Daily Telegraph.



PEOPLE'S UNION STATE TICKET. AUDITOR GENERAL:

THOMAS E. COCHRAN of York County.

SURVEYOR GENERAL: WILLIAM S. ROSS

of Luzerne County.

THE PEOPLE'S PLATFORM.

THE ENFORCEMENT OF THE LAW.

of the 17th inst. The room thus occupied is most appropriately devoted, and we know that our readers will thank us in thus early laying our readers will thank us in thus early laying army of traitors in the battle field. [Applause.] before them this most elequent and unanswera- If, Mr. President, slavery is the cause of thi before them this most eloquent and unanswersble speech. Col. Forney discusses the issues of
the war in a style at once candid and conclusive, leaving no room for captious objection or
dogmatic differences, unless it is by those who
are determined to differ and object to all that
is honest, honorable and loyal. We bespeak
for this speech a wide circulatiou and most extensive nerusal.

If, Mr. President, slavery is the cause of this
great crusade upon human liberty, its immediate agents and ministers confess by all their
acts that they are fully conscious of the truth
of this assertion. They have pursued the fell
purpose which has now ripened into war, with
a persistence which can only be explained by
their close sympathy with the rebellion itself,
and their sincere harred of the government of
the United States. Calling themselves Demo-

dollars or more, as the Legislature, in its wisdom and liberality may see fit to authorize. Governor Curtin must take the responsibility of paying this bounty at once, trusting to the Legislature to sustain his action, of which there can be no doubt now that such will be the case. Not-withstanding the Constitution forbids the Governor and the convention which assembled in his own ernor to use any money not expressly appropriated for the purpose used, in this instance the necessity justifies the innovation. The Legislature will be speedily convened in an extra ses sion, so that there need be no fear that that body will refuse its sanction to such action on the part of the Governor.

To delay this matter now, may be to defer some of the greatest and most important plans of the federal government. The mere paying of a bounty to troops enlisted before the meetof this extra session of the Legislature would not amount to a very large sum of money, and when such an extra session is once organized, an appropriation could at once be made covering the sum fixed for the entire amount to be expended in bounties. The sentiment of cry. Will James Buchanan, or any one of his reatures, here or elsewhere, inform me the people is in favor of such a course on the whether it was the abolitionists that formed the part of the state government, and we trust Lecompton constitution, and forced it upon the that Gov. Curtin will not hesitate a moment in at once offering this bounty, in anticipation, as it were, of the action of the Legislature.

CAMPS OF INSTRUCTION.

In connection with the camp at this point, it has been decided to establish camps in various other localities throughout the state, for the sent to southern ports incalculable supplies of purpose of encouraging enlistments and facili-the munitions of war? Was it the abolition tating the military organization about to be ists, in a word, that prepared the way for the initiated. These camps will be located at points hereafter to be designated in Luserne, ing him to reach the capital of the nation al-Montgomery, Allegheny, Lancaster, Tioga, or Bradford, Washington and Franklin counties.

The idea in thus scattering a number of camps duty of exposing these impenitent and remores is to secure for the recruits immediate and less foes, there are other duties which must be comfortable commodation, and the disciplinal discharged; and to which the great organizacomfortable accommodation, and the discipline necessary for his effective service in the field. These camps will also stimulate local pride,

The camp in Franklin county will be on the

county, as a candidate for Congress, and H.

K. Ritter for Assembly, both subject to the bounded by the subject to the conferes respectively, who are to fix the candidates for the Congressional and Legislative districts to which Snyder county is attached.

He cannot is several of our Chief Magistrates stater domain nato provinces, and to make point at 1 John Smith, 28th regiment, Capt. Jordon o' clock this morning en route for Quebec.

The dates per the North American are or the configuration of this removables repetition of stupendous and noval, complications and all of his judgement to the solution of stupendous and noval, complications and separation and legislative districts to which Snyder county is attached.

He cannot is the connection of the fifth, passed this point at 1 John Smith, 28th regiment, Capt. Jordon o' clock this morning en route for Quebec.

The dates per the North American are or the Congressional and Legislative and the provinces, and the cannot state point at 1 John Smith, 28th regiment, Capt. Jordon o' clock this morning en route for Quebec.

