# Daily Telegraph

THE PEOPLE'S CHOICE FOR PRESIDENT, ABRAHAM LINCOLN.

HARRISBURG, PA. WEDNESDAY EVENING, MAY 18, 1864.

FOR THE AMENDMENT OF THE CONSTITUTION CRANTING THE

SOLDIERS RIGHT TO VOTE

How the People of Pennsylvania can Repay their Soldiers.

The people of Pennsylvania owe a lasting debt of gratitude to the soldiers who have not only defeated Lee's magnificent plan to invade and overrun this State, but who have driven the rebel army back into its outer entrenchments protecting Richmond. This debt is not to be liquidated by an increase of pay or the bestowal of the empty honors of applause. The American soldier fights for a nobler recognition, than that which is conveyed by money and huzzas. What he contends for now, is the safety of the National authority, the perpetuity of the National Union and the complete recognition of the National Government. Those who sympathize with the efforts of the slave power to destroy all these, insist that while the soldier is contending for their success, he forfeits all his rights and franchises, becoming not merely a machine in the hands of the military, but a slave in the estimation of the civil power of the Government. Those who uphold the war, who sustain the Government and oppose treason, insist that the soldier forfeits none of the rights of citizenship which he possessed before he entered the army: The issue of this question is to be tried at the election in August next. While the soldier is fighting the battles of the Government in a struggle with traitors, the highest honors which the people at home can bestow on the heroes in the army is to guarantee the legal right of the franchise to every Pennsylvanian now in, or who may hereafter enter, the army... The enemies of the Government are opposed to the enfranchisement of the soldier. It is natural that they should be, as the soldier's exercise of the franchise will deprive the traitor sympathizers of all hope of again getting possession of the civil functions of the Government. These are important points to be decided at the election on the Constitutional amendments in August next; and the result of that election will fix the elections to follow in October and November. Hence the policy of at once organizing for the election in August If that election is decided against the soldiers in the field, what right have the people who stay at home. to expect the soldier to peril his life in defence of their peace and property? We hope, therefore,

now until the election in August, to the advocacy of the soldiers' right to vote. Who are Our Enemies?

that every loyal journal in the State will at

once devote a portion of its columns from

The man who looks at this war dispassionately, and directs his observations only to the men who are engaged in the rebellion, cannot ail to be moved by strange sensations of horror at the ingratitude of the leading conspirators. No government ever did more for any people, or for any section of the domain over which it ruled, than has the government of the United States done for the people of the South and the South itself. If left to themselves when the Federal Union was formed, the States of the South would have been little further advanced than are those which form the Mexican nation-little more improved, in fact, than any of the retrograding States of South America. But, borne forward by the spirit of progress which has animated and improved the great free States since the organization of the Union, the slave States have been actually prevented from relapsing into barbarism. The very spirit of their institutions and laws tended to the barbarous. The liberty of speech and the freedom of the press have both been jealously restricted in the South, while the millions held in slavery were shut out from all educational light, by laws as strict as those which are enacted in the free States for the protection of life and property. A people thus governed in their local relations needed some powerful influence to prevent them from relapsing into at least semi-barbarism; so that, had it not been for the example and the progress of the free States, with the patronage and distribution of offices by the G eneral Government, the slave States would have years since been convulsed by their own passions, and become the scenes of that bloodshed and violence which are the common results of a government where might makes right. In addition to the force of these examples, the people of the South, as individuals and as communities, have been larger benefitted by the direct patronage of the government than those of any other section of the Union. From the forma tion of the Government the leaders of Southern society were nothing more than mere place-hunters at the disposal of the administration in power. The sons of rich planters looked forward to positions in the army and the navy, as belonging to them by a sort of inheritance, until when the war of rebellion was precipitated, the South had the control of the naval and military forces of the Government. Those who failed as professional men in the South were either furnished with desks and sinecures in the departments at Washington, or they were sent abroad to disgrace the embassies representing the nation at the courts of the rulers of Europe. Such were the benefits conferred on the people of the South. What they had of prosperity was derived directly from the national Government. What they possessed of social refinement, luxury or education, were either the product of Northern handicraft, or the teaching of the universities and colleges in the same section.

And yet these are the people that lieve red volted and combined for the destruction of the government and the desolation of that volted and combined for the destruction of the government and the desolation of that the best disciplined and best instructed in portion of its domain from which have been portion of its domain from which have been artillery in his command," it is but reasonation of the place under guard.

