HARRISBURG, PA. WEDNESDAY EVENING, AUGUST 3, 1864.

NATIONAL UNION TICKET

FOR PRESIDENT,

Abraham Lincoln. OF ILLINOIS.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT. Andrew Johnson, OF TENNESSEE.

THE APOLOGISTS OF MAJ. GEN. COUCH, anx ious to spare their favorite and rescue him from the odium of the late catastrophy at Chambersburg, claim that the War Department, and not he, is to blame for the calamities of the people in the Cumberland Valley. We would be loth to do Gen. Couch an injury, as we are to invent excuses for the direlection of the Head of a Department. But why was it that Gen. Couch considered it unne cessary for the Governor to call out the militia—a fact patent to every manacquainted with the doings of the Government-Gov. Curtin applied to the War Department for information as to whether the National Government would pay the expense of oquipping and subsisting the militia, if he would call out such troops. The Department answered that the expense would be paid, provided Gen. Couch would say that such a force was necessary. The militia was not called out, and the inference is fair, therefore, that Gen. Couch did not consider that force necessary. Still it is claimed that a few hundred militia would have saved Chambersburg -and it is asserted by those who are anxious to hold the National Government responsible for the loss of Chambersburg, that two regiments of militia cafled out for a hundred days to defend the border, were ordered to Washington. Why were they ordered to Washington? Because Gen. Couch, like too many other regulars has a contempt for militia, and because he did not consider that there was any necessity for the services of the militia in the Cumberland Valley. If the Government does not desire to be seriously injured in this connection, it should at once institute a thorough investigation of all the facts connected with the command in the Department of the Susquehanna. If this is not done immediately, popular feeling in the Cumberland Valley will be so moulded, as to expend its resentment entirely on the government.

DISGRACEFUL .-- A correspondent of the Lancaster Examiner says, that when the confirmation of the news of the burn of Chambersburg arrived in the city on Sunday morning, some of the principal copperheads were so overjoyed that they hired a room and went on a regular spree. Comment on such outrageous conduct is unnecessary. Men who are so dead to every manly or humane principle, as to rejoice in so fearful a calamity, are worse than degraded. They are beasts who should be kicked out of the way of every tionably, the claims of a people's ability for decent man.

NOT FAIR TO A USEFUL MAN. -- We protest against the unfairness of the Harrisburg correspondent of the Philadelphia Press, who, in his reference to the "modesty," "dignity," "martial bearing," and "gallant appearance" of the military dignitaries who surround Gov. Curtin, passes over our friend, Col. Sam. B. Thomas. Col. Thomas, however, like all men who do their full duty, seldom gets outside credit; but the evident object of the special of the Press to overslaugh him, deserves, at least, this protest in his favor.

THE Secretary of War has decided that if the muster-out of a regiment is delayed beyoud the date of the expiration of its term of service, by its detention in the field or otherwise by the Government, the men are entitled to pay up to the day of the actual muster-out; but if the delay is occasioned by any action of the members of the regiment, they are entitled to pay up to the date of actual expiration of the term of service only, as shown by the muster-in rolls.

MAJ. GEN. COUCH, in the opinion of the Lancaster Evening Express,, although an excellent division commander in the field, has shown himself to be utterly incompetent to command a Department such us that of the Susquehanna. The people long since lost confidence in him, and a change has become an absolute necessity. General Cadwallader is a man who will inspire confidence and bring order out of confusion, without strangling it with red tape.

THE REASON WHY THE COPPERHEADS SO strenuously opposed the amendment to the Constitution extending the elective franchise to the soldier was, that they desired to degrade the white man to the level of the negro. The object was to disfranchise the soldier by legal positive enactment, and thus the copperhead leaders would succeed really in making this a "nigger war." Remember these facts. white man, until the coming elections in October and November.

