THE TELEGRAPH

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MORNING AND EVENING,
BY GEORGE BERGNER.
OFFICE THIRD ST., NEAR WALNUT.

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SINGLE SUBSCRIPTION.

THE DAILY TELEGRAPH is served to subscribers in the city at 8 cents per week. Yearly subscribers will be charged $5 00 in advance. Those persons who neglect to pay in advance will be charged $6 00.

WEEKLY TELEGRAPH.

THE TELEGRAPH is also published weekly, and is furnished to subscribers at the following cash rates:

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MEDICAL.

ELIXIR. ELIXIR.

DR. WRIGHT'S
REJUVENATING ELIXIR,
OR, ESSENCE OF LIFE.

Prepared from Pure Vegetable Extracts, containing nothing Injurious to the most Delicate.

☞The Rejuvenating Elixir is the result of modern discoveries in the vegetable kingdom; being an entirely new and abstract method of cure, irrespective of all the old and worn-out systems.

☞This medicine has been tested by the most eminent medical men of the day, and by them pronounced to be one of the greatest medical discoveries of the age

☞One bottle will cure General Debility.

☞A few doses cures Hysterics in females.

☞One bottle cures Palpitation of the Heart.

☞A few doses restores the organs of generation.

☞From one to three bottles restores the manliness and full vigor of youth.

☞A few doses restores the appetite.

☞Three bottles cures the worst case of Impotency.

☞A few doses cures tee low spirited.

☞One bottle restors mental power.

☞A few doses bring the rose to the cheek.

☞This medicine restores to manly vigor and robus health the poor, debilitated, worn-down and despairing devotee of sensual pleasure.

☞The listless, enervated youth, the over-tasked man of business, the victim of a nervous depression, the individual suffering from general debility, or from weakness of a *single organ*, will all find immediate and permanent relief by the use of this Elixir or Essence of Life.

☞Price, $2 per bottle, or three bottles for $5, and forwarded by express, on receipt of money, to any address.

☞Sold by all druggists everywhere.

DR. W. R. MERWIN & CO.,
Sole Proprietors,
No. 59 Liberty street, New York.
mar11-eod1y

CHEROKEE PILLS.
SUGAR-COATED
FEMALE REGULATOR,
HEALTH PRESERVER.
CERTAIN AND SAFE.

☞*For the Removal of Obstructions and the Insurance of Regularity in the Recurrence of the Monthly Periods.*

☞They cure or obviate those numerous diseases that spring from irregularity, by removing the irregularity itself.

☞They cure Suppressed, Excessive and Painful Menstruation.

☞They cure Green Sickness (Chlorosis.)

☞They cure Nervous and Spinal Affections, pains in the back and lower parts of the body, Heaviness, Fatigue on slight exertion, Palpitation of the Heart, Lowness of Spirits, Hysteria, Sick Headache, Giddiness, &c., &c. In a word, by removing the irregularity, they remove the cause, and with it ALL the effects that spring from it

☞Composed of simple vegetable extracts, they contain nothing deleterious to any constitution, however delicate, their function being to substitute strength for weakness, which, when properly used, they never fail to do.

☞They may be safely used at any age, and at any period, EXCEPT DURING THE FIRST THREE MONTHS, during which the unfailing nature of their action would infallibly PREVENT pregnancy.

☞All letters seeking information or advice will be promptly, freely and discreetly answered.

☞Full directions accompany each box.

☞Price, $1 per box, or six boxes for $5.

☞Sent by mail, free of postage, on receipt of price.

☞Sold by all respectable druggists.

DR. W. R. MERWIN & CO., Sole Proprietors.
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For sale in Harrisburg by S. A. KUNKEL & BRO., 118 Market street.

TO OFFICERS AND SOLDIERS.

Collection of Pensions, Bounties, Back Pay and War Claims.

OFFICERS' PAY ROLLS, MUSTER ROLLS AND RECRUITING ACCOUNTS MADE OUT.

THE undersigned, having been in the employment of the United States during the last eighteen months, as Clerk in the Mustering and Disbursing Office and Office of Superintendent of Recruiting Service of Pennsylvania, respectfully informs the public that he has opened an office in the DAILY TELEGRAPH Building for the purpose of collecting Pensions, Bounties, Back Pay and War Claims; also, making out Officers' Pay Rolls, Muster Rolls and Recruiting Accounts.

All orders by mail attended to promptly.

nov1-dtf SULLIVAN S. CHILD.

M'FADDEN'S MARBLE YARD.

