout. The rebel force was attacked, and some thirty-five wagons, laden with grain, were taken, those in charge of the train having abandoned it.

DISPATCH FROM GEN. KELLEY—THE REBELS RE-

PULSED AND RETREATING. NEW CREEK, W. Va., August 5.

Governor Boreman: —I have just arrived here. The enemy were effectually repulsed, and are rapidly retreating towards Moorefield. We have saved West Virginia from a terrible scourging by this invading army of rebels and invaders.

B. F. KELLEY, Brigadier General.

Assessments to be Made upon the Rebels of Kentucky.

Produce May be Shipped Within Our Lines in Insurrectionary States.

CAIRO, Aug. 9. Gen. Paine has ordered heavy assessments to be made on the disloyal citizens of Hick-man, Grove, Vallard and M'Cracken counties, of Kentucky, for the benefit of the families of Union soldiers whose property has been destroyed by the rebels. Capt. Paine has gone to Hickman to collect an assessment of

\$50,000. Poultry, ice, butter, eggs, coal, wood, hay, cattle, sheep, hogs and furniture are allowed to be shipped within the Federal lines in in-

surrectionary States.

Twenty hogsheads of tobacco, from Paducah, arrived to-day, mostly for New York.

MARRIED.

On the 9th inst., by Rev. R. Deisher. Mr. HENE Kurtz and Miss Mary N. Gutzel, all of this city.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS. WANTED.

ROR a country hotel, a good white Female COOK. Also a good Chambermaid. Good wages will be paid. Must come well recommended. Apply at angiodism. THIS OFFICE.

WANTED-BOARD, BY TWO GENTLEMEN and their Wives, board in a private family or boarding house with but boarders. Address This office. aug10-d3t

WANTED—Eight or Ten laborers at the Steam Brick Yard, lower end of the city, for which liberal wages will be paid and steady employment given. Apply at the yard or to aug10-3t*

BURKE & EBERIA.

NOTICE TO SHIPPERS BY Philadelphia and Reading Railroad.

IN accordance with the provisions of the Kew Internal Revenue Law, all goods delivered at the above railroad for shipment, must have a Two Cent Stamp affixed to the receipt demanded therefor, said stamp to be at the expense of the shipper.

For all receipts taken by the above Company, said stamps will be furnished and paid for by the Company, aug10-disep30 JOHN J. CLYDE, Agent.

EXECUTOR, S NOTICE

Letters of Administration having this day been granted, by the Register of Dauphin county, to the subscriber, on the estate of John Geiger, late of the city of Harrisburg, deceased, all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims will present them to the subscriber for settlement.

M. L. INGRAM. criber for settlement. M. L. INGRAM, Executrix, aug10-dlawow

DRAFT!!

PHILADELPHIA GUARDS!! COL. A. A. LECULER. BOUNTY! For one year's service only. Men mastered immediately and paid cash down \$400. Come singly, or in squads. Any person bringing 20 men will be commissioned a Second Lieutenant; 25 men a First Lieutenant; 40 men a

Second Apply to Col. A. A. LECHLER, auglo Headquariers, 611 Chestnut st., Phila

A NORDINANCE providing for the Payment of Night Policemen, for Services during the mouths of June and July, 1864.

SECTION I. Be it ordained by the Common Council of the city of Harrisburg. That the sum of one hundred and three dollars be and the same is hereby appropriated out of money not otherwise appropriated, for the payment of night policemen for services rendered during the months of June and July, 1864.

Passed August 6, 1864.

W. O. HICKOK.

W. O. HICKOK. President of Common Co

Attest:—David Harris, Clerk.
Approved August 8, 1884.

A. L. ROUMFORT, Mayor. A. L. ROUMFORT, Mayor.

A N ORDINANCE Authorizing Certain Money in the Treasury to be Applied to the Payment of the Purchase Money of the Good Will Engine.

SENTINAL. Be it ordained by the Common Council of the city of Harrisburg, That said council are hereby authorized to apply the money borrowed for the erection of a truck house for the Mount Vernon Hook and Ladder company, by ordinance passed August 29, 1863, to the payment of the purchase money of the Good Will engine, the payment of which was assumed by Council by ordinance passed June 4, 1864: Provided, That after the payment of said claim, Council may apply the remainder of said money to the payment of any deficiency now existing, or which may hereafter exist, in the appropriations for laying water pipe in the several streets provided for by ordinances of April 30 and June 25, 1864.

W. O. HICKOK,

W. O. HICKOK, President of Common Council. Attest.—David Harris, Clerk.
Approved August 8, 1864.
A L. ROUMFORT, Mayor.

A L ROUMFORT, Mayor.

A N ORDINANCE to Prevent Blowing Off
Steam from the Cylinders of Locomotive Engines
in Certain Parts of the City.
Section 1. Be it ordained by the Common Council of
the city of Harrisburg, That it shall not be lawful for
any of the engineers or firemen on any of the locomotive
engines on the railroads in the city where said roads are
located on any of the streets of the city, to open or allow
to be opened the cylinder cocks of the engines so as to
permit the steam to escape, under a penalty of not less
than one nor more than five dollars for every offence, to
be recovered as other penalties are by law recoverable.