THE DELAY IN THE MEETING OF THE CHICAGO Convention was explained to us this morning by an outspoken copperhead, who gave as a reason, that it was anticipated by their leaders that the rebels would succeed, when the Confederate Government would gobble up all the States and Jeff Davis act as President for life, of a Union erected on the basis of negro result to wait for.

four majority against the right of the soldier opposing the "first amendment." Every majority,

Pennsylvania Sends Greeting to Her Heroes in the War.

the amendments to the Constitution, turned specially on that feature of the issue which involved the right of a citizen in the field serving as a soldier, to the exercise of all the elective franchises he enjoyed before he took up arms in defence of his country. While the other amendments were important, the copperhead leaders thoroughly organized to defeat the proposition to confirm to the soldier the elective franchises he enjoyed as a citizen. There was a double object to be gained by the rejection of this proposition. The copperhead leaders are thoroughly convinced that when a man is willing to peril his life in defence of his Government he will not long hesitate to poll his vote in its support. This conviction contained the secret of their opposition to the amendment of the Constitution guaranteeing this right; and thus inspired, every copperhead organ in the Commonwealth, every copperhead orator, the copperhead State Central Committee, every ignorant ward politician, the menials of every copperhead wielding municipal power, the depraved and the cowardly who have been assailing the vitals of the nation while engaged in a death struggle with traitors—all these influences combined and intensified with the peculiar hatred for that which is pure in politics and just in government, made one common and gigantic effort for the rejection of the Constitutional amendment extending the elective franchise to the soldier. Never before, in the history of Pennsylvania politics, has any party lied as villainously as did the copperheads to defeat this amendment. Never before did any set of men as desperately and malevolently seek the perversion of the truth. The issue involved the life of the copperhead organization, and its leaders fought it like desperadoes with halters about their necks. They had no appeals to make to truth. The record was against them—the plain letter of the law was their condemning witness - and therefore they fought knowing they were wrong, determined if possible to triumph in the wrong. The result has been the overwhelming defeat of these corrupt politicians—and if the death knell of any party ever was rang by the ballots of a free people, that knell was heard in the ballot box of every election district in the State yesterday.

-By her vote yesterday, Pennsylvania sends greeting to her heroes in the field. That vote has established the citizenship of every Pennsylvanian who fights beneath the stars and stripes, wherever they float, whether it is over the deck of our men-of-war in far off seas, or above the serried lines of our armies fighting for the right in distant climes. This greeting will inspire with new courage our heroes at Petersburg and Atlanta. It will convince the soldier that the nationality for which he struggles and imperifs life and limb, is his own to control and direct. Never before have we recorded a political victory with larger feelings of gratitude for the people by whom it was achieved. It confirms, unquesself government. And what is most glorious. it indicates a determination on the part of the masses, that the wretches in this Commonwealth who sympathize with treason shall not again, hereafter, triumph at the ballotbox.

Coming to a Manly Sense of What is Just.

The Hollidaysburg Standard, on many Government, thoroughly sympathizing with treason, has been touched with a sense of what is just, while contemplating the horrible fate of Chambersburg. Its sentiments are worthy the careful study of other copperhead organs who have endeavored to exhibit how meanly indifferent they could be to the suffering of the people in the Cumberland Valley. The Standard says:

Her citizens have been harassed time and again by rebel invasions, and now, when they had every reason to believe they were safe from further molestation, a band of ragged, unwashed, brutal assassins swarm into their town and with the savage glee and yells of In-dians, sack, pillage and burn two hundred and fifty houses, and a thousand men, wo-men and children are made homeless, houseless paupers, and some perish in the flames. It reads like the destruction of the cities and towns of the middle ages, when savage tribes overran Europe—like the demolition of the Spanish American cities by the roving buccaneers of that licentious day, -Early and McCausland have linked their names with undying infamy, and will hereaf-ter only serve to show what fiends born men may be these christian days, and how much of hell may burn in the human heart. A fearful retribution must overtake such crime. God and man both cannot be outraged with

Outrages on Soldiers in York Borough. A correspondent writing from York, gives a detailed account of the repeated outrages

which have been perpetrated on the soldiers in the U.S. Hospital at that post, by the policee of the borough. It is our rule never to refer to matters of such seriousness, unless we have the names of the parties charged with the outrages as well as of those outraged. If our correspondent communicates the proper names, we insure him the guilty cowards shall have the castigation for which he appeals. We have as little mercy for a copporhead official brutally treating a soldier when in his power, as for the original viper itself. Let us have names, and you shall have the exposure.

