# pennsylvania Dauy Telegraph. Monday Morning, february 24, 1862



Forever float that standard sheet! Where breathes the foe bat falls before us With Freedom's soil beneath our feet, And Freedom's banner streaming o'er us.

#### OUR PLATFORM.

THE UNION-THE CONSTITUTION-AND THE ENFORCEMENT OF THE LAW.

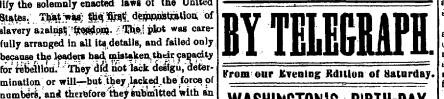
### HARRISBURG, PA. Monday Morning, February 24, 1862.

WASHINGTON S BIRTH DAY. States. That was the first demonstration of In connection with our distracted country slavery azainst freedom. The plot was carethere is at present so many conflicting feelings of hope, sorrow, foreboding and congratulation. that to refer to the past in quest of themes for for rebellion. They did not lack design, deterdiscussion, seems like a superfluous and an idle mination or will-but they lacked the force of task. The present is big with a mighty struggle for a mighty object, and yet there is no dilemma in which the present can place the nation, but for which the past affords some sacred and for the promulgation and strengthening of conncil or admonition ; and it would perhaps slavery, have been busily at work, organizing have been more conducive to our national peace and prosperity, had that past been more revered, and the sotions of those who shed honor and glory on the infancy of the Republic, more closely imitated. In a crisis such as that which now surrounds us, with the jealousy of one section aroused in bloody anger against the ular-and, therefore, 'slavery has been tested, intelligence and progress of the other, there it has been tried, and now, in the hearing of seems to be no more fitting words to aid in overcoming such a strife, than the solemn and on its own merits. sublime utterances of the Father of his Country. If the advice of Washington had been heard when the Constitution was formed, the cause and the influences now of rebellion, would then have not been suffered to survive for such mischief. He understood and comprehended the power and the influence which the right of one class to barter in the flesh of another, would eventually create and stimulate. He beheld in the incipient condition of alavery, the seed of or to the Union, than slavery has proven itself a great moral contest, and therefore most earnestly opposed, while he lived, its acknowledgment as a political element, and before he died set the seal of his disapproval on the institution by liberating his slaves, and recording his sentiments against slavery. The condition of the nation justifies such allusions in this connection, though we desire more particularly to refer to the fact that the very gentiment which Washington bequeathed to the whole country, is now repudiated by a portion of the people of that country, while the other portion still cling to and defend it, as by granting them freedom should be tested. men only would defend their lives. The Union In this we would be possibly schleving two of the American States, was the great object for glorious results; first, by removing, the actual which Washington struggled. While he lived his colicitude and his prayers were all devoted to by showing to the world that it is the policy of that Union. He esteemed it as of far more value than any other feature of the government, because without Union, there could be no perfect government. The mere interests of changes of rebeilion, we can also run, the risk localities were of small importance compared of any great change which such limited emancito the perpetuity of that Union. That had a pation might occasion. It could not environ lasting significance in the estimation of Wash- the nation with more embarrassment than ington, which exceeded all other considera- slavery has created while it was recognized and a, and while he lived, monopolized his hopes and his devotions. .We forbear the indulgence of any inappro-Birth-day of Washington. We leave our readers to the perusal of his immortal Farewell Address, as the most appropriate offering we can present. And we leave them, too, to the prayers which the occasion itself must suggest, and which people, whether in tumult or confusion, war or peace. WEEN VIRGINIA was a loyal state, her citisens expressed great regard for Winfield Scott. He was claimed as the next in esteem, for valor, nobleness and patriotism, to the immortal Washington, and in one of these fits of admiration, the authorities of the Old Dominion ordered a life size equestrian portrait to be painted of Old Chepultepec, to adorn the capitol of that state, A celebrated Kentucky artist wasselected for this important work, and the picture has been finished to the satisfaction of all, save the authonities of Verginia. They refuse to take the portrait, because Gen. Scott has been false to Varginia. False to Virginial in refusing to cooperate with her people in a mad effort to subvert the authority of the federal government! False to Virginial in raising his arm to stay the mad progress of rebellion! False to Virginial in being loyal to the Union! This act crowns the treachery of Virginia with a species of meanness that must forever blacken its repu tation: "The nation should at once become the puichasers of this picture, and place it in the proudest panuel in the Rotunda of the Capitol. deride. We OMTTED vesterday to make an appeal but hasten to do so now, to the hotel keepers and restaurants of the city. Those who have not closed their bars during the day, we trust will do so, the moment they read this paragraph. Let the natal day of Washington be observed with temperance as well as patriotism, and let it be the boasts of the hotel keepers and restaurants of the state capital, that they devoted at least a portion of the 22nd of February to a respite from their business. Those who do so, will lose nothing by the compliance. Increased public confidence and respect will rather be extended to all such.

