Daily Telegraph.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.—All Advertisements, Business Notices, Marriages, Deaths, &c., to secure insertion in the TELEGRAPH, must invariably be accompanied with the CASH.

Advertisements ordered in the regular Evening Edition are inserted in the morning Edition without extra charge.

HARRISBURG, PA.

Tuesday Afternoon, August 26, 1862.

CAPT. WATERBERRY'S COMPANY.—From letters received in this city to-day, we learn that two deaths have occurred in this company recently. John Mack died on the 7th of August, and George Sanno, on the 10th. Wm. Kramer is also reported sick in the hospital, but is doing well. The company is now stationed at Beaufort, South Carolina, and are reported to be enjoying good health generally.

WHO ARE PEDLERS UNDER THE EXCISE LAW.—The Treasury Department construes the word pedler, as used in the excise law, to be a person who gains a livelihood by traveling from place to place and selling goods and wares, or one whose occupation it is to sell goods while traveling from place to place. A farmer who sells his own products by traveling from house to house is not a pedler in the sense of the law.

T. C. NICHOLSON, of the *Beaver Argus*, was in the city to-day, and reports that the enlistments in that region were rapid and enthusiastic Beaver county was asked for two companies, which have been recruited and sworn in, and she has in addition four other companies, which are full and waiting for transportation. These companies have all been examined and passed a surgeon, so that they can be attached to a regiment as soon as they arrive in Camp Curtin. Beaver county has indeed, done nobly in furnishing men for the war.

SANFORD'S OPERA HOUSE, under the management of the gay and incomparable "Sam" has become quite a popular resort, and the entertainments nightly given are spirited and amusing. The entire company do their best to please, and succeed admirably. Sam's telling hits at men and things, never fail to bring down the house. The rest of the performers are loudly applauded. We notice a good sprinkling of the fair sex at these entertainments, and where our lady friends patronize, success is certain.

A CITIZEN WHO resides on the Ridge road, appeals to us to call the attention of the police to the acts of brawling rowdyism and drunkenness with which that neighborhood is constantly disturbed. Yesterday a beastly fight occurred at one of these rum shops, during which blood flowed freely and profanity was as abundant as the dust in the street. The morality and the decency of that part of the city appeal earnestly for some protection at the hands of the police. These houses should either be closed or the proprietors held to strict account as to whom they deal out their firey poison. Let the nuisance be brought to the attention of the court now in session, and the remedy will speedily be applied.

THE FIRE LAST NIGHT.—A large and destructive fire occurred in the Sixth Ward, this city, about half-past ten o'clock last night, destroying a portion of the new and elegant row of brick houses which were in course of construction by Mr. Daniel Boas. The buildings were all finished with the exception of plastering, and consisted of eight two-story houses, of which four were almost entirely destroyed by fire and the balance greatly damaged by water. The fire was no doubt the work of an incendiary, as no fire had been used about the buildings. Owing to the great distance most of the firemen had to run, and the great difficulty in getting citizens to man their engines, the fire gained considerable headway before their efforts could be produced with effect.

SWORD PRESENTATION.—A very interesting ceremony occurred last Sunday evening in the M. E Church in Bainbridge, Lancaster county. Immediately after the sermon was concluded by Rev. John C. Gregg, formerly of this county, who had been recently commissioned a Chaplain in the 127th regiment, P. V., (Col. Jennings commanding,) who was about taking leave of his congregation that had gathered to witness the farewell scene, and bid him God speed, F. Hall Forman, of Lancaster city, arose, and in a brief but feeling speech, presented in the name of Samuel Eby, Esq., Abraham Collins, Esq., and Dr. R. H. Jones, a beautiful and costly sword, as a befitting token of their esteem of him as a man and minister, and their high appreciation of the motives which induced him to sacrifice friends, affections and the comforts of home to the perils and privations incident to the soldiers life. Mr. Gregg was much affected by this unexpected tribute of respect, and replied with a degree of emotion and enthusiasm that effected the entire audience.

