THE TELEGRAPH

IS PUBLISHED EVERY DAY,

By GEORGE BERGNER.

TERMS.—SINGLE SUBSCRIPTION.

The DAILY TELEGRAPH is served to subscribers in the City at 6 cents per week. Yearly subscribers will be charged $4 00, in advance

WEEKLY AND SEMI-WEEKLY TELEGRAPH

The TELEGRAPH is also published twice a week during the session of the Legislature and weekly during the remainder of the year, and furnished to subscribers at the following cash rates, viz:

Single subscribers per year Semi-weekly	$1 50
Ten " " "	12 00
Twenty " " "	22 00
Single subscriber, Weekly	1 00

THE LAW OF NEWSPAPERS.

If subscribers order the discontinuance of their newspapers, the publisher may continue to send them until all arrearages are paid.

If subscribers neglect or refuse to take their newspapers from the office to which they are directed, they are responsible until they have settled the bills and ordered them discontinued.

Pennsylvania Daily Telegraph.

"INDEPENDENT IN ALL THINGS—NEUTRAL IN NONE."

VOL XVII. HARRISBURG, PA. THURSDAY AFTERNOON, APRIL 17, 1862 NO. 88.

Steam Printing Office.

Having procured Steam Power Presses, we are prepared to execute JOB and BOOK PRINTING of every description, cheaper than it can be done at any other establishment in the country.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

☞ Four lines or less constitute one-half square. Eight lines or more than four constitute a square.

Half Square,	one day	$0 25
"	one week	1 25
"	one month	2 00
"	three months	3 00
"	six months	5 00
"	one year	8 00
One Square,	one day	50
"	one week	2 00
"	one month	3 50
"	three months	5 00
"	six months	10 00
"	one year	15 00

☞ Business notices inserted in the *Local Column*, or before Marriges and Deaths, FIVE CENTS PER LINE for each inserfion.

☞ Marriges and Deaths to be charged as regular advertisements

Medical.

DR. JOHNSON
BALTIMORE
LOCK HOSPITAL.

HAS discovered the most certain, speedy and effectual remedy in the world for

DISEASES OF IMPRUDENCE

RELIEF IN SIX TO TWELVE HOURS.

No Mercury or Noxious Drugs.

☞ A CURE WARRANTED, OR NO CHARGE, IN FROM ONE TO TWO DAYS. ☜

Weakness of the Back or Limbs, Strictures, Pains in the Loins, Affections of the Kidneys and Bladder, Organic Weakness, Nervous Debility, Decay of the Physical Powers, Dyspepsia, Languor, Low Spirits, Confusion of Ideas, Palpitation of the Heart, Timidity, Tremblings, Dimness of Sight or Giddiness, Disease of the Stomach, Affections of the Head, Throat, Nose or Skin—those terrible disorders arising from the indiscretion or Solitary Habits of Youth—those dreadful and destructive practises which produce constitutional debility, render marriage impossible, and destroy both body and mind.

YOUNG MEN.

Young men especially who have become the victims of solitary Vice, that dreadful and destructive habit which annually sweeps to an untimely grave thousands of young men of the most exalted talent and brilliant intellect, who might otherwise have entranced listening Senates with the thunders of eloquence, or waked to ecstasy the living lyre, may call with full confidence.

MARRIAGE.

Married persons, or those contemplating marriage, being aware of physical weakness, should immediately consult Dr. J., and be restored to perfect health.

ORGANIC WEAKNESS

Immediately cured and full vigor restored.

He who places himself under the care of Dr. J., may religiously confide in his honor as a gentleman, and confidently rely upon his skill as a physician.

☞ Office No. 7 South Frederick street, Baltimore, Md., on the left hand side going from Baltimore street, 2 doors from the corner. Be particular in observing the name or number, or you will mistake the place. Be particular for *Ignorant, Trifling Quacks*, with false names, or *Paltry Humbug Certificates*, attracted by the reputation of Dr. Johnson, lurk near.

All letters must contain a Postage Stamp, to use on the reply.

DR. JOHNSTON.

Dr. Johnson member of the Royal College of Surgeons, London, graduate from one of the most eminent Colleges of the United States, and the greatest part of whose life has been spent in the Hospitals of London, Paris, Philadelphia and elsewhere, has effected some of the most astonishing cures that were ever known. Many troubled with ringing in the ears and head when asleep, great nervousness, being alarmed at sudden sounds, bashfulness, with frequent blushing, attended sometimes with derangement of mind were cured immediately.

MISTAKE PARTICULAR NOTICE.

