Baily Telegraph

HARRISBURG, PA

MONDAY EVENING, MAY 16, 1864. THE PEOPLE'S CHOICE FOR PRESIDENT,

ABRAHAM LINCOLN.

FOR THE AMENDMENT OF THE CONSTITUTION

GRANTING THE SOLDIERS' RIGHT TO VOTE

County Convention.

A Union County Convention was held this afternoon for the purpose of selecting conferees to appoint a delegate to the National Convention. Messrs. H. J. Meiley, George Bergner and Captain M. Novinger were unanimously chosen. Proceedings of the Convention in full will appear to-morrow.

The Heart as well as the Back of the Rebellion Must be Broken.

It is admitted by all except those who have a political or personal interest in the success of the slaveholders' rebellion, that its military back-bone has been broken, and that it will henceforth lack the vigor of making any serious demonstrations in the field. Those who started with rebellion, claiming that the South could never be conquered, still cling to their preposterous notions. The copperhead leaders, for instance, profess not to see anything decisive in our victories on the Rapidan .-These men still claim that the South can never be conquered, and insist, in the midst of our glorious triumphs, that the only true policy of settlement is to recognize the rights of the slave States, give them additional securities for the strengthening of slavery, assume their debts, when quoth the copperhead sneaks, there will be a basis of real peace attained and the security and harmony of the Government and Union forever re-established .-From this argument it will be easy to discern the point aimed at by the Northern sympathizers with the slaveholders' rebellion. Discov ering that the rebellion is fast losing its military force, the object now is, if possible, to pre serve its political vigor-to maintain, undiminishd, the prestige of those Southern aris tocrats who have all their interests and resources invested in slavery. But this must be avoided, if the country is actually to have peace after the armed force of the rebellion has been defeated and broken down; so that after breaking the back-bone, we must also break the heart of rebellion. That is, we must force those who were prominent in the first proposals of conspiracy-who, with calm and fiendish malignancy, entered into the plot of utterly destroying the government and dissevering the Union—the government which is now vindicating its power before the world, must treat the conquered leaders of rebellion as criminals of the worst character. And that Southern society which has ever aimed at the emulation of the notions and prerogatives of the aristocracies of the Old World-that Southern sentiment which has always estimated labor as degrading, and denied to the laboring man any right granting him the franchises of government—the wretches who taught the notion that the States created the government, and scouted the plain truth that the States were the creation of the government—the men who have entertained and preached all these dogmas and fallaken, must be exterminated, if permanent peace is to be established among the States of the American Union. The conspiracy for the utter destrustion of the Union and the entire breaking up of the government, was conceived among that class of men in the South who have always deemed themselves what they pompously described as the "master race" of the age. This idea or notion, of a "master race," underlies all the impulses of the rebellion. It was what inspired the timid and ignorant men in the slave States impiously to raise their hand in opposition to the national authority. It has been the poison of Southern politics-the bane of Southern societythe curse of the slave States. To root the dogma out, the hearts of a majority of those who cling to its fallacies, must be broken, must be plucked from their bosoms! If we want peace and unity we must dispel all notions of one section of this great Union being superior in race or resources to another. If we want harmony in the working of the machinery of the Government, we must recognize the equalities of those who contribute to the support thereof-who by their labor constitute its wealth, and who, by their intelligence and their enterprise, push the States of the Union forward in the path of empire and of glory. All this can only be accomplished by breaking the hearts of that aristocracy who for sixty-three years were seeking the degradation of labor, and who hoped to crown the infamy of their efforts by the success of as wicked and as causeless a rebellion as ever

sacrificed human life to its fury.

"Our Model Governor." Under this heading, the Berks and Schuyl kill Journal pays the following just and truthful tribute to the Governor of Pennsylvania It is not necessary for us to add any word of our own to this compliment, because wherever Andrew G. Curtin is personally known, his humanity and generosity, are firmly established and admired. The language of the Journal is as follows:

Immediately on the receipt of news that the battle between Grant and Lee had commenced, Gov. Curtin, accompanied by Surgeon General King, hastened to Washington to afford relief to our wounded Pennsylvania oldiers. He had also taken the precaution, in anticipation of a fight, to secure the ser vices of a number of volunteer surgeous in various parts of the State. At the last ac counts, the Governor and his medical staff were at the front, and we have the assurance that the Pennsylvania wounded will receive every attention that their situation demands. God bless the Governor and his co-laborers in this good work this good work.

The Monroe Doctrine.

