MORNING AND EVENING, BY GEORGE BERGNER. OFFICE THIRD ST., NEAR WALNUT.

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CHEROKEE INJECTION: COMPOUNDED FROM ROOTS, BARKS AND LEAVES. CHEROKEEE REMEDY, the great Indian Diureti cures all diseases of the urinary organs, such as Inconti nence of the Urine, Inflammation of the Bladder, Inflam mation of the Kidneys, Stone in the Bladder, Stricture Gravel, Glest, Gonnorhea, and is especially recommended

ar it is prepared in a highly concentrated form, the dose only being from one to two teaspoonfuls three times per day.

in those cases of Fluor Albus (or Whites in females) wher

all the old nauseous medicines have failed

It is diuretic and alterative in its action; purifying and cleansing the blood, causing it to flow in all of its original purity and vigor; thus removing from the system all pernicious causes which have induced disease.

CHEROKEE INJECTION is intended as an ally or assist ant to the CHEROKEE REMEDY and should be used in e njunction with that medicine in all cases of Gonorrhea, Gleet, Fulor Albus or Whites. Its effects are healing soothing and demulsent; removing all scalding, heat chorder and pain, instead of the burning and almost un endurable pain that is experienced with nearly all the cheap quack Injections.

By the use of the CHEROKEE REMEDY and CHEROKEE INJECTION—the two medicines at the same time-all improper discharges are removed, and the weak sned organs are speedily restored to full vigor and

For full particulars, get our pamphlet from any drug store in the country, or write us, and we will mail free, to any address, a full treatise. Price, CHEROKEE REMEDY, \$2 per bottle, of

three bottles for \$5. Price CHEROKEE INJECTION, \$2 per bottle; or

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CHEROKEE CURE. THE GREAT

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ROOTS, BARKS AND LEAVES. An unfailing cure for Spermatorrhea, Seminal Weak-ness, Nocturnal Emissions, and all diseases caused by selfpollution; such as Loss of Memory, Universal Lassitude Pains in the Back, Dimness of Vision, Premature Old Age Weak Nerves, Difficulty of Breathing, Trembling, Wakeful ness, Eruptions on the Face, Pale Countenance, Insanity Consumption, and all the Direful complaints caused by de-parting from the path of nature.

And This medicine is a simple vegetable extract, and one in which all can rely, as it has been used in our practice for many years, and with thousands treated it has not failed in a single instance. Its curative powers have been sufficient to gain victory over the most stubbern case. To those who have trifled with their constitution

until they think themselves beyond the reach of medical id, we would say, Despair not I the CHEROKEE CURE will tore you to health and vigor, and after all quack doc tors have failed!

Store in the country, or write the Proprietor, who will mail, free to any one desiring the same, a full treatise in pamphlet form.

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ALLTON'S INSULUBLE CREEKT IS & New a new thing. hing, and the result of years of tudy; its combination is on Scientific Principles, and under no circumstances or change of temperature, will it be-some corrupt or omit any offensive med!

BOOT AND SHOR Manufacturers, using Mccinines, will find it the best article known as Cementing for the Chainels, it works without defay, is not affected by any change of temperature. Boot and Shoe Mar

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Will find it sufficiently adhes their use, as has been proved. Femilies

ther use, as use occu proved.

It is Especially Adapted to Leather,
And we claim as an especial injert,
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It is the only IQUID CEMENT extant that is a sure thing for mend-

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Agenta in Philadelphia LAING & MAGINNIS

on all DR. B. M. GILDEN upwah on a ser DENTISTED TO THE SERVICE OF DESPECTFULLY informs the citizens of the first of the fir



"THE UNION NOW AND FOREVER." - Webster.

DYSPEPSIA.

BY GEORGE BERGNER.

MEDICAL.

DISEASES RESULTING FROM

DISORDERS OF THE LIVER

AND DIGESTIVE ORGANS.

ARE CURED BY

HOOFLANDS

GERMAN BITTERS.

THE GREAT STRENGTHENING TONIC.

THESE Bitters have performed more ourses; have and do give better satisfaction; have more testinony; have more respectable people to vouch for them than any other article in the market.