Dr. J. addresses all those who having injured themselves by private and improper indulgencies, that secret and solitary habit which ruins both body and mind, unfitting them for either business or society.

These are some of the sad and melancholy effects produced by early habits of youth, viz: Weakness of the Back and Limbs, Pains in the Head, Dimness of Sight, Loss of Muscular Power, Palpitation of the Heart, Dyspepsia, Nervous Irritability, Derangement of the Digestive Functions, General Debility, Symptoms of Consumption, &c.

MENTALLY.

MENTALLY, the fearful effects on the mind are much to be dreaded:—Loss of Memory, Confusion of Ideas, Depression of Spirits, Evil Forebodings, Aversion to Society, Self-distrust, Love of Solitude, Timidity, &c., are some of the evil effects.

Thousands of persons of all ages, can now judge what is the cause of their decline in health, losing their vigor becoming weak, pale, nervous and emaciated, have a singular appearance about the eyes, cough, and symptoms of consumption.

YOUNG MEN

who have injured themselves by a certain practice, indulged in when alone—a habit frequently learned from evil companions, or at school, the effects of which are nightly felt, even when asleep, and if not cured, renders marriage impossible, and destroys both mind and body, should apply immediately.

What a pity that a young man, the hopes of his country, the darling of his parents, should be snatched from all prospects and enjoyments of life by the consequences of deviating from the path of nature, and indulging in a certain secret habit. Such persons must, before contemplating

MARRIAGE,

effect that a sound mind and body are the most necessary requisites to promote connubial happiness. Indeed without these, the journey through life becomes a weary pilgrimage; the prospect hourly darkens to the view; the mind becomes shadowed with despair, and filled with the melancholy reflection that the happiness of another becomes blighted with our own.

DR. JOHNSON'S INVIGORATING REMEDY FOR ORGANIC WEAKNESS.

By this great and important remedy, Weakness of the Organs are speedily cured, and full vigor restored.

Thousands of the most nervous and debilitated who had lost all hope, have been immediately relieved. All impediments to Marriage, Physical or Mental Disqualification, Nervous, Trembling, Weakness or Exhaustion of the most fearful kind, speedily cured.

TO STRANGERS.

The many thousands cured at this Institution within the last twelve years, and the numerous important Surgical operations performed by Dr. J., witnessed by the reporters of the papers, and many other persons, notices of which have appeared again and again before the public, *besides his standing as a gentleman of character and responsibility*, is a sufficient guarantee to the afflicted.

DISEASES OF IMPRUDENCE.—When the misguided and imprudent votary of pleasure finds he has imbibed the seeds of this painful disease, it too often happens that an ill-timed sense of shame or dread of discovery deters him from applying to those who, from education and respectability can alone befriend him, delaying till the constitutional symptoms of this horrid disease make their appearance, affecting the head, throat, nose, skin, &c., progressing on with frightful rapidity, till death puts a period to his dreadful sufferings by sending him to "that bourne from whence no traveler returns." It is a melancholy fact that thousands fall victims to this terrible disease, owing to the unskilfulness of ignorant pretenders, who, by the use of that *deadly poison, mercury*, ruin the constitution and make the residue of life miserable.

TO STRANGERS.—The Doctor's Diplomas hang in his office.

☞ Letters must contain a Stamp to ins on the reply.

☞ Remedies sent by Mail.

☞ No. 7 South Frederick street, Baltimore.

apr13-dawly

INTERNATIONAL HOTEL
365 & 367 BROADWAY,
CORNER OF FRANKLIN STREET,
NEW YORK.

THIS first-class house—the most quiet, homelike, and pleasant hotel in the city—offers superior inducements to those visiting NEW YORK for business or pleasure. It is central in its location, and kept on the

EUROPEAN PLAN,

in connection with

TAYLOR'S SALOON,

where refreshments can be had at all hours, or served in their own rooms. The charges are moderate, the rooms and attendance of the first order—baths, and all the modern convenience attached. ma83m

SCHIEFFELIN BROTHERS & CO.,

WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS,

AND DEALERS in Fancy Goods, Perfumery, &c. Also agents for the sale of Refined Petroleum, Illuminating Oil, superior to any coal oil furnished in any quantities at the lowest market rates.

170 *and* 172 *William Street,*
NEW YORK.

ja27-d6m

SHAWLS! DRESS GOODS! FURS!

A LARGE stock of these goods will be disposed of at very low prices. Fine furs very cheap at CATHCARTS',
Next door the Harrisburg Bank.