Passed August 6, 1864.

W. O. HICKOK

W. O. HICKOK,
President of Common Council. Atlest:—David Harris, Clerk.
Approved August 8, 1864.
A. L. ROUMFORT, Mayor.

THE good will and fixtures of an old and well established Restaurant. For further particulars address. [augo-dif] J. W. F., Harrisburg, P. O.

\$40 REWARD.

\$40 REWARD.

STOLEN, on the 8th inst., from the livery stable of the subscriber, in Harrisburg, a ROAN MARE, 9 years old, 15% hands high, small star on face, black mane and tail; white mark on right hind pasture; shows the white of her eyes when working or moving her head; always paces when under the saddle. Also, a BUGGY, painted black, striped white, letter \$0,00 both side panels, leather cushion and top. Also, a set of HARNESS. \$40 reward will be paid for the return of the Mare, Buggy and Harness, or for such information as will lead to their recovery, and the arrest of the thier.

RESUMBLY.

Wanted,
WHITE GIRL, who understands the
duties of housekeeping. Apply at No. 5 Locust
augs-dir treet, near Front.

Wanted, SEVERAL Iron Moulders and Wood Worksers at the Eagle Works

aug9-d3t*

W. O. HICKOK W. O. HICKOK.

N the night of the 27th of July, 1864, in the cars from Baltimore to Harrisburg, or in passing from those cars to the cars for Pittsburg, a small round Jet Ear Ring with a Diamond Gross. The finder will be liberally rewarded by leaving the Ear Ring at this office, and will also confer a great favor from its owner.

NEW MACKEREL, HERRING AND SAL (myti BOYER & KOERPER

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

PROVOST MARSHAL'S OFFICE, 14th District, Pennstlvania. Harrisburg, Aug. 1, 1884.

The Board of Enrollment F this District is now engaged in revising and correcting the lists of persons enrolled as liable

do military duty.

Persons who may be improperly on the roll on secount

ALIENAGE.

ALIENAUS, NON-RESIDENCE. UNSUITABLENESS OF AGE, MANIFEST PERMANENT PHYSICAL DISABIL-

ITY, or HAVING SERVED TWO YEARS IN THE PRE-HAVING SERVED TWO FEARS IN THE PRESENT WAR,
should promptly APPEAR BEEORE THE BOARD, prove
the same and have their names striken from the list. Any
citizen who has a knowledge of any one having esosped
enrollment, and who is liable to military duty, or of any
one who has arrived at the age of twenty years since the
enrollment of 1863, or of any who have declared their intentions to become citizens, are exprestly invited to communicate the information to the Board of Enrollment,
that such persons may be placed on the lists.

Agric is the interest and duty of every enrolled citizen
to see that all who have been improperly OMITTED
from the list should be added thereto.

Agric is the imperative duty of all citizens to see that
persons drafted in any sub-district, and failing to report,
are ARRESTED and brought before the Board of Enrollment. The sub district is charged with the duty of
furnishing its full quota.

JNO. KAY CLEMENT,
Capt., Pro. Mar. and Pres't of Board.
CHAS. C. RAWN,
Commissioner of the Board.

S. T. CHARLTON,
au2-dlm

Winner's Perfect Childes

Winner's Perfect Guides

TO THE

Use of Every Musical Instrument. Winner's Perfect Guide for the Violin, 60 cents

Winner's Perfect Guide for the Flute, 60 cents Winner's Perfect Guide for the Flute, 60 cents. Winner's Perfect Guide for the Piano, 60 cents Winner's Perfect Guide for the Piano, 60 cents. Winner's Perfect Guide for the Meiodeon, 60 cents. Winner's Perfect Guide for the Accordeon, 60 cents. Winner's Perfect Guide for the Fife, 60 cents. Winner's Perfect Guide for the Fine, 60 cents.

ALSO, Winner's Flute and Piano Duets, 60 cents.

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The instructions in these books are given in a mainer adapted to the comprehension of all grades of scholars. The exercises illustrating and enforcing the lessons are five dry and tedious, but sprightly and enlivening, and-the selection of music, varying from the simple to the difficult, comprises the most popular melodies of the day.

Oliver Ditson & Co., Publishers, Boston. Sold by J. E. Gould, Philadelphia.

Fifty Volunteers Wanted! FOR ONE YEAR'S SERVICE!

TO fill the quots of the Third ward of the city of Harrisburg. Volunteers credited to the ward will be paid as follows:

 Ward bounty, cash
 \$200

 Government bounty
 100

 Premium
 10

TERM OF SERVICE, ONE YEAR. Families of recruits credited to districts not within Dauphin county will lose the relief paid by the county. Dauphia county will lose the relief paid by the county.

