Daily Telegraph

HARRISBURG, PA.

WEDNESDAY EVENING, JUNE 22, 1864.

FOR THE AMENDMENT OF THE CONSTITUTION

GRANTING THE

SOLDIERS' RIGHT TO VOTE.

Election Tuesday, Aug. 2, 1864.

NATIONAL UNION TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT,

Abraham Lincoln,

OF ILLINOIS.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT.

Andrew Johnson,

OF TENNESSEE.

How we are Represented in Congress by a Dough-face.

If there is a district in the country where the sentiment in opposition to slavery is firm, consistent and patriotic, it is that represented by William H. Miller. The people of this Congressional district have ever been opposed to slavery as a great moral and social wrong. Since the upholders of that institution organized and armed for the overthrow of the Government, two-thirds of all the people in this district are convinced of the necessity and are willing that slavery should be abolished by some constitutional process—either by compensating the loyal owners of human flesh, or punishing the traitor possessors with the loss of their "property in man." Every patriotic, sincere and intelligent man in the country believes in the political necessity of abolishing slavery, because as long as that institution is maintained and protected, just so long do we retain the elements of treason, anarchy and bloodshed in our system of Government. In the face of these facts—with the well defined opinions and clearly expressed wishes of the people of this district on this subject—with the necessity of abolishing slavery as an essential measure for the future peace and perpetuity of the Government, admitted by all good men, the Democratic party, as an organization, oppose the measure, and William H. Miller, in Congress, as the Representative of this district, records his vote in the negative against a proposition contemplating the constitutional abolition of slavery. By this action the Democratic party pledges itself to the eternal maintenance and increase of slavery. By the votes of such men as W. H. Miller we are assured that the evil will never be abated—that the fierce hatred of those who barter in human flesh, for all that is noble and pure in a free Government, will never be checked—but that the barbarism of slavery, the breeder of treason and the ensanguined foe of the Union and the Government, must be upheld, strengthened and encouraged in their present struggles and future conspiracies. Heretofore, the leaders of the Democratic party assured those who regarded slavery as a monstrous wrong that the evil would undoubtedly be eradicated in time—that it would be left to the workings of the Constitution—and that its doom was fixed by the great laws controlling the development and the progress of society. But in the desperation of the hour, when God and man point to the inevitable and the merited doom of slavery, the leaders of the Democratic party step forward to interpose for the defence and the preservation of the barbarism! We doubt if history presents a parallel to the enormity of such conduct.

—Mr. Miller's vote opposing the constitutional abolition of slavery may be regarded justly as the basest act of his life. It is a base act, because it is in direct opposition to a large majority of his constituents, without regard to party ties. It is a base act because it seeks to fasten the curse of slavery on a free people forever. Henceforth let no man believe in the professions of the Copperhead leaders. The perfidy of their acts on this question establishes the treachery of their designs on all matters affecting the integrity, present safety and future perpetuity of the Government.

THE WOUNDED AT WASHINGTON.—An exchange informs us that there seems to be a pleasant rivalry in progress among the members of the various State relief associations of Washington in aid of the wounded soldiers and their friends who seek them or tidings from them.

Besides the force employed by the State governments to work in this cause, there is a considerable number of clerks in the various departments from most of the States who devote a large portion of their time, after office hours, in attendance at the hospitals, and at their State agencies, to assist those regularly engaged. There are, also, not a few who seek out the suffering from their own immediate sections, and contribute to their relief.

The more troops each State may have sent to the field, the greater the obligation that rests upon their fellow-citizens in the rear to aid in supplying their wants and relieving their sufferings. Kindly words, strong political encouragement, and labor in the various organized departments of the Government and of the universal relief associations are not sufficient. Many who need care and assistance can only be effectively reached by their fellow-citizens from their respective States. Therefore, we trust that this praiseworthy emulation will continue and be increased while the war lasts.

MR. JOHN M. CLAY, living near Lexington, lost $25,000 worth of race horses by the Morgan raiders. Among them was the famous "Skedaddle," for which he was offered recently at St. Louis $8,000.

THE friends of Senator Hale suggest his nomination for the House of Representatives from the first district of New Hampshire, to succeed Daniel Marcy.

Rebel Consolation.