OUR newly replenished stock of Toilet and Fancy Goods is unsurpassed in this city, and feeling confident of rendering satisfaction, we would respectfully invite a call. KELLER,
91 Market street, two doors east of Fourth street, south side.

NOTIONS.—Quite a variety of useful and entertaining articles—cheap—at
n30 SHEFFER'S BOOKSTORE.

Lines of Travel & Transportation.

PENNSYLVANIA RAIL ROAD

WINTER TIME TABLE.

FIVE TRAINS DAILY TO AND FROM PHILADELPHIA.

ON AND AFTER

MONDAY JANUARY 27th, 1862.

The Passenger Trains of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will depart from and arrive at Harrisburg and Philadelphia as follows:—

EASTWARD.

THROUGH EXPRESS TRAIN leaves Harrisburg daily at 3.20 a. m., and arrives at West Philadelphia at 7.40 a. m.

FAST LINE leaves Harrisburg daily, (except Sunday,) at 1.00 p. m., and arrives at West Philadelphia at 5.10 p. m.

MAIL TRAIN leaves Harrisburg daily (except Sunday) at 5.55 p. m., and arrives at West Philadelphia at 11.00 p. m.

ACCOMMODATION TRAIN, via Mount Joy, leaves Harrisburg at 7.30 a. m., and arrives at West Philadelphia at 12.35 p. m.

HARRISBURG ACCOMMODATION TRAIN, via Columbia, leaves Harrisburg at 2.00 p. m., and arrives at West Philadelphia at 7.20 p. m.

WESTWARD.

THROUGH EXPRESS TRAIN leaves Philadelphia at 10.30 p. m., Harrisburg at 3.05 a. m., Altoona 8.40, a. m., and arrives at Pittsburg at 1.25 p. m.

MAIL TRAIN leaves Philadelphia at 8.00 a. m., and arrives at Harrisburg at 1.20 p. m.; leaves Harrisburg at 9.00 a. m., Altoona, 3.30 p. m., and arrives at Pittsburg at 9.30 p. M.

FAST LINE leaves Philadelphia at 11.25 a. m., Harrisburg 4.05 p. m., Altoona at 9.10 p. m., and arriving at Pittsburg at 1.40 a. m.

HARRISBURG ACCOMMODATION TRAIN leaves Philadelphia at 2.30 p. m., and arrives at Harrisburg at 8.00 p. m.

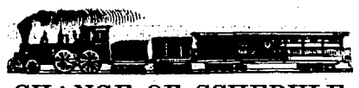
MOUNT JOY ACCOMMODATION via Mount Joy, leaves Lancaster at 11.33 a. m., arrives at Harrisburg at 1.30 p. m.

The NEWS EXPRESS and PASSENGER TRAIN will leave West Philadelphia at 4.00 a. m.; Lancaster 7.07 a. m.; Mount Joy at 7.43 a. m., Middletown at 8.25 a. m., and arrive at Harrisburg at 8.55 a. m., connecting with Mail Train west, from Harrisburg, at 9.00 a. m.

SAMUEL D. YOUNG,
Supt. East, Div. Penna. Railroad.

Harrisburg, January 24, 1862 —dtf

Northern Central Railway.



CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

THREE TRAINS DAILY TO AND FROM

BALTIMORE.

Close Connection made at Harrisburg TO AND FROM NEW YORK.

SLEEPING CARS RUN ON ALL NIGHT TRAINS.

ON AND AFTER SUNDAY, NOV. 24, 1861, the Passenger Trains of the Northern Central Railway will arrive at and ddpart from Harrisburg and Baltimore as follows, viz:

GOING SOUTH.

MAIL TRAIN arrives at Harrisburg		1.05 P. M.
and leaves	"	1.20 P. M.
EXPRESS " arrives at	"	2.47 A. M.
and leaves	"	3.20 A. M.

GOING NORTH.

MAIL TRAIN leaves Baltimore at	8.25 A. M.
and arrives at Harrisburg:	1.00 P. M.
and leaves North at	1.20 P. M.
EXPRESS TRAIN leaves Baltimore at	3.00 P. M.
and arrives at Harrisburg	8.00 P. M.
and leaves North at	8.10 P. M.

HARRISBURG ACCOMMODATION TRAIN

Leaves Harrisburg for Baltimore at	8.45 A. M.
Returning—leaves Baltimore at	3.30 P. M.

The only train leaving Harrisburg on Sunday will be the Express Train, South at 3.20 A. M.

For further information apply at the Office, in Penna's Railroad Depot.