MR. MosEs TAYLOR, who has been appointed Assistant Treasurer at New York, in place slavery. Pretty good reason, this-but & bad of Mr. Cisco, the New York Post says, is one of the most opulent merchants of that city, whose character for integrity commands the THE FIRST WARD, the strongest Democratic | confidence of the community, and whose long ward in the city of Harrisburg, gave thirty- experience in business qualifies him for the discharge of the duties of the place. He has to vote. At this poll the copperhead police always been a Democrat, and still adheres to of the ward openly and actively engaged in his old political connections; but he has been from the beginning loyal to the core, and will other ward in the city gave the amendment a never let partizan prejudices overcome his convictions of duty to the country.

By Telegraph

The result of the election, yesterday, on The Election. The following are the election returns or the amendments to the Constitution, as far as we have received them, in the State. They indicate a handsome victory over the copperheads who opposed the amendments. In another column will be found the vote of Dauphin county, as far as heard from:

UNION COUNTY. Against the Amendment. 11 For the Amend-Kelly, East Buffalo, 128 1<u>18</u> The majority in the county will be over one

SNYDER COUNTY.

Selinsgrove borough gives a majority of 140 for the amendments. The majority in the county will range near 600. PERRY COUNTY.

Liverpool gives a majority of 53 for the mendments.

BLAIR COUNTY. Altoona gives 250 majority for the amend-

thousand.

UNION COUNTY.

Lewisburg gives 311 majority for the amendments. In Kelly township (the home of Hon. Eli Slifer) the vote is: For the amendments, 128; against, 0.

JUNIATA COUNTY.

MIFFLINTOWN, August 2. Eighteen majority for first amendment gain of nineteen over Curtin's vote. Fermaugh twent-two majority, and one gain.

FROM THE ARMY OF THE POTOMAC, The Burial of Our Dead, AFFAIRS ON THE BATTLE GROUND. Rebel Officers on the Field.

Washington, Aug. 3. A letter from the headquarters of the army

dated August 1st, P. M., says:
A flag of truce was allowed this morning from five to nine o'clock, to bury the dead and bring off the wounded. Very few were found alive, the most who were living yes-terday having died last night—not more than dozen were brought in, and few of them are expected to recover.

The ground in front of the centre for a dis-

tance of about 200 yards was thickly covered with dead, the greater portion being colored. I counted 180 of the latter and about 45 whites, all of whom were buried on the spot.
The reason of the great disparity between white and colored troops, was the fact that the fire from the enemy's guns on both flanks was concentrated on this ground after the whites had charged across it, and when the colored division crossed the spot, they were actually mown down with cannister, and also when they retreated they fell in dozens, sharpshooters being unable to disturb the

The work of burying the dead was not com-pleted till about 10½ o'clock, when the truce ceased and firing was opened by the rebels in

ten minutes after.
Gens. Bushrod Johnson, A. P. Hill, Mahone and Sanders were on the field, besides numerous officers of inferior grade. Major Gerady, of Gen. Mahone's staff, had charge of the flag on their side and Major James E. Dorson charge on ours, and conducted the affair very much to the satisfaction of all con-

The enemy buried the dead on their side of the line, and carried the wounded to the rear. They claim to have 1,200 prisoners including the wounded in their possession. They state their loss to have been about 800, but this is not credited here, as in charging to recever the works they lost very heavily Gen. Bartlett and Col. Marshal are prison-

ers in Petersburg and unharmed.
A rumor prevailed that a force of rebelcavalry were seen moving towards our left, but nothing has been developed in that direc-

Some telegraph operators of the Ninth Corps were placed under arrest this morning, and are to be tried by court martial, charged with making known the contents of a dispatch to outside parties.

Rebels Reported to be Still in Maryland. HEAVY FORCE AT HAGERSTOWN LAST FRIDAY DESTRUCTION OF CARS. &C.

Washington, August 3, 1864. A special correspondent of the Star writing from Frederick Md., says:
FREDERICK, MD., August 2.—I arrived here last night on my way to Hagerstown, but have been unable to reach that place for three days. An attempt will be mads to-day, however, to

get the stage through.

