

# Daily Telegraph.

**NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.**—All advertisements, Business Notices, Marriages, Deaths, &c., to secure insertion in the TELEGRAPH, must invariably be accompanied with the CASH. Advertisements ordered in the regular Evening Edition are inserted in the morning Edition without extra charge.

**ADVERTISING RATES.**—The following are the rates for advertising in the TELEGRAPH. Those having advertising to do will find it convenient for reference:

Day	3 lines	1 week	1 month	3 months	6 months	1 year
First	100	600	1800	4500	7500	12000
Second	75	450	1350	3375	5625	9000
Third	50	300	900	2250	3750	6000
Fourth	25	150	450	1125	1875	3000
Fifth	10	60	180	450	750	1200
Saturday	5	30	90	225	375	600
Sunday	5	30	90	225	375	600

For Staining Matter, 1 line, 1 week, 500; 1 month, 1500; 3 months, 3750; 6 months, 6000; 1 year, 9000.

For Staining Matter, 1 line, 1 week, 500; 1 month, 1500; 3 months, 3750; 6 months, 6000; 1 year, 9000.

**HARRISBURG, PA.**  
Friday Afternoon, November 21, 1862.

**MILITARY RELIEF FUND.**—The regular monthly payment will be made on Friday afternoon 21st inst., at the Sheriff's office, from four until six o'clock.

The recipients will please attend punctually as there will be no more payments made at the residence of the Secretary.

**GEORGE BERGER, Pres.**  
**OLIVER EDWARDS, Sec'y.**

**THE STORM OF WIND AND RAIN** which has prevailed for several days, interrupted the working of the several telegraph lines, and thus of course interfered with the transmission of our usual telegraphic news.

**THE ORGANS** that are engaged in propping up Gen. McClellan, insist that he desires to remain as quiet as possible. Judging from his military operations, it will be no trouble for him to accomplish this desire.

**AN UNKNOWN MAN** was picked up early this morning, in an insensible condition, from the sidewalk on Market between Third and Fourth streets. He was suffering with paralysis, and was properly attended to by some of the people in the neighborhood where he was discovered.

**MR. J. D. CAMERON**, who has been seriously indisposed, at the residence of his father, Lochiel, for several weeks past, is, we are happy to announce, rapidly recovering, and will soon again be able to resume the discharge of his very responsible business duties.

**DISAPPEARED.**—The crossing at Third and Market streets. The condition of the thoroughfare in that locality is indeed impassable and dangerous for women and children. If the authorities have nothing to do with the matter, who has? Some body is responsible for permitting the existence of a great nuisance which could easily be remedied.

**THE FIRST BALL OF THE SEASON.**—The first grand military and citizens' dress ball this season, will come off at Brant's City Hall on next Wednesday evening, the 28th inst. The gentleman under whose auspices the ball will be given have made preparations to make it a splendid affair. Webber's string band, which acknowledges no superior, has been engaged to furnish the music. Tickets should be secured early, as only a limited number have been issued.

**DEATH OF A SURGEON.**—Surgeon J. P. Kimball, late in charge of the hospital located in the building attached to the German Reformed church, in Chestnut street near Third, died this morning at 9 o'clock. He had been suffering severely for several days with Typhoid fever, which terminated fatally as we have stated. He was a worthy man and a faithful and most indefatigable surgeon. His remains will be removed to Bloomfield, where his family resides.

**THE THANKSGIVING DINNER FOR THE SOLDIERS.**—It appears that the ladies, whose efforts to procure contributions for a Thanksgiving dinner for the soldiers were noticed in the TELEGRAPH yesterday, are merely to provide such a repast for the sick and wounded in Camp Curtin. Other ladies are engaged in a similar laudable effort for the purpose of serving a Thanksgiving day dinner to the wounded men in the hospital located within the city limits.

We have been requested to make this explanation, and do so knowing that there is ample room for competition in this good work to secure a Thanksgiving day dinner for all the sick and wounded soldiers in hospitals in this vicinity.