JOHN F. UHRICH, Agent.

Harrisburg, Nov. 23, 1861.—dtf

WINTER TIME ARRANGEMENT.

NEW AIR LINE ROUTE.

THREE TRAINS DAILY TO NEW YORK, AND PHILADELPHIA WITHOUT CHANGE OF CARS.

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, NOVEMBER 4, 1861, the Passenger Trains will leave the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad Depot, at Harrisburg, for New York and Philadelphia, as follows, viz:

EASTWARD.

EXPRESS LINE leaves Harrisburg at 3.30 a. m., on arrival of Pennsylvania Railroad Express Train from the West, arriving in New York at 11.5 a. m., and at Philadelphia at 9.00 a. m. A sleeping car is attached to the train through from Pittsburg without change.

MAIL TRAIN leaves Harrisburg at 8 a. m., arriving in New York at 5.30p. m., and Philadelphia at 1.25 p. m.

FAST LINE leaves Harrisburg at 1.40 p. m., on arrival of Pennsylvania Railroad Fast Mail, arriving in New York at 9.50 p. m., and Philadelphia at 6.40 p. m.

WESTWARD.

FAST LINE leaves New York at 6 a. m., and Philadelphia at 8 a. m., arriving at Harrisburg at 1 p. m.

MAIL TRAIN leaves New York at 12.00 noon, and Philadelphia at 3. 15 p. m., arriving at Harrisburg at 8.10 p m.

EXPRESS LINE leaves New York at 8 p. m., arriving at Harrisburg at 3.10 a. m., and connecting with the Pennsylvania Express Train for Pittsburg. A sleeping car is also attached to this train.

Connections are made at Harrisburg with trains on the Pennsylvania, Northern Central and Cumberland Valley Railroads, and at Reading for Philadelphia, Pottsville, Wilkesbarre, Allentown, Easton, &c.

Baggage checked through. Fare between New York and Harrisburg, $5 00; between Harrisburg and Philadelphia, $3 25 in No. 1 cars, and $2 70 in No. 2.

For tickets or other information apply to

J. J. CLYDE,
no4 General Agent, Harrisburg.

WHOLESALE

UMBRELLA MANUFACTORY!

No. 69, Market Street, below Third,

HARRISBURG, PA.

M. H. LEE,

MANUFACTURER OF UMBRELLAS, PARSOLS and WALKING CANES, will furnish goods at LOWER PRICES than can be bought in any of the Eastern cities. Country merchants will do well to call and examine prices and quality, and convince themselves of this fact. au23-dly.

Miscellaneous.

1862. SPRING OPENING 1862.

OF

Black and Second Mourning Dress Goods, Shawls, Veils, Collars, &c.

Shrouding Cashmeres.

Full, 1¼ yard wide Lupin's all wool Delaines.
Superior makes of Bombazines.
Splendid Styles of French Ginghams.
Large stock of Lustres and Alpacas.
Black and Purple Dress Silks.
Plain black English Rep Silks.
Black and white Fowlard Silks
Purple and Black do.
Plain do. do.
Small Checked do.
Neapolitan do.
¾ all wool Delaines.
Fig'd all wool Delaines.
Shepherd's Plaids.
Tammatine.
Silk Challis.
Eng. Chintzes.
Mohairs, &c.

Shrouding Flannels.

Long Black Thibbet Shawls.
Square Plaid Black and White Shawls.
Square Thibbet Black Shawls.
2 yard Wide Thibbet for Shawls,
Very Superior English Crepe Veils, all sizes.
Large stock of English Crepe Collars, all sizes.
Black bordered Hem Stitch Handkerchiefs.
Black Gloves of every description.
White Second Mourning Collars.
Setts of Collar and Sleeves.
Silk and Cotton Hosiery.
Black Love Veils.
Jouvin's Kid Gloves.
English Crepes.
French do.
Mantua Ribbons.
Belting do.

Particular attention is paid and invited to our stock of the above goods. We are constantly receiving new additions. *Purchasers will always find a full assortment.*

CATHCART & BROTHER,
Next door to the Harrisburg Bank.
a5 No. 11 Market Square.

INSURANCE AGENCY.

THE DELAWARE MUTAL SAFETY INSURANCE COMPANY.

OF PHILADELPHIA.

INCORPORATED 1835.

CAPITAL AND ASSETS.....$904,907.51.

THE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NORTH AMERICA.

OF PHILADELPHIA.

INCORPORATED 1794.