\$10 premium will be paid to any person furnishing an acceptable recruit. Headquarters for the ward have been established at the law office of J. M. Wiestling, Esq. Walnut street, near Third, and at law office of J. B. Ew. Ting, Esq., in Third street. Recruits will apply at either office, or to W K Verbeke, Esq.. Treasurer of the fund J M WIESTLING, WM J STREE, J B EWING, M GUMBATS,

A L CHAYNE, GEO BAILEY

W W JENNINGS

WM J STEES,
M GUMBATS,
GEO BAILEY
W W JENNINGS,
Recruiting Committee, Third ward.

GOOD NEWS! TO THE CITIZENS OF HARR(SBURG. EDUCTION in the price of bread. The undersigned, Practical Baker, of the Sixth ward, Harrisburg, Broad street, between Second and Third, respectfully informs the public that he will sell his Wheat Bread at the following rates, loaves as large as those ef any other baker in the city: Three ten cent loaves for 25 cents; six for 50 cents; twelve for \$1. Those wishing to patronize the undersigned, will do well to call at his Bakery, or apply to his wagons and make their purchases, as they will save 20 per cent. Families wishing to bake their own bread can obtain a GOOD YEAST, prepared expressly for family use, every afternoon, at four o'clock, at his bakery. Terms cash.

io bake their opered axpressly for family use, even, o'clock, at his bakery. Terms cash, o'clock, at his bakery. JOHN ALCORN, Practical Baker.

AUCTION SALE OF CONDEMNED HORSES.

WAR DEPARTMENT, CAVALRY BURRAU OPPICE OF CHIEF QUARTERMASTER, WASHINGTON, D. C., August S, 180

WILL be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder, at the times and places named below. viz:

Reading, Pennsylvania, Thursday, August 18, 1864.

Altoona, Pennsylvania, Thursday, August 25, 1864.

Lebanon, Pennsylvania, Thursday, September 1, 1864.

Harrisburg, Pennsylvania, Tharsday, September 3, Tisburg, Pencsylvania, Thurzday, Sep

Harrisdurg, renesylvania, managed, beyond, 1864.
TWO HUNDRED (200) Cavairy Horses at each place.
These Horses have been condemned as unfit for the Cavairy service of the Army.
For road and farm purposes many good hargains may

e nac.

Horses sold singly.

TERMS: CASH in United States Currency.

JAMES A. EKIN.

au6-dis8 Lt. Col. and C. Q. M. Cavalry Bureau. THE DAY & BUSHNELL MINING COMPANY

20 EXCHANGE PLACE, NEW YORK. THE attention of the public is called to the

sdvantages offered by this company for Profitable Investment.

The extent and value of its

GOLD MINES coupled with its process for working them, make it the most desirable property ever offered to the public. Detailed information in regard to its extent and pros ects can be had at the office of the undersigned, agent of the company, who will receive subscriptions to stock.

JOHN W. BALL, Agt., Office Third street, near Walnut, Harrisburg, Pa.

PRIVATE SALE.

THE subscriber offers, at private sale, the following valuable property, situate in Susquehanas township, Dauphin county, on the Jonestown road, about one and one-half miles from Harrisburg: A tract of land, containing 6 acres, bounded by lands of James Colder, helms of Gen. John Forster and others, thereon erected a large frame House, nearly new, and frame Barn, together with other necessary outbuildings. A well with never failing water in the basement of the house; also, a variety of choice fruit trees, consisting of apples, pears and cherries. Persons desirous of seeing the property will please call on the subscriber, residing on the premises.

N. B.—If the above property is not sold before the 3d of September next, it will be offered at public sale on that day, on the premises.

Prover Marketa's Office, 14th District, PRIVATE SALE.

PROVOSE MARSHAL'S OFFICE, 14TH DISTRICT, HARRISDURG, Pa., June 6, 1864.

TO DRAFTED MEN.—I am directed by Lieut. Col. J. V. Bemford, A. A. Provost Marshal General, by his circular, No. 59, of June 4, 1864, to publish "That drafted men are not allowed to enlist as volunteers after being drafted; and that the credius for drafted men will remain for the sub-districts from which they were drafted, no matter whether local bounty has or his not been paid to such men, upon "illegal enlistment."

Captain and Provost Marshal, 14th Die't, Pajed-dif

Wanted, To Purchase,

CONVENIENT Dwelling, with six ** A CONVENIENT Dweiling, with SIX vielet rooms, located within four squares of Market street, north. Address post office box 224, with description and price.

A RARE CHANCE FOR SPECULATION.

THREE THOUSHND CAVALRY SABRES at such rates as will give parties wishing to invests are chance to make money. The Sabre must be sold to satisfy unpaid claims. Samples furnished and all warranted equal to samples. For full particulars address C. R. ERRPER.

P. O. Box 87, Reading, Penns aug6-d10*

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FICKLES, a rare article for table use, just received
and for sale by
field (successors to Wm. Dock, jr., & Oa)