MORNING TELEGRAPH.

BY GEORGE BERGNER. HARRISBURG, PA., TUESDAY MORNING, JULY 22, 1862. PRICE ONE CENT.

THE TELEGRAPH

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BY GEORGE BERGNER.

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WEEKLY AND SEMI-WEEKLY TELEGRAPH.

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Twenty " " "	22 00
Single subscriber, Weekly	1 00

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"	one month	2 50
"	three months	4 00
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"	one year	10 00
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"	one week	2 00
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"	one year	20 00

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☞ Marriges and Deaths to be charged as regular advertissments

Miscellaneous.

HELMBOLD'S GENUINE PREPARATION

"HIGHLY CONCENTRATED"

COMPOUND FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU,

A Positive and Specific Remedy

For Diseases of the BLADDER, KIDNEYS, GRAVEL, and DROPSICAL SWELLINGS.

This Medicine increases the power of Digestion, and excites the ABSORBENTS into healthy action, by which the WATERY OR CALCAREOUS depositions, and all UNNATURAL ENLARGEMENTS are reduced, as well as PAIN AND INFLAMATION, and is good for

MEN, WOMEN OR CHILDREN.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU,

For Weaknesses arising from Excesses, Habits of Dissipation, Early Indiscretion or Abuse.

ATTENDED WITH THE FOLLOWING SYMPTOMS:—

Indisposition to Exertion, Loss of Power, Loss of Memory, Difficulty of Breathing, Weak Nerves, Trembling, Horror of Disease, Wakefulness, Dimness of Vision, Pain in the Back, Universal Lassitude of the Muscular System, Hot Hands, Flushing of the Body, Dryness of the Skin, Eruptions on the Face, PALLID COUNTENANCE,

These symptoms, if allowed to go on, which this medicine invariably removes, soon follows

IMPOTENCY, FATUITY, EPILEPTIC FITS,

IN ONE OF WHICH THE PATIENT MAY EXPIRE.

Who can say that they are not frequently followed by those "DIREFUL DISEASES,"

"INSANITY AND CONSUMPTION."

Many are aware of the cause of their suffering,

BUT NONE WILL CONFESS.

THE RECORDS OF THE INSANE ASYLUMS,

And the Melancholy Deaths by Consumption,

BEAR AMPLE WITNESS TO THE TRUTH OF THE ASSERTION.

THE CONSTITUTION ONCE AFFECTED WITH

ORGANIC WEAKNESS,

Requires the aid of medicine to strengthen and Invigorate the System,

Which HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU *invariably does*

A TRIAL WILL CONVICE THE MOST SKEPTICAL.

FEMALES—FEMALES—FEMALES.

GIRLS OR YOUNG, SINGLE, MARRIED, OR CONTEMPLATING MARRIAGE,

IN MANY AFFECTIONS PECULIAR TO FEMALES, the Extract Buchu is unequalled by any other remedy, such as Chlorosis or Retention, Irregularity, Painfulness, or Suppression of Customary Evacuations, Ulcerated, or Scirrhous state of the Uterus, Leucorrhœa Whites, Sterility, and for all complaints incident to the sex, whether arising from Indiscretion, Habits of Dissipation, or in the

DECLINE OR CHANGE OF LIFE.

SEE SYMPTOMS ABOVE

NO FAMILY SHOULD BE WITHOUT IT!

TAKE NO MORE BLASAM, MECURY, OR UNPLEASANT MEDICINE FOR UNPLEASANT AND DANGEROUS DISEASES.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU

CURES

SECRET DISEASES,

In all their Stages, At little Expense; Little or no change in Diet; No inconvenience;

And no Exposure.

It causes a frequent desire and gives strength to Urinate, thereby removing Obstructions.

Preventing and Curing Strictures of the Urethra,

Allaying Pain and Inflammation, so frequent in the cases of diseases, and expelling *all Poisonous, Diseased and worn-out Matter.*

THOUSANDS UPON THOUSANDS

WHO HAVE BEEN THE VICTIMS OF QUACKS, and who have paid HEAVY FEES to be cured in a short time, have found they were deceived, and that the "POISON" has, by the use of "POWERFUL ASTRINGENTS," been driven up in the system, to break out in an aggravated form, and

PERHAPS AFTER MARRIAGE.

