MORNING TELEGRAPH.

BY GEORGE BERGNER. HARRISBURG, PA., SATURDAY MORNING, MAY 10, 1862. PRICE ONE CENT.

THE TELEGRAPH
IS PUBLISHED EVERY DAY
BY GEORGE BERGNER.

TERMS.—SINGLE SUBSCRIPTION.

The DAILY TELEGRAPH is served to subscribers in the city at 6 cents per week Yearly subscribers will be charged $4 00, in advance

WEEKLY AND SEMI-WEEKLY TELEGRAPH.

The TELEGRAPH is also published twice a week during the session of the Legislature and weekly during the remainder of the year, and furnished to subscribers at the following cash rates, viz:

Single subscribers per year Semi-weekly	$1 50
Ten " " "	12 00
Twenty " " "	22 00
Single subscriber, Weekly	1 00

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

Four lines or less constitute one-half square. Eight lines or more than four constitute a square.

Half Square, one day	$0 25
" one week	1 25
" one month	2 50
" three months	4 00
" six months	6 00
" one year	10 00
One Square, one day	50
" one week	2 00
" one month	5 00
" three months	10 00
" six months	15 00
" one year	20 00

Business notices inserted in the *Local Column*, or before Marriges and Deaths, EIGHT CENTS PER LINE for each insertion.

Marriges and Deaths to be charged as regular advertisements

Miscellaneous.

NICHOLS & BOWMAN,

Corner of Front and Market Streets.

(V. Hummel's old stand,)

HAVE determined to place their entire stock of

GROCERIES, PROVISIONS, FRUITS, &c., &c,

at prices to suit the present hard times, and respectfully call the attention of the citizens of Harrisburg and vicinity to their extensive stock of goods, consisting of

SUGARS, SYRUPS,
TEAS, COFFEE,
SPICES, LEMONS,
ORANGES, CURRANTS,
CEDAR-WARE,
FLOUR, FISH, &c.

We have also gone to considerable trouble in getting the sale of several brands of

COAL OIL,

All of which we warrant to be NON-EXPLOSIVE, TRANSPARENT AND FREE FROM ODOR,

as far as practicable. Among others, we have on hand

NATRONA, MAGNOLIA, LUCIFER, ROBINSON.

All of which we will sell wholesale or retail, and *lower than any other house in Harrisburg.*

Also, all kinds of CUT, FLINT AND GREEN GLASS-WARE.

We also invite attention to our well selected and extensive assortment of

QUEENSWARE.

Call at NICHOLS & BOWMAN, corner of Front and Market streets.

UNION RESTAURANT,
BILLIARD AND BOWLING SALOON,
NO. 119 MARKET STREET, NEAR FIFTH.

THE subscribers having erected a large building at the above place, expressly for the purpose above indicated, beg to call the attention of the public to the following:

THE RESTAURANT, on the first floor, with a dining room attached, is fitted up in first-class style, and it will at all times be supplied with the best OYSTERS to be had in the Atlantic cities, together with terrapin, fish, and all kinds of game in season. Oysters served up in every style, and meals to be had at all hours. The Ales of all the celebrated breweries in the country constantly on hand.

The Ten-pin Alley, or Bowling Saloon, is in the rear, and contains three alleys of modern construction, where the lovers of this healthy exercise can enjoy themselves.

The Billiard Saloon is up stairs—elegantly fitted up, and contains three marble top combination cushion tables, equal to any made.

Harrisburg has long felt the want of a grand combination of this kind, and as the proprietors are determined to conduct it in a quiet and orderly manner, and do everything in their power to make it a fashionable resort, they hope to receive a liberal share of public patronage.

jn3-dtf WILLIAM C. McFADDEN & CO.