Attack yet these are the people that the invasion of the frontier of the frontier.

General Vidaurri and a number of his officers, by Major-General Augur, as "one of the rebel army, and be brought prisoner of the represented, in general videous prisoner of the rebel army, and be brought prisoner of the rebel army, and the rebel army, and the rebel army are the rebel army and a number of his officers.

derived the wealth and the influence that have supported the power and maintained the dignity of the entire nation. How atrocious, then, becomes the rebellion of the people of the South, when these facts are considered The people whom this Government most served, a section which all the other portions of the country contributed to maintaining, now in revolt, aiming to overthrow and destroy the purest and the greatest government in the world. It seems as if God intended that a conspiracy like that of the slave-holders should be linked with the blackest ingratitude. that the doom of the ingrates and the conspirtors might be made more terrible.

#### Patriotism of the Lutheran Church.

The General Synod of the Lutheran Church of the United States held its biennial session in York, Pa., during the last ten days. A committee on the state of the country, consisting of one member from each Synod represented, was appointed, of which Rev. W. A. Passavant, of Pittsburg, was Chairman. The following patriotic resolutions were reported by the committee, and unanimously adopted, on a call of the yeas and nays. It will be seen that they take strong ground in support of the Government, and most emphatically condemn the system of American slavery as a sin against God, and as the cause of the rebellion. They also rabuke the at tempt of Bishop Hopkins, in his celebrated letter, to prove that slavery is a divine institution. By the adoption of these resolutions the Lutheran Church of the United States places itself fairly on the side of justice and right. We bespeak for them the careful peru-

sal of our readers: Resolved, That having assembled a second time during the prevalence of civil war in our land, this Synod cannot separate without solemnly re-affirming the declarations adopted a our last Convention in reference to the origin nating cause of the rebellion, the necessity of its forcible suppression, the righteousness of the war which is waged by the Government of the United States for the maintenance of the national life, and the consequent duty of every Christian to support it by the whole weight of his influence, his prayers and his efforts.

Resolved, That we acknowledge with pro-

found gratitude to Almighty God, the various important successes which have thus fa crowned our arms; the merciful interposition of Providence in delivering us from the inva-sions of the enemy, and in protecting our homes, our churches and our institutions from the desolations of war; and the cheering progress which has been made by the Government and the Nation in the recognition of the laws of God and the rights of man in the measures which have been adopted for the suppression of the rebellion.

Resolved, That recognizing the sufferings and calamities of war as the righteous judg ment of a just God visited upon us for our transgressions, we call upon our pastors and churches to unite with us in the confession of our many and grievous individual and national sins, and in fervent supplications for the Divine forgiveness, that as a people we may break off sins by righteousness, and do justly, love mercy, and walk humbly with God.

Resolved, That as persistent efforts are

making among us by professedly christian writers to prove, from the Holy Scriptures, the Divine institution of American slaverythe principal cause of this wicked rebellion we, the Delegates of the General Synod of the Evangelical Lutheran Church in the United States, hereby express our unqualified condemnation of such a course, which claims the sanction of the merciful God and Father of us all for a system of human oppression which exists only by violence, under the cover of niquitous laws. 🕆

[Note-The vote on the adoption of the ast resolutions by yeas and nays, was as fol-

•	Yeas—Clerical
	Total
	Total
S	ck and Wounded Pennsylvania Vol

Information respecting Pennsylvania soldiers in the hospitals of Philadelphia, may be obtained by application to Joseph Parker. Chief of Hospital Commission, at the rooms of the Young Men's Christian Association, No. 1011 Chestnut street.

## By Telegraph

Special Dispatch to the Pennsylvania Telegraph. BY THE INLAND LINE.

The Fourth Pennsylvania Artillery.

Special dispatch to the Telegraph.]

WASHINGTON, May 18. The following is a roster of the officers of the above named regiment, commissioned by Governor Curtin and now awaiting mustering in. President Lincoln having decided that the Governor's rights should be respected:

Colonel-Wm M McClure. Lieutenant-Colonel-A S Fuller Senior Major—S D Strawbridge.