Use HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU for all affections and diseases of the

URINARY ORGANS,

whether existing in

MALE OR FEMALE,

from whatever cause originating and no matter of

HOW LONG STANDING.

Diseases of these Organs require the aid of DIURETIC

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU

IS THE GREAT DIURETIC,

And is certain to have the desired effect in all Diseases FOR WHICH IT IS RECOMMENDED.

Evidence of the most reliable and responsible character will accompany the medicine.

CERTIFICATES OF CURES,

From 8 to 20 years standing,

WITH NAMES KNOWN TO

SCIENCE AND FAME.

Price $1 00 per bottle, or six for $5 00.

Delivered to any address, securely packed from observation.

DESCRIBE SYMPTOMS IN ALL COMMUNICATIONS.

Cures Guaranteed! Advice Gratis!

AFFIDAVIT:

Personally appeared before me, an Alderman of the city of Philadelphia, H. T. HELMBOLD, who being duly sworn, doth say, his preparations contain no narcotic, no mercury, or other injurious drugs, but are purely vegetable

H. T. HELMBOLD.

Sworn and subscribed before me, this 23d day of November, 1854. WM. P. HIBBERD, *Alderman,* Ninth St., above Race, Phila.

Address letters for information in confidence to

H. T. HELMBOLD, Chemist,

Depot, 104 South Tenth St., bel. Chestnut, Phila,

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS

AND UNPRINCIPLED DEALERS,

Who endeavor to dispose "OF THEIR OWN" and "OTHER" ARTICLES ON THE REPUTATION ATTAINED BY Helmbold's Genuine Preparation s,

" " Extract Buchu,

" " " Sarsaparilla,

" " Improved Rose Wash.

Sold by C. K. Keller, D. W. Gross, J. Wyeth, C. A. Bauvart.

AND ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

ASK FOR HELMBOLD'S. TAKE NO OTHER.

Cut out the advertisement and send for it,

AND AVOID IMPOSITION AND EXPOSURE.

nov13-dly

DENTISTRY.

DR. GEO. W. STINE, graduate of the Baltimore College of Dental Surgery, having permanently located in the city of Harrisburg and taken the office formerly occupied by Dr. Gorgas, on Third street between Market and Walnut, respectfully informs his friends and the public in general, that he is prepared to perform all operations in the Dental profession, either surgical or mechanical, in a manner that shall not be surpassed by operators in this or any other city. His mode of inserting artificial teeth is upon the latest improved scientific principle

Teeth, from one to a full set, mounted on fine Gold, Silver, Platina plates or the Vulcanite Base.

I take great pleasure in recommending the above gentleman to all my former friends of Harrisburg and vicinity, and feel confident that he will perform all operations in a scientific manner, from my knowledge of his ability. F. J. S. GORGAS, D. D. S.

[my3-dtf]

PENNSYLVANIA, SS:

In the Name and by the Authority

OF THE

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA,

ANDREW G. CURTIN,

Governor of the said Commonwealth.

A PROCLAMATION.

To sustain the Government in times of common peril, by all his energies, his means and his life, if need be, is the first duty of every loyal citizen.

The President of the United States has made a requisition on Pennsylvania for twenty-one new regiments, and the regiments already in the field must be recruited. Enlistments will be made for nine months in the new regiments and for twelve months in the old.

The existence of the present emergency is well understood. No patriot will pause now to investigate its causes. We must look to the future. Everything that is dear to us is at stake.

Under these circumstances I appeal with confidence to the Freemen of Pennsylvania. You have to save your homes and your firesides—your own liberties and those of the whole country.

I call on the inhabitants of the counties, cities, boroughs and townships throughout our borders to meet and take active measures for the immediate furnishing of the quota of the State.

Let those who cannot go themselves contribute to provide bounties, equal, at least, to those offered by adjoining States.

The Constitution prohibits me from drawing money from the Treasury without authority of law, and I will not cast a doubt on the patriotism of our citizens by assuming the necessity of calling the Legislature at this time.