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The dates per the North American are or the Capt. Jordon of this removable state of the state of the cannot state of the capt. The dates per the North American are or the capt. The dates per the North American are or the capt. The dates per the North American are or the capt. The dates per the North American are or the capt. The dates per the North American are or the capt. The dates per the North American are or the capt. The dates per the North American are or the capt. The dates per the North American are or the capt. The dates per the North American are or the capt. The dates per the North American are or the capt. The d

AND RATIFIED BY THE PROPIE OF PENNSYLVANIA

"That we hold it to be the duty of all loyal men to stand by the Union in this hour of its trial; to forte for its maintenance against those who are in arms against it; to sustain with determined resolution in their energetic efforts for the prosecution of the union of the Union against energy and to expect the present with fitting severity, and to crush the present wicked and causeless rebellion, so that no flag of disunion shall ever again be raised over any portion of the Republic; and to this end we invite the co-operation of all men who love their country, in the endeavor to rekindle in all the States such a patriotic fire as shall eitterly consume all who strike at the Tails."

In particular, Mr. President; this is not imeretly a struggle for our existence as a free people, but it is a struggle between liberty and aleyery. All other issues here subsided before this issue. Slavery in beginning, the war, to perpetuate it is a struggle between liberty and aleyery. All other issues here subsided before this issue. Slavery in beginning, the war, to perpetuate it is a struggle between liberty and aleyery. All other issues heave subsided before this issue. Slavery in beginning, the war, to perpetuate it is a struggle between liberty and aleyery. All other issues have subsided before this issue. Slavery in beginning, the war, to perpetuate it is a struggle between liberty and aleyery. All other issues have subsided before this issue. Slavery in beginning, the war, to perpetuate it is a struggle between liberty and aleyery. All other issues have subsided before this issue. Slavery in beginning, the it is a struggle between liberty and aleyery. All other issues have subsided before this issue. Slavery in beginning, the it is a struggle between liberty and aleyery. All other issues have subsided before this issue. Slavery in beginn wicked and causeless rebellion, so that no flag of disunion shall ever again be raised over any portion of sands of homes are covered with mourning; the Republic; and to this end we invite the co-operation of all men who love their country, in the endeavor to rekindle in all the States such a patriotic fire; as shall utterly consume all who strike at the Union of our fathers, and all who strike at the Union of our fathers, and all who strike at the Union of our fathers, and all who sympathies with their treason or palliate their guilt."

HARRISBURG, PA.

Monday Morning, July 21, 1862.

This extraordinary strife, notwithstanding thou sands of homes are covered with mourning; sathough to rears are shed over the freshly heaped graves of those who have falled in defence of our flag, yet all these terrible lessons produce no impression upon many who live among and around us. These mens see their country bleeding at every pore, and have no word of hope or comfort to give to her. While we throw off the cleaks of former organizations and reveal ourselves only in the garb of patriotism they clothe titemselves with all the A POWERFUL SPEECH.

We print this morning the speech of John
W. Forney, delivered in the Union Convention

W. Forney, delivered in the Union Convention

tensive perusal.

THE SITUATION IN PENNSYLVANIA

The arder of the people and the energies of old man who lives in neglected solitude the authorities are fully awake to the great energy of the capital of Pennsylvania. He is now havened the the author of the people and the energies of the arterior within an hour and a half's ride of the capital energencies of the crisis, and we now have the amplest authority to assert that the quota of Pennsylvania. He is now beyond the Presidential chair more than five years ago, with as fall of the commander. In the second war the amplest authority to assert that the quota of troops called for from this commonwealth will be furnished in the shortest possible time.

From all parts of the State the assurance is unmistakable, in relation to the awakened on the deed is the immediate action of the Govine the first own affairs in their own way. Had he been true to this, we should have had neither agreed in the two the consist of the supposed that now, in second or consist of less than fifty dollars or, more, as the Legislature, in its wisdom. The leaves of the papers showed and the papers and the republic of the papers and sall that now looking over this history, he would dier, whether emissing in an old or a new regiment; a bounty not to consist of less than fifty dollars or, more, as the Legislature, in its wisdom. The leaves in the solution of the papers showed and the papers fatal example. But no, gentlemen, so far from by the convention which assembled in his own county a few weeks ago, and by that which disgraced this hall on the 4th of July, his former followers, doubtless under his lead and counse mocked at the perils of the nation and delight in nothing so much as to embarrass and retard the operations of the constituted authorities. Is possible that this man and his parasites can rally any portion of the people of Pennsylva-nia to their standard? Monuments themselves of the mercy of the government, permitted to live in comfort under the flag they toiled to defame and to dishonor, shall these men be permitted to go on in their work of treason?