Junior Major—Presley Cannon.
Company A—Captain Frank W Paul, 1st
Lieutenant James W Haig.
Company B—Captain B F Winger, 1st Lieuenant D L Dubbs

Company C-Captain John H Guisinger, st Lieutenant R L Debert. Company D-Captain Wm K Lafferty, 1st ieutenant B F Everett. Company E—Captain Wm Barba, 1st Lieutenant C A Dunkelberg, 2nd Lieutenant S W

Clark. Company F-Captain Samuel H Davis: 1st Lieutenant John Ford, jr., 2nd Lieutenant A P Price. Company G-Captain George C Wilson,

lst Lieutenant John-McGurk. Company H Captain Joseph L Iredell, 1st Lieutenant S.H. Witt. Company I-Captain George W Utt, 1st Lieutenant Geo S'Lee: Company K-Captain Geo. W Webb. 1st

Lieutenant John S Kline.

The new regiment is composed of the surplus recruits of the Second Pennsylvania Artillery, and is 1,500 strong The above named officers were selected (the field officers and captains) from the commissioned officers,

ble to expect that the Fourth, being an offshoot of the Second, will win additional honors and add fresh laurels to those already won GRAFFEN. by the parent stem.

CHEERING NEWS FROM BUTLER.

REINFORGEMENTS GONE UP. THREE ARMIES BESIEGING RICHMOND.

DANVILLE RAILROAD CUT BY CEN. KAUTZ Baltimore, May 18-10 A. M.

We learn that there is cheering news in this

city from Gen. Butler's army. Large reinforcements have gone forward, and the combined force amounted to not less than sixty thousand men. These were divided into three parties, one menacing Petersburg, and keeping the rebel troops employed there. Another was besieging Fort Darling, with every prospect of an early success, while a third army larger, than either of the others, was marching upon Richmond.

Hopes were expressed that the rebel Capital would soon be captured. Indeed, prominent officers predicted that the city would be ours before Wednesday, 18th inst.

These rumors came through previous to the arrival of Gen. Sheridan's cavalry, which would be a large and valuable addition to the forces operating under Gen. Butler's com-

Certain information had come to hand that the Danville road had been cut by Gen. Kautz. The roads in that part of Virginia are in admirable condition, and the prevailing rains yould not impede military operations.

The only bad news at hand is that Beaure gard, with a large force, had made a forced march from Weldon and Petersburg to the left of the line of the railroad, and had reached Richmond, doubtless on his way to join

### From Washington.

Arrival of General Wadsworth's Body.

Beauregard Reinforced. The Defences of Richmond General J. E. B. Stewart

The Rebels Determined to Hold Richmond.

WASHINGTON, May 18-1 P. M. General Wadsworth's body has arrived, and vill proceed North to-morrow.

The rebels had it decently interred in a plack pine coffin. It is too much decomposed to embalm.

Lieutenant-Colonel Kochersperger, of the 71st Pennsylvania volunteers, is at the Semnary hospital at Georgetown.

A telegraphic messenger employed in Peersburg, Virginia, who has just escaped, inorms me that Beauregard has been reinforced by Ransom's division, and the rebels were crowding their forces into Richmond by the way of Greensboro" and Danville. He states there are five formidable iron

clads at Richmond, and that there are heavy batteries on the James river from Warwick's to Drury's Bluff.

He believes the rebels are making every effort to put their united strength in Lee's army against Grant.

The Dispatch reported General Stuart, after ruse. He says the prevailing opinion in the country around Richmond is that if they can hold the capital during this campaign that the war will terminate-consequently every effort is directed for its maintenance.

The rebels have great confidence in the generalship of Lee and express the belief that the city would have fallen a week since under GRAFFEN. any other commander.

ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT. By the Atlantic and Ohio Telegraph Line

### FROM THE FRONT.

Roads Improving 72.196 M at 145.3 v il Grant Reinforced and Preparing to Moye. The Rebellion to be Overthrown.

Draft to Take. Place on the 1st of July. OFFICIAL DISPATCH OF SECRETARY STANTON.

Maj. Gen. Cadwallader, Phliadelphia: We have no reports of operations since my last dispatch. last dispatch.

The latest information from General Grant was that the roads had been greatly improved. Large reinforcements had reached him, and he designed to move against the

WASHINGTON May 18,

enemy without delay.