About the richest specimen of journalism we have lately read, we find in the *Richmond Dispatch* of June 9. It is as follows:

If Grant is whipped on land, however, he is always victorious on paper. We have sometimes wondered why he takes the trouble to *fight* at all. He can demolish armies with a stroke of his pen, and capture cities by a flash of the telegraph. Why not confine his exertions entirely to the composition of telegraphic dispatches? He succeeds far better at that then he does at fighting. Lee whipped him in at least ten battles, in Spottsylvania and Hanover; yet he continually flogs Lee on the wires. He inflicts very little loss on Lee with his army, but he slaughters his men by the thousand with the telegraph. Where, then, is the use of fighting with any other weapon than the wires? If he can gain so many victories with that instrument, why can not he take Richmond with it? If a telegraph victory satisfy Lincoln and the rest of Yankeedom, we do not see why it should not satisfy Grant, since the applause of those interesting people is all that he aspires to. Let Grant sit down and telegraph a big victory every day for a week, and then the capture of Richmond. He will be a greater demigod with the Yankees than he ever was. Great advantage will be found in the fact that he will be without a competitor. Gen. Lee can beat Grant in the field, but he is no match for him in telegraphing. Grant may lie as much as he pleases. General Lee will not contradict him. He will only *flog* him the next time he catches him, and set him to inventing more lies.

All this in the face of facts that are patent to every reader North as well as South. A greater bundle of misrepresentations we have never known crowded into so small a compass. Grant's victories at Fort Henry, Donelson, Clarksville, Shiloh, Vicksburg, Chattanooga, Mission Ridge, were not altogether those which are written on paper. The occupation of those points beyond all hope of rebel redemption, is no doubt galling, and cannot consequently fail to produce an intensely bitter feeling to the hero who has never yet been beaten. As for Gen. Lee being able to defeat Grant in the open field, it does seem that at present that officer hugs his entrenchments with a devotion he never before displayed since the hour when he took his last look at his residence on Arlington Heights. He reached his present position after much trial and tribulation, and will doubtless remain in it until the siege of Vicksburg shall be reenacted.

By Telegraph.

EXCLUSIVELY FOR THE DAILY TELEGRAPH

BY THE

INLAND LINES.

FROM GRANT'S ARMY

No General Engagement.

The Rebels Endeavor to Construct Batteries on the James River.

OUR GUNBOATS OPERATE UPON THEM.

SUPPLIES FORWARDED FOR GEN. SHERIDAN.

NO OFFICIAL NEWS.

BALTIMORE, June 22, P. M.

The following has just been received from the front:

BERMUDA HUNDRED, June 21, 10-30 A. M.

Up to eight o'clock this morning there had been no general engagement between the opposing armies, only skirmishing along the line since Saturday afternoon.

The enemy have made several efforts recently to establish batteries on the James river, in the vicinity of Turkey Bend and Malvern Hill, but have as often been shelled away by our gunboats.

It is understood that supplies have been sent to White House to-day for General Sheridan, his command having arrived in that vicinity.

There is no official news to-day.

The Lower Mississippi.

Threatened Suspension of Civil Rule in Memphis.

Important Announcement of General Washburne.

CAIRO, June 21.

Gen. Washburne, commander of the Department of West Tennessee, has declared, in answer to a communication of inquiry from Major Parks, that owing to the disloyal character of the present city government of Memphis, as well as its utter inefficiency in the management of affairs, he is compelled to announce that, in the event of the selection of the present Mayor, it is the intention of the military authorities to take charge of the municipal department.

The General expresses the hope that the citizens of Memphis, by electing a ticket friendly to the Government of the United States, he may be relieved from the duty of interfering, but expresses a determination that, while he commands, there shall be no hostile municipal government within his jurisdiction.

CALIFORNIA.

SAN FRANCISCO UNION RATIFICATION MEETING—GREAT ENTHUSIASM.

SAN FRANCISDO, June 20.

A large and enthusiastic meeting was held here last night, to ratify the nomination of Lincoln and Johnson. Governor Low made a speech, in which every allusion to President Lincoln and denunciation of slavery was loudly applauded.

Similar meetings are being held throughout the State.

The Rumored Raid into Maryland.

BALTIMORE, June 21.

The *Evening American*, referring to a published rumor of a raid into Maryland, pronounces it sensational, and says a story almost identical was in circulation here on Sunday, but did not find sufficient credit to call forth a contradiction. We have letters from Martinsburg, only a few miles from Falling Waters, written yesterday afternoon, and they make no mention of any large body of rebels passing in that vicinity, but on the contrary state that Mosby and his guerrillas are operating between Winchester and Staunton, preventing, as far as possible, any communication with General Hunter.