CAPITAL AND ASSETS.....$1,219,475.1

THE undersigned, as Agent for the well known Companies, will make Insurance against loss or damage by fire, either perpetually or annually, on property in either town or country.

Marine and Inland Transportation Risks also taken.

Apply personally or by letter to

WILLIAM BUEHLER,
Harrisburg, Pa.

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PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, the Honorable JOHN J. PEARSON, President of the Court of Common Pleas in the Twelfth Judicial District, consisting of the counties of Lebanon and Dauphin, and the Hon. SAMUEL LANDIS and Hon. MOSES R. YOUNG, Associate Judges in Dauphin county, having issued their precept, bearing date the 4th day of March, 1862, to me directed, for holding a Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery and Quarter Sessions of the Peace at Harrisburg, for the county of Dauphin, and to commence ON THE 4TH MONDAY OF APRIL NEXT, being the 28TH DAY OF APRIL, 1862, and to continue two weeks.

Notice is therefore hereby given to the Coroner, Justices of the Peace, Aldermen, and Constables of the said county of Dauphin, that they be then and there in their proper persons, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, with their records, inquisitions, examinations, and their own remembrances, to do those things which to their office appertains to be done, and those who are bound in recognizances to prosecute against the prisoners that are or shall be in the Jail of Dauphin county, be then and there to prosecute against them as shall be just.

Given under my hand, at Harrisburg, the 25th day of March, in the year of our Lord, 1862, and in the eighty-sixth year of the independence of the United States.

J. D. BOAS, Sheriff.

SHERIFF'S OFFICE
Harrisburg, April 25, 1862. } mar26-dawtd

NAZARETH HALL,

BOARDING SCHOOL FOR BOYS.

NAZARETH, Northampton county, Pa. Easy of access from Harrisburg by railroad to Easton, and thence seven miles by stage.

Rev. EDWARD H. REICHEL,
f5-3m* Principal

WM. T. BISHOP,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

OFFICE NEXT DOOR TO WYETH'S HALL,

OPPOSITE NEW COURT-HOUSE.

Consultations in German and English.

mar29-o2m

ANOTHER SUPPLY OF

MORTON'S

UNRIVALLED GOLD PENS.

BEST PENS in the world, for 75c, $1 25 $1 50, $2, $3, and $4, for sale at
feb15-y SCHEFFER'S Bookstore.

CELEBRATED DANDELION COFFEE.

JUST RECEIVED a large quantity of superior Dandelion Coffee, which we will sell low to suit the times; also, pure ground Rio Coffee and Turkey Coffee all put up in one pound packages. Call and examine at the wholesale and retail grocery store of

NICHOLS & BOWMAN,
corner of Front and Market streets.

LADIES CORSETS,

ALL OF THE DIFFERENT SIZES,

WHITE AND COLORED.

The best article manufactured, can be found at

CATHCARTS',
Next door to the Harrisburg Bank.

JERSEY HAM!—Ten tierces of these justly celebrated sugar cured hams, received and for sale in large or small quantities.

WM. DOCK, JR. & CO.

FRESH Choice Teas, Black and Green, in ¼, ½ and 1 pound papers, for sale at

NICHOLS & BOWMAN'S
j6 corner Front and Market streets.

NEW GOODS.—We invite attention to our new stock of goods just received, and for sale low by NICHOLS & BOWMAN,
corner of Front and Market streets.

JUST RECEIVED.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT of Family Bibles of different styles of binding, at 90c, $1 25 $1 50, $2, $3, $4, $5 and $10. Also Pocket Bibles of different styles and prices at SCHEFFER'S Bookstore.
feb15 y

OPENED THIS MORNING.

A LARGE line of Prints and Delaines, at old prices. CATHCART & BROTHER,
apr8y Next door to the Harrisburg Bank

RASPBERRIES.

BRINCKLE'S Orange, Falstolf, Franconia, Red Antwerp, Hornet, &c., at
apr7 KEYSTONE NURSERY.

BY TELEGRAPH.

From our Morning Edition.

The Attack on Fort Pillow.

COMMODORE FOOTE'S FLEET SHELLING THE FORT.

TEN MORTAR BOATS IN OPERATION.

Gen. Pope's Command on the Arkansas side of the River.

WASHINGTON, April 16.

The Secretary of the Navy has received the following:

CAIRO, ILL., April 15.—The flotilla has been within three-quarters of a mile of Fort Pillow, and then returning, took up position two miles further up.

The rebel gunboats escaped below the fort.

Ten mortar boats had opened fire.

This is up to six o'clock last evening.