For almost half a century, the representaives of European power have been seeking pretext and waiting for an opportunity, to repudiate the great principle of the "Monroe doctrine," Shut out from the fairest portions of the earth-deprived of directly interfering in the governments on this hemisphere—the aristocracies of the old world, contented themselves with envying what they could not enjoy, and plotting against what they could not control. The diplomats of Europe in the meantime consoled themselves with waiting, and how patiently they did wait, may be inferred from the haste with which they undertake to show their contempt of the Monroe doctrine, the moment it seemed established to kingcraft that the government of the United States was unable to enforce the Monroe doctrine. When it was fairly believed by the rulers of Europe that rebellion had-impaired the power of the Federal authority, and that we would have two governments in the American States, neither capable of coping with the most insignificant dynasty in Europe, that very moment there was a combination made among the governments of the old world, for the repudiation of the Monroe doctrine, by placing a scion of European aristocracy on the throne of Mexico. It was the most cowardly act ever perpetrated by the tyrants of the old world. It was a proceeding urged to success solely on the acceptance of the supposition that the United States were too weak to maintain their rights. But since Mexico has been forced to accept an Emperor from Napoleon, the construction of the Monroe doctrine in the light of our victories in front of Richmond may perhaps open the eyes of the governments who were so hasty to insult us in our weakness. The suppression of the slaveholders' rebellion is now only a question of time; and time alone has to do with the re-enforcement of the Monroe doc-

The Governor of Minuesota.

We had the pleasure of meeting, on Saturday last, His Excellency Stephen H. Miller, Governor of Minnesota, being the second Chief Magistrate of that Commonwealth, who had once been a citizen of Harrisburg. Gov. Miller left Pennsylvania and settled in St. Pauls, Minnesota, where he engaged in the editorial business, having been one of the editors of the TELEGRAPH prior to leaving Harrisburg. When the war of rebellion was precipitated, he was among the first to arm for its suppression, and marched to the defence of the National Capital, at the head of a Minnesota regiment. After participating in several important battles he was wounded and compelled to leave the army. The people of his adopted State, highly appreciating his gallantry and his services, elected Col. Miller to succeed Gov. Ramsey, who was elevated to a seat in the United States Senate. Gov. Miller is now in excellent health, notwithstanding his wounds were of a character to prevent him from ever again entering the field as a soldier. He has many friends in this State. who heartily rejoice at his success thus far, and who anticipate for him a future career of increased usefulness and honor.

Reinforcements.

We do not intend to write a word as to the necessity or the fact of reinforcing the Army of the Potomac. It is understood that the Government has forbidden all reference to such subjects in the public journals. The caution was timely, and no man of true loycies, must be forced to feel the effects of their alty will fail to observe it strictly. But may orimes, must be humiliated, their hearts bro- | we not ask why so many idle officers and men are permitted to remain at this and other posts, when every man in commission or on the pay-roll is needed in the field? There are at least twenty officers engaged in duties at this post which almost any civilian of ordinary business acquirements or clerical ability could successfully discharge. In addition to this, there is or was this morning a splendid battery in the fortifications on the bank of the river opposite the city, while a battalion of effective men are now doing provost duty. when it is a matter of common remark that there are such a limited number of men nov rendezvoused at this post. It may be possible that the War Department, in the midst of its present pressing duties, has overlooked these facts. Hence we give them publicity.

"Grant Has Never Met Lee." So said the rebel press when General Grant indertook the Virginia campaign. It was equivalent to the confident assumption, that while Grant might be equal to some others, he was no match for Lee. The retort, as the sequel has shown, was more appropriate than the taunt, which was that "Lee has not met-Grant." To say the least, this was as broad as it was long, and, we might add, a little broader! There were, we must confess, grounds for great confidence in Lee. Without any doubt he is a very able general, but on fields among the bloodiest the sweet heavens ever yet beheld, his inferiority to Grant has been demonstrated. If Lee is great, Grant is greater. Fortunate beyond measure is it that these two generals, who had never met before, had such a meeting.

Postponement of the Union National

Convention. We have had on file for publication, but we egret that we have not room for a letter from Hon. I. N. Arnold, of Illinois, in reply to a request to co-operate in the effort to secure the postponement of the Union National Convention. The following extract is so well expressed, so forcible and truthful, that we take pleasure in giving it the prominence of an

editorial insertion: "The opposition to the President in our wn party, talented, eloquent, zealous and active as it is, has scarcely produced a ripple on the wave of public sentiment, which is so strongly rolling on in favor of Mr. Lincoln's

re-election.

There is no organization among the friends of the President; they are doing nothing; but the action of the people is spontaneous, un-prompted and sincere. State after State holds prompted and sincere. State after State notes its conventions, appoints its delegates, and without a dissenting voice, instructs them to vote for Mr. Lincoln. This popularity of the President, this unanimity of the people is confined to no section, but East as well as lowed to proceed south of Nashville.