The rebels to the number of 300 cavalry paid Hagerstown a visit again last Friday about 3 o'clock, P. M., and after a skirmisl with Collis' cavalry, took possession of the town and remained until dark. They burned a train of cars containing Government stores. and some freight belonging to A. N. Hager

and Zeigler & Fowler.

Gen. Early crossed the river at Williams port on the same day with 35,000 men, and from this point dispatched the cavalry alluded to above to Hagerstown.

Upon the return of the cavalry from

Hagerstown to Williamsport General Early recrossed the river to Virginia and now holds Martinsburg. I got the above information from a civil officer at Hagerstown whose word can be relied upon, and who arrived here last The rebels while at Hagerstown visited all the stores, but found little in them.

From Europe.

NEW YORK, Aug. 3. Steamship Bremen, from Southampton on the 20th ult., arrived here this atternoon. The news has generally been anticipated via Cape Race. Garibaldi left Ischi on the 19th for Capera.

All the Islands on the West coast of Schleswig are now in the possession of the allies. Peace negotiations were probably com-menced at Vienna on July 19th.

LIVERPOOL, July 19.—The sales of cotton yesterday and to day amount to 18,000 bales, including 6,000 bales, on speculation. The market is steady. Breadstuffs wheat has advanced 2d and flour is 6d better. Corn also has advanced 6d.

> Damage by a Storm. PORTLAND, MAINE, Aug. 3.

Considerable damage was done here yester day, by a severe squall. Several vessels drag ged their anchors, one brig going ashore.

From Washington.

REPORTED MOVEMENTS OF THE REBELS.

Statement of a Deserter. WASHINGTON, Aug. 2.

Mrs. Wary E. Sawyer, convicted some time since of aiding the rebellion, and sentenced to the Fitchburg prison during the rebellion, left here last night for that point.

Brig. Gen. Torbett, of the Cavalry Corps of

the Army of the Potomac, is in the city.

The regiment which was blown up by Gen.
Grant's mine in the fort in front of Petersburg, was the 1st South Carolina, formerly of Jenkins' old brigade, and was commanded by Col. Hagood. At the time of the explosion it numbered but 250 men, having been badly cut up in previous service.

The Star says, we learn from a well informed party who left Charleston a few weeks age, that the harbor of that place is garrisoned by the following rebel troops: South Carolina artillery, Col. Frederick; 1st South Carolina infantry, Col. D. Tervillo, all regu-lars; 3d Georgia and 48th Mississippi. In the interior of South Carolina there are no troops, but a few small detachments of various com-

mands, acting as provost guards.

An apparently well informed deserter from Lee's army who has arrived within our lines, says that the only rebel troops operating in the valley are those of Early's and Breckin-ridge's commands. Early's troops were first sent up the valley, and on the eve of starting they drew rations for eighteen thousan 1 men. Breckinridge's command followed, which numbreed about ten thousand men. There is no truth, he says, in the rumor that the raiders had been joined by A P. Hill's corps, for up to Thursday last Hill's troops were in the entrenchments at Petersburg.

The published statement that Anderson's and Heth's divisions were detected from be

and Heth's divisions were detached from be-fore Petersburg and sent to Richmond to look after Hancock, leaving A. P. Hill's corps within the defences at Petersburg, is also in-correct. He says Heth's and Anderson's divisions compose Hill's corps, and they could not have been sent away, for Hill was certainly in the defences of Petersburg at the time of the explosion of Grant's mine.

A Battle with the Raiders

They Attack Gen. Kelley They are Defeated, with Loss.

THE REBEL RAIDERS DEFEATED AT CUMBERLAND

FREDERICH, Md., Aug. 2.—9-30 P. M. Gen. Kelley was attacked at Cumberland yesterday, at 4 o'clock P. M., by a large force under Bradley Johnson and McCausland After a severe fight of several hours' duration, he completely routed the enemy, capturing several caisons, a great many wagons, and a vast amount of plunder which they had stolen in Pennsylvania,

The enemy is in full retreat toward Old

Town, and Gen. Kelley is pursuing him.

Department of the Gulf.

CAIRO, Aug. 2. ARBIVAL OF UNION PRISONERS AT NEW ODLEAN -THEIR PITIABLE CONDITION.