General Pope's command occupied the Arkansas side of the river.

From Washington.

Thanks of the Navy Department to the Officers and Men of the Gunboats Carondelet and Pittsburg.

ABOLITION OF SLAVERY IN THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

The Bill Signed by the President.

NOMINATION OF COMMISSIONERS UNDER THE ACT.

The French Ministers' Visit to Richmond.

WASHINGTON, April 16.

Secretary Welles has addressed a letter of thanks from the Navy Department to the commander, officers, and men of the Carondelet for gallant service rendered in running her past the rebel batteries at Island No. 10. Also to the officers of the gunboat Pittsburg.

The President has signed the bill for the abolition of slavery in the District of Columbia, and has drawn up a special message on the subject, which was sent in to Congress to-day.

[A full report of the message will be found in another column.]

The President to-day nominated to the Senate James G. Berret, ex-Mayor of Washington; Hon. Samuel F. Vinton, Ohio and Daniel R. Goodloe, formerly of North Carolina, commissioners under the act for the abolition of slavery in the District of Columbia, whose duty is to investigate and determine the validity and value of the claims presented.

The visit of the French Minister to Richmond is understood here to be to secure new and ample protection for the tobacco stored at Richmond and owned by French merchants. There are, however, rumors that he has been sent on a mission from the Emperor Napoleon to assure the rebel authorities that no hope remains of their recognition abroad.

The Post Office Department now supplies the mails to Waterford and Leesburg, Virginia, from the Point of Rocks, Maryland, and has established post offices at both these places.

The soldiers in General Banks' division are supplied with the mails by military messengers.

As Utah is not, under official construction, on the Pacific coast, letters from the East to and from that territory are chargeable with only the three cent rate of postage.

According to a late army order, all the officers and enlisted men of the volunteers, who are on parole not to serve against the rebels, will be considered on leave of absence until notified of their exchange or discharge. They are required immediately to report their address to the Governors of their States, who will be duly informed from the Adjutant General's office, Washington, as to their exchange or discharge.

The Committee of Conference of both Houses on the subject, have agreed on an appropriation of thirteen millions of dollars for the construction of iron-clad war vessels. The bill now only awaits the signature of the President to become a law.

We have intelligence from the Rappahannock to-day, to the effect that everything is quiet in that region, and that there are no rebels to be seen.

LATER FROM EUROPE.

Arrival of the Steamer Canada.

HALIFAX, April 16th.

The royal mail steamship Canada, from Liverpool on the 5th inst., via Southampton on the 4th, arrived at this port to-day.

The English House of Commons on Friday debated the question relative to the value of fortifications and floating batteries, and resolutions were adopted providing for the suspension of the works at Spithead. The House will also soon consider the expediency of empowering the government to use the money already voted for the forts in the construction of iron sheeted vessels.

The continental news is generally unimportant.

THE CAPTURED OFFICERS OF ISLAND NO. 10 AT FORT WARREN.

BOSTON, April 16.

Gen. Makall and five other rebel officers, captured at Island No. 10, were taken to Fort Warren to-day.

CHICAGO ELECTION.

CHICAGO, April 16.

The Democrats to-day elected their entire city ticket by a majority of 1,000. They also elected seven out of ten aldermen.

Abolition of Slavery in the District of Columbia.

THE BILL SIGNED BY THE PRESIDENT.

SPECIAL MESSAGE ON THE SUBJECT.

WASHINGTON, April 16.

The following message was read by the House of Representatives to-day from the President.

FELLOW CITIZENS *of the Senate and House of Representatives:* The act entitled "An Act for the release of certain persons held to service or labor in the district of Columbia," has this day been approved and signed.

I have never doubted the constitutional authority of Congress to abolish slavery in this District, and I have ever desired to see the National Capital freed from the institution in some satisfactory way; hence there has never been in my mind any question upon the subject except the one of expediency arising in view of all the circumstances. If there be matters within and about this act which might have taken a course or shape more satisfactory to my judgment, I do not attempt to specify them. I am gratified that the two principles of compensation and colonization are both recognized and practically applied in the act. In the matter of compensation it is provided that claims may be presented within ninety days from the passage of the act, but not hereafter; and there is no provision for minors, *feme-covert*, insane or absent persons. I presume that this is an omission, by mere oversight, and I recommend that it be supplied by an amendatory or supplemental act.

ABRAHAM LINCOLN.

April 16, 1862.

THE BATTLE OF SHILOAH.

General Sherman's Official Report.