CORNER OF WALNUT AND FIFTH STREETS,
Harrisburg, Pa.

THE undersigned having opened a Marble Yard in this city, beg leave to inform their friends and the public in general, that they are prepared to furnish

MARBLE WORK OF EVERY DESCRIPTION
SUCH AS
Monuments,
Tombs,
Head Stones,
Mantles,
And House Work in Marble and Brown Stone.

Give us a call and we will guarantee satisfaction.

M'FADDEN & CO.

N. B.—Lettering neatly done in English or German.
mar29-dly

VISITING, WEDDING, INVITATION, AND AT HOME CARDS.—By a special arrangement with one of the best engravers in the country, cards of any description will be executed in the highest style of art, conformable with the latest fashion, and supplied promptly, at lower prices than are charged by the stationers in New York or Philadelphia. For samples and prices call at BERGNER'S BOOK STORE.
mch6-dtf

A LARGE INVOICE OF NEW RAISINS,
CITRON,
CURRANTS,
PRUNES,
FIGS, &C.,
At SHISLER & FRAZER'S,
[no20] (Successors to Wm. Dock, Jr., & Co.)

HEAVY HAULING.

MOSES FLECK respectfully announces to the Public that he is prepared to do all kinds of HEAVY HAULING at reasonable rates. Horses and carts furnished by the day or single load. All orders left at the Second Ward House, corner of Chestnut and Second streets, will be promptly attended to. mar24-3lm

Soldiers' Portfolios.

A LARGE assortment at
mar18 BERGNER'S CHEAP BOOKSTORE,
Sold at Wholesale or retail at low prices.

1,000 LBS. St. George Codfish, for sale at SHISLER & FRAZER'S,
feb2 (Successors to Wm. Dock, Jr., & Co.)

1,000 LBS. CODFISH, of the celebrated St. George braud, just received and for sale by SHISLER & FRAZER,
feb1 (successors to Wm. Dock, Jr., & Co.)

SWEET CIDER.—A small but very fine lot of Sweet Cider, just received at
SHISLER & FRAZER,
mar28 (Successors to W. Dock, Jr., & Co.)

Pennsylvania Daily Telegraph.

"THE UNION—NOW AND FOREVER."—*Webster.*

BY GEORGE BERGNER. HARRISBURG, PA., FRIDAY EVENING, APRIL 29, 1864. PRICE TWO CENTS.

MEDICAL.

DR. JOHNSON,

BALTIMORE

LOCK HOSPITAL,

HAS discovered the most certain, speedy and effectual remedies in the world for

DISEASES OF IMPRUDENCE.

RELIEF IN SIX TO TWELVE HOURS.

NO MERCURY OR NOXIOUS DRUGS.

A Cure Warranted, or No Charge, in from One to Two Days.

Weakness of the Back, Affections of the Kidneys and Bladder, Involuntary Discharges, Impotency, General Debility, Nervousness, Dyspepsia, Languor, Low Spirits, Confusion of Ideas, Palpitation of the Heart, Timidity, Tremblings, Dimness of Sight or Giddiness, Disease of the Head, Throat, Nose or Skin, Affections of the Liver, Lungs, Stomach or Bowels—those terrible disorders arising from the Solitary Habits of Youth—those secret and solitary practices more fatal to their victims than the song of Syrens to the Mariners of Ulysses, blighting their most brilliant hopes or anticipations, rendering marriage, &c., impossible.

YOUNG MEN

Especially, who have become the victims of Solitary Vice, that dreadful and destructive habit which annually sweeps to an untimely grave thousands of Young Men of the most exalted talents and brilliant intellect, who might otherwise have entranced listening Senates with the thunders of eloquence or waked to ecstasy the living lyre, may call with full confidence.

MARRIAGE.

Married persons, or Young Men contemplating marriage, being aware of physical weakness, organic debility, deformities, &c., speedily cured.

He who places himself under the care of Dr. J. may religiously confide in his honor as a gentleman, and confidently rely upon his skill as a Physician.

ORGANIC WEAKNESS

immediately cured, and full vigor restored.

This distressing affection—which renders life miserable and marriage impossible—is the penalty paid by the victims of improper indulgence. Young persons are too apt to commit excesses from not being aware of the dreadful consequences that may ensue. Now, who that understands the subject will pretend to deny that the power of procreation is lost sooner by those falling into improper habits than by the prudent. Besides being deprived the pleasures of healthy offspring, the most serious and destructive symptoms to both body and mind arise. The system becomes deranged, the physical and mental functions weakened, loss of procreative power, nervous irritability, dyspepsia, palpitation of the heart, indigestion, constitutional debility, a wasting of the frame, cough, consumption, decay and death.