We defy any one to contradict this assertion, and will pay \$1,000 to any one that will produce a certificate published by us that is not genuine. Holiand's German Bitters, will cure every case of Chronic or Nervous Debility, Discases of the Kidneys, and diseases arising from a disported stomach. Observe the following symptoms, resulting from the disorders of the digestive organs: Constitution, Inward Piles, Fullness of Blood to the head, Acidity of the Stomach, Nausea, Hearthurn, Disguest for Food, Fullness or weight in the Stomach; Sour Eructations, Sinking or duttering at the pit of the stomach, Swimming of the head, Hurried and difficult breathing, Fluttering at the leart, Choking or suffocating sensations when in the leach, Choking or suffocating sensations when in the leach, Choking and the sight, Fever and dull pain in the head, Deficiency of perspiration, Yellowness of the skin and eyes, Pain in the side, back, chest, limbs, &c.; Sudden flushes of heat, Eurning in the feets, Constant imaginations of evil, and great depression of spirits.

Remember that this Bitters is not alcoholic contents no THESE Bitters have performed more cures;

in the flesh, Constant thing is not alcoholic, contains no rum or whisky, and can't make drunkards, but is the best Tonio in the world.

READ WHO SAYS SO:

From the Rev. Levi G. Beck, Pastor of the Baptist Church, Pombergo, N. J., formerly of the North Baptist Church, Philadelphia.

I have known Hoofland's Gorman Bitters favorably for a number of years. I have used them in my own family and have been so pleased with their effects that I was induced to recommend them to many others, and know that they have operated in a strikingly benedicial manner. It take great plotisure in this publicly proclaining this fact, and calling the strikingly benedicial manner. It take great plotisure in this publicly proclaining this fact, and calling the strikingly benedicial manner. It take great plotisure in this publicly proclaining this fact, and calling the strikingly benedicial manner. It take great plotisure that my recommended to these Bitters, knowing from experience that my recommendation will be sustained. I do this more cheerfully as Hodfland's Bitters is intended to benefit the afflicted, and is 'not a runh drink.' Yours truly.

LEVI G. BECK.

LEVI G: BECK.

From Rev. J. Newton Brown, D. D., Editor of the En-cyclopedia of Religious Knowledge and Christian Chroni-le, Philahelphia.

s, Philahelphia. Although not disposed to favor or recommend Patent Attending not disposed to tayor or recommend Patent Mehicines in general, through distrust of their ingredients and effects, I yet know of no sufficient reasons why a man may not testify to the benefits he believes himbelt to have received from any simple preparation, in this hope that he may thus contribute to the benefit of others.

I do this the more readily in regard to Hooftand's German Bittors, prepared by Dr. C. M. Jackson, of this city because I was prejudiced against thom, for many years, moder the impression that they were relief to me the state. sman bittors, prepared by Dr. C. M. Jackson, or unis casy bocause I was prejudiced against them for many years, under the impression that they were chiefly an alcoholic mixture. I am indebted to my friend, Robert Shooman ker, Esq., for the removal of this prejudice by proper tests, and for encouragement to try them when suffering from great and long continued debility. The use of three bottles of these Bitters at the beginning of the present year, was followed by evident relief and restoration to a degree of bodily and mental vigor which I had not for six months before, and had almost despaired of regaining. I therefore thank God and any friend for directing me to the use of them.

J. NEWTON BROWN, Philada.

From Rov. Warren Randolph, Pastor of Baptist Church, Germantown, Penn.

Church, Germantown, Penn.
Dr. C. M. Jackson:—Dear Sir:—Personal experience mables me to say that I regard the German Bitters, pre-

enacies use to say that I regard the German Estiers, pre-pared by you, as a most excellent medicine. In cases of severe cold and general debility I have been greatly bene-fitted by the use of the Bitters and doubt not they will produce similar effects on others.

Yours truly WARREN RANDOLPH.

From Rev. J. H. Turner, Pastor of Hedding M. E. Church, Philadelphia.

Dr. C. M. Jackson:—Dear Sir:—Having used your German Bitters in my family frequently I am prepared to say that it has been of great service. I believe that in most cases of general debility of the system it is the safest and most valuable remedy of which I have any knowledge, Yours, respectfully

J. H. TURNER,

No. 726 N. Nineteenth street.

