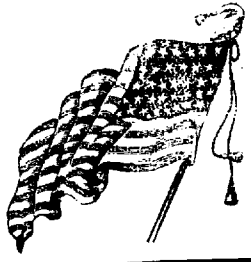


Daily Telegraph.



HARRISBURG, PA. Tuesday Afternoon, October 21, 1862.

REFORM IN THE ARMY.

We have received the first number of the Army and Navy Gazette, a military publication just originated in New York. It abounds in able articles on military subjects, from which we quote certain suggestions in relation to reform in the army.

The advantages of thorough military training naturally gave West Point graduates especial prominence at the commencement of the war. Since then, the casualties of war have greatly diminished their number.

General Halleck has seen the force of these considerations. He is inaugurating an admirable system of promotion in the regular and volunteer arms of the United States.

THE MUD BLOCKADE.

In a very few days, the mud blockade will be fairly established in the valleys, the plains, and most of the miserable roads of Virginia.

The difference between the armies of the Government and the rebel mobs is, that our armies are supplied with trains and baggage to such immense extent, that their movements are necessarily slow and wearisome, while the rebels, being almost deficient in both, are able to move without embarrassment or calculation as to loss of either baggage or stores.

The Richmond Dispatch of the 16th says that an attempt will soon be made to force iron clad vessels past Fort Darling, and says forewarned let us be forearmed.

THE UNION.

The Cincinnati Times professes to have discovered "a disloyal sentiment in the north," and we must freely admit that there is such a sentiment among certain men in every loyal state, who are continually harping on the good that would result from conceded secession.

The Government of the United States, under the Constitution, is the best ever devised by man. It gives to the people, without distinction, the largest liberty consistent with law and good order.

If this government cannot be sustained, no free government can upon the continent of America. A dissolution of the Union would be followed speedily by the dissolution of the Confederacy formed out of the parts of the old Union.

Under the federal government, the peculiar interests of each state or each section bind it to the Union. The north-west, for instance, wants the south as a market for her grain, and, at the same time, requires for her own prosperity, the products of the south which she receives in return.

So with the Pacific States. They are far separated from the seat of government. Geographically they are remote from the main body of the population of which they are a part.

So far, however, those states as situated are to us heartily, but they are bound to us by the bonds of the present Union. The idea of union with the Great Republic, the proud position of being part of that powerful empire which commands respect in every corner of the earth, has until now leveled the Cordilleras, bridged over the desert and bound them fast to the Union as it was.

There is but one security for the liberties of the people—the Union must be preserved one and indivisible. There must be but one Country, one Government, one Constitution, one Flag!

SENATOR SUMNER, of Mass., has discovered by this time, that it means something to be a statesman—and in that meaning he beholds the hate, malevolence and opposition of a most desperate class of inveterate haters of everything connected with free institutions.

—We hope that Senator Sumner will be returned to the United States Senate at the end of his present term, on the 4th of March ensuing. He is not our beau ideal of a statesman, because we regard as such only those who have a knowledge of and sympathy with the great practical developments of the times.

FREEDOM.

The friends of freedom have nothing to deplore when contemplating the result of the late election in this state. Wherever they have been defeated in a Congressional district, it has been the means of calling out the real sentiments of our opponents, who rejoice like demons that they were able to strike down the friends of freedom.

—But in the face of all this, the friends of freedom have no reason to despair or despond. In battling for our principles, we have no revenges to gratify or resentments to serve. The case is different with our opponents. When they fail, their aims of personal ambition are prostrated—their prospects of self-aggrandizement fail—their anger and passions are aroused, and of course their phrensy and hate are stimulated to excess.

ADDED TO THE DISFRANCHISEMENT of the soldier, it appears that he is not to be indulged with the hearing of any speech which in the least degree attempts to show him the causes of the rebellion or the means which will assist in its suppression.

When a manufacturer has goods on hand at the place of manufacture, but has not taken out a license, nor kept his mill in operation since September 1, such goods are subject to tax whenever sold or removed from the place of manufacture.

IN REGARD TO STAMPS UPON INSTRUMENTS REQUIRING STAMPS. In stamping promissory notes or other instruments requiring stamps under the provisions of the excise law, stamps of a smaller amount in numbers, sufficient to amount to the sum of the stamp required, can be used.

First, All castings which are so well and generally known as to have a commercial value must be taxed as manufactures when sold or removed from the manufactory. Other castings made upon special order of a machinist, but which are not known to the trade as manufactures in themselves, and are designed for articles subject to taxation in an advanced state, are exempt, not being manufactures in the contemplation of the law.