OFFICE No. 7, SOUTH FREDERICK STREET,

Left hand side going from Baltimore street, a few doors from the corner. Fail not to observe name and number.

Letters must be paid and contain a stamp. The Doctor's Diplomas hang in his office.

DR. JOHNSON,

Member of the Royal College of Surgeons, London, graduate from one of the most eminent colleges in the United States, and the greater part of whose life has been spent in the hospitals of London, Paris, Philadelphia and elsewhere, has effected some of the most astonishing cures that were ever known; many troubled with ringing in the head and ears when asleep, great nervousness, being alarmed at sudden sounds, bashfulness, with frequent blushing, attended sometimes with derangement of mind were cured immediately.

TAKE PARTICULAR NOTICE.

These are some of the sad and melancholy effects produced by early habits of youth, viz: weakness of the back and limbs, pains in the head, dimness of sight, loss of muscular power, palpitation of the heart, dyspepsia, nervous irritability, symptoms of consumption, &c.

MENTALLY.—The fearful effects on the mind are much to be dreaded—loss of memory, confusion of ideas, depression of spirits, evil forebodings, aversion to society, self distrust, love of solitude, timidity, &c., are some of the evils produced.

YOUNG MEN

Who have injured themselves by a certain practice indulged in when alone, a habit frequently learned from evil companions, or at school, the effects of which are nightly felt, even when asleep, and if not cured renders marriage impossible, and destroys both mind and body, should apply immediately.

What a pity that a young man, the hope of his country, the darling of his parents, should be snatched from all prospects and enjoyments of life, by the consequence of deviating from the path of nature and indulging in a certain secret habit. Such persons MUST, before contemplating

MARRIAGE,

Reflect that a sound mind and body are the most necessary requisites to promote connubial happiness. Indeed, without these, the journey through life becomes a weary pilgrimage; the prospect hourly darkens to the view; the mind becomes shadowed with despair and filled with the melancholy reflection that the happiness of another becomes blighted with our own.

DISEASE OF IMPRUDENCE.

When the misguided and imprudent votary of pleasure finds he has imbibed the seeds of this painful disease, too often happens that an ill-timed sense of shame or the dread of discovery deters him from applying to those who from education and respectability, can alone befriend him. He falls into the hands of ignorant and designing pretenders, who, incapable of curing, filch his pecuniary substance, keep him trifling month after month, or as long as the smallest fee can be obtained, and in despair leave him with ruined health to sigh over his galling disappointment, or, by the use of the deadly poison, Mercury, hasten the constitutional symptoms of this terrible disease, such as affections of the Head, Throat, Nose, Skin, etc., progressing with frightful rapidity till death puts a period to his dreadful sufferings by sending him to that undiscovered country from whence no traveler returns.

INDORSEMENT OF THE PRESS.

The many thousands cured at this institution year after year, and the numerous important surgical operations performed by Dr. Johnson, witnessed by the reporters of the *Sun*, *Clipper*, and many other papers, notices of which have appeared again and again before the public, besides his standing as a gentleman of character and responsibility, is a sufficient guarantee to the afflicted.

SKIN DISEASES SPEEDILY CURED.

Office No. 7 South Frederick Street.
ap26-d1y

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GREAT CENTRAL FAIR
FOR THE
Sanitary Commission

OFFICE OF THE COMMITTEE ON LABOR, INCOMES AND REVENUES, No. 118 SOUTH SEVENTH STREET, PHILADELPHIA, April 4th, 1864.

The Committee on "LABOR, INCOMES AND REVENUES," invite co-operation with them in the particular work for which they have been appointed. As no portion of the people are more patriotic than the working men and women of the country, it is but just and proper that they should alike have an opportunity to contribute to the objects of the Fair. The most equable plan for accomplishing this, and, at the same time the easiest one, is to ask for the contribution of a SINGLE DAY'S LABOR from all classes in the community. Many will contribute a day of their labor willingly, who would not subscribe their money. To reach every department of industry and art will be a work of great labor, but, if attained, will be productive of immense results.

The success of the plan will depend upon the hearty co-operation of every element of influence within our limits, and we invite all the guardians of the industrial interests, and all others, to take hold with us in furthering this great work of patriotism and humanity.