From the Rev. J. M. Lyons, formerly Pastor of the Columbus (N. J.) and Milestown (Pa.) Baptist Churches.

New Rochelle, N. Y.

Dr. C. M. Jackson:—Dear Sir:—I feel it a pleasure thus, of my own accord, to bear testimony to the excellence of the German Bitters. Some years after being much at dicted with Dyspepsia, I used them with very beneficial results. I have often recommended them to persons enfectled by that tormenting disease, and have heard from thom the most flattering testimonials as to their great value. In cases of general doublity, I believe it to be a tonic that cannot be surpassed.

J. M. LYONS.

From the Rev Thomas Winter, Pastor of Roxborough Baptist Church.

Dr. Jackson:—Dear Sir:—I felt it due to your excellent preparation, Hoodand German Bitters, to add my testimony to the deserved reputation it has obtained. I have for years, at times, been troubled with great disorder in my head and nervous system. I was advised by a friend to try a bottle of your German Bitters; did so, and have experienced great and unexpected relief; my health has been very materially benefitted. I confidently recommend the article where I meet with cases similar to my own, and have been assured by many of their good effects.

Respectfully yours.

From Rev. J. S. Herman, of the German Reformed Church, Kutztown, Berks county. Pa.

Dr. C. M. Jackson:—Respected Sir:—I have been troubled with Dyspepsia nearly twonty years, and have nover used any medicine that did me as much good as Hoodand's Bitters. I am very much improved in health, after having taken five bottles.

Yours with respect,

J. S. HERMAN. From the Rev Thomas Winter, Pastor of Roxborough

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Large Size (holding nearly double quantity,) \$1 00
per bottle—half doz. \$5 00
Small Size—75 cents per bottle—half dos. \$5 00
See that the signature of "C. M. JACKSON" is on the
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See marine of the Jackson's is on the a WRAPPER of each bottle.

Should your nearest druggist not have the article do not be put off by any of the intoriosing preparations that may be offered in its place, but send to us, and we will forward, securely packed by express.

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For sale by Druggists and Dealers in every town in the United States.

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HARRISBURG, PA., TUESDAY EVENING, MAY 10, 1864.

PORSALE. The subscriber offers for sale the stock, and fixtures of his well known WHOLESALE LIQUOR STORE AND RECTIFYING I STABLISHMENT. He will sell the whole or part of the stock, and the entire tixtures. The business has been carried on about fifteen years, and is well established. With the store is connected a Good "OPPER STILL. It is situated on Canal street, between Pennsylvania rullroad and canal, and has a private siding suit tible for forwarding purposes. Possession given immediately and lease given for from one to ten years. Terms to suit purchasers. For further information apply on the premises to. [mar24-tf] GEO G. KUNKFL.

PRIVATE SALE.

NE of the best locations for IRON works in the State for sale, at a very reasonable prive, to any purchaser who will improve it, situated within a short distance of the city of Hairisburg, between the Peinsylvania railroad and canni, about two hundred foct wide, and alongside of the best limestone quarries in the State and close to a good turnpike road; also, room for waste cinders for fifty years, without paying for the land Apply to David Mulha, Jr.,

Attorney-at-Law, No. 24 North Second street,
marife-diff [Philladelphia Press insert three times and send bill to this office.]

REAL ESTATE AT PRIVATE SALE. The several proporties of the Estate of WILLIAM ALLISON, deceased, in the city of Harrisburg, consisting of Houses on Front street and Chestmut street at and near the corner of Front and Chestmut streets, a vacant lot on Mulberry street, idea: Third street, and 19,4 scres of land at the eastern terminus of Market street, are offered for sale. For terms of sale apply to the undersigned, Seventh and Koble streets, Philadelphia.

(de21-df)

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BRANDIES, of different virtages.

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WHISKYS.

OLD BOULBON, MONGAHELA, MONGORGHELA, FINE IRISH AND SCOTCH OLD WHEAT, FAMILY NECTAR,

And the celebrated CHESTNUT GROVE WHISKY. CHAMPAGNE WINES.