PENNSYLVANIA occupies the post of honor just now in the column of national, loyal, Union loving States. The most unprecedented efforts were made to carry a majority of her Congressional districts against the national administration, and an organization effected for that purpose which is without parallel for perfection.

THE WAR IN KENTUCKY. MORGAN'S RAID.

LOUISVILLE, Oct. 20. In the recent rebel raid upon Lexington, we killed from five to ten rebels and wounded fifteen, among whom was Major Samuel Morgan of Nashville, a cousin of the notorious John. The Major was shot through the neck, and will die from the effects of the wound.

From Washington.

General Scott's Papers Written Prior to the Rebellion. EARLY IN 1861, when the civil war seemed pending, but had not actually broken out, Gen. Scott wrote two papers containing his views, professional and political, on the crisis and the rights and duties which devolved on the movements of the government.

At this momentous juncture, one of them has recently been published without the writer's consent. The second appears to day having been furnished to the press by himself. It establishes in the first place the patriotic anxiety of the General-in-Chief to prepare for the coming storm, and his earnest and repeated efforts to prevail on the Government to furnish the southern forts against every possible attack, and disclose, in the second place, the cause of his failure, which it is now evident resulted from the indecision of President Buchanan, misled, doubtless by treachery in the Secretary of War, if not in other members of the Cabinet in whom the head of the Government reposed a misplaced and abused confidence.

THE STATE ELECTION.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 21. The Philadelphia Bulletin foote up the returns of the recent State election, as follows: A few more official returns of the late election have reached us, and they include now most of the heavy voting counties.

Seventeen counties official for Governor in 1860: Curtin, U., 129,957; Foster, D., 122,277; Curtin's majority, 7,680. Auditor General, 1862: Cochran, U., 108,339; Slenker, D., 110,261; Slenker's majority, 1,862—Democratic gain 9,647. The remaining counties voted in 1860 as follows: for Curtin, U., 132,392; for Foster, D., 107,986; Curtin's majority 24,407. The seventeen counties already heard from officially comprise more than half the voting population of the State.

FROM BOSTON.

POLITICAL AFFAIRS.

The Schooner Admiral Blake.

BOSTON, Oct. 21. John A. Andrew has written a letter accepting the nomination of the Republicans for reelection as Governor.

Schooner Admiral Blake, reported as among the vessels burned by the pirate Semmes, has arrived safe at Seppican. She did not see anything of the pirate.

The Internal Revenue Tax.

Important Decision by the Commissioner.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 20. The following decisions have been made by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue:

DECISION IN REGARD TO SILVERWARE. The phrase "Kept for use," employed in reference to silver plate, is construed to except silver plate or ware kept for sale, and also that which is in the possession of a family or its members as souvenirs or keepsakes.

DECISION IN REGARD TO THE USE OF STAMPS UPON CERTIFICATES. Stamps will be required upon every certificate which has or may have a legal value in any court of law or equity.

DECISION IN REFERENCE TO MANUFACTURES. When a manufacturer has goods on hand at the place of manufacture, but has not taken out a license, nor kept his mill in operation since September 1, such goods are subject to tax whenever sold or removed from the place of manufacture.

IN REGARD TO STAMPS UPON INSTRUMENTS REQUIRING STAMPS. In stamping promissory notes or other instruments requiring stamps under the provisions of the excise law, stamps of a smaller amount in numbers, sufficient to amount to the sum of the stamp required, can be used.

First, All castings which are so well and generally known as to have a commercial value must be taxed as manufactures when sold or removed from the manufactory. Other castings made upon special order of a machinist, but which are not known to the trade as manufactures in themselves, and are designed for articles subject to taxation in an advanced state, are exempt, not being manufactures in the contemplation of the law.

First, The manufacturer will pay the duty upon such goods, without regard to the fact of such contracts. Second, The manufacturer will be authorized to collect of the purchaser the amount of the taxes so paid, whenever satisfactory proof shall be furnished to the Commissioner of Internal Revenue that the contract was made prior to the 1st day of July last, and in good faith between the parties and towards the Government, and that the taxes properly assessed upon such goods or manufactures have been actually paid by the seller.

BOILER EXPLOSION—LOSS OF LIFE.

NEW YORK, Oct. 21. The boiler in the flour mill No. 58 Greenwich street, exploded this morning, killing four and seriously scalding some half a dozen persons. Three or four are said to be missing in the ruins.

THE WAR IN KENTUCKY.

MORGAN'S RAID.

LOUISVILLE, Oct. 20. In the recent rebel raid upon Lexington, we killed from five to ten rebels and wounded fifteen, among whom was Major Samuel Morgan of Nashville, a cousin of the notorious John. The Major was shot through the neck, and will die from the effects of the wound.