Nearly one thousand exchanged Union prisoners from the Red river country arrived at New Orleans on the 25th, a majority of them belonging to the 26th Indiana and 19th Iowa regiments. The True Delta says they present the most pitiable appearance, being hatless, shoeless, and many of them without sufficient clothing to cover their nakedness.

They are animated skeletons whose feet left blood-marks in their tracks. Many of them have been twelve and sixteen months in cap-tivity. They are the first instalment from the prison-pen at Tyler Texas, where from four to six thousand are confined in a stockade fort, at the rate of 1,000 to one acre of ground. Their treatment was shameful beyond description, many of the officers being in irons and the confined and c all suffering for food, medicines, and clothing. Two hundred of these prisoners have been vacinated with unhealthy virus, which has inoculated them with most loathsome diseases.

Immediately upon their arrival the representatives of the Western Branch of the Sanitary Commission and State agents of Iowa and Indiana went to work to alleviate their condition.
Col. Kimball, by direction of Gov. Morton,

made five attempts to send relief to the Camp Tyler, without success, but Kirby Smith now expressed a willingness to permit them to be supplied, and agents of the different States, and the Sanitary Commission will immediately ship liberal supplies of food, &c., to them. General Sickles has left New Orleans for

New York, with his health fully restored. The steamer Panola, from Memphis, reports that 200 guerrillas, 7 miles back of Wilson's Landing. Arkansas, encountered a party of negro soldiers on the 30th and repulsed them. A party of Federal cavalry went out from New Madrid the next day and routed the guerrillas, killing 30 or 40 and wounding as many more. Our loss was but

The steamer Thistle and a barge were sunk at the foot of Hurricane Island to-day, and will be a total loss. The towboat Pollard, valued at \$8,000, sunk near here this morning.

Philadelphia Stock Markets,

PHILADELPHIA, August 3. Stocks dull; Pennsylvania 5's 100½; Reading milroad (8½; Morris canal 97; Long Island 49; Pennsylvania railroad 73½; Gold 2551; exchange on New York par.

PENNSYLVANIA, SS.: IN THE NAME AND BY THE AUTHORITY OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA. ANDREW G. CURTIN, Governor of the Said Commonwealth. A PROCLAMATION:

WHEREAS, An extraordinary occasion requires that prompt legislative action be had, to make the military power of the Common. wealth immediately available for State and

National defence.

Therefore I, ANDREW G. CURTIN, Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, by virtue of the powers vested in me by the Constitution, do hereby convene the General assembly of this Commonwealth, and require the members of the Senate and House of Representatives, to meet in their respective houses in the capitol, at Harrisburg, on TUESDAY, THE NINTH DAY OF AUGUST, 1864, at twelve o'clock noon, of that day, then and there to deliberate upon, and adopt such mea-sures as may, in their wisdom, be demanded by the exigencies of the occasion.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the Commonwealth to be affixed at Harrisburg, this first day of August, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty four, and of the independence of the United States, the eighty-ninth. A. G. CURTIN. [L. s.]

By the Governor; Eu Sures, Secretary of the Commonwealth. Statement of the Harrisburg Bank.

AUGUST 3, 1864. Loans and discounts.
Stock of the Commonwealth
United States loans.
Specie (including loan of \$24,000 to Common-100,000 00 800,000 00 84,392 62 300,060 38 28,000 00 14,600 00 Total.....\$1,541,124 73 LIABILITIES. Circulation \$568,536 00 The above statement is correct to the best of my knowldge and belief.

J. W. WEIR, Cashier.
Sworn and subscribed before me.

W. KLINE,
Alderman.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS. FOR SALE.

A LOT of GROUND, situate on the corner of Herr street and James alloy. Fifty-two feet rout on Herr street. Inquire of J. WESLEY AWL. au3-dlw

WANTED, TO EXCHANGE, VALUABLE LOT for a convenient DWELLING. The difference in valuation will be cash. Address post office box 224. aug3-d1w*

POR RENT. -- Two fine rooms are for rent. Persons without children preferred. Apply at JOHN ALCORN'S, au3-8t Baker, Broad st., between Second and Third.

THIS WAY

BARGAINS!!

GLOVES,

HOOP SKIRTS,

LADIES' HAIR NETS, and HEAD DRESSES.