IMPORTANT FROM WASHINGTON.

Departure of President Lincoln on a Visit to General Grant.

Gen. Grant's True Plan.

Official Statement of the National Debt.

Congressional Proceedings.

Refusal to Repeal the Three Hundred Dollars Draft Commutation.

WASHINGTON, June 21.

THE PRESIDENT'S DEPARTURE FOR GEN. GRANT'S HEADQUARTERS.

The United States dispatch boat, Captain Mitchell, left the Navy Yard to-day, with President Lincoln and the Assistant Secretary of the Navy, for City Point.

It is understood that Mr. Lincoln and Assistant Secretary Fox have gone to the front to consult upon the future programme of the campaign.

For the first time since crossing the Rapidan the real plan of General Grant for reducing Richmond is growing manifest. It was never his intention to enter Richmond from the North, unless the unforseen chances and contingencies of battle should make it an easy conquest. Nature and art have exhausted themselves in making it impregnable from that direction, and General Grant was well advised of this at the outset. But the army was on the Rappahannock when he assumed the general command, confronted by Gen. Lee. To have withdrawn from there, and transported his army by water from Washington to this place, would have given Lee time and opportunity, which he rarely wasted, to have made counter demonstrations on Washington and the Upper Potomac. It was considered best to drive the rebel army before us to Richmond, if it could not be destroyed sooner; for its destruction, instead of the capture of one or many rebel capitals is the grand objective purpose. To do this effectually, by compelling it to retreat from Richmond on a line of their own selection, the destruction of the railroad through Gordonsville to the westward becomes an important consideration. For this purpose the army lay in the vicinity of Bethesda church and Coal Harbor a full week longer than it would otherwise have done; but the railroad was finally not only destroyed for miles, but completely annihilated, so far as the term is applicable to matter. Our mission on that flank was then accomplished. We are now here.

While the capture of Petersburg is an accomplished fact, the Danville Railroad is the only one that connects the rebel capital with the Southern Confederacy. The width of track on this road is said to differ from all other Southern railroads, and will prevent the withdrawal of rolling stock. This road can be easily threatened, or even destroyed, from Petersburg, so that the rebel Government will feel that Richmond is held by a very slight tenure. *The loss of Petersburg is the virtual surrender of Richmond.*

A glance at the map will convince the most unbelieving of this. Our communications will be matchless; theirs hopeless. Let the timid, who scent disaster in every breeze and borrow trouble from all our movements, be assurred that the glorious campaign of Vicksburg will find a parallel here. There is something very grand and imposing in the slow and steady advance of this army on Richmond. It reminds one of the mountains closing in on the three brothers in the fairy tale.

To-day's session of the House was assigned for the consideration of the business of the Military Committee, and was entirely occupied by it. It went on quite smoothly until the bill repealing the commutation clause of the Enrollment act came up. It was evident from the first that a large majority was opposed to repealing it, and the additional section, prohibiting the furnishing of substitutes unless near relatives of the drafted man, did not aid it in the least. Mr. Schenck argued in favor of the bill, and urged its passage, as vitally necessary to carrying on the war; but it was of no use. A majority of two to one striking out the first section, repealing the commutation, settled the matter, for the present at least. There was very little excitement manifested, but the House was very full and the vote large. If the war is to go on the repeal of the commutation clause is regarded as a necessity, but it is evident that neither Congress nor the people are prepared for it yet.

The question of the adjournment of Congress is constantly agitated. The Democrats are ready at any moment. The administration men are anxious to secure the passage of all the important measures, and all are working industriously to get them through this week. It is expected that they will all be through by Thursday of next week.

In answer to a resolution of the House the Secretary of the Treasury furnishes a statement of the public debt of the United States up to June 14, 1864, the totals of which are as follows:

Debt bearing interest in coin	$837,941,091
Debt bearing interest in lawful money	379,700,802
Debt on which interest has ceased	370,170
Debt bearing no interest	501,383,104
Total	$1,719,395,168

The annual interest in coin is $50,823,672 45, in lawful money, $20,876,057 70. Total interest, $716,99,730 15.

The ten-forty bonds amount to $70,239,250; the three year thirty per cent. notes to $118,577,950; United States notes outstanding to $432,041,330; fractional currency outstanding to $21 031,948 85. The remainder of the debt bearing no interest consists mainly of unpaid requisitions.