West, Middle State and Border State, they all speak one voice—let us have Mr. Lincoln for our candidate. Do I exagerate? Maine speaks for him on the Atlantic, and her voice is echoed by California from the Pacific; New Hampshire and Kansas, Connecticut and Minnessota, Wisconsin and West Virginia, Iowa and Ohio, and now comes the great State of Pennsylvania, seconding Maryland, one after another, they all declare for the re-election of the President. Is it not wiser to recognize and accept this great fact rather than to struggle against it?

The truth is, the masses and the people and the soldiers everywhere, trust and love the President. They know his hands are clean and his heart is henest and pure. They know that the devil has no bribe big enough, no temptation of wealth or power, which can seduce the integrity of Abraham Lincoln.

Hence, the people, the brave, honest, self-denying people, who have furnished the meu, and are ready to pay the taxes necessary to crush the rebellion, and who are determined to establish national unity, based on liberty, they are more wise, less facetious and more disinterested than the politicians. Their instinctive sagacity and good sense have settled the Presidential question. It cannot be unsettled without a convulsion which will endanger the Union cause. A postponement of the convention would not prevent Mr. Lincoln's re-nomination; it might possibly endanger his election

GENERAL GRANT has presented to his Chiefof-Staff, General Rawlins, a handsome silk carf, bearing this inscription:

"This sash, worn by me through all my battles and campaigns, from and including the surrender of Vicksburg, July 4, 1863, is presented to Brigadier-General John A. Rawlins, my Chief-of-Staff, in evidence of my approximation as an officer and a friend. preciation as an officer and a friend

"U. S. GRANT, "Lieutenant-General U. S. Army.

By Telegraph.

Sheridan's Raid. He Wasin the Richmond Works.

CAPTURE OF PRISONERS.

Millions of Rebel Property Destroyed.

FORTRESS MONROE May 15. Sheridan arrived at James river yesterday

He had heavy fights and was very success He was inside of Richmond works and could have taken the city, but was ignorant of Butler's position. He saw gas light in Richmond.

He captured three hundred prisoners, and eports J. E. B. Stewart mortally wounded. Capt. Howe, of A. A. G. Ruggles' staff, and eventeen officers, together with three hundred rebel prisoners, arrived from Belle Plain in charge of Capt. Hood, 18th Veteran Corps, en route to Fort Delaware.

Among them, Major General Edward John-

Among them, Major General Edward Johnson, Brigadier General George H. Stewart, Colonel Pebles, Ga.; Colonel Davidson, N. C.; Colonel Hardeman, Ga.; Colonel Harrol, N. C.; Colonel Fitzgerald, Va.; Colonel Parsley, N. C.; Colonel Davart, Ga.; Major Carson, Ga.; Major Evett, N. C.; Major Wilson, La.; Major W. A. Mung, La.; Col. Vandemander, Va.; Colonel Cobb, Va.; Colonel Haynes, Va.; Major Nash, Ga.; Major Perkins, Va.; Major Anderson, Va. Anderson, Va.

The steamer John Tucker arrived with three hundred re-captured Union soldiers, and two hundred wounded from Sheridan's forces ar-

Col. Kingsbury, of Sheridan's command, was wounded, and left for Baltimore. Sheridan destroyed millions of rations and other stores, rolling stock, &c., amounting to ten millions of dollars No news from General Butler.

LATER.

OFFICIAL DISPATCH.

Reinforcements Arriving.

NOTHING LATER FROM GENERAL BUTLER.

STONEMAN AT WORK

Trains and Guns Captured. General Roddy Whipped

Washington, May 16-1:30 p. m.

To Major General Cadwallader: Our latest dates from General Grant's headmarters are to yesterday morning, at 71

No operations of importance had occurred.

Our reinforcements were arriving.

Nothing has been heard from General Butler since the telegrams of Saturday.

We have intelligence from Resaca up to 11 o'clock last night. Our lines had advanced to the last had a sample lines their control of the last night. on the left to the enemy's lines, their outworks having been stormed.

General Stoneman is reported to have destroyed a wagon train, captured two guns, and thrashed the enemy badly.

Signed, E. M. STANTON.

THE NEW JERSEY MILITIA CALLED OUT idenata alamata internata 100 DAYS' SERVICE.

សម្រេចកាសន្និ**លវី ក**ែងស TRENTON, N. J., May 16. By request of the President of the United States, Governor Parker has issued a procla-

mation for all the militia force he can raise within fifteen days. 🕮 The troops are to be infantry exclusively and are to be mustered into the service of the United States by regiments, to serve for one hundred days—to be equipped, armed, sub-sisted and transported as other soldiers. They are to receive no bounty, nor are they to be credited to any draft, but individually they will receive credit for the service.

Capture of a Prize Steamer. NEW YORK, May 16.