PERFUMERY, TOILET ARTICLES,

> FRENCH LACE, and TISSUE VEILS, ETC.

AT ASTONISHINGLY LOW PRICES. Everybody should call at once, and secure great baryains, at Mrs. MAYER'S, aug3 dtf No. 13 Market street.

LOSI OK TAKEN BY MISTAKE, from the two o'clock Buss, on Sunday morning, a black leather Traveling Bag or Valise, containing a Gum Cvorcoat, a Summer Cloth Coat, several Shirts and other articles of clothing, &c. A liberal reward will be paid if sent to the Jores House.

C. H. Mann, aug2-d3t

Proprietor OST OR TAKEN BY MISTAKE, from the

FOR SALE, GOOD HORSE, CART and HARNESS.

Apply immediately, to ABRAHAM STEESE, aug2-d2t or, EPHRAIM HERSHEY.

BOY RUN AWAY,

NAME of JACOB KEHR, between 8 and 9 years of age, on Sunday morning, 31st ult. Whoever may know of his whereabouts will confer a favor by giving information to his uncle, on Third street, West Harrisburg, and the public is cautioned not to harbor him under the penalty of the law. JACOB KEHR.

Fifty Volunteers Wanted! FOR ONE YEAR'S SERVICE!

To fill the quota of the Third ward of the city of Harrisburg. Volunteers credited to the ward will be raid as follows:

Fremium 100 Total bounty.....\$310

PAY PER MONTH, \$16. TERM OF SERVICE, ONE YEAR.

TEMB UF NEKYIUE, UNE YEAK.

Families of recruits credited to districts not within Dauphin county will lose the relief paid by the county.—
\$10 premium will be paid to any person furnishing an acceptable recruit. Headquarters for the ward have been established at the law office of J. M. Wiestling, Esq., walnut street, near Third, and at law office of J. B. Ewing, Esq., in Third street. Becruits will apply at either office, or to W K Verbeke, Esq., Treasurer of the fund.

J M WIESTLING, WM J STEES,
A L CHAYNE, GEO BALLEY

WW JENNINGS,
aug2-dlw Recruiting Committee, Third ward.

NOTICE. A LL PERSONS, not subscribers nor connected with the Catrell Library, and having books belonging to the same, will confer a favor by returning them to the Lutheran Church, Fourth street, on next Sunday morning or afternoon. Books can also be left at Mr. Wm. Duncan's store, corner Third and Wainut, or at the residence of the Librarian, North street, during the week.

We

PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, the Honorable JOHN J. PRAR-

WHEREAS, the Honorable John J. Pransox, President of the Court of Common Pleas in
the Twelfth Judicial District, consisting of the counties of
Lebanon and Dauphin, and the Honorable Samuel Landis
and Honorable Mosss R. Young, Associate Judges in Dauphin county, having issued their precept, bearing date the
27th day of May, 1864, to me directed, for holding a
Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery and
Quarter Sessions of the Peace of Harrisburg, for the county
of Dauphin, and to commence on the August, 1864, and to
continue one week.

Notice is therefore hereby given to the Coroner, Justices
of the Peace, Aldermen and Constables of the said county
of Dauphin, that they be then and there in their proper
persons, at 10 ccleck in the forencon of said day, with
their records, inquisitions, examinations, and their own
remembrances, to do those things which to their office
appertains to be done; and those who are bound in recognizances to prosecute against the prisoners that are or
aball be in the Jail of Dauphin county, be then and there
to prosecute against them as shall be just.

Given under my hand, at Harrisburg, the 25th day of
July, in the year of our Lord, 1864, and in the eightyninth year of the independence of the United States.

W. W. JENNINGS, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office,
Harrisburg, July 25, 1864.

SHERIFF'S OFFICE, Harrisburg, July 25, 1864. THE NEW BOOKS.

STUMBLING BLOCKS, by Gail Ham. HAUNTED HEARTS, by the author of the Lamp BARKNESS AND DAYLIGHT, by Mrs. Holmes. \$1 50 BARBARA'S HISTORY, a novel, by Amelia Edwards.