This is no time to wait for Legislative action and the negotiation of loans. Delay might be fatal. To put down this rebellion is the business of every man in Pennsylvania; and her citizens will show on this occasion that they do not wait for the slow process of legislation, and do not desire to throw on the Treasury of the Commonwealth a burden which they are individually ready to bear themselves.

The conduct of our men already in the field has shed immortal lustra on Pennsylvania. Let their brethren fly to arms to support them, and make victory speedy as well as certain.

I designate below the number of companies which are expected from the several counties in the State, trusting the support of her honor in this crisis, (as it may be safely trusted,) to the loyalty, fidelity and valor of her freemen.

Whilst the quota of the several counties is fixed equitably so as to fill the requisition for twenty-one regiments, let not the loyal people of any county limit their exertions to the enlistment of the companies named.

Our heroic sons of Pennsylvania have moistened every battle field with their blood; thousands have bravely died defending the unity of the Republic and the sanctity of our flag, and other thousands have fallen sick and wounded, and their places filled.

Freemen of Pennsylvania! Friends of Government, of order and of our common nationality! one earnest struggle and peace will again dawn upon us as a happy, prosperous and united people.

Given under my hand and the great seal of the State at Harrisburg, this twenty-first day of July, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-two, and of the Commonwealth, the eighty-seventh.

L.S.

A. G. CURTIN.

By the Governor.

ELI SLIFER,

Secretary of the Commonwealth.

SCHEDULE OF APPORTIONMENTS.

Adams	2	companies.
Allegheny	15	"
Armstrong	1	"
Beaver	2	"
Bedford	2	"
Berks	6	"
Blair	2	"
Bradford	5	"
Bucks	5	"
Butler	3	"
Cambria	2	"
Carbon	2	"
Chester	6	"
Centre	2	"
Clarion and Forrest	2	"
Clinton	1	"
Clearfield	1	"
Columbia	1	"
Crawford	2	"
Cumberland	2	"
Dauphin	5	"
Delaware	2	"
Erie	5	"
Elk and McKean	1	"
Fayette	1	"
Franklin and Fulton	5	"
Forest (see Clarion)		
Greene	1	"
Huntingdon	2	"
Indiana	2	"
Jefferson	1	"
Juniata	1	"
Lancaster	8	"
Lawrence	2	"
Lebanon	2	"
Lehigh	2	"
Luzerne	7	"
Lycoming	3	"
Mercer	2	"
Mifflin	1	"
Monroe and Pike	1	"
Montgomery	5	"
Montour	1	"
Northampton	3	"
Northumberland	2	"
Perry	1	"
Philadelphia	50	"
Pike (see Monroe)		
Potter	1	"
Schuylkill	5	"
Snyder	1	"
Somerset	2	"
Sullivan and Wyoming	1	"
Susquehanna	2	"
Tioga	3	"
Union	1	"
Venango	1	"
Warren	2	"
Washington	3	"
Wayne	2	"
Westmoreland	3	"
Wyoming (see Sullivan)		
York	2	"

The Telegraph.

WAR MEETING.

THE CITIZENS OF HARRISBURG IN COUNCIL.

Agreeably to public notice a large and enthusiastic meeting of the citizens of Harrisburg was held at the Court House last evening, to take into consideration the state of the country, and adopt measures for encouraging the enlistment of volunteers.

Although only few hours' notice was given, it was one of the largest and most enthusiastic meeting ever held in the city of Harrisburg.

The meeting was called to order by A. J. Herr, Esq., upon whose motion the following named gentlemen were selected as officers:

PRESIDENT,

GOV. ANDREW G. CURTIN.

VICE PRESIDENTS,

Mayor WM. H. KEPNER,
JOHN H. BRIGGS, Esq.

SECRETARIES,

Dr. GEORGE BAILEY,
GEO. BERGNER, Esq.

After the organization had been completed, his Excellency, Gov. Curtin, proceeded to state the objects of the meeting, in one of his usual eloquent speeches, concluding with a powerful appeal to his hearers to rally in defence of our common country. He was frequently interrupted by shouts of applause.

Hon. J. C. Kunkle desired to know if any gentleman present had prepared resolutions expressive of the sense of the meeting.