The steamer Greyhound, which was captured by the gunboat Connecticut, with a cargo of cotton and tobacco from Wilmington for Bermuda, arrived here this morning in charge of a prize schooner. She is of British register, a two hundred and eighty tons screw propel ler of a one hundred horse power. The vessel and engines are new.

pularity of the pularity of the not connected with the military, will be al-

THE WAR IN THE SOUTH-WEST.

The Rebels Routed at Bull's Gap by Schofield.

DALTON CAPTURED BY THOMAS.

Five Thousand Prisoners and Twelve Guns Taken in the Works.

Bisordered Retreat of Johnston on Rome General Banks in Difficulty.

CINCINNATI, May 13.

News has just been received here from soldiers, to the effect that Gen. Schofield's army moved from Bull's Gap on the 2d inst., and that, after four hour's fighting on the 4th inst., the rebels retreated, the Union troops pursuing them into North Carolina. No further particulars have been received.

The news that Gen. Thomas has taken Dal

ton is confirmed. sand prisoners, and ten or twelve pieces of artillery, which were left in the works by the rebels. The rebels have retreated in some disorder to Resaca and Rome. Our troops are in hot pursuit.

[Bull's Gap is near Morristown, in East Tennessee, and on the railroad between Knox-ville and Greenville.]

CAIRO, May 12.—The steamboat which had rrived at Memphis reported the difficulties of General Banks' position developing themselves to an unfortunate degree. It is stated the rebels had constructed at least three batteries on Red river, between Alexandria and the mouth of the stream. These batteries, it was supposed, were intended to prevent the passage of stores, gunboats, or trans-

Admiral Porter was at Alexandria with his A large force was engaged in damming the river at Alexandria, so as to give a depth of

water on the falls for the gunboats to pass It will take two weeks to raise the water. General Grover commands at Alexandria The Federal lines embrace a circuit of three

Price has detached 3,000 men to work on fortifications seven miles below Shreveport. Mr. Derby, the surgeon-in-chief, with Gen. Banks, reports that the Union loss at the bat-tle of Pleasant Hill was 670 killed, 1,340 wounded, and 1,550 missing and taken pri-

There is no communication by land with the army at Grand Ecore.

General M'Clernand was rendezvousing his

orps at New Orleans for the purpose of reineral Smith will return with his troops to Vicksburg.

Declaration of Exchange of Prisoners.

WAR DEPARTMENT, ADJ. GEN.'S OFFICE, Washington, D. C., May 7, 1854. General Order, No. 191.—1. It having been officially reported that Mr. Ould, rebe Commissioner of Exchange, has declared, without consulting with the authorities of the United States, that all rebel prisoners delivered at City Point, up to the 20th of April, were exchanged, it is Ordered, That all Federal prisoners of war,

and all civilians on parole prior to May 7, 1864, be declared exchanged, and they are thus declared exchanged accordingly.

2. It is urther announced, that after deducting the number of Federal officers and men embraced in this order, as exchanged, the rebels will remain indebted to the Fed eral Government, according to tables carefully prepared by the Commissary General of Prisoners, from official data, 33,596, for which no equivalents have been received by the Federal Government.

3. All paroled officers and enlisted men herein declared exchanged, who are in camp, will be immediately forwarded by the commandments of camps to their regiments and commands, and will be reported to the Comnissary General of Prisoners accordingly Those who are absent on leave, will, on expiration of their leave, repair forthwith to the parole camps at Annapolis, Maryland, or Columbus, Ohio.

By order of the Secretary of War.
E. D. TOWNSEND,
Assistant Adjutant General. Funeral of Maj. Gen. Sedgwick.

CORNWALL, Conn., May 15.
The funeral of Major General Sedgwick
was largely attended to-day, at his residence.
There were a number of distinguished persons present, among whom were the General's staff, ex-Governor Halley, Major Pratt, Hon. O. S. Seymour, David Leavitt, John Boyd, Messrs. T. Carpenter, Chapman, Mason, Peck, George and Lyman, of the House, and Messrs. Kotchkiss and Hodge, of the Senate, and Mr. Hermen, Clark of the Senate.

and Mr. Hamson, Clerk of the Senate.
Colonel L. W. Wessels, provost marshal of
the Fourth district, was master of ceremonies. There were six hundred wagons, and probably 3,000 people. All seemed deeply impress with the solemnity of the occasion. The Rev Charles Wetherly preached a sermon, which was a masterly effort. The text was, "How are the mighty fallen in battle."

MARRIED.

On the 9th inst., by the Rey, W. R. DeWitt, D. D., Mr FREDERICK A. BALDWIF, of Valatte, Columbia county, N Y., to Miss ANNIE ELIZABETH KRICHBAUM, of this city.

de adied.

At four o'clock this morning, at the residence of Samel Rutherford, in Swatara township, Miss Sarah The funeral will take place from Mr. Rutherford's clock, P. M., on Monday, 16th inst.