SHLOSS JOHANNESBURG, ... SCOTCH AND TRISH ALES.

LONDON BROWN STOUR WILD CHEERRY, PLANTATION, WASWAM TONIC BITTERS

ENGLISH AND AMERICAN PICKLES And Condiments of every description now in the market, and at THE LOWEST RATES.

NEW GOODS - JUST OPENED!

BERGNER'S

Book and Stationery Store. POCKET BOOKS,

MAGIC CURRENCY HOLDERS, CALF SKIN POCKET BOOKS, BUCKSKIN PURSES

POCKET CUTLERY. nsisting of a line assortment of Westennolm's Supe Pocket Knives all after GULD PENS, where her From Newton's celebrated, manufactory. Every Pen with a guarantee.

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Together with every article usually found in a first Book and Stationery establishment, at աջ12] BERGNER'S, 51 Market street PEIPHER'S DAILY LINE BETWEEN PHILADELPHIA,

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AND HARRISBURG. The Philadelphia Depot being contrally located, the drayage will be at the lowest rates. The Conductor goes through with each train to attend to the safe delivery of all goods intrusted to the line. Goods adlivered at the depot of FREED, WARD & PREED, 611 Market street, Philadelphia, by 5 o'clock P. M., will be delivered in Harrisburg the next morning.

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New and Popular Books. THE WIFE'S EVIDENCE, a novel, by the suther of "Notice to Quit." Paper 50 ets. THE WIFE'S SECRET, by Mrs. Stephens. \$1 50. INDUSTRIAL BIOGRAPHY, by Smiles, author of "Self Help." \$1 25.

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CUDJO'S CAVE, the most popular book of the day. LES MISERABLES, Victor Hugo's great book.

TEN ACRES ENOUGH, showing how a very large fam y may live on a very small farm.

LIFE OF LINCOLN, containing all speeches, protestions, &c., to date. Paper cover. 60 ct.
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GRANT, 26. For sale at BERGNER'S CHEAP BOOK-STORE.

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mch6-dtf ORN MEAL—A fine article. Just recelved at SHISLER & FRAZER,
mar31 successors to Wm. Dock, ir., & (Co.) WEET CIDER.—Superior sweet cider just brooked. For sale by the barrel or small quantity at my4

[COMMUNICATED. Annapolas, MD., May 7th, 1864. EDITORS TELEGRAPH: Deeming it prudent and equitable, undergati circumst justice to an honorable and faithful citizen. I

submit the following in vindication of the character of Mr. J. Harris Duddow, formerly citizen of the town of Pottsville, who lately effected his escape through the lines from Richmond, and who, since his arrival, has suffered severely on account of the many erroneous reflections cast upon his reputation by a few misinformed individuals, either through per-sonal enmity or pique, or from the denciency of more positive information. his brother and wife visited me during the time of my incarceration in Inbby Prison, and treated me with comparative respect, munificently ten-dering me a sufficiency of means to relieve my then precarious condition, and this, sir, with out any prospect of reimbursement, and manifesting a positive desire to see the accomplishment of the design of the Union forces, assuring me at the same time that all their family had remained steadfast to the cause, and that Mr. Daddow had, from the origin of the war, secreted a Union flag, with the ostensible purpose of thus mannesting, upon the approach of our forces, his unwavering devoion to the emblem of freedom and humanity.

He attempted at different periods to obtain leave for his family, and that of his sister-inlaw, also a Union lady, to come through to the North, but every attempt proved luttle, and, of course, coming to the knowledge of the authorities, it became essential for him, to avoid an arrest, to flee the country. And having also obstinately refused to turn out with the militaduring the Averill raid, as a natural consequence he could but expect to suffer the external enoughty of military lair. treme penalty of military law. Taking his brother with him he succeeed, after enduring many privations and incurring the risk or being taken backagain by the guerrillas, in effecting his escape into Eastern Kentucky. When he gave Col. Gullup, commanding a brigade in that department; such reliable information of the whereabouts of Col. Ferguson of the 18th Virginia Osvalry, that he sent put a portion of his force and succeeded in out a portion of his force, and succeeded in capturing him with several of his men. The Col. then awarded to him the highest praise and commendation, and gave him a tesumo-

