

FOR PRESIDENT,
Abraham Lincoln,
OF ILLINOIS.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,
Andrew Johnson,
OF TENNESSEE.

PENNSYLVANIA, SS.



IN THE NAME AND BY THE AUTHORITY OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA,
ANDREW G. CURTIN,
Governor of the Said Commonwealth.

A PROCLAMATION:

The advance of the Rebel Army has again crossed the Potomac and this morning occupied Hagerstown.

I call for thirty thousand volunteer militia to be mustered into the service of the State to serve during the emergency for the defence of the State.

The men East of Johnstown will rendezvous at Harrisburg, and those West of that place at Pittsburgh.

I cannot too earnestly urge upon the people of the State the necessity for the immediate presence of this force.

The General Orders which accompany this Proclamation set forth the arrangements for transportation, &c., and the mode of organization.

A. G. CURTIN. [L. S.]
By the Governor:
Eli Slicer,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

THE SITUATION.

While we are harassed by the menacing incursions of Early and his hordes on our southern border, we must not lose sight of the fact that Sherman has the rebel Gen. Hood in a tight place, and that unless the rebel army in that direction receives immediate reinforcements from Lee, his situation will soon be defenceless. Hence the idea is thrown out, that Lee is making his demonstrations on Maryland and Pennsylvania, with a view to cover the departure of large bodies of his troops to reinforce Hood. Be this as it may, the rebel forces which now occupy portions of Maryland and threaten Pennsylvania, are of a character to demand the attention of every fighting man in the State, and to arouse the active, energetic and immediate resistance of the population all over the Commonwealth. Major General Couch, however, late in the campaign inaugurated in Pennsylvania, appeals to the men in the southern tier of counties to prepare their rifles, muskets and shot guns, and to make every fence, tree and house a line of incessant, desperate and determined operation against the invader. This appeal is as worthy the response of the men in all, as it is of those in the southern counties of the State. There is no sense longer in concealing the fact that Pennsylvania must defend herself—that she must meet and turn back the invader, as the wave of invasion will roll in desolation over her soil to dash in fury over that of the States beyond her boundaries.

At 10 o'clock A. M., a dispatch was received at headquarters that the rebels had entered Hagerstown. The impression is that the force invading Maryland at that point is large; indeed, this opinion is backed here by information which is considered trustworthy. In addition to the report of the occupation of Hagerstown by the rebels, we had also a telegraphic rumor that the rebels had again shown themselves at Hancock, and citizens had reported that Averill's pickets had been driven back to Cumberland. We are inclined to doubt this statement, and rather believe that the force of rebels which the "citizens" state as having been seen at Hancock, were really Averill's men. Indeed information received since this rumor has started, seems to establish the fact that it was Averill's men instead of the rebels who were seen at Hancock.

Gen. Hunter was in Hagerstown at the time the rebels entered on one side, he escaping on the other. It is stated that a force was sent in search of Hunter, but it is reliably understood that he has actually escaped.

Gov. Curtin calls for thirty thousand men for State defence, and recommends that the people at once assemble for organization in the different wards, boroughs and townships of the State. This is precisely what we have been urging for the last ten days. Pennsylvania is called on now officially to defend her-

To this appeal we need add no editorial solicitation on the subject. And thus the question is reduced to the very fine point that, if we do not turn out to resist and kill the rebels, they will march over the State to kill us and destroy our homes. How long will it take the people to understand this fact?

3 o'clock P. M.

The news of the occupation of Hagerstown is confirmed—the force in possession being composed of five regiments, three of cavalry and two of infantry. The fact that the expedition is partly composed of infantry, seems to indicate that it is the advance of a large force, as no mere raiding party is accompanied by infantry. The route of this force, after leaving Shepherdstown, was through Sharpsburg and Funkstown. The operator who sends the fact of the occupation of Hagerstown was compelled to leave the place in a hand car, and was pursued a considerable distance by a cavalry force, but managed to make his escape.

At 3 o'clock, P. M., to-day, telegraphic communication continued as far as Greencastle. This fact indicates that the rebels have made no progress from Hagerstown as far as Greencastle at the hour named.

The Last Dodge of Our Copperhead Opponents.