Relatives and friends are invited to attend without fur

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

N the Orphan's Court in and for the count of Dauphin: The auditor appointed by the said con make distribution among creditors of the balance in the nands of Jonathan Swab, administrator of F. A. Haines ate of Mifflin township, in said country hands of Johathan Swap, administrator of F. A. Haines, late of Mifflin township, in said county, deceased, hereby gives notice that he will attend to the duties of his appointment on Friday, the 10th day of June next, sit the hour of 2 o'clock, F. M., at his office, on North Third street, in the city of Harrisburg, when and where all parties interested may attend, if they see proper, to present helr respective claims.

ROBERT SNODGRASS, my16-dltw3t.

Auditor. their respective claims. my16-dltw3t.

UDITOR'S NOTICE.

The Auditor appeinted by the Orphan's Court of Dauphin county to distribute among creditors the balance remaining in the hands of Christian Lyter, administrator of Samuel H. Hochlander, late of Halifax township, deceased, will sit for that purpose at his office, in the city of Harrisburg, on Tuesday, the 14th day of June, A. D. 1864, at 2,0 clock, P. X., at which time and place parties interested are hereby notified to present their claims, my16-doawst H. M. GRAYDON, Auditor.

A UDITOR'S NOTICE

The Auditor appointed by the Orphan's Court of Dauphin county to distribute among creditors the balance remaining in the hands of B. G. Steever, Administrator of G. A. Pike, late of Upper Paxion township, decreased, will sit for that purpose at his office, in the city of Harrisburg, on Wednesday, the 18th day June; A. D. 1864, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at which time and place part es interested are hereby notified to present thair claims,

my16-doaw3t

H. M. GRAYDDN, Auditor.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Notice.

Whereas, Leiters of Administration upon the estate of Henry H. Lenhart, deceased, late of Halifax township, Dauphin county, have been granted to Christian Lyter, of Halifax township, in said county, Administrator of said deceased, all persons indebted to the said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and all these having claims or demands against the same will make them known without delay to CHRISTIAN LYTER, my16-doaw6 Administrator.

\$300 REWARD.

OST, on Friday night, May 13th, on the Pennsylvania railroad cars between Altoona and Harrisburg, or at the Harrisburg depot in going from the Pannsylvania railroad train to the Baltimore train, a BUFF ENVELOPE, containing about \$1,900, in Government funds. A reward of \$300 will be paid for the same if left with Gen. A. L. RUSSELL, in Harrisburg, who is authorized to pay the reward.

A. G. OLIVER, myla-Stil*

Capt. 12th P. R. C.

BY a gentleman, in a private family. Room private. Address A. R., stating terms. Box 193, my14-2:*

CLOAKS! CIRCULARS!! CLOAKS!!! ALL SHADES.

LIGHT AND DARK CLOTH COATS. WATER PROOF AND BLACK CLOTH COATS. ALL QUALITIES.

NEW STYLES

BLACK SILK COATS AND CIRCULARS.

LACE POINTS. SILK SHAWLS, AND FANCY PARASOLS. le prices; cheapest in the city, at the new PHILADELPHIA CLOAK STORK, in D. W. Gross' new building, Harrisburg.

RALPH L. MACLAY, A TTORNEY-AT-LAW.—Patriot and Union building, Harrisburg. Strict attention paid to all ogal business. Military claims collected.

OST—On the evening of Thursday, between the Post Office and the residence of the untrigued, a lady's PORTEMONNAIE, containing about \$8
liberal reward wil be paid for it if left at the Post Office
may 14-3t

SIMON CAMERON.

NOTICE.—The firm of Smith & Liness, File manufacturer, was dissolved by mutual consent the lat day of April, 1864. The business has been distinued.

W. H. SMITH ny18-d3t*

JOS. LINESS.

Greason Seminary. SELECT BOARDING SCHOOL, for pu-A. pils of both serves, located six miles west of Car-isle, on the Cumb. Valley R. R. Pupils admitted at any ime, and charged only from date of entrance. For circular call at W. Knoche's Music Room, 98 Mar-cet street, Harrisburg, or address

rg, or address
E. HUNTINGTON, SAUNDERS,
Plainfield, Cumb. co., Fa. apI4-dim M'FA DDEN'S MARBLE YARD.

CORNER OF WALNUT AND FIFTH STREETS, Harrisburg, Pa. THE undersigned having opened a Marble Yard in this city, beg leave to inform their friends and the public in general, that they are prepared to fur-

MARBLE WORK OF EVERY DESCRIPTION

Monuments, Tombs, SUCH AS

ps, Head Stones, Mantles, And House Work in Marble and Brown Stone, Give us a call and we will guarantee satisfaction.