HARRISBURG COAL OIL DEPOT

FOR the safety of consumers, we have established a Coal Oil Depot at the corner of Front and Market streets. All our oils are tested and we positively sell none except such as prove to be non-explosive, clear and free from odor as far as practicable. We offer at present the following justly celebrated brands. Magnolia, Robinson, Nabrona and Lucifer, lower than can be purchased elsewhere in this place, either wholesale or retail. Also an extensive assortment of Lamps, Chimneys, Shades, Glass Cones, Burners, &c. We will also change fluid or camphene lamps, so as to be used for coal oil. Call and satisfy yourselves, at

NICHOLS & BOWMAN,
apr11 Corner of Front and Market street.

FOR SEWING MACHINES.
JONAS BROOK & BRO'S
PRIZE MEDAL SPOOL COTTON.

200 & 500 YDS. WHITE, BLACK & COLORED.

THIS thread being made particularly for Sewing Machines, is VERY STRONG, SMOOTH AND ELASTIC. Its strength is not impaired by washing, nor by friction of the needle. For Machines, use Brooks' Patent Glace,

FOR UPPER THREAD,

and Brooks Patent Six Cord, Red Ticket,

FOR UNDER THREAD,

Sold by respectable dealers throughout the country.—Also, IN CASES OF 100 DOZEN EACH, ASSORTED NOS., by

WM. HENRY SMITH, Sole Agent.
no9-ddm 36 Vesey street, New York.

COAL! POWDER!!
COAL REDUCED!!!

IN consideration of the hard times, and as I sell exclusively FOR CASH, I have reduced the price of Coal as follows:

Lykens Valley Broken	@	$2 90	per ton
" " Large Egg	"	2 90	" "
" " Small Egg	"	2 90	" "
" " Stove	"	2 90	" "
" " Nut	"	2 25	" "
Wilksbarre	"	2 90	" "
Lorberry	"	2 90	" "

All Coal delivered by the PATENT WEIGH CARTS, it can be weighed at the purchasers door, and if it fails short 10 POUNDS, the Coal will be forfeited.

All coal of the best quality mined, delivered free from all impurities.

Coal sold in quantities, at the LOWEST WHOLESALE PRICES.

Agent for Dupont's Celebrated Powder, a large supply always on hand, at Manufacturers prices.

A large lot of superior baled Hay for sale.

JAMES M. WHEELER.

DANDELION COFFEE!—A Fresh and large supply of this Celebrated Coffee just received by [jn13] WM. DOCK, Jr., & Co.

SUGAR Cured Hams, prime lot, just received and for sale by NICHOLS & BOWMAN, Corner Front and Market streets. apr24

SMOKED BEEF.—A splendid lot, large and well cured.

WM. DOCK, Jr. & CO.

D. W. Gross & Co.,

D W. GROSS & CO.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

DRUGGISTS,

NO. 19

MARKET STREET

HARRISBURG, PENN'A.

DRUGGISTS, PHYSICIANS, STORE-KEEPERS AND CONSUMERS,

We are daily adding to our assortment of goods all such articles as are desirable, and would respectfully call your atention to the largest and best selected stock in this city, of

DRUGS, CHEMICALS & PAINTS

Oils, varnishes and Glues,
Dye-Stuffs, Glass and Putty,
Artist Colors and Tools,
Pure Ground Spices!
Burning Fluid and Alcohol,
Lard, Sperm and Pine Oils,
Bottles, Vials and Lamp Globes,
Castile Soap, Sponges and Corks,
&c., &c., &c., &c., &c., &c., &c.

With a general variety of

PERFUMERY & TOILET ARTICLES,

selected from the best manufacturers and Perfumers of Europe and this country.

Being very large dealers in

PAINTS, WHITE LEAD,
LINSEED OIL, VARNISHES,
WINDOW GLASS, ARTIST'S COLORS, PAINT AND ARTISTS BRUSHES
IN ALL THEIR VARIETIES,
COLORS AND BRONZES
OF ALL KINDS.

D. W. GROSS. H. A. ROSS.

We respectfully invite a call, feeling, confident that we can supply the wants of all on terms to their satisfaction.

TEETH! TEETH!!

JONE'S AND WHITES'S PORCELAIN TEETH,

PATENT MEDICINES AND HAIR RESTORATIVES

Of all kinds, direct from the Proprietors.