The Committee is charged with the following duty, to wit:

FIRST—To obtain the contribution of "one day's labor," or earnings, from every artizan and laborer, foreman, operative and employee; president, cashier, teller and clerk of every incorporated and unincorporated company, railroad and express company, employing firm, bank, manufactory, iron works, oil works, mill, mine and public office; from every private banker and broker, importer, auctioneer and merchant; clerk, agent and salesman; designer, finisher and artist; publisher, printer and mechanic; from every government officer, contractor and employee; grocer, butcher, baker and dealer; farmer, horticulturist; and producer; from every mantua maker, milliner and female operative; every individual engaged in turning the soil, tending the loom, or in any way earning a livelihood, or building a fortune within the States of Pennsylvania, New Jersey and Delaware.

SECOND—To obtain the contribution of one day's "Revenue," from all the great employing establishments, firms, corporations, companies, railroads and works.

THIRD—To obtain the contribution of one day's income from every retired person, person of fortune—male and female—living upon their means, and from all clergymen, lawyers, physicians, dentists, editors, authors and professors; all other persons engaged in the learned or other professions.

Much of this work must be performed by the personal influence and efforts of ladies and gentlemen associated, or to be associated with the Committee in carrying out this plan.

The Committee feel the responsibility of the work they have undertaken, which, to be successful, will require a very perfect ramification of their plan, and they therefore call upon all earnest people to assemble themselves together in every town, township and county, and form organizations of ladies and gentlemen to co-operate with them in this great work and labor of love, in the manufacturing counties, the coal and oil regions, and in the agricultural districts—especially, let there be organizations in the large towns, so that the young people may have an opportunity thus to render assistance to their relatives and friends fighting the battles of their country in the armies of the nation.

The work of this Committee may be prosecuted where no other effort can be made for the Fair, as in the mines of the coal regions. A day's earnings of the miners, and a day's product of the mines, can be obtained where no portable article could be procured for transportation. Indeed there is no part or section of these States where the day's labor may not be obtained, if organizations can be formed to reach them.

The Committee cannot close without urging upon all proprietors of establishments the duty of taking prompt and energetic action to secure the benefit of the day of labor from all within their control.

The Committee deem it unnecessary to do more than thus to present the subject to the people of the three States named. In the coming campaigns of our armies, the labors of the "Sanitary Commission" will be greatly augmented. By the first of June 700,000 men—one of the largest armies of modern times—will be operating in the field. So large a force, scattered over regions to which the men are unacclimated, must necessarily carry along with it a large amount of sickness, suffering and death, to say nothing of the gathered horrors of the battle-field.

These sufferings, it is our bounden duty, as men and Christians, to relieve. A great and enlightened people, enjoying the blessings of a government of their own making, cannot refuse assistance to men suffering to maintain its authority, and we will not believe that the "GREAT CENTRAL FAIR," drawing its products from the three States of Pennsylvania, New Jersey and Delaware, so affluent in all mineral, agricultural and industrial wealth, shall fall behind any similar effort, which has yet been made for the relief of the Nation's children.

As it is desirable not to multiply circulars, *no further authority than this circular will be necessary for any employing firm or company, or any respectable committee of ladies and gentlemen, to proceed at once in the work of this committee;* and it is hoped that under it, organizations will spring up in all the towns and busy regions in the States of Pennsylvania, New Jersey and Delaware.

Subscriptions will be thankfully acknowledged in the newspapers of Philadelphia; and it is very desirable that they commence soon, as each fresh acknowledgment will stimulate effort in other localities.

All subscriptions should be addressed to to JOHN W. CLAGHORN, Treasurer, office of the "Committee on Labor, Incomes and Revenue," No. 118 South Seventh street, Philadelphia.

☞All needful helps in Circulars and Posters will be forwarded to parties applying for them. Direct to the Chairman of the Committee as above.

L. MONTGOMERY BOYD, Chairman.
JOHN W. CLAGHORN, Treasurer.
Rev. E. W. HUTTER, Corresponding Secretary.
M'GREGOR J. MITCHESON, Secretary.

HONORARY MEMBERS.

His Excellency, A G Curtin, Governor of Pennsylvania
His Excellency, Joel Parker, Governor of New Jersey.
His Excellency, Wm Cannon, Governor of Delaware.
Hon Alexander Henry, Mayor of Philadelphia.
Hon Joseph R Ingersoll, Pennsylvania.
Hon Judge Carpenter, New Jersey.
Hon Judge Harrington, Delaware.
Major-General George G Meade, Army of the Potomac.

COMMITTEE.