nial that atterwards proved of the utmost ben-effit in obtaining for him admittance to the de-partment at Washington, to whom he imparted much valuable information relative to the condition of the enemy in Richmond and the Southwest. During the time of his residence in Southwest. Juring the time of his residence in the South, he managed to keep his brothers out of the army, by taking a contract from the so-called Confederate Government, to establish an iron furnace in Western Virginia, which contract he never intended to fuln, but morely took up to mislead the officials at tach-

merely took up to mislead the officials at hich-mond. Being an eminent geologist and en-gineer, his advice was entreated in several in-stances, and was always propered in such a manner that his cause might reap the benefit, and theirs the injuries it so well merited. Many of his earlier triends have gravely in-sulted him, since his arrival, in giving cre-dance to the various mearing statements dence to the various incorrect statements that have become pre-alent in regard to his association with a few prominent characters south leagued for the purpose of devising some practical and tessible scheme for the

invention and improvement of fire-arms. Such, sir, is but one of the many villifying assertions noised abroad by his enemies. The authorities at Washington place unlimited confidence in him. And we can but abhor such principles in any individual who would

such principles in any minimum way wound reject a person in opposition to the better sentiments of a respectable moral judgment. We can conscientiously youth for the import and veracity of the above. Instead of incurring the displeasure he richly deserves the grantude of every American patriot. Hoping that we shall hear from Mr. Daddow, soon we close with the distinguished consideration, friends, of all opposers of the Davis dictator-

ship. Capt. Company G, 18th, Penna. Cavalry, Parole Camp, Annapolis, Md.

General Grant.

Any information in reference to Lieutenant General Grant, at this time, cannot fail to be highly interesting to the great loyal masses of the country. The Washington correspondent of the New York Express gives the following personal le scription of the man :

Your correspondent had the pleasure, few evenings since, to see General Ulyssi S. Grant, in a free and easy style, in the hall of Willard's Hotel; and, as many of your readers have never seen him, (and many never may,) a description of his personal appearance may not be uninteresting. He is a man of plain exterior, easy and affable manners; looks to be about forty-live years of age; in height about five feet ten or eleven inches; well formed, and stands erect and firm; has naturally a light or sandy complexion-now somewhat browned by exposure and the intense heat of the Southern sun; his hair is a dark brown; his eyes bluish-gray; his beard is not shayen, but is allowed to grow naturally over the face to the length of about an inch, the moustache being clipped short. At the time we saw him, he was dressed in the uniform of a material grant of a gr time we saw him, he was dressed in the uniform of a inajor-general, two stars on the strap, coat unbuttoned and yest exposed; he wears the army slouch hat. His whole appearance was that of a dignified, amiable, modest gentleman. Allhough surrounded by many "star-gazers," he was perfectly at ease, conversing fluently and pleasantly on everything but army matters. He was not followed by a brilliant staff, as I have seen many other generals in the same hall. He entered with a citizen, and after walking about and converscitizen, and after walking about and conversing with some friends for half an hour, quickly retired to his room in company with a colonel,

whom he had business with. Such, in brief, is the man from whom we all expect so much. He is as plain as he well can be; no flummery or gewgaws about him, he is quiet, but not reserved. The most remarkable feature, so far, since his appearance in Washington, has been the great secrecy with which all military movements are made. Heretofore officers knew a day or two in advance of its official reception that such an orvance of its official reception that such an or-der would be promulgated, and even its mi-nutest details. But now inching is known un-til the time arrives to act: Although troops and trains are constantly moving through the city, all is quietly and orderly done; there is no excitement, no rushing to and fro. The movement now going on is in direct contrast to those of former commanders.

PRICE TWO CENTS.

The President's Address to the Loyal People.

Thanksgiving and Prayer Recommended.

> EXECUTIVE MANSION, WASHINGTON, May 9, 1864.

Friends of Union and Liberty! Enough is known of the army operstions within the last five day, to claim our especial gratitude to God, while what remains undone demands our most sincere

prayers and reliance upon Him, without whom all human effort is vain. I recommend that all patriots at their homes, in their places of public worship, and wherever they may be, unite in common thanksgiving and prayer to Alarighty God.