MFADDEN & CO. N. B.—Lettering neatly none in English or German, mar29-dly

SCHOMACKER & CO.'S PIANOS SOUR GRAPES

TOO well known in this city to need com-

mendation In use by

PRESIDENT LINCOLN,

GOVERNOR CURTIN,

JUDGE PEARSON,

And many other distinguished citizens. The undersigned offers these supert instruments at prices that cannot fall to command public patronage,

N. B.—No OLD stock on hand.

STEINWAY PIANO. BRADBURY'S OKLEBRATED PIANOS.

BRADBURY'S OKLEBRATED PIANOS. Chickering's and several other of one but perfect instruments sold.

Call and see largest stock out of great cities. mar28-tf S. WARD: Third street Music Sto mar28-tf MILLINERY GOODS.

MRS. J. HIBBS,

HAS OPENED AT

NO. 8 MARKET SQUARE, (Next door to Felix's Confectionery,)

HERE SHE IS PREPARED to sell to
the ladies of Harrisburg and vicinity the Latest Styles of Millinery and Farley Goods, At cheaper prices than any house in the city. The quality of her goods cannot be surpassed.

DRESS MAKING IN THE LATEST STYLE
Will be neatly executed.
Ladies call and examine for yourselves. ap18-dtjy11 PEIPHER'S DAILY LINE BETWEEN PHILADELPHIA Lock Haven, Jersey Shere, Williamsport, Mancy, Uniontown, Watsontown, Milton, Lewisburg, Northumberland, Sanbury, Treverton, Georgetown. Lykenstown, Millersburg,

Halifax, Dauphin, AND HARRISBURG. The Philadelphia Depot being centrally located, the drayage will be at the lowest rates. The Conductor goes through with each train to attend to the safe delivery of all goods intrusted to the line. Goods delivered at the depot of FREED, WARD & FERED, 811 Market street, Philadelphia, by \$6'000k' P. M., will be delivered in Hardsburg the next morning.

Freight Always as Low as by Any Other Line. JOS. MONTGOMERY & CO.,
Philadelphia and Reading Depot,
Foot of Market street, Harrisburg.

NO. 4 JONES' ROW. THE UNDERSIGNED respectfully informs HAT AND CAP STORE
Late the property of T. J. BURNETT, deceased, and that
he will continue the business at the old stand, where he

will constantly keep on hand a general assortment of HATS, CAPS, &c., OF THE LATEST STYLES,

which will be sold at reasonable rates.

A liberal share of patronage is respectfully solicited, mar28-d2m

H. H. LONG. TOY BOOKS, GAMES, &c. -A Large assortment of Toy Books, Games, &a., just received a

ENGLISH BREAKFAST TEA.—Just received, a fine chest of English Breakfast Tea at SHISLER & FRAZER'S (Successors to Wm. Dock, Jr.) COX'S SPARKLING GELATIN, the best manufactured, just received and for sale by SHISLER & FRAZER fel (successors to Wm. Dock, jr., & Co.)

PRIME LARD. FINE Kettle Rendered LARD, just received st stiller & FRAZER, mar3 (successors to Wm. Dock, ir., &Co.)

ORANGES! ORANGES!!—20 poacs
Oprime order, Just received wholesale and retail
SHISLER & FRAZER,
102 successors to Wm. Dock, jr., & Co.) ORANGES!!-20 boxes in DURHAM MUSTARD, the best imported,

Just received and for sale by
SHISLER & FRAZER
(Successors to Wm. Dook, jr., & Co.) DRIED FRUIT of all kinds at OWEET CIDER — A small but very fine lot
Of Sweet Cider, just received at
SHISLER & FRAZER
mar23 (Successors to W. Dock, Jr., & Ca.)

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

LIST OF LETTERS REMAINING IN THE HARRISBURG POST OFFICE MONDAY, MAY 16th, 1864.

OFFICIALLY PUBLISHED IN THE NEWSPAPER HAVING THE LARGEST CIRCULATION.

LETTERS REMAINING UNCLAIMED IN THE POST OFFICE AT HARRISBURG.

OFFICE AT HARRISHURG.

AG "To obtain any of these letters, the applicant must call for "advertised letters," give the date of this list, and pay one cent for advertising.

AG "If not called for within one month, they will be sent to the Dead Letter Office.

"FREE DELIVERY of letters by carriers, at the residences of owners, may be SECURED by observing the following RULES:

"I DIRECT letters plainly to the street and number, as well as the post office and State.

"2 HEAD letters with the writer's post office and State street and number, sign them plainly with full name, and request that answers be directed accordingly.

"3. Letters to strangers or transient visitors in a town or city, whose special address may be unknown; should be marked, in the lower left-hand corner, with the word "Transient."

Transient.'

"4. Place the postage stamp on the upper right-had corner, and leave space between the stamp and direction for post-marking without interfering with the writing.