WE HAVE BEEN TO SEE COMMODORE FOOTE AND COLONEL SMALL, AT BRANT'S CITY HALL.—These wonders of all who have seen them, made their debut in this city last night to a large and fashionable audience. For the past four months thay have appeared to no less than three hundred thousand people at Nixon's Cremorne Garden, New York. We must admit, (which Barnum does,) that they are the smallest and smartest little men living. They dance and sing admirably, and the advice given by the Commodore, to the old and young is very good. He addresses the audience in both the English and German language. They appear with us but a short time, and we advise all who have not witnessed their unique entertainment to go to-night. They are assisted by Miss Mary C. Ellinger, a young lady of acknowledged talent, who sings all the national anthems, plays the piano with one hand and the castinetto with the other—a feat never performed but by her. She also plays two distinct airs on the piano at one time. Professor Brooks, a pupil of the Keystone State Blind Asylum presides at the violin, and sings a a number of beautiful ballads. Go to-night, and be in attendance by 8 o'clock.

ARRESTED FOR USING TREASONABLE LANGUAGE.—John Wilson, employed at Finley's bakery, was arrested by Provost Marshall Kleckner, this morning, and will be sent to Washington to-night.

MILITARY RELIEF COMMITTEE.—The Committee will meet this evening at the office of A. J. Herr, Esq., in Walnut street, opposite the prison, at 7 o'clock. Persons interested will please take notice. By order of the President.

O. EDWARDS, Sec'y.

RAILROAD ACCIDENT.—The mail train south, yesterday, arrived here an hour and a half late, in consequence of an accident which occurred in the neighborhood of Sunbury, caused by engine No. 35 running over a cow. No injury was sustained further than the breaking of the baggage car and one of the passenger cars. So we are informed by a passenger.

THE DROUTH.—Corn, late potatoes, and in fact vegetation in general, is suffering to a great extent, along the belt of country commencing at Seven Valley, in York county, Pa., to within a short distance of Freeland's Station, immediately below the Pennsylvania and Maryland line. While there have been several copious and refreshing showers lately, north and south of the locality in question, this strip of land is parch and scorched so that it has the appearance of a veritable Sahara—almost.

GAME IN PROSPECTIVE.—We learn from a Nimrod of the genuine stamp—a crack shot, a whole souled fellow, a good Union man, and a gentleman of unquestionable veracity, that quail, grouse, rabbits, &c., are unusually plenty this season, as he had recent opportunities to observe while on wood cock shooting trips to Marsh Run in the vicinity of Goldsboro' and the different localities in York county, and to other favorite haunts of the "timber toodles" in the upper end of Dauphin county.

THE NATIONAL HORSE FAIR, to be held at Williamsport, on the 2d, 3d, 4th and 5th of September, is progressing rapidly. Horses from New York, New Jersey, Maryland, as well as from Pennsylvania are being entered. The stallion, George M. Patchin, Jr., has been entered, and is known as one of the finest horses in this country. The celebrated horse, Engineer, formerly owned by J. M. Botts, of Virginia, will also be on exhibition as a thorough bred stallion. His time on record, 3 mile heats, is 5.42½. $20,000 have been offered for him and refused. Bath Patchim and Engineer are entered as thorough bred stallions.

RESPONSES OF THE PULPIT TO THE ASPERSIONS OF THE PRESS.—For some weeks the secesh press has been assailing the loyal and patriotic preachers of this city, denouncing them as insincere Christians, and attempting to hold them up to general scorn because they mingled in their prayers a word of supplication that God would bless the efforts of those who are now battling for liberty and the Union. These attacks were so frequent and so virulent, that Christian forbearance could no longer remain silent without seriously placing in jeopardy all that was manly and patriotic. Rev. Robinson, of the Second street Presbyterian Church, on Sunday last, while he did not bemean himself by a personal reply to these attacks, took the broad ground of justifying this war by all that was holy, pure, wise and patriotic. He proved that war was a necessity. From the earliest generation to the present, the conflicts of men were made the corrective of their passions, and out of war, evil though it is, the grandest and the greatest reforms that have ever blessed the world, sprung. In a strain of fervent zeal, Rev. Robinson defended the justice of the war for the Union. It was indeed a holy struggle, mingling in its contests the hopes of religion, the prospects of freedom, and the interests of civilization. He defended it, and urged it on the support of his brethren, because it was religiously, morally and politically just. Its success could demand no sacrifice at our hands which was too great for our concession; and by its triumph we will be compelled to measure our success in all that is exalted and noble for years to come. The sermon of Rev. Robinson was pronounced one of the ablest defences the cause of the Union and the war for its preservation, have yet received, and was generally accepted as an overwhelming rebuke to the doughfacism which has attempted to silence the loyal men who occupy pulpits.