HEADQUARTERS, FIFTH DIVISION: *Major General Grant, commanding the Army in the Field:* SIR:—With the cavalry placed at my command, and two brigades of my fatigued troops, I went this morning out on the Corinth road. One or another of the abandoned camps of the enemy lined the roads, with hospital flags for their protection.

At all we found more or less wounded and dead. At the forks of the road I found the head of Gen. Wood's division. At that point I ordered the cavalry to examine both roads, and found the enemy's cavalry.

Col. Dickey, of the Illinois cavalry, asked for reinforcements.

I ordered Gen. Wood to advance to the head of his column cautiously on the left hand of the road, whilst I conducted the head of the Third Brigade of the Fifth Division up the right hand road.

About half a mile from the forks there was a clear field through which the road passed and immediately beyond a space of two hundred yards of fallen timber, and beyond an extensive camp.

The enemy's cavalry could be seen in this camp, and after a reconnoissance I ordered the two advance companies of the Ohio Seventy-seventh, Col. Hildebrand, to deploy as skirmishers, and the regiment itself forward into line with an interval of one hundred yards.

In this order I advanced cautiously, until the skirmishers were engaged. Taking it for granted that this disposition would clear the camp, I held Col. Dickey's Fourth Illinois cavalry ready to charge.

The enemy's cavalry came down boldly to the charge, breaking through the line of skirmishers, when the regiment of infantry, without cause, broke, threw away their guns and fled. The ground was admirably adapted to a defence of infantry against cavalry, the ground being miry and covered with fallen timber.

As the regiments of infantry broke, Dickey's cavalry began to charge their carbines and fell into disorder. I instantly sent orders to the rear for the brigade to form in line of battle, which was promptly executed. The broken infantry and cavalry rallied on this line, and as the enemy's cavalry came to it, our cavalry in turn charged, and drove them from the field.

I advanced with the entire brigade upon the same ground, and sent Col. Dickey's cavalry a mile further on the road.

On examining the ground which had been occupied by the Seventy-seventh Ohio, we found fifteen dead and about twenty-five wounded. I sent for wagons, and had all the wounded carried back to camp, and the dead buried; also, caused the whole camp to be destroyed.

Here we found much ammunition for field pieces, which we destroyed; also two caisons, and a general hospital with about two hundred and eighty confederate wounded, and about fifty of our own. Not having the means of bringing them off, Col. Dickey, by my order, took a surrender signed by the Medical Director Lyle, and all the attending Surgeons, and a pledge to report themselves to you as prisoners of war, also a pledge that our wounded would be carefully attended to and surrendered to us to-morrow as soon as the ambulances could go out.

I enclose within the document, and request you to cause to be sent out wagons and ambulances for the wounded of ours to-morrow, and also that wagons be sent out to bring in the many tents belonging to us, which are pitched all along the road for miles. I did not destroy them as I knew the enemy could not move them.

The roads are very bad, and the road is strewn with abandoned wagons, ambulances and limber boxes. The enemy has succeeded in carrying off the guns, but has crippled his batteries by abandoning the hind limber boxes of at least twenty guns.

I am satisfied that the enemy's infantry and cavalry passed Lick Creek this morning traveling all last night, and that he left behind all his cavalry, which has protected his retreat, but the signs of confusion and disorder mark the whole road.

Thy check sustained by us at the fallen timbers delayed our advance so that night came on before the wounded were provided for and the dead buried. Our troops being fagged out by those three days of hard fighting, exposure and privation, I ordered them back to camp, where all now are.

I have the honor to be,
Your obedient servant,
Brig. Gen. W. T. SHERMAN,
Commanding Division.

XXXVIIth Congress—First Session.

WASHINGTON, April 16.

SENATE.

The hour for the special order, the confiscation bill, having arrived, and as several Senators stated they desired to speak on Mr. McDougal's resolution, the special order was considered.

Mr. POWELL, (Ky.,) addressed the Senate, reviewing at great length the legal objections to the confiscation bill, contending that it was a bill of attainder, and quoting Justice Story, the Constitution and English jurists in support of the position. It deprived a man of his property by legislative enactments, with due process of law, as provided by the Constitution of the United States. The bill was postponed till Friday.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Mr. BLAIR, (Mo.,) called up the bill providing for the organization of a signal corps to serve during the present year. He said that every commandant in actual service has certified to the efficiency and immense service of such appliance. The bill was passed.

The House adopted the following as reported from the Committee on the Judiciary, instructed to inquire into censorship of the press.