"N. B.—A REQUEST for the RETURN of a letter to the writer, if unclaimed within 30 days or less, written or printed with the writer's name, post office and Mate, across the left-hand end of the envelope, on the face side, will be complied with at the usual prepaid rate of postage, parable when the letter is delivered to the writer.—Sec. 23. Law of 1863."

LADIES' LIST. S' LIST.

McCartney, Mrs R W
McClero Miss Eliza
McDonaid, Miss Mary Jane
Mozer, Miss Amanda
Moozy, Miss Sarah Louisa
Moory, Miss Sarah Louisa
Moors, Mrs Elizabeth
Myers, Miss Margaret
Myers, Miss Margaret
Moury, Miss Maggie
Kelson, Mrs Catharine
Nummy, Margaret
Nathens, Mrs Charlott
Nedig, Mrs Mary J
Phoenir, Miss Mary
Patterson, Miss Kasiah
Parker, Mrs Ractoel
Poke, Mrs Mary Jane

Poke, Mrs Mary Jane Powl, Mrs Rosa Powl, Mrs Ross
Rhodes, Mass Maggie
Rhodes, Mrs
Rigley, Mary
Reitsnyter, Miss Rachael
Royers, Mrs Maggia
Ross, Mrs Mary
Roberts, Mrs Oliver C
Roberts, Mrs Oliver C
Roberts, Miss Rannah
Schreffler, Miss Mary
Schome, Miss Hannah
Sangerman, Mrs Right

Aunghst, Miss Anno E
Alaman, Miss Ellen
Baine, Miss
Bartmer, Miss Angeline
Ball, Mirs Hyram
Beoly, Miss Rilen
Booker, Miss Mary
Brown, Mary H
Barae, Miss
Brown, Miss Sirzie
Brown, Miss Sirzie
Brown, Miss Sarah J
Braden, Sarah
Brenssinger, Miss Lucini
Buche, Miss Kate
Carpeuter, Mrs
Cane, Miss Mary Jane
Clark, Miss Mary Jane
Clark, Miss Mary
Day, Miss Fannie
Cram, Barby, Miss Fannie
Durham, Miss Fannie
Durham, Miss Fannie
Ebberty, Miss Mollie
Dunlap, Miss Bilon
Ennis, Miss Ann
Fisher, Miss Ann
Fisher, Miss Ann
Fisher, Miss Louisa
Frausk, Miss Louisa
Frausk, Miss Nannlo
Fresse, Miss Susana
Frausk, Miss Susana
Frausk, Miss Susana
Frausk, Mrs Rauth A
Frey, Miss B Saucerman, Mrs Elizal Shissler, Miss Sarah Shunk, W J Shaffer, Adaline P Smarp, Edith Ann Smarp, Edith Ann Smith, Miss Katie Sipe, Elizabeth Smith, Unity Smith, Miss Maria Smith, Mrs Unity Summers, Miss Lizzie Slowicker, Miss Jennie Souders, Mrs Sarah Steinrock Mrs krath

ock, Mrs Emily Thompson, Mrs Liddie A Thompson, Mrs G Y Tirnins, Miss Elizabeth ness, Miss C E
Heims, Miss Sarah
Hennings, Miss Susan
Heimer, Mrs Sarilla
Hewatts, Mrs Catharine
Hendrickson, Mrs Julia
Hildebrand, Mrs Martha G
Hubbell, Mrs C Traub, Miss Matilda

Traub, Miss Matilda
Turner, Mrs Landy
Troupe, Mrs Matilda D
Vernon, Miss Emily
Vanosdall, Miss Catharina
Veno, Mrs Abby
Vogel, Mrs Kate
Walker, Mary
Whitcambe, Mrs Hattie E
Whitman, Mrs Jane
Weitmer, Miss Sarah
Walch Mrs Wiebal Weitmer, Miss Sarah Welch, Mrs Michael Wert, Miss Mary Wilson, Mrs Henrietta Wilson, Miss Rosa Williams, Miss Sidney Wightzell, Miss Samard Wilson, Miss Barbra A Wise, Miss Mary Wilcox, Mrs Libble Wilcox, Mrs Libble Wilcox, Mrs Libble Wilcox, Mrs Sha

Hubbell, Mrs C
Jones, Miss Sarah
James, Mrs Catharine
Jackson, Mrs Catharine
Jones, Miss Elizabeth
Kines, Miss Mary J
Kaufiman, Miss Harriet
Kennedy, Miss Mary C
Krider, Mrs Maris
Kirk, Mrs Elizabeth
Kine, Mrs John C
Kliae, Mrs S
W
Little, Mrs Hallen Wierman, Miss Sue Wolf, Miss Mary B. KENS' LIST.