**A PREMATURE ANNOUNCEMENT.**—We have been authorized to explain that the announcement of a dissolution of the firm of Barrett, Pomeroy & McReynolds, as it appeared in this morning's Patriot and Union, was premature, and that McReynolds still considers himself as one of the partners in the control and publication of that sheet. We know nothing of the inside arrangements of that concern, although this attempt to "split" away a partner is one of the jokes on Third street to-day. McReynolds is not the man to allow himself to be humbugged, and we may therefore look for some rich developments concerning the dissolution of the firm of Barrett, Pomeroy & McReynolds. We may expect another trial of the same character which followed the ejecution of our quondam friend B. J. Haldeman from the same concern. As the "dirty business" is developed we shall keep our readers advised.

**LOOK OUT FOR A NEW COUNTERFEIT** Ten Dollar bill on the Middletown Bank. Some were in circulation in Philadelphia yesterday.

**EXEMPT ON ALIENAGE.**—Barly Ragan, of Luzerne county, and Charles Berger, of Montour county, have been exempt from the draft on the plea of alienage.

**A MEETING OF THE HOPE FIRE COMPANY** will be held in their hall this evening at 7 o'clock. All the members are requested to be present. By order of the President.

**BRIG. GEN. SETHMOORE** has been relieved of his command in the Pennsylvania Reserves, and will report to Gen. Hunter, to whose department he has been ordered. We trust that the War Department will find a Pennsylvanian to take charge of the Reserves.

**A SPECIAL MEETING OF THE Y. M. C. A.** will be held at their rooms this evening, at 8 o'clock, and all the members of the Association who feel an interest in the welfare of the sick and wounded soldiers in our city are requested to be present. By order of the President.

**MR. JONATHAN LING**, one of the old and well known citizens of Lebanon county, and a resident of Mill Creek township, died very suddenly, on Tuesday night. He got up about 12 o'clock, apparently as well as usual, to look after something, and on his return to his chamber, while disrobing himself, he fell down and expired almost immediately—no doubt under an apoplectic attack.

**ROBBERY AT HERR'S HOTEL.**—A bold and successful effort at robbery was made at Herr's Hotel last night, by which three rooms were entered and their lodgers relieved of gold watches, money, &c. It is supposed that one of the rooms was entered from the balcony, while the other two rooms were unlocked, and were of course entered in the regular way through their doors. In one of the rooms there were three men sleeping, and strange to write none of the lodgers were disturbed. It is reasonable to believe, therefore, that the thieves used chloroform, as they could not possibly have proceeded in a manner so stealthily as to be entirely unobserved by the inmates of the rooms, without the use of some stupefying agent on the part of the burglars. In proof of this, a gentleman occupying one of the rooms was to have been awakened at three o'clock this morning to proceed hence in the cars, but in the effort to do so, the servants were compelled almost to batter down the door which was locked, and when the lodger was roused it was with difficulty that he could throw off the stupefying which oppressed him.

It is deemed discreet not to go into particulars, concerning the facts of this robbery, as the affair is in the hands of the police, who will leave nothing undone to unravel the circumstances attending it, and if possible bring the burglars to justice.

The persons robbed are among the most respectable and distinguished men in the State.

**A HOME IN THE HOSPITAL.**—[Communicated.]—"Dreary without, but dreamer within," I thought as we picked our steps through mist and over mud towards Hospital No. 3, at Camp Curtin. Excellent health and all the attractions of home had failed to make us forget the November fogs in which we had lived and moved during the past three days. So, no wonder we thought with tender pity of the soldier inmates of those long rows, whose lives were a monotony of confinement and suffering, and whose cheerful visitors (saving the ladies) were the benevolent submissives which carpeted their rude floors and painted quaint frescoes upon their bare walls.