It is the design of the government to keep up the national forces until the rebellion is overthrown, and in order to provide against any inopportune reduction. When the service of the hundred days' men go out, a draft to fill up their places, and all other reductions, will be ordered to take place on the first of July, by which time the new enrollments will

be completed.

No order is yet issued.

(Signed) EDWIN M. STANTON, Secretary of War.

FROM CAIRO. 192045 CAIRO, May 17. In order to correct abuses on Mississipp river men, General Washburne has ordered that no boats shall land between Cairo and that no boats such the mouth of White river, except at garrisoned points nor be allowed to land supplies even at such post without special permit from

headquarters. The ram Monarch has been sent down the

## From Western Virginia.

Gen. Crook Fights the Rebels and Gains a Victory.

Gen. A. Jenkins in Our Hands, and Mortally Wounded.

Destruction of a Railroad Bridge and Several Miles of Road.

CINCINNATI, May 18.

The Commercial has received the following dispatch: GAULEY'S BRIDGE, Va., May 11.

A courier arrived this morning direct from Gen. Crook's army.

General Crook has fought three battles near Newbern, with the forces under Generals Morgan, Sam. Jones and A. Jenkins, gaining a complete victory over the enemy.

The rebels lost 600 killed and wounded,

and 300 prisoners. General A. Jenkins fell into our hands mor tally wounded.

Our loss was 400 killed and wounded. A large railroad bridge over New River, at Newbern, with several miles of track, was completely destroyed. General Crook was at Newbern, on the East Tennessee and Virginia railroad, 100 miles west of Lynchburg.

#### From Washington.

The Repored Calling Out of Four Hundred Thousand Men Contradicted.

WASHINGTON, May 18. The alleged proclamation of the President calling for four hundred thousand men was not received at this agency. We have no

knowledge or belief in its authenticity.
Signed, D. H. CRAIG.
WASHINGTON May 18. Major General Cadwallader, Philadelphia: I have just seen a copy of the spurious proclamation referred to in your telegram. It is a base and treasonable forgery.

(Signed) EDWIN M. STANTON,

Secretary of War. Washington, May 18.—A paper purporting to be a proclamation of the President, countersigned by the Secretary of State, and bearing date the 17th day of May, is reported to this Department as having appeared in the New York World of this date. The paper is New York World of this date. The paper is an absolute forgery. No proclamation of this kind or any other has been made or proposed to be made by the President; or issued or proposed to be issued by the State Department or any Department of this Government.

(Signed) WILLIAM H. SEWARD, Secretary of State.

Gen. Smith Driven Back by the Enemy at Drury's Bluff.

His Lines Regained and the Enemy Punished. ATTACK ON GENERAL BUTLER REPULSTED.

Bragg and Davis on the Field. SIGEL ENGAGED BY ECHOLS, IMBODEN AND BRECKINRIDGE AT

He Recrosses the Shenandoah

NEW MARKET.

Five Guns Lost and Six Hundred Killed and Wounded.

SUCCESSES OF BUTLER AND SHERMAN, AND DEFEAT OF SIGEL.

Washington, May 17-9 p. m. Major-General Cadwallader, Philadelphia:

Dispatches from General Butler, just received, report the success of his expedition, under General Kautz, to cut the Danville road the fight at Yellow Tayern, to move off at the and destroy the iron bridge across the Appo head of his cavalry. He thinks his death a mattox. That, on Monday morning, the ene my in force, under cover of a thick fog, made an attack upon Smith's line, and forced it back in some confusion and with considerable loss; but, as soon as the fog lifted, Gen. Smith re-established his line, the enemy was driven back to his original line. At the same time the enemy made an attack from Petersburg on Gen. Butler's forces guarding the rear, but were handsomely repulsed. The troops having been on incessant duty for five days, three of which were in a rain storm, Gen. Butler retired leisurely within his own lines. That

we hold the railroads between Petersburg and

Richmond. Prisoners state that Bragg and

Davis were present on the field. Dispatches from Gen. Sigel, received last evening, report that on Sunday he fought the forces of Echols and Imboden, under Breckinridge, at New Market; that the enemy's forces were superior in number, and that he gradually writhdrew from the battle-field and re-crossed the Shenandoah, having lost five pieces of artillery and about six hundred pieces of artiflery and about six hundred killed and wounded, and fiffy taken pris-oners, but bringing all his trains and all the wounded that could be transported from the battle-field. He states that in consequence of the long line and the trains that had to be guarded, he could not bring more than six infantry regiments into the fight, be sides the artillery and cavalry, and that the enemy had about seven thousand infantry, besides other arms. That his retrograde movement to Strasburg was effected in perfect order, without any loss of materiel or men. He gives no list of casualties, but Lieutenant-Colonel Lincoln; of the 34th Massachusetts regiment, is reported to be wounded

and captured. No report of any operations of the Army of the Potomac have been received to-day. A dispatch from General Sherman reports

his advance upon Johnston as progressing to his satisfaction. His supplies are abundant, and our animals are improving on the grass and grain fields, which afford good pasture.