> Royce Tho Rodgers, Bonny Robinson, Samuel Rowe, John R
> Romszy, Thomas
> Scherick, Jonathan B G
> Schweitzer, Jol

schenck, Jonathan Schweitzer, Jol Shoop, Will P Shaffer, George Shellenborger, David Shafer, Peter Saide! & Brother Shaffer, Jacob C Shumwaig, Charles Sheaffer, John S Snyder, William Smallwood, Wm Spencer, Thomas Sponsler, A L Sponsler, David Sweigard, John W Swoyer, Thomas Stower, John Stonehaker, John M Stonehaker, John M Thorne, Robert Thomas, George, Capi Taylor, Benj Torneng William &

Thorne, Robert
Thomas, George, Cap
Taylor, Benj
Tomson, William S
Trueman, William W
Vanton, Harry
Walters, Isaac
Wagner, John
Walton, John C
Whitcome, Thos C
Welch, Michael
Winchester, G
Wonard, Wm
Wibliam, Levi T
Wimman, John
Wick, S S
Wallower, Aarou
Wyman, William
Wurster, John, (chip)
Wright, George

(later, Aaron Cosure, Edwin D Inisley, Samuel Cohler, John, ship

Wright, George Youngs, Capt A. GEO. BERGNER, P. M.

REMOVED.

JOB PRINTING OFFICE,

SOUTH SECOND STREET, OPPOSITE THE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH

Kline, Mrs S W
Little, Mrs Hellen
Laughlin, Mrs Mary A
Lantz, Mrs Eliza
Lee, Miss Prissella
Lusk, Mrs Betsey
Lochie, Mrs Simon GENTI Anderson, J B Aker, Jacob Andrews, James R Alestor, Lewis Lockwood, John H McClellan, Christian Alesso, Reuben
Anderson, John
Ashenfelter, George N
Bathesforied, George A
Banks, Frank C McAnley, Arch McClure, JC Jun McGowan, Geo L McQuillian, Alexander McLanichan Christian Barnhisel, J Barleys, John Barnitz, Albert, Capt Marker, Michael
Mathews, D.S., Capt
Martin, John H
Mathews, S. M
Maguire, James F
Mann, Charles
Melligan, John D
Mervill, J.C. R Boyer, Joseph A Boyar, David, Serg't Brubaker, G M Brownold, G Brown, John Bruce, Franklin Bumbaugh, William Bumbaugh; William Burd, Henry Casy, William Henry Caslow Juo F Card A Casy, William Henry
Caslow, Jno F, Capt A Q M
Chamberlin, William C
Chrismore, A W
Chapman, Warren
Chariton, Isaac
Clemmens, Reuben
Coming, Charles
Cobine, George
Crawford, Francis E, Capt
Cross, Nicodemus
Cross, Nicodemus
Cross, Harry
Crist, Adam Néidhamer, John
Naison, Edward I.
Nóiel, George
Norton, T. M.
Ortz, Royal M.
Ortz, Royal M.
Ortz, A. G.
Parch, Jeanc
Parker, Chas, Sargi
Paul, J. L., Sargi
Paul, J. L., Sargi
Paul, J. L., Sargi
Parsons, T. R.
Pewtner, James
Pearson, J. D.
Pearson, J. D.
Pearson, J. D.
Pearson, John
Plunkett, Timothy
Reichard, Isaac
Reeed, Augustus
Reed, Augustus Crist, Adam
Crickenbarger, John
Dawson, John L, Hon
Davis, R
Baun, John
Davis, T W
Drahs, Frederick
Duey, Samuel
Eifert, Henry, Capt
Eckert, David, Capt
Evans, Tommas J Reed, Augustus Renard, M Eckert, David, Capt Evans, Thomas J England, George W Eringer, Chillion Evitts, Henry Faccasteas, J Fenger, Wm H H Fitchthorn, William Fitn, Michael Robinson, S Marshali Robbens, John H Robison, S A

Lawson, Chas W Lemmon, George Leary, Arthur Light, John

SCHEFFER'S BOOKSTORE

Two Doors Below Kelker's Hardware Store

Fuller, Jaste
Free, George E
Giles, William
Garner, George W
Gill, Themas H
Gelnia, Thomas
Gallagher, James
Gwinner, Samuel F
Gruber, Adam
Hambright, C Hessy
Hans & Carter
Hawwood Hy Cant

Hans & Carter Haywood, Hy, Capt Heston, S A Hess, John Hampfield, William

Hampaed, William
Henry, George
Hewitt, B I, Maj
Huffman, Augustu
Hopkins, William
Hopkins, William
Hourard, T
Irvin, Jas B
J R D

J R D
James, Thomas
Johnson, Frank
Kayport, Jaceb
Kerby, George W
Kelchner, John T
Kennedy, John T
Kerrygan, Barny
Kister, Aaron