His Honor, Judge Pearson, in response, rose and remarked that he had been called upon by a number of gentlemen who were interested in getting up the meeting, and requested to prepare such resolutions. In accordance with that request, therefore, he had prepared the following:

RESOLUTIONS.

Resolved, That in the present crisis of the public affairs a large increase of the armies of the republic is immediately required, and our powerful and patriotic Commonwealth must not be behind her sister States in furnishing her full quota of men to answer the call of the President of the United States.

Resolved, That in this exigency we deem it expedient to raise by subscription among the people of the Commonwealth such sums of money as will be required as a bounty to each patriotic citizen who will volunteer to serve his country in the army of the United States, rather than have the Executive resort to the slow process of convening the Legislature to make an appropriation out of the public treasury for that purpose.

Resolved, That a bounty of dollars —— should in the opinion of this meeting be paid to each able bodied citizen who will volunteer to serve as part of the quota of Pennsylvania in the army of the United States for one year or during the war and be accepted therein, and money should be furnished by those who are unable from any cause to render personal service to their country.

Resolved, That to raise the necessary funds for paying these bounties, a committee of —— persons be appointed to solicit subscriptions within this city and the vicinity, so that our county shall not be behind in furnishing her full quota of men and money, and that the people of the county at large are also called upon and requested to raise up like committees for the same purpose.

Resolved, That it is advisable that public meetings be called without delay, throughout the several cities and counties of this broad Commonwealth, for the purpose of infusing greater ardor into the people, and convincing them of the necessity of a more active prosecution of the war in defence of their Constitution and government, and the propriety of raising the required bounty money for volunteer soldiers, and the necessary funds for the maintainance of their families during their absence.

Resolved, That in the opinion of this meeting there would be great propriety in the constituted authorities of the city of Harrisburg appropriating, out of the public treasury, a portion of the fund required as bounty money to volunteers, and trusting to repayment thereof by the Legislature at its next session.

After the resolutions were read, Judge Pearson moved that the amount of the bounty alluded to in the 3d resolution be fixed at fifty dollars, and proceeded to explain his reasons for making the motion in a few well timed remarks, which were loudly applauded. General A. L. Roumfort seconded the motion.

The proclamation of the Governor calling for additional troops, was read by Dr. Baily, and when the quota apportioned to Dauphin county was announced, it was greeted with loud applause.

Mr. George Bergner moved that the blank for the committee, in the fourth resolution, be filled with "twelve," two from each ward in the city; which was agreed to.

Hon. J. C. Kunkle was then called upon, and in response, he rose and entertained the audience for nearly an hour's duration, in a speech of the most thrilling eloquence, exciting the liveliest feelings of patriotism in the bosoms of the large audience, which frequently manifested itself in outbursts of loud and repeated applause.

Gen. Miller, and Col. A. J. Herr, also made thrilling and telling speeches.

At this juncture it was announced that a subscription paper had been started at the Secretary's desk for the accommodation of those who desired to make contributions, when in response the following gentlemen subscribed the sums set opposite their respective names, each contribution as made, being greeted with loud applause:

Chas. L. Baily	$500
A. G. Curtin	200
Coyle & Herr	50
A. J. Herr	50
Geo. Bergner	$150
Jno. H. Briggs	100
Dr. Geo. Baily	100
G. W. Gross & Co.	100
W. H. Kepner	125
Jas. W. Weir	100
Wm. Colder	500
W. T. Hildrup	100
Jno. J. Pearson	100
David Fleming	100
Wm. M. Kerr	100
Wm. Mitchell	50
E. W. Roberts & Son	50
T. T. Wierman	100
Jno. C. Kunkel	250
J. C. Bomberger	100
W. T. Bishop	50
Eby & Kunkel	300
A. J. Jones	100
Price & Hancock	100
Eby Byers	50
S. D. Young	50
A. K. Fahnestock	100
J. M. Wheeler	50
Rev. T. H. Robinson	100
Bigler & Wilt	50
C. C. Rawn	50
John B. Cox	50
W. Sayford	50
A. L. Romfort	50
W. G. Thompson	50
A. C. M'Cullough	50
R. F. Kelker	150
Samuel Holman	50
Henry D. Moore	100
Harrisburg Car company	500
John J. Shoemaker	50
Alex. Watson	25
J. C. Young	50
J. D. Cameron	500
J. W. Cowden	50
Kelker & Brother	200
James M'Cormick	500
J. Adam Boger	25
Geo. J. Shoemaker	100
Henry Thomas	200
Dr. W. W. Rutherford	100
Geo. W. Simmons	10
Joshua Wiestling	25
S. D. Ingram	50
Simon Oyster	50
Peter Meyer	5
Wm. H. Caslow	10
B. G. Peters	50
C. C. Mathews	10
W. J. Stees	10
Jno. Care	10
W. W. Hays	25
Sullivan S. Childs	10
W. S. Shaeffer	20
James B. Thompson	25
Allen Sturgeon	25
William Bostick	10
Levi Weaver, Sr.	10
Dr. James Flemming	25
J. F. Seiler	20
J. D. Boas	25
John J. Clyde	25
Hiram Wilson	25
William A. Tarbutton	25
Oliver Sees	25
Wm. D. Moore	15
Geo. P. Weistling	25
Geo. Z. Kunkle	50
A. C. Smith	20
Jno. A. Wier	100
Peter Bernhisel	10
Jno. Oenslager	25
Robert Gemill	10
Geo. Garverick, Jr.	20
David A. Muench	20
Albert Hummel	50
A. Gumbert & Son	25
J. S. Bates	25
Geo. Fisher	25
J. D. Hoffman	25
Cyrus J. Reese	50
Jeremiah Uhler	25
J. R. Muffley	25
M. Wiler & Co.	25
J. W. Glover	25
Daniel Wilson	25
Henry Uhler	25
James Lett	10
L. Leamy	25
H. Murray Graydon	25
Henry Moyer	25
John W. Simonton	25
Wm. P. Hughes	10
Daniel Yoder	5
Col. F. K. Boas	500
Philip Weaver	5
E. Bermingham	5
Newton H. Davis	10
Carles Carson	10
Charles Greib	5
Daniel Urich	100
R. J. Fleming	20
J. F. Louer	10
A. Oves	10

His excellency, Gov. Curtin, in announcing the total of the subscription, remarked that he wished the people of the State could witness the proceedings of the citizens of Harrisburg, and emulate their patriotic example.

In response to loud calls, the meeting was further addressed by Rev. Mr. Moore, of the Locust Street Methodist Episcopal Church, in a speech of fervid eloquence, which was frequently interrupted by enthusiastic applause.

The following committee was appointed in pursuance of the fourth resolution:

COMMITTEE ON CONTRIBUTIONS.

First Ward—T. Allen Hamilton, Joseph Lingle.

Second Ward—Rudolph F. Kelker, A. L. Roumfort.

Third Ward—G. J. Shoemaker, Dr. Bailey.

Fourth Ward—Wm. Bostick, Sen., John Brady.

Fifth Ward—Jessee Vandever, Joseph Strominger.

Sixth Ward—Dr. Wm. Egle, John Care.

Judge Pearson was appointed treasurer of the fund.

After some further business, the meeting adjourned with three hearty cheers for our country—one and indivisable.

The collecting committee was directed to meet this evening at the residence of R. F. Kelker, Esq., on Front street.

A WOMAN in New York stole a five dollar bill which she observed on the mantle in one of the rooms of a brother-in-law's house, and attempted to pass the same. The bill was received, but being subsequently discovered as a counterfeit the woman was arrested, when she confessed that she had stole the note, but did not know that it was a counterfeit when she passed it. A singular coincidence in crime, indeed.

BY TELEGRAPH.

The Naval Engagement off Vicksburg.

FULL PARTICULARS OF THE AFFAIR.

A FIERCE ENGAGEMENT.

NO DAMAGE DONE TO THE FEDERAL FLEET.

The Rebel Gunboat Arkansas badly Injured.

FEDERAL LOSS TWELVE KILLED AND FIFTEEN WOUNDED.

CAIRO, July 21.

A dispatch boat which arrived at Memphis on Saturday brings the following reported escape of the rebel gunboat Arkansas.

The affair took place on the morning of the fifteenth.