In the morning of the same day, Father Maher, of the State street Catholic Church, preached a characteristic, patriotic sermon. Than Father Maher, no man in the same position, has done more to support the government, and doubtless he keenly felt the aspersions which have of late been cast upon the loyal clergy of this city. On Sunday he seemed inspired as he addressed his flock on this subject. He esteemed the struggle in which we are engaged, as not a mere combat of passion—not only as the effort of a few men for personal reknown—but as a contest waged for the overthrow of one of God's great designs when he made man: that he should be free, independent and happy.—It was a war in which the issues equalized all men. It would either maintain us all as freemen, or degrade us all as slaves.—It would either prolong the freedom of the pulpit, and encourage it in the promulgation of its grand truths, or it would seal the lips of every minister of God in the country, and make them accountable for what they uttered unto a tyrant instead of Jehovah. Father Maher declared that there must be no faltering among those who heard him that day. The duty before them was plain, and the path in which they were to travel, broad enough for all. It was the nation that now appealed for support—it was God speaking through the danger which threatened freedom. He who refused to respond to this appeal, was worse than a coward, and more degraded than a slave. In a strain of glowing eloquence and unanswerable argument Father Maher defended and urged on his hearers the full support of the government. It was a sermon which will long be remembered by all who were present during its delivery, and let us hope it will enlist those who have endeavored to bring the loyal clergy of this city into disrepute.

COURT PROCEEDINGS.

MONDAY AFTERNOON.—The Court met at two o'clock. His Hon. Judge Young being present, President Judge delivered the usual charge to the Grand Jury, explaining the law on the several offences to be laid before them in his usual clear and able manner. After having concluded he reiterated a portion of the charge delivered to the Grand Jury last week at the Court held in Lebanon county, notwithstanding the fact that it has already been published we republish it again, so that every one of our citizens may read it. His Hon. Judge Pearson said:

There is one other subject of great moment to the community, to which I deem it my duty to direct your attention. We are now engaged in a most perilous struggle to prevent the destruction and dismemberment of this republic, and on the success of which the existence of this nation depends. In such a war it is the duty of every citizen to stand by the government, lending and affording it all the aid in his power, in consideration of the protection which he has received and continues to receive, contributing liberally and not grudgingly to its support out of his pecuniary means, lending it his military service when of ability, and when unable, urging others by his advice and example to take up arms in its defence. Anything said or done, with intent "to oppose, embarrass, or subvert the government of this State or of the United States, or give information, aid or comfort to the enemy," is a high crime, subject to the severe animadversion of the law, as by endeavoring to persuade any person from entering the military service of this State or of the United States, or from joining any volunteer company or association about being mustered into the service, or endeavoring to induce them to abandon or leave the service which they have entered." For such acts the offender may be fined to the extent of $5,000—and sent to the penitentiary for ten years. It may be supposed by those who wish to speak or write against entering the military service, that it will be difficult to show, in a criminal prosecution, that the perpetrator had any design or intention "to oppose or subvert the government," or to prevent another from entering into the military service: but men's intentions must very generally be inferred from their acts and words. If one man strikes another on the head with an axe, or shoots him through the body, we infer that the intention was to kill. In like manner if a man rails or writes against the government, and against entering the army, we naturally and properly infer that the intention is to prevent the hearer or reader from doing it. The law does not require that any one should be dissuaded; it is sufficient that the act is *attempted*. If acts of this kind have, to the knowledge of the Grand Jury or any member thereof, been committed within the county, it is your duty to present the offender.