SOUTH CAROLINA.

Correspondence Between General Foster and General Sam Jones.

Federal Officers Placed Under Fire at Charleston.

WASHINGTON, June 20.

The following is the correspondence between Generals Jones and Foster;

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF SOUTH CAROLINA, GEORGIA AND FLORIDA, CHARLESTON, S. C., June 13.

GENTLEMEN:—Five generals and forty-five field officers of the U. S. Army, all of them prisoners of war, have been sent to this city for safe keeping. They have been turned over to Brigadier General Ripley, commanding the first military district of this department, who will see that they are provided with commodious quarters in that part of the city occupied by non-combatants, the majority of whom are women and children. It is proper, however, that I should inform you that it is a part of the city which has for many months been exposed, day and night, to the fire of your guns.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,
SAM JONES,
Major General Commanding.

To Major General J. G. Foster, commanding United States forces on the coast of South Carolina, C. S.

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF THE SOUTH, HILTON HEAD, S. C., June 16, 1864.

Maj. General Sam. Jones, Commanding the Confederate forces. Department of South Carolina, Georgia and Florida:

GENERAL: I have to acknowledge the receipt this day of your communication of the 13th instant, informing me that five generals and forty-five field officers of the U. S. army, prisoners of war, have been turned over by you to Brig. Gen. Ripley, with instructions to see that they are provided with quarters in the part of the city occupied by non-combatants, the majority of which latter you state are women and children. You add that you deem it proper to inform me that it is part of the city which has been for many months exposed to the fire of our guns. Many months since Maj Gen Gilmore U. S. army notified Gen Beauregard, then commanding at Charleston, that the city would be bombarded. This notice was given that non-combatants might be removed, and thus women and children be spared from harm. Gen. Beauregard, in a communication to General Gilmore, dated August 22d, 1863, informed him that the non-combatant population of Charleston would be removed with all possible celerity. That the women and children have been since retained by you in the part of the city which has been for many months exposed to fire is a matter decided by your own sense of humanity. I must, however, protest against your action in thus placing defenceless prisoners of war in a position exposed to constant bombardment. It is an indefensible act of cruelty, and can be designed only to prevent the continuance of our fire upon Charleston. This city is a depot for military supplies, and contains not merely arsenals, but, also, foundries and factories for the manufacture of munitions of war. In its shipyard several armed ironclads have been already completed, while others are still upon the stocks in course of construction. Its wharves and the banks of the rivers on both sides of the city are lined with batteries. To destroy these means of continuing the war is therefore our object and duty.

You seek to defeat this effort, and, by means not known to honorable warfare, but by placing unarmed and helpless prisoners under fire. I have forwarded your communication to the President with the request that he will place in my custody an equal number of prisoners of like grades to be kept by me in positions exposed to the fire of your guns as long as you continue the course stated in your communication.

I have the honor to be, very respectfully, your obedient servant, J. G. FOSTER,
Major General Commanding.
D. C. WAGER, A. A. General.

Bogus Quotations for Gold.

BALTIMORE, June 21.

As an evidence of the bogus character of the gold quotations received here from New York and posted upon the bulletin boards of our gold gamblers, it may be well to state that this afternoon a respectable broker here tested the faith of our gold speculators in their quotations by offering to sell $5,000 in gold to a broker who had posted on his bulletin: "Gold wanted at 202." The dealer, however, backed down, and the highest he was willing to purchase at was 198½.

Fatal Accident in a Mine.

BLOOMSBURG, PA., June 21.

A miner, named James Branch, in the employ of McKelvy & Neal, was crushed to death in the mines to-day.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FOR RENT—A small House. Enquire of A. C. Smith, Attorney-at-Law, Walnut street. je22 d2t

INSTRUCTION BOOKS AND MUSIC FOR THE MELODEON, AND ALL INSTRUMENTS OF THE ORGAN CLASS.