Saponifier and Concentrated Lye

Wholesale Agents for Saponifier, which we sel as low as it can be purchased in the cities.

THAYER'S MEDICAL FLUID EXTRACTS

COAL OIL! CARBON OIL!

Being large purchasers in these Oils, we can offer inducements to close buyers. Coal Oil Lamps of the most improved patterns, very cheap. All kinds of lamps changed to burn Coal Oil.

FARMERS AND GRAZIERS,

Those of you who have not given our HORSE AND CATTLE POWDERS a trial know no their superiority, and the advantage they are in keeping Horses and Cattle healthy and in good condition.

Thousands can testify to the profit they have derived from the use of our Cattle Powders by the increasing quantity and quality of milk, besides improving the general health and appearance of their Cattle.

Our long experience in the business gives us the advantage of a thorough knowledge of the trade, and our arrangements in the cities are such that we can in a very short time furnish anything appertaining to our business, on the best of terms.

Thankful for the liberal patronage bestowe on our house, we hope by strict attention to business, a careful selection of

PURE DRUGS

at fair prices, and the desire to please all, to merit a continuance of the favor of a discriminating public.

ap16-d1y

NEW GOODS.—We invite attention to our new stock of goods just received, and for sale low by NICHOLS & BOWMAN, corner of Front and Market streets.

Medical.

DR. JOHNSON
BALTIMORE
LOCK HOSPITAL!

HAS discovered the most certain, speedy and effectual remedy in the world for

DISEASES OF IMPRUDENCE.

RELIEF IN SIX TO TWELVE HOURS.

No Mercury or Noxious Drugs.

A Cure Warranted, or no Charge, in from one to Two Days.

Weakness of the Back or Limbs, Strictures, Affections of the Kidneys and Bladder, Involuntary discharges, Impotency, General Debility, Nervousness, Dyspepsy, Languor, Low Spirits, Confusion of Ideas, Palpitation of the Heart, Timidity, Trembling, Dimness of Sight or Giddiness, Disease of the Head, Throat, Nose or Skin, Affections of the Liver, Lungs, Stomach or Bowels—those terrible disorders arising from the Solitary Habits of Youth—those SECRET and solitary practices more fatal to their victims than the song of syrens to the Mariners of Ulysses, blighting their most brilliant hopes or anticipations, rendering marriage, &c., impossible.

Young Men

Especially, who have become the victims of Solitary Vice, that dreadful and destructive habit which annually sweeps to an undimely grave thousands of Young Men of the most exalted talents and brilliant intellect, who might otherwise have entranced listening Senates with the thunders of eloquence or waked to ecstasy the living lyre, may call with full confidence.

Marriage.

Married Persons, or Young Men contemplating marriage, being aware of physical weakness, organic debility, deformities, &c., speedily cured.

He who places himself under the care of Dr. J. may religiously confide in his honor as a gentleman, and confidently rely upon his skill as a Physician.

Organic Weakness

Immediately Cured, and full vigor Restored.

This distressing Affection—which renders life miserable and marriage impossible—is the penalty paid by the victims of improper indulgences. Young persons are too apt to commit excesses from not being aware of the dreadful consequences that may ensue. Now, who that understands the subject will pretend to deny that the power of procreation is lost sooner by those falling into improper habits than by the prudent? Besides being deprived the pleasures of healthy offspring, the most serious and destructive symptoms to both body and mind arise. The system becomes deranged, the Physical and Mental Functions Weakened, Loss of Procreative Power, Nervious Irritability, Dyspepsia, Palpitation of the Heart, Indigestion, Constitutional Debility, a Wasting of the Frame, Cough, Consumption, Decay and Death.

Office, No. 7 South Frederick Street.

Left hand side going from Baltimore street, a few door from the corner. Fail not to observe name and number.

Letters must be paid and contain a stamp. The Doctor's Diplomas hang in his office.

A Cure Warranted in Two Days.

No Mercury or Nauseous Drugs.