I have been induced more especially to call the attention of the community to this law at the present time, because it is more than probable that within the next three weeks a draft will be made from the militia of the country to fill the armies of the United States, in pursuance of the call of the President, and it is greatly to be feared that this compulsory service will lead to clamor and heart burnings. It is the duty of every one to submit to the law without a murmur—to serve with cheerfulness, and if necessary lay down his life, or the lives of those most dear to him, on the altar of his country, in order to preserve its government and liberties. Should the law be resisted, should clamor be raised against entering the service, or those who are regularly drafted be advised to escape or evade joining the army and performing their duty, it will undoubtedly lead to criminal prosecutions of the most dangerous character to those giving the advice. But it is not merely the power of the civil law and the criminal courts which will be called into requisition; the government has shown itself most determined to put down all opposition to its authority through the military power if necessary, and for that purpose we perceive they have directed certain officers to arrest and imprison any person who may be engaged by act, speech, or writing, in discouraging volunteer enlistments, or in any way giving aid or comfort to the enemy, or entering into other disloyal practices against the United States.

If seized, the offender will at least suffer temporary imprisonment, be put to great trouble and vexation, perhaps to a military trial and severe punishment. It, therefore, behooves every one to cease all idle clamor against the government under which he lives, do no act and speak no word which may discourage men from entering the army, paying their taxes, or furnishing money to carry on the war. Idle talk and clamor, newspaper and other railing, which in time of peace would be overlooked and disregarded, will at the present perilous period be treated as a grave offence, tending to weaken the hands and power of the government, and giving aid and comfort to the enemy.

But it is not by direct acts alone that men may be discouraged from entering the service of the country, and the law of the land be subverted; it is often effected by indirection, as by ridiculing the service, and endeavoring to bring it into contempt. We must caution and warn all of the citizens of Lebanon county against any such acts, and conjure them not to give too much license to their tongues and pens.

Although the liberty of the press is highly regarded in Pennsylvania, and secured by constitutional provisions, yet that liberty cannot be permitted to run into licentiousness, or be used to oppose the interest of the country, or subvert the law. Editors of newspapers are responsible, not only for what they write themselves and publish to the world, but also for injurious or treasonable communications extracted from the columns of other papers; they have no right to promulgate and spread abroad the injurious writings of other editors; they dare not disseminate treason at second hand.

It is also said that a secret society exists in this state, called the "Knights of the Golden Circle," having for its object originally, the conquest and subversion of certain countries situated on or near the southern borders of the United States, with which this government was at peace; but having for its present object the assistance of the revolted States of this Union, by affording them information, aid and comfort, and the members of which are said to be bound by oath to assist those of the same society, who are under arms in the revolted States, in preference to supporting the government in which they live. Although I must be permitted to express my doubts as to the existence of any such society, with such an object, in our midst as I have too good an opinion of the citizens of Pennsylvania to give credence to every rumor affecting their loyalty and integrity, yet I am bound to say that all who attach themselves to such a society, having objects and purposes of the kind mentioned in view, are guilty of a conspiracy; the combination is unlawful, and on due proof of the object and purpose of the society being of the kind and for the purpose mentioned, I have no doubt that every member might be convicted of the conspiracy, and punished by imprisonment in the penitentiary, whether they commit any overt act or not.—*The conspiracy is the offence*, and it is unlawful to form any society having for its object the subversion of the laws, the overthrow of the government, or the protection of traitors.

ABSCONDING OF A WITNESS.

John Roof, from Franklin county, was brought before the Court on an attachment, he having neglected to attend at the last Court against a person charged with adultery. After being reprimanded by the Court for his neglect, he gave ignorance of the law, as his excuse for absenting himself. The Court fined him five dollars and subjected him to pay all the costs of the different attachments, amounting to a snug little sum.

TUESDAY MORNING.

Court met at nine o'clock. Very little business seemed to be in readiness owing to the absence of witnesses.

Com. vs. Jas. M'Intire and Thos. M'Glynn, charged with larceny, were found guilty. The evidence being conclusive against them.

Com. vs. John, Christian and Jacob Zimmerman, and John Warfel, charged with assault and battery and forcible entry and detainer. The parties reside in Jackson township. The case seems to be a family quarrel, and occupied the court the balance of the morning session.