(Signed)

Secretary of War.

## Later from Mexico.

The French Again Defeated.

CAIRO, May 17.

Advices from New Orleans to 11th inst.
have been received. Generals Herron, Benton, Hamilton, and a large number of officers, both American and Mexican had arrived in that city.

The Mexican Minister at Matamoras

making arrangements for the support of the Juarez Government.

Gen. Uraga was reported to have defeated 30,000 French at Albuquerque.
The French are reported to be organizing an expedition at San Eurs for the invasion of

Louisiana State Convention.

The Abolition of Slavery.

CAIRO, May 17.
The advices from New Orleans say, that the Louisiann State Convention had amended the Constitution by a vote of 70 to 16, that slavery and involuntary servitude except for the pundon the constitution of the cons ishment of crime, are hereby forever abolished and prohibited in the State, and that the lature shall make no law recognizing the

right of property.

The cotton market was buoyant at 73c to 86c. Sugar was at a stand still. Molasses

Another Bogus "World" Rumor.

#### he proclamation printed in its issue of this morning, is bogus and a fraud.

WILLSON—HARRIS.—On the 13th day of May, 1864, by the Rev. Wm. R. Dewitt, D. D., Charles H. Willson to Miss Louisa D. Harris, all of Harrisburg.

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

BOARDING. -A Gentleman and Lady, or two single gantlemen, can be accommodated with Boarding by applying in Chestnut street, two doors from Raspberry alley.

OTICE.—The person who left a box of Carpenter's Tools at the store of the undersigned, some time ago, is requested to carband take them away or they will be sold according to law. A. B. MyfADDEN, Grocer, corner of State and Filbert. my18-3t\*

MIDWIFERY.—Persons desiring the services of a nurse can be accommodated by calling at Mr. GEO. YOUSLING'S, in Filbert street near South. The best of references as to experience, &c., can be given.

my18-31\*

## Dental Preparations

GRANULAR BENTIFRICE!

AMERICAN TOOTH WASH!

THESE elegant preparations combine the inost destrable cleansing and Astringent, qualities. They render the Gruns hard and healthy; neutralize the acid secretions of the mouth, (thereby removing the prime cause of decay) By their detersive properties they preserve the natural color of the Teeth, without in the least degree injuring the enamel, while they impart to the breath a fragrance peculi ariy aromatic and pleasant in fact they are THE BEST ARTICLES in use for the purposes named, as a fair trial will fully demonstrate, and as has been abundantly proved by their extensive, sale in this community during the last 14 years; and which will be readily testified to by many who have repeatedly urged the Proprietor to still further extend their sale and usefulness. They are warranted to be free from those destructive acids which so frequently contaminate many of the preparations of the present day. Prepared and sold at the Bantal Rooms of the Proprietor, corner of Second and Walnut streets.

Surgeon Dentist.

For sale also by the principal Druggists of the city.

Surgeon Dentis For sale also by the principal Druggists of the city. ap21-dtf

JULIUS ROSENDALE,



BEGS to inform the inhabitants of Harrisburg and vicinity that he has removed to No. 28 North Second street, two doors from Walnut, Thankful for the confidence and patronege bestowed on me during my stay on Market Square, I hope to merit a continuance of the same at my new stand.

to Amaurosis.
Constantly on hand, a large assortment of Achromatic Microscopes, Spy Glasses, Opera, Marine and Field. Glasses; Stereoscopes and Views, Magic Lanterns, Barometers

and Electropathic physicians, respectfully offer professional services in all the various branches of their professional services in all the various branches of the profession, for the treatment of all acute and chroni-

orms of disease.