We also captured and paroled one hundred and eighty rebels. John Morgan left Lawrenceburg yesterday morning, with about 1,200 men, closely pursued by Gen. Dumont's forces, which captured from fifty to one hundred of them.

At three o'clock this morning, three or four hundred of Morgan's men, at Cox's Creek, 6 1/2 miles this side of Bardstown, captured and burned a Federal train of eighty-one wagons, fifty-one of which were loaded.

They carried off the wagons and those having charge of the train, except Lieutenant Barr, of the Twenty-fourth Ohio, who was in command, and escaped. The wagons belonged to Wood's division, thirty being empty and coming towards Louisville. Morgan then went towards Bardstown, and at about daylight captured another federal train (the number of the wagons is not known) two miles from Bardstown. Thence Morgan went to Boston, with the supposed intention to burn the railroad bridge at that place.

The rebels shot Thomas Marlow, of Nelson county, after capturing him. Gen. Dumont was near Lawrenceburg yesterday afternoon, in pursuit of these rebels, and only forty minutes travel in their rear. Nothing has been heard from Buell's or Bragg's forces.

CAMERON COUNTY.

SHELPER, Oct. 17. The Republican county ticket is elected entire. The Republican State ticket is about fifty ahead.

Married.

On Tuesday, October 14, by Rev. Charles A. Smith, D. D., Capt. JOHN F. URRICH, of Harrisburg, to Miss MARY E. STARRY, of the same place.

[It is often the vocation of the printer to rejoice with those just fresh from the altar of Hymen; but it no instance has it been allowed to us to congratulate a bride or a groom whom we could wish greater joy or more unalloyed happiness, than those whose union we record above. That they may be blest in person and prospects, we most earnestly implore Heaven; and that as the goddess of fortune multiplies their blessings, may those other multiplication incident to conjugal good-understanding, increase their hopes, brighten their bonds, and honor the family escutcheon. Of course the reception of a sumptuous bridal cake has nothing to do with our sentiments, prayer or congratulations in this connection.]

Died.

This morning, Oct. 21, 1862, at 8 o'clock, Mrs. CATHERINE MONTGOMERY, relict of the late James Montgomery, in the 75th year of her age.

Years ago, before what we now call the new and dazzling order of social organization and changes had asserted their sway, the deceased was known among those in Harrisburg, who made charity a virtue, and virtue the adornment of all their acts. As a wife and a mother, her influence and example extended wherever the refined and pure-hearted sought the emanation of real womanly grace—and we write no exaggeration of praise or panegyric, when we claim for the memory of Mrs. Catharine Montgomery, a place among the beloved and venerated mothers of the land. In her affluence, the poor ever had a friend; in her recollection, the needy were never forgotten; and until she had retired as it were from the world and society, and was stricken by the hand of disease, her efforts were active for peace, love and charity; and when she failed of effort in her retirement, she increased in fervent prayer, for the good which ever follows such an influence.

Long years of suffering made her watchful and anxious for death. She sought relief in that, because she knew that it would also bring her the reward which faith had taught her to reserve for her in Heaven. In that abode she is relieved of suffering. There, where she had her hopes, she will also have her joy and her peace.

New Advertisements.

HORSES WANTED.

I desire to purchase about four thousand eight hundred horses for the purpose of mounting three regiments of Cavalry now organizing at Harrisburg, Pa., and one regiment of Cavalry now organizing at Carlisle, Pa.—all Pennsylvania regiments. Said horses to be furnished immediately.

The horses to be sound—not less than five, nor more than eight years old—not less than fifteen hands high, of dark colors, and adapted to Cavalry Service.

None will be received until they are inspected by an authorized agent of the government. By order of the Department.

E. C. WILSON, Capt., Act. Qrm., U. S. A.

PEIPHER'S DAILY LINE!

BETWEEN PHILADELPHIA, Lock Haven, Jersey Shore, Williamsport, Muncy, Uniontown, Watsonstown, Milton, Lewisburg, Northumberland, Sunbury, Treverton, Georgetown, Lykensown, Millersburg, Halifax, Dauphin AND HARRISBURG.

The Philadelphia Depot being centrally located, the Drayage will be at the Lowest Rates. The Conductor goes through with each train to attend to the safe delivery of all goods intrusted to the line. Goods delivered at the Depot of Freed, Ward & Freed, 811 Market street, Philadelphia, next morning.

Freight Always as Low as by Any Other Line.

JOSEPH MONTGOMERY, Philadelphia and Reading Depot, Foot of Market Street, Harrisburg.