THE ENROLLMENT.—*List of Deputy Marshals.*—The work of enrolling citizens subject to military duty is progressing rapidly, and will doubtless be completed in this county by the end of the present week. The following is a list of the Deputy Marshals selected by the commissioner appointed to superintend the enrollment, Hon. A. O. Hiester, for the several wards and townships in this county:

First Ward Harrisburg—Peter Bernhisel.
Second " " H. Murray Graydon.
Third " " Wm. J. Stees.
Fourth " " Wm. Bostick, Sr.
Fifth " " Geo. Garberich, Jr.
Sixth " " John Care.
Susquehanna Township—John Reel.
Lower Paxton—Thos. Strohm.
East Hanover—Jacob Early.
South Hanover—Isaac Hershey.
West Hanover—Adam Hoffman.
Reed—Wm. Boyer.
Derry—Geo. T. Hummel.
Lower Swatara—Felix Nissley.
Swatara—Joshua R. Elder.
Middletown—John J. Walborn.
Wiconisco—Hon. Moses Young.
Mifflin—John Miller.
Jefferson—Jonathan Spayd.
Halifax—John J. Landis.
Rush—George Kinter.
Washington—B. B. Buffington.
Borough of Gratz—J. Laudenschlager.
Lykens Township—John S. Sminky.
Millersburg—Martin Weaver.
Upper Paxton—Thaddeus Freeland.
Jackson—Joseph P. Lyter.
Londonderry—Henry Myers.
Borough of Dauphin and Middle Paxton Township—D. Poffenberger.
Connewago—John S. Feltz.

The following is a copy of the certificate of authority of the Marshal's Deputies, and a statement of instructions to them:

UNITED STATES MARSHAL'S OFFICE,
Eastern District of Pennsylvania,
August 19th, 1862.

Mr. ———, *Sir:* I hereby appoint you as one of my deputies, to make the enrollment of all citizens within the ———, of ———, in the county of ———, in Pennsylvania, between the ages of eighteen and forty-five, who are liable to military service, in conformity with regulations made for that purpose by order of the President of the United States, dated 9th of August, 1862. In returning the enrollment, you will give the name, age, and occupation of each person enrolled, stating, also, whether the person enrolled is already in the service of the United States, and in what capacity, and if he be in the Military Volunteer Service; state in what regiment and company he is so serving; and if any citizen within said ——— shall have been mustered into the Volunteer Service of the United States, and shall have since died in that service you will return his name, and state the facts of his service and death. You will, without delay, serve on each citizen enrolled a notice of his enrollment.

———,
United States Marshal.

The notice of enrollment reads as follows:

Office of the United States Deputy Marshal for the County of ———, at ———, August —, 1862.

To ———. Take notice, that you have been enrolled as a citizen within the ——— of ———, in the said county, liable to Military Service. If you claim exemption from any cause, the claim will be received and determined by the Commissioner to be appointed for that purpose, for the County, at such time and place as he shall specify, by hand bills to be posted in said ———

——— ——— Deputy Marshal.

HERE IS ANOTHER illustration of the fanaticism among the priesthood, which is such a sore trouble to some of our neighbors. It is a glowing and eloquent tribute of a gallant soldier, to the justice of the war for the Union, and proves that the "fanatical priesthood" are busy with the pen, earnest in the pulpit, and unwearied on the march and in the hospital, urging on the good cause. Read Mulligan's letter, and then applaud the faith which prompts a man thus to congratulate the "fanaticism" of a heroic Catholic priest:

"HEADQUARTERS NEW CREEK, VA.,
Camp Comisky, Irish Brigade,
8th Army Corps.

"*Mr. Dear Father Dunne:*—By the Chicago papers of to-day I notice your promotion to the Colonelcy of the 'Dunne Legion.' I bid you welcome to the new vocation. I hail your conversion from the Breviary to the bayonet; from 'taking heaven by violence' to taking towns by storm. It is meet and just. Your biography will need a stirring chapter. Your history is too full of this 'vale of tears;' this martyrdom of parishes: this lean look of Lent; how splendid will a chapter read with the caption, '*Arma Virumque Cano.*'

"I need not tell you, Father Dunne, how intimately in all ecclesiastical history St. Peter and saltpetre are blended, shedding lustre upon many a mitre. The real orthodoxy of the time is not 'Grahan's Sermons,' but Hardee's Tactics. Men are saved now-a-days by the doctrines of St. James, 'by fire,' and are brought to that state grace by the 'apostolic blows and knocks' of Hudibras. To be a priest according to the Order of Melchisedeck is a great thing, but to be a Colonel according to the act of Congress is, speaking mildly, 'bully.'