ZUNDEL'S MELODEON INSTRUCTOR. Containing the Elements of Music, Progressive Exercises, and a large collection of Choice Music. $2 25

NEW METHOD FOR THE MELODEON. Selected mainly from "Zundel's Instructor," and containing in addition to Lessons and Exercises, a collection of Popular Songs, and a variety of Psalm and Hymn Tunes. $1 50

CARHART'S MELODEON. Elementary and Progressive Studies, with a collection of Choice Vocal and Instrumental Music. $1 50

AMERICAN SCHOOL FOR THE MELODEON. 1 50

MODEL MELODEON INSTRUCTOR. 1 50

WINNER'S PERFECT GUIDE FOR THE MELODEON. Designed as a Self Instructor, with Choice Music. 60

MELODEON WITHOUT A MASTER. 60

WOODBURY'S MELODEON INSTRUCTOR. 50

GREEN AND WHITE'S MELODEON INSTRUCTOR. 60

HOWE'S SERAPHINE AND MELODEON INSTRUC. 50

THE SERAPHINE. A collection of Music for the Melodeon, Seraphine and Reed Organ. 50

The instructions in each of the above books are suited not only to the Melodeon, but to all instruments of similar construction. For sale by J. E. Gould, Philadelphia. Oliver Ditson & Co., Publishers, Boston. je22-tf

FOR SALE.

THE SUBSCRIBER offers for sale, the property on Chestnut street, now occupied by Rev. D. Cross. GEORGE W. PORTER. je21-1w*

NOTICE.

A MEETING of the stockholders of the "Union Railroad and Mining Company" will be held at the Continental Hotel, in the city of Philadelphia, on Friday, the 22d day of July A. D. 1864, at one o'clock P. M. of said day, for the purpose of electing seven Directors to manage the affairs of said company for the ensuing year, and to transact such other business in which said company is interested, as may be brought before that meeting. By request of the Board of Directors.
WM. COLLIER, President.
HARRISBURG, June 20, 1864. je20-eod3w

FOR SALE.

BY JOHN OENSLAGER, several Building Lots, 206 feet deep, situate on Pennsylvania Avenue, above the Round House, and adjoining his residence. je21 1w*

Proposals for Corn and Oats.

OFFICE OF DEPOT QUARTERMASTER, HARRISBURG, PENNA., June 21, 1864.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at this office until 12 o'clock M. Monday, June 27th, to furnish this Department with
5000 bushels corn and
5000 bushels oats,
to be delivered at Hummelstown, (on the line of the Lebanon Valley railroad) and at Harrisburg.

Corn to be put up in good stout sacks of about two bushels each. Oats in like sacks of about three bushels each. The sacks to be furnished without extra charge to the Government.

Proposals for any amount, say over (2000) two thousand bushels, will be received.

Proposals for delivering corn and oats loose are also solicited.

Each party obtaining a contract will be required to enter into bonds with approved sureties, for its faithful execution.

The Department reserves to itself the right to reject any or all bids if not deemed satisfactory.

Proposals will be addressed to Captain E. C. Reichenbach, Ass't Q. M., Harrisburg, Penna., and will be endorsed "Proposals for Forage." By order of
CAPT. J. G. JOHNSON,
Chief Qr. Mr. Dep't Susquehanna,
E. C. REICHENBACH,
je21-td Capt. and Ass't Qr. Mr.

CITY TAX.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Common Council of the city of Harrisburg, have completed the levy and assessment of taxes for the year 1864, and that all persons shall be entitled to an abatement of

FIVE PER CENT.

on the amount of their respective City Taxes, on payment of the same to JOHN T. WILSON, Esq., City Treasurer, on or before the 1st day of July, 1864.
By order of the Common Council,
DAVID HARRIS, Clerk.
HARRISBURG, June 21, 1864.
N. B.—Taxes will be received by the Treasurer until 7 o'clock P. M., of each day. je21

FOR SALE.—A Five-horse-power STEAM ENGINE and BOILER, in good order. Apply to F. GEETY, feb23-tf Walnut street, below Sixth.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

HOTEL AT PUBLIC SALE.

THAT valuable Hotel property known as the

PARKE HOUSE,

on Market street, Harrisburg, Penn'a, will be offered at Public Sale, on the premises, on Wednesday, the 20th of July, at 2 o'clock, P. M. This property is in the centre of the business part of the city, within a square of the Court House and near the Railroad Depot, having a front of 27½ feet on Market street, extending back 210 feet to a 20 feet street in the rear, and now rents at $100 per month.

Terms of sale—one-half cash—the balance, if desired secured by mortgage, in yearly payments to suit purchaser.

For further information inquire of
JOHN S. DETWEILER,
Attorney-at-Law Harrisburg, Pa.
Or BENJ. PARKE,
je19-dts Parkvale, Susquehanna county, Pa.