[Signed] ABRAHAM LINCOLN

THE VERY LATEST. Grant and Meade on to Richmond.

REBELS RAPIDLY RETREATING.

Generals Sedgwick, Warren, Hancock and Burnside in Close Parsuit.

WASHINGTON, May 9. In the Senate, this afternoon, Mr. Collamer read a telegram from the Secretary of War, as follows :- Dispatches have been received from Gen. Grant and Gen. Meade; they were on to Richmond.

Lee is in full retreat, with Sedgwick, Hanock Warren and Burnside close on his heels.

OUR ARMY ON TO RICHMOND. Rebels in Full

Retreat. Official Dispatches from Secre-

tary Stanton. Washington, May 9. Dispatches from Lieut-Gen. Grant have ust been received by the War Department. Our army was in full pursuit of the enemy to-

wards Richmond. We have 2000 prisoners. Our forces occupied Fredericksburg at 8 o'clock last night. The Hospital for our wounded is established

Supplies, nurses, physicians and attendants ave been ready for two days and have gone forward.

The wounded are estimated at about twelve

WASHINGTON, May 9-4 P. M. To Major General Dix, N. Y .: Dispatches have just reached here direct from General Grant. They are not fully de-

ciphered yet, but he is on to Richmond! We have taken 2,000 prisoners. (Signed) EDWIN M. STANTON,

Secretary of War. SECOND DISPATCH.

To Major General Dix, N. Y. : 4:15 P. M. - A bearer of dispatches from Gen Meade's headquarters has just reached here. He states that Lee's army commenced falling back on the night of Friday, and our army commenced the pursuit on Saturday

morning. The rebels are in full retreat for Richmond by the direct road

y the direct road.

General Hancock passed through Spottsvlvania Court House at daylight yesterday. His headquarters at noon yesterday were twenty miles South of the battle-field.

We occupy Fredericksburg. The Twenty-second New York cavalry held that place at eight o'clock last night. The depot for our wounded is established at Fredericksburg. (Signed) EDWIN M. STANTON.

FROM THE SOUTH-WEST.

Capture of General Steele's Trains. A Supply Steamer Sunk.

Steele's Lines Pressed A BATTLE AND REPULSE OF THE REBELS

St. Louis, May 9. The Democrat of this morning publishes the following:

The expedition of Gen. Steele, towards Shreveport, has ended with his return under rather exciting circumstances, to Little Rock.

A gentleman conversant with the facts has arrived here and communicates a statement to the following purport:

Gen. Steele left Little Rock with some Gen. Steels left Little Lock was some 12,000 infantry and 3,000 cavalry; the latter under Gen. Carr.

Arkadelphia was occupied without wifficulty, and the force moved forward to Camber.

den.

Between Arkadelphia and Cgurden the sub-sistence train of 180 wagons was out off and captured by the enemy, together with the es-

cort of 480 men, who suddenly found them-selves in the hands of a superior force, and made but little resistance.

Af Camden Steele soon found the rebels, about 8,000 strong, with their cavalry in his rear.
Two hundred and forty wagons were dis-

patched from Camden towards Pine Bluff for stores, with an escort of 1,600 men, which were captured by the enemy.

The steamer Alema, with twenty tons of ammunition for Gen. Steele's army, was sunk when forty miles below Little Rock, by com-

The pilot who had charge of the boat was put under arrest on suspicion of treachery, but was subsequently released.

General Steele found no stores to subsist

General Steele found no stores to subsist his troops, and had to reduce their allowances to quarter rations.

As this movement was to be co-operative with the main one of Gen. Banks, which had failed, there remained no course to pursue but to return to Little Rock.

Gen. Price undertook to retain Steele at Camden, while Marmaduke, with a strong force set, off for Little Rock.

General Steele, in order to act for the safety of the Arkansas capital, with its Union population, and millions of dollars' worth of Federal stores, and for the rescue of his army, broke through Price's line, and set out to broke through Price's line, and set out to

broke through "Frice's line, and set our to little Rock in time to save it from Marmaduke, who was also making every exertion to reach and bag the proposed game. At Sabine Fork it became necessary to give Price battle, which was handsomely done.