"But, joking aside, I have only a moment before going on dress parade. I seriously hope your good and patriotic efforts to rouse our countrymen to their duty may be crowned with immediate success. Destroy this government and what remains for our homes? what honors in our history? I the past is the memory of greatness; in the future anarchy, self-contempt and foreign scorn. Rather dare all now, preserve the government, vindicate its strength, and the republic, passed through this crisis, will stand with such assured dignity and firmness, through all the coming centuries, that no foe without, no Judas within, shall ever dare raise an armed hand against her. And history shall place some of this grand balance to the account of you and your Legion.

"How little, dear father, did we dream in our student days, as we sat under your professorship in the dear old halls St. Mary, that these things should come upon us. Then we *read* of revolutions; now we *fight* them. I think of those times often, amid the duties of camps and the labors and dangers of the march, with a rellish that lightens the toil. Good bye. Success the 'Dunne Legion.' The Irish brigade of Mulligan from the fields of Virginia bids it God speed. I recognize among the officers many of my friends; give them my best regards. Your pupil and friend,

"JAMES A. MULLIGAN.

"To Very Reverend D. Dunne, Chicago."

A Good Appointment.

The following card from the Chairman of the Peoples' Union County Committee will explain itself, but we must add that the appointment which it announces is one which will meet the hearty approval of the people:

HARRISBURG, Aug. 25, 1862.

GEORGE BERGNER, Esq.—You will please announce that I have appointed Samuel L. Sarch, Esq., Secretary of the Union Republican County Committee of Dauphin county.

A. KOSER,
Chairman of Committee.

THE FIRST FALL DRY GOODS.—The steady advance in dry goods has induced us to procure our first stock of dry goods sooner than in former years. In view of this we invite those whose interest it is to purchase cheap, to call and examine our new goods, just arriving today and during this week. Yours, &c.

URICH & BOWMAN.

A MODEL ESTABLISHMENT.—Among the many improvements lately made in our city, to which we can point with pride as an evidence of prosperity and as a determination on the part of our business men, no longer to remain behind the "light house," is the completion of Eby & Kunkle's large brick building at the corner of Market and Fifth streets, which is alike creditable to the owners and ornamental to that part of our city.

The building is not only one of the largest, devoted to the grocery business, outside of New York, but the stock challenges competion.—Without going into detail, we may safely say that the firm keep on hand everything usually kept in a grocery store, (liquors excepted,) and that they sell at very small profits. Their clerks are civil and accommodating, and have strict instructions under no circumstances whatever to misrepresent or take advantage of any customer. A general invitation is extended to the public to visit the new building and examine the extensive stock, whether they purchase or not.

To the Afflicted.

The undersigned would respectfully inform those who are afflicted with Rheumatism, Dyspepsy, Consumption of Liver and Kidney, Coughs, Fevers, and all diseases arising from impurity of the blood, that she is prepared to furnish Mrs. Westhoven's German Vegetable Medicines at very moderate rates. I have also on hand a quantity of invaluable Salves for Sore Eyes, Frosen Feet and Piles. References can be furnished as to their wonderful efficacy, whenever called upon. There need be no apprehension in regard to my competency in administering it, as I have had it on hand for the past six years. As they are now sold at reduced prices, no family should be without them over night. They can be had at any time at my residence, in Pine street, between Second and Front.

Au13 d1m MRS. L. BALL.

MRS. BALL:—Six years since I was afflicted with the dyspepsy, liver complaint and inflammatory rheumatism. Physicians failed to afford any relief. I then took of your vegetable medicine and was cured in a short time. Two years after I took the fever and ague, and again you cured me. I am now entirely restored to health. I have no hesitation in declaring that I believe they are the best family medicines ever offered to the public; let them be tried, and their virtues will speak more for them than I can. My residence is in Pine street between Second and Third. MARY M. ZARGER.