They proclaim that this war is an abolition war-a war for the emancipation of the slaves —a war for negro equality—a war in which the white man is to be driven out of the field of labor by the colored race. This is the staple of their creed. This is the burden of their people of Kansas ? Whether it was the abolitionists that fabricated the English bill, a measure even more infamous? Was it the aboli-tionists that persecuted and proscribed Walken and Douglass and Broderick? Did they murder Broderick? Did they retain in the Buchanan Cabinet the incarnate traitors who robbed the Federal Treasury, decimated the army, sent our navy to distant seas, sacked our arsenals culmination of war, leaving to Mr. Lincoln a bankrupt and enfeebled government, competimosta fugitive and surrounding his inauguration with all the ceremonials of, and preparations for internal strife? But, sir, apart from the

tion born to day, must dedicate itself with stern and self-sacrificing patriotism. [Applause.] The adjournment of Congress leaves to M and arouse action which might not otherwise Lincoln those high responsibilities which he be developed to its full extent and power.

The anjournment of congress teaves to me, the will be developed to its full extent and power. find himself strengthened for still stronger Maryland line, and will form a sort of interme throw himself upon the people and prosecuted diste quarters for all the treops from the state, the war with renewed vigor. As your resolutions en route for such camps of the federal armies, as may be indicated by the future orders of the War Department.

The Republicans of Snyder county have nominated Col. John J. Patterson, of Union county, as a candidate for Congress, and H. St. Ritter for Assembly, both subject to the But what must his condition be who in the midst conferees respectively who are few who in the midst conferees respectively who are few who in the midst conferees respectively who are few who in the midst conferees respectively who are few who in the midst conferees respectively who are few with renewed vigor. As your resolutions so well express it, it is fortunate that we had not be when in the same his conferees respectively who are few who in the midst conferees respectively who are few who in the midst conferees respectively who are few who in the midst conferees respectively who are few who in the midst conferees respectively who are few who in the midst conferees respectively who are few who in the midst conferees respectively who are few who in the midst conferees respectively who are few who in the midst conferees respectively who are few who in the midst conferees respectively who are few who in the midst conferees respectively who are few who in the midst conferees respectively who are few who in the midst conferees respectively who are few who in the midst conferees respectively who are few who in the midst conferees respectively who are few who in the midst conferees respectively who are few who in the midst conferee when the conference of the president conference of the plant conference of the president conference of the plant conference of the p

SPEECH OF

OIL JOHN W. FORNEY

Interior constrains, and an acceptance of the dispersion that the claresholding treatment of the control of th but by the slaveholders themselves. When this race is fully assured they may render such a service, and be rewarded for it; there will be no further flight into the free towns of the North and North-west; but they will gladly remain under that flag which, while protecting them, they themselves defend. One other lesson has been taught within the last year, and that is, if the most loyal of the white people are those who are fighting for the Constitution and the Union, so the most loyal people of the seceded States are the blacks themselves. Shall we not use these blacks? Shall we not act upon the suggestions of some of our most gallant and experienced military men, and save our own brothers by accepting the service, and yet dares to live in the loyal States, should men, and save our own brothers by accepting either be compelled to go to a foreign land, or Raphael, Philadelphia.

George Clark, 109th regiment, co. D, Capt. Wagner, Mercer county. Wagner, Mercer county. Wagner, Mercer county. Wagner, Mercer county. Capt. He who is only saved from punishment by his own instinction of the white significance, or the faithless representative who looks for re-election by the votes of a people he has deceived, they should be admonished that there is a limit even to the indulgence and for because of a great Government; and that they cannot at the same time enjoy its protection and intrigue for its overthrow.

Shall we not act upon the suggestions of some of our most gallant and experienced military and yet dares to live in the loyal States, should either be compelled to go to a foreign land, or Raphael, Philadelphia.

of our most gallant and experienced military and yet dares to live in the loyal States, should men, and save our own brothers, by accepting either be compelled to go to a foreign land, or voter who has lost his relative or his friend by disease in the army, will not yield to this argument and ask that it may be carried into effect men and ask that it may be carried into effect and with a firm and consistent policy the war hereafter. The fact is, gentlemen, this war may as well be terminated to day if we do not avail ourselves of this vast resource and of friends of the Union. [Tremendous applause.] every other means justified by our own neces sities and by the usuages of civilized nations.