Right Rev Bishop Potter,	Mrs Rev E W Hutter,
Most Rev Bishop Wood,	Chairman.
Rev Bishop Simpson,	Mrs George M Dallas,
Rev Dr Brainard,	Mrs John Sergeant,
Rev W F Breel,	Mrs John M Scott,
Rev E W Hutter,	Mrs General Meade,
Rev Isaac Leeser,	Mrs J Edgar Thompson,
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John Edgar Thompson,	Mrs Robert W Leaming,
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John Bingham,	Mrs George W Harris,
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Dr Walter Williamson,	Mrs Enoch Turley,
Hon Oswald Thompson,	Miss A Sager,
Hon J R Ludlow,	Miss Susan O'Neill,
N B Browne,	Miss Sallie Scott,
Daniel Dougherty,	Miss Louisa E Claghorn,
and 90 others.	and 35 others

apr11-d2aw6tw4t

Lykens Valley Railroad and Coal Company.

NOTICE.—The annual meeting of the Stockholders of the Lykens Valley Railroad and Coal Company will be held at the office of Edward Gratz, Esq., No. 4 South Seventh street, Philadelphia, on Monday, the 2d day of May next, at 12 o'clock, for the election of a President, Secretary, Treasurer and Seven Managers, to serve for the ensuing year.

GEO. E. HOFFMAN.
ap1dlm Pres't L. V. R. R. & C. Co.

FRESH FISH,
EVERY TUESDAY AND FRIDAY,
CAN be had at
THE FRUIT STORE
OF
JOHN WISE,
ap26-dtf Third street, near Walnut.

PLUMBING AND GAS FITTING.

THE undersigned would respectfully inform his friends and the public generally, that he has associated with him a Practical Plumber, and is now prepared to do PLUMBING in all its various branches, such as Hydrants, Bath Tubs, Water Closets, Stationary Wash Basins, &c. Galvanized Iron, Copper Tinished, Lead and Iron Bath Tubs, Plain and Fancy Wash Basins, Water Closets, Traps, Brass and Plated Cocks, and all descriptions of Plumber's materials and gas fixtures kept constantly on hand, and furnished at the lowest city prices. GEO. A. OUELSBY, No. 25 South Second St.,
ap26-d1w Harrisburg, Pa.

ORANGES! ORANGES! A large lot of superior Oranges, and Sicily Havana, for sale in any quantity at BOYER & KOERPER.
jan20

EVENING EDITION.

SPEECH
OF
HON. GEORGE V. LAWRENCE,
OF WASHINGTON,

On taking his seat as Chairman of the Union State Convention, held in this City Yesterday.

The President elect, on taking the chair, amid considerable applause, said: Gentlemen of the Convention, I feel deeply sensible of the honor you have just conferred upon me. That honor is enhanced when I reflect that among the persons here to-day I recognize many of those with whom I have been associated in public life for the last ten or twelve years. That pleasure is also enhanced when I reflect that from almost every district in the State I find here leading men of this great Union organization, ready to perform the duties devolved upon them as delegates. It is, then, no small honor, gentlemen, to be selected to preside over your deliberations. The duties will not be onerous, and I trust they will not be tedious. I shall perform them with fidelity and impartiality, and I shall attempt to perform them to the satisfaction of the convention.

Gentlemen, we have met in a most important crisis in the history of our country, and this organization, which we represent here to-day, is, perhaps, the strongest, numerically and mentally, that has ever existed in this country, whether you consider it as confined to Pennsylvania, or as embracing this whole country. I say that there is not to-day on this broad earth a body of men so powerful in numbers, and having so holy an object in view, as this Union organization. [Applause.] This organization is not confined to any particular party. I recognize here to-day men who have belonged to all the political organizations of the State; and if I were in the capital of Ohio or of New York, or any of those great States, in a convention of delegates representing the views of the people, I would find a similar state of affairs. I would find patriotic men from the old Democratic organization. I would find men who had been known as Whigs in early life; I would find Republicans, I would find Americans, and all classes of men, associated together. And for what purpose, gentlemen? For the holy purpose of trying to save this Government, with all its holy memories of the past and with all its bright hopes of the future to ourselves and to our children. This is the holy mission of this great organization, and I trust that the very name which we have adopted indicates the cardinal principle that govern us. We are for the Union! We are a party of peace, if it could be so; a party of order, a party submissive to law, a party in favor of constitutional right, but we are in favor at all times and under all circumstances, of saving this Government, which has been handed down to us by our fathers, if it costs us more money and more blood. I do not mistake the sentiments of delegates here to-day, when I say that there is not a man in the organization who is not in favor of sustaining the Administration of the National Government in its attempts to put down this rebellion. [Applause.]