SALE OF CONDEMNED HORSES.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
CAVALRY BUREAU,
OFFICE OF CHIEF QUARTERMASTER,
WASHINGTON, D. C., June 15, 1864.

WILL be sold at Public Auction to the highest bidder, at Giesboro Depot, on FRIDAY, the 24th instant, beginning at 10 o'clock, A. M., from one hundred (100) to one hundred and fifty (150) HORSES.

These horses have been condemned as unfit for the Cavalry service of the Army.

For road and farm purposes many good bargains may be had.

Horses sold singly.

Terms: cash, in U. S. currency.
JAMES A. EKIN,
je20-dtd. Lt. Col. & C. Q. M. Cav. Bureau.

T. F. WATSON,

MASTIC CEMENT

MANUFACTURER,

PITTSBURG, Pa.,

IS PREPARED to furnish and coat the exterior of Buildings with the MASTIC CEMENT, on a new system. This material is entirely different from all other cements used heretofore, and is the only reliable, imperishable coating for outside work. Mixed with proper proportions of pure Linseed Oil it forms a solid, durable adhesiveness to Brick or Stone Walls, making a beautiful, fine water proof surface and finish equal to Brown Stone or any color desired.

Among others for whom I have applied the Mastic Cement, I refer to the following gentlemen:
J. Bissell, residence, Penn street, Pittsburg.
J. D. M'Cord, " " "
J. H. Shoenberger residence, Lawrenceville.
A. Hoeveler, "
James M'Candless, " Allegheny city.
Calvin Adams, Third street, Pittsburg
James Wood, owner St. Charles Hotel, "
William Vobel, Girard House, "
Barr & Moser, architects Dispatch Buildings, "
John B. Cox, residence, Front street, Harrisburg, Pa.
A. J. Jones, " " "
Please address T. F. WATSON,
P. O. Box 1,306, Pittsburg, Pa.,
feb18-d6m or, Penna. House, Harrisburg, Pa.

A JOINT RESOLUTION proposing certain amendments to the Constitution.

Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following amendments be proposed to the Constitution of the Commonwealth, in accordance with the provisions of the tenth article thereof:

There shall be an additional section to the third article of the Constitution, to be designated as section four, as follows:

"SECTION 4. Whenever any of the qualified electors of this Commonwealth shall be in any actual military service, under a requisition from the President of the United States, or by the authority of this Commonwealth, such electors may exercise the right of suffrage in all elections by the citizens, under such regulations as are, or shall be prescribed by law, as fully as if they were present at their usual place of election."

SECTION 2. There shall be two additional sections to the eleventh article of the Constitution, to be designated as sections eight and nine, as follows:

"SECTION 8. No bill shall be passed by the Legislature containing more than one subject, which shall be clearly expressed in the title, except appropriation bills."

"SECTION 9. No bill shall be passed by the Legislature granting any powers, or privileges, in any case, where the authority to grant such powers, or privileges, has been, or may hereafter be, conferred upon the courts of this Commonwealth."

HENRY C. JOHNSON,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
JOHN P. PENNEY,
Speaker of the Senate.

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF THE COMMONWEALTH, HARRISBURG, April 25, 1864.

Pennsylvania, ss.

I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a full, true and correct copy of the original Joint Resolution of the General Assembly, entitled "A Joint Resolution proposing certain Amendments to the Constitution," as the same remains on file in this office.

IN TESTIMONY whereof, I have hereunto set my [L. S.] hand and caused the seal of the Secretary's office to be affixed, the day and year above written.
ELI SLIFER,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

The above resolution having been agreed to by a majority of the members of each House, at two successive sessions of the General Assembly of this Commonwealth, the proposed amendments will be submitted to the people, for their adoption or rejection, on the FIRST TUESDAY OF AUGUST, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four, in accordance with the tenth article of the Constitution, and the act, entitled "An Act prescribing the time and manner of submitting to the people, for their approval and ratification or rejection, the proposed amendments to the Constitution," approved the twenty-third day of April, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four.
ELI SLIFER,
ap27 *Secretary of the Commonwealth.*

Valuable Mill and Farm for Sale.

THE undersigned offers his MILL and FARM for sale. Any one wishing to purchase real estate cannot make a better paying investment, as it will be sold cheap. Come and see. A. WEITING,
je16-dawtf Middletown, Dauphin county, Pa.

REAL ESTATE AT PRIVATE SALE.