Dr. Johnson,

Member of the Royal College of Surgeons, London, Graduate from one of the most eminent Colleges in the United States, and the greater part of whose life has been spent in the hospitals of London, Paris, Philadelphia and elsewhere, has effected some of the most astonishing cures that were ever known; many troubled with ringing in the head and ears when asleep, great nervousness, being alarmed at sudden sounds, bashfulness, with frequent blushing attended sometimes with derangement of mind were cured immediately.

Take Particular Notice.

Dr. J. addresses all those who have injured themselves by improper indulgence and solitary habits, which ruin both body and mind, unfitting them for either business, study, society or marriage.

These are some of the sad and melancholly effects produced by early habits of youth, viz: Weakness of the Back and Limbs, Pains in the Head, Dimness of Sight, Loss of Muscular Power, Palpitation of the heart, Dyspepsy, Nervous Irratibility, Derangement of the Digestive Functions, General Debility, Symptoms of Consumption, &c.,

MENTALLY.—The fearful effects on the mind are much to be dreaded—Loss of Memory, Confusion of Ideas, Depression of Spirits, Evil Forbodings, Avers on to Society, Self Distrust, Love of solitude, Timidity, &c., are some of the evils produced.

THOUSANDS of persons of all ages can now judge what is the cause of their declining health, losing their vigor, becoming weak, pale, nervous and emaciated, having a singular appearance about the eyes, cough and symptoms of consumption.

Young Men

Who have injured themselves by a certain practice indulged in when alone, a habit frequently learned from evil companions, or at school, the effects of which are nightly felt, even when asleep, and if not cured renders marriage impossible, and destroys both mind and body, should apply immediately.

What a pity that a young man, the hope of his country, the darling of his parents, should be snatched from all prospects and enjoyments of life by the consequence of deviating from the path of nature and indulging in a certain secret habit. Such persons must, before contemplating

Marriage,

reflect that a sound mind and body are the most necessary requisites to promote connubial happiness. Indeed, without these, the journey through life becomes a weary pilgrimage; the prospect hourly darkens to the view; the mind becomes shadowed with despair and filled with the melancholly reflection that the happiness of another becomes blighted with our own.

Disease of Imprudence.

When the misguided and imprudent votary of pleasure finds that he has imbibed the seeds of this painful disease, it too often happens that an ill-timed sense of shame or dread of discovery, deters him from applying to those who, from education and respectability, can alone befriend him, delaying till the constitutional symptoms on this horrid disease make their appearance, such as ulcerated sore throat, diseased nose, nocturnal pains in the head and limbs, dimness of sight, deafness, nodes on the shin bones and arms, blotches on the head, face and extremities, progressing with frightful rapidity, till at last the palate of the mouth or the bones of the nose fall in, and the victim of this awful disease become a horrid object of commiseration, till death puts a period to his dreadful sufferings, by sending him to "that Undiscovered Country from whence no traveler returns."

It is a *melancholly fact* that thousands fall victims to this terrible disease, owing to the unskilfulness of ignorant pretenders, who by the use of that *Deadly Poison, Mercury*, ruin the constitution and make the residue of life miserable.

Strangers.

Trust not your lives, or health, to the care of the many Unlearned and Worthless Pretenders, destitute of knowledge, name or character, who copy Dr. Johnson's advertisements, or style themselves in the newspapers, regularly Educated Physicians incapable of Curing, they keep you trifling month after month taking their filthy and poisonous mess compounds, or as long as the smallest fee can be obtained, and in despair, leave you with ruined health to sigh over your galling disappointment.

Dr. Johnson is the only Physician advertising.

His credential or diplomas always hangs in his office.

His remedies or treatment are unknown to all others, prepared from a life spent in the great hospitals of Europe, the first in the country and a more extensive Private Practice than any other Physician in the world.

Indorsement of the Press.

The many thousands cured at this institutton year after year, and the numerous important Surgical Operations performed by Dr. Johnson, witnessed by the reporters of the "Sun," "Clipper," and many other papers, notices of which have appeared again and again before the public, besides his standing as a gentleman of character and responsibility, is a sufficient guarrantee to the afflicted.