There is an old adage, to the effect, that any stratagem is justifiable in love, war or politics, but we submit whether the copperhead leaders have not exhausted the genius and the resources of political mischief by the trick which they adopted to defeat the honorable recognition of the political rights of the soldier. At the election in this city yesterday the only tickets which were in circulation to defeat the amendment to the Constitution extending the elective franchise to the soldier, were printed in the German language, thus, "Gegen das Amendment." The object of this was, of course, to deceive the ignorant and the unwary. And yet how characteristic of the sneaks who play the hypocrite in all they do affecting the interests of the country in this hour of its peril. We trust that our German fellow-citizens will resent this attempt to cast disgrace upon them, as the purpose of the copperheads evidently was, had the amendment been defeated, to hold the German voters of the Commonwealth responsible for the outrage on the soldier.

Seventeenth Congressional District.

The Union Congressional conference of the 17th District, composed of the counties of Cambria, Blair, Huntingdon and Mifflin, re-assembled at Tyrone yesterday, and after several ballots nominated Abraham A. Barker, Esq. of Cambria county. The whole number of ballots cast at this and the former sessions of the conference was 889. The counties of Cambria and Mifflin uniformly voted for Mr. Barker; Huntingdon adhered to Wm. Dorris, Esq., and Blair to Col. L. W. Hall. The nomination was finally effected by the withdrawal of the latter gentleman's name; when his confederates voted in a body for Mr. Barker. The nominee is deservedly popular, is a staunch Union man, full of energy and perseverance, and will be elected by a handsome majority.

THE NEW YORK JOURNALS have poured out the vitals of their wrath on the people of Chambersburg because they allowed an armed force to enter and burn their beautiful town. Now, in order, comes the Philadelphia Press, defending Gen. Couch, to whose inactivity may be attributed the ease and success with which the rebels fired and laid waste the homes and the hearths of the people of the Cumberland Valley. The wise journalists of New York and Philadelphia, remote from the border where invasion and death constantly threaten the people, and secure in their cozy sanctuaries, seem to be most delighted when engaged in ridiculing the suffering of afflicted people or defending the shortcomings of derelict Generals. One of two things is certain. Gen. Couch was either paid to do nothing, or he neglected a duty, for the performance of which he drew pay. If he had no troops to command, as a true soldier, a gentleman and an independent man, he should have resigned. He certainly had all the aids and clerical force about him, of an officer commanding a large force, as any one who noticed his headquarters while located in this city will admit. We are opposed to these attempts to hold the entire Government responsible for the neglects of individual officers, and the Philadelphia Press will find it an uphill business to shield the delinquencies of any officer, when such calamities as that of the destruction of Chambersburg occur in his department.

The Copperheads, aided by a gang of guerrillas from Missouri, are said to have raised the standard of rebellion in the vicinity of Pana, Woodford county, Ill. Two hundred of these villains are in arms, and hold the village of Irving, the second station west of Pana, on the Terre Haute and Alton Railroad. It is yet unknown whether their ultimate aim be to inaugurate civil war or a system of general robbery of Union men.

Tax Chicago correspondent of the Missouri Democrat says the wire-pullers of the Chicago Convention are agitating the name of Gen. W. T. Sherman, commanding the Army of the Cumberland, as the Democratic nominee for the Presidency. Good—if the old confederate, exterminationist, emancipationist and warhorse only would take a nomination from peace sneaks!

In a recent speech at Columbus, Hon. S. S. Cox, who has been McClellan's right hand man, said that he saw "the young Napoleon" last week, and that he knew neither he nor his friends have the remotest idea of following his name to embrace the united action of the Chicago Convention. What he wishes is the success of the great Conservative element.

EX-PRESIDENT BUCHANAN is writing letters urging the nomination of Judge Samuel Nelson for President, and Mr. Voorhees, of Indiana, as Vice President at the Chicago Convention.

THE ELECTION.

Official Returns
Of the special election held in Dauphin county, August 2d, 1864.

ELECTION DISTRICTS.	REP.	DEM.	DEM.	DEM.
Harrisburg-1 W	89	118	89	41
" " " " 2	175	120	177	116
" " " " 3	815	143	225	125
" " " " 4	400	104	203	94
" " " " 5	157	75	150	43
" " " " 6	93	25	93	25
Midd'tn. N. W.	59	34	64	33
" " S. W.	151	40	147	44
Susquehanna, Wt.	119	28	119	28
Lower Swatara	127	85	125	37
W. Londonderry	51	12	61	13
Londonderry	77	18	76	17
Gonegawong	102	1	102	1
Derry	296	15	290	15
S. Hanover	130	14	126	12
W.	67	36	67	35
E.	141	50	139	50
N. Paxton	110	61	112	79
M.	148	92	130	88
Rush	9	6	9	6
Millersburg	102	59	102	59
Jackson	58	38	55	34
Jefferson	32	38	32	38
Halfax	102	165	102	165
Read	19	38	19	32
U. Paxton	154	87	155	86
Mifflin	74	108	73	107
Washington	126	35	126	35
Lykens	37	11	37	11
Gratz	206	00	205	00
Wisconsin	206	00	205	00