THE SMALL HOUSE OF ALLINGTON, by Trollope. SEVEN STORIES, by Ik Marvel, author of "Reveries of a Bachelor." of a Bachelor."

VII.

SPEKE'S JOURNAL of the Discovery of the sources of
\$3 50 the Nite.

THE WOMAN IN BLACK, by author of "Man in \$1 50 NOTES OF HOSPITAL LIFE, Nov. '61 to Aug. '63, \$1 00

STORIES OF THE SEA, for boys; from Cooper's STORIES OF THE WOOD, for boys; from Cooper's \$1 00 All new books received as soon as published at
BERGNER'S BOOK STORE,
51 Market street.

A NICE assortment of Out Paper for ceilings, looking glasses, plotter frames and gas pipes,
at SCHEFFER'S BOOK STORR,

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Winner's Perfect Guides

TO THE

Winner's Perfect Guide for the Violin, 60 cents.
Winner's Perfect Guide for the Finte, 60 cents.
Winner's Perfect Guide for the Guitar, 60 cents.
Winner's Perfect Guide for the Piano, 60 cents.
Winner's Perfect Guide for the McIodeon, 60 cents.
Winner's Perfect Guide for the Accordeon, 60 cents.
Winner's Perfect Guide for the Fife, 60 cents.
Winner's Perfect Guide for the C'arionet, 60 cents.
Winner's Perfect Guide for the C'arionet, 60 cents.

ALSO, Winner's Flute and Piano Ducts, 60 cents. Winner's Violin and Piano Ducts, 60 cents.

The instructions in these books are given in a manner adapted to the comprehension of all grades of scholars. The exercises illustrating and enforcing the lessons are not dry and tedious, but sprightly and enlivening, and the selection of music, varying from the simple to the difficult, comprises the most p pular melodies of the day. Oliver Ditson & Co., Publishers, Boston. Sold by J. E. Gould, Philadelphia.

PROVOST VARSHAL'S OFFICE.

The Board of Enrollment

OF this District is now engaged in revising and correcting the lists of persons enrolled as liable to do military duty.

Persons who may be impreperly on the roll on account

ALIENAGE.

NON-RESIDENCE, UNSUITABLENESS OF AGE, MANIFEST PERMANENT PHYSICAL DISABIL MANIFEST PERMANENT PHISICAL DISABLE ITY, or HAVING SERVED TWO YEARS IN THE PRE-SENT WAR,

SENT WAR, should promptly APPEAR BEEORE THE BOARD, prove the same and have their names striken from the list. Any citizen who has a knowledge of any one having escaped enrollment, and who is liable to military duty, or of any one who has arrived at the age of toenty years since the enrollment of 1863, or of any who have declared their intentions to become citizens, are earnestly invited to communicate the information to the Board of Enrollment, that such persons may be placed on the lists.

ASTIL is the interest and duty of every enrolled citizen

ag-It is the interest and duty of every enrolled citizent to see that all who have been improperly OMITTED from the list should be added thereto. It is the imperative duty of all citizens to see that persons drafted in any sub-district, and failing to report, are ARRESTED and brought before the Board of En-

furnishing its full quota.

JNO. KAY CLEMENT,

Capt, Pro. Mar. and Pres't of Board.

CHAR C. RAWN,

Commissioner of the Board.

S. T. CHARLTON,

au2-dim

BATHS: BATHS:

THE sub-criber has just erected two fine BATHS; at his Barber Shop, No. 123 Market street, (Eby's building,) where warm or cold baths can be had at all times.

[aul-lw*]

E. BELUTSKI. HOUSE WANTED. WISH to buy a house on Third street ex-

tended, somewhere in the western part of the city—must have 6 or 7 rooms. Any one having such for sale, can find out particulars by enquiring at S. LEWY. HAMS, BEEF AND TONGUES—a fresh invoice at [au1] SHISLER'S FRAZER'S. 500 POUNDS Lancaster county Bologne just received at SHISLER & FRAZER'S.

COUNTRY SOAP.—A small but superior lot of Home made Soap just received at SHISLER & FRAZER'S.

NOTICE. - County, sa:

and netwoy request that my envolument may be changed to suit my present residence.