Skin Diseases Speedily Cured.

Persons writing should be particular in directing their letters to his Institution, in the following manner:

JOHN M. JOHNSON, M. D.
Of the Baltimore Lock Hospital, Baltimore, Md.

SALAD OIL.

A large supply of fresh Salad Oil, in large and small bottles, and of different brands just received and for sale by

WM. DOCK, Jr. & CO.

THE SKIRT.

JUST RECEIVED.—The New Shaped Skeleton Skirt, the finest article manufactured, for sale at GATHCART'S,
apr29 Next door to the Harrisburg Bank.

The Telegraph.

OFFICIAL.

HEADQUARTERS, 51st REGIMENT, P. V.,
IN CANTONMENT, NEAR NEWBERN, N. C.,
March 16, 1862.

Capt. EDWARD M. NIEL, *Ass't. Adj't. Gen'l. 2d Brigade, Coast Division:*

SIR:—I have the honor to report, for the information of the General commanding the brigade, that after landing three companies of my regiment at Slocum's landing, on the 13th inst., I was ordered to follow the Ninth New Jersey regiment. Leaving Lieutenant Colonel Thomas S. Bell at the place of disembarkation to bring forward the remainder of the regiment as soon as landed, I moved forward after the Ninth up the beach. Finding Captain Bennett's gun, from the steamer Cossack, manned by an insufficient force, I made a detail of my men, who dragged it to the point where we left the river, and then left it, with directions to Captain Bennett to apply to Lieutenant Colonel Bell for assistance when he came up. I soon after overtook Lieuenant McCooks, (U. S. N.,) six gun howitzer battery, from the gunboats, and being so ordered by General Burnside, detailed a company to assist in bringing it forward. I then pushed on with the brigade and bivouacked with it on the railroad, about six o'clock, P. M. As soon as the remaining seven companies disembarked, they were marched forward by Lieutenant Colonel Bell. On reaching Captain Bennett's gun, he made the necessary detail to bring it forward. He soon overtook Lieutenant McCook's battery, whose men were very much exhausted, and receiving an order there from General Reno, through you to make every assistance in bringing it to the front, took charge of the guns with his seven companies and the one I had left with them.

The ground, before reaching the county road, being very miry, and after reaching it, exceedingly heavy, the labor was necessarily very severe, and their progress very slow. He proceeded with the battery, and Bennett's gun which had overtaken him, until 9½ P. M., when an orderly, that he had sent on to General Burnside, returned with a message that he might bivouack if he thought best, but to have the guns up early in the morning. As the men seemed utterly unable to proceed without some rest, they bivouacked until between one and two o'clock, A. M. He then moved them forward, and reported his arrival and all the guns to Generals Burnside and Reno, at their Headquarters at four o'clock, A. M. The companies were again bivouacked until between six and seven o'clock, A. M., when in accordance with General Reno's order, they united with me on the railroad. The movement on the enemy was commenced almost immediately afterwards, and in my position, I proceeded up the railroad, and, when near the enemy's works, filed to the left into the woods with my brigade. I received the order to proceed to the extreme left, to support the Ninth New Jersey, and resist any attack of the enemy from their works on the left. The Ninth was soon engaged, and under a very heavy fire I brought my regiment into line, supporting the Ninth with my right wing, and with the left, covering the approaches from that quarter. My regiment remained in this position for some time, and at this point several of my men were wounded, though I sheltered them as much as possible by causing them to lie down. I sent my skirmishers to my immediate left with orders not to fire, but to reconnoitre. They reported to me that the works of the enemy, of the same character as those in our front, extended as far as they could see. The Ninth moving further to the front, I moved my regiment forward and to the left, so as to maintain the interval of about one hundred feet between my regiment and the Ninth. I desire to mention here, that Lieutenant Colonel Hickman, commanding the Ninth, was most persevering and energetic in the management of his regiment throughout the engagement. While in this position, I received the order from General Reno, to send my left wing to the assistance of the Fifty-first New York, engaged on the right, whose ammunition was running short. The left wing, under command of Lieutenant Colonel Bell, immediately marched on the double quick, to where the Fifty-first New York was engaged, and was formed in line on the crest of the small hill about one hundred and twenty-yards from the enemy, and who were firing from behind their breastworks. After delivering a round, which had the effect of causing a slackening of the enemy's fire, General Reno ordered the firing to cease, and directed Lieutenant Colonel Bell to charge with his companies on the works of the enemy. This was immediately done with loud cheers, and struggling through the abbatis and marsh that obstructed the approach through the ravine, soon reached the battery and planted their colors inside. The enemy retreated while the charge was being made, leaving the two guns in the battery still loaded. The right wing was immediately advanced, and joined the left in the battery. The regiment was then formed and marched with the brigade up the railroad and bivouacked for the night. During the engagement none of my men were wounded.