The remedial means they employ in the treatment o

sia cured in a few treatments; all diseases of the urinary and genital organs; Female Diseases, Asthma, Pilea and Prolapsus Ani; Amaurosis and all kindred affections of the eye; Auretus, Strictures, all skin diseases, &c. Persons calling will be told whether they can be bone-fitted and no case taken where some relief cannot be afforded. Consultation free. Office, South Second street, below Chestnut, Harrisburg, ?A.: Office hours from 8 to 12 A. E., 1½ to 6 and 7 to 9 P.E. ALEX R. WYETH, M. D., DR. J. MILTON CREAMER

NO. 4 JONES' ROW.

Late the property of T. J. BURNETT, deceased, and that he will continue the business at the old stand, where he will constantly keep on hand a general assortment of

ROR SALE—A very handsome Two-horse PRDLER WAGON—cheap for cash. Direct letter to BOX,No. 313, Hamisburg, Pa. marli-tf

TAMS! HAMS! Michener's Excelsion.

Just cured. Received and for sale at SHISLER & FRAZER.

mar28 [Successors to W. Dock, Jr., & Co.)

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

LOTS FOR SALE. SEVERAL LOTS on Third street, near North, are for sale. Inquire at WALTERS' Store, corner of North and Third streets. myl7.u' INVITE THE ATTENTION OF CITY

## DRY GOODS,

which has been bought before the recent advance in all kinds of Domestic and Imported Goods, which I will sell off at an advance of ten per cent. of city wholesis

### Flannels, Prints.

lower than anybody else. Ginghams, Linen Table Cloth, Cassimeres, Satinetts, Cottonates, Muslins of all prices, especially one yard wide muslin, three yards for one dollar, which can really not be beat.

### Shawls, Silk Goods.

I always keep a large and we'll selected stock all linea handkerchiefs at ten cents apiece, and up. Best two hundred yard spools, white and chored, at

for Ladies and Children, in all styles.

Paper Collars, &c.,

SOL. BROWNOLD, Corner Second and Market

SCOTT & STEWART, AUCTIONEERS. No. 622 CHESTNUT STREET, PHILADELPHIA. FINE ARTS.

ALL SHADES. LIGHT AND DARK CLOTH COATS.

NEW STYLES
BLACK SILK COATS AND CIRCULARS.

A large assortment of LACE POINTS, SILK SHAWLS, AND FANCY PARASOLS.

CIRCULAR.

ELIAS BARR & Co. respectfully announce that they have in preparation a History of the Penasylvania Reserves from their organization to the expira-

tion of their term of service.

This History will contain the names of all the Officer and Privates of the Corps—their promotions, casualties and discharges -also, graphic descriptions of their camp life and their gallant achievements in the many battles in which they have taken part-all derived from official and anthentic sources

a steel engraving of the lamented Reynolds, and one of Sovernor Curtin, (who first recommended the formation of the Pennsylvania Reserve Corps,) and will be sold only by subscription. It will be ready in August next. Price -Three dollars per copy.

whose gallant achievements and patriotic self-devotion it records, will secure for "The History" a generous and

appreciative reception.

ELIAS BÄRR & CO., Publishers,
No. 6 East King street.

LANCASTER, April 25, 1864.

AGENTS WANTED to Canvass for the above work in every
district of Pennsylvanin. Responsible references required.

my4-d&wlm.

APPEALS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the

NO EXCUSE FOR EXPLOSIONS.

PATRIOTIC GIFT BOOK. OUR CONSTITUTION, GOVERNMENT AND UNION. "Our Government," an expecition of the Constitution, ac., for popular use. By M. WKISSEY: Price \$1. For sale at del4

BERGNER'S BOOKSTORE. THE CELEBRATED VIRGINIA OIL OF

SPERM CANDLES, first quality, all sizes.
SHISLER & ERAZER,
(successors to Wm. Dock, jr., & Ca.)

HAY of the best quality is offered for the can at a cornic can be can at a cornic can be controlled for the can at a cornic can be can at a cornic can be can also, 100 Barrels of CHOICE APPLES for sale at 10th WISE Fruit Store)

80 cents for new.

NEW YORK, May 18.

The World states on its bulletin board that

#### MARRIED.

## Dr. J. P. KELLER'S



PARTICULAR ATTENTION is called to the CELEBRATED TINTED PARABOLE SPECTACLES,

CELEBRATED TINTED PARABOLE SPECTACLES, for which I claim the undermentioned edvantages:

1st. That from the peculiar construction of the Giasses, they assist and preserve the sight, rendering frequent change quite unnecessary.