But, as we entered the Hospital, our admiration was instantly and unexpectedly challenged by the unprompted display of taste and beauty which greeted us. Over the back door, a flag was festooned, whose graceful draping hid the rough boards behind soft shadows. Around the rods which supported the night lights, smaller flags—little, less, less ones—were fantastically twined. Above the front entrance was a wide frame, bearing in large letters the sentence, "Stick to your Colors," and surrounding it four circles of blue stars, wearing in their respective centres the words, "Faith," "Charity," "Love," and "Hope." The materials out of which these suggestive decorations had been wrought, were simply bits of old cloth, flannel and paper; and the architect, one of their number, (the Steward I think,) whose heart was as big and loving as his fingers were planning and skillful.

The effect was visible in the cheerful aspect of the inmates, and the contrast between Hospital 1, 2 and 3, heightened, from the fact that we had just left the two former, in which, excepting a bouquet of faded flowers, there was nothing more agreeable to feed the eyes of those suffering men than each other's pain-marrowed faces. We all know the irksomeness of confinement to one room, even though that room in its tasteful furnishing be a little Paradise of beauty; but to lie upon those cot, week after week, as do so many of those brave men, pining in vain for a breath of pure, cool air, or a sight of the green earth; nothing of loveliness around them but what their imaginations can conjure, and nothing of home but its blessed memories, must be the very climax of tediousness.

Who that has seen the earnestness with which some of them will scan a simple illustrated "Child's Paper," their gratitude for something to read, or their honest thankfulness for a few fresh flowers, can doubt but that the finer parts of each one's nature hunger for their native food.

Let us then emulate No. 3, and scatter a little of life's poetry among the dull prose of a sick soldier's everyday. Who in our city will not lend a choice picture to animate the bare walls of our Camp Curtin Hospital, or basket of living moss to lighten up eyes grown dim with sleeplessness and suffering?

Nothing that is beautiful will come amiss to them, for the dauntless heroes of bloody battle fields, do not dream of war and carnage, but of home and its treasures, and those reminders which will oftentimes awaken the purest associations of their lives, will be the surest proofs of our appreciation and sympathy.

**HARRISBURG, Nov. 20th, 1862.**

**FARM BAPTIST CHURCH.**—This church, which was organized about four months ago, we are glad to see is entering on a career which promises to be one of prosperity and usefulness. By the courtesy of the Pastor and officers of the First Baptist Church, (Rev. Mr. Wood's,) they have hitherto held services in the house of the latter society. But having bought the lot and chapel of the Second Lutheran Church, (Rev. Mr. Johnson's,) corner of State and Fourth streets, we learn they will hereafter hold services in that house alternately with Mr. Johnson's congregation, Mr. J. preaching on each Sabbath morning and Thursday evening, and Mr. Collier on Sabbath evening and Wednesday evening. This arrangement will continue until April, at which time Mr. Collier's congregation will get entire possession, and Mr. Johnson's will remove to the lot which they have purchased west of the Reservoir.

We learn that Mr. Collier's Church have determined to build a house of worship on the ground now partly occupied by the chapel; and will commence the work as early in the next season as the weather will permit. Mr. Luther Simon is preparing plans for a house, which we are told promises to be one of the neatest and most convenient edifices in our city. The estimated cost of the lot and building is about \$3,000.

The congregation of which Mr. C. is pastor is connected with the Rensselaer Quarterly Meeting of the Free Baptist, or as it is sometimes called Free-will Baptist Denomination. The peculiarities of the denomination are, we believe, that unlike most other Baptist Churches in this country. They receive to the communion table members in good standing in any evangelical Church, whether they have been immersed or not; and reject the system of doctrines to which Calvin's name is attached, and hold those taught by Arminius.