The several properties of the Estate of WILLIAM ALLISON, deceased, in the city of Harrisburg, consisting of Houses on Front street and Chestnut street, at and near the corner of Front and Chestnut streets, a vacant lot on Mulberry street, near Third street, and 19¼ acres of land at the eastern terminus of Market street, are offered for sale. For terms of sale apply to the undersigned, Seventh and Noble streets, Philadelphia.
THOMAS COCHRAN.
de21-dtf

PHOTOGRAPHS.

A LARGE assortment of Photographs of Generals and fancy pictures for sale CHEAP, at $1 per dozen, at SCHEFFER'S BOOK STORE,
my20 Harrisburg, Pa

HAY! HAY!! HAY!!!

HAY of the best quality is offered for sale. Call at M'CORMICK'S COAL OFFICE on the Canal Harrisburg. ap30-tf

HAY.

OF SUPERIOR QUALITY, for sale in small bales at the Keystone Farm, immediately below the city. [je18] J. MISH.

MESS SHAD.—Fine Mess Shad of the season, in half barrels and kits, just received at
SHISLER & FRAZER,
je17 Successors to W. Dock, Jr. & Co.

Land for Sale.

520 ACRES of Land, in Dauphin co. at private sale, in part or the whole, to suit purchasers; 135 acres clear, good buildings thereon, with Saw Mill. For further particulars, address
L. MINSKER,
my30-d3m* Dauphin, Dauphin county, Pa.

SUGARS, SYRUPS, TEAS, COFFEE, of all grades and prices, at
SHISLER & FRAZER,
Successors to W. Dock, Jr. & Co.
je17 Dealers in Fine Family Groceries.

CHEESE—Choice new crop Cheese, just received at SHISLER & FRAZER,
je17 Successors to W. Dock, Jr., & Co.

NEW BOOKS.—THE SHOULDER STRAPS AND DAYS OF SHODDY
Just received at [de18] SCHEFFER'S BOOKSTORE.

10 CASES FINE IMPERIAL FRENCH MUSTARD, for sale by
SHISLER & FRAZER,
my5 successors to W. Dock, Jr., & Co.

FINE TABLE OILS: 40 boxes fine table oils of the best importations for sale, wholesale and retail, by SHISLER & FRAZER,
my5 successors to W. Dock, Jr., & Co.

SMOKED SALMON.—FINE SMOKED SALMON, just received at
SHISLER & FRAZER,
feb3 (successors to Wm. Dock, jr., & Co.)

BUTTER, BUTTER.—Fresh roll butter from Snyder county received every week. Also eggs at [my4] BOYER & KOERPER.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

BEAUTIFUL HOME FOR SALE.

J. H. BERRYHILL having disposed of all his ground above town, except eight acres with the buildings, offers this, together or divided, to suit purchasers. je18-10t

PIANO FORTES, MELODEONS, SHEET MUSIC, VIOLINS, FLUTES, GUITARS, BANJOS, STRINGS, DRUMS, FIFES, and all kinds of MUSICAL MERCHANDISE, PICTURE FRAMES, LOOKING GLASSES, PHOTOGRAPH CARDS and ALBUMS, AMBROTYPE GEMS, ENGRAVINGS, PICTURES, &C., &C.

Remember the place, SILAS WARD, No. 12 Third street, the largest Music Store this side of the great cities. jan28-dtf

NO EXCUSE FOR EXPLOSIONS.

ASHCROFT'S LOW WATER DETECTOR

IS AN INFALLIBLE PROTECTION against explosion or burning of the flues or boiler, as nothing can prevent it (if not tampered with) from giving immediate notice of lack of water in the boiler, in season to put on a supply without drawing the fires. Want of water is the great source of so many sad catastrophes which have recently occurred.

We *warrant* this instrument to be a *perfect insurance* against such contingencies. Price $50.

Full instructions as to the mode of application as well as references to most of the prominent manufacturers and iron masters of the State using them, sent on application to D. C. MEADE & CO., Pittsburg, Pa.
D. C. MEAD, CHAS. MAGGI. } je17

CRYSTALIZED CONCENTRATED LEMONADE,

IS a pleasant, healthy beverage.

Very convenient and refreshing for invalids having fever or great thirst.

Its portability recommends it to travelers.

Its convenience at pic-nics will be appreciated.

No sugar required; one table spoonful simply dissolved in a glass of cold water and it is done.