I do not mistake your sentiment, gentlemen, when I assert another fact—that there is not, to-day, in all this wide extended country, nor even across the water, a man in public life who is better known for his integrity, his uprightness and honesty, than Abraham Lincoln. [Vociferous and prolonged cheering.] I am glad, gentlemen, to hear you cheer, in that way, the patriotic Chief Magistrate of this nation. You know, as well as I do, that no other man in this land has spent so many sleepless nights and anxious days in order to save your Government and my Government from being overthrown; and while he has had to contend with the armies of the enemy in the field, he has had a still more subtle, and in many respects, a more dangerous enemy at home. He has had them, gentlemen, in these halls, he has had them all over the State of Pennsylvania, for I recollect that there are those who are willing, at least, to stand by and see this Government, with all its precious recollections, go down in a night of darkness and gloom. I regret to say it, but I stand here to speak honestly and candidly—I have no speech prepared for you—I express my strongest convictions when I say that I know that on these green hills and in these valleys of Pennsylvania there are to-day men that would rejoice at the sound of victory on the part of the rebels coming up from the Rappahannock. I do not exaggerate them when I say that we are met under most important circumstances, and we have a duty to perform which we ought to perform with a single eye to the interest of our great county.

Gentlemen, I have neither time nor strength to tell you all that is at stake in this crisis. If I did I would speak for hours. You all know what is at stake, not only as regards this country, but as regards the civilized world. There is not a Union man here to-day who does not regret that there is any man in all this land who would not be found, in the hour of trial, on the side of his country; not one. The President has laid aside all party feeling. He has called to his aid men of all political parties, and they are in the field to-day, laboring for you and for me. They stand between us and the enemy, like a wall of fire, to protect our property and our lives. Men of all political organizations are in the field, in the cabinet, and all over the country are sustaining him; and yet all of you know that no man in all this land has been more abused and more slandered than President Lincoln. I have heard him abused in these halls. I have heard General Butler and Governor Johnson, among others that I might name, who have given their time and their talents to the country, abused in the capitol of my own State until I have been ashamed, and could have wept tears of bitterness. I have heard General Butler, because he was willing to lay aside party feeling and give his services to the country, published in my county and throughout the State as a brute, a hireling, a thief and a robber. I have seen, and you have seen, far more than this. I say, then, gentlemen, that if this Government is saved it must be, as my friend, the temporary president, has said, by the army in the field, and by the Union army at home. [Cheering.]

Recollect, gentlemen, that this band of men that are to-day standing in sight of Lee's army on the Rappahannock—and I trust that they are numbered by not less than 125 or 150,000—and those that are in almost every rebel State assisting in putting down the rebellion, belong to this Union organization. [Applause.] It is safe to say that ninety-nine out of every hundred men in the field are in favor of the policy of the Union party. It is safe to say that at least nineteen-twentieths of these men are in favor of your patriotic President. And when you clothe them with the right of suffrage—when they are vested with the same right at the polls as you and I possess—my word for it, there will be in November little doubt as to the result in the army of the nation.

Why should not these men be invested with the right of suffrage? Do you not know that there have been men in these halls, clothed with power by the people, who have been willing to prevent, if they could, the soldiers from enjoying that right? In the contest which ended last October, when we contended against George W. Woodward—himself an honorable man—we appealed to the people from every hill-top in the land, telling them that if George W. Woodward should be elected Governor of Pennsylvania and Vallandigham of Ohio, they, acting in concert with Seymour, of New York, and Parker, of New Jersey, would endeavor to thwart the purposes of the National Government, that they would assist, so far as was in their power, in giving aid and comfort to the enemy, both in the field and at home. I said that myself before thousands and thousands of people, and I stand here to-day, not only to vindicate myself, but every man who spoke with me on those questions. I told the people then, as we tell them now, that our candidate was true to the National cause, and had given his time and talent to the country, and that he was tried and proved faithful. I told them more. I told them that if George W. Woodward be elected, he would use his power against the National Administration. Was I not right? After the election, the very first act that these men did on the bench—I refer to Judge Woodward, Judge Lowry and Judge Thompson—was to make a decision which was calculated to strike down the power of the National Administration. They decided that the Conscription bill—the only means left for filling up the shattered ranks of the army—was unconstitutional. I have this to say here, and I say it boldly—I care not who hears it—I slander nobody, but I believe it as firmly as that the sun shines, that if George W. Woodward had been elected Governor of Pennsylvania, this country would have been infinitely worse off than it is to-day. It is bad enough, I admit; but it would have been worse.