There is something peculiarly pleasing in the devotion and attachment with which the congregation of Rev. Collier have clung to him, and the zeal and intrepidity blended with a proper Christian grace and decorum, with which that Reverend gentleman has invariably represented the interests of his congregation. Rev. Collier has had an opposition to surmount before, which an ordinary man would have quailed in despair, but being armed for a good fight, and deeming nothing too valuable to sacrifice for the pure cause in which he is engaged, he has steadily moved forward, until he now stands at the head of one of the most respectable congregations in the State Capital. With his talents, his energy and his Christian zeal, he is capable of accomplishing much good, and in his labors for that purpose, he has ever had the well wishes and prayers of the good men of all denominations in this city.

**Court Proceedings.**  
FRIDAY MORNING.—The Grand Jury made the following report, which was read, after which they were discharged with the thanks of the Court:

To the Honorable the Judges of the Court of Quarter Sessions of Dauphin County:

The report of the Grand Jury, of the County aforesaid, respectfully sheweth, that one hundred and two bills of indictment were placed in our hands by the District Attorney. Of these, there were: for holding and passing counterfeit money, 7; larceny, 41; assault and battery, 27; assault and battery with intent to kill, 5; selling liquors without license, 2; disorderly houses, &c., &c., 7; fornication and lewdness, 2; false swearing, 2; perjury, 2; malicious mischief, 8; and for adultery, embezzlement, conspiracy, libel, murder, and highway robbery, each, 1. Forty one of these bills were ignored, because neither prosecutor or witness appeared. The evidence elicited from witnesses examined upon the other bills rendered it clear, that whilst many of them were very properly brought to the notice of the Court, by the magistrates of the law, that nevertheless many others should never have been returned. It is difficult to say who in reality commits the greater offence against the community, the author of the crime, or the magistrate who returns a bill of indictment against him, who get into a quarrel one day and are reconciled the next, or the magistrate, who for the sake of the party costs enturing to him, will on every occasion "give law," as it is termed, to noisy rowdies or scolding neighbors, and thus assist them to publish, in a crowded Court room, the vulgar and blasphemous epithets which too often characterize the language of this class of belligerents. It is a matter of regret with the Grand Jury that there is no law to compel magistrates, who will persist in burdening the Court and the County with frivolous cases, to pay all the costs incident to the trial.

The great influx of soldiers and strangers, for many months past, has brought with it a corresponding increase of crime and disorder. Professional thieves of every description seem to have congregated from the large cities, and have been reaping a rich harvest. They have shown themselves ever on the alert to entice the unsuspecting soldier or stranger into the grog shops, houses of ill fame, low theatres, and gambling saloons, which disgrace our city, and there rob him of the very money which is his country's service. The public suffer much from the fact, which cannot be concealed, that while many offenders are arrested, there are always those, whose duty it is to give their influence and use their power to bring them to justice, who will, for a consideration, use every means to shield the guilty. These operations are carried on in such a manner as to defy almost every effort that honest citizens can invent to convict the parties. Bribery and corruption seem to abound, and it certainly behooves every good citizen, whenever he has the facts of grave violations of the law, to make information to the proper authorities, and to follow up the case until the authorities are made to do their duty, and the criminal shall reach the court of justice, and receive the penalty of the law.

The stone bridge in Paxton street, over the Paxton creek, which was partially destroyed by high water last spring, is unsafe for travel. The arch was broken through and all travel suspended, until an enterprising firm in that vicinity, at their own expense, put up a temporary wooden structure on the remains of the stone work. It has thus far answered the purpose of the public, but is entirely insufficient to remain over winter, and demands immediate attention.

Complaint was also made to us, that the rebuilding of the turnpike bridge over the Swatara, at Middletown, has not yet been commenced; and that the work on the turnpike bridge over the same stream at Hummelstown, though begun, is prosecuted with an insufficient number of hands.

Complaints were laid before the present Grand Jury very similar to those made to our predecessor, of the recklessness almost daily exhibited by locomotive engineers and brakemen at the various street and road crossings in the city and vicinity. The evil has existed for a long time, and nothing but the oath requiring us to bring to notice all matters injurious to the public would lead us to report it. The traveling community are in truth entirely at the mercy of these men, and scarcely a week passes without a hair-breadth escape of one or more citizens.