That morning, in consequence of the reports brought by refugees that the Arkansas was about to attempt to run by the federal fleet of gunboats, the Carondolet, Tyler and ram Lancaster started up the Yazoo to reconnoitre, and when about eight miles from the mouth they came suddenly upon the Arkansas, lying under the bank.

As our boats rounded the bend she opened upon them with sixty-eight pounders. Our gunboats returned the fire for a short time, and a fierce engagement ensued. Finding that the cannel of the river prevented successful manœuvering, they gradually dropped down towards the mouth, the Arkansas following closely.

Just as the latter was passing over the bar the Carondolet closed with her, intending to board her. She suceeded in throwing her grappel aboard and getting out a plank when the Arkansas opened her steam pipe, throwing hot water across the plank. The Carondolet replied in the same manner. While thus engaged both vessels grounded, and the shock separated them.

The Arkansas succeeded in getting off.—The Carondolet remained fast for nearly an hour. The Arkansas hurriedly passed down river, the Tyler preceeding her, maintaining a running fight with her greatly superior adversary.

None of our gunboats connected with the fleet had steam up, and the entire fleet was so scattered that a few only could fire at the Arkansas as she passed, without danger of hitting our own boats as they approached. Such boats as could safely do so, opened upon her, but the plating resisted many of the shot. The solid shot from Com. Farragut's gunboat, No. six, struck her larboard bow, passing through under the plating, and ripping it off for a considerable distance; what further damage was done has not been ascertained.

The injuries to our fleet are light.

The Benton received a shot near the edge on the after part of her larboard side, killing one man.

The Tyler, which engaged the Arkansas nearly an hour and a half, had seven killed and nine wounded. Among the latter are pilots Sebastian, Hince, and engineer Davis.

The ram Lancaster received a shot under her boilers, causing the escape of hot water, scalding six men—three of them fatally.

The entire federal loss is twelve killed and fifteen wounded, five or six whom will die. The rebel loss is not known, but it is believed to be considerable, as the hot water streams of the Carondolet attempted at the board were thrown directly into her.

LATER FROM EUROPE.

ARRIVAL OF THE STEAMSHIP ASIA.

The Late Battles Before Richmond.

M'CLELLAN'S POSITION REGARDED PRECARIOUS.

British Troops not to be Withdrawn from Canada.

THE ENGLISH PRESS ON AMERICAN AFFAIRS.

CAPE RACE, July 21.

The steamship Asia passed here en route for Boston, at 10 o'clock this morning, with Liverpool dates to the 12th inst.

The Asia passed the Scotia on Sunday evening, bound for Liverpool.

The series of battles before Richmond is treated as a severe reverse for the Unionists by the whole British press, and Gen. McClellan's position is regarded as precarious.

Lord Palmerston stated that the British troops would not be withdrawn from Canada.

Thr recognition of Italy by Russia and Prussia has been announced in the Italian parliament.

The London *Times* urges that the fighting before Richmond must have been of the highest importance, and that Gen. McClellan's position cannot but be precarious. These battles of the three days of June mean that the Confederate Army is strong enough to hold its position in Virginia for a time that may be indefinately prolonged, and evidently the Federals will have again to begin the seige of Richmond with a much worse chance than at first.

The new American tariff continues to excite a strong hostile feeling from the press.

The *Times* bitterly denounces the spirit which regards the tariff, with satisfaction, because of its injurious effect upon England in particular, and Europe in general.

The London *Post* says that the tariff will be looked upon in Great Britain as a measure tantamount to a declaration of war, and thus the unpopularity of the Northern States will not only be terribly aggravated, but will impart something more than moral effect to the cause.

The *London Herald* treats the affair before Richmond as decisive of the defeat of Gen. McClellan, and says the Confederate capital is safe. It does not believe, however, that the campaign in Virginia is ended, but supposes it will go on until Europe stays the uplifted swords and in the name of humanity enforces peace.

The *London Morninv Post* argues that practically the scheme against Richmond has terminated. It then points out the dangerous position of McClellan's army.

The London *Globe* hopes that the gigantic difficulties which are being developed in progress of the war, may have an effect on both sides, and that more reasonable views may supersede the plan of military conquest.

The freedom of the city of London was formally presented to Mr. Peabody on the 10th inst.