I know there are some who shrink from the FREDERICK CITY, MD., HOSPITAL. idea of arming the colored men. Have they forgotten that they were armed during the revolutionary war by the direction of General Washington himself; that in the bloody battle of Red Bank, near Philadelphia, it was a regi-ment of Rhode Island negroes under command of Col. Ray Greene, who furned the fortunes of

gentleman, the better they are fitted to Union men buy the Telegraph, and the rebels immitate his martial zeal. As Thaddeus Stevens carry off the Patriot, and boast of it as an excellence said, the Southern sun has a wonderful effect lent sheet. Comment on this is unnecessary.

being called abolitionist or the advocate of neing followers of the basest traitor the Union gro equality, because you demand that your relatives and friends in the army of the Union shall be succored, sustained and saved bring the worst of horrers on his native State, from disease and death, by the atout arms of the state of satisfy his inordinate thirst for power, and the loyal blacks, bond or free in the southern to prevent the majority from governing. It states. As I have said, the only practical about really requires a large amount of impudent as litionists are the rebels themselves. They have surance in his followers in Pennsylvania to ask set more slaves free than a thousand General Hunters could have done. Emancipation, like the rebellion, is their work, not ours. As the Hon. William M. Evarts said at Albany, in 1860

as he was advocating Mr. Lincoln: "Gentlemen of the Democratic party, you say you have a majority in the country, why don't you unite then and defeat us at the polls." But the rebels divided the Democracy then, with the de-liberate purpose of dividing the country after-wards. Nor do they desire to escape this dou-ble responsibility. They wish to cut loose from the free States in order to enjoy their institution of slavery alone, and it was to save that institution that induced them to prepare for and precipitate this war. The only act of eman cipation carried by the Republicans is the abolition of slavery in the District of Commbia and if the Republicans had not done that, they

would have deserved the contempt of friend and foe. They were invoked to it by their own platform and by the authority of the great publicists of the South. The power existed, and they exercised it. What has been the recommend and they exercised it. What has been the recommend a sult? The emancipation of the slayes in the party indeed! But I need not carry your readers back to the Florida war to cite strong cases far the experiment has worked admirably. The

well, and they are now more orderly, more peaceable, and more thrifty than ever. So much for several of the most difficult uestions growing out of this war. [Applause.] The sympathizers with Secession who call themselves Democrats undoubtedly desire a

people, well knowing that the success of this plan must consolidate and encourage the trailing is impudence in the extreme, and I hope the tors. No doubt when the nucle of the gentleman who is now fighting against his country in the army of the South—I mean Francis W. Hughes, of Schuylkill county—was presiding the country.

Hughes, of Schuylkill country—was presiding the country.

Af July the Associated Activities the state of the second all our country's sorrows and losses, is impudence in the extreme, and I hope the leaders in the attempt will be held accountable to the virtuous people for the ills we are sufficiently and any they may hereafter bring on the country. of July, the hope that stirred his heart was Md., July 16, 1862: of July, the hope that stirred his heart was Ma., July 16, 1402:
that peace might be accomplished on the wellknown platform of himself and his nephew. I
perceive that he is so anxious to effect this ob
Patrick Sine, 109th regiment, co. D, Capt. perceive that he is so anxious to effect this object that he has taken command of the campaign Young.

S. A. Wheeler, 111th regiment, Capt. Ferguhimself, and will goundess make the state ring with elaborate orations on the basis of the Breckinridge platform. The object of this peace is simply to degrade the people of the free States, to fill them with factions, to cave their domain date provinces, and to make their domain date provinces, and to make their scattering the state of the

sylvanians.

of Col. Ray Greene, who turned the fortunes of the day and fought to the last around the dead body of their commander. In the second war few hasty lines yesterday, giving you an account of the number of the alck and wounded the defence of Lonis for the defence of Lonis.

There has been no change since, and I not the property of a part of a part of a part of a part of the lock. EDITOR TELEGRAPH—Dear Sir :-- I wrote

in bleaching the negro complexion. [Great In Harrisburg convention was composed of laughter.] Do not be afraid then, gentlemen of Breckintidge Democrats. The blind or design being called abolitionist or the advocate of ne ing followers of the basest traitor the Union to prevent the majority from governing. It

the honest people to follow them, in giving aid and comfort to the tories of the south rania gave their champion 178,871 votes, and yet their coadjutors in the south, even in the border States, turned around and abused Penn-sylvanians in general as all a set of abolitionists and Black Republicans, unworthy of all trust because they had not given Breckinridge majority in the State. Who would have believed that those mer

who were so basely deserted less than two years drumming up recruits for their defamers?