The trains of the Cumberland Valley and Northern Central railroad companies enter the city on a down grade, and often at entirely too high a rate of speed. It is true the passenger trains announce their arrival at the east end of the bridge by the blast of a small horn, but for all practical purposes this is useless. We can only reiterate the recommendations of former Grand Juries, that the respective railroad companies be required to keep flag men stationed at all the principal street crossings in the city. The liberality and patriotism displayed by all these companies during the past year, leads us to hope that their boards of directors will be induced to give their attention to this matter, and at once remove a great evil, under which the citizens of Harrisburg have long been suffering.

For sometime past the small pox has been prevailing in our city, and in a number of towns through the county. Complaint has been laid before us, that many persons who have suffered from the disease walk about the streets, and are found in our markets and other places of public resort, before they are sufficiently recovered from its effects, to render the public safe from the contagion. We think this accounts for the rapid spread of the disease, and deem it our duty to present this evil, that the proper authorities may take suitable action thereon.

In the course of our investigations, we have learned that a number of persons, charged with crimes, who were duly arrested and confined in prison waiting their trial, have been bailed out and immediately sold as substitutes, in the place of men who had been drafted to serve in the army of the United States. We present this to the consideration of the Honorable Court as an evil. We think that such transactions defeat the ends of justice, and tend to demoralize the army and community. It is also a great wrong inflicted upon the honest yeomanry of the county, who have been drafted, and who not choosing to get substitutes, are thus compelled to endure the companionship of men whom there was perhaps good cause for allowing to remain in jail.

We suggest that the forfeited recognizances in these, as well as a number of other cases brought to our notice, be acted upon immediately. The Commissioners of Dauphin County have paid out for the relief of the families of citizens gone to war, up to this time, \$18,765.48. They have borrowed for that purpose \$10,000, and for the payment of bounties to volunteers the sum of \$30,000. They laid these facts before the Grand Jury, with the request that we should recommend, if we thought proper, the laying of a sufficient tax to meet the interest that will annually fall due upon these loans, reimburse the treasury for the sum already paid for relief, and enable the Commissioners to relieve through the winter now at hand the wants of the soldiers' families.

We find the total valuation of the real and personal estate in the County, taxable at the last triennial assessment, to have been \$13,291,595. We recommend that the Commissioners of the County lay a special tax of two and a half mills on the dollar.

Respectfully submitted,  
**RUD. F. KELKER, Foreman.**  
Wm. Swab, Alex. W. Bergstresser, L. M. Simon, Peter Bishop, Samuel Stroth, Washington Barr, Archibald Wisting, Aaron Bombaugh, Wm. Kennon Wilson, John Emrich, L. M. Walker, Joseph P. Glis, Samuel Walmer, Samuel P. Martin, C. All-man.  
HARRISBURG, Nov. 21, 1862.

**NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.**  
[Extract from a letter on the Battle Field.]  
This battle (Antietam) has been the most sanguinary of the war, and the only one fought with visible design and upon military principles. The arrangement of our corps—the overlooking position of the commanding General—the sending into action of the right and the left division—the closing up of the centre, and final success—excites bewildering admiration, and carries the mind to the great fields of Austerlitz and Wagram, fought by Napoleon. Of all this I have spoken. The battle history of such a conflict, purchased by the life and blood of twenty thousand men, must be found in the hospitals. War has its glories—but it has its ten thousand demons in these human tortures, that make the eye balls ache—the heart bleed—the lips pale, and the brain reel. The sight is at first positively unendurable. The life-blood of some is still trickling away in silent calmness—while the disheveled limbs and mangled brains of others give rise to sounds God grant I may not again witness.

But ye mothers who here seek a son—or wives a husband—or sisters a brother—or sons a father—know and be comforted that even here the hand of mercy is watchful, and better care is bestowed upon your loved ones than might at first seem possible. It was in the hospital where rested the gallant Hooker, that I learned the history of those mythical words so often seen and so little understood, "S. T.—1860—X." Anything alleviating the sufferings and saving the lives of our soldiers, is a national blessing. I witnessed some astonishing results from this article.