SUBSTITUTES FURNISHED AT NO. 130 MARKET ST., Harrisburg, Pa.

FOR SALE. 3,000 BUSHELS Prime Yellow Corn.

500 bushels barley malt, first quality. 200 bushels rye. 50 barrels whisky, first quality. Requires of RICHARD HOGLAND, 2029-417 Washington Avenue, Harrisburg.

Amusements.

BOB EDWARDS' GAIETY MUSIC HALL.

Walnut Street, below State Capital Hotel. Best Regulated and Cheapest Place of Amusement in the World. Never has more been

CONCENTRATED, such a bright array of FIRST CLASS ARTISTS, in any Establishment of the kind, either in EUROPE OR AMERICA.

Determined to keep up the GREAT REPUTATION already acquired for this

Mammoth Place of Amusement, we feel a just pride in announcing for this week, commencing October 20th,

HARRY TALBOTT, the Eminent Ethiopian Comedian and Great Tamborinist; and

TOM BROOKFIELD, the Champion Jig Dancer of America and Eccentric Comedian; in connection with the

BEST DANSEUSES

on the American Stage, MISS KATE FRANCIS, MISS LIZZIE FRANCIS, and MISS KATE ARCHER; and the American Nightingales, MISS MOLLIE FIELDING, and MISS JULIA EDWARDS; also WEBER'S SPECTACULAR ORCHESTRA.

To conclude every evening with the great PRIMA SCENE OF MINSTRELRY.

ADMISSION.....50 cents. Doors open at 7 o'clock. Commence at 7 1/2. BOB EDWARDS, Sole Lessee and Manager. UNCLE TOMMY, King of the Bucktails, Superintendent.

New Advertisements.

PENNSYLVANIA SS.



In the Name and by the Authority OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA, ANDREW G. CURTIN, GOVERNOR OF THE SAID COMMONWEALTH.

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, It is a good thing to render thanks unto God for all His mercy and loving kindness:

Therefore, I, ANDREW G. CURTIN, Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, do recommend that THURSDAY, THE 27th DAY OF NOVEMBER NEXT, be set apart by the people of this Commonwealth, as a day of solemn Prayer and Thanksgiving to the Almighty:—Giving Him humble thanks that He has been graciously pleased to protect our free institutions and Government, and to keep us from sickness and pestilence—and to cause the earth to bring forth her increase, so that our garners are clogged with the harvest—and to look so favorably on the toil of His children, that industry has thriven among us and labor had its reward; and also that He has delivered us from the hands of our enemies—and filled our officers and men in the field with a loyal and intrepid spirit, and given them victory—and that He has poured out upon us (albeit unworthy) other great and manifold blessings:—

Blessing Him to help and govern us in His steadfast fear and love, and to put into our minds good desires, so that by His continual help we may have a right judgment in all things:—

And especially praying Him to give to Christian churches grace to hate the thing which is evil, and to utter the teachings of truth and righteousness, declaring openly the whole counsel of God:—

And most heartily entreating Him to bestow upon our civil rulers, wisdom and earnestness in council, and upon our military leaders, zeal and vigor in action, that the fires of rebellion may be quenched—that we, being armed with His defence, may be preserved from all perils, and that hereafter our people, living in peace and quietness, may, from generation to generation, reap the abundant fruits of His mercy, and with joy and thankfulness praise and magnify His holy name.

Given under my hand and the great seal of the State, at Harrisburg, this Twentieth day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-two, and of the Commonwealth the eighty-seventh.

By THE GOVERNOR, ELI SLIFER, Secretary of the Commonwealth.

WANTED.

\$200 WILL be paid for a substitute to serve for nine months, unless sooner discharged. Apply at oct20-d1t UNITED STATES HOTEL.

WANTED—Two Good Blacksmiths to go to Skidmore & Co., Parkersburg, Va.—Work per year. For reference apply at oct18-4t U. S. HOTEL.

LINDEN HALL, MORAVIAN FEMALE SEMINARY, At Litz, Lancaster Co., Pa.

FOUNDED 1794. Affords superior advantages for thorough and accomplished female education. For circulars and information, apply to

REV. WILLIAM C. BEICHEL, Principal. oct18-d8m

NOTICE TO DEALERS IN GUNPOWDER.—Mr. James M. Wheeler having withdrawn from the agency for the sale of our Gunpowder in Harrisburg, we have appointed Major David M'Conrick our agent, who will be prepared to furnish all Mr. Wheeler's customers as usual. E. I. DUPONT DE NEMOURS & CO. oct18-d2m

CHERRY Vinegar, warranted pure, for sale low, by NICHOLS & BOWMAN, Corner Front and Market streets.