It requires a larger amount of brazer against the highly popular with military men, as well ance in the party who carried on the Florida as civilians, and their execution will remove war, to talk about economy in government expenses. Forty million of dellars to discuss the complaint on the part of the mildish penses. Forty million of dollars to dispossess a few naked Indians in Florida. The treasury bankrupt. The credit of the Union down so low that we could not borrow money at six per cent., and President Van Buren had to convene

District of Columbia has improved them.

Industry extravagance, and mismanagement so repeal of a series of laws, operating alike upon great, so bold, so destrictive and so unprincitree and slave, has made them ambitious to do pled, that the country was robbed and almost neads and talk of honesty and economy. Nothing but taking the government out of their hands less than two years ago saved the Union from utter ruin. Do they thick the people have forgotten poor James Buchanan—his ad-

themselves Democrats undoubtedly desire a ministration and his associates.

peace with the rebels, and to bring this about they are industrious in dividing the Northern vania at this day to join the wretched party people, well knowing that the success of this who caused all our country's sorrows and losses,

Dennis Murphy, 28th regiment, co. C, Capt Baphael, Philadelphia. Frederick Goldbeck, 109th regiment, co. A Capt. Seymore, Reading. Jacob Hantz, 75th regiment, co. C, Capt. Schwartz, Philadelphia.
Philip Diel, 75th regiment, co. A, Capt

Oswald, Philadelphia.

John W. Herbert, 109th regiment, oc. C. lapt. Farrand, Philadelphia. Lewis Slateret, 75th regiment, co. B, Capt aman, Philadelphia. Henry Greenawalt, 78d regiment, co. G apt. Walters, Lancaster county.

From Washington.

Gen. Halleck to remain in the city Entrusted with Important Duties.

The Army of Virginia to be Consolidated.

Central, Railroad, this morning, and reported that the town of Cynthiana, sixty-six miles from here, surrendered at five o'clock yester-

GEN. POPE'S RECENT ORDER SUSPENSION OF THE OVERLAND MAIL

SER VICE.

Washington, July 19. It is known that the President has recently visited Lieut. Gen. Scott, and subsequently Gen. M'Clellan and the army of the Potomic and now has the benefit of their experience and that of Gens. Pope, Mitchell and other distinguished military officers, the expected presence of Maj Gen. Halleck becomes important in this connection. The current belief, that he will not take the field, but will be en

rusted with important duties in this city. The consolidation of the corps now comprising the army of Va., and other arrangements warrant the conclusion that measures, are in course of consummation to everywhere sec unity of action, or in other words, a specific plan of operations, the better to secure success and to prevent all conflict of jurisdiction and

The overland mail service has been suspend d in consequence of removing stock &c., pre

liminary to changing the route, which will strike off at Julesburg, and follow the Cherokee trail through Bridger's pass to Salt Lake, and hence to the Pacific. This arrangement will save one hundred and fifty miles of travel and protect the conches from Indian depredations. The telegraphic wires will, it is said, necessarily be changed to

the new mail line after the new sea mail to California, namely, on the 21st inst. the over-

ONE DAY LATER FROM ENROPE

Arrival of the Steamer North America.

News of the Richmond Battle Res 5 WinsEurope.

CAPE RACE, July 19. The steamer North American, from Liver-pool on the 10th, via Queenstown on the 11th, has passed off this point. Her advices are a day later than those furnished by the steamer City of Washington:

[SECOND DESPATCH.] CAPE BACE, July 19—The steamship North American, from Liverpool on the 10th, via Queenstown on the 11th, passed this point at 11 o'clock this morning en route for Quebec.

The news of the series of battles fought be fore Richmond excited the greatest attention, and it was thought that it would result in pro-

COMMERCIAL.—The sales of cotton in Liverpool for the week was 68,000 bales; surats
had declined \$\frac{1}{4}\text{d}, and American discriptsons \$\frac{1}{4}\text{d}\$; the market closed flat. Breadstuffs had an upward tendency; provisions were dull.

London—Consols 92\frac{1}{4}\text{@93\frac{5}{2}}\$ for money; Amercan stocks quiet.

FROM KANSAS

BATTLE IN THE INDIAN NATION

THE REBELS ROUTED.

195 Prisoners, 1400 Head of Cattle, and Cami and Garrison Equippage Captured.

Loyal Indians_Joining the Union Forces.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., July 17.