It is well known the effect of burnt gunpowder and excitement is thirst, which added to the loss of blood in the wounded, creates the necessity of a reviving agent. In this particular hospital, the physicians were allowing their patients to drink Plantation Bitters, otherwise called S. T.—1860—X, and although the wounded are most numerous here this division having opened the fight at 5 in the morning—the men were mostly composed, and there was very little fainting. The article acts upon the stomach and nerves in a most incomprehensible manner, superior to brandy, and without subsequent stupefying reaction. It originated in the West Indies, composed of the celebrated Calagay Bark, Roots, Herbs, &c., all preserved in St. Croix Rum—the S. T.—1860—X being a secret ingredient, and its recipe revealed to the public. It is principally recommended for want of appetite, disordered liver, intermittent fevers, stomachic difficulties, &c. I understand it is somewhat known in the Southern States prior to the war, and it appears an agent of Jefferson Davis recently applied to the proprietors for the privilege to make it for hospital purposes during the war, to which they made the following reply:

New York, Jan 16th, 1862.  
Mr. —  
Agent of, etc.:  
Dear Sir.—In reply to your communication, offering us "Fifty thousand dollars for certain ingredients to be put into the Plantation Bitters for your hospital purposes during the war," we beg to say, your price is a liberal one, considering it would cost us nothing to comply, and that otherwise we can derive no revenue from the Southern States; but sir, our duties to our Government and our ideas of consistency would not allow us to entertain it, although it might please us to assuage the sufferings of your misguided followers.

We remain,  
Very respectfully yours,  
**P. H. DRAKE & CO.**  
These gentlemen give the history of certain ingredients to their article for over two hundred years—showing that through all changes of the medical profession and its practitioners, strength, composure and cheerfulness have been derived from these sources. Dr. Woods to the Washington Hospitals informed me that one patient was fast asleep and crazy, and had not slept an hour for two weeks, until the Plantation Bitters came to his knowledge, when one day's trial gave him a night's rest, and he was now fast recovering. I am sure, if your Government has not equalled Jefferson Davis in energy, and adopted this invaluable article in all our hospitals. The weak soldiers cling to it like a brother. As a lay member, I can bear witness it is "good to take," and affords more energy and life than anything I ever tried. Success to the Plantation Bitters.

But I have digressed. In my next I shall speak of gathering in the wounded, burying the dead, &c.  
**NICODEMUS.**  
nov6-dlw-m cod&ow

**Office of JAY COOKE, SUBSCRIPTION AGENT, At JAY COOKE & CO., Bankers, 114 SOUTH THIRD STREET, Philadelphia, Nov. 1, 1862.**

The undersigned, having been appointed SUBSCRIPTION AGENT by the Secretary of the Treasury, is now prepared to furnish, at once, the

**NEW TWENTY YEAR 6 PER CENT. BONDS,** of the United States, designated as "Five-Twenties," redeemable at the pleasure of the Government, after five years, and authorized by Act of Congress, approved February 25, 1862.

THE COUPON BONDS are issued in sums of \$50, \$100, \$500, \$1000.  
The REGISTERS BONDS in sums of \$50, \$100, \$500, \$1000 and \$5000.  
Interest at Six per cent. per annum will commence from date of purchase, and is

**PAYABLE IN GOLD.**  
Semi-Annually, which is equal, at the present premium on gold, to about EIGHT PER CENT. PER ANNUM.

Farmers, Merchants, Mechanics, Capitalists, and all who have any money to invest, should know and remember that these bonds are, in effect, a FIRST MORTGAGE upon all Railroads, Canals, Bank Stocks and Securities, and the immensurable products of all the Manufactures, &c., &c., in the country; and that the full and ample provision made for the payment of the interest and liquidation of principal, by Customs Duties, Excise Stamps and Internal Revenue, serves to make these bonds the

**Best, Most Available and Most Popular Investment in the Market.**  
Subscriptions received at PAR in Legal tender notes, or notes and checks of banks at par in Philadelphia. Subscribers by mail will receive prompt attention, and every facility and explanation will be afforded on application to this office.