WE HAVE received a large assortment of hoop skirts, from 75c. up to $2 50. A large assortment of linen and needlework collars, and collars and sleeves, at all prices. White cambrics, jacconetts, nantucks, brilliants, and plain and figured Swiss muslin, at all prices. The finest lot of embroidered French cambric brands ever brought to Harrisburg—of infant's waists we keep a large assortment. Ladies' and gentlemen's linen pocket handkerchiefs, ladies' stockings, gentlemen's one half hose, and children's stockings of all descriptions and prices. Twenty pieces of carpet to be sold cheap. Kentucky jeans, sattinetts and cassimeres for men and boy's wear. We received 50 dozen suspenders, at all prices. 50 dozen cotton handkerchiefs, with borders, and a great many other notions and small wear. S. LEWY.

HAIR DYE! HAIR DYE!!

Wm. A. Batchelor's Hair Dye!

The only Harmless and Reliable Dye Known!

All others are mere imitations, and should be avoided if you wish to escape ridicule.

GREY, RED OR RUSTY HAIR dyed instantly to a beautiful and natural Brown or Black, without the least injury to Hair or Skin.

FIFTEEN MEDALS AND DIPLOMAS have been awarded to WM. A. BATCHELOR since 18 9, and over 200,000 applications have been made to the hair of the patrons of his famous Dye.

WM. A. BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE produces a color not to be distinguished from nature and is WARRENTED not to injure in the least, however long it may be continued, and the ill effects of bad Dyes remedied. The hair is invigorated for life by this splendid Dye, which is properly applied at No. 16 Bond Street New York.

Sold in all the cities and towns of the United States, by Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers

The Genuine has the name "William A. Batchelor," and address upon a steel plate engraving, on the four sides of each box.

Wholesale Factory, 81 Barclay St.,
oct2-d&wly. Late 233 Broadway, New York.

New Advertisements.

WHEELER'S
CHEAP COAL YARD.

THE undersigned is now prepared to sell coal at the following

LOW RATES:

Lorberry nut coal	@$2 25 per ton
" egg "	@ 3 25 per ton
" stove "	@ 3 25 per ton
" broken "	@ 3 25 per ton
Wilkesbarre lump or cupola	@ 3 00 per ton
" steamboat	@ 3 25 per ton
" egg	@ 3 25 per ton
" broken	@ 3 25 per ton
Lykens Valley nut	@ 2 50 per ton
" egg	@ 3 50 per ton
" broken	@ 3 50 per ton
Smith's coal	@ 3 50 per ton

☞ The Larberry coal is a cleaner coal than the Lykens Valley, kindles as easy, does not clinker, and will burn longer and give more heat.

Coal sold by the boat load, car load, single, half, or third tons and by the bushel.

☞ All coal of the best quality mined and delivered by the

PATENT WEIGH CARTS.

Harrisburg, Aug 9th-d1m JAMES M. WHEELER.

PENNSYLVANIA MILITARY ACADEMY

AT WESTCHESTER, PENNA.

FOR BOARDERS ONLY.

WILL be opened on Tuesday, September 4 1862. It was chartered by the Legislature with full collegiate power. In the capacious buildings which were erected and furnished at a cost of over sixty thousand dollars are arrangements for the comfortable quartering and subsisting of one hundred and fifty cadets.

A corps of competent and experienced teachers will give their undivided attention to the Educational Department, and aim to make their instruction thorough and practical. The Department of studies embraces the following courses:—Primary, Commercial and Scientific, Collegiate and Military. The moral training of cadets will be carefully attended to.

Circulars may be obtained at this office, or from Col. THEO HYATT, President, P. A. M.

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New Advertisements.

AN ENTIRE NEW STOCK
OF
GOLD PENS!

THE best and largest assortment of Gold Pens has just been opened at

BERGNER'S CHEAP BOOK STORE.

These Pens are manufactured by C. F. Newton & Co., of New York, and warranted to give full satisfaction. A trial will satisfy any one. Examine the prices below:

Gold Pen and Silver Holder for $1 25.
Gold Pen and Silver Holder for $1 50.
Gold Pen and Silver Holder for $1 75.
Gold Pen and Silver Holder for $2 25.
Gold Pen and Silver Holder for $2 50.
Gold Pen and Silver Holder for $2 75.
Gold Pen and Silver Holder for $3 25.
Gold Pen and Silver Holder for $3 75.
Gold Pen and Silver Holder for $4 25.
Gold Pen and Pencil, with Rubber Holder $5 00.
Gold Pen and Pencil with Rubber Holder, $7 00.