The people desire to do right, and all that you have to do is to inform them on this subject. They are thoroughly awake now. They believe as you believe, that there are at this time but two parties in this great country—that it is now, as in the days of our Saviour, that "he that gathereth not with us, scatter-eth abroad." There is no middle ground to stand on. If a man is not for the country, he is against it. If a man stops to quibble about the policy of the Administration, you may be sure that he is not true on the national question, and that he is as as likely to have his sympathy on the other side of the Rappahannock as on this side.

I say, then, I hope that the people themselves will take this matter in hand—that they will stand by what we do here. We care little in nominating a standard bearer, for the man, so that he represents the loyal people of the country. If I may be allowed to speak my own sentiments I say that no man in the land is so well entitled to this nomination as the President. No man in the land has done so much for us. You may not agree with him in all the measures of the Administration, but you know that he has one single and disinterested purpose, to save the Government to ourselves and to our children. I say then that although I do not think he personally desires a nomination, yet it would be grateful to him, as it will be to the loyal men in the field and the loyal men in this nation, to know that we in this convention are willing to stand by him through evil and through good report; that we will not join in the vituperation and slander to which he has been subjected—that we will encourage our men in the field, that we will feed and clothe them while they are fighting our battle. Now, gentlemen, I have detained you longer than I intended. I hope you all feel on this subject as I feel. You all know the importance of the position you occupy. You know how your people feel at home; you know the interest at stake. If you know that, if you do not do your duty in this crisis, your children will rise up and curse you for having sold their birthright. Let me appeal to you, then, to let our actions be as harmonious as possible. If we send honest and good men to the National Convention, we will then have a standard-bearer worthy of this great Union party. We will go into the contest, I care not what the opposition may be, with our banners streaming in the air, and on them shall be written "Union and Victory." [Loud applause.]

By Telegraph.

From Washington.

STATEMENT OF REFUGEES.

WASHINGTON, April 28.

This morning Stanhope Garrechie and Mary Garrechie, refugees from Augusta, Ga., presented themselves at the Provost Marshal's office, and were released on taking the oath of fidelity. Garrechie states that on the 15th of last month the rebel authorities issued an order prohibiting citizens from riding on railroads from various points in the South, leading to Richmond, in order to facilitate the movements of troops, which were being hurried up to Richmond in large numbers. At the time Garrechie left Augusta, Ga., which was some two weeks ago, there were no troops stationed at that point. Those that had been quartered there were withdrawn a few days previous, and sent to Richmond. When Garrechie was at Richmond, he saw large bodies of troops on their way to reinforce Lee, and that the arrival of every train at that place increased their numbers.

WASHINGTON, April 28.—Subscriptions to the ten-forty loan reported to the Treasury to-day seven hundred and forty thousand.

It is said by members of the Executive committee that there is no probability of postponing the time for the meeting of the Baltimore National Convention.

No passes to civilians are given, and several who started for the army front on old passes have been sent back.

The case of the Missouri contested election case, Bruce against Doan, is to be taken up next Tuesday.

STEAM PRINTING OFFICE.

ADVERTISING RATES—DAILY TELEGRAPH.

The following are the rates for advertising in the TELEGRAPH. Those paying advertising to do will find it convenient for reference.

☞Four lines or less constitute one-half square. Eight lines or more than four constitute a square.

FOR A HALF SQUARE.		FOR ONE SQUARE.	
One day	$ 30	One day	$ 50
Two days	50	Two days	1 00
Three days	75	Three days	1 25
One week	1 25	One week	2 25
One month	3 00	One month	6 00
Two months	4 50	Two months	9 00
Three months	5 50	Three months	11 00
Six months	8 00	Six months	15 00
One year	15 00	One year	20 00
Administration Notices			$2 25
Marriage Notices			75
Auditor's Notices			1 50
Funeral Notices each insertion			50

☞Business notices inserted in the *Local Column*, or before Marriages and Deaths, EIGHT CENTS PER LINE for each insertion.

XXXVIIIth Congress---First Session.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

WASHINGTON, April 28.

The House went into committee of the whole on the state of the Union, to consider the internal revenue bill.

Mr. Kasson (Iowa) offered a substitute for the 151st section, which was adopted, providing that it shall not be lawful to record any instrument, document or paper, unless the proper stamps shall be affixed, and the record on which the proper stamp is not fixed shall be utterly void, and shall not be used as evidence.

The section stricken out proposed a penalty of fifty dollars for the failure to affix the stamps.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

PHILADELPHIA, April 28.