The rebels were then mounted and in fine condition The fight was protracted and bloody, last-

ing four hours, and resulted in the complete repulse of the enemy, causing Steele to resume his exciting race with Marmaduke. The latter approached Little Rock, throwing shells into the city on the afternoon of the last. Shortly arterwards. Carr's cavalry came up and joined the troops at the post, compelling harmaduke to relinquish his undertaking. He made little resistance, as the main body of Steele's army was rapidly arriving.

The Legislature was in session and probably not one of its members, if caught, would have been spared by the exasperated foe.

During the entire march from Camden the

stremously endeavoring to impede their progress. There were no ambulances for the wounded and they had to be left in the houses of the residents on the road.

The captured escort consisted of 1600 nen of the 35th Iowa, 43d. Indiana, and 7th Ohio regin ents. Only 45 men succeeded in escort.

caping.

Our informa trepresents Steele's cavalry as deplorably deficient in horses; our men being compelled to use un broken mules in many instances, or to try to use them for cayalry horses.

Partial List of Casualties to Officers on Both Sides.

Firing Heard at Aquia Creek. Washington, Naylo.

The following is the list of casualties, so The following is the list of casualties, so far as received at the present time:
Brig. Gen. Alex. Hayes, of Pa, killed; Brig. Gen. James S. Wadsworth, New York, killed; Brig. Gen Webb, wounded; Col. Wilson, 43d New York, and Maj. Fryer, wounded; Col. Stone, 2d Vermont, and Lt. Col. Tyler, do, wounded; Col. Lawis 2d Vermont, and dispt. wounded; Col. Lewis, 2d Vermont, and Lient. Col. Foster, do., wounded; Col, Stone, of the Bucktails, injured by a fall: Col. West, 9th

Bucktails, injured by a fall: Col. West; 9th Maine, killed; Col. Bedwell, 4th New York, and Maj. Darlington, 18th Pa., wounded.

An official dispatch of General Lee to the rebel authorities at kichmond, transmitted by General Butler to the War Department, states that the rebel loss in killed is not large; but many are wounded.

He further states that he regrets to say that General Longstreet is dangerously wounded. General Longstreet is dangerously wounded; also, Generals Pegram and Hafford; that General Jenkins is killed; General Jones is also reported to be killed and his body is said

to be in our possession.

At the latest dates received by the War Department, Gen. Häficock was rapidly pushing by the left to Spottsylvania Court House. Heavy cannonading from that direction was heard at Acquis creek yesterday.

FURTHER LIST OF KILLED AND WOUNDED

Gen. Longstreet Mortally Wounded.

The Philadelphia evening Telegraph has the full owing list of killed and wounded:
Colonel Carrol, 95th Pa, killed; Captain
Byrnes, 2d Pa, captured; Captain Briggs,
11th Pa, wounded in thigh; Col. Growne, 118th Pa., wounded in leg; Major Darlington, 18th Pa., killed; Col. Woodward, son of Judge Woodward, killed. Gen. Longstreet was shot by a bullet in the neck and mortally wounded.

XXXVIIIth Congress-First Session. SENATE CALL CONT

Washington, May 9.

Bank bill came up. Henderson's amendment, changing the limit of circulation from three hundred million to the amount authorized to be issued by the Comptroller to banks already created, was rejected; yeas 12; nays 23.

Mr. Doolittle's amendment, a synopsis of which has been given, was then proposed and

The bank bill was up until the hour of adrnment.
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES. ournment. After a lengthy discussion on the right of Mr. Loan to a seat, the House adjourned.

PRINTE LARD content of the Content o

troops were constantly skirmishing with the enemy, who hung upon their rear flanks, strenuously endeavoring to impede their pro-

horses.

Prices forces are still lingering in the viclinity, stripping off the desolated cou-

FROM THE SEAT OF WAR.

art in Lineage Alth Chi<mark>a</mark>s

The Slar extra says there is no foundation for the report that the rebels were evacuating Richmond, nor that Petersburg has been ev