A full supply of Bonds will be kept on hand for immediate delivery.  
**JAY COOKE, Subscription Agent.**  
nov4-dlw-wm

**ALMANACS FOR 1863.**  
THE well known  
**BEAR'S ALMANAC FOR 1863,** in English and German, can be had by the dozen and single copies at  
**BERGNER'S BOOKSTORE.**

**FOR SALE.**—A House and Piece of Ground, in the First Ward of this city. For further particulars inquire of  
**W. BARR, Auctioneer.**  
nov6-dlw-wm

**BUCKWHEAT FLOUR.**  
A SMALL lot of extra, just received and for sale by  
**WM. DOCK, Jr., & CO.**  
oct28-dlw

**NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.**  
**SILAS WARD.**  
AGENT FOR  
**STEINWAY'S UNRIVALLED PIANOS,** Princes Melodeons &c., VIOLINS, GUITARS, FLUTES, FIFES, ACCORDEONS, DRUMS and MUSICAL MERCHANDISE.  
Of every kind.  
**HOWE'S SEWING MACHINES,** PORTRAIT FRAMES, Large Pier and Mantle Mirrors, Photograph Frames and Albums.  
At the New Music Store of SILAS WARD, at 14 1/2 No. 12, 1/2 Third Street above Market.

**PENNSYLVANIA SS:**  
In the Name and by the Authority OF THE  
**COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA,**  
**ANDREW G. CURTIN,**  
GOVERNOR OF THE SAID COMMONWEALTH.  
A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, It is a good thing to render thanks unto God for all His mercy and loving kindness:

Therefore, I, ANDREW G. CURTIN, Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, do recommend that THURSDAY, THE 27th DAY OF NOVEMBER NEXT, be set apart by the people of this Commonwealth, as a day of solemn Prayer and Thanksgiving to the Almighty—Giving Him humble thanks that He has been graciously pleased to protect our free institutions and Government, and to keep us from sickness and pestilence; and to cause the earth to bring forth her increase, so that our harvests are choked with the harvest—and to look so favorably on the toil of His children, that industry has thriven among us and labor had its reward; and also that He has delivered us from the hands of our enemies—and filled our officers and men in the field with a loyal and intrepid spirit, and given them victory—and that He has poured out upon us (albeit unworthy) other great and manifold blessings—

Beaching Him to help and govern us in His steadfast ear and love, and put into our minds good desires, so that by His continual help we may have a right judgment in all things—

And especially praying Him to give to Christian churches grace to hate the thing which is evil, and to utter the teachings of truth and righteousness, declaring openly the whole counsel of God—

And in all heartily entreating Him to bestow upon our civil rulers, wisdom and earnestness in council, and upon our military leaders, zeal and vigor in action, that the fires of rebellion may be quenched—that peace, being secured in His defence, may be preserved from all peril; and that hereafter our people living in peace and quietness, may, from generation to generation, reap the abundant fruits of His mercy, and with joy and thankfulness praise and magnify His holy name.

Given under my hand and the great seal of the State, at Harrisburg, this Twentieth day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-two, and of the Commonwealth the eighty-seventh.

**A. G. CURTIN,**  
By THE GOVERNOR, ELI SLIFER, Secretary of the Commonwealth.  
oct21-dawdt

**CAUTION.**  
ALL persons are hereby warned against trespassing or in any manner trespassing on the Farm of Mrs. C. Misch, adjoining the city, and under the management of the subscriber.