It is with pleasure that I am able to make particular mention of Lieutenant Colonel Bell, who so gallantly led the charge of the left wing on the enemy works. I also mention with pleasure the services rendered by Lieutenants Fair, Beaver and Carman, who were very active from the time of landing, and especially during the engagements. They had previously been detailed to act as aids to me. Lieutenant Bible, my Adjutant, was also very active and efficient. All my officers throughout the trying labors of the day of landing and during the engagement, were most efficient, and by their patience, coolness and gallantry, inspired their men with confidence. The conduct of the men in forming and maintaining their line of battle under a heavy cross fire, and their gallantry in unhesitatingly clearing the woods of the enemy over obstacles deemed to be impassible, is worthy of all praise.

The band of my regiment, which was acting as an ambulance corps, were very efficient in removing my wounded, as well as a number of the Fifty-first New York and Ninth New Jersey.

In conclusion, I may say that I have every reason to be fully satisfied with the conduct and discipline of my regiment.

I am, Captain,
Very respectfully, yours,
JOHN J. HARTRANFT,
Colonel command Fifty-first Regiment, P. V.

BY TELEGRAPH.

The Battle at Williamsburg

FURTHER PARTICULARS.

List of the Pennsylvania Regiments engaged in the Battle.

A NEW YORK OFFICER'S TESTIMONY OF THEIR EFFICIENCY.

We have been kindly permitted to make the following extract from a telegraphic despatch received last evening by Gov. Curtin, from an officer of one of the New York regiments:

WASHINGTON, May 9.

The battle at Williamsburg was a most brilliant engagement, and the victory complete. The fighting lasted from daylight till dark. Hooker's and Smith's divisions, and parts of Casey's and Kearney's were actively engaged all day, and an equal force in reserve.

The enemy had forty thousand men under Johnson, Longstreet and Early. Their troops were principally from the extreme South.

Our killed and wounded will reach eight hundred.

The enemy left five hundred wounded in Williamsburg, and retreated beyond the Chick ahominy.

A reconnoisance by our cavalry to that stream found no fortifications, and captured prisoners and arms.

Franklin and Sedgwick's divisions are at West Point.

Your Pennsylvania regiments behaved, by general consent, splendidly.

The 102d regiment, Col. Rowley,
98d regiment, Col. M'Carter,
49th regiment, Col. Irvin,
98th regiment, Col. Balliars,
26th regiment, Col. Wm. F. Small,
105th regiment, Col. M'Knight,
57th regiment, Col. Charles Campbell,
63d regiment, Col. D. Hays,

and perhaps others were engaged.

Averill's Third Pennsylvania Cavalry led the advance and did magnificently; and Col. Small, (who is wounded,) fought well.

The 63d, (Col. Hays,) and 57th, (Col. Campbell,) under Jamison, were the first to enter Williamsburg, and they will probably be detained there for duty.

The 23d, (Col. Birney,) was first in the chief fort. Birney's Brigade was under fire all day.

The enemy's fortifications at Williamsburg were most formidable.

We have had a great battle, and our New York men like yours, and indeed all the other regiments, behaved themselves in a manner worthy of veterans.