COAL!

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

HAVING leased the Coal Yard, foot of North street, lately occupied by O. D. Foster,

I am enabled to supply the public with a

COMPLETE ASSORTMENT
OF THE DIFFERENT
VARIETY AND SIZES OF
CLEAN COAL.
FULL WEIGHT
ALWAYS GUARANTEED.

Orders respectfully solicited—which, if left at the office, foot of North street, or at the office of Wm. Dock, Jr. & Co., will receive prompt attention.

GILLARD DOCK.

Jy29

REMOVED.

JOHN B. SMITH

HAS removed his Boot and Shoe Store from the corner of Second and Walnut streets to

NO. 108 MARKET STREET,

Next door to Hayne's Agriculture Store, where he intends to keep all kinds of Boots and Shoes, Gaiters, &c., and a large stock of Trunks, and everything in his line of business; and will be thankful to receive the patronage of his old customers and the public in general at his new place of business. All kinds of work made to order in the best style and by superior workmen. Repairing done at short notice. [apr2d1f] JOHN B. SMITH.

INSURANCE.

Marine, Fire and Inland Transportation,

Central Agency at Harrisburg, Pa., of the

INSURANCE COMPANY OF NORTH AMERIC.

OF PHILADELPHIA.

Incorporated 1794—Charter perpetual.

Capital and Assets.....$1,200,000

DIRECTORS.

Arthur G. Coffin, Samuel W. Jones, John A. Brown, Samuel F. Smith, Charles Taylor, Ambrose White, John R. Neff, Richard D. Wood, William Welsh, William E. Bowen, James N. Dickson, S. Morris Wain, John Mason, George L. Harrison, Francis R. Cope, Edward H. Trotter, Edward S. Clarke.

ARTHUR G. COFFIN, *President.*

CHARLES PLATT, *Secretary.*

As central agent for the above named company, the undersigned is prepared to take Fire risks in any part of the State of Pennsylvania, either annually or perpetually, on the most favorable terms.

Office Third street between Walnut and Strawberry alley, Burke's row.

WILLIAM BUEHLER,
je10-d1y Harrisburg, Pa.

All Work Promised in One Week

104.

PENNSYLVANIA
STEAM DYEING ESTABLISHMENT,

104 *Market Street between 4th and 5th,*

HARRISBURG, PA.,

WHERE every description of Ladies' and Gentlemens' Garments, Piece Goods, &c., are Dyed, Cleansed and finished in the best manner and at the shortest notice. DODGE & CO.,
Nov3-dawly Proprietors.

WILLIAM SAYFORD,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
85 MARKET ST., HARRISBURG,

IS now prepared to furnish officer's military clothing, according to regulations at short notice. Also a general assortment of Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings and ready made clothing for civilians.

au5-d1m

EXECUTRIX'S NOTICE.

SARAH A. ALDRED, Executrix of the estate of Thomas Aldred, dec'd., late of the city of Harrisburg, Dauphin county, having letters testamentary granted to them by the Register of Dauphin county, hereby notifies all parties indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims to present them properly authenticated for settlement to the above named executrix. au2-6w

JUST RECEIVED.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT of Family Bibles of different styles of binding, at 90c, $1 25 $1 50, $2, $3, $4, $5 and $10. Also Pocket Bibles of different styles and prices at SCHEFFER'S Bookstore.
feb15-y

POMADE HONGROISE
FOR FIXING THE
MOUSTACHES,
KELLER'S DRUGSTORE.
je6

TOBACCO, Cavendish, Congress and Twist, for sale low by NICHOLS & BOWMAN,
au21 Corner Front and Market streets.

PRESERVING jars and fruit cans of all kinds and sizes, for sale by NICHOLS & BOWMAN
au21 corner, Front and Market streets.

OF all sizes, patterns and prices, just received and for sale by WM. DOCK, Jr., & CO
je13

CHEAP Oil for all kinds of machinery, in small and large packages, for sale by NICHOLS & BOWMAN,
je10 Corner Front and Market street.

APPLES, Oranges and Lemons, at JOHN WIER'S. my1