The correspondent of the Leavenworth Conservative says: A recent battle took place in the Indian nation, between a detachment of a Kansas regiment, under Col. Weer, and a force stable resulting in the continued late. Kansas regiment, under Col. Weer, and a force of rebels, resulting in the capture of 125 prisoners, a large number of horses and ponies, about 1,500 head of cattle, 36 loaded mule teams, a large quantity of camp and garrison equipage and 50 stand of arms.

Col. Ritchie, in command of a regiment of loyal Indians, has reliable information that Chief John Ross was about to join the expedit

Chief John Ross was about to join the expedition with some 1000 warriors.

Col. Solomon of the 10th Wisconsin, had also

captured forty prisoners and 400 mounted Cherokee and Osage Indians who had come into our camp with whi e flags, and carrying their guns with their muzzles pointing downward.

About 250 negroes, belonging to rebel half-breeds, are now en route for Fort Scott.

FROM MEMPHIS, TENN.

Permanent Fortifications at Corinth,

PRIMALE SECESSIONISTS ESCORTED BE-YOND THE LINES.

The Reported Capture of Baton Rouge a Canard.

Memphis, July 16. Gen. Hovey of Gen. Grant's staff is expected to be called to Corinth at any moment.

The fortifications there are being pushed to completion with rapidity. They will be formidable, and are intended as permanent Forts of Several female secessionists were vesterday escorted beyond the federal lines by General Thayer, they having refused to take the cath of allegiance. Their husbands are among the

most wealthy citizens of Memphis, and are now serving in the rebel army. The Grenada Appeal of the 11th published the following des-CAMP MOORE, July 11th .- The despatch of the capture of Baton Rouge by our forces is a canard of old Jake Barker's of New Orleans.

for financial purposes.

CHARLESTON, S. C., July 10th.—The enemy landed in force yesterday, on the main land near Port Royal Ferry, as if for another attack against the Charleston and Savannah railroad but they returned on the approach of our

The War in Kentucky.

Reported Surrender of Cynthiana to Morgan's Band

CINCINNATI, July 18. A man came into Boyd's on the Kentucky day, after half an hours fight. He says he

w Morgan and shook hands with him About 2,590 soldiers, also, came into Boyd's. He says Morgen smen fired two rounds after the surrender. Captain Arthur's company from Newport, Kentucky, were all killed or ta

ken prisoners. The excitement at Newport and Covington is

very high, and increasing.
The provost marshal arrests all sypathizers with the rebellion, to-day.
LOUISVILLE, July 18.—The train arrived from Lexington this evening. The road and tele-graph line have been repaired. Morgan's loss at Cynthiana has greatly ex

ceeded ours, although most of Lieutenant Colonel Landrum's men were captured. Colonel Landrum and therty of his men have arrived at Lexington. INDIANAPOLIS, July 18 .- A despatch to the

Executive Department says: "Henderson, Kentucky, and Newburg, Indiana, have been taken by the rebels. At the latter place one federal was killed, and 250 sick were taken prisoners. The rebels also took 250 stand of

The Army of Virginia.

Important Order of General Pope HEADQUARTERS OF THE ARMY OF VIRGINIA,

WASHINGTON, July 18, 1862. GENERAL ORDERS, NO. 5.

Hereafter, as far as practicable, the troops of this command will subsist upon the country in which their operations are carried on. In all cases supplies for this purpose will be taken by the officer to whose department they properly belong, under the orders of the comm officer of the troops for whose use they are in-James S. Hollowell has been appointed dis-bursing officer of the Post Office Department and Superintendent of the building haplace of E. J. Hall, dismissed.

Wouchers will be payanteed tended. Vouchers will be payanteed to stating on their face that they will be payanteed at the conclusion of the war, upon sufficient at the conclusion of the war, upon sufficient the conclusion of the war, upon sufficient that such owners that the conclusion of the war, upon sufficient that such owners that date of the vouchers.

Whenever it is known that supplies can be furnished in any district of the country where the troops are to operate, the use of trains for carrying subsistence will be dispensed with as far as possible.

By command of Major General Pope. GEORGE D. RUGGLES, Colonel, A. A. G., and Chief of Staff.

LABOR OF THE CONTRABANDS IN SOUTH CAROLINA.

FAVORABLE REPORT BY GEN. SAXTON.

WASHINGTON, JULY 18. The following is an extract from a recent despatch received at the War Department from General Saxton, dated—

o'clock this morning en route for queuec.

The dates per the North American are one day later than those brought by the City of Washington.

Washington.

The steamship flavaria from New York arthur pertaining to to the special service for this pertaining to to the special service for "BEAUFORT, S. C., July 10.