The following is a list of the killed and wounded of the 26th regiment, (Col. Small.)

KILLED.

Albert Everman, Company D, and Sergeant Dickson and Wm. Smith.

BADLY WOUNDED.

Patrick Gilligan, Company I.
Peter Deibler, Company G.
James McCally, Company I.
James Brooke, Company I.

NOT DANGEROUSLY WOUNDED.

Thomas Kenderdin, Company I.
Samuel Lynch, Company D.
John Gody, Company E.
John Barger, Company D.
John Lamb, Company G.
Wm. Lamb, Company I.
Edward Abern, Company I.

SLIGHTLY WOUNDED.

W. H. Draper, Company I.
J. P. Richard, Company E.
Daniel Gilbert, Company I.
Hugh Nuttle, Company E.
John Barnes, Company C.
George Houghton, Company C.
Samuel Allen, Company A.
Benj. F. Thomas, Company F.
Jno. B. Thompson, Company D.
George Chatham, Company C.

From Washington.

IMMEDIATE WANT FOR SEAMEN.

Call for a Meeting of Conservative Members of Congress.

Confirmation of Executive Appointments.

NAVAL APPOINTMENTS.

WASHINGTON, May 9.

The Navy Department is in immediate want of seamen. Extra inducements have been offered in the navy of advances. In addition, the seamen are reaping a harvest of prize money. A single one of the recent captures, it is estimated, will yield to each seamen on the captured vessel from $1,200 to $1,400. A fine chance for the New England fishermen.

The following notice was read from the clerk's desk immediately after the adjournment of the House to day.

There will be a meeting of the conservative member of Congress in this hall, to-morrow (Saturday 10th,) at two o'clock, p. m. All conservative members from all the States are invited to attend to consult together as the best means to defeat the schemes of the abolitionist and secessionist.

The Senate in executive session confirmed John J. Cisco, Assistant Treasurer of the United States at New York; George D. Cross, Surveyor of Customs for port Parvcatuck, Rhode Island; Col. Geo. W. Taylor, of the Third New Jersey volunteers, to be a Brigadier General.

Samuel L. Gould, jr., Boston, appointed acting assistant surgeon, and ordered to report to Com. Paulding for duty.

Henry H. Foster, John McGowan, Samuel A. Waterbury, of the Potomac flotilla, promoted to acting masters.

Christopher G. Taap, John M. Butler, of New York, appointed acting masters, New York navy yard.

Among the promotions in Dupont's squadron is Acting Major Wm. Budd, to be Acting Volunteer Lieutenant.

The Army Department has issued the following orders:

Lieut. John L. Worden to report to commander Pendegrast for command of the iron clad steamer New Ironsides.

Commander Jos. F. Greene detached from ordnance duty at Boston, and to report to Capt. Pearson for command of the Oadipsee on the 18th proximo.

FROM WILLIAMSBURG.

DISPATCH FROM GENERAL M'CLELLAN.

The Iron-Clad Steamer Galena Aground.

NO FEARS OF HER SAFETY.

THE FEDERAL ARMY IN MOTION

A JUNCTION WITH FRANKLIN'S DIVISION EFFECTED.

WILLIAMSBURG, May 9, 12 M.

To the War Department:

I heard a few minutes ago that the Galena was aground off Hog Island. I judge not badly for the reason that Captain Rogers does not throw over coal.

I have sent him all the assistance he asks.

My troops are in motion and in magnificent spirits. They have all the air and feelings of veterans. It will do your heart good to see them.

I have effected a junction with Franklin.—Instructions have been given so that the navy will receive prompt support whenever and wherever required.

GEO. B. M'CLELLAN,
Major-General Commanding.

XXXVIIth Congress—First Session.

WASHINGTON, May 9.

SENATE.

Mr. BAYARD, (Del.,) presented a petition that equal privileges be extended to all the newspapers of the country.

Mr. BROWNING, (Ill.,) presented a petition for a Ship canal from Lake Michigan to the Mississippi river.