KELLER'S DRUG AND FANCY GOOD STORE,
je17 No. 91, Market street.

GREAT CENTRAL SANITARY FAIR

EXCURSION EXTENDED.

EXCURSION TICKETS

WILL BE ISSUED BY THE

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD COMPANY,

TO VISITORS TO THE SANITARY FAIR,

FROM Harrisburg, Columbia, Lancaster, Parkesburg, Paoli, and intermediate stations, to Philadelphia and return.

From Harrisburg, by the Mount Joy Accommodation ..... 7:20 A. M.
Columbia Accommodation leaving at ..... 12:20 P. M.
And by the Harrisburg Accommodation, leaving at ..... 5:25 P. M.
From Columbia, by train at ..... 8:20 A. M.
" " " " ..... 1:53 P. M.
" " " " ..... 6:50 P. M.
From Lancaster, by train at ..... 9:00 A. M.
" " " " ..... 1:34 P. M.
From Parkesburg, by train at ..... 7:00 A. M.
" " to West Philadelphia only, at ..... 3:00 P. M.
From Paoli, by train at ..... 7:00 A. M.
" " to West Philadelphia only, at ..... 4:16 P. M.

EXCURSION TICKETS will be good for a return trip on either of the accommodation trains which leave Philadelphia Passenger station at 10:00 A. M., 1:30 P. M., 2:30 P. M., 4:00 P. M. and West Philadelphia Station at 6:00 P. M.

EXCURSION TICKETS will not be sold by Conductors in the cars, and will not be good upon any other than the trains specified.

EXCURSION TICKETS will be sold until the 24th of June, good for a return trip until the 25th inst.
ENOCH LEWIS,
je17 tf General Superintendent.

SELLING OUT LOW!

OUR STOCK OF LIQUORS!

WE intend to discontinue the sale of Liquors and offer our stock at a very small advance from cost price. We have purchased all our liquors before the last rise and have a large stock on hand for three or four years, which are guaranteed cannot be purchased now at any price from the importers.

Our stock consists of

WHISKIES

of all grades.

☞We have parts of three barrels pure RYE, not colored, and 10 degrees above proof, 2¼ years old.

WINES of all Grades, Domestic and Imported.

BRANDIES.

We have part of ¼ cask HENNESSEY BRANDY, to which we invite the particular attention of families for medicinal purposes.

The Brandy cannot be bought to-day, from importers, less than $15 per gallon. We will sell it for $12 per gallon.

SCOTCH AND ENGLISH ALES,
CHAMPAGNE WINES,
CLARETS, &C.

We invite the inspection of Hotel Keepers and Liquor Merchants generally, as we intend to sell, without reserve, all our Liquors, and this will be a good opportunity for bargains. je20 SHISLER & FRAZER.

"COSTAR'S"

VERMIN

EXTERMINATORS.

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For Rats, Mice, Roaches, Ants, Bed Bugs, Fleas, Moths in Furs, Woolens, Insects on Plants, Fowls, Animals, etc.

"15 years established in N. Y. City."
"Only infallible remedies known."
"Free from Poisons."
"Not dangerous to the Human Family."
"Rats come out of their holes to die."

☞Sold by all Druggists everywhere
☞!!! BEWARE !!! of all worthless imitations.
☞"Costar's" Depot, No. 482 Broadway, N. Y.
☞Sold by D. W. GROSS & CO., Wholesale and retail agents.
And by all Druggists in Harrisburg, Pa. je10-dawSm

Mattrasses! Spring-Beds!! Comforts!!!

PALM LEAF HAIR TOP MATTRASSES.
Plain Leaf Cotton Top Mattrasses.
Corn Husk Mattrasses.
Patent Spring Slat Beds.
Feather Pillows and Bolsters.
Cotton Comforts and Spreads
Ladies' Willow Work Stands.
Carpet Camp Stools.
Door Rugs. Carpet Hassacks.
Iron Bed-steds, latest pattern, &c., &c.

N. B.—Sofas, Lounges, Cushions, Chairs, and Mattrasses repaired. Hair and Spring Mattrasses made to order. No. 109 Market street, Harrisburg, Pa.
je18-d1m J. T. BARNITZ.

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THE FARMER BOY, and how he became Commander-in-Chief, $1 25

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At BERGNER'S BOOK STORE.

A FEW MORE PIECES OF CANVAS for Awnings and Wagon Covers.
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