Norz.—The above is adopted by the Board of Enrollment of the 14th District of Pennsylvani as a suitable form of affidavit to be made on an application to change the name on the enrollment lists from one District or

JNO. KAY CLEMENT, CHAS, C. RAWN,

S. T. CHARLTON.
Board of Enrolin \$300 REWARD.

Sub-District to another.

THE following United States securities have been lost, viz: \$1,000 73-10 Treasury Note, dated Oct. 1, 1861, No. 22,477 do do 1,363 1,369 1,379 The above have on them the coupons from Oct. 1, 1862, aclusive.

\$100 7 3-10 Treasury Note, dated Aug. 19, '61, No. 64,064 100 do do 64,227 64,229 64,230 The latter five notes have on them the coupens from Feb. 19, 1863, inclusive

\$1,000 One Year Certificate of Indebtedness, due April 3, 1863. No. 8.194 1869, No. 8,194

AGP PAYMENT ON ALL THE ABOVE HAS BEEN STOPPED at the United States Tressury, and the holder of them will not receive payment. The above reward will be paid, on behalf of the person owning them, if left with J. W. WEIR, Cashier.

HARRISBURG, July 29, 1864-d3waw2w VALUABLE MARKET STREET PROPERTY

PUBLIC SALE. WILL be sold at public vendue, on the THURSDAY, AUGUST 18, 1864,

it two o'clock in the afternoon, that Valuable Hotel, on the south side of Market street, Harrisburg, known as

UNION HOUSE, THOUSE,
being a THREE STORY BRICK BUILDING, with a large
THREE STORY BRICK BACK BUILDING and EXTENSIVE STABLING on the rear, the lot being twenty-six
feet three inches front on Market street, and extending
back two hundred and an feet to Blackberry alley. The
said valuable business stand lying between Third and
Fourth streets, on Market street aforesaid in the most
central and business part of the city, presents a fine
chance to speculators and men of enterprise in almost any
kind of business.

Possession will be given on the first of Avril market.

kind of business.

Possession will be given on the first of April mexty.

Terms of payment will be made casy to suit purchasers.

Amendance will be given and conditions of rale made known by

GEO. W. SCHROYER,

W. GRETY,

E. B. THOM SON,

jy27-wed&satts

H. L. WESTBROOK.

VALUABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE. THE subscriber offers for sale a valuable the borough of Middletown contributions of Middletown contributions of Middletown contributions. TALLE SHUBSCHIPET OHERS FOR SAID A VARIABLE TAYER Stand, situate on the Lancaster turnpike, in the borough of Middletown, consisting of a large two-story Brick Hotel, extensive stabling and all other necessary out-buildings.

Also, two adjoining lots, having erected on each a two-story frame dwalling.

Also, two adjoining two, sory frame dwelling, story frame dwelling.

For further particulars apply to the undersigned, on the mamilies.

SAMUEL DETWEILER. the premises. je21-tuasat3m* CIDER VINEGAR.—Pure Cider Vinegar

can be bought by the barrel or small quantity, at jy18

BOYER & KOERPER Brown's Bronchial Troches.

Brown's Bronchial Troches.

L, have never changed my mind respecting them from the first, except to think yet better of that which I began thinking well of." Rev. HENRY WARD BEECHER.

"The Troches are a staff of life to me."

Pres. Hamilton College, Clinton, N. Y.

"For Throat Troubles they are a specific."

"Too favorably known to need commendation."

Hon. CHAS. A. PHELF?, Pres. Mass. Senate.

"Contain no opium nor anything injurious."

Dr. A. A. HAYES, Chemist, Boston.

"An elegant combination for coughs."

"An elegant ombination for coughs."

Eev. E. H. CHAPIN

"Most salutary relief in Bronchitis."

"Most salutary relief in Bronchitia".

Rev. E. SEIGFRIED, Morristown, Chio.

"Very beneficial when suffering from Colda."

Rev. S. J. P. ANDERSON, St. Louin

"Almost instant relief in the distressing labor of breathing peculiar to Asthma."

Rev. A. C. EGLESTON, New York.

"They have suited my case exactly, relieving my threat so that I could sing with ease."

Chorister French Parish Church, Montreal.

As there are imitations be sure to obtain the GRMUINE.

Use of Every Musical Instrument.