Total, ..8618 1828 8618 1701 3600 1708
Majority for first amendment.....1788
" " second.....1917
" " third.....1892

CHESTER COUNTY.
In West Chester 650 votes were polled. About 50 were against amendments, and but few Democrats voted. Those who did vote went mostly against the soldiers. The indications from the county remain about as that about 7,500 votes were polled, and that the Union majority for all three amendments will be in Chester county about 6,500.

By Telegraph.

TO ARMS! TO ARMS!
PREPARE FOR THE INVADERS!

Circular from General Couch.

The following circular has just been issued by General Couch:

HEADQUARTERS OF THE DEPARTMENT OF THE SUSQUEHANNA,
PITTSBURG, Pa., Aug. 4, 1864.

To the People of the Southern tier of Counties of Pennsylvania:

Your situation is such that at any time during the summer and coming fall, I therefore, call upon you to put your rifles and shotguns in good order; also, supplying yourselves with plenty of ammunition. Your own fields, mountains, forests, thickets, buildings, &c., furnish favorable places for cover, and at the same time enable you to take the advantage of the invader. About five hundred of the troops have reported at Marietta, and gave fearful reports of losses. The command at Marietta numbered about three thousand two hundred. Gen. McCook is reported killed.

The Rebel Raiders.

Mosby and Imboden at Charlestown, Va.

Their Force 7,000 Strong

EARLY AT BUNKER HILL WITH 12,000 MEN.

Conscription of Men and Boys.

THE REBELS AFTER GRAIN AND BATTLE.

FROM THE ARMY OF THE POTOMAC.

All Quiet at the Front.

ARREST OF AN OFFICER.

AN EXPEDITION INTO FLORIDA.

Destruction of Rebel Breastworks, and Capture of 94 Bales of Cotton.

Lieut. Commander Fleming of the steamer Sagamore, in a letter to the Navy Department dated July 18, says, "Florida," says he sent the launch from the vessel and three boats from the steamer Florida, with twenty-four men and four officers, on an expedition up the Suwannee river, to strike some rebel...

which he learned the rebels were making use of for the purpose constructing breastworks on that river.

Mail Steamer Fired Upon at Harrison's Landing.

THE GUNBOATS REPULSE THE REBELS.

Yesterday morning, as the mail steamer Jno. Brooks, plying between this city and City Point, was coming down the James river she was fired at from a rebel battery at Harrison's Landing.

Sherman's Army.

THE RAID UPON THE MAGON RAILROAD.

IS Miles of the Track Torn Up.

ALLEGED DISASTER TO GENERAL MCCOOK'S DIVISION.

THE GUERRILLA WAR IN KENTUCKY.

FROM NORTH CAROLINA.

A SUCCESSFUL EXPEDITION.

RUMORS CONCERNING THE REBEL RAMS.

General State of Affairs.

NEWBERN, N. C., Aug. 1.

Mr. Washburne Nominated the Seventh Time for Congress.

Appointment of a Consul.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CONDICIONED HORSES.

AUCTION SALE.

ONE SPRING WAGON.

RECRUITS WANTED FOR THE BAILY GUARDS.

ONE BAY MARE.

WANTED TO RENT.

ONE SPRING WAGON.

RECRUITS WANTED FOR THE BAILY GUARDS.

ONE BAY MARE.

WANTED TO RENT.

ONE SPRING WAGON.

RECRUITS WANTED FOR THE BAILY GUARDS.

ONE BAY MARE.

WANTED TO RENT.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Furniture for Sale.

400 BOUNTY!

PHILADELPHIA GUARDS!

LOST.

House and Lot for Sale.

Winner's Perfect Guide.

Use of Every Musical Instrument.

The Board of Enrollment.

THE DAY & BUSHNELL MINING COMPANY.

PROFITABLE INVESTMENT.

GOLD MINES.

WANTED TO EXCHANGE.

VALUABLE LOT FOR SALE.

POST OR TAKEN BY MISTAKE.

FOR RENT.

FOR SALE.

LOT OF GROUND.

\$10 WILL BE PAID FOR INFORMATION.

BOY RUN AWAY.

BY NAME OF JACOB KREIB.

FOR SALE.

LOT OF GROUND.

\$10 WILL BE PAID FOR INFORMATION.

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