Resolved, That the Government should not interfere with the free transmission of intelligence by telegraph, when the same will not aid the public enemy in his military or naval operations, or give him information concerning such operations on the part of this Government, except when it may become necessary for the Government, under the authority of Congress, to assume the exclusive use of the telegraph for its own legitimate purpose or to assert the right of priority in the transmission of its own dispatch.

Mr. MORRILL, (Vt.,) made a report from the Committee on Ways and Means of the bill appropriating thirty millions of dollars to enable the government to pay the two and three year volunteers, being an additional amount required for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1862, and also one hundred thousand dollars to carry into effect the act of March last, to secure the pay, bounty and pensions to officers and men actually employed in the Western department of Missouri.

Mr. MORRALL explained that the appropriation was necessary, owing to a larger number than half a million of men having been employed.

An exciting debate took place between Messrs. VALLANDIGHAM, STEVENS and BLAIR, of Missouri. Mr. VALLANDIGHAM declaring that it was not a deficiency to be met but a defalcation in the War Department.

A communication was read from the Paymaster General, saying that the additional appropriation of thirty millions was necessary owing to the fact that more than half a million of men were in the army and the Secretary of War, in his letter, expresses his belief that the number is nearly seven hundred thousand.

The bill was passed—yeas 190, nays 2, viz: Calvert and May, of Maryland.

A message was received from the President announcing that he had approved and signed the bill for the abolition of slavery in the District of Columbia with his reasons for doing so.

Mr. JOHNSON (Pa.,) announced the death of his colleague, Thomas B. Cooper, of the Seventh district of Pennsylvania, passing eulogium on his private character, but not on his public life for that had just begun. In conclusion he offered the customary resolutions of regret and respect

Mr. KILLINGER, (Pa.,) spoke of the deceased as a faithful physician, a devoted husband and father and the public's friend.

Messrs. ANCONA and WRIGHT also respectively paid their tribute of respect.

The resolution of respect was adopted, and the House adjourned.

FROM CALIFORNIA.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 11.

The steamer St. Louis sailed for Panama today, taking but few passengers, and $615,000 in treasure for New York, and $209,000 for England.

APRIL 12.—The Mexican mills, situated on a part of the Comstock silver lead, was burned yesterday. The loss amounted to about $150,000.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

NEW YORK, April 14.

Cotton firm—sales 1,800 bales at 28@28½c.; Flour heavy.—sales of 12,000 bbls. at $4 75@$4 95 for State, $5 30@$5 40 for Ohio, $4 75@$5 50 for Southern; Wheat dull—sales 28,000 bushels at $1 25 for State, $1 15 for Canadian; Corn firm—sales 50,000 bushels at 58@60c.; Beef firm; Pork steady—sales 3,500 bbls. at $12 50@$12 75 for mess; Lard dull—sales at 7¾@8½c.; Whisky firm—sales at 1,400 bbls. at 24@25c.

WALL PAPER!

ELEGANT styles and patterns of Wall Paper for 6, 10, 12, 15 and 25 cents per roll. The largest and most varied stock of

Wall Paper, Borders, Window Blinds, Curtins and Fixtures

ever offered in this city. Being bought for cash, it will be sold at a very small profit.

☞ Remember the place,

Scheffer's Book Store,

Market street, opposite Gross' Drug Store, Harrisburg.
m22-d2m

LAUER'S

ALE, PORTER AND BEER,

NOTICE is hereby given to the citizens of Harrisburg, that the undersigned has authorized Mr. E. Mager to receive orders for any of my manufactures. The collecting will be attended to by the undersigned. All orders left as above will be promptly attended to. GEORGE LAUER,
feb22-d6m. Pottsville, Pa.

REMOVED.

JOHN B. SMITH

HAS removed his Boot and Shoe Store from the corner of Second and Walnut streets to

NO. 108 MARKET STREET,

Next door to Hayne's Agriculture Store, where he intends to keep all kinds of Boots and Shoes, Gaiters, &c., and a large stock of Trunks, and everything in his line of business; and will be thankful to receive the patronage of his old customers and the public in general at his new place of business. All kinds of work made to order in the best style and by superior workmen. Repairing done at short notice. [apr2dtf] JOHN B. SMITH.

PROF. ADOLPH P. TEUPSER,

WOULD respectfully inform his old patrons and the public generally, that he will continue to give instructions on the PIANO FORTE, MELODEON, VIOLIN and also in the science of THOROUGH BASS. He will with pleasure wait upon pupils at their homes at any hour desired, or lessons will be given at his residence, in Third street, a few doors below the German Reformed Church. dec16-dtf