## 8aily Tellegraph

ABRAHAMLINCOLIN TUESDAY EUENING, MABCH 29, 1864. One of the cardinal points of the Democ-
racy, and which contributed the renom and the talsehood and the deviltry to the efforts
tine men now in rebellion, has been, and proereign, each, in some respects, an independent could yield withont relapsing from the digg nity of Commonwealths to that of the mere
dependence of a colony. On this doctrine the right to revolt against the National Goveri ment. On the same doctrine, too, northern
dough-face Democrats
justified themselves in gining aid and comfort to the conspirators.
The National authority, in the judgment解e men, was a mere tog, to be used for the tyrant. This was called Stote So Sorereigaty
the central power to ressognizing the right o political actions. Indeed treven in our dos hen the Democracy of Pexnniylvania dic hocracy of the Nation, always admitting, ith the wishes, the aspirations and the in by accepting the title of the wheel-horse o Sut to what end has this gragot bogaboo of and government, come? . Let the proceeding
of the last Democratic State Convention on sylvania Democracy the leaders of the Penn sessed of sovereignty-gave up what remaine hat the Democracy of the old Keystone Stait enunciating a platform of principles. In Democracy of Pennsylvania have no long his State Las surrendered its sovereieignty. Th consideration of a band of political ranceals
shortly to assemble in Chicago, and yield to thart convention the construction of a plat
form. Indeed; so completely used up are the
leaders of the Democrey. to venture the enunciation of their peculiar
lies against those in authority. They are willing to give up all to the gamblers whowa
to assemble in National Conet the purpose to depitroy the Government wil -We know the day when Penngylvania did not occupy so servile a po
sition before the men of the Nation.
 A Blow from the Right Quarter. fort for the forcible introduction of slavery
into all the States and Territories of the country, they were encouraged to make au armed
resistance to the Government by their Northern freedom which was demonstrating itsplf in the Northern, Esstern and Western State anthor-
ities. The Democracy had lost control of the National Government, and on that account
they were anxious to see the ensuing admin-
istration of Prosident Lincoln milliated, but absolutely compelled to retire. Democratic leaders in the froe States argued
with the leaders of the Sooth, that if they the people of the free Statreis, rather than fight,
would agree to tho Lincoln from the Presidency, and nacept in in their condescension, name as a President. In return for all this, the people of the free
States, the men who contribute the actual waalth of the Government, would defray all
the expense of the demonstration of the South. That was, and still is, the hope fal, then these wratches could compel the lion. If they fairiad, then then theys of trusted to to the soaroes to pay the debts of treason. among the loyal men in the rebel Statess; and
we see that the Free State Executive Com Resolved, That the Frea State party are un Compromisingly opposed to assuming, ny
debtst contracted by the State of Louisiana,
while under rebel rute, for the hile under rebel rure, for the purpose of carcman New inucatros.
 Te history of this State or nation, have provement of all systems of education, than at the present. One wonld have supposed,
with the nation involyed in a lloody effor or its existence, the education of the youing and greparation of war. Happily for the fit
ture of the Government this is not the case. The worl whiéh Pof, Wiekersham has given
to the public, while it is of a character not to
attract general atteention, will nevertheless
command the respect and careful coosidera-
tion of those to whom it is addressed. To tion of those to whom it is addressed. To
school directors and teachers, this work mus rove invaluable, as it simplifles erery duty
mposed upon these, and leaves no feature in theo organization of a a school undiscosssed. .In-
deed, $a$ eareful study of such a volume would have a tendency often to develope a facility
for teaching. for teachung. is for sale at Bergner's cheap
Theot work it
beot Market street.
IT having been reported that the Government was being defrauded in the article of
coffee, and that ground glass was found in the
bottom of barrels,
 is that some coffei had been emptied into a
birral which previously contained fragments
of bothe. This is the origin of the charge
of fruud.
[For the Telegraph.
Our Commmon Schools.
Since the date of mo Sirce the ation of my llast commuinication
the Trustees of the Harrisurg Academy have
 ouildigigs and grounds on Front street. The
miajoritoof the Barard are of the opinion that, the best that gould be pursued, and mainly
for the follo wing reasons: " "Wha," theyg reasonss: "should we transfer this
property to the control of a body of men who confessedy are not now compodying or mint who
therms of the law under whion they are thol
ing office could establish and secure, for the benefit or
the pubhic, such sconoors an would have
right to expect? And whilst men are electe
 responsibilitees in their hands?
Thene in much wight in these conidera-
tions, it mast be admitted. But upon whom Thope, Mr. Editor, that the School Diree
torsof our ioit with begin to bee where thiey
stand Had they complied as they should



 peny-wise and pound foolish.
po mand for the past shat cannot now
be remedied But how ns to the future







##  <br> XXXVIIIth Congress--First Session.



| PENNSILVANIA LEGISL |
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| EPOBTED |
|  |
| Tuesday, March 29, 1864 <br> The Senate mot at $10 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{o}^{\prime}$ clock 4. w. <br> A large number of petitions and reports |
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ment of an
man






 approved. 1 Senate, at 1 p. M., adjourned.
 Meanwhile, it is a serious question.
mit
hose who 'through the nealeat to the contro-

 comply with the lawo, they hare three dange
to appretend, either of which may suden
caupe them no sinall ombarrassment

 comply with the law, they cannot no
payyment of the taxes they impoe.
Sch The State Superintendent of Schools may say: "Comply with the letter
and spinito othe law or I will withhold jour
portion of the annual appropriation for

 to perform any other duty enjoined by lave, the



 We hop they Mill take niother good lot
at the law, and then tat to worls and carry
out with $a$ will good worke mast mont encourage them in in the
ridual directors hafcetuan attempts of in





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## THR WAR IN THE SOUTH-WEST, accounts from paducah.








## Boats from Paducah, frhich left there at poon yesterday report that all wai quiet in he vicinity

## The citizens of the place were all returning. Several women ha been kiled daring the nght. The loss on our side was fourte



$\substack{\text { and } \\ \text { narre } \\ \text { sure } \\ \text { Tssau } \\ \text { assu }}$


 They plundered thastores of an way. immense
amount of giods, and took all the horses. they
could find.



Vive

Kentucky and the Draft.

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DIED.




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MPADDEN'S MARBLE YARD.
CORNER OF WALNUT AND FITTE STREESE

1864 घ上.


COSTAR'S EXTERMINATOBS




A. F. ZIMMERMAN,

| No. 62 Market Street, Harrisburg, Pa. Wewters miertin |
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 Ew apvertisemevts LEWIS
patent calendar clocks The Measurement of Time and the Record Dates Combinel.


C MaRTER OF INCORPORATIO:

THE UNDERSTGNES' ROW,







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On Wednesday, March





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    #### Abstract

    