I have arrested several of these petty thieves and nuisances, and must then pay pretty well for their sport. Hereafter I shall not only punish to the extent of the law, but will publish in the Telegraph and other papers the names of all offenders.  
Oct 13, 1862. **JACOB MISH.**

**UNION VILLAGE.**  
VINES of this Monster among Native American Hardy Grape, for sale at the Keystone Nursery. The clusters frequently weigh a pound and a half, and the berries are larger than the Celebrated Black Hamburg. The quality is also good—equal, at least, to the well known Isabella. **J. MISH,** nov1-dtf

**WALL PAPER AND WINDOW SHADES.**  
Henry C. Shaffer has a large lot of Wall Paper and Window Shades on hand, which will be sold very low. Call and examine. Paper hanging personally attended to.  
oct27 No. 12 Market St., near the Bridge.

**GRAPES! GRAPES!**  
LOT of Fine Sweet Grapes, just received, and for sale low, at  
**WISSE'S FRUIT STORE,** Cor. Third and Walnut Sts.  
nov6

**EVERGREEN TREES.**  
OF all desirable varieties, at the Keystone Nurseries.  
The weather and season are favorable, and they should be planted as soon as possible.  
Oct. 13, 1862. **J. MISH.**

**SPANISH CHESTNUT TREES.**  
AT Keystone Nursery, adjoining the city.  
Oct. 13, 1862.

**PEACH TREES.**  
OF select kinds, strong, stocky and vigorous, two years old, at Keystone Nursery, Harrisburg.  
Oct. 13, 1862.

**ISABELLA AND CATAWBA**  
GRAPE VINES, strong and thrifty, two years old, at reduced prices, at Keystone Nursery.  
nov1-dtf

**FOR SALE.**  
**3,000 BUSHELS** prime Yellow Corn.  
500 bushels barley malt, first quality.  
250 bushels rye, first quality.  
50 barrels wheat, first quality.  
Enquire of  
**ROBERT H. HUGHES AND**  
Washington Avenue, Harrisburg.  
oct28-dtf

**MINCE PIES.**  
**RAISINS, CURRANTS, LEMONS, SPICES, CIDER, WINES, BRANDIES, &c.**  
For sale by  
**WM. DOCK, Jr. & Co.**

**FINE YORK STATE APPLES**  
FOR SALE, wholesale and retail, at  
**JOHN WISSE'S,** 3d and Walnut.  
nov8-dtf

**ENGLISH WALNUT TREES**  
AT Keystone Nursery, adjoining the city.  
Oct. 18, 1862.

**POTATOES**  
300 BUSHELS of a Superior quality just received and for sale low, by  
WM. DOCK, Jr., & Co.  
oct28-dtf

**CHOICE STRUPS AND BAKING MOLASSES**  
for sale cheap by  
**NICHOLS & BOWMAN,** Cor. Front and Market Streets.  
n14

**NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.**  
**SILAS WARD.**  
AGENT FOR  
**STEINWAY'S UNRIVALLED PIANOS,** Princes Melodeons &c., VIOLINS, GUITARS, FLUTES, FIFES, ACCORDEONS, DRUMS and MUSICAL MERCHANDISE.  
Of every kind.  
**HOWE'S SEWING MACHINES,** PORTRAIT FRAMES, Large Pier and Mantle Mirrors, Photograph Frames and Albums.  
At the New Music Store of SILAS WARD, at 14 1/2 No. 12, 1/2 Third Street above Market.

**PENNSYLVANIA SS:**  
In the Name and by the Authority OF THE  
**COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA,**  
**ANDREW G. CURTIN,**  
GOVERNOR OF THE SAID COMMONWEALTH.  
A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, It is a good thing to render thanks unto God for all His mercy and loving kindness:

Therefore, I, ANDREW G. CURTIN, Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, do recommend that THURSDAY, THE 27th DAY OF NOVEMBER NEXT, be set apart by the people of this Commonwealth, as a day of solemn Prayer and Thanksgiving to the Almighty—Giving Him humble thanks that He has been graciously pleased to protect our free institutions and Government, and to keep us from sickness and pestil