2d. That they confer a brilliancy and distinctness of vision, with an amount of ease and comfort not hitherto enjoyed by spectacle wearers.

3d. That the material from which the Lenses are ground is manufactured specially for optical purposes, and is PUBE, HARD AND BRILLIANT, and fol liable to become soratched.

4th. That the frames in which they are set, whether in gold, silver or steel, are of the finest quality and finish, and guaranteed perfect in every respect.

5th. That, from their peculiar color, they prevent a sa perfinity of light affecting the retina, and therefore strengthning the optic nerve and rendering it less liable to Amaurosis.

Remember that Resendate's Institute will be perma at No. 29 North Second street, five doors from the B

ap7-daw3m ELECTRICITY. DRS. WYETH and CREAMER, Eclectic

forms of disease.

The reinedial means they employ in the treatment of disease consist of Magnetism, Galvanism, Electro-Magnetism, the Swedish method of Localized movement cure, a few Eclectic medicines when deemed necessary, and in fact all the natural curative agents that may successfully be brought to bear upon the disease.

They do not wish to be understood as arrogating to themselves any superfority of professional skill, but they believe the remedies they employ in the treatment of disease far superior to those generally employed byphysicians, from the fact that they act in perfect harmony with the laws governing and controlling the human system. To this, and the fact that they confine themselves to no particular pathy or system, they attribute their success i controlling disease.

The principal agent they employ in the treatment of disease, namely, Electricity, is an agent wonderful in its phenomena and powerfuli-nits effects for good or ill. It is an ever present, all-pertriding principle, governing all things, from rolling worlds down to the invisible particles of gasseous matter. We see it in the lightning's flash and hear the manifestations of its power in the muttering flunder. It is the cause of all decomposition, recomposition and transformation. It excites all motion. It is the exciting cause of life, growth, decay and death. It causes secretion, excretion, digestion, it lays hold of the crude food in the stomach, converts it into a state of fluidity, transmutes it into arterial blood, and sends it on its important office of supplying nutriment according to the great agent through which the mind acts upon the body. It is the cause of all causes excretions, but they are facts admitting of strong and irresistible proof. Is it then, facts admitting of strong and irresistible proof. Is it then,

the Infinite Mind whith created it and brought it into use. These may appear like mere assertions, but they are facts admitting of strong and irresistible proof. Is it then, to be wondered at that an agent so wonderful in its phenomena; so powerful in its manifestations and so intimately conficeted with all the operations of the human system, should be almost absolute in its power of controlling disease? Certainly not. It is a natural sequence and follows as surely as day follows night. Among the diseases which are found to yield readily to Electricity, in conjunction with proper adjunct treatment, may be mentioned the following; Incipient Consumption, Paralysis, Epiliptic, Hysteric and other Convulsions; Neuralia, in its worst forms, Rhuematism, inflammatory and chronic; all diseases of the nervous system; Dyspersia caired in a few treatments; all diseases of the urinary and genital organs; Female Diseases, Asthma, Piles and

THE UNDERSIGNED respectfully informs HAT AND CAP STORE

HATS, CAPS, &c.,

TO THE PUBLIC.—The undersigned will offer for sale, in their season, a very large quantity of MOSE RUSHES, and FLOWER PLANTS in great values.

prices.

Among them you will find Dress Goods of all styles and colors, among which I will only mention a stock of Challies, which for beauty of style can't be surpassed.

## NOTIONS AND GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS.

Tea Napkins, \$1 75 per dezen. Kid Gloves best and cheapest. Hoop Skirts.

Also, constantly a stock of gloves, bose, undershirts and drawers, neckties, scarfs, and Lockwood's linealined

FINE ARTS.

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Wednesday, June 1st, until Saturday, June 4th, both days inclusive;
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For the county of Northumberland, at the office of P. M. Shindle, assistant assessor, Sunbury, Pa.
For the county of Union, at the office of assistant assessor charles H. Shimer, in Mifflinburg.
For the county of Snyder, at the office of assistant assessor John Bigler, ir Middleburg.
For the county of Juniata, at the office of assistant assessor John Bigler, ir Middleburg.
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