There was a marked inactivity in all the departments of trade to-day, and operations were of the most meagre character. For flour there was but little demand, either for export or city sales. The transactions reach but a few hundred bbls. of extra family at $8 25@8 50 to retailers. The prices range at $7@7 25 for superfine, $7 50@7 55 for extra, $8@8 50 for extra family, and $8 75@9 75 for fancy brands, according to quality. Rye flour continues scarce, and in demand at $7 per bbl. Corn meal is held with increased firmness. There is but little wheat here, and it is taken at $1 78@1 85 for red, at which about 5,000@6,000 bush. were sold, with a higher rate demanded for strictly prime lots; white ranges at $1 90@2 05. Rye; sales have been made at $1 45, and it is scarce. Corn is scarce; about 12,000 bush. yellow sold at $1 35 afloat. Oats steady at 88@90. Provisions are held with much firmness, with but little doing. Seeds are inactive at yesterday's quotations. Bark arrives slowly. Quercitron is in demand at $40 per ton. Whisky is from at $1 35 per bbl., but holders are now asking an advance. Petroleum is inactive. Transactions are of a limited character.

Stocks dull; Pennsylvania 5s, 98½; Reading railroad, 68; Morris Canal, 81½; Long Island, 48; Pennsylvania railroad, 73¼; Gold 177; Exchange on New York par.

BALTIMORE, April 28.

Flour firm; Howard street superfine, 80c. Wheat firm and unchanged. Corn steady; sales of 10,000 bush. $1 35@1 36. Whisky firm; Ohio held at $1 33.

New York Stock Marks.

NEW YORK, April 28.

Stocks lower; Cumberland preferred 72; Michigan Southern, 98; New York Central, 135; Penna. Coal, 115; Hudson River, 136; Canton Co. 46½; Virginia 6s, 49; Missouri 6's, 70; Erie, 113½; Michigan Central, 133½; Harlem 231; Pacific mail, 227; Quicksilver, 75½; Tennessee, 58; Gold, 177½; Coupons, 5-20s 111; One years' certificates, 94½; Coupons, 1881, 114; Registered coupons, 115½.

MEDICAL.

THE GREAT TONIC.

KUNKEL'S BITTER WINE OF IRON.

A PURE and powerful TONIC, Corrective and Alterative, of wonderful efficacy in diseases of the STOMACH, LIVER and BOWELS.

Cures
Dyspepsia,
Liver Complaints
Headache, General
Debility, Nervousness, Depression of Spirits, Constipation
Intermittent Fever, Acidity of the Stomach, Nausea, Heartburn, Disgust for Food, Fullness or Weight in the Stomach, Sinking or Fluttering at the Pit of the Stomach, Swimming of the Head, Difficult Breathing, Yellowness of the Skin and Eyes, Fever and Dull pains in the Head, Pain in the Side, Back, Chest and Limbs, will cure every case of Chronic or Nervous Debility, Diseases of the Kidneys and Diseases arising from a disordered Stomach, Good for Male or Female, Old or Young.

The most beneficial medicine known; gives better satisfaction and cures more diseases than any other preparation offered to the Public. Prepared solely by S. A. KUNKEL & BRO., 118 Market street, Harrisburg.

For sale by Druggists and Dealers everywhere.

BEWARE OF
Counterfeits

As Kunkel's Bitter Wine of Iron is the only sure and effectual remedy in the known world for the permanent cure of *Dyspepsia and Debility*, and as there are a number of imitations offered to the public, we would caution the community to purchase none but the genuine article, manufactured by S. A. KUNKEL & BRO., and has their stamp on the top of the cork of every bottle. The very fact that others are attempting to imitate this valuable remedy, proves its worth and speaks volumes in its favor.

The Bitter Wine of Iron is put up in 75 cent and $1 00 boules, and sold by all respectable druggists throughout the country. Be particular that every bottle bears the *fac simile* of the proprietor's signature.

This Wine includes the most agreeable and efficient Salt of Iron we possess; Citrate of Magnetic Oxide combined, with the most energetic of vegetable tonics, Yellow Peruvian bark. The effect in many cases of debility, loss of appetite, and general prostration, of an efficient Salt of Iron, combined with our valuable Nerve Tonic, is most happy. It increases the appetite, raises the pulse, takes off muscular flabbiness, removes the pallor of debility, and gives a florid vigor to the countenance.

GENERAL DEPOT,
118 MARKET STREET
HARRISBURG, PA.

For sale by all respectable dealers throughout the country.