Mr. CHANDLER, (Mich.,) from the Committee on Commerce, reported a House bill in relation to the better protection of the revenue. The bill authorizes the President to refuse the clearance of any vessel, where he has reason to believe that its cargo is intended to reach the rebels. It also authorizes the Secretary of the Treasury to prohibit the transportation on railroads of certain goods, which might in any way reach or fall into the hands of the rebels.

Mr. WADE, (Ohio,) presented two petitions in favor of the confiscation measure.

Mr. SHERMAN's resolution calling for the reports of the officers commanding at the battles of Pittsburg Landing, was taken up.

Mr. SHERMAN said he in common with other citizens of Ohio was pained by the slurs that had been cast upon certain Ohio regiments, particularly in that battle, especially by the Chicago papers, and further by the Senator from Kentucky, (Mr. Powell,) who may not be distinguished for his sympathy with the cause. It was reported that some of those regiments had fled without firing a gun. He referred to the 53d regiment, who according to all reports fired two rounds and then retreated in order of Col. Appley, who left and was not seen any more during the day. But the regiment rallied and and fought during Sunday and Monday. He had no desire to do any injustice to Col Appley, but it was evident that the regiment's only fault was in having a faithless officer. This colonel he understood has been cashiered because he refused to fight on that day.

In regard to the 77th Ohio, the reporters are all incorrect. Though they were raw troops they fought bravely and well, notwithstanding Gen Sherman's report was against them. This regiment lost 221 men, killed, wounded and missing. He also defended the 71st regiment from the charge of cowardice. They were all fresh, raw troops, who were called upon to bear the first attack in that battle.

He referred to the conduct of other Ohio regiments, who fought with the most determined bravery, and held their position under a severe fire from the enemy, till they were ordered to fall back, which they did in good order. He denied the reports about Prentiss being surprised.

Mr. HARLAN, (Iowa,) was not willing that the soldiers from Iowa should be led by General Grant under any attempt to bolster up the character of that general.

Mr. BROWNING defended General Grant.

A long discussion on the bill followed. The slavery question was splendidly debated, when, without action, the Senate adjourned until Monday.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Mr. LOVEJOY, (Ill.,) presented the following resolutions, which were adopted:

Resolved, That it is with feeling of devout gratitude to Almighty God, that the House of Representatives from time to time have heard of the triumphs of the Union army in the great struggle for the supremacy of the Constitution and the integrity of the Union.

Resolved, That we receive with profound satisfaction the intelligence of the recent victories achieved by the armies of the Potomac, associated from their localities with those of the Revolution, and that the sincere thanks of this House are hereby tendered to Major General G. B. McClellan, for the display of those high military qualities which secure important results with but little sacrifice of human life.

Mr. LOVEJOY offered a substitute slightly modifying the bill acted upon yesterday to secure freedom to all persons withing the exclusive jurisdiction of the federal government.

Mr. ALLEN, (Ohio,) moved to lay it on the table. Disagreed to—yeas 50, nays 63.

Mr. LOVEJOY demanded the previous qustion. Disagreed to—yeas 42, nays 60.

Mr. SEDGWICK, (N. Y.,) stated that Captain Boggs and Bailey attached to the Gulf Squadron, bringing despatches of important and interesting events, together with trophies, were now present and moved that they be admitted to the floor of the House. This was unanimously agreed to. The gentlemen received marked attention from many members.

Mr. Lovejoy moved to recommit the bill.

Mr. Cox, (Ohio,) said that he hoped that the so-called conservative men would put an end to this tampering with the negro question.

They have it in their power to squelch all these bills, but they move to recommit and adjourn to dally with it unless abolitionism grows and threatens now to break down our Union forever.

The gentleman from Illinois, (Mr. Lovejoy,) moved a vote of thanks to Gen. M'Clellan. He has shown his Phariseeism.

The SPEAKER—The discussion of that resolution is not in order.

Mr. Cox—I was about to say that the army and people do not approve of this continuous negroism in Congress. If they could vote they would move out of Congress the aiders of this sedditious legislation.