IT HAS BEEN TESTED. Slavery, for a time, existed in all the states more than one of the states of the North. f the Union. It was imported with the emi-The news of the past week must have a sad gration of the early fathers, not, however, as dening and a crashing effect upon the feelings an object of barter and sale, or an institution of the leading traitors. They must see that of political control and influence. In the early these events are decisive, and that to their aryears of the Republic, it was scarcely consid- mies, now broken and disheartened by successered an evil, because it had not then assumed ive discomfitures, nothing remains unless it is the fearful magnitude and domineering spirit desultory struggles here and there, in a cause which it has since developed. When these most clearly hopeless. Will that inauguration characteristics began to be displayed, the take place at Bichmond to-day? If it does, it people of the northern states also began to rid will be rather an occasion of funeral solemnity. themselves of the nuisance by abolishing the and for the pageautry of mourning and burial, evil. The eastern states, with New York and than a great public holiday and festival .-Peonsylvania, struck the manacles from their What words of cheer or encouragement can

slaves, expanged the odious privilege to buy even that audacious and unscrupulous chief and sell human fiesh from their statute books, pronounce, by way of inaugural adddress, to such a crowd as can be gathered in capitol so that these commonwealths gradually and grandly pursuing their glorious destiny and equare at Richmond?

free development, at length almost forgot in The downfall of the rebellion is at hand, and their own wonderful growth and wealth, that it will probably be quite as sudden as its formislavery was in existence, that it had an infludable uprising. Davis may go through the ence, and least of all that it was controlling ceremony of a new inauguration, but it is safe the government. But from this dream of po- to predict he will not long remain at Richlitical, social and business security, they were mond, or wield the executive power anywhere it was thought she would make her appear suddenly awakened in 1832-38, when the southfor three months longer, unless as a refugee, ern states, in the name of slavery, arrogantly like Claib. Jackson, issuing proclamations to s claimed the right and boasted the power to nul people among whom he dare not show his face. lify the solemnly enacted laws of the United



WASHINGTON'S BIRTH-DAY. If grace to the authority of the government But from 1893 to 1861, these men, in the name

The 180th Anniversary of the Occasion.

their hosts-disciplining their numbers-ar-HOW IT WAS CELEBRATED ranging their plans and fixing their points of

attack. No campaign was ever more maturely THE TWENTY SECOND AT WASHINGTON. considered or minutely arranged than has been WASHINGTON, Feb. 22.

the rebellion of the slaveholders in this partic-All the federal and corporation offices are closed, as well as most of the business houses. There was a continuous firing of salutes this morning at all the camps, in honor of the day. the world, it announces itself the enemy of The Hall of the House of Representatives be freedom, by founding a government essentially ing the great scene of attraction, as early as 91 o'clock the galleries, set apart for the pub-lic, were densely crowded, while the doors leading thereto were blocked with standing oc-Since slavery has thus been tested, and since it has avowed its antagonism to a free governcupants. The portions of the galleries reserved ment, is not the question pertinent, as to the for the families of the Diplomatic Corps and po icy of testing the safety of freedom by emanthose of other invited spectators and of members of Congress, were gradually filled according to their convenience. Tickets had been is cipation. Why not uproot slavery wherever it is thus arrayed against the government, and sued to them, and in order to avoid confusion declare the territory free? The experiment there was many polite door-keepers and ushere cannot result in worse danger to the free states to carry out this part of the programme, and additional chairs had been provided on the floor of the hall to seat about 600 persons. to be at all times and under all circumstances. Immediately over the Speaker's chair was a large painting of Washington, surrounded by a gilt eagle, and over this a golden starred American flag, while from each of the upper corners of the painting hung ban-We do not ask for immediate and general emancipation. We do not demand that slavery shall be abolished in all the states ; nor do we the upper corners of the painting hung ban-ners of a smaller pattern. Crowds continued to penetrate the Capitol, and many persons were mable to obtain admission. The interval hold to the doctrine that general emancipation would result in the physical or moral improvement of the race. Such claims constitute the were unable to obtain admission. The interval were unable to obtain admission. The interval between eleven and one o'clock was relieved by the reference to Gen. M'Olellan, was, it is now fanaticism which always injures and impedes a scenes in the galleries. Some of the door occur good cause. What we have a right to ask and pants would loudly and imploringly call to others who were crowdiug behind not to precipitate them on the heads of those comfortably and anticipate is, that wherever the emancipation of slavery will assist in crushing the rebellion, enviously seated below them. Occasionally a boy would be lifted over the heads of the spec there the experiment of improving the slaves tators to a seat in front, amid the laughter of the spectators. Living subjects usurped the various niches designed alone for inanimate statuary. Members of the House occasionally cause of, and the rebellion itself : and second. entered the hall and took seats. Impatien cries continued to be uttered in the galleries the government to reform an evil at which hu- for the crowd at the door to fail back, and calls for the police frequently reso inded, but me manity has shuddered in all climes and in all with no response ages. If we can withstand the shocks and the

THE TWENTY-SECOND AT BALTIMORE. BALTIMORE, Feb. 22. The city is gay with flags, and there is a large military display in honor of the day and the victories of our arms.

The Washington Monument is decorated with flags and flowers, and the streets are thronged

reckoning, on aid and co-operation, too, in IRON FORTRESS MONROE. Savannah Abandoned by its Inhabitants

and occupied by U. S. Troops,

THE REBEL STEAMER MERRIMAC. PREPARATIONS TO RUN THE BLOCKADE.

BUMORED ATTACK ON NORFOLK.

FORTERS MONRON, Feb. 21. Three flags of truce were sent out to day. It is believed in Norfolk that the city of Savan ush has been abandoned by its inhabitants and occupied by our forces. The information is thought to be reliable, although no particulars are ascertained. Notwithstanding the admissions of the south-

ern papers that the steamer Merrimac is a fail-nre, the latest information received is, that are, some two hundred men are at work on her, and that considerable quantities of shot and shell are going aboard. The intention of ruaning the blockade has not been given up, and ance here within a week. Every preparation has been made, and standing orders has been

given for her reception. Another French guaboat arrived last night, and there are now four vessels of that nation-

ality in the Roads The crew of the Fingal, which run the block ade off Savannah, mentioned in yesterday's uispitch, were returned to Craney Island last night. No bust was sent out to receive them. aud they were brought back. They were car ried over again this morning, and sent to Nor-

folk. The schooner Exertion, with ammunition sail d to Hatieras yesterday. The steamboat Metamora, of Norfolk, ar

rived this afternoon. She is to go to Washington.

The new gunboat Pinola arrived, and sailed hence yesterday. The Fourth Wisconsin regiment, and the

Twenty first Indiana regiment, which arrived here yesterdy, were conveyed to Newport News to-day. Their destination is unknown, but rumor speaks of an attack by General M'Lane, who has superseded General Magruder, and of

an attack upon Norfolk. Both suppositions are probably incorrect.

More troops are exploted here shortly. Large quantities of arms are arriving.



THE BAILBOAD CONVENTION المتبسيني فروا

SECRETARY STANTON'S SPEECH.

WARHINGTON, Feb. 22.

The report furnished to the associated press did not purport to be a verbatim report of the proceedings of the railroad convention, but was

obtained from members after the adjournment no reporters having been admitted. The despatch obtained from the secretaries ascertained, inaccurate as to the language employed.

ARRIVAL OF COTTON FROM PORT ROYAL. NEW YORK, Feb. 28. The schooner Aid has arrived from Port Boyal with five hundred and fifty bales of cotton. DETENTION OF THE STEAMER JURA. PORTLAND, Feb. 22. The steamer Jura had been detained until to-morrow, owing to the non-arrival of Canada mails. XXXVIIth Congress--First Session. WASHINGTON, Feb. 22.

accept the presentation of these fligs, nothing more than tokens coming simply from revels of no national standing. He would go as far as any other gentleman in this House or out in his respect and admiration for these who have left their homes to sustain on distant battle fields the existence of this government, but he wished on this occasion to act in a manner consistent with self respect and official propriety. Mr. CAMPBELL presuming that his previous remarks had been misunderstood explained that

public decency ? It not, why should Congress

he would receive these flags and tokens in resp-ct to the bravery of our troops. Mr. Loverov caused to be read the law of 1814 and 1818, to the effect that the Secretaries

1814 and 1818, to the energy that the occurstances of the War and Navy be directed to cause to be collected and transmitted to them all flags, banners and colors which may have been or banners and colors which may have and navy from the enemy, and that all of them, together with those in the possession of those Depart-ments shall, with all consistent despatch, be delivered to the President, for the purpose of

NEW YORK being displayed in such public places as may h deemed proper. Mr. Lovejox said this was the law, that by receiving these flags we would recognize a Goods Ordered in the rebel government, was the most absurd idea ever originated in the brain of man. He was willing to receive every rebel flag, the more the better, in respect to the brave men who captured them.

Mr. EDWARDS, (N. H ) expressed himself in favor of carrying out the arrangement for the presentation of flags. Mr. POTTER, (Wis.) in apparent seriousness

Leave New York at 7; P. M. by the Sat rose to a question of order. It was that the gentleman was speaking with his back to the Through Express Train, arriving in Euriseing chair. [Laughter.] Mr. EDWARDS smillingly said. I did not wish at 8 A. M.

WITHOUT CHANGE OF ICARS. to turn my back to the ladies. [Laughter.] He would receive the flags in honor of our gallant soldiers. The SPEAKER appealed to the galleries on an

from applance, and to observe due propriety. Order Goods marked RICHARDSON. The galleries are behaving Mr. better than we are.

The question was taken on the adoution of Mr. Cristenden's motion, and resulted in yeas 90, nays 61.

Mr. CRITTENDEN moved that the vote be considered and that the motion be laid on the

Mr. HICKMAN moved a call of the House, but while engaged in this proceeding, the hour arived for the commencement of the ceremonies. The centre door was thrown open and the Vice President and Secretary of the Senate appeared preceded by the sergeant-at-arms fol-

lowed by the Senators ; these occupied the front seat; next came the several heads of the Departments, who were accommodated with chairs on the right of the Hall on the first

range. The chief justice and associate justices of the Supreme Court, representatives of foreign governments fluear this government, who were largely represented. Lord Lyons was not present. Officers of the army and navy in full iniform. Maj. Gen. McClellan was among the officers of the army, and on his entrance there

was repeated applause from the galleries. The members of the House remained stand ing till the guests on the floor were seated The scene was a most brilliant one.



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HARRISBURG, Aug. 1861 dtf



New VENITION BLINDS under the der for the small sum of \$. 5, went \$2, We blinds made jout of old ones a span of the series of seventy five cents a plece and a ward. Chinasta my shop, in Second street, below Chesan feb3-1m at \$51.19

WHOLESALE UMBRELLA MANUFACTORY No. 69, Market Street, below Thiri, HARRISBURG, PA.

IF THE MILITARY HEBOES favor, in the least, the portraits published in the illustrated papers, the ugliness of certain officers must hurt them. For the sake of their reputations, it would be best to suppress their portraits.

ARCHEISHOP HUGHES has been suffering with severe illness in Paris, where he has been sojourning for several weeks.

degree effect free labor, in the north or south.

than slavery does now. Admit these facts, and priate reflections on the occasion of this the the experiment of emancipation, wherever emancipation will assist in arresting rebellion, looses all that horrible enormity of danger and injustice in which the dough face delights to invest the subject. Admit that emancipation will guard the nation against future rebellion, and should be in the hearts and on the lips of every we still have another argument in its favor, in the fact that when slavery is once attacked in this practical manner, its political franchise

protected . nor could ama

will boon be swept away, to end forever the con- THE TWENTY-SECOND AT NEW YORK. tention of those who sustain it for its political force, and thus of course leave it without advocates and without support.

When we come to cast around for new guards and broader lines to preserve the integrity and jalready announced is being carried out maintain the power of the national government. something of this kind must be done with slavery. If it is not determined now to place a barrier in its path, it will again attempt the forcible usurpation, of the government. If it No Intelligence from the Expedition is distranchised, and its traitor upholders tabgit a lesson by the practical operation of emancipation, self-interest, hereafter, will make Official Account of the Fight at them loyal. There is economy as well as policy in the experiment, which none but the politically blind or doggedly stubborn will fail to discover.

THE INAUGURATION OF JEFF. DAVIS. To-diy has been fixed upon by traitors and rebels for the inauguration of the chief of the All was quiet at Port Royal. There is no incendiary and assession horde. Since Mrs further intelligence from the expedition against Davis indulged the boasting that she would receive company in the White-house at Wash ington, the times have changed, and the circumhave been also materially altered. When she thus made her arrogant boast, it was the

fixed opinion of the traitors of the south, that the capture of Washington city would they would require only its occupancy by the that attempted the passage of the river return chivalry, at once to induce the coward north to ing to Fort Pulaski. apgurated, he had a Letter prospect before him than he now contemplates. He knew then what the people of the loyal States did not; that he had numerous confederates, sworn to

his purposes, still in the army and pavy of the United States; that he had accessories and friends in every bureau at Washington, true to the government; that the administration of The steamer Nelly had arrived at Nassus

vith people. Salutes are firing from the four quarters of of vesterday was read.

the city, and all the bells of the city were rung | The V ce President presented a communication, at sunrise and at noon.

THE TWENTY SECOND AT HUNTINGDON. HUNTINGDON, PA., Feb. 22.

eclat, by the ringing of bells, firing of guns, bunting flying, and the Farewell address will be read in the town hall. There will be fire works; a grand illumination and a torch light procession to-night.

NEW YORK, Feb. 22.

The celebration of the day is universal. Flags are displayed all over the city, and salutes were fired at sunrise and at noon. Business is the House. in a great degree suspende 1. The programme After the

Later from Port Royal.

Against Savannah.

Fort Pulaski.



NEW YORK, Feb. 22. The steamer Atlantic has arrived from Por Royal with dat s to the 19th inst. She brings 200 bales of cotton

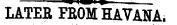
The Atlantic passed the Harriet Lane, bound south of Hatteras.

Sayannah.

SECOND DESPATCH.

stances under which she indulged her boasts in the Savannah river on the fifteenth inst. I have the honor to report that the batteries on Venue Point were attacked at three o'clock P. M., yesterday, by four rebel gunboats with a view of effecting a passage from Fort Pulaski for the rebel steamers then at that place be the smallest of the schlevement of the After an engagement of one hour the rebels rebellion, while to conquer the entire country were driven off. The may oncer a over being disabled and taken in tow, and the steamer

> cut, met with and removed several torpedoes placed for their destruction. One on being exploded was supposed to have had thirty pounds of nowder in it.



NEW YORK, Feb. 22.

The Senate met at 12 o'clock. The journal

signed by the members of the Cabinet, recom-mending that, in view of the recent affliction of the President, the illumination be omitted, Mr. HALE (N. H.) offered a resolution re

SENATE.

The national anniversary and the prowess of question the Commissioner of Public Buildings the Union armies is celebrated here to day with to omit the illumination. Adopted,

Mr. Wilson (Mars.) from the Military Committee, reported back the bill for the better or ganization of the medical staff. Also, a bill relating to certain railroads in Missouri.---The Senate then took a recess for half-an-hour, when the Senate was again called to rder.

A message was received from the House that they were ready to receive the Senate.

The Senators then proceeded in a body

After the proceedings in the House, the Sen-ate adjourned until Monday.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

WASHINGTON: Feb. 22. At 12 o'clock, the SPRAKER called the House to order, when the journal of yesterday was

At the request of the Speaker, the members proceeded to occupy seats on the left of the Hall, having the three front circles for the in

vited guests. Mr. BLAIR (Mo) made an ineffectual sugges ion that the ladies in the lobbies be admitted to unoccupied spaces on the floor. The SPEAKER requested those in the galleries to preserve order, saying that if decorum be violated, it would become his disagreeable

duty to have them cleared. Mr. CRITTENDEN, (Ky.) said that the joint resolution relative to the celebration, did not contemplate the presentation of flags, and he therefore moved this be committed as a part of the ceremonies.

Mr. Lovejoy, (Ill ,) supposed from the gene The steamer Atlantic brings the following report from Gen. Viele in relation to the fight tary man desired, and this flag presentation had been arranged by the War Department.

Mr. Dawes, (Mass.) inquired, how could the flags be presented if Congress will not take them. He did not propose to magnify the rebei flags in this way, and hoped that they would respectfully decline to receive them.

Mr. CAMPBELL, (Pa) s id that these were rophies won by our officers and brave soldiers in hotly contested battles ; he would not mag-

uify the flags, but would magnify the deeds of our armies, and trusted that these badges or flags would be received with respect. Mr. Roscon CONKLING (N. Y.) remarked that these flags were not trophies, to be treated either with respect or the consideration of our Government. He submitted that they are badges or tokens carried by armed rebels, men red-handed with murder of citizens of their coun-

try, not entitled to possess or carry any flags and whom we do not recognize in any friends in every bureau at Washington, true to his scamer barbas has arrived from has have and whole we do hot recognize in any material aspect. Suppose there had ocurred here a riot of formidable dimensions; and the municipal authorities had succeeded in quelvery outset by treason, where it had every in the iron unarieston, and sailed for Havana. The steamer Kate had arrived in ballast hav-councils, it should be proposed that a public as-semblage be called to receive the flags or tokens: oned, and there is no doubt he had warrant for (Charleston. that they could be received with self respect or i

## PUBLIC SALE.

ANUFACTURER OF UMBRELLAS. PARSOLS and WALKING CANAS A LOWER PRIOSS INCOMENDATION IN PURSUANCE of an order of the Orphans. Court of Dauphie county, will be exposed le Eastern cittes. Constry m rough SATURDAY, the 29th day of March, 1862, elves of this fant

SATURDAY, the 29th day of March, 1862, st the Pu 10 House of Benjimin Geessy in Linglestown, Dauphn county, at 12 o'dick k, the following real es-inte, viz: A cortain tract or piece of land situated in west Hanover township, county a oresale, bounded by lands of G.orge w. Finney, Am Finney and others, con-tailing twenty-nine and a half acres. Also a certain lot of pround in inglestwa, Lower Paxton township, bound-ed by Market street, and by property of Ann Borst on the west and William Cassel, on the ost. Sid to being 200 feet "seep and 60 first front on Market strees, whereon is orected a two story traine house and frame stable, late two set is of reamel Stewart Finney dayd. Attentance will be given and coulit is of sale made frown by Anty Cark, U.C. 1602 daw. KUR KENT.

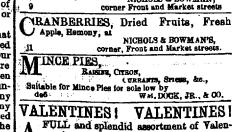
FOR RENT.

FINE large Store Room on Market Equare, occupil dat present is a legar and t.bacco Also a fine h. w. ounter for sale ing ire at the f. [f.b21.d31\*] WM. WYROFF. OST or mislaid on Tuesday or Wednes-day last a pitr of Stool Substantia. The finder will u suita by rewarled by leaving them at No. 84, corner of second as d besaut streets in this city. Fab2...atte

GOOD NEWS! GOOD NEWS! 340 PIECES Bleached Muslin at 7 cts.

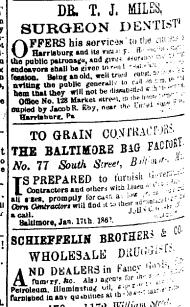
340 FLUCES DiseaGlieu musum av. / Cis. Jou pieces, yard. 30 pieces god quality Calico, at 12% cts per yard. 30 pieces god quality Calico, at 72% cts per yard. 30 pieces best use at 0.2% cts per yard. 50 pieces best Licen at 25, 31, 40 and 50 cus, per jard. 60 pieces best doneck, at 10 cts. per yard. Also a arge stock of Carpeia, fanoy and back Silks, Shawis at greatly reduced prices. B / examining our large sick of goods, you will find great Bargalos. M. WillER & Co., feb21-diw No. 4, Market Square, Barrisburg, Pa.

Ratsins, Curranges, Lemons, Cocoa Nuts, Ratsins, Currange, &:.. So. for sale h wat NICHOLS & BOWMAN, Corner Frint and Mar et streets. feb21 YOAL OIL, Nabrona, Magnolia, Lucifer, Bad other BOB explosive brands, for sale low by NICHOLS & BOWMAN, Corner Fr. nt and Mar. et sureeis. feb2 SYRUP, Lovering's and Stewart's, for NICHULS & BOWMAN, feb21 Corner Front and Market street. UGARS Crushed, Pulverized and Re-D fined, for sale by NICHO S & BOWMAN, Feb21 Corner Front and Market streets. RESH BUITER and EGGS constantly on hand and for sale by NIOHOLS & BOWMAN,



A FULL and splendid assortment of Valen-entines, wholesale or retail, at BERGNEB'S BOOK STORE.

SHAWLS SHAWLS A large invoice of New Styles of French Blanket Bhawis received this morning by nol3 GATHCART & BROTHER.



170 and 172 William Street NEW TUS

ja27-d6m PROF. ADOLPH P. TELPSER, WOULD respectfully interio W DOLLD TESPECTIUM THATS opatrons and the public generation topology with the provided of the play topology violation and also in the scelar of BASS. He will with pleasure wait generation homes at any hour desired, or service to his residence, in Third street for the former German Reformed Church.

SOMETHING NEW: NO excuse for having Bants and Suds not bisckeed. Biscking that we do that the source we to or greasy boots. Just the them for the transfer boots. Call and examine, at NICHO'S & DO TANK 121 Decrease Front and Merch Street SOMETHING NEW! COPEER Front and Multimeter j21

NAZARETH HALL, BOARDING SCHOOL FOR BUYS. NAZARETH, Northampton county For Resy of access from Marrisoury of rained to Easton, and thence seven miles by stog. Rev. EDWARD II. REIGHT 15-8m<sup>4</sup> Our newly replenished stock of fold and Fancy Goods is unsurpassed in this corrule coing confident of rentering substances. Seller footing confident of rendering states are postfully invite a call. 91 Market street, two doors east of Fourth street. RUSHED, breken loaf, fine and coarse

Diversed and ether sugars to sale by Nichborsed and ether sugars to sale by Nichborse Shifting Genner Front and 1 sakes see HAIR, TOOTH, NAIL, CLUTH, HAT, TATERE and INFANT BRUBBES, in great verse, KELLER'S DBUG AND FANCY STUR