The ceremony of awarding prizes at the great exhibition, took place on the 11th instant, the Duke of Cambridge officiating as the representative of the Queen.

It is estimated that 100,000 people were present. The list of awards fills twenty-four columns of small type. Among the awards in general for machinery, America gets twenty medals for agricultural and horticultural machines, six for military articles, and one medal each for Colt's revolvers and for naval achitecture.

The fortification bill was again debated in the House of Commons and an amendment, calculated to preserve to the Commons due control over the expenditures of public money was carried by a majority of five against ministers in the House of Lords.

On the 11th, Lord Brougham called attention to the slave trade, and urged that the Northern States are not entitled to the credit assumed to themselves for the measures recently taken for the repression of the trade.

The bill for carrying out the Treaty has finally passed the House of Commons.

FRANCE.

The Paris *Patrie* asserts that France will never treat with Jura, but when the French army has entered the City of Mexico, the Mexicans will be consulted and their wishes scrupiously respected.

France will only quit Mexico after the complete execution of a future treaty.

The *Presse* says that the date of General Forays departure is still doubtful.

The French army will compose several divisions of infantry, and a proportionate number of batteries. It is reported that stores of every kind for 35,000 men have been provided.

INTERESTING FROM GEN. BANKS' ARMY CORPS.

WARRENTON, July 17.

The burning of the railroad bridge over Rapidan river, was caused by a mistaken idea of some of the soldiers, instead of by any order emanating from Gen. Banks, or the immediate commander of the expedition, Brigadier General Hatch. The river, however, is fordable at this season, at many points near the bridge, and its destruction can be a matter of no great importance either way.

Arrivals from Sperryville state that there has been almost daily skirmishing between Gen. Sigel's pickets and the rebel scouts, near the Gap at Luray, and that several of the enemy have been killed. They also report that a reconnoissance in force went from Gen. Sigel's command, on Wednesday, towards Madison, and several guns are reported to have been heard in that direction by travelers, the same day.

Parties from Winchester by way of Front Royal report that the guerillas have paid frequent visits to the principal routes leading thither, and in the vicinity of Strasburg and Middletown. All the stores at the latter places have been removed to secure positions.

Adjutant-General Copeland of General Bank's corps has at his own request been ordered to duty in General Hunter's army. His place has been filled by Major Pelouze, of Philadelphia, formerly Assistant-Adjutant-General to General Fremont.

Dr. Chapel, of Nebraska, has been appointed Medical Director of General William's Division in place of Dr. Antisell, who has been permanently appointed as Medical Director of Gen. Bank's corps.

Gen. McDowell arrived here yesterday, and has pitched his headquarters in the field.

Sergeant A. T. Jackson, of the Michigan cavalry has been appointed to a Lieutenancy in the same regiment for arduous and meritorious conduct.

The following changes have recently been made General Banks' corps: Brigadier General Augur to the command of the Second Division *vice* General Sigel transferred to the command of another corps; Brigadier General Prince to the First Division, and Brigadier General Geo. S. Greene, to the Second Brigade of the same division. General Cooper, formerly in command of the First Brigade, has been assigned to duty at Frederick.

On Wednesday evening Gen. Banks paid a visit of courtesy to Gen. Hartsuff's brigade, of Gen. McDowell's corps. This brigade was formerly commanded by Gen. Abercrombie, in Gen. Bank's corps. His visit was unannounced, but notwithstanding the darkness of the night, it was soon discovered, and rounds upon rounds of cheers greeted his presence. His reception by the Thirteenth Massachusetts was novel. The regiment was drawn up in line and each soldier held a lighted candle screened by his cap. On a sudden a thousand caudles flashed forth, and the same number of voices shouted loud hurrahs, as the General approached the Colonel's quarters. To each of the regiments Gen. Banks addressed a few brief, pertinent remarks, expressive of his past and present pleasure in meeting them.

Four companies of the Bucktails (Kane Rifles) are now encamped in this vicinity, commanded by Captain McDonald. Their ranks are thinned by the various bloody battles they have passed through, but they demand to be again led to the battle field.

Your correspondent hopes to be able to announce, in a few days, the successful issue of an important enterprise now progressing. Beyond this it will be improper to say at present.