THE TELEGRAPH

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SINGLE SUBSCRIPTION.

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FOR
PERFUMING LINEN AND PREVENTING MOTH

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Being also a delightful, diffusable perfume it will impregnate clothing, &c., with a lasting and pleasant odor. The finest fabric cannot be injured by its use.

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Pennsylvania Daily Telegraph.

"THE UNION—NOW AND FOREVER."—*Webster.*

BY GEORGE BERGNER. HARRISBURG, PA., TUESDAY EVENING, JULY 12, 1864. PRICE TWO CENTS.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

PROCLAMATION
FOR A
SPECIAL ELECTION,
TO BE HELD ON
TUESDAY, AUGUST 2, 1864.

IN THE NAME AND BY THE AUTHORITY OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA,
ANDREW G. CURTIN,
Governor of the Said Commonwealth.

To WILLIAM W. JENNINGS, ESQ., *Sheriff of the county of Dauphin—Sends Greeting:*

WHEREAS, A joint resolution proposing certain amendments to the Constitution of this Commonwealth, which are as follows, viz:

"There shall be an additional section to the third article of the Constitution, to be designated as section four, as follows:

"SEC. 4. Whenever any of the qualified electors of this Commonwealth shall be in any actual military service, under a requisition from the President of the United States, or by authority of this Commonwealth, such electors may exercise the right of suffrage in all elections by the citizens, under such regulations as are or shall be prescribed by law, as fully as if they were present at their usual place of elections.

"There shall be two additional sections to the eleventh article of the Constitution, to be designated as sections eight and nine, as follows:

"SEC. 8. No bill shall be passed by the Legislature containing more than one subject, which shall be clearly expressed in the title, except appropriation bills.

"SEC. 9. No bill shall be passed by the Legislature, granting any powers or privileges, in any case where the authority to grant such powers, or privileges, has been, or may hereafter be, conferred upon the courts of this Commonwealth," has been agreed to by a majority of the members elected to each House of the Legislature, at two successive sessions of the same;

And whereas, It is provided in the tenth article of said Constitution, that any amendments so agreed upon, shall be submitted to the people in such manner, and at such time, at least three months after being so agreed to by the two houses, as the Legislature shall prescribe; such submission to be in such manner and form, that the people may vote for or against each amendment separate and distinctly;

And whereas, By an act of the General Assembly of this Commonwealth, passed the twenty-third day of April, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty four, it is provided, "that for the purpose of ascertaining the sense of the people of this Commonwealth, in regard to the adoption or rejection of said amendments, or either of them, the Governor of this Commonwealth shall issue a writ of election, directed to each and every Sheriff of this Commonwealth, commanding them to give notice in the usual manner, in not less than two newspapers in each city and county: *Provided*, That so many are published therein, and by at least two printed handbills in each election district, of every city and county, wherein no newspaper is published, that an election will be held in each of the townships, boroughs, wards, precincts and districts therein, on the FIRST TUESDAY OF AUGUST, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four, for the purpose of deciding upon the approval and ratification, or rejection, of the said amendments, which said election shall be opened, held and closed upon the day last aforesaid, at the places and within the hours, at and within which, the general elections of this Commonwealth are directed to be opened, held and closed."

Now, therefore, In obedience to the requirements of the tenth article of the Constitution, *and in accordance with the true intent and meaning* of the said act of the General Assembly of this Commonwealth, I, ANDREW G. CURTIN, Governor of the said Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, do issue this writ, commanding and requiring you, the said William W. Jennings, Sheriff of the said county, to give notice in the usual manner and as by law required, that an election will be held according to the terms of the Constitution, and provisions of the act of the General Assembly aforesaid, in each of the townships, boroughs, wards, precincts and districts therein, on the first Tuesday of August, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four, for the purpose of deciding upon the approval and ratification, or rejection, of the said amendments.

Given under my hand and the great seal of the State, at Harrisburg, this Twenty-first day of June, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four, and of the Commonwealth the eighty-eighth.

By the Governor: ELI SLIFER,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

In pursuance of the above proclamation of the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, I, WILLIAM W. JENNINGS, High Sheriff of the county of Dauphin Pennsylvania, do hereby make known and give notice to the electors of the county aforesaid, that an election will be held in the said county of Dauphin, ON TUESDAY, THE SECOND DAY OF AUGUST, 1864, for the purpose of voting on "a joint resolution proposing certain amendments to the Constitution of the Commonwealth."

I ALSO HEREBY MAKE KNOWN AND GIVE NOTICE that the places of holding the aforesaid special election in the several wards, boroughs, districts and townships within the county of Dauphin, are as follows, to wit:

The election for the First Ward in the City of Harrisburg, shall be held at the Public School House, at the corner of Mary's alley and Front street

The election in the Second Ward, shall be held at the School House at the corner of Dewberry alley and Chestnut street

The election for the Third Ward, shall be held at the School House in Walnut street, between Second and Front streets

The election for the Fourth Ward, shall be held at the Public School House in State street, between Second and Third streets.

The election for the Fifth Ward, shall be held at the house belonging to General John Forster, on the State road leading from the reservoir grounds to the Pennsylvania State Lunatic Hospital.

The election in the Sixth Ward, shall be held at the Market House in West Harrisburg.

For the township of Susquehanna, at Miller's (now Nisley's) school house.

For the township of Lower Swatara, at the school house No. 1, in Highspire.

For the township of Swatara, at the Locust Grove Inn.

For the borough of Middletown, at the Brick School house, in Pine street, in said borough.

For the township of Londonderry, at the Public House of Joseph Keiper, in said township.

For the township of West Londonderry, at the house of Christian Neff, in said township.

For the township of Conewago, erected out of parts of the townships of Londonderry and Derry, at the house of Christian Foltz, (now Jno. S. Foltz,) in said township.

For the township of Derry, at the public house of Daniel Baum, in Hummelstown, in said township.

For the township of South Hanover, at the public house of George Hocker, in said township.

For the township of East Hanover, at the public house of Maj. Shell's, (now Boyer's,) in said township.

For the township of West Hanover, at the public house of Jacob Rudy, (now Buck's,) in said township.

For the township of Lower Paxton, at the public house of Robert Gilchrist, (now Speigart's,) in said township.

For the township of Middle Paxton, at the public house of Joseph Cockley, in said township.

For the township of Rush, at the house belonging to the estate of the late John McAllister, dec'd, now occupied by David Rineal, in said township.

For the township of Jefferson, at the house of Christian Hoffman, in said township.

For the township of Jackson, at the house now occupied by John Bixler, at Bixler's mill, in said township.

For the township of Halifax, at the North Ward School House, in the town of Halifax.

For the township of Reed, at the new School House on Duncan's island, in said township.

For the borough of Millersburg, at the window next to the north-east corner on the east side of the new School House, situate on Middle street, in the borough of Millersburg, in the county of Dauphin.

For the township of Upper Paxton, at the window next to the north-west corner on the west side of the New School House, situate on Middle street, in the Borough of Millersburg, in the county of Dauphin.

For the township of Mifflin, at the public house of Michael Enterline, (now Benj. Bordner,) in Berrysburg, in said township.

For the township of Washington, at the public house now occupied by Matilda Wingert, in said township.

For the township of Lykens, at the public house of Solomon Loudenslager, (now Keiser,) in the borough of Gratz.

For the borough of Gratz, at the public house of Solomon Loudenslager, (now Keiser,) in said borough.

For the township of Wiconisco, at the School House No. 5, in said township.

I also, for the information of the electors of the county of Dauphin, publish the act, entitled An act prescribing the time and manner of submitting to the people, for their approval and ratification, or rejection, the proposed amendments to the Constitution.

WHEREAS, A joint resolution, proposing certain amendments to the Constitution of this Commonwealth, has been agreed to by a majority of the members elected to each house of the Legislature, at two successive sessions of the same, the first session commencing on the first Tuesday of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, and the second session commencing on the first Tuesday in January, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four;

And whereas, It is provided in the tenth article of the Constitution, that any amendment, so agreed upon, shall be submitted to the people in such manner, and such times, at least three months after being so agreed to by the two houses, as the Legislature shall prescribe, such submission to be in such manner and form that the people may vote for or against each amendment separately and distinctly; therefore,

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same*, That for the purpose of ascertaining the sense of the people of this Commonwealth, in regard to the adoption or rejection of said amendments, or either of them, the Governor of this Commonwealth shall issue a writ of election, directed to each and every sheriff of this Commonwealth, commanding them to give notice, in the usual manner, in not less than two newspapers in each city and county: *Provided*, That so many are published therein, and by at least two printed handbills in each election district of every city and county wherein no newspaper is published, that an election will be held in each of the townships, boroughs, wards, precincts and districts therein, on the first Tuesday of August, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four, for the purpose of deciding upon the approval and ratification, or rejection of the said amendments; which said election shall be opened, held and closed upon the day last aforesaid, at the places and within the hours at and within which the general elections of this Commonwealth are directed to be opened, held and closed; and it shall be the duty of the judges, inspectors and clerks of each of said townships, boroughs, wards, precincts and districts to receive at the said election, tickets, not exceeding the number of proposed amendments, either written or printed, or partly written and partly printed, from each of the qualified voters of the State, who may offer the same, and to deposit them in a box or boxes, to be for that purpose provided by the proper officers; which tickets shall be, respectively, labelled on the out side, "First Amendment," "Second Amendment" and "Third Amendment;" and those who are favorable to said amendments, or any of them, may express their approval thereof by voting, each, as many separate written or printed or partly written and partly printed ballots or tickets, as there are amendments approved by them, containing, on the inside thereof, the words "For the Amendment;" and those who are opposed to such amendments, or any of them, may express their opposition by voting, each, as may separate, written or printed or partly written and partly printed ballots or tickets, as there are amendments not approved by them, containing, on the inside thereof, the words, "Against the Amendment;" the electors voting for or against the amendment shall be considered as voting for or against the proposed fourth section to article three of the Constitution, extending the right of suffrage to soldiers; electors voting for or against the second amendment shall be considered as voting for or against the proposed eighth section to article eleven of the Constitution; and electors voting for or against the third amendment shall be considered as voting for or against the proposed ninth section to article eleven of the Constitution.

SEC. 2. That the election on the said proposed amendments shall, in all respects, be conducted as the general elections of this Commonwealth are now conducted; and it shall be the duty of the return judges of the respective counties and districts thereof, first having carefully ascertained the number of votes given for or against each of said amendments, in the manner aforesaid, to make out duplicate returns thereof, expressed in words at length and not in figures only; one of which returns, so made, shall be lodged in the prothonotary's office of the court of common pleas of the proper county, and the other sealed and directed to the Secretary of the Commonwealth, and by one of said judges deposited, forthwith, in the most convenient post office, upon which postage shall be prepaid at the expense of the proper county.

SEC. 3. That it shall be the duty of the Secretary of the Commonwealth, on the twenty-third day of August next, before four o'clock, post meridian, to deliver to the Speaker of the Senate or the Speaker of the House of Representatives, the returns of the said election, from the several counties of the Commonwealth; and the same shall on the same day and hour be opened and published in the presence of the members of the Senate and House of Representatives; and the number of votes given for and against said amendments, respectively, shall be carefully summed up and ascertained, and duplicate certificates of the result, shall be signed by the Speakers of the two houses. One of said certificates shall be delivered to the Secretary of the Commonwealth, who shall cause the same to be recorded and filed in his office, and the other of said certificates shall be delivered to the Governor, who shall forthwith issue his proclamation, declaring whether the said amendments, or either of them, have been approved and ratified by a majority of the qualified voters of this State voting thereon; *Provided*, That if, for any cause, a quorum of either house of the Legislature shall not be present at the day and hour above mentioned, then the said votes shall be opened in the presence of such members of said houses as shall be present; and in case of the absence of the speaker of either of said houses, the said certificates shall be signed by the Speaker present; or, in case of the absence of both speakers, by the Chief Clerks of both houses, or either of them in the absence of one of the said clerks.

SEC. 4. That the several duties required to be performed by the sheriffs commissioners, constables, judges, inspectors, and all other officers whatever, in and about the general elections of this Commonwealth shall be performed by such officers in and about the election herein provided for; and all persons, whether officers or others, shall be liable to the same punishment for the neglect of any duty or the commission of any offence at, in or about the said election as they would for the neglect of like duty or the commission of like offence at, in or about the general elections of this Commonwealth.

HENRY C. JOHNSON,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
JOHN P. PENNEY,
Speaker of the Senate.

APPROVED—The twenty-third day of April, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four.

A. G. CURTIN.

MEETING OF RETURN JUDGES.

Pursuant to the provisions contained in the 2nd section of the act aforesaid, the judges of the aforesaid districts shall respectively take charge of the certificate or return of the election of their respective districts, and produce them at a meeting of one judge from each district, at the city of Harrisburg, on the third day after the day of the election, being FRIDAY, the 5th day of August, then and there to do and perform the duties required by law of said judges.

Also, that where a judge by sickness or unavoidable accident, is unable to attend such meeting of judges, then the certificate or return aforesaid shall be taken charge of by one of the inspectors or clerks of the election of said district, who shall do and perform the duties required of said judges unable to attend.

Given under my hand, in my office in Harrisburg, the twenty-seventh day of June, A. D. 1864.

WILLIAM W. JENNINGS,
Sheriff of Dauphin county.

SHERIFF'S OFFICE,
Harrisburg, Pa., June 27, 1864. } je27-td

Mattrasses! Spring-Beds!! Comforts!!!
PALM LEAF HAIR TOP MATTRASSES.
Plain Leaf Cotton Top Mattrasses.
Corn Husk Mattrasses.
Patent Spring Slat Beds.
Feather Pillows and Bolsters.
Cotton Comforts and Spreads
Ladies' Willow Work Stands.
Carpet Camp Stools.
Door Rugs, Carpet Hassacks.
Iron Bedsteads, latest pattern, &c., &c.

N. B.—Sofas, Lounges, Cushions, Chairs, and Mattrasses repaired. Hair and Spring Mattrasses made to order. No. 109 Market street, Harrisburg, Pa.
je18-d1m J. T. BARNITZ.

FOR SALE,

THE valuable property, corner of Second and Pine streets, being fifty-two and a half feet on Second and one hundred and sixty-eight feet on Pine street, running back two hundred and ten feet to Barbara alley, there being space for four full building lots, and a most desirable site for a Governor's Mansion or public buildings. For particulars enquire of Mrs. MURRAY, corner of Second and Pine streets. mar9-tf

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given, that in pursuance of the act of Assembly of Pennsylvania, passed the first day of June, 1839, the stockholders of the Franklin Bank, of Washington, Penna., will apply to the next session of the Legislature for a renewal of its charter, with an increase of its capital from $150,000 to $200,000.

C. M. REED, President.
WASHINGTON, PA., June 24, 1864. je27

Valuable Mill and Farm for Sale.

THE undersigned offers his MILL and FARM for sale. Any one wishing to purchase real estate cannot make a better paying investment, as it will be sold cheap. Come and see. A. WEITING,
je16-dawtf Middletown, Dauphin county, Pa.

FINE TABLE OILS.—40 boxes fine table oils of the best importations for sale, wholesale and retail, by SHISLER & FRAZER,
my5 Successors to W. Dock, Jr., & Co

SMOKED BEEF.—A choice lot of Michener's Dried Beef, just received at SHISLER & FRAZER,
je17 Successors to W. Dock, Jr., & Co.

EVENING EDITION.

[*From our Morning Edition.*]

THE SITUATION.

Headquarters here are no longer in telegraphic communication with the authorities at Washington, the last wires having been cut by the rebels at Magnolia Station, between Philadelphia and Baltimore, at 12.15 P. M., yesterday.

The War Department, several days since, telegraphed Gen. Couch full authority to act independently in case such a contingency arose.

It is ascertained that eight bridges of the North Central railroad have been destroyed between Monkton and Cockeysville.

Gen. Kelley telegraphed to Gen. Couch yesterday afternoon, from Cumberland, that there is no truth in the report that Imboden's and Morgan's cavalry are following Hunter's forces. Hunter's forces occupy Martinsburg, and another strong Federal force Holds Hagerston.

The rebels still hold the South mountain passes in Maryland, whilst their main body threatens Baltimore and Washington from a point between the Monocacy and the former city.

Two passenger trains were captured yesterday, by the rebels, on the road between Baltimore and Philadelphia. On one of them was Maj. Gen. Franklin. The conductors and passengers were robbed.

Gunpowder bridge was reported destroyed, but the report is not fully confirmed.

A rebel vessel ventured near Cape May and captured several small barges, which were destroyed and their cargoes taken.

The people of Pennsylvania are moving, and we will probably see thousands of hundred days men responding to the Governor's call.

P. S. Telegraphic communication has been re-established between Philadelphia and Baltimore.

The Gunpowder bridge is not destroyed.

It appears that the rebels advanced to within four miles of Tenallytown, but were driven back.

We are in receipt of Washington news, which will be found at length in our columns.

By Telegraph.

Highly Important.

Exciting News from Washington

SKIRMISHING NEAR TENALLYTOWN.

THE RESIDENCE OF F. K. BLAIR BURNED.

BALTIMORE, July 11—Evening.

The news from Washington is alarming. The *Star* says skirmishing on the Rockville road had commenced at an early hour this forenoon, and was continued by the advance of the rebels to a point about 4 miles west of Tenallytown; there their progress on that road was stopped, and they disappeared in some other direction. Subsequently we hear of them skirmishing about noon on and around the 7th Street turnpike, near the Claggette farm and the residence of F. P. Blair.

It is reported to day that the rebels have burned the residence of Mr. Blair. There were 800 infantry only in the force that camped at Rockville last night, though panic stricken refugees arriving to-day from the vicinity of Edwards' Ferry, and report them crossing north of that point yesterday in large numbers, some saying 12,000 and others 30,000 strong.

There has been no general engagement, but cavalry skirmishing is going on at intervals.

The enemy has not made his appearance anywhere within range of our guns, and so far, has shown no disposition to do so.

No casualties have been reported on our side in the engagement between Lowell and the rebel cavalry.

Three rebel prisoners and stragglers were brought in this morning from the front, but they refused to give their regiments or by whom they were commanded. They are inclined to brag, and some place their numbers at very high figures.

Some rebel stragglers who were picked up yesterday at different points in Maryland, were brought to the Provost Marshal's office last night. They admitted that they belonged to the invading party, and that the infantry consisted of Breckinridge's and Early's divisions, and that the cavalry was under Ransom. They would give no information as to the movements of the invaders, and when questioned as to their numbers differed widely in their statements.

THE REBEL RAID.

Capture of Two Trains on the Philadelphia and Wilmington Railroad.

Gen. Franklin Among the Passengers.

PHILADELPHIA, July 11.

The following has been received by H. F. Kenney, Superintendent of the Baltimore railroad.

I was conductor of No. 17 train. The rebels attacked the train at Magnolia. They went through the train after we had stopped, capturing all officers and soldiers in the train; among them was Maj. Gen. Franklin.

They went through most of the passengers' pockets, capturing watches and money; then unloaded the baggage and set fire to my train, burning three first class passenger cars, one second class car and baggage car, and engine H. Clay, one freight car and a Northern Central engine that was on the siding.

(Signed) J. B. MUNSHOWER.

PHILADELPHIA, July 11.

It is reliably ascertained that two passenger trains, which left Baltimore this morning, were captured and burned by the rebels at Magnolia, 17 miles from Baltimore. They also burned all the property of the railroad company in that vicinity.

LATER.

FROM HAVRE DE GRACE.

The Capture of Trains on the Philadelphia and Baltimore Roads.

ROBBERY OF CONDUCTORS AND PASSENGERS.

GUNPOWDER BRIDGE PROBABLY SAVED.

Destruction of the Trains and the Freight House at Magnolia.

The Rebels Move Towards Gen. Cadwalader's Residence.

IT IS PROBABLY DESTROYED.

HAVRE DE GRACE, Md., July 11.

About two hundred rebel cavalry, under command of Harry Gilmore, appeared at Magnolia station, 18 miles of this point, on the Philadelphia and Baltimore roailroad, and captured the 8-30 P. M. passenger train from Baltimore by firing a volley into it, causing the train to stop.

The 10 o'clock express train from Baltimore shared the same fate.

Conductor Bryson of the express was robbed of his watch and money, as was conductor Munshower of the first train.

The rebels fired the trains and also the freight house at Magnolia, which was consumed.

One of the engines was fired up, reversed, and started towards Gunpowder bridge for the purpose of setting fire to that structure, but it is very probable that no damage resulted to the bridge, from the fact that a heavy guard was stationed to protect it.

Passengers were not, as far as learned, molested, except in a very few cases.

The rebels started in a southerly direction toward Gen. Cadwalader's residence a few miles south, for the purpose of destroying it, and this has no doubt been accomplished. Passengers are arriving here in every kind of vehicles, and many on horseback.

A battery and a half of nine guns from the Philadelphia navy yard arrived here to-day, and one section proceeded to near Magnolia, when the rebels were discovered in force and causing the section to return. What are the future intentions of the rebels in this vicinity, are of course contradictory, but the general impression is that they will retreat under cover of the darkness.

The steam tug-boat Maryland is safe, and the town and ferry are well defended by the presence of the gunboat Currituck, whose guns command all the approaches.

Large detachments of troops and marines from the Philadelphia navy yard are here with other forces, and the country is scoured by our scouts. There is no truth in the reported burning of the Conowingo Bridge over the Susquehanna, ten miles north of this.

The telegraph north of this point is badly damaged, but the railroad is not thought to be injured to any great extent. Harry Gilmore avers his intentions of going into Baltimore to-night. Artillery firing has been heard since 8 P. M., in a southwest direction, perhaps at Beech river.

STILL LATER.

THE GUNPOWDER BRIDGE NOT BESTROYED

The Rebels Retreating.

PHILADELPHIA, July 11.

Information has been received by President Felton, of the Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore road, that the Gunpowder bridge has not been destroyed. The rebels were attacked by a gunboat as they were about to set it on fire, and driven off.

An engine was recaptured and is now on the way to Havre De Grace. It is supposed that the rebels are retreating.

From Boston.

BOSTON, July 11.

The steamer Rose Standish, on returning from her trip to Hingham, last night, was taken possession of by the Government, was loaded with ammunition, and immediately steamed for the Potomac. The steamer Russia was also seized by the Government las night, was loaded with ammunition and left early this morning.

After the Florida.

PORTLAND, July 11.

The frigate Ticonderoga, Capt. Steedman, sailed to-day in pursuit of the Florida.

Markets by Telegraph.

PHILADELPHIA, July 11.

The news of the movement of the rebel raiders and the advance in the premium on gold to 284@290 to-day has brought business matters to a stand.

Flour and all kinds of breadstuffs are held higher. Sales of 2,000 bbls. extra and extra family at $11@12, fancy lots $12@13. Nothing doing in Rye Flour or Corn Meal. Red wheat is held at $2 60, and Kentucky white sold at $2 75, an advance of 15 cents. Rye has advanced to $1 75. Yellow corn is scarce and held at $1 75. Oats are firm at 97.—Quercitron bark is scarce and has advanced to 50 cents. Cloverseed is wanted at $9, and flaxseed at $3 50, in store. In provisions the tendency is still upward. Whisky ranges from $1 80 to $1 83. The cattle market is more active but prices remain about the same as last quoted; 1,421 head arrived and sold at from 16@17 for extra, 14½@15½ for fair to good, and 12@14 per pound for common quality. Sheep are in demand and prices are better; 4,200 head sold at 6½@7½c per pound gross. In hogs the receipts are large and prices firm; 5,100 head sold at $14@15 the 100 lbs. net. Cows, about 160 head arrived and brought from $20 to $40 for springers, and $25@65 per head for cow and calf.

STEAM PRINTING OFFICE.
ADVERTISING RATES—DAILY TELEGRAPH.

The following are the rates for advertising in the TELEGRAPH. Those having advertising to do will find it convenient for reference.

☞Four lines or less constitute one half square, eight lines or more than four constitute a square.

FOR A HALF SQUARE.		FOR ONE SQUARE.	
One day	$ 50	One day	$ 60
Two days	50	Two days	1 00
Three days	75	Three days	1 25
One week	1 25	One week	2 25
One month	3 00	One month	6 00
Two months	4 50	Two months	9 00
Three months	5 50	Three months	11 00
Six months	8 00	Six months	15 0
One year	15 00	One year	25 0

Administration Notices	$2 25
Marriage Notices	75
Auditor's Notices	1 50
Funeral Notices each insertion	50

☞Business notices inserted in the *Local Column*, or before Marriages and Deaths, EIGHT CENTS PER LINE for each insertion.

OPERATIONS OF THE PIRATE FLORIDA.

FIVE VESSELS CAPTURED NEAR CAPE MAY.

Particulars of the Capture.

CAPE MAY, July 11.

Since Friday last the pirate Florida has captured and burned five vessels near this point; they are named as follows: Bark Golconda, bark Berry, bark Greenland, bark Selinda and another vessel, name unknown. The crews of the ships, numbering sixty-one persons, leave for Philadelphia by railroad at 12 o'clock and will arrive about four.

Sixty-two men came ashore at Cape Island, N. J., being the crews of the Margaret Gt Davis, from Port Royal for New York and of four barks: The Greenland, laden with coal, for Pensacola; the bark George Berry, for Fort Monroe, with hay; bark Zelaw, from New Orleans for Philodelphia, in ballast; the bark Golconda, from Phtladelphia, All the men were brought in by the schooner Howard, bound for New Qork, with fruit.

The Howard was released by giving bonds for $60.000 and bringing the captured men to Cape Island.

The barque Golconda, Capt. Winslow, of New Bedford, left Talaquahano, Chili, April 14th, bound home with 1850 barrels oil, principolly on freight. She was captured by the Florida on last Friday evening in lat. 37 30, long. 22 15. All hands were taken on the Florida and the vessel was burned an hour afterwards.

The Florida spoke the French bark Dunkirk, bound to New York.

Capt. Morris, of the Florida, sent a boat along side requesting him to carry us into port and he refused, That night all hands of us slept att the quarter deck, with an old mainsail for a covering.

Early the next morning, July 9th, the Florida captured the schooner Margaret Y. Davis, Capt. West, from Port Royal for New York, in latitude 38, longitude 71:40. She took the crew on board and burned the vessel, about 11 o'clock the same morning. Capts. Winslow and West, with their mates and one boatman, were placed in a small English schooner, bound for Nassau. The Florida now carries 150 men. Capt. Morris sent a letter to President Lincoln and another to Admiral Farragut, saying that he was ready for our gunboats.

GREAT FIRE IN NEW YORK CITY.

The Steamer John Potter and Other Property Destroyed.

FURTHER PARTICULARS.

We learn the following facts from the officers of the Camden and Amboy railroad company:

The fire broke out at one o'clock this morning on the steamboat John Potter, lying at Pier No. 1, North river. She was loaded with freight, all of which, together with the boat, was destroyed. The sheds at the pier, which usually have a large quantity of freight stored in them, were destroyed, and the pier itself was badly damaged. The agents of the company in Philadelphia have no knowledge of any government stores being among the property destroyed.

Another account says: At about 1 o'clock this morning a fire broke out on the Camden and Amboy Railroad Company's freight steamer, John Potter, which soon communicated to the company's building adjoining, which, with the steamer, was totally destroyed. The Potter was loaded with a cargo of miscellaneous freight, some of which was of a highly combustible nature. In the freight house was a quantity of cotton, petroleum and other combustible substance: and, as a high wind prevailed at the time, the destruction of property to an immense amount seemed inevitable.

A heavy rain, however, came on, and the steamers and barges in the immediate neighborhood were towed into the stream; and by the efforts of a large force of firemen, who were promptly on the spot, the fire was confined to its original locality. In view of the number of light wooden structures which line the river at and above this point, the escape from an extensive conflagration seems remarkable. As it was, some of the adjoining buildings were injured somewhat.

A report prevailed that several persons lost their lives through inability (owing to the rapid spread of the flames) to escape from the building; but our reporter was unable to obtain any confirmation of the story. So quickly did the fire communicate to all parts of the Potter, that several of the employees of the boat were unable to clothe themselves before escaping. No estimate of the loss by this fire was given.

New York Regiments to Hold Themselves in Readiness.

ALBANY, July 11.

The Governor will issue his orders to all the military of the State to hold themselves in readiness for service, and a proclamation urging the citizens to volunteer into the National Guard.

Arrival of a Prize Steamer.

BOSTON, July 11.

The British prize steamer Rouen, from Bermuda for Wilmington, arrived here to-day. She was captured on July 2d, by the Keystone State.

A portion of her cargo is still on board, but most was thown overboard. She is an iron side-wheel steamer of 165 tons.

Reported Burning of the Gunpowder Bridge.

PHILADELPHIA, July 11.

Information has been received at the Baltimore railroad depot that the rebels are only four miles from Havre de Grace, and that the Gunpowder Bridge has been burned.

New York City Regiments to Remain at Home.

NEW YORK, July 11.

Mayor Gunther protests against our city regiments leaving the city. He entertains grave apprehension that their absence would lead to riots.

Philadelphia Stock Market.

PHILADELPHIA, July 11.

Stocks dull. Penna. 5s 100; Reading Railroad 66½; Morris Canal 91½; Penna. Railroad 71. Gold